
UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2006

or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Transition Period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 000-51446

**CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS
HOLDINGS, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

02-0636095

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

121 South 17th Street

Mattoon, Illinois 61938-3987

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (217) 235-3311

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Large Accelerated Filer Accelerated Filer Non-accelerated Filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock, \$.01 par value, outstanding as of November 1, 2006 was 26,003,826.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Revenues	\$ 80,323	\$ 82,168	\$ 239,089	\$ 240,204
Operating expenses:				
Cost of services and products (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below)	24,140	25,953	72,764	74,723
Selling, general and administrative expenses	23,764	32,419	70,947	75,517
Depreciation and amortization	16,961	16,920	50,876	50,852
Income from operations	15,458	6,876	44,502	39,112
Other income (expense):				
Interest income	239	361	854	892
Interest expense	(11,414)	(20,175)	(32,195)	(43,704)
Investment income	1,709	1,313	4,692	2,265
Minority interest	(203)	(85)	(499)	(433)
Other, net	139	215	186	3,204
Income (loss) before income taxes	5,928	(11,495)	17,540	1,336
Income tax expense (benefit)	3,913	(1,270)	3,752	3,701
Net income (loss)	2,015	(10,225)	13,788	(2,365)
Dividends on redeemable preferred shares	—	(1,142)	—	(10,263)
Net income (loss) applicable to common stockholders	\$ 2,015	\$ (11,367)	\$ 13,788	\$ (12,628)
Net income (loss) per common share -				
Basic	\$ 0.08	\$ (0.49)	\$ 0.48	\$ (0.90)
Diluted	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.49)	\$ 0.48	\$ (0.90)
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.41	\$ 1.16	\$ 0.41

See accompanying notes

Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	September 30,	
	2006	2005
	(unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,898	\$ 31,409
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$2,277 and \$2,825, respectively	37,017	35,503
Inventories	4,048	3,420
Deferred income taxes	3,111	3,111
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	8,541	5,592
Total current assets	72,615	79,035
Property, plant and equipment, net	319,287	335,088
Intangibles and other assets:		
Investments	39,191	44,056
Goodwill	316,281	314,243
Customer lists, net	124,807	135,515
Tradenames	14,546	14,546
Deferred financing costs and other assets	20,999	23,467
Total assets	<u>\$ 907,726</u>	<u>\$ 945,950</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 7,774	\$ 11,743
Advance billings and customer deposits	16,880	14,203
Dividends payable	10,038	11,537
Accrued expenses	29,645	30,376
Total current liabilities	64,337	67,859
Long-term debt	594,000	555,000
Deferred income taxes	65,583	66,228
Pension and postretirement benefit obligations	54,077	53,185
Other liabilities	1,266	1,476
Total liabilities	<u>779,263</u>	<u>743,748</u>
Minority interest	<u>3,473</u>	<u>2,974</u>
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 100,000,000 shares, authorized, 26,006,472 and 29,775,010 issued and outstanding, respectively	260	297
Additional paid in capital	199,338	254,162
Accumulated deficit	(76,796)	(57,533)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	2,188	2,302
Total stockholders' equity	<u>124,990</u>	<u>199,228</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 907,726</u>	<u>\$ 945,950</u>

See accompanying notes

Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Dollars in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	
	2006	2005
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss)	\$ 13,788	\$ (2,365)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	50,876	50,852
Provision for uncollectible accounts	3,666	3,548
Deferred income tax	(645)	4,083
Pension curtailment gain	—	(7,880)
Partnership income	(4,407)	(1,076)
Non-cash stock compensation	1,875	7,244
Minority interest in net income of subsidiary	499	433
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,437	4,525
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(5,180)	(7,449)
Inventories	(628)	422
Other assets	(1,377)	(5,296)
Accounts payable	(3,969)	66
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	2,628	(36)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>59,563</u>	<u>47,071</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of investments	5,921	—
Proceeds from sale of land	590	—
Capital expenditures	(25,037)	(21,596)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(18,526)</u>	<u>(21,596)</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issuance of stock	—	67,798
Proceeds from long-term obligations	39,000	5,688
Payments made on long-term obligations	—	(75,109)
Payment of deferred financing costs	(262)	(4,737)
Purchase of treasury shares	(56,736)	(12)
Distribution to preferred shareholders	—	(37,500)
Dividends on common stock	(34,550)	—
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(52,548)</u>	<u>(43,872)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(11,511)	(18,397)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	31,409	52,084
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 19,898</u>	<u>\$ 33,687</u>

See accompanying notes

Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2006
(Dollars in thousands, except share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Shares	Amount				
Balance, January 1, 2006	29,775,010	\$ 297	\$ 254,162	\$ (57,533)	\$ 2,302	\$ 199,228
Net income	—	—	—	13,788	—	13,788
Dividends on common stock	—	—	—	(33,051)	—	(33,051)
Shares issued under employee plan, net of forfeitures	13,841	—	—	—	—	—
Non-cash stock compensation	—	—	1,875	—	—	1,875
Purchase and retirement of common stock	(3,782,379)	(37)	(56,699)	—	—	(56,736)
Unrealized gain on marketable securities, net of \$34 of tax	—	—	—	—	49	49
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges, net of (\$139) of tax	—	—	—	—	(163)	(163)
Balance, September 30, 2006	<u>26,006,472</u>	<u>\$ 260</u>	<u>\$ 199,338</u>	<u>\$ (76,796)</u>	<u>\$ 2,188</u>	<u>\$ 124,990</u>

See accompanying notes

CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS HOLDINGS, INC.
NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
Three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005
(Dollars in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

1. Description of Business

Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries (the “Company”) operate under the name Consolidated Communications. The Company is an established rural local exchange company (“RLEC”) providing communications services to residential and business customers in Illinois and Texas. With approximately 235,983 local access lines, 49,360 digital subscriber lines (“DSL”) and 5,638 Internet protocol television (“IPTV”) lines, Consolidated Communications offers a wide range of telecommunications services, including local dial tone, custom calling features, private line services, long distance, dial-up and high-speed Internet access, IPTV, inside wiring service and maintenance, carrier access, billing and collection services, telephone directory publishing and wholesale transport services on a fiber optic network in Texas. The Company also operates a number of complementary businesses, including telephone services to county jails and state prisons, operator services, equipment sales and telemarketing and order fulfillment services.

2. Initial Public Offering

On July 27, 2005, the Company completed the initial public offering of its common stock (the “IPO”). The IPO consisted of the sale of 6,000,000 shares of common stock newly issued by the Company and 9,666,666 shares of common stock sold by certain selling stockholders. The shares of common stock were sold at an initial public offering price of \$13.00 per share resulting in net proceeds, after deduction of offering costs, to the Company of \$67,589. The Company did not receive any proceeds from the sale of common stock by the selling stockholders.

On July 29, 2005, the underwriters notified the Company of their intention to fully exercise their option to purchase an additional 2,350,000 shares of the Company’s common stock from the selling stockholders at the initial public offering price of \$13.00 per share, less the underwriters’ discount. The sale of the over-allotment shares closed on August 2, 2005. The Company did not receive any proceeds from the sale of the over-allotment shares by the selling stockholders.

3. Presentation of Interim Financial Statements

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries and subsidiaries in which it has a controlling financial interest. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. These interim statements have been prepared in accordance with Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) guidelines and do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) for complete financial statements. These interim financial statements reflect all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of its financial position and results of operations for the interim periods. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2005, which were included in our annual report on Form 10-K previously filed with the SEC.

4. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 155, “*Accounting for Certain Hybrid Instruments*” (“SFAS 155”). SFAS 155 is an amendment of SFAS No. 133, “*Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities*” (“SFAS 133”) and SFAS No. 140, “*Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities*” (“SFAS 140”) and allows financial instruments that have embedded derivatives to be accounted for as a whole

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(eliminating the need to bifurcate the derivative from its host) if the holder elects to account for the whole instrument on a fair value basis. SFAS 155 is effective for an entity's first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of SFAS 155 will have on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company but does not expect it to have a material impact.

In June 2006, FASB issued Financial Interpretation No. 48, "*Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*" ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company's financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on description, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. The Company is required to adopt FIN 48 effective January 1, 2007 and is currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48 on its future results of operations and financial condition.

In September 2006, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, "*Fair Value Measurements*" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The Company is required to adopt SFAS 157 effective January 1, 2008 and is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 157 on its future results of operations and financial condition.

In September 2006, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 158, "*Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*" ("SFAS 158"). SFAS 158 requires an employer to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan as an asset or liability in its statement of financial position and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income. SFAS 158 also requires an employer to measure the funded status of a plan as of the date of its year-end statement of financial position. The Company is required to adopt SFAS 158 effective as December 31, 2006; however, the requirement to measure plan assets and benefit obligations as of the date of the Company's fiscal year end is required to be effective as of December 31, 2008. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 158 on its future results of operations and financial condition.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 108, "*Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements When Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements*". SAB No. 108 provides interpretive guidance on the consideration of the effects of prior year misstatements in quantifying current year misstatements for the purpose of assessing materiality. SAB No. 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting SAB No. 108 on its future results of operations and financial condition upon its adoption on January 1, 2007.

