



2Q24 Earnings Presentation

Reinsurance Group of America,
Incorporated

08.01.2024

Safe Harbor

This document contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and federal securities laws including, among others, statements relating to projections of the future operations, strategies, earnings, revenues, income or loss, ratios, financial performance, and growth potential of Reinsurance Group of America, Incorporated (the “Company”). Forward-looking statements often contain words and phrases such as “anticipate,” “assume,” “believe,” “continue,” “could,” “estimate,” “expect,” “if,” “intend,” “likely,” “may,” “plan,” “potential,” “pro forma,” “project,” “should,” “will,” “would,” and other words and terms of similar meaning or that are otherwise tied to future periods or future performance, in each case in all derivative forms. Forward-looking statements are based on management’s current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on the Company. Forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of future performance and are subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified. Future events and actual results, performance, and achievements could differ materially from those set forth in, contemplated by, or underlying the forward-looking statements.

Factors that could also cause results or events to differ, possibly materially, from those expressed or implied by forward-looking statements, include, among others: (1) adverse changes in mortality, morbidity, lapsation, or claims experience, (2) inadequate risk analysis and underwriting, (3) adverse capital and credit market conditions and their impact on the Company’s liquidity, access to capital, and cost of capital, (4) changes in the Company’s financial strength and credit ratings and the effect of such changes on the Company’s future results of operations and financial condition, (5) the availability and cost of collateral necessary for regulatory reserves and capital, (6) requirements to post collateral or make payments due to declines in the market value of assets subject to the Company’s collateral arrangements, (7) action by regulators who have authority over the Company’s reinsurance operations in the jurisdictions in which it operates, (8) the effect of the Company parent’s status as an insurance holding company and regulatory restrictions on its ability to pay principal of and interest on its debt obligations, (9) general economic conditions or a prolonged economic downturn affecting the demand for insurance and reinsurance in the Company’s current and planned markets, (10) the impairment of other financial institutions and its effect on the Company’s business, (11) fluctuations in U.S. or foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, or securities and real estate markets, (12) market or economic conditions that adversely affect the value of the Company’s investment securities or result in the impairment of all or a portion of the value of certain of the Company’s investment securities that in turn could affect regulatory capital, (13) market or economic conditions that adversely affect the Company’s ability to make timely sales of investment securities, (14) risks inherent in the Company’s risk management and investment strategy, including changes in investment portfolio yields due to interest rate or credit quality changes, (15) the fact that the determination of allowances and impairments taken on the Company’s investments is highly subjective, (16) the stability of and actions by governments and economies in the markets in which the Company operates, including ongoing uncertainties regarding the amount of U.S. sovereign debt and the credit ratings thereof, (17) the Company’s dependence on third parties, including those insurance companies and reinsurers to which the Company cedes some reinsurance, third-party investment managers, and others, (18) financial performance of the Company’s clients, (19) the threat of natural disasters, catastrophes, terrorist attacks, pandemics, epidemics, or other major public health issues anywhere in the world where the Company or its clients do business, (20) competitive factors and competitors’ responses to the Company’s initiatives, (21) development and introduction of new products and distribution opportunities, (22) execution of the Company’s entry into new markets, (23) integration of acquired blocks of business and entities, (24) interruption or failure of the Company’s telecommunication, information technology, or other operational systems, or the Company’s failure to maintain adequate security to protect the confidentiality or privacy of personal or sensitive data and intellectual property stored on such systems, (25) adverse developments with respect to litigation, arbitration, or regulatory investigations or actions, (26) the adequacy of reserves, resources, and accurate information relating to settlements, awards, and terminated and discontinued lines of business, (27) changes in laws, regulations, and accounting standards applicable to the Company or its business, including Long-Duration Targeted Improvement accounting changes, and (28) other risks and uncertainties described in this document and in the Company’s filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”).

Forward-looking statements should be evaluated together with the many risks and uncertainties that affect the Company’s business, including those mentioned in this document and described in the periodic reports the Company files with the SEC. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made. The Company does not undertake any obligation to update these forward-looking statements, even though the Company’s situation may change in the future, except as required under applicable securities law. For a discussion of the risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in the forward-looking statements, you are advised to see Item 1A – “Risk Factors” in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as may be supplemented by Item 1A – “Risk Factors” in the Company’s subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and in our other periodic and current reports filed with the SEC.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Reinsurance Group of America, Incorporated (the “Company”) discloses certain financial measures that are not determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The Company principally uses such non-GAAP financial measures in evaluating performance because the Company believes that such measures, when reviewed in conjunction with relevant U.S. GAAP measures, present a clearer picture of our operating performance and assist the Company in the allocation of its resources. The Company believes that these non-GAAP financial measures provide investors and other third parties with a better understanding of the Company’s results of operations, financial statements and the underlying profitability drivers and trends of the Company’s businesses by excluding specified items which may not be indicative of the Company’s ongoing operating performance and may fluctuate significantly from period to period. These measures should be considered supplementary to the Company’s financial results that are presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP and should not be viewed as a substitute for U.S. GAAP measures. Other companies may use similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures that are calculated differently from the way the Company calculates such measures. Consequently, the Company’s non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similar measures used by other companies.

The following non-GAAP financial measures are used in this document or in other public disclosures made by the Company from time to time:

