

Safe Harbor and Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains forward-looking statements. Statements that are not historical fact, including statements about Vulcan's beliefs and expectations, are forward-looking statements. Generally, these statements relate to future financial performance, results of operations, business plans or strategies, projected or anticipated revenues, expenses, earnings (including EBITDA and other measures), dividend policy, shipment volumes, pricing, levels of capital expenditures, intended cost reductions and cost savings, anticipated profit improvements and/or planned divestitures and asset sales. These forward-looking statements are sometimes identified by the use of terms and phrases such as "believe," "should," "would," "expect," "project," "estimate," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "will," "can," "may" or similar expressions elsewhere in this document. These statements are subject to numerous risks, uncertainties, and assumptions, including but not limited to general business conditions, competitive factors, pricing, energy costs, and other risks and uncertainties discussed in the reports Vulcan periodically files with the SEC. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and actual results, developments, and business decisions may vary significantly from those expressed in or implied by the forward-looking statements. The following risks related to Vulcan's business, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from those described in the forward-looking statements: general economic and business conditions; domestic and global political, economic or diplomatic developments; a pandemic, epidemic or other public health emergency; Vulcan's dependence on the construction industry, which is subject to economic cycles; the timing and amount of federal, state and local funding for infrastructure; changes in the level of spending for private residential and private nonresidential construction; changes in Vulcan's effective tax rate; the increasing reliance on information technology infrastructure, including the risks that the infrastructure does not work as intended, experiences technical difficulties or is subjected to cyber-attacks; the impact of the state of the global economy on Vulcan's businesses and financial condition and access to capital markets; international business operations and relationships, including recent actions taken by the Mexican government with respect to Vulcan's property and operations in that country; the highly competitive nature of the construction industry; the impact of future regulatory or legislative actions, including those relating to climate change, biodiversity, land use, wetlands, greenhouse gas emissions, the definition of minerals, tax policy and domestic and international trade; the outcome of pending legal proceedings; pricing of Vulcan's products; weather and other natural phenomena, including the impact of climate change and availability of water; availability and cost of trucks, railcars, barges and ships, as well as their licensed operators, for transport of Vulcan's materials; energy costs; costs of hydrocarbon-based raw materials; healthcare costs; labor relations, shortages and constraints; the amount of long-term debt and interest expense incurred by Vulcan; changes in interest rates; volatility in pension plan asset values and liabilities, which may require cash contributions to the pension plans; the impact of environmental cleanup costs and other liabilities relating to existing and/or divested businesses; Vulcan's ability to secure and permit aggregates reserves in strategically located areas; Vulcan's ability to manage and successfully integrate acquisitions; the effect of changes in tax laws, guidance and interpretations; significant downturn in the construction industry may result in the impairment of goodwill or long-lived assets; changes in technologies, which could disrupt the way Vulcan does business and how Vulcan's products are distributed; the risks of open pit and underground mining; expectations relating to environmental, social and governance considerations; claims that our products do not meet regulatory requirements or contractual specifications; and other assumptions, risks and uncertainties detailed from time to time in the reports filed by Vulcan with the SEC. All forward-looking statements in this communication are qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement. Vulcan disclaims and does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement in this document except as required by law.

This presentation contains certain non-GAAP financial terms, which are defined in the Appendix. Reconciliations of non-GAAP terms to the closest GAAP terms are also provided in the Appendix.

Because GAAP financial measures on a forward-looking basis are not accessible, and reconciling information is not available without unreasonable effort, we have not provided reconciliations for forward-looking non-GAAP measures. For the same reasons, we are unable to address the probable significance of the unavailable information, which could be material to future results.

2Q 2024 Highlights

Strong execution in aggregates drove margin expansion

Consistent
execution of
strategic
disciplines
delivers
compounding
results

32.8% +120 bps

Aggregates Gross Profit Margin

Aggregates is a price/cost winner through the cycle

\$10.92 +12%

Aggregates Cash Gross Profit / Ton* Widespread pricing growth continues

29.9% +170 bps

Adjusted EBITDA Margin*

Earnings growth and disciplined capital allocation drive higher returns

> 16.3% +160 bps

Return on Invested Capital*

Financial strength and flexibility to continue to grow

1.7x (2.0-2.5x)**

TTM Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA*



^{*}Non-GAAP measure. See appendix for reconciliation.