5. Goodwill and Customer Lists

The following table summarizes the carrying value of goodwill by segment:

	Telephone Operations	Other Operations	Total
Balance at December 31, 2005	\$ 305,289	\$ 8,954	\$ 314,243
Adjustment for change in estimate of tax basis of acquired assets	2,038	—	2,038
Balance at September 30, 2006	<u>\$ 307,327</u>	<u>\$ 8,954</u>	<u>\$ 316,281</u>

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The Company's customer lists consist of an established core base of customers that subscribe to its services. The carrying amount of customer lists is as follows:

	September 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
Gross carrying amount	\$ 167,633	\$ 167,633
Less: accumulated amortization	(42,826)	(32,118)
Net carrying amount	<u>\$ 124,807</u>	<u>\$ 135,515</u>

The aggregate amortization expense associated with customer lists was \$3,567 and \$3,569 for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and was \$10,708 for both the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005. Customer lists are being amortized using a weighted average life of 11.7 years.

6. Summarized Financial Information for Significant Investments

The Company has a 17.02% ownership of GTE Mobilnet of Texas RSA #17 Limited Partnership (the "Mobilnet RSA Partnership"). The principal activity of the Mobilnet RSA Partnership is providing cellular service to a limited rural area in Texas. The Company accounts for this investment on the equity basis. Unaudited summarized financial information for the Mobilnet RSA Partnership was as follows:

For the three months ended September 30, 2005:

Total revenues	\$ 10,537
Income from operations	2,420
Income before income taxes	2,506
Net income	2,506

For the nine months ended September 30, 2005:

Total revenues	\$ 29,520
Income from operations	7,113
Income before income taxes	7,332
Net income	7,332

As of September 30, 2005:

Current assets	\$ 10,685
Non-current assets	25,626
Current liabilities	1,775
Non-current liabilities	—
Partnership equity	34,536

The 2006 summarized financial information for the Mobilnet RSA Partnership is not presented since it did not meet the Company's threshold of materiality.

7. Pension Costs and Other Postretirement Benefits

The Company has several defined benefit pension plans covering substantially all of its hourly employees and certain salaried employees, primarily those located in Texas. The plans provide retirement benefits based on years of service and earnings. The pension plans are generally noncontributory. The Company's funding policy is to contribute amounts sufficient to meet the minimum funding requirements as set forth in employee benefit and tax laws.

The Company currently provides other postretirement benefits ("Other Benefits") consisting of health care and life insurance benefits for certain groups of retired employees. Retirees share in the cost of health care benefits. Retiree contributions for health care benefits are adjusted periodically based upon collective bargaining agreements for former hourly employees and as total costs of the program change for former salaried employees. The Company's funding policy for retiree health benefits is generally to pay covered expenses as they are incurred. Postretirement life insurance benefits are fully insured.

The following tables present the components of net periodic benefit cost:

	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Three months ended September 30,				
Service cost	\$ 545	\$ 748	\$ 188	\$ 146
Interest cost	2,046	2,517	386	334
Expected return on plan assets	(1,914)	(2,773)	(10)	—
Other, net	(227)	11	(212)	(214)
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$ 450</u>	<u>\$ 503</u>	<u>\$ 352</u>	<u>\$ 266</u>
Nine months ended September 30,				
Service cost	\$ 1,565	\$ 2,824	\$ 562	\$ 697
Interest cost	5,413	7,662	1,159	1,226
Expected return on plan assets	(5,719)	(8,376)	—	—
Curtailement gain	—	—	—	(7,880)
Other, net	92	37	(666)	(360)
Net periodic benefit cost	<u>\$ 1,351</u>	<u>\$ 2,147</u>	<u>\$ 1,055</u>	<u>\$ (6,317)</u>

Effective as of April 30, 2005, the Company's Board of Directors authorized amendments to several of the Company's benefit plans. The Consolidated Communications Texas Retirement Plan was amended to freeze benefit accruals for all participants other than union participants and grandfathered participants. The rate of accrual for grandfathered participants in this plan was reduced. A grandfathered participant is defined as a participant age 50 or older with 20 or more years of service as of April 30, 2005. The Consolidated Communications Texas Retiree Medical and Life Plan was amended to freeze the Company subsidy for premium coverage as of April 30, 2005 for all existing retiree participants. This plan was also amended to limit future coverage to a select group of future retirees who attain at least age 55 and 15 years of service, but with no Company subsidy. The amendments to the Retiree Medical and Life Plan resulted in a \$7,880 curtailment gain that was included in general and administrative expenses during the quarter ended September 30, 2005.

7. Long-Term Debt and Common Stock Repurchase

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	September 30, 2006	December 31, 2005
Senior Secured Credit Facility		
Revolving loan	\$ —	\$ —
Term loan D	464,000	425,000
Senior notes	130,000	130,000
	<u>594,000</u>	<u>555,000</u>
Less: current portion	—	—
	<u>\$ 594,000</u>	<u>\$ 555,000</u>

On July 28, 2006, the Company entered into Amendment No. 4 to its credit facilities which provides for, among other things, the following: (1) an increase in the size of the term D loan available by up to \$45,000 (subject to certain adjustments); (2) an increase in the applicable margin on the entire amount of term D loans outstanding from 175 basis points to 200 basis points; (3) an amendment to the definition of “cumulative available cash” to exclude the impact of its repurchase of shares of its common stock pursuant to the Stock Repurchase Agreement, dated July 13, 2006, by and among us and Providence Equity Partners IV L.P. and Providence Equity Operating Partners IV L.P. (the “Share Repurchase”); (4) an amendment to the definition of “consolidated EBITDA” to add back certain one-time expenses related to the Share Repurchase, severance, billing integration and compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002; and (5) a reduction by \$1,500 of the quarterly amount of restricted payments (as defined in the credit agreement) that the Company may pay out of cumulative available cash without triggering mandatory loan prepayments.

During July 2006, the Company completed the Share Repurchase of approximately 3.8 million shares of its common stock for approximately \$56,736, or \$15.00 per share. The transaction closed on July 28, 2006. With this transaction, Providence Equity sold its entire position in the Company, which, prior to the transaction, totaled approximately 12.7 percent of the Company’s outstanding shares of common stock. This was a private transaction and did not decrease the Company’s publicly traded shares. The Company financed this repurchase using approximately \$17,736 of cash on hand and \$39,000 of additional term-loan borrowings.

8. Derivative Instruments

The Company maintains interest rate swap agreements that effectively convert a portion of its floating-rate debt to a fixed-rate basis, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expense. At September 30, 2006, the Company had interest rate swap agreements covering \$355,590 in aggregate principal amount of its variable rate debt at fixed LIBOR rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.8%. The swap agreements expire on various dates ranging from December 31, 2006 to September 30, 2011. On July 11, 2006, the Company entered into an agreement to hedge \$50,000 of variable rate debt swaps that will be effective as of December 29, 2006 and replace swap agreements covering that same amount of variable rate debt that expire on December 31, 2006. The new agreement carries a rate of 5.5% and expires on December 31, 2008.

The fair value of the Company’s derivative instruments, comprised solely of its interest rate swaps, amounted to an asset of \$3,815 and \$4,117 at September 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively. The fair value is included in Other Assets. The Company recognized a net reduction of \$73 and a net increase of \$46 in interest expense during the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, related to its derivative instruments and recognized a net reduction of \$220 and net increase of \$96 during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The change in the market value of derivative instruments, net of related tax effect, is recorded in Other Comprehensive Income. The Company recognized comprehensive (loss)/income of (\$4,287) and \$855 during the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and comprehensive (loss)/income of (\$163) and \$1,764 during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

9. Restricted Share Plan

The following table summarizes restricted stock activity:

Restricted shares outstanding, December 31, 2005	422,065
Shares granted	18,000
Shares vested	—
Shares forfeited or retired	(4,320)
Restricted shares outstanding, September 30, 2006	<u>435,745</u>

The Company recognized non-cash compensation expense associated with the restricted shares totaling \$625 and \$7,244 for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$1,875 and \$7,244 for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The non-cash compensation expense is included in Selling, General and Administrative Expenses in the accompanying statement of income.

10. Life Insurance Proceeds

In June 2005, the Company recognized \$2,800 of net proceeds in other income from the receipt of key man life insurance proceeds relating to the passing of a former employee.

11. Legal proceedings

In September 2006, the Company incurred \$500 of charges to settle a dispute over the termination of a 2001 lease on an office building no longer utilized by the Company.

During 2005, the Company incurred total charges of approximately \$3,100 to settle a dispute with a former consultant to the Company. Approximately \$400 of the charges were recognized during the first half of 2005 and the remaining \$2,700 were recognized during the Company's third quarter ended September 30, 2005.