- 1. Adjusted operating income, on a pre-tax and after-tax basis, and adjusted operating income per diluted share.** The Company uses these measures as a basis for analyzing financial results because the Company believes that such measures better reflect the ongoing profitability and underlying trends of the Company’s continuing operations. Adjusted operating income is calculated as net income available to the Company’s shareholders (or, in the case of pre-tax adjusted operating income, income before income taxes) excluding, as applicable:
 - substantially all of the effect of net investment related gains and losses;
 - changes in the fair value of certain embedded derivatives;
 - changes in the fair value of contracts that provide market risk benefits;
 - non-economic losses at contract inception for direct pension risk transfer single premium business (which are amortized into adjusted operating income within claims and other policy benefits over the estimated lives of the contracts);
 - any net gain or loss from discontinued operations;
 - the cumulative effect of any accounting changes;
 - the impact of certain tax-related items; and
 - any other items that the Company believes are not indicative of the Company’s ongoing operationsas such items can be volatile and may not reflect the underlying performance of the Company’s business. In addition, adjusted operating income per diluted share is calculated as adjusted operating income divided by weighted average diluted shares outstanding. These measures also serve as a basis for establishing target levels and awards under the Company’s management incentive programs.
- 2. Adjusted operating income (on a pre-tax and after-tax basis), excluding notable items.** Notable items are items the Company believes may not be indicative of its ongoing operating performance which are excluded from adjusted operating income to provide investors and other third parties with a better understanding of the Company’s results. Such items may be unexpected, unknown when the Company prepares its business plan or otherwise. Notable items presented may include the financial impact of the Company’s assumption reviews on business subject to the Financial Accounting Standards Board’s Accounting Standards Update No. 2018-12, “Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Long-Duration Contracts” and related amendments, reflected in future policy benefits remeasurement gains or losses.
- 3. Adjusted operating revenue.** This measure excludes the effects of net realized capital gains and losses, and changes in the fair value of certain embedded derivatives.
- 4. Shareholders’ equity position excluding the impact of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (“AOCI”), shareholders’ average equity position excluding AOCI, and book value per share excluding the impact of AOCI.** The Company believes that these measures provide useful information since such measures exclude AOCI-related items that are not permanent and can fluctuate significantly from period to period, and may not reflect the impact of the underlying performance of the Company’s businesses on shareholders’ equity and book value per share. AOCI primarily relates to changes in interest rates, credit spreads on its investment securities, future policy benefits discount rate measurement gains (losses), market risk benefits instrument-specific credit risk remeasurement gains (losses) and foreign currency fluctuations. The Company also discloses the following non-GAAP financial measures:
 - Shareholders’ average equity position excluding AOCI and B36, where B36 refers to the cumulative change in fair value of funds withheld embedded derivatives;
 - Shareholders’ average equity position excluding AOCI and notable items; and
 - Shareholders’ average equity position excluding AOCI, B36 and notable items.
- 5. Adjusted operating return on equity.** This measure is calculated as adjusted operating income divided by average shareholders’ equity excluding AOCI. Adjusted operating return on equity also serves as a basis for establishing target levels and awards under the Company’s management incentive programs. The Company also discloses the following non-GAAP financial measures:
 - Adjusted operating return on equity excluding AOCI and B36;
 - Adjusted operating return on equity excluding AOCI and notable items, which is calculated as adjusted operating income excluding notable items divided by average shareholders’ equity excluding notable items and AOCI; and
 - Adjusted operating return on equity excluding AOCI, B36 and notable items.

Reconciliations of the foregoing non-GAAP financial measures (to the extent disclosed in this document) to the most comparable GAAP financial measures are provided in the Appendix at the end of this document.

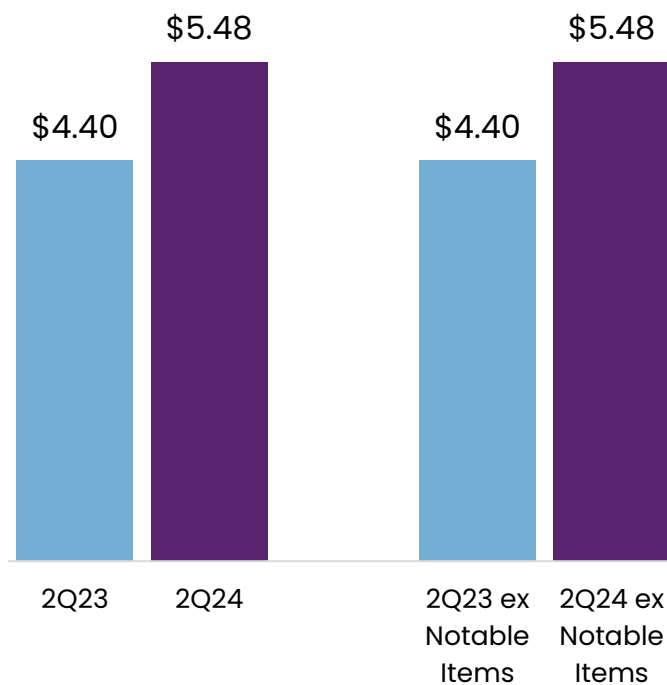
Second Quarter Key Messages

Strong earnings performance and momentum

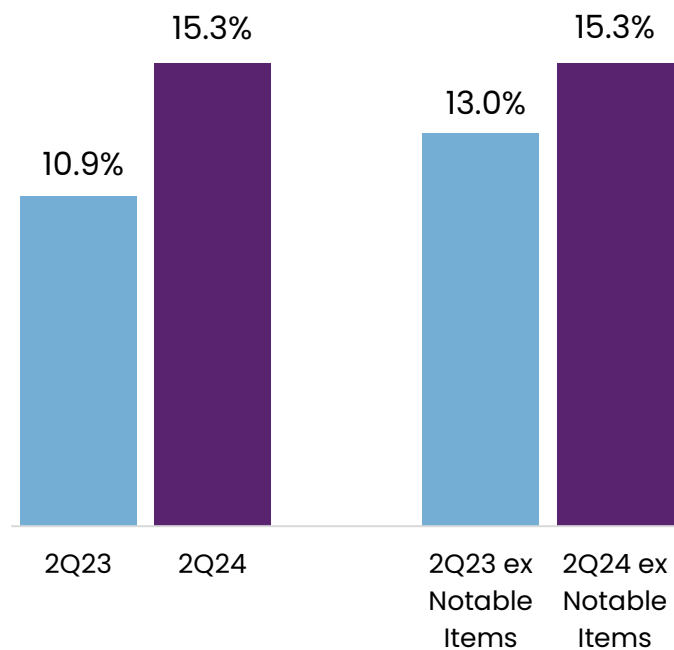
- Q2 adjusted operating income of **\$5.48¹** per diluted share
- Trailing twelve months adjusted operating ROE of **15.3%¹**
- Strong results in Asia Traditional and Financial Solutions businesses, the U.S. Traditional business, and EMEA Financial Solutions
- Continued positive new business momentum; Traditional premium growth of **7.0%; 7.6%** on a constant currency basis
- Solid capital deployment of **\$307 million** for the quarter into in-force transactions
- Favorable investment results, with new money rates of **6.22%**; minimal impairments

Consolidated Results

Adjusted operating EPS¹



Trailing 12 month adjusted operating ROE¹



Continued strong earnings, new business momentum

5 ¹Please refer to "Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures" in the Appendix.