** Stated target range.

2Q 2024 Key Performance Indicators – Aggregates

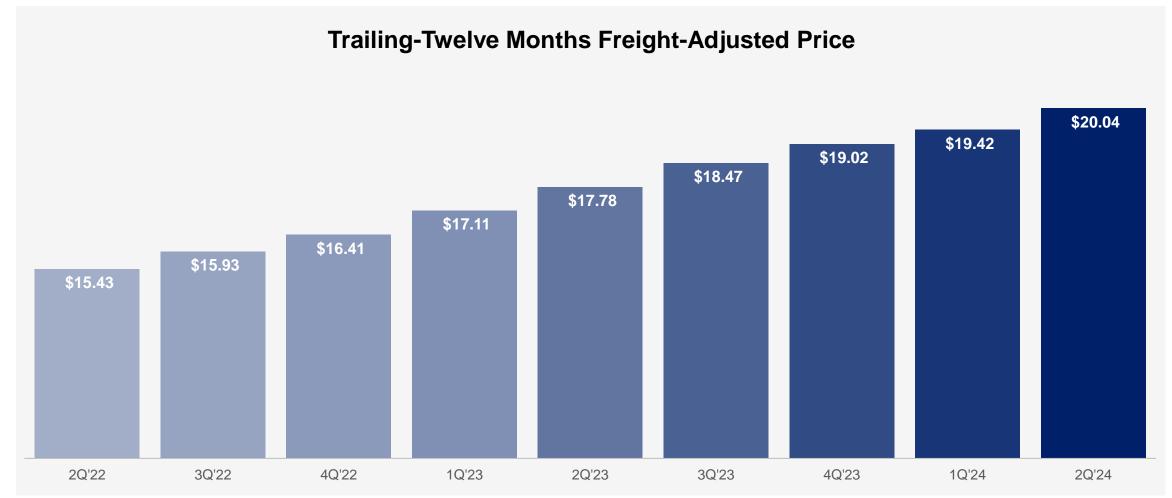
Pricing momentum and operational execution continued to drive strong improvement in unit profitability





Aggregates Pricing

Pricing environment remains healthy across our footprint



2Q 2024 Key Performance Indicators – Downstream

Pricing growth continues in both asphalt and concrete

Asphalt

- Strong shipments in California offset by lower shipments in weather-impacted Texas
- Widespread pricing growth continues to support strong gross profit margins

Volume 4.0M tons, flat

Average Sales Price \$78.80/ton, +4%



Cash Gross
Profit*
\$17.57/ton,
+7%

Concrete

- Price growth in all markets
- The prior year included results from the previously divested concrete assets in Texas and impacted year-over-year comparisons

Volume 0.9M cyds, -56%

Average Sales Price \$180.24/cyd, +10%



Cash Gross Profit* \$17.92/cyd, -20%

Capital Allocation Priorities

Strong cash generation coupled with disciplined capital management drives shareholder value

Invested in maintenance and growth capital, including strategic greenfields

\$659M

Deployed capital for acquisitions and strategic reserves in key states

\$397M

Returned capital to shareholders through repurchases of common stock

\$219M

Returned capital to shareholders through dividends

\$237M

Return on Invested Capital* improved 160 bps

16.3%



2024 Outlook

Earnings growth underpinned by uniquely positioned aggregates business

Positive pricing fundamentals coupled with the compounding benefits of our operating execution will drive another year of earnings growth