12. Income Taxes

The following table sets forth the computation of our effective tax rate by period:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Income (loss) before income taxes	\$ 5,928	\$ (11,495)	\$ 17,540	\$ 1,336
Income tax (benefit) expense	3,913	(1,270)	3,752	3,701
Effective tax rate	66.0%	11.0%	21.4%	277.0%

During the third quarter of 2006, the Company completed and filed its 2005 tax return, filed amended returns for 2003 and 2004, and recognized approximately \$800 of additional net taxes to adjust its provision to match the returns. During the second quarter of 2006, the State of Texas enacted new tax legislation. The most significant impact of this legislation on the Company was the modification of the Texas franchise tax calculation to a new "margin tax" calculation used to derive taxable income. This new legislation resulted in a reduction of the Company's net deferred tax liabilities and corresponding credit to its state tax provision of approximately \$5,200. Exclusive of these adjustments, the Company's effective tax rate would have been approximately 52% and 46% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively.

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During the third quarter of 2005, the Company recognized \$7,244 of non-cash compensation expense for which it did not receive a tax deduction. Exclusive of this item, the Company's effective tax rate would have been approximately 36% and 60% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005, respectively.

13. Net Income (Loss) per Common Share

The following table sets forth the computation of net income (loss) per common share:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Basic:				
Net income (loss) applicable to common stockholders	\$ 2,015	\$ (11,367)	\$ 13,788	\$ (12,628)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	26,721,886	23,328,524	28,466,394	13,990,267
Net income (loss) per common share	<u>\$ 0.08</u>	<u>\$ (0.49)</u>	<u>\$ 0.48</u>	<u>\$ (0.90)</u>
Diluted:				
Net income (loss) applicable to common stockholders	\$ 2,015	\$ (11,367)	\$ 13,788	\$ (12,628)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	27,157,631	23,328,524	28,900,902	13,990,267
Net income (loss) per common share	<u>\$ 0.07</u>	<u>\$ (0.49)</u>	<u>\$ 0.48</u>	<u>\$ (0.90)</u>

Non-vested shares issued pursuant to the Restricted Share Plan (Note 9) were considered outstanding for the computation of diluted net income per share as the recipients are entitled to dividends and voting rights. The non-vested shares were not considered outstanding for the computation of diluted net loss per share during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2005 as their effect was anti-dilutive.

14. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table presents the components of comprehensive income:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2006	2005	2006	2005
Net income (loss)	\$ 2,015	\$ (10,225)	\$ 13,788	\$ (2,365)
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized gain on marketable securities, net of tax	—	—	49	—
Change in fair value of cash flow hedges, net of tax	(4,287)	855	(163)	1,764
Total comprehensive income (loss)	<u>\$ (2,272)</u>	<u>\$ (9,370)</u>	<u>\$ 13,674</u>	<u>\$ (601)</u>

15. Business Segments

The Company is viewed and managed as two separate, but highly integrated, reportable business segments, “Telephone Operations” and “Other Operations”. Telephone Operations consists of a wide range of telecommunications services, including local dial tone, custom calling features, private line services, long-distance, dial-up and high speed Internet access, IPTV, inside wiring service and maintenance, carrier access, wholesale transport services on a fiber optic network, telephone directory publishing and billing and collection services. The Company also operates a number of complementary businesses that comprise “Other Operations”, including telephone services to county jails and state prisons, operator services, equipment sales and telemarketing and order fulfillment services. Management evaluates the performance of these business segments based upon revenue, gross margins, and net operating income.

	Telephone Operations	Other Operations	Total
Three months ended September 30, 2006:			
Operating revenues	\$ 70,131	\$ 10,192	\$ 80,323
Cost of services and products	<u>17,413</u>	<u>6,727</u>	<u>24,140</u>
	52,718	3,465	56,183
Operating expenses	21,032	2,732	23,764
Depreciation and amortization	<u>15,620</u>	<u>1,341</u>	<u>16,961</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 16,066</u>	<u>\$ (608)</u>	<u>\$ 15,458</u>
Three months ended September 30, 2005:			
Operating revenues	\$ 72,041	\$ 10,127	\$ 82,168
Cost of services and products	<u>19,465</u>	<u>6,488</u>	<u>25,953</u>
	52,576	3,639	56,215
Operating expenses	29,855	2,564	32,419
Depreciation and amortization	<u>15,630</u>	<u>1,290</u>	<u>16,920</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 7,091</u>	<u>\$ (215)</u>	<u>\$ 6,876</u>
Nine months ended September 30, 2006:			
Operating revenues	\$ 209,160	\$ 29,929	\$ 239,089
Cost of services and products	<u>53,398</u>	<u>19,366</u>	<u>72,764</u>
	155,762	10,563	166,325
Operating expenses	62,279	8,668	70,947
Depreciation and amortization	<u>46,823</u>	<u>4,053</u>	<u>50,876</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 46,660</u>	<u>\$ (2,158)</u>	<u>\$ 44,502</u>
Nine months ended September 30, 2005:			
Operating revenues	\$ 211,604	\$ 28,600	\$ 240,204
Cost of services and products	<u>56,444</u>	<u>18,279</u>	<u>74,723</u>
	155,160	10,321	165,481
Operating expenses	67,945	7,572	75,517
Depreciation and amortization	<u>47,009</u>	<u>3,843</u>	<u>50,852</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>\$ 40,206</u>	<u>\$ (1,094)</u>	<u>\$ 39,112</u>

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

We present below Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") of Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc. ("we", "our", the "Company" or "CCHI") on a consolidated basis. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our historical financial statements and related notes contained elsewhere in this Report.

Forward-Looking Statements

Any statements contained in this Report that are not statements of historical fact, including statements about our beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements and should be evaluated as such. The words "anticipates", "believes", "expects", "intends", "plans", "estimates", "targets", "projects", "should", "may", "will" and similar words and expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are contained throughout this Report, including, but not limited to, statements found in this Part I — Item 2 — "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", Part I — Item 3 — "Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" and Part II — Item 1 — "Legal Proceedings". Such forward-looking statements reflect, among other things, our current expectations, plans, strategies and anticipated financial results and involve a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements, including but not limited to:

- various risks to stockholders of not receiving dividends and risks to our ability to pursue growth opportunities if we continue to pay dividends according to our current dividend policy;
- various risks to the price and volatility of our common stock;
- our substantial amount of debt and our ability to incur additional debt in the future;
- our need for a significant amount of cash to service and repay our debt and to pay dividends on our common stock;
- restrictions contained in our debt agreements that limit the discretion of our management in operating our business;
- the ability to refinance our existing debt as necessary;
- rapid development and introduction of new technologies and intense competition in the telecommunications industry;
- risks associated with our possible pursuit of acquisitions;
- economic conditions in our service areas in Illinois and Texas;
- system failures;
- loss of large customers or government contracts;
- risks associated with the rights-of-way for our network;
- disruptions in our relationship with third party vendors;
- loss of key management personnel and the inability to attract and retain highly qualified management and personnel in the future;
- changes in the extensive governmental legislation and regulations governing telecommunications providers and the provision of telecommunications services and subsidies;
- telecommunications carriers disputing and/or avoiding their obligations to pay network access charges for use of our network;
- high costs of regulatory compliance;
- the competitive impact of legislation and regulatory changes in the telecommunications industry;

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- liability and compliance costs regarding environmental regulations; and
- the additional risk factors outlined in Part I — Item 1A — “Risk Factors” incorporated by reference from our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, as well as the other documents that we file with the SEC from time to time that could cause our actual results to differ from our current expectations and from the forward-looking statements discussed in this Report.

Many of these risks are beyond our ability to control or predict. All forward-looking statements attributable to us or persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained throughout this Report. Because of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Furthermore, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made. Except as required under the federal securities laws or the rules and regulations of the SEC, we do not undertake any obligation to update or review any forward-looking information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Overview

We are an established rural local exchange company that provides communications services to residential and business customers in Illinois and Texas. Our main sources of revenues are our local telephone businesses in Illinois and Texas, which offer an array of services, including local dial tone, custom calling features, private line services, long distance, high-speed Internet access, which we refer to as Digital Subscriber Line or DSL, inside wiring service and maintenance, carrier access, billing and collection services, telephone directory publishing, dial-up Internet access, and wholesale transport services on a fiber optic network in Texas. In addition, we launched our Internet protocol television service, which we refer to as IPTV, in selected Illinois markets in 2005 and selected Texas markets in August 2006. We also operate a number of complementary businesses, which offer telephone services to county jails and state prisons, operator services, equipment sales and telemarketing and order fulfillment services.

Initial Public Offering

On July 27, 2005, we completed the initial public offering of our common stock or IPO. The IPO consisted of the sale of 6,000,000 shares of common stock newly issued by the Company and 9,666,666 shares of common stock sold by certain selling stockholders. The shares of common stock were sold at an initial public offering price of \$13.00 per share resulting in net proceeds to us of approximately \$67.6 million. We did not receive any proceeds from the sale of common stock by the selling stockholders.