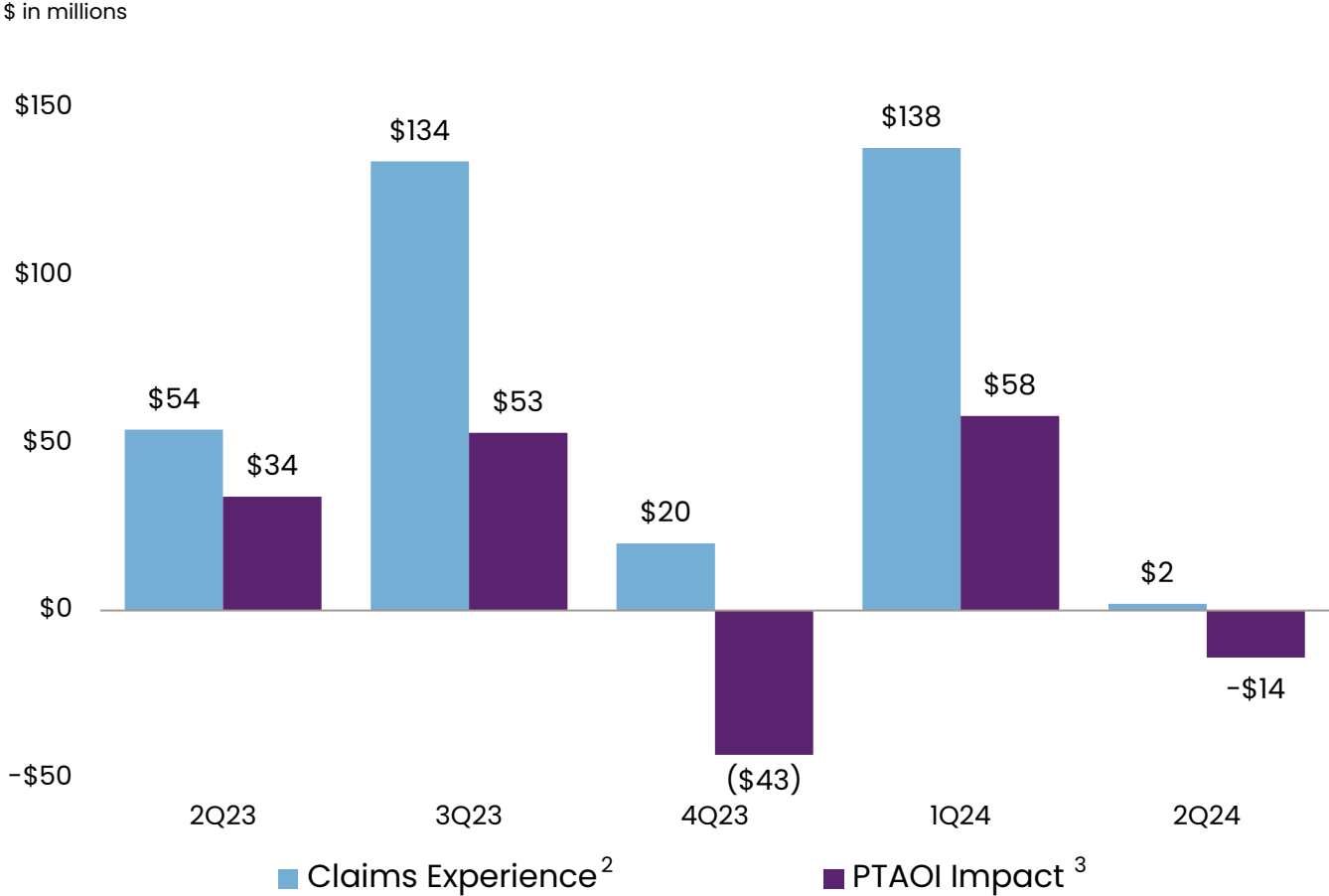
Q2 Results by Segment

Pre-tax adjusted operating income (loss), excluding notable items¹	2Q24	2Q23
U.S. and Latin America Traditional	\$167	\$63
U.S. and Latin America Financial Solutions	\$80	\$109
Canada Traditional	\$26	\$32
Canada Financial Solutions	\$7	\$6
EMEA Traditional	\$(1)	\$4
EMEA Financial Solutions	\$86	\$66
APAC Traditional	\$99	\$89
APAC Financial Solutions	\$71	\$62
Corporate and Other	\$(44)	(\$55)
Total	\$491	\$376

- **U.S. and Latin America:** Traditional results reflected favorable in-force management actions, partially offset by client reporting adjustments, while overall claims experience was in line with expectations; Financial Solutions results reflected the timing of recent new business not yet at full earnings run rate, as well as one-time items
- **Canada:** Traditional results reflected modestly unfavorable mortality experience; Financial Solutions results were in line with expectations
- **EMEA:** Traditional results reflected unfavorable experience, primarily in the UK; Financial Solutions results reflected the impact of strong new business in recent periods and favorable longevity experience
- **APAC:** Traditional results reflected the benefit of in-force management actions and the impact of recent new business in Asia; Financial Solutions results reflected favorable overall experience
- **Corporate:** Losses were slightly unfavorable compared to the expected quarterly average run rate; year to date results are in line with the average run rate

Biometric Experience

Total Company



Favorable biometric experience¹ over the previous five quarters

Claims experience not reflected in income will be recognized over the remaining life of the business

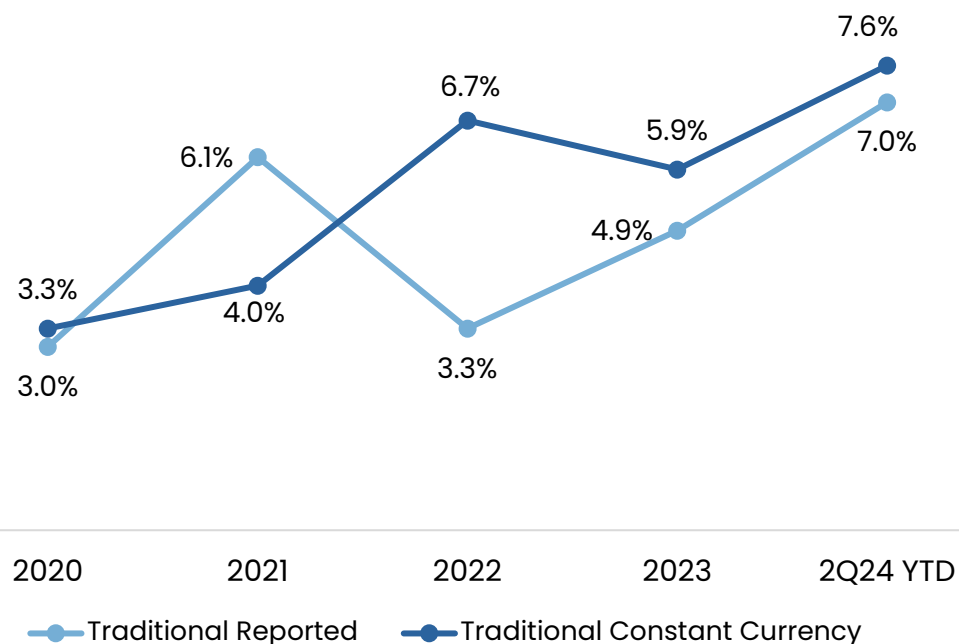
¹ Claims experience on our mortality, morbidity and longevity risks.
² Claims experience shown as the difference between actual experience and best estimate expectations. Best estimates are reviewed regularly and can change over time.
³ Pre-tax adjusted operating income.



