# The Future is Bright

Investor Presentation
September 2024



### Spire at-a-glance

#### Gas Utilities

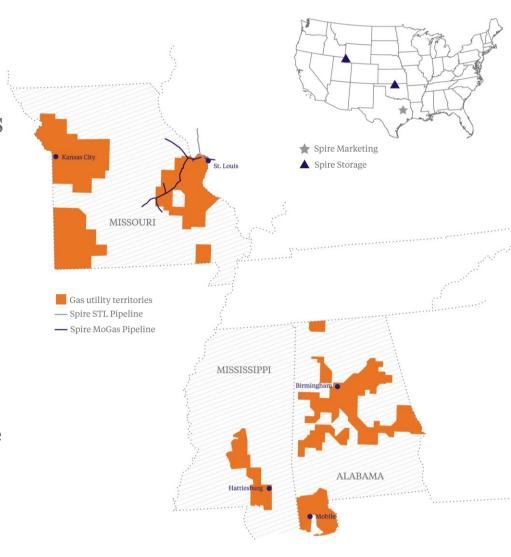
- Regulated natural gas LDCs serving 1.7M homes and businesses in AL, MO and MS
- Operates ~61k miles of pipeline
- Represents ~96% of 10-year capex

#### Gas Marketing

- Provides natural gas marketing services throughout North America
- Creates value by optimizing commodity, transportation and storage portfolio

#### **Midstream**

- Consists of STL Pipeline, MoGas Pipeline and storage facilities in WY and OK
- Centered on highly-contracted assets with a utility gas supply focus





# Strategy driving growth, value and sustainability

At Spire, we're focused on growing our businesses organically, investing in infrastructure and driving continuous improvement to deliver value.



90%+ regulated business mix



\*73<sub>R</sub> Robust 10-year capex plan; 7-8% annual rate base growth



5-7% long-term EPS growth

Growing dividend for 21 consecutive years



Strong ESG performance



# Constructive regulatory jurisdictions







	Spire Alabama and Spire Gulf	Spire Mississippi	Spire Missouri
Regulatory commission	Alabama PSC	Mississippi PSC	Missouri PSC
Rate setting mechanism	Rate stabilization and equalization (RSE) – forward test year	Rate stabilization adjustment (RSA) – formula ratemaking	Traditional approach – historical test year
Rate filing deadline	Annual filing by Oct. RSE reset Oct. 2025	Annual filing by Sept.	May 2026
Infrastructure rider			Infrastructure System Replacement Surcharge
Cost control incentive	Cost Control Measure		
Weather normalization	✓	✓	✓
Purchased gas rider	✓	✓	✓
Pension / OPEB tracker			✓
Property tax tracker			✓
Energy efficiency tracker			✓



# Approved regulatory filings

	Spire Alabama	Spire Gulf	Spire Mississippi	Spire Missouri
Effective date of current base rates	Jan. 2024	Dec. 2023	Jan. 2024	Dec. 2022
Rate base for ratemaking (Millions)	n/a¹	n/a <sup>1</sup>	\$50 <sup>2</sup>	n/a³
Avg. common equity for ratemaking (Millions)	\$713 <sup>1</sup>	\$139 <sup>1</sup>	n/a	n/a
Return on equity	9.70%4	9.95% <sup>5</sup>	10.34% <sup>6</sup>	n/a³
Equity ratio	55.5% <sup>4</sup>	55.5% <sup>5</sup>	50.0%	n/a³
Effective date of infrastructure rider and revenues (Millions)				May 2023 – \$7.7 Oct. 2023 – \$12.4 May 2024 – \$16.8



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Rate Stabilization and Equalization (RSE) mechanism in Alabama uses forward looking average common equity, rather than rate base, for ratemaking purposes. Amounts shown are actual average common equity for fiscal 2023.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$ Mississippi net plant less deferred taxes for Rate Stabilization Adjustment (RSA) purposes, as of 6/30/23.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Settled Spire Missouri 2022 rate case; rate base, return on equity and equity ratio not specified. Actual rate base at March 31, 2023 was \$3.413 billion. The approved Infrastructure System Replacement Surcharge (ISRS) pre-tax rate of return is 8.25%.

 $<sup>^4</sup>$ Terms of renewed RSE, effective 10/1/22 through 9/30/25. Allowed ROE range of 9.50% - 9.90%, with a 9.70% midpoint...

 $<sup>^5</sup>$ Terms of revised RSE effective 10/1/21 through 09/30/25. Allowed ROE range of 9.7% - 10.3%, with a 9.95% midpoint.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Allowed ROE range of 9.34% - 11.34%, with a 10.34% midpoint.