We used the net proceeds from the IPO, together with additional borrowings under our credit facilities and cash on hand to:

- repay in full outstanding borrowings under our term loan A and C facilities, together with accrued but unpaid interest through the date of repayment and associated fees and expenses;
- redeem \$70.0 million of the aggregate principal amount of our senior notes and pay the associated redemption premium of \$6.8 million, together with accrued but unpaid interest through the date of redemption; and
- pre-fund expected integration and restructuring costs for 2005 relating to our acquisition of TXU Communications Ventures Company.

Factors Affecting Results of Operations

Revenues

Telephone Operations and Other Operations. To date, our revenues have been derived primarily from the sale of voice and data communications services to residential and business customers in our rural telephone

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companies' service areas. We do not anticipate significant growth in revenues due to our primarily rural service area, but we do expect relatively consistent cash flow from year-to-year due to stable customer demand, limited competition and a generally supportive regulatory environment.

Local Access Lines and Bundled Services. Local access lines are an important element of our business. An "access line" is the telephone line connecting a person's home or business to the public switched telephone network. The monthly recurring revenue we generate from end users, the amount of traffic on our network and related access charges generated from other carriers, the amount of federal and state subsidies we receive and most other revenue streams are directly related to the number of local access lines in service. We had 235,983, 242,024, and 244,902 local access lines in service as of September 30, 2006, December 31, 2005 and September 30, 2005, respectively. We expect to continue to experience modest erosion in access lines.

Many rural telephone companies have experienced a loss of local access lines due to challenging economic conditions, increased competition from wireless providers, competitive local exchange carriers and, in some cases, cable television operators. We have not been immune to these conditions. We have also lost local access lines due to the disconnection of second telephone lines by our residential customers in connection with their substituting DSL or cable modem service for dial-up Internet access and wireless service for wireline service. As of September 30, 2006, December 31, 2005 and September 30, 2005, we had 8,000, 9,144 and 9,551 second lines, respectively. The disconnection of second lines represented 24.8% and 33.0% of our residential loss during the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

A significant portion of our line loss in 2005 was attributable to the migration of MCIMetro's Internet service provider, or ISP, traffic from our primary rate interface, or PRI, facilities and local T-1 facilities to interconnection trunks. As a result of this migration, we experienced a loss of approximately 4,708 lines during the first nine months of 2005 and 5,332 lines during all of 2005. Because these lines did not generate long distance, access or subsidy revenue, the total revenue loss associated with the migration was approximately one-fourth the impact of the same number of commercial access lines. The migration of MCIMetro's ISP traffic was essentially complete as of December 31, 2005.

We have mitigated the decline in local access lines with increased average revenue per access line by focusing on the following:

- aggressively promoting DSL service;
- bundling value-adding services, such as DSL, with a combination of local service, custom calling features, voicemail and Internet access;
- maintaining excellent customer service standards, particularly as we introduce new services to existing customers; and
- keeping a strong local presence in the communities we serve.

We have implemented a number of initiatives to gain new local access lines and retain existing local access lines by enhancing the attractiveness of the bundle with new service offerings, including unlimited long distance, and promotional offers, such as discounted second lines. In January 2005, we introduced IPTV in selected Illinois markets. The initial roll-out was conducted in a controlled manner with little advertising or promotion. Upon completion of back-office testing, vendor interoperability between system components and final network preparation, we began aggressively marketing our "triple play" bundle, which includes local service, DSL and IPTV, in selected Illinois exchanges in September 2005. At the end of August 2006, we introduced IPTV service in selected Texas markets. As of September 30, 2006, IPTV was available to approximately 35,000 homes in our Illinois markets and approximately 37,000 homes in our Texas markets. Our IPTV subscriber base has grown from 1,053 as of September 30, 2005 to 5,638 as of September 30, 2006. In addition to our access line and video initiatives, we intend to continue to integrate best practices across our Illinois and Texas regions. These efforts may act to mitigate the financial impact of any access line loss we may experience.

Because of our promotional efforts, the number of DSL subscribers we serve grew substantially. We had 49,360, 39,192 and 36,051 DSL lines in service as of September 30, 2006, December 31, 2005 and September 30, 2005, respectively. Approximately 92% of our rural telephone companies' local access lines are currently DSL capable. The penetration rate for DSL lines in service was approximately 20.1% of our local access lines at September 30, 2006.

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We have also been successful in generating revenues by bundling combinations of local service, custom calling features, voicemail and Internet access. Our service bundles totaled 42,100, 36,627 and 35,163 at September 30, 2006, December 31, 2005 and September 30, 2005, respectively.

Our plan is to continue to execute our customer retention program by delivering excellent customer service and improving the value of our bundle with DSL and IPTV. However, if these actions fail to mitigate access line loss, or we experience a higher degree of access line loss than we currently expect, it could have an adverse impact on our revenues and earnings.

The following summarizes several key metrics as of the end of the periods presented:

	<u>September 30, 2006</u>	<u>December 31, 2005</u>	<u>September 30, 2005</u>
Local access lines in service:			
Residential	157,609	162,231	164,042
Business	78,374	79,793	80,860
Total local access lines	235,983	242,024	244,902
IPTV subscribers	5,638	2,146	1,053
DSL subscribers	49,360	39,192	36,051
Total connections	<u>290,981</u>	<u>283,362</u>	<u>282,006</u>
Long distance lines	147,177	143,882	142,311
Dial-up subscribers	11,740	15,971	16,708
Service bundles	42,100	36,627	35,163

Expenses

Our primary operating expenses consist of cost of services, selling, general and administrative expenses and depreciation and amortization expenses.

Cost of Services and Products

Our cost of services includes the following:

- operating expenses relating to plant costs, including those related to the network and general support costs, central office switching and transmission costs and cable and wire facilities;
- general plant costs, such as testing, provisioning, network, administration, power and engineering; and
- the cost of transport and termination of long distance and private lines outside our rural telephone companies' service area.

We have agreements with carriers to provide long distance transport and termination services. These agreements contain various commitments and expire at various times. We believe we will meet all of our commitments in these agreements and believe we will be able to procure services for future periods. We are currently procuring services for future periods, and at this time, the costs and related terms under which we will purchase long distance transport and termination services have not been determined. We do not expect, however, any material adverse effects from any changes in any new service contract.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

In general, selling, general and administrative expenses include the following:

- selling and marketing expenses;

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- expenses associated with customer care;
- billing and other operating support systems; and
- corporate expenses, including non-cash stock compensation.

Our Telephone Operations segment incurs selling, marketing and customer care expenses from its customer service centers and commissioned sales representatives. Our customer service centers are the primary sales channels for residential and business customers with one or two phone lines, whereas commissioned sales representatives provide customized proposals to larger business customers. In addition, we use customer retail centers for various communications needs, including new telephone, Internet and paging service purchases in Illinois.

Each of our Other Operations businesses primarily uses an independent sales and marketing team comprised of dedicated field sales account managers, management teams and service representatives to execute our sales and marketing strategy.

We have operating support and back office systems that are used to enter, schedule, provision and track customer orders, test services and interface with trouble management, inventory, billing, collections and customer care service systems for the local access lines in our operations. We have migrated most key business processes of our Illinois and Texas operations onto single, company-wide systems and platforms. Our objective is to improve profitability by reducing individual company costs through centralization, standardization and sharing of best practices. For the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005, we spent \$2.3 million and \$5.4 million, respectively, on integration and restructuring expenses (which included severance associated with staffing reductions and costs associated with projects to integrate our support and back office systems). We expect to continue the integration of our Illinois and Texas billing systems through July 2007.

Depreciation and Amortization Expenses

We recognize depreciation expenses for our regulated telephone plant using rates and lives approved by the Illinois Commerce Commission, or ICC, in Illinois and the Public Utility Commission, or PUCT, in Texas. The provision for depreciation on nonregulated property and equipment is recorded using the straight-line method based upon the following useful lives:

- Buildings (15 to 35 years)
- Network and outside plant facilities (5 to 30 years)
- Furniture, fixtures and equipment (3 to 17 years)

Amortization expenses are recognized primarily for our intangible assets considered to have finite useful lives on a straight-line basis. In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, or SFAS, No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*, goodwill and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives are not amortized but rather are tested annually for impairment. Because trade names have been determined to have indefinite lives, they are not amortized. Customer relationships are amortized over their useful lives at a weighted average life of 11.7 years.

Results of Operations

Segments

In accordance with the reporting requirement of SFAS No. 131, *Disclosure about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information*, the Company has two reportable business segments, Telephone Operations and Other Operations. The results of operations discussed below reflect our consolidated results, unless otherwise indicated.

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Three months ended September 30, 2006 compared to three months ended September 30, 2005

The following summarizes our revenues and operating expenses on a consolidated basis for the three months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2006		2005	
	\$ (millions)	% of Total Revenues	\$ (millions)	% of Total Revenues
Revenues				
Telephone Operations				
Local calling services	\$ 21.3	26.5%	\$ 22.1	26.9%
Network access services	17.3	21.5	16.3	19.8
Subsidies	11.0	13.7	14.7	17.9
Long distance services	4.1	5.1	4.1	5.0
Data and internet services	7.9	9.8	6.4	7.8
Other services	8.5	10.6	8.5	10.3
Total Telephone Operations	70.1	87.3	72.1	87.7
Other Operations	10.2	12.7	10.1	12.3
Total operating revenues	80.3	100.0	82.2	100.0
Expenses				
Operating expenses				
Telephone Operations	38.4	47.8	49.2	59.9
Other Operations	9.5	11.8	9.1	11.1
Depreciation and amortization	17.0	21.2	17.0	20.7
Total operating expenses	64.9	80.8	75.3	91.6
Income from operations	15.4	19.2	6.9	8.4
Interest expense, net	(11.1)	(13.8)	(19.8)	(24.1)
Other income, net	1.6	2.0	1.4	1.7
Income tax benefit (expense)	(3.9)	(4.9)	1.3	1.6
Net income (loss)	\$ 2.0	2.5%	\$ (10.2)	(12.4%)

Revenues

Our revenues decreased by 2.3%, or \$1.9 million, to \$80.3 million in 2006 from \$82.2 million in 2005. Our discussion and analysis of the components of the variance follows:

Telephone Operations Revenues

Local calling services revenues decreased by 3.6%, or \$0.8 million, to \$21.3 million in 2006 compared to \$22.1 million in 2005. The decrease is primarily due to the decline in local access lines as previously discussed above under "Factors Affecting Results of Operations."

Network access services revenues increased by 6.1%, or \$1.0 million, to \$17.3 million in 2006 compared to \$16.3 million in 2005. The increase was primarily driven by increased demand for point-to-point circuits and other network access services.

Subsidies revenues decreased by 25.2%, or \$3.7 million, to \$11.0 million in 2006 compared to \$14.7 million in 2005. The decrease is primarily due to the timing of out of period settlements in 2005 compared to 2006. In 2005 we received \$1.5 million in prior period receipts and we refunded \$1.2 million in 2006. The remainder of the decrease is attributable to an increase in the national average cost per loop, which resulted in lower subsidies to rural carriers.

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Long distance services revenues remained constant at \$4.1 million for both periods.

Data and Internet revenues increased by 23.4%, or \$1.5 million, to \$7.9 million in 2006 compared to \$6.4 million in 2005. The revenue increase is due to increased DSL and IPTV penetration. The number of DSL lines in service increased from 36,051 at September 30, 2005 to 49,360 at September 30, 2006. IPTV customers increased from 1,053 at September 30, 2005 to 5,638 at September 30, 2006. These increases were partially offset by erosion of our dial-up Internet base, which decreased from 16,708 subscribers at September 30, 2005 to 11,740 at September 30, 2006.

Other Services revenues remained constant at \$8.5 million for both periods.

Other Operations Revenue

Other Operations revenues increased by 1.0%, or \$0.1 million, to \$10.2 million in 2006 compared to \$10.1 million in 2005.

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses decreased by 13.8%, or \$10.4 million, to \$64.9 million in 2006 from \$75.3 million in 2005.

Telephone Operations Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for Telephone Operations decreased by 22.0%, or \$10.8 million, to \$38.4 in 2006 compared to \$49.2 million in 2005. The 2005 results include \$7.1 million of non-cash compensation expense compared to \$0.6 million in 2006. The successful completion of our IPO in July 2005 accelerated the vesting of a portion of our restricted shares which resulted in significantly higher non-cash compensation expense in 2005. The 2005 results also include \$2.7 million of costs associated with a litigation settlement compared to \$0.5 million of settlement costs in 2006 related to a different dispute. The \$2.1 million balance of the decline was primarily attributable to ongoing cost reduction initiatives.

Other Operations Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for Other Operations increased by 4.4%, or \$0.4 million, to \$9.5 million in 2006 compared to \$9.1 million in 2005. The increase primarily came from increased wages and general operating costs required to support these businesses.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense remained constant at \$17.0 million for both periods.

Non-Operating Income (Expense)

Interest Expense, net

Interest expense, net decreased by 43.9%, or \$8.7 million, to \$11.1 million in 2006 compared to \$19.8 million in 2005. The decline is primarily due to a redemption premium of \$6.3 million and deferred financing cost write-off of \$2.3 million, each incurred upon redeeming \$65.0 million of our senior notes in August 2005. At September 30, 2006 and 2005, the weighted average interest rate, including swaps, on our outstanding term debt was 6.35% and 6.08% per annum, respectively.

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Other Income, net

Other income, net increased by \$0.2 million to \$1.6 million in 2006 compared to \$1.4 million for the same period in 2005.

Income Taxes

Our provision for income taxes was a \$3.9 million net tax expense in 2006 compared to a \$1.3 million net tax benefit in 2005. The effective tax rate was 66% and 11% for 2006 and 2005, respectively. During the third quarter of 2006, we completed and filed our 2005 tax return, filed amended returns for 2003 and 2004, and recognized approximately \$0.8 million of additional net taxes to adjust our provision to match the returns. During the third quarter of 2005, we recognized \$7.2 million of non-cash compensation expense for which we did not receive a tax deduction. Exclusive of these adjustments, our effective tax rate would have been approximately 52% and 36% for 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Nine months ended September 30, 2006 compared to nine months ended September 30, 2005

The following summarizes our revenues and operating expenses on a consolidated basis for the nine months ended September 30, 2006 and 2005:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2006	% of Total	2005	% of Total
	\$ (millions)	Revenues	\$ (millions)	Revenues
Revenues				
Telephone Operations				
Local calling services	\$ 64.2	26.9%	\$ 67.1	27.9%
Network access services	51.3	21.5	48.0	20.0
Subsidies	35.0	14.6	40.5	16.9
Long distance services	11.6	4.9	12.3	5.1
Data and internet services	22.5	9.4	19.2	8.0
Other services	24.6	10.3	24.5	10.2
Total Telephone Operations	209.2	87.5	211.6	88.1
Other Operations	29.9	12.5	28.6	11.9
Total operating revenues	239.1	100.0	240.2	100.0
Expenses				
Operating expenses				
Telephone Operations	115.7	48.4	124.3	51.7
Other Operations	28.0	11.7	25.9	10.8
Depreciation and amortization	50.9	21.3	50.9	21.2
Total operating expenses	194.6	81.4	201.1	83.7
Income from operations	44.5	18.6	39.1	16.3
Interest expense, net	(31.3)	(13.1)	(42.8)	(17.8)
Other income, net	4.3	1.8	5.0	2.1
Income tax expense	(3.7)	(1.5)	(3.7)	(1.5)
Net income (loss)	\$ 13.8	5.8%	\$ (2.4)	(1.0%)

Revenues

Our revenues decreased by 0.5%, or \$1.1 million, to \$239.1 million in 2006 from \$240.2 million in 2005. Our discussion and analysis of the components of the variance follows:

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Telephone Operations Revenues

Local calling services revenues decreased by 4.3%, or \$2.9 million, to \$64.2 million in 2006 compared to \$67.1 million in 2005. The decrease is primarily due to the decline in local access lines as previously discussed above under “Factors Affecting Future Results of Operations.”

Network access services revenues increased by 6.9%, or \$3.3 million, to \$51.3 million in 2006 compared to \$48.0 million in 2005. The increase was primarily driven by increased demand for point-to-point circuits and other network access services.

Subsidies revenues decreased by 13.6%, or \$5.5 million, to \$35.0 in 2006 compared to \$40.5 million during in 2005. The decrease is primarily due to the timing of out of period settlements in 2005 compared to 2006. In 2005 we received \$1.6 million in prior period receipts and we refunded \$1.8 million in 2006. The remainder of the decrease is attributable to an increase in the national average cost per loop, which resulted in lower subsidies to rural carriers.

Long distance services revenues decreased by 5.7%, or \$0.7 million, to \$11.6 million in 2006 compared to \$12.3 million in 2005. The decrease in long distance revenues was primarily due to a reduction in the average rate per minute. This was driven by general industry trends and the introduction of our unlimited long distance calling plans.

Data and Internet revenues increased by 17.2%, or \$3.3 million, to \$22.5 million in 2006 compared to \$19.2 million in 2005. The revenue increase is due to increased DSL and IPTV penetration. The number of DSL lines in service increased from 36,051 at September 30, 2005 to 49,360 at September 30, 2006. IPTV customers increased from 1,053 at September 30, 2005 to 5,638 at September 30, 2006. These increases were partially offset by erosion of our dial-up Internet base, which decreased from 16,708 subscribers at September 30, 2005 to 11,740 at September 30, 2006.

Other Services revenues increased by 0.4%, or \$0.1 million, to \$24.6 million in 2006 compared to \$24.5 million in 2005.

Other Operations Revenue

Other Operations revenues increased by 4.5%, or \$1.3 million, to \$29.9 million in 2006 compared to \$28.6 million in 2005. Revenues from our Market Response business increased by \$1.1 million due to increased sales to existing customers. Our prison systems unit generated increased revenue of \$0.7 million for the period from increased minutes of use. These increases were partially offset by a net \$0.5 million decrease in revenues associated with our other ancillary operations.

Operating Expenses

Total operating expenses decreased by 3.2%, or \$6.5 million, to \$194.6 million in 2006 from \$201.1 million in 2005.

Telephone Operations Operating Expense

Operating expenses for Telephone Operations decreased by 6.9%, or \$8.6 million, to \$115.7 million in 2006 compared to \$124.3 million in 2005. Effective April 30, 2005, the CCI Texas pension and other post-retirement plans were amended to freeze benefit accruals for all non-union participants. These amendments resulted in the recognition of a \$7.9 million curtailment gain (reduction in operating expenses) in May 2005 and ongoing quarterly savings of approximately \$1.0 million. The 2005 results include \$7.1 million of non-cash compensation expense compared to \$1.8 million in 2006. The 2005 results also include \$3.1 million of costs associated with a litigation settlement compared to \$0.5 million of settlement costs in 2006 related to a different dispute. During 2006, we realized savings of \$2.9 million due to the termination of the professional services agreements with our chairman,

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Richard Lumpkin, Providence Equity and Spectrum Equity in connection with our IPO. During 2006 we also benefited \$3.1 million from lower integration and severance costs versus 2005 which also contributed to lower overall net operating costs for the remainder of the difference between 2006 and 2005.

Other Operations Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for Other Operations increased by 8.1%, or \$2.1 million, to \$28.0 million in 2006 compared to \$25.9 million in 2005. The increase primarily came from increased costs required to support the growth in Market Response and Public Services revenues coupled with inflationary increases in wages and general operating costs associated with our ancillary operations.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense remained constant at \$50.9 million for both 2006 and 2005.

Non-Operating Income (Expense)

Interest Expense, net

Interest expense, net decreased by 26.9%, or \$11.5 million, to \$31.3 million in 2006 compared to \$42.8 million in 2005. The decline is primarily due to a redemption premium of \$6.3 million and deferred financing cost write-off of \$2.3 million, each incurred upon redeeming \$65.0 million of our senior notes in August 2005. We also benefited from lower average interest bearing debt during 2006. At September 30, 2006 and 2005, the weighted average interest rate, including swaps, on our outstanding term debt was 6.35% and 6.08% per annum, respectively.

Other Income, net

Other income, net decreased by 14.0%, or \$0.7 million, to \$4.3 million in 2006 compared to \$5.0 million in 2005. During 2005, we recognized \$2.8 million in other income from the receipt of key-man life insurance proceeds relating to the passing of a former employee. During 2006, we recognized \$4.7 million of investment income compared to \$2.3 million in 2005. The increased investment income is primarily the result of increased performance and distributions in 2006 from our investments in cellular partnerships.

Income Taxes

Our provision for income taxes was \$3.7 million for both 2006 and 2005. The effective tax rate was 21% and 277% for 2006 and 2005, respectively. During the third quarter of 2006, we completed and filed our 2005 tax return, filed amended returns for 2003 and 2004, and recognized approximately \$0.8 million of additional net taxes to adjust our provision to match the returns. During the second quarter of 2006, the State of Texas enacted new tax legislation. The most significant impact of this legislation for us was the modification of our Texas franchise tax calculation to a new "margin tax" calculation used to derive taxable income. This new legislation resulted in a reduction of our net deferred tax liabilities and corresponding credit to our state tax provision of approximately \$5.2 million. During the third quarter of 2005, we recognized \$7.2 million of non-cash compensation expense for which we did not receive a tax deduction. Exclusive of these adjustments, our effective tax rate would have been approximately 46% and 60% for 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

Historically, our operating requirements have been funded from cash flow generated from our business and borrowings under our credit facilities. As of September 30, 2006, we had \$594.0 million of debt. Our \$30.0 million revolving line of credit, however, remains unused. We expect that our future operating requirements will continue to be funded from cash flow generated from our business and borrowings under our revolving credit facility. As a general matter, our liquidity needs arise primarily from: (i) interest payments on our indebtedness; (ii) dividend

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payments; (iii) capital expenditures; (iv) taxes; (v) incremental costs associated with being a public company, including costs associated with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act; (vi) pension and other post-retirement contributions; (vii) costs to further integrate our Illinois and Texas billing systems; and (viii) certain other costs as summarized above under “Factors Affecting Future Results of Operations — Expenses”. In addition, we may use cash and incur additional debt to fund selective acquisitions. However, our ability to use cash may be limited by our other cash needs, including our dividend policy, and our ability to incur additional debt will be limited by our existing and future debt agreements.

The following table summarizes the Company’s sources and uses of cash for the periods presented:

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,	
	2006	2005
	(In millions)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for):		
Operating activities	\$ 59.6	\$ 47.1
Investing activities	(18.5)	(21.6)
Financing activities	(52.5)	(43.9)

Operating Activities

Net income adjusted for non-cash charges is our primary source of operating cash. Cash provided by operating activities was \$59.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006. Net income adjusted for non-cash charges generated \$68.1 million of operating cash. Partially offsetting the cash generated was increased working capital usage. Accounts receivable used \$5.2 million, including \$3.7 million to cover our normal bad debt experience and \$1.5 million to cover increased accounts receivable primarily due to timing of when our telephone directories are published and billed. In addition, we experienced a \$1.4 million increase in prepaids and other assets due primarily to the timing of several of our directory business publications. We also experienced a \$1.3 million net decline in accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities as a result of differences in the timing of the payment of interest, taxes, capital expenditures and other routine vendor and employee obligations.

Investing Activities

For the nine months ending September 30, 2006, we used \$25.0 million for capital expenditures. We expect our capital expenditures for the remainder of 2006 will total approximately \$8.0 million, which will continue to be used primarily to expand our DSL and IPTV capabilities as well as to maintain and upgrade our network. Because our network is modern and has been well maintained, we do not believe we will substantially increase capital spending on it beyond current levels in the future. Any such increase would likely occur as a result of a planned growth or expansion plan, if it all.

During September 2006, we received \$0.6 million in proceeds from the sale of idle land, and during April 2006, we received \$5.9 million in proceeds from the liquidation of our investment in Rural Telephone Bank.

Financing Activities

For the nine months ended September 30, 2006, we paid \$34.6 million of cash to our common stockholders in accordance with the dividend policy adopted by our board of directors. We expect to continue to pay quarterly dividends at an annual rate of \$1.5495 per share during 2007, but only if and to the extent declared by our board of directors and subject to various restrictions on our ability to do so. Our dividend policy is outlined in more detail in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005 under Part II, Item 5, under the section entitled “Dividend Policy and Restrictions” which is incorporated herein by reference.

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During July 2006, we entered into an agreement to repurchase and retire approximately 3.8 million shares of our common stock from Providence Equity for approximately \$56.7 million, or \$15.00 per share. The transaction closed on July 28, 2006. With this transaction, Providence Equity sold its entire position in our company, which, prior to the transaction, totaled approximately 12.7 percent of our outstanding shares of common stock. This was a private transaction and did not decrease our publicly traded shares. We financed this repurchase using approximately \$17.7 million of cash on hand and \$39.0 million of additional term-loan borrowings.

Debt

The following table summarizes our indebtedness as of September 30, 2006:

	<u>Balance</u> <u>(in millions)</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Rate (1)</u>
Revolving credit facility	\$ —	April 14, 2010	LIBOR + 2.00%
Term loan D	464.0	October 14, 2011	LIBOR + 2.00%
Senior notes	130.0	April 1, 2012	9.75%

(1) As of September 30, 2006, the 90-day LIBOR rate was 5.37%

Credit Facilities

As of September 30, 2006, we had \$464.0 million of term D loans outstanding under our credit facilities, which matures on October 14, 2011. In addition, our credit facilities provide for a \$30.0 million revolving credit facility, maturing on April 14, 2010. As of September 30, 2006, we had no borrowings outstanding under the revolving credit facility.

Borrowings under our credit facilities bear interest at a rate equal to an applicable margin plus, at the borrowers' election, either a "base rate" or LIBOR. The applicable margin is based upon the borrowers' total leverage ratio. As of September 30, 2006, the applicable margin for interest rates on LIBOR based loans under both on LIBOR based term D loans and the revolving credit facility was 2.0%. At September 30, 2006 and 2005, the weighted average interest rate, including swaps, on our term debt was 6.35% and 6.08% per annum, respectively.

On July 28, 2006, we entered into Amendment No. 4 to the credit agreement governing our credit facilities which provides for, among other things, the following: (1) an increase in the size of the term D loan available by up to \$45 million (subject to certain adjustments); (2) an increase in the applicable margin on the entire amount of term D loans outstanding from 175 basis points to 200 basis points; (3) an amendment to the definition of "cumulative available cash" to exclude the impact of our repurchase of shares of our common stock pursuant to the Stock Repurchase Agreement, dated July 13, 2006, by and among us and Providence Equity Partners IV L.P. and Providence Equity Operating Partners IV L.P. (the "Share Repurchase"); (4) an amendment to the definition of "consolidated EBITDA" to add back certain one-time expenses related to the Share Repurchase, severance, billing integration and compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002; and (5) a reduction by \$1.5 million of the quarterly amount of restricted payments (as defined in the credit agreement) that we may pay out of cumulative available cash without triggering mandatory loan prepayments.