Premium Growth

Continued momentum

Traditional premium growth



Premiums ¹	2Q24 YTD	2Q23 YTD	% Change	Constant Currency % Change ²
U.S. and Latin America Traditional	\$3,542	\$3,365	5.3%	5.1%
Canada Traditional	\$644	\$602	7.0%	7.8%
EMEA Traditional	\$993	\$867	14.5%	13.6%
APAC Traditional	\$1,424	\$1,339	6.3%	9.8%
Total Traditional	\$6,603	\$6,173	7.0%	7.6%
Global Financial Solutions ³	\$2,693	\$549	390.5%	391.6%
Total	\$9,296	\$6,722	38.3%	39.0%

¹\$ in millions.

² Excludes adverse net foreign currency effects of \$45 million.

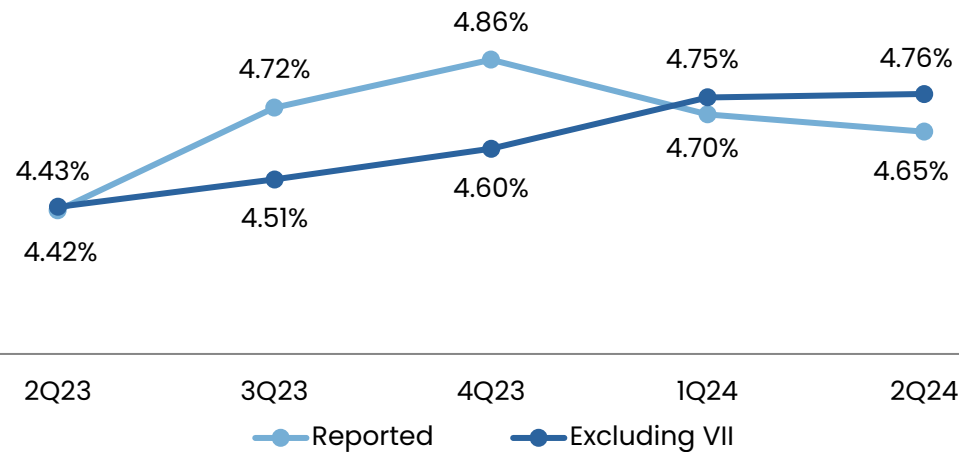
³ The increase is primarily due to a \$2.2 billion contribution from single premium pension risk transfer transactions completed in 2024.



Non-Spread Investment Results

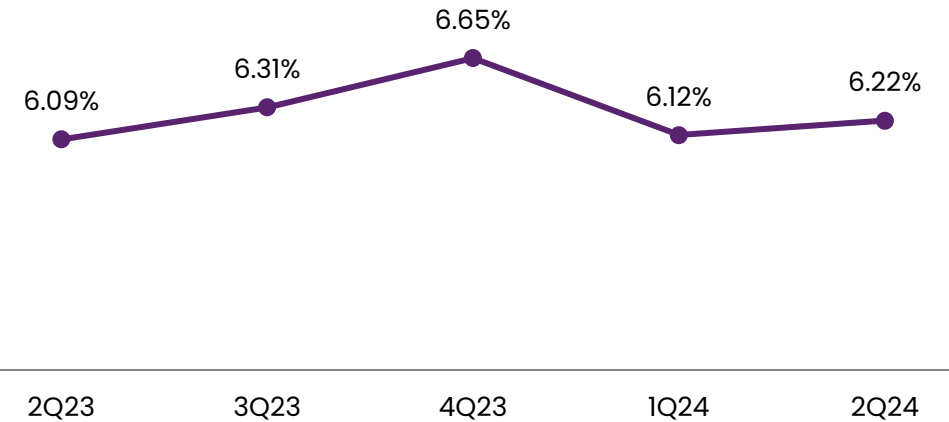
Investment yield¹

- Diversified portfolio and broad investment platform supports portfolio income
- Variable investment income was positive but below long-term results and expectations



New money rate²

- Q2 new money rate of **6.22%**, well above portfolio yield
- Increase over prior quarter primarily reflects higher yields and private asset allocation



¹ On an amortized cost basis, excluding spread business; average invested assets at amortized cost in Q2 equaled \$38.2 billion.

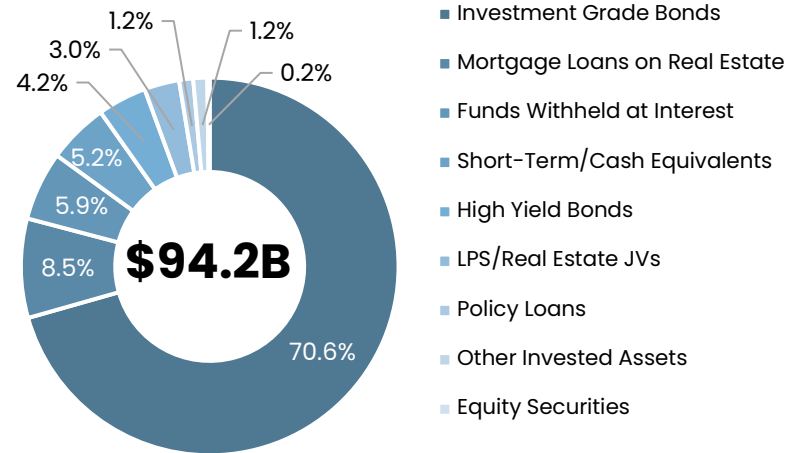
² Excludes purchases of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Treasury notes, and purchases made using proceeds from funding agreement-backed notes.



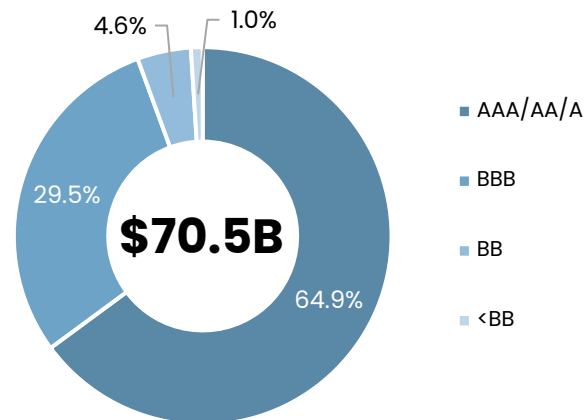
Investment Portfolio

- Disciplined approach focuses on strong credit underwriting with emphasis on higher-quality, diversified fixed income assets
- Fixed maturity securities: 94.4% investment grade rated; high yield is primarily BB rated
- Broad investment completion platform supported strong new business volume aligned to liabilities and in-force reinvestment
- Minimal impairments and allowances of \$18 million during Q2

Asset allocation^{1,3}



Fixed maturity securities credit rating^{1,2}



Our investment strategy balances risk and return to build a portfolio to weather cycles

¹ As of June 30, 2024.

