



House Committee on Homeland Security

The Congressional Budget Act of 1974 requires the Congressional Budget Office, to the extent practicable, to prepare estimates of the budgetary effects of legislation ordered reported by Congressional authorizing committees. In order to provide the Congress with as much information as possible, the attached table summarizes information about the estimated direct spending and revenue effects of some of the legislation that has been ordered reported by the **House Committee on Homeland Security** during the 118th Congress. The legislation listed in this table generally would have small effects, if any, on direct spending or revenues, CBO estimates. Where possible, the table also provides information about the legislation's estimated effects on spending subject to appropriation and on intergovernmental and private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.



Bill Number	Title	Status	Last Action	Budget Function	Direct Spending, 2025-2034	Revenues, 2025-2034	Spending Subject to Appropriation, 2025-2029	Pay-As-You-Go Procedures Apply?	Budgetary Effects After 2034	Mandates	Contact
H.R. 3169	Identifying Adversarial Threats at our Ports Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	050	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	Yes	Aldo Proserpi
<p>H.R. 3169 would require the Department of Homeland Security to determine whether cybersecurity vulnerabilities exist in the software or hardware of foreign cranes operating in U.S. ports and to remediate any such vulnerabilities. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 3169 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill would impose intergovernmental and private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA). Because the cost of the mandates would depend on regulations yet to be published, CBO cannot determine whether the cost of compliance would exceed the annual threshold for intergovernmental and private-sector mandates (\$100 million and \$200 million in 2024, respectively, adjusted annually for inflation).</p>											
H.R. 4406	DHS Basic Training Accreditation Improvement Act of 2023	Ordered reported	09/25/24	750	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Jeremy Crimm
<p>H.R. 4406 would require the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) to report to the Congress annually on whether its basic training programs are accredited by an independent organization. The bill also would require DHS to carry out research and development to enhance the preparedness of state, local, tribal, and territorial law enforcement agencies to respond to terrorist threats. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 4406 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>											
H.R. 5729	A bill to prohibit the use of Federal funds to establish a Homeland Intelligence Experts Group, and for other purposes	Ordered reported	09/25/24	750	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Jeremy Crimm
<p>H.R. 5729 would prohibit the use of federal funds to reestablish the Homeland Intelligence Experts Group or any successor program. That group, whose members come from private-sector entities, advised the Department of Homeland Security on intelligence and counterintelligence activities. The group was disbanded on May 2, 2024. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 5729 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>											
H.R. 8119	PEARL Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	750	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Jeremy Crimm
<p>H.R. 8119 would require Customs and Border Protection to establish a pilot program to adopt dogs from local animal shelters and train them for its therapy dog program. Under the bill, the program would terminate three years after enactment. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 8119 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>											



Bill Number	Title	Status	Last Action	Budget Function	Direct Spending, 2025-2034	Revenues, 2025-2034	Spending Subject to Appropriation, 2025-2029	Pay-As-You-Go Procedures Apply?	Budgetary Effects After 2034	Mandates	Contact
H.R. 9469	Pipeline Security Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	400	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	Yes	Emma Uebelhor
<p>H.R. 9469 would codify the Transportation Security Administration's responsibility to protect pipelines from terrorists and cybersecurity threats. The bill would require that agency to report to the Congress on implementing the bill and would direct the Government Accountability Office to review the implementation within two years of enactment. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9469 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill would impose a private-sector mandate as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA). Because the cost of the mandate would depend on regulations yet to be published, CBO cannot determine whether the cost would exceed the threshold established in UMRA for private-sector mandates (\$200 million in 2024, adjusted annually for inflation). The bill contains no intergovernmental mandates as defined in UMRA.</p>											
H.R. 9668	SHIELD Against CCP Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	750	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Jeremy Crimm
<p>H.R. 9668 would require the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) to establish an interagency working group to assess the department's efforts to combat terrorist, cybersecurity, border, port, and transportation security threats posed by the government of China. The bill would require DHS to report to the Congress annually on the working group's activities and require the Government Accountability Office to report to the Congress on the bill's implementation. H.R. 9668 also would require DHS to enhance its situational awareness concerning threats posed by the government of China. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9668 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>											
H.R. 9689	DHS Cybersecurity Internship Program Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	050	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Aldo Prosperi
<p>H.R. 9689 would require the Department of Homeland Security to establish a cybersecurity internship program. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9689 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>											
H.R. 9731	Special Interest Alien Reporting Act of 2024	Ordered reported	09/25/24	750	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Jeremy Crimm
<p>H.R. 9731 would require the Department of Homeland Security to report to the Congress monthly on the number of aliens (non-U.S. nationals) it encounters who pose a national security risk. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9731 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>											
H.R. 9748	Research Security and Accountability in DHS Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	750	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Jeremy Crimm
<p>H.R. 9748 would require the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) to develop a policy to protect its research and development projects from unauthorized access or disclosure. The bill also would require the Government Accountability Office to report to the Congress within one year of enactment on DHS's compliance with governmentwide policies to protect research and development. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9748 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>											



Bill Number	Title	Status	Last Action	Budget Function	Direct Spending, 2025-2034	Revenues, 2025-2034	Spending Subject to Appropriation, 2025-2029	Pay-As-You-Go Procedures Apply?	Budgetary Effects After 2034	Mandates	Contact
H.R. 9749	A bill to amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to abolish the reorganization authority of the Department of Homeland Security, and for other purposes	Ordered reported	09/25/24	750	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Jeremy Crimm
	<p>H.R. 9749 would prohibit the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) from establishing, consolidating, or discontinuing organizational units and reallocating functions within component units. Under current law, DHS is authorized to conduct those activities after providing notice to the Congress. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9749 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>										
H.R. 9752	Tren de Aragua Southwest Border Security Threat Assessment Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	750	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Jeremy Crimm
	<p>H.R. 9752 would require the Department of Homeland Security to report to the Congress on countering threats on the southwestern U.S. border posed by the Tren de Aragua organization. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9752 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>										
H.R. 9768	Joint Cyber Defense Collaborative Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	050	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Aldo Proserpi
	<p>H.R. 9768 would codify the activities of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency related to analyzing and sharing cybersecurity threat information with federal, state, and private-sector entities. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9768 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>										
H.R. 9769	Strengthening Cyber Resilience Against State-Sponsored Threats Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	050	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Aldo Proserpi
	<p>H.R. 9769 would establish an interagency task force to detect, analyze, and respond to state-sponsored cybersecurity threats. The bill also would require the task force to report annually to the Congress on the findings and actions of the task force. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9769 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.</p>										



Bill Number	Title	Status	Last Action	Budget Function	Direct Spending, 2025-2034	Revenues, 2025-2034	Spending Subject to Appropriation, 2025-2029	Pay-As-You-Go Procedures Apply?	Budgetary Effects After 2034	Mandates	Contact
H.R. 9770	Cyber PIVOTT Act	Ordered reported	09/25/24	050	0	0	Not estimated	No	No	No	Aldo Proserpi

H.R. 9770 would require the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency to establish scholarships and training opportunities for students enrolled in cybersecurity associate's degree or certification programs. The bill also would require students who participate in the scholarship program to serve for two years in a federal, state, or local government position. CBO estimates that enacting H.R. 9770 would not affect direct spending or revenues. CBO has not estimated the bill's effects on spending subject to appropriation. The bill contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act.