# Delivering essential energy

 Focused on growing businesses organically, investing in infrastructure and driving continuous improvement

 Executing on capital investment plan centered on utility infrastructure upgrades and new business

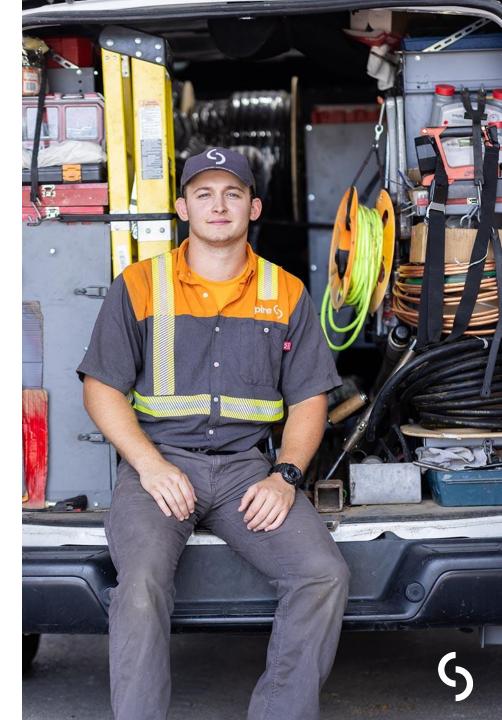
 Committed to delivering safe, reliable and affordable energy solutions for customers



# Gas Utility update

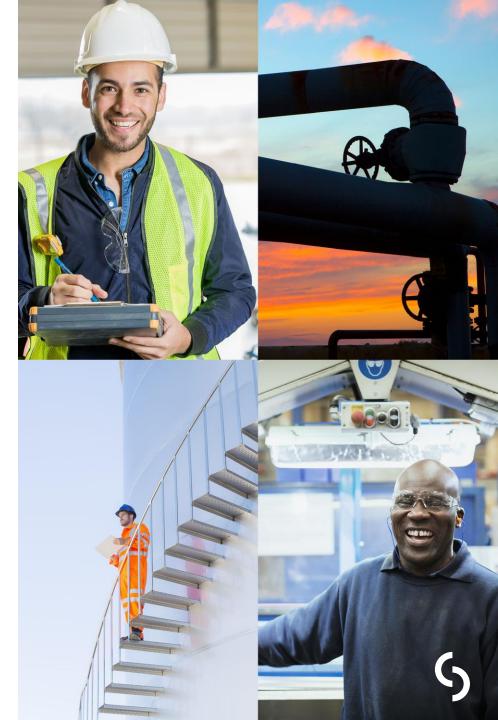
- We remain focused on consistent and constructive regulatory outcomes
  - Spire Missouri approved annual ISRS revenues of \$36.9M; filed for additional \$17.7M in July 2024
  - Spire Missouri expects to file rate case in calendar Q4 2024
  - Spire Alabama annual rate setting in the Fall
- Customer affordability initiative targeted at lowering overall cost structure and improving operational efficiencies
- Q3 YTD earnings results reflect
  - Higher MO and AL rates
  - Lower run-rate O&M¹ partially offset by higher bad debt expense compared to Q3 YTD FY23
  - Higher interest and depreciation expense
- Prior period deferred gas balances fully recovered





# Spire Marketing overview

- Provides natural gas marketing services throughout North America
  - Relationship-driven business delivering~1.4 Bcf/d (2023)
  - Firm transport capacity of ~1 Bcf/d
  - Majority of business is wholesale –
     serving producers, pipelines, power generators, utilities and others
  - Retail operations provide marketing services to large C&I customers
- Creates value by optimizing commodity, transportation and storage portfolio
- Strong risk management
- Consistent cash flow contributor



### Midstream – Pipeline

#### Spire STL Pipeline

- 65-mile pipeline providing safe, reliable, economical energy to Eastern Missouri
- Strong performance since start of commercial operation in Nov. 2019
  - Supports improved system reliability
  - Drives reduced methane emissions
- Annual earnings ~\$12M
- FERC certificate now permanent

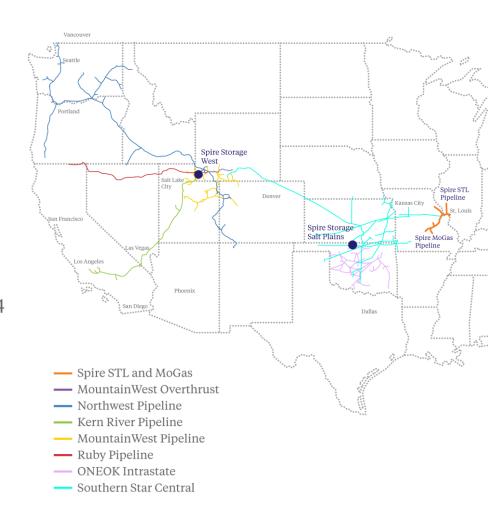
#### MoGas/Omega

- Acquired in January 2024 for \$175M
  - MoGas is 263-mile gas pipeline system primarily in Missouri
  - Omega is connected distribution system servicing Fort Leonard Wood
- Bolsters resiliency and expands Missouri footprint
- Results included beginning in Q2 FY24



#### Midstream

- Spire Storