

## H.R. 1437, Black Vulture Relief Act of 2024

As ordered reported by the House Committee on Natural Resources on June 12, 2024

By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars	2024	2024-2029	2024-2034
Direct Spending (Outlays)	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0
Increase or Decrease (-) in the Deficit	0	0	0
Spending Subject to Appropriation (Outlays)	0	*	not estimated
Increases <i>net direct spending</i> in any of the four consecutive 10-year periods beginning in 2035?	No	Statutory pay-as-you-go procedures apply?	No
		<b>Mandate Effects</b>	
Increases <i>on-budget deficits</i> in any of the four consecutive 10-year periods beginning in 2035?	No	Contains intergovernmental mandate?	No
		Contains private-sector mandate?	No
* = between zero and \$500,000.			

H.R. 1437 would allow livestock producers to take (that is, capture, kill, or disperse) black vultures that are causing death, injury, or destruction to livestock. The bill also would direct the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to publish a form on the agency’s website that livestock producers would be required to fill out each year they take one or more black vultures.

Based on the cost of similar activities, CBO estimates that creating the form and collecting completed ones from livestock producers would cost less than \$500,000 over the 2024-2029 period. Any related spending would be subject to the availability of appropriated funds.

The CBO staff contact for this estimate is Kelly Durand. The estimate was reviewed by H. Samuel Papenfuss, Deputy Director of Budget Analysis.



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