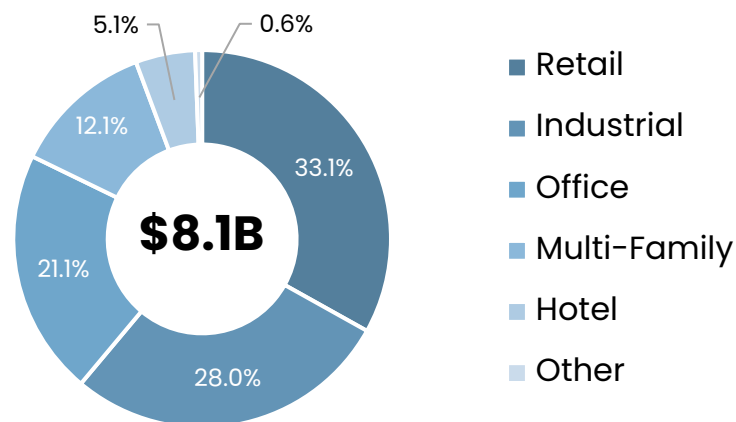
² Percentages based on fair market value. The rating agency designation includes all "+" or "-" at that rating level (e.g., "BBB" includes "BBB+", "BBB", and "BBB-").

³ \$4.3 billion of assets supporting funds withheld liabilities.

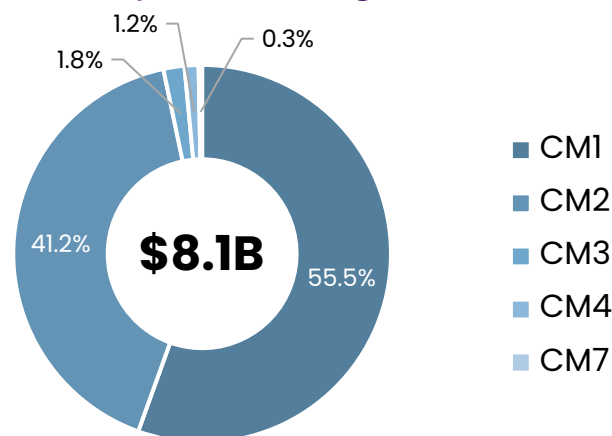
Commercial Mortgage Loans (CML)

- Experienced internal team has managed through multiple real estate cycles; utilizes downcycle playbook
- Disciplined portfolio underwriting and resulting metrics provide significant expected downside support
 - Loan-to-value (LTV): less than 57%; significant borrower equity ahead of our investment; reviewed at least annually
 - Debt service coverage ratio (DSCR): 1.81x average; predictable income stream to make debt service payments
 - Well-laddered scheduled maturity profile, coupled with amortization, reduces maturity default risk
 - Expected Maturities: 2024 2%; 2025 5%; 2026 11%
 - Average loan balance ~\$10 million
 - Limited delinquency or non-performers
 - Office properties are primarily in suburban locations; office portfolio LTV 61%
 - No traditional malls in retail portfolio

Commercial mortgage investment by property type¹



Commercial mortgage investment by NAIC rating¹



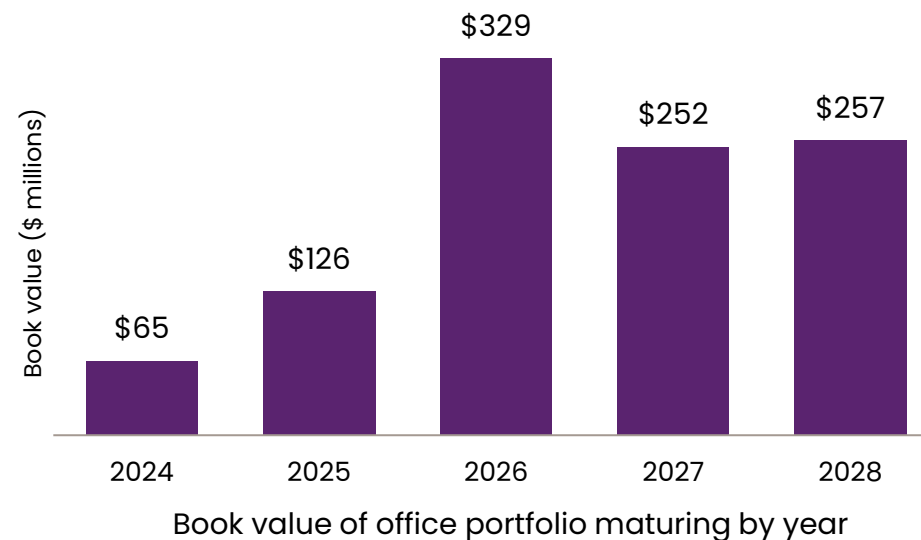
High quality,
well-diversified
by geography
and property
type

11 ¹Based on recorded investment as of June 30, 2024.

CML Office Loan Exposure¹

- CML office loan exposure represents 1.8% of total cash and invested assets
- Office loan portfolio is primarily suburban focused; average loan size of ~\$11 million
- Diversified geographically
 - Invested across 50+ Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs)
- Manageable near-term office loan maturities

Portfolio metrics



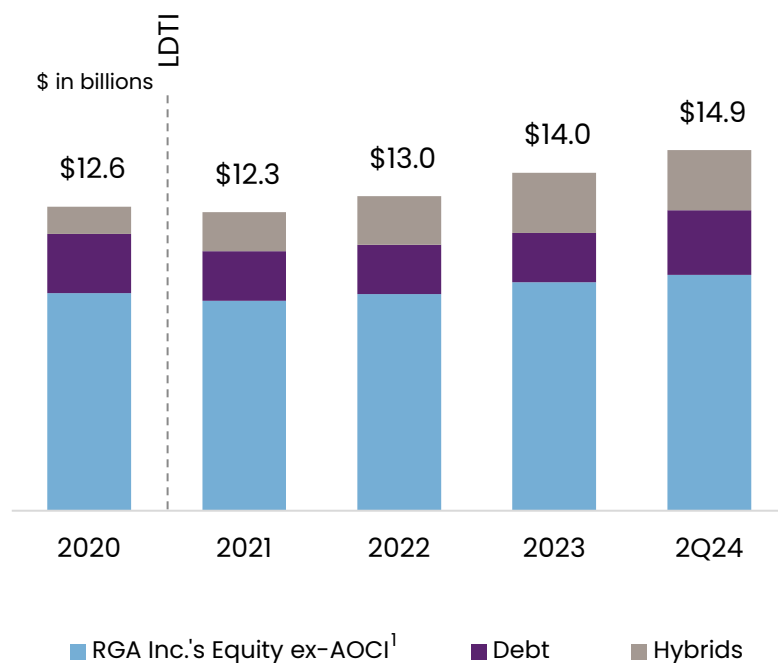
Portfolio of selective, first lien loans

Originated and managed by experienced RGA team

Capital and Liquidity

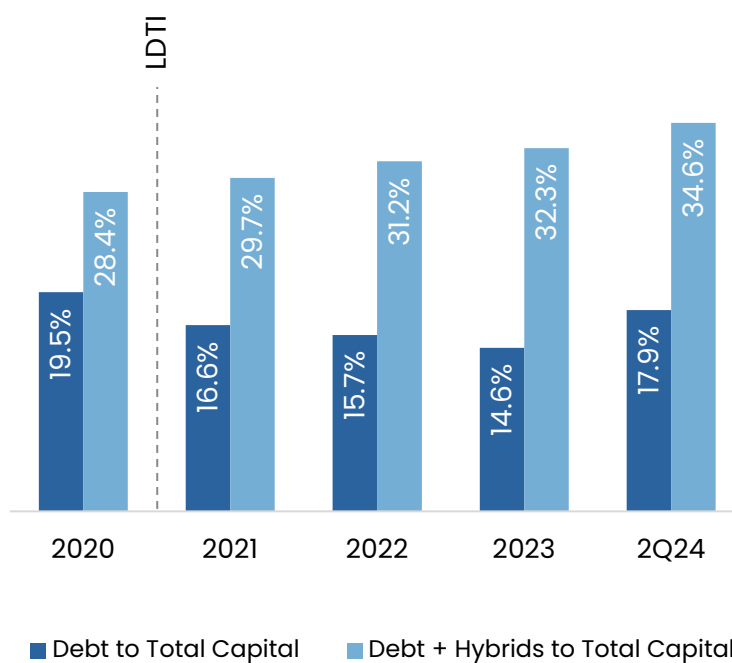
Capital

- Strong capital position
- Excess capital position of \$1.0 billion
- Issued \$650 million senior debt in Q2



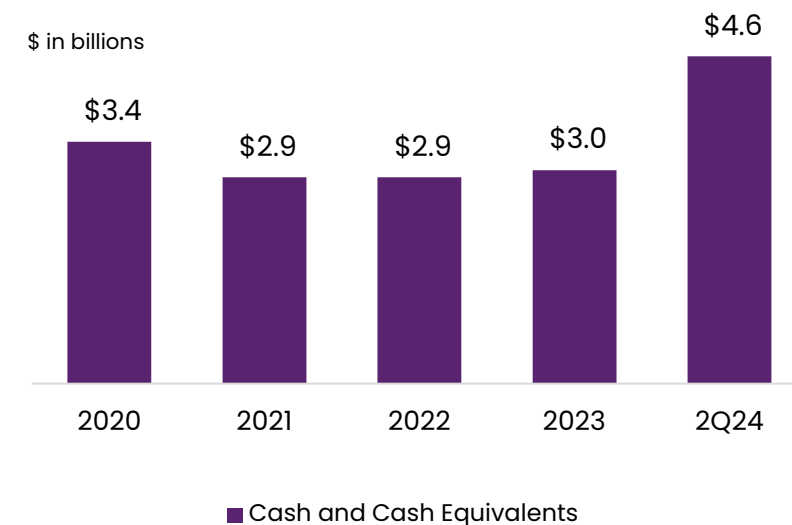
Leverage ratios

- Leverage ratios within our targeted ranges



Ample liquidity

- \$949 million² at the holding company
- Temporary increase due to timing from cash received on new transactions and portfolio repositioning
- Access to \$850 million syndicated credit facility and other sources

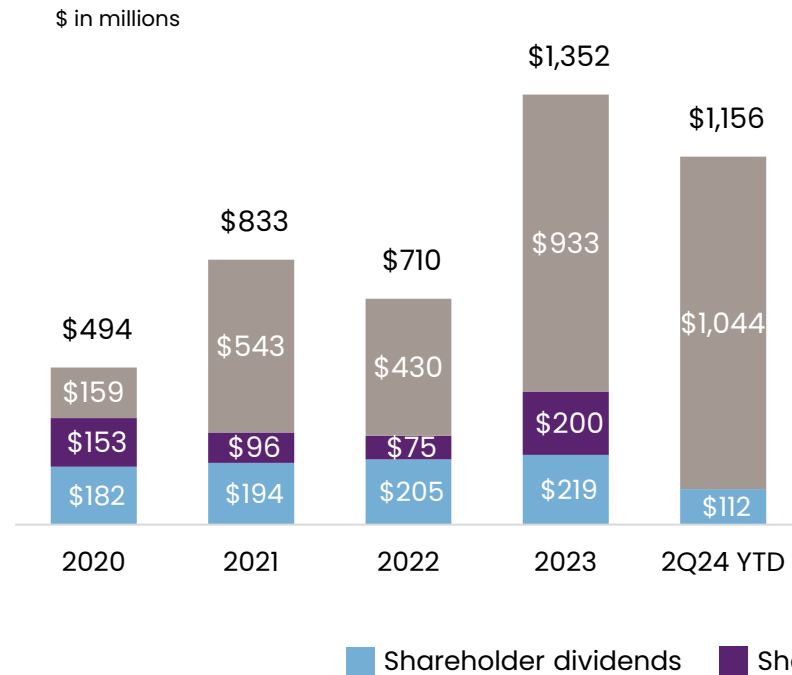


¹ Please refer to "Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures" in the Appendix. Amounts prior to 2021 have not been updated to reflect the adoption of ASU 2018-12, *Financial Services – Insurance (Topic 944): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Long-Duration Contracts ("LDTI")*.
² Includes both cash and invested assets.

Capital Management

Strong deployment

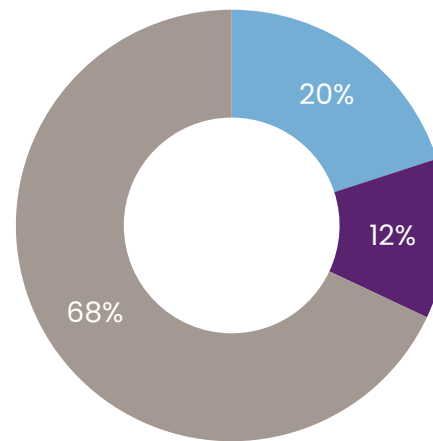
- Managing capital over the long-term
- Solid quarter in deploying capital into in-force transactions, adding expected long-term value to RGA



Active management

- Priority to deploy capital into organic growth and in-force transactions
- Raised quarterly dividend to \$0.89 per share
- Return capital to shareholders through dividends and share repurchases

2020-2Q24 excess capital deployed

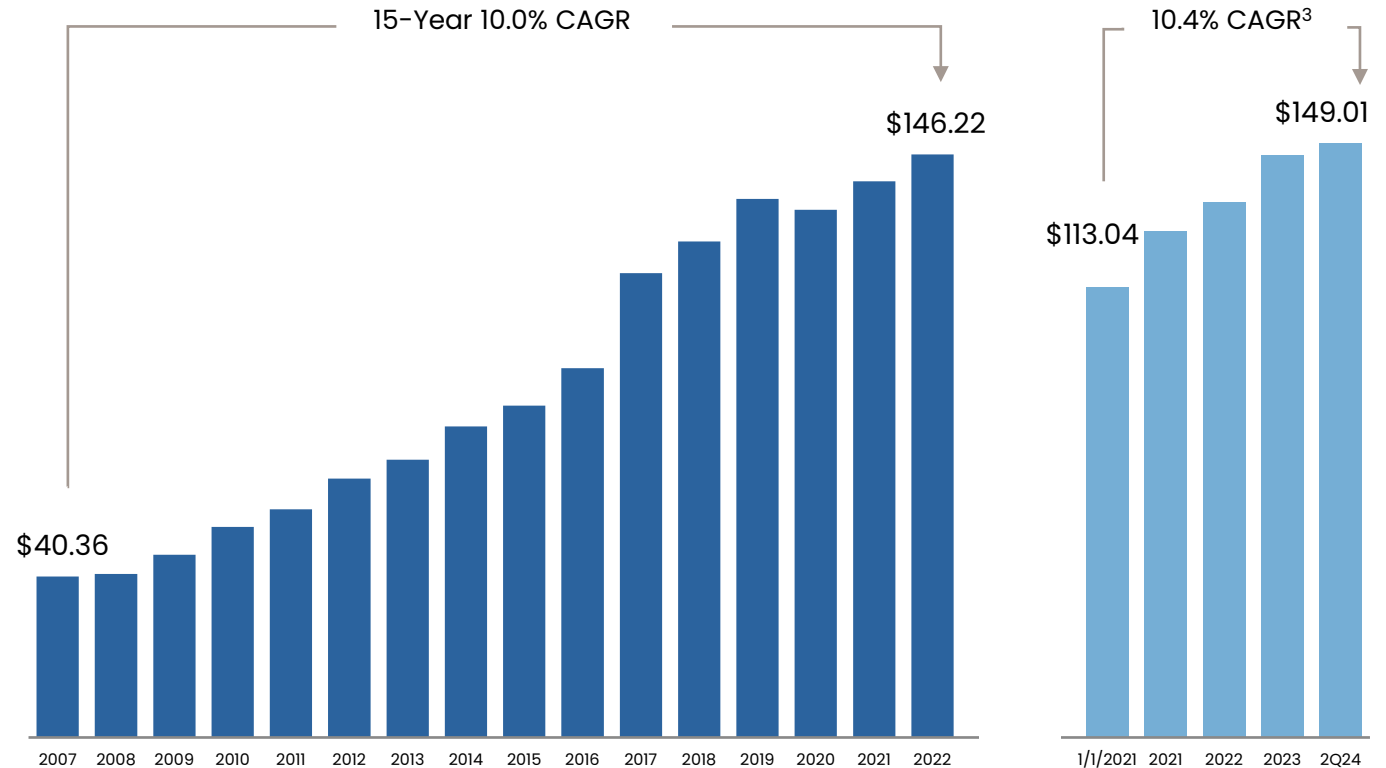


Active and balanced capital management over time

Long-Term Business, Long-Term Success

- A global leader, differentiated market position
- Diversified platform, well-balanced risk profile
- Disciplined underwriter, proactive risk manager
- Long-term focused investment strategy balancing risks and returns
- Effective capital management
- Valuable franchise

Book value per share (ex-AOCI)¹
total return growth²



As Reported Revised for LDTI Accounting Standard and Excluding B36

¹Please refer to "Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures" in Appendix.

²CAGR growth of book value per share ex-AOCI and B36 plus dividends.

³Includes 1Q24, 2Q24.

Appendix



Pre-Tax Income Reconciliation

	2Q24	2Q23
Pre-tax income ¹	\$269	\$265
Investment-related		
Change in allowance for credit losses and impairments	18	5
Net losses on sale of fixed maturity securities ²	113	25
Change in market value of certain limited partnerships and other	4	(12)
Derivative-related		
Embedded derivatives ³	(32)	22
Change in market value of derivative instruments ⁴	117	59
Market risk benefits (net of hedging) ⁵	(1)	11
Tax-related items and other ⁶	3	1
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$491	\$376

- Increase in credit allowance and investment impairments due to market conditions
- Net losses on sale of fixed maturity securities primarily associated with portfolio repositioning
- Change in income from embedded derivatives was primarily due to changes in credit spreads and interest rates
- Change in value of derivative instruments was due to volatility in foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity markets

¹ \$ in millions.

² Net losses on sale of fixed maturity securities includes market value adjustments on surrender charges

³ Embedded derivatives related to funds withheld or modified coinsurance transactions and equity-indexed annuities.

⁴ Derivative instruments comprised primarily of non-qualifying hedges and credit derivatives.

⁵ Market risk benefits include GMXBs, which are policy riders that provide a specified guaranteed minimum benefit.

⁶ The Tax-related items and other line item includes pension risk transfer day one loss and other immaterial items.

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures

Reconciliation of GAAP pre-tax income to pre-tax adjusted operating income

In millions	2Q24	2Q23
U.S. & Latin America Traditional		
GAAP pre-tax income	\$ 174	\$ 62
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	(1)	-
Change in MV of embedded derivatives	(6)	1
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$ 167	\$ 63
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 167	\$ 63
U.S. & Latin America Financial Solutions		
GAAP pre-tax income	\$ 83	\$ 68
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	23	19
Change in MV of embedded derivatives	(26)	22
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$ 80	\$ 109
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 80	\$ 109
Canada Traditional		
GAAP pre-tax income	\$ 27	\$ 35
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	(1)	(3)
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$ 26	\$ 32
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 26	\$ 32
Canada Financial Solutions		
GAAP pre-tax income	\$ 6	\$ 6
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	1	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$ 7	\$ 6
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 7	\$ 6
EMEA Traditional		
GAAP pre-tax income	\$ 1	\$ 4
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	(2)	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$ (1)	\$ 4
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ (1)	\$ 4
EMEA Financial Solutions		
GAAP pre-tax income	\$ 72	\$ 52
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	14	14
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$ 86	\$ 66
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 86	\$ 66

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures

Reconciliation of GAAP pre-tax income to pre-tax adjusted operating income

In millions	2Q24	2Q23
Asia Pacific Traditional		
GAAP pre-tax income	\$ 100	\$ 89
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	(1)	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$ 99	\$ 89
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 99	\$ 89
Asia Pacific Financial Solutions		
GAAP pre-tax income (loss)	\$ (58)	\$ 20
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	129	42
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$ 71	\$ 62
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 71	\$ 62
Corporate and Other		
GAAP pre-tax income (loss)	\$ (136)	\$ (71)
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	92	16
Pre-tax adjusted operating loss	\$ (44)	\$ (55)
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ (44)	\$ (55)
RGA Consolidated		
GAAP pre-tax income	\$ 269	\$ 265
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	254	88
Change in MV of embedded derivatives	(32)	23
Pre-tax adjusted operating income	\$ 491	\$ 376
Notable items	-	-
Pre-tax adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 491	\$ 376
GAAP net income available to RGA shareholders	\$ 203	\$ 205
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	193	95
Change in MV of embedded derivatives	(31)	(3)
Adjusted operating income	\$ 365	\$ 297
Notable items	-	-
Adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 365	\$ 297

Reconciliation of earnings-per-share available to RGA shareholders to adjusted operating earnings-per-share

Diluted share basis	2Q24	2Q23
Earnings-per-share	\$ 3.03	\$ 3.05
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	2.91	1.40
Change in MV of embedded derivatives	(0.46)	(0.05)
Adjusted operating earnings-per-share	\$ 5.48	\$ 4.40
Notable items	-	-
Adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 5.48	\$ 4.40

Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures

Reconciliation of RGA, Inc. shareholders' equity to RGA, Inc. shareholders' equity excluding AOCI

In millions	2Q24	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
RGA, Inc. shareholders' equity	\$ 9,735.0	\$ 9,081.0	\$ 7,081.0	\$ 8,180.0	\$ 14,352.0	\$ 11,601.7
Less effect of AOCI:						
Accumulated currency translation adjustment	86.0	68.0	(116.0)	(13.0)	(69.0)	(91.6)
Unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities	(4,694.0)	(3,667.0)	(5,496.0)	3,779.0	5,500.0	3,298.5
Effect of updating discount rates on future policy benefits	4,611.0	3,256.0	3,755.0	(4,209.0)		
Change in instrument-specific credit risk for market risk benefits	6.0	3.0	13.0	(7.0)		
Pension and postretirement benefits	(29.0)	(29.0)	(27.0)	(50.0)	(72.0)	(69.8)
RGA, Inc. shareholders' equity excluding AOCI	\$ 9,755.0	\$ 9,450.0	\$ 8,952.0	\$ 8,680.0	\$ 8,993.0	\$ 8,464.6

Reconciliation of RGA, Inc. shareholders' average equity to RGA, Inc. shareholders' average equity excluding AOCI and notable items

In millions	2Q24	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
RGA, Inc. shareholders' average equity	\$ 8,830	\$ 7,931	\$ 7,470	\$ 7,764	\$ 12,204	\$ 10,391
Less effect of AOCI:						
Accumulated currency translation adjustment	41	(30)	(53)	32	(153)	(137)
Unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities	(4,792)	(5,018)	(2,213)	4,696	3,771	2,481
Effect of updating discount rates on future policy benefits	4,120	3,774	972	(5,292)		
Change in instrument-specific credit risk for market risk benefits	6	10	1	(27)		
Pension and postretirement benefits	(24)	(22)	(46)	67	(75)	(56)
RGA, Inc. shareholders' average equity excluding AOCI	9,479	9,217	8,809	8,288	8,661	8,103
Year-to-date notable items, net of tax	-	37	107	56	-	-
RGA, Inc. shareholders' average equity excluding AOCI and notable items	\$ 9,479	\$ 9,254	\$ 8,916	\$ 8,344	\$ 8,661	\$ 8,103

Reconciliation of trailing twelve months of consolidated net income available to RGA shareholders to adjusted operating income and related return on equity (ROE), excluding notable items

Trailing twelve months	2Q24		2Q23	
	Income	ROE	Income	ROE
Net income available to RGA shareholders	\$ 858	9.7%	\$ 672	9.2%
Reconciliation to adjusted operating income:				
Capital (gains) losses, derivatives and other, net	596		302	
Adjusted operating income	\$ 1,454	15.3%	\$ 974	10.9%
Notable items after tax	-		201	
Adjusted operating income excluding notable items	\$ 1,454	15.3%	\$ 1,175	13.0%

Reconciliation of book value per share to book value per share excluding AOCI and B36

	2Q24	2023	2022	2021	1H/2021
Book value per share*	\$ 147.90	\$ 138.39	\$ 106.19	\$ 121.79	\$ 100.64
Less effect of AOCI:					
Accumulated currency translation adjustment		1.32	1.04	(1.73)	(1.02)
Unrealized (depreciation) appreciation of securities		(71.31)	(55.88)	(82.44)	56.27
Effect of updating discount rates on future policy benefits		70.06	49.62	56.32	(62.67)
Change in instrument-specific credit risk for market risk benefits		0.09	0.05	0.19	(0.10)
Pension and postretirement benefits		(0.45)	(0.45)	(0.41)	(1.06)
Book value per share excluding AOCI*	\$ 148.19	\$ 144.01	\$ 134.26	\$ 129.23	\$ 114.02
Less effect of B36:		(0.82)	(2.06)	(0.10)	2.18
Book value per share excluding AOCI and B36*	\$ 149.01	\$ 146.07	\$ 134.36	\$ 127.05	\$ 113.04

*Reflects adoption of LDTI Accounting Standard

Reconciliation of book value per share to book value per share excluding AOCI

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Book value per share	\$ 62.16	\$ 193.75	\$ 211.19	\$ 185.17	\$ 134.53	\$ 148.48	\$ 110.31	\$ 94.09
Less: Effect of unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of securities	(81.10)	55.09	80.94	52.65	13.63	34.14	21.07	14.35
Less: Effect of accumulated currency translation adjustments	(2.56)	(0.13)	(1.02)	(1.46)	(2.69)	(1.34)	(2.68)	(2.78)
Less: Effect of unrecognized pension and post retirement benefits	(0.40)	(0.74)	(1.06)	(1.12)	(0.80)	(0.78)	(0.67)	(0.71)
Book value per share excluding AOCI	\$ 146.22	\$ 139.53	\$ 132.33	\$ 135.10	\$ 124.39	\$ 116.46	\$ 92.59	\$ 83.23

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Book value per share	\$ 102.13	\$ 83.87	\$ 93.47	\$ 79.31	\$ 64.96	\$ 49.87	\$ 33.54	\$ 48.70
Less: Effect of unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of securities	23.63	11.59	25.40	19.35	8.88	1.43	(7.62)	5.05
Less: Effect of accumulated currency translation adjustments	1.19	2.93	3.62	3.13	3.48	2.80	0.35	3.43
Less: Effect of unrecognized pension and post retirement benefits	(0.72)	(0.31)	(0.50)	(0.42)	(0.20)	(0.22)	(0.20)	(0.14)
Book value per share excluding AOCI	\$ 78.03	\$ 69.66	\$ 64.95	\$ 57.25	\$ 52.80	\$ 45.86	\$ 41.01	\$ 40.36



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