Demand growth in public offset by softness in private

Adjusted EBITDA* \$2.00 to \$2.15 billion

+3% organic growth at the midpoint versus 2023

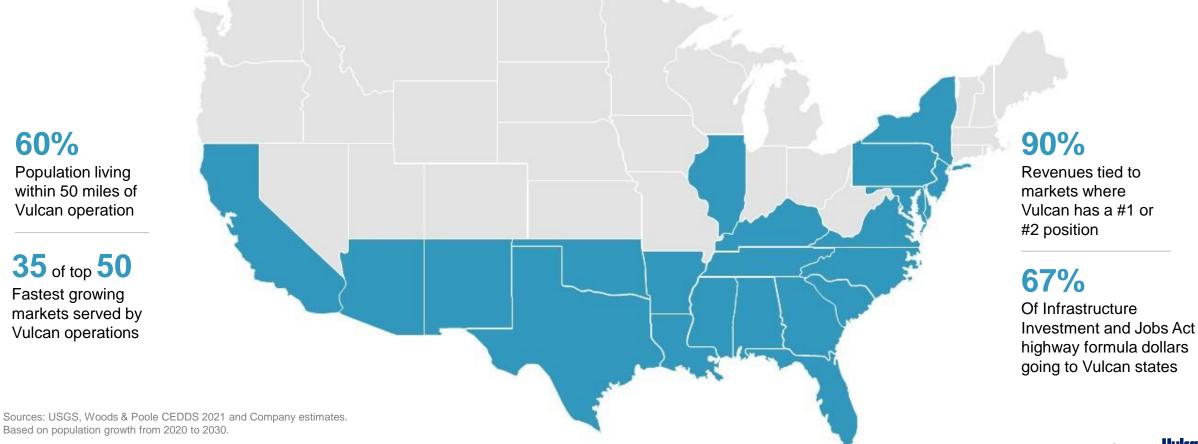
Serving the Right U.S. Markets

Well positioned to capture U.S. market opportunities



35 of top **50** Fastest growing markets served by

Vulcan operations



Competing and Winning, Locally

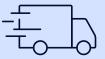
Strengthening existing capabilities to drive the next horizon of growth and profitability



The Vulcan Way of Selling



Commercial Excellence



Logistics Innovation

VWO

The Vulcan Way of Operating



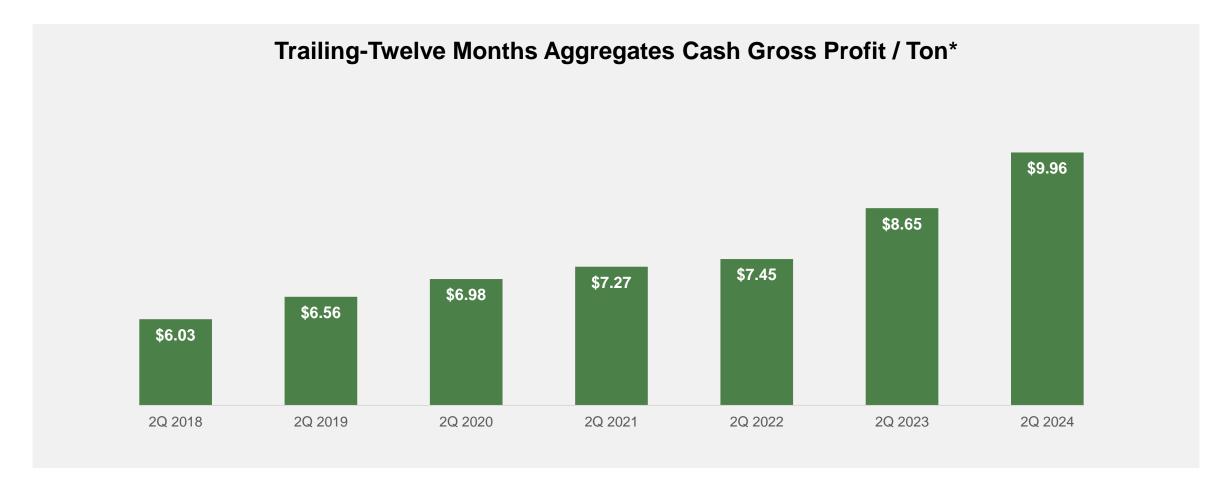
Operational Excellence



Strategic Sourcing

Proven Track Record of Our Aggregates-led Business

Best-in-class execution leads to resiliency and durability regardless of macro challenges