Derivative Instruments

We maintain interest rate swap agreements that effectively convert a portion of our floating-rate debt to a fixed-rate basis, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expense. At September 30, 2006, we had interest rate swap agreements covering \$355.6 million in aggregate principal amount of our variable rate debt at fixed LIBOR rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.8%. The swap agreements expire on December 31, 2006, May 19, 2007 and September 30, 2011. On July 11, 2006, we executed \$50.0 million notional amount of floating fixed interest rate swap arrangements, which will become effective December 29, 2006, to replace the \$50.0 million of existing swap arrangements that expire on December 31, 2006. The new agreement carries a rate of 5.5% and expires on December 31, 2008.

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Senior Notes

As of September 30, 2006, we had \$130.0 million in aggregate principal amount of senior notes outstanding. The senior notes are our senior, unsecured obligations. The indenture contains customary covenants that restrict our and our restricted subsidiaries' ability to: incur debt and issue preferred stock; engage in business other than telecommunication businesses; make restricted payments (including paying dividends on, redeeming, repurchasing or retiring our capital stock); enter into agreements restricting our subsidiaries' ability to pay dividends, make loans, or transfer assets to us; enter into liens; effect a change of control without making an offer to purchase the senior notes; sell or otherwise dispose of assets, including capital stock of subsidiaries; engage in transactions with affiliates; and consolidate or merge.

Covenant Compliance

Our credit agreement restricts our ability to pay dividends. During the quarter ended September 30, 2006, we generated \$15.2 million of available cash (as such term is defined in our credit agreement) and paid \$11.5 million of dividends leaving us with cumulative available cash (as such term is defined in our credit agreement) to pay dividends of \$44.2 million as of September 30, 2006 based on the restricted payments covenant contained in our credit agreement. We are also restricted from paying dividends under the indenture governing our senior notes. However, the indenture is less restrictive than our credit agreement. That is because the restricted payments covenant in our credit agreement allows a lower amount of dividends to be paid from the borrowers (Consolidated Communications, Inc. and Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, Inc.) to CCHI than the comparable covenant in the indenture (referred to as the build-up amount) permits CCHI to pay to its stockholders. However, the amount of dividends CCHI will be able to pay under the indenture in the future will be based, in part, on the amount of cash distributed by the borrowers under the credit agreement to CCHI.

Under our credit agreement, if our total net leverage ratio (as such term is defined in the credit agreement), as of the end of any fiscal quarter, is greater than 4.75:1.00, we will be required to suspend dividends on our common stock unless otherwise permitted by an exception for dividends that may be paid from the portion of proceeds of any sale of equity not used to make mandatory prepayments of loans and not used to fund acquisitions, capital expenditures or make other investments. During any dividend suspension period, we will be required to repay debt in an amount equal to 50.0% of any increase in available cash during such dividend suspension period, among other things. In addition, we will not be permitted to pay dividends if an event of default under the credit agreement has occurred and is continuing. Among other things, it will be an event of default if:

- our senior secured leverage ratio, as of the end of any fiscal quarter is greater than 4.00 to 1.00, or
- our fixed charge coverage ratio as of the end of any fiscal quarter, is not (x) after January 1, 2006 and on or prior to December 31, 2006, at least 2.00 to 1.00 and (y) after January 1, 2007, at least 1.75 to 1.00.

As of September 30, 2006, we were in compliance with our debt covenants. The table below presents our ratios as of September 30, 2006:

Total net leverage ratio	4.14 to 1.00
Senior secured leverage ratio	3.32 to 1.00
Fixed charge coverage ratio	3.08 to 1.00

The description of the covenants above and of our credit agreement and indenture generally in this Report are summaries only. They do not contain a full description, including definitions, of the provisions summarized. As such, these summaries are qualified in their entirety by these documents, which are incorporated by reference as indicated in the exhibit index to this report.

Capital Requirements

We expect our capital expenditures for the remainder of 2006 will total approximately \$8.0 million, which will continue to be used primarily to expand our DSL and IPTV capabilities as well as to maintain and upgrade our network. Because our network is modern and has been well maintained, we do not believe we will substantially increase capital spending on it beyond current levels in the future. Any such increase would likely occur as a result of a planned growth or expansion plan, if it all.

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The cash requirements of our dividend policy are in addition to our other expected cash needs, both of which we expect to be funded with cash flow from operations. In addition, we expect we will have sufficient availability under our amended and restated revolving credit facility to fund dividend payments in addition to any expected fluctuations in working capital and other cash needs, although we do not currently intend to borrow under this facility to pay dividends.

We believe that our dividend policy will limit, but not preclude, our ability to grow. If we continue paying dividends at the level currently anticipated under our dividend policy, we may not retain a sufficient amount of cash, and may need to seek refinancing, to fund a material expansion of our business, including any significant acquisitions or to pursue growth opportunities requiring capital expenditures significantly beyond our current expectations. In addition, because we expect a significant portion of cash available will be distributed to holders of common stock under our dividend policy, our ability to pursue any material expansion of our business will depend more than it otherwise would on our ability to obtain third-party financing.

Surety Bonds

In the ordinary course of business, we enter into surety, performance and similar bonds. As of September 30, 2006, we had approximately \$2.1 million of these bonds outstanding.

Table of Contractual Obligations and Commitments

As of September 30, 2006, our material contractual obligations and commitments were:

	Payments Due by Period						
	Total	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	Thereafter
				(In millions)			
Long-term debt (a)	\$ 594.0	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 594.0
Operating leases	11.2	0.9	2.8	2.0	1.7	1.7	2.1
Pension and other post retirement obligations (b)	54.1	0.8	6.0	6.2	6.4	6.8	27.9
	<u>\$ 659.3</u>	<u>\$ 1.7</u>	<u>\$ 8.8</u>	<u>\$ 8.2</u>	<u>\$ 8.1</u>	<u>\$ 8.5</u>	<u>\$ 624.0</u>

- (a) Long-term debt consists of loans outstanding under our credit facilities and our senior notes. The credit facilities consist of a \$464.0 million term loan D maturing on October 14, 2011 and a \$30.0 million revolving credit facility, which was fully available but undrawn at September 30, 2006. Interest payments are not included in these amounts.
- (b) Pension funding is an estimate of our minimum funding requirements to provide pension benefits for employees based on service through September 30, 2006. Obligations relating to other post retirement benefits are based on estimated future benefit payments. Our estimates are based on forecasts of future benefits payments which may change over time due to a number of factors, including life expectancy, medical costs and trends and on the actual rate of return on the plan assets, discount rates, discretionary pension contributions and regulatory rules.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 155, "Accounting for Certain Hybrid Instruments" ("SFAS 155"). SFAS 155 is an amendment of SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" ("SFAS 133") and

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SFAS No. 140, “*Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities*” (“SFAS 140”) and allows financial instruments that have embedded derivatives to be accounted for as a whole (eliminating the need to bifurcate the derivative from its host) if the holder elects to account for the whole instrument on a fair value basis. SFAS 155 is effective for an entity’s first fiscal year that begins after September 15, 2006. We are currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of SFAS 155 will have on our financial condition or results of operations but do not expect it will have a material impact.

In June 2006, FASB issued Financial Interpretation No. 48, “*Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*” (“FIN 48”). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company’s financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 also provides guidance on description, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. We are required to adopt FIN 48 effective January 1, 2007. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting FIN 48 on our future results of operations and financial condition.

In September 2006, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, “*Fair Value Measurements*” (“SFAS 157”). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. We are required to adopt SFAS 157 effective January 1, 2008 and are currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 157 on our future results of operations and financial condition.

In September 2006, FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 158, “*Employers’ Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans*” (“SFAS 158”). SFAS 158 requires an employer to recognize the overfunded or underfunded status of a defined benefit postretirement plan as an asset or liability in its statement of financial position and to recognize changes in that funded status in the year in which the changes occur through comprehensive income. SFAS 158 also requires an employer to measure the funded status of a plan as of the date of its year-end statement of financial position. We are required to adopt SFAS 158 effective as December 31, 2006; however, the requirement to measure plan assets and benefit obligations as of the date of our fiscal year end is required to be effective as of December 31, 2008. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting SFAS 158 on our future results of operations and financial condition.

In September 2006, the Securities and Exchange Commission issued Staff Accounting Bulletin (“SAB”) No. 108, “*Considering the Effects of Prior Year Misstatements When Quantifying Misstatements in Current Year Financial Statements*”. SAB No. 108 provides interpretive guidance on the consideration of the effects of prior year misstatements in quantifying current year misstatements for the purpose of assessing materiality. SAB No. 108 is effective for fiscal years ending after November 15, 2006. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting SAB No. 108 on our future results of operations and financial condition upon its adoption on January 1, 2007.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates on our long-term debt obligations. We estimate our market risk using sensitivity analysis. Market risk is defined as the potential change in the fair market value of a fixed-rate debt obligation due to hypothetical adverse change in interest rates and the potential change in interest expense on variable rate long-term debt obligations due to a change in market interest rates. The fair value on long-term debt obligations is determined based on discounted cash flow analysis, using the rates and the maturities of these obligations compared to terms and rates currently available in long-term debt markets. The potential change in interest expense is determined by calculating the effect of the hypothetical rate increase on the portion of variable rate debt that is not hedged through the interest swap agreements described below and does not assume changes in our capital structure. As of September 30, 2006, approximately 81.8% of our long-term obligations were fixed rate and approximately 18.2% were variable rate obligations not subject to interest rate swap agreements.