Well Positioned for Continued Growth and Value Creation



Durable Business
Model to Extend the
Cycle and Sustain
Growth



Industry Leader with Clear Competitive Advantages



Strong Cash Flow Generation and Investment-Grade Balance Sheet

Durable Growth, The Vulcan Way

Our commitment to excellence starts with our people









Sustainability with a Value-Creation Mindset

Focus is on environmental, social and governance priorities material to our business





Environmental

2% reduction in combined scope 1 and 2 emissions

12% of electricity procured from renewable sources



Health & Safety

91% of Vulcan facilities with zero lost-time injuries

6% reduction in injuries per 200,000 employee hours worked



Community

\$8,852,165 donated to support community organizations

763 Foundation and Matching Gift Program recipients



People

> 114,500 training hours completed

200 bps increase in employee diversity at the director level and above



Governance

42% of Board of Directors classified as diverse

4 ESG working groups launched under the ESG Steering Committee



Non-GAAP Reconciliations

EBITDA

EBITDA is an acronym for "Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization" and excludes discontinued operations. GAAP does not define EBITDA and it should not be considered as an alternative to earnings measures defined by GAAP. We adjust EBITDA for certain items to provide a more consistent comparison of earnings performance from period to period. We use this metric to assess the operating performance of our business and as a basis for strategic planning and forecasting as we believe that it closely correlates to long-term shareholder value.

EBITDA. (dollars in millions)	QTD Q2 2024	QTD Q2 2023	Projection 2024	
Net earnings attributable to Vulcan	\$ 308.0	\$ 308.6	\$ 1,010	
Income tax expense, including discontinued operations	93.7	90.8	293	
Interest expense, net	40.2	46.7	155	
Depreciation, depletion, accretion and amortization	156.8	154.9	610	
EBITDA	\$ 598.7	\$ 601.0	\$ 2,068	
Loss on discontinued operations	2.7	4.9	5	
Gain on sale of real estate and businesses, net	-	(15.2)	-	
Charges associated with divested operations	1.0	4.3	1	
Acquisition related charges	0.8	0.3	1	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 603.1	\$ 595.3	\$ 2,075	
Total revenues	\$ 2,014.4	\$ 2,112.9		
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	29.9%	28.2%		

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA is not a GAAP measure and should not be considered as an alternative to metrics defined by GAAP. We, the investment community and credit rating agencies use this metric to assess our leverage. Net debt subtracts cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash from total debt.

Net Debt to Adjusted EBITDA

(dollars in millions)	Q2 2024
Current maturities of long-term debt	\$ 0.5
Short-term debt	95.0
Long-term debt	3,331.7
Total debt	\$ 3,427.2
Cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash	(111.6)
Net debt	\$ 3,315.6
Trailing-Twelve Months (TTM) Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,005.0
Total debt to TTM Adjusted EBITDA	1.7 x
Net debt to TTM Adjusted EBITDA	1.7 x

Return on Invested Capital

We define "Return on Invested Capital" (ROIC) as Adjusted EBITDA for the trailing-twelve months divided by average invested capital (as illustrated below) during the trailing-squarters. Our calculation of ROIC is considered a non-GAAP financial measure because we calculate ROIC using the non-GAAP metric EBITDA. We believe that our ROIC metric is meaningful because it helps investors assess how effectively we are deploying our assets. Although ROIC is a standard financial metric, numerous methods exist for calculating a company's ROIC. As a result, the method we use to calculate our ROIC may differ from the methods used by other companies.

Return on Invested Capital	TTM	TTM
(dollars in millions)	Q2 2024	Q2 2023
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 2,005.0	\$ 1,814.5
Average invested capital		
Property, plant & equipment	\$ 6,212.1	\$ 5,986.1
Goodwill	3,564.3	3,703.1
Other intangible assets	1,498.8	1,703.7
Fixed and intangible assets	\$11,275.2	\$11,392.9
Current assets	\$ 2,230.8	\$ 1,994.5
Cash and cash equivalents	(374.8)	(148.1)
Current tax	(38.2)	(52.6)
Adjusted current assets	1,817.8	1,793.8
Current liabilities	(789.6)	(980.0)
Current maturities of long-term debt	0.5	0.5
Short-term debt	19.0	117.6
Adjusted current liabilities	(770.1)	(861.9)
Adjusted net working capital	\$ 1,047.7	\$ 931.9
Average invested capital	\$12,322.9	\$12,324.8
Return on invested capital	16.3%	14.7%

Aggregates Segment Cash Gross Profit and Cash Cost of Sales

Aggregates segment cash gross profit adds back noncash charges for depreciation, depletion, accretion and amortization (DDA&A) to Aggregates segment gross profit. Aggregates segment cash gross profit by tons shipped. Aggregates segment cash cost of sales per ton is computed by subtracting cash gross profit per ton from the freight-adjusted sales price for aggregates. We present these non-GAAP metrics as we believe they closely correlate to long-term shareholder value and we and the investment community use these metrics to assess the operating performance of our business.

Cash Gross Profit	QTD	QTD		TTM		TTM		
(in millions, except per ton data)	Q2 2024	Q2 2023	C	2 2024	Q	2 2023		
Gross profit	\$ 528.5	\$ 499.7	\$ 1	,765.4	\$ 1	,568.3		
DDA&A	128.0	 119.6		501.9		462.2		
Cash gross profit	\$ 656.5	\$ 619.3	\$2	,267.3	\$2	,030.6		
Units shipments - tons	60.1	 63.4		227.6		234.9		
Gross profit per ton	\$ 8.79	\$ 7.88	\$	7.76	\$	6.68		
Freight-adjusted sales price	\$ 21.00	\$ 18.71	\$	20.04	\$	17.78		
Cash gross profit per ton	\$ 10.92	\$ 9.76	\$	9.96	\$	8.65		
Freight-adjusted cash cost of sales per ton	\$ 10.08	\$ 8.95	\$	10.08	\$	9.13		
Cash Gross Profit	ттм	ттм		TTM		TTM		ттм
(in millions, except per ton data)	Q2 2022	Q2 2021	C	2 2020	Q	2 2019	Q2	2018
Gross profit	\$ 1,344.9	\$ 1,214.3	\$ 1	,180.1	\$ 1	,078.0	\$ 8	898.5
DDA&A	406.4	328.5		314.9		294.5		262.8
Cash gross profit	\$ 1,751.3	\$ 1,542.9	\$ 1	,494.9	\$ 1	,372.5	\$ 1,	161.3
Units shipments - tons	234.9	212.3		214.1		209.1		192.7

Asphalt and Concrete Segment Cash Gross Profit

Gross profit per ton

Cash gross profit per ton

Asphalt and Concrete segment cash gross profit adds back noncash charges for DDA&A to Asphalt and Concrete segment gross profit. Asphalt and Concrete segment cash gross profit per unit is computed by dividing Asphalt and Concrete segment cash gross profit by units shipped. We present these non-GAAP metrics as we believe they closely correlate to long-term shareholder value and we and the investment community use these metrics to assess the operating performance of our business.

\$ 5.72

\$ 5.72

\$ 5.51

\$ 5.16

4.66

		Asphalt Segment					Concrete Segment				
Cash Gross Profit	·	QTD		QTD		QTD		QTD			
(in millions, except per unit data)	(Q2 2024			Q2 2024		Q2 2023				
Gross profit	\$	59.0	\$	56.6	\$	4.7	\$	27.0			
DDA&A		11.0		8.9		11.9		19.5			
Segment cash gross profit	\$	70.0	\$	65.5	\$	16.6	\$	46.5			
Unit shipments		4.0		4.0		0.9		2.1			
Segment gross profit per unit	\$	14.82	\$	14.24	\$	5.05	\$	12.95			
Segment cash gross profit per unit	\$	17.57	\$	16.48	\$	17.92	\$	22.27			