As of September 30, 2006, we had \$464.0 million of debt outstanding under our credit facilities. Our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates was limited by interest rate swap agreements that effectively converted a portion of our variable debt to a fixed-rate basis, thus reducing the impact of interest rate changes on future interest expenses. On September 30, 2006, we had interest rate swap agreements covering \$355.6 million of aggregate principal amount of our variable rate debt at fixed LIBOR rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.8% and expiring on December 31, 2006, May 19, 2007 and September 30, 2011. As of September 30, 2006, we had \$108.4 million of variable rate debt not covered by interest rate swap agreements. If market interest rates averaged 1.0% higher than the average rates that prevailed from January 1, 2006 through September 30, 2006, interest expense would have increased by approximately \$0.2 million for the period. As of September 30, 2006 the fair value of interest rate swap agreements amounted to an asset of approximately \$3.8 million.

As of September 30, 2006, we had \$130.0 million in aggregate principal amount of fixed rate long-term debt obligations with an estimated fair market value of \$137.5 million based on the overall weighted average interest rate of our fixed rate long-term debt obligations of 9.75% and an overall weighted maturity of 5.5 years, compared to rates and maturities currently available in long-term debt markets. Market risk is estimated as the potential loss in fair value of our fixed rate long-term debt resulting from a hypothetical increase of 10.0% in interest rates. Such an increase in interest rates would have resulted in an approximately \$2.7 million decrease in the fair market value of our fixed-rate long-term debt.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our report under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2006. Based upon that evaluation and subject to the foregoing, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures provided reasonable assurance that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective to accomplish their objectives.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We currently and from time to time, are subject to claims and regulatory proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. However, we are not currently subject to any such claims that we believe could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our results of operation or financial condition.

In September 2006, we incurred \$0.5 million of charges to settle a dispute over the termination of a 2001 lease on an office building no longer utilized by the Company.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

During July 2006, we entered into an agreement to repurchase and retire approximately 3.8 million shares of our common stock from Providence Equity for approximately \$56.7 million, or \$15.00 per share. The transaction closed on July 28, 2006. With this transaction, Providence Equity sold its entire position in our company, which, prior to the transaction, totaled approximately 12.7 percent of our outstanding shares of common stock. This was a private transaction and did not decrease our publicly traded shares. We financed this repurchase using approximately \$17.7 million of cash on hand and \$39.0 million of additional term-loan borrowings.

<u>Purchase period</u>	<u>Total number of shares purchased</u>	<u>Average price paid per share</u>	<u>Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans</u>	<u>Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans</u>
July 28, 2006	3,782,379	\$ 15.00	Not applicable	Not applicable

Item 6. Exhibits

See the Exhibit Index following the signature page of this Report

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: November 8, 2006

By: /s/ Robert J. Currey
Robert J. Currey
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: November 8, 2006

By: /s/ Steven L. Childers
Steven L. Childers
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and
Chief Accounting Officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number	Description
2.1*	Stock Purchase Agreement, dated January 15, 2004, between Pinnacle One Partners, L.P. and Consolidated Communications Acquisitions Texas Corp. (f/k/a Homebase Acquisition Texas Corp.)
2.2**	Reorganization Agreement, dated July 21, 2005, among Consolidated Communications Illinois Holdings, Inc., Consolidated Communications Texas Holdings, Inc., Homebase Acquisition, LLC, and the equity holders named therein
3.1*	Form of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation
3.2*	Form of Amended and Restated Bylaws
4.1*	Specimen Common Stock Certificate
4.2*	Indenture, dated April 14, 2004, by and among Consolidated Communications Illinois Holdings, Inc., Consolidated Communications Texas Holdings, Inc., Homebase Acquisition, LLC and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Trustee, with respect to the 9 ^{3/4} % Senior Notes due 2012
10.1*	Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated February 23, 2005, among Consolidated Communications Illinois Holdings, Inc., as Parent Guarantor, Consolidated Communications, Inc. and Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, Inc., as Co-Borrowers, the lenders referred to therein and Citicorp North America, Inc., as Administrative Agent
10.2*	Amendment No. 1, dated April 22, 2005, to the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of February 23, 2005, and Waiver under the Existing Credit Agreement among Consolidated Communications Illinois Holdings Inc., Consolidated Communications, Inc., Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, Inc., the lenders referred to therein and Citicorp North America, Inc.
10.3*	Amendment No. 2, dated as of June 3, 2005, to the (i) Credit Agreement dated as of April 14, 2004, as amended and restated as of October 22, 2004 and (ii) the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of February 23, 2005, as amended on April 22, 2005, among Homebase Acquisition, LLC, Consolidated Communications Illinois Holdings, Inc., Consolidated Communications Texas Holdings, Inc., Consolidated Communications, Inc., Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, Inc., the lenders referred to therein and Citicorp North America, Inc.
10.4***	Amendment No. 3, dated as of November 25, 2005, to the (i) Credit Agreement dated as of April 14, 2004, as amended and restated as of October 22, 2004, (ii) the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of February 23, 2005, as amended on April 22, 2005 and as further amended June 3, 2005, among Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc., Consolidated Communications, Inc., Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, Inc., the lenders referred to therein as Citicorp North America, Inc.
10.5*	Form of Amended and Restated Pledge Agreement, dated as of April 14, 2004, among Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc., Consolidated Communications, Inc., Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, Inc., the subsidiary guarantors named therein and Citicorp North America, Inc., as Collateral Agent

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Exhibit Number	Description
10.6*	Form of Amended and Restated Security Agreement, dated as of April 14, 2004, among Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc., Consolidated Communications, Inc., Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, Inc., the subsidiary guarantors name therein and Citicorp North America, Inc., as Collateral Agent
10.7*	Form of Amended and Restated Guarantee Agreement, dated as of April 14, 2004, among Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc., Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, each subsidiary of each of Consolidated Communications, Inc. and Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, Inc. signatory thereto and Citicorp North America, Inc., as Administrative Agent
10.8*	Lease Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, between LATEL, LLC and Consolidated Market Response, Inc.
10.9*	Lease Agreement, dated December 31, 2002, between LATEL, LLC and Illinois Consolidated Telephone Company
10.10*	Master Lease Agreement, dated February 25, 2002, between General Electric Capital Corporation and TXU Communications Ventures Company
10.11*	Amendment No. 1 to Master Lease Agreement, dated February 25, 2002, between General Electric Capital Corporation and TXU Communications Ventures Company, dated March 18, 2002
10.12*	Amended and Restated Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc. Restricted Share Plan
10.13*	Form of 2005 Long-term Incentive Plan
10.14^	Stock Repurchase Agreement, dated July 13, 2006, by and among Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc., Providence Equity Partners IV L.P. and Providence Equity Operating Partners IV L.P.
10.15^^	Amendment No. 4, dated as of July 28, 2006, to the Second Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of February 23, 2005, as amended as of April 22, 2005, June 3, 2005 and November 25, 2005, among the Company, Consolidated Communications Inc. and Consolidated Communications Acquisition Texas, Inc., as borrowers, the lenders referred to therein and Citicorp North America, Inc.
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

* Incorporated by reference from the Registration Statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-121086).

** Incorporated by reference from the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 2, 2005.

*** Incorporated by reference from the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

^ Incorporated by reference from the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 17, 2006.

^^ Incorporated by reference from the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on August 2, 2006.

**Certification Pursuant To
18 U.S.C. ss. 1350,
As Adopted Pursuant To
Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Robert J. Currey, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc.,
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report,
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report,
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared,
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation, and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting, and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information, and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 8, 2006

/s/ Robert J. Currey

Robert J. Currey
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

**Certification Pursuant To
18 U.S.C. ss. 1350,
As Adopted Pursuant To
Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

I, Steven L. Childers, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc.,
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report,
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report,
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared,
 - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation, and
 - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting, and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information, and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

November 8, 2006

/s/ Steven L. Childers

Steven L. Childers
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and
Chief Accounting Officer)

**Certification Pursuant To
18 U.S.C. ss. 1350,
As Adopted Pursuant To
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (“Section 906”), Robert J. Currey and Steven L. Childers, President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, respectively, of Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc., each certify that to his knowledge (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2006 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended and (ii) the information contained in such report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Consolidated Communications Holdings, Inc.

/s/ Robert J. Currey

Robert J. Currey
President and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)
November 8, 2006

/s/ Steven L. Childers

Steven L. Childers
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and
Chief Accounting Officer)
November 8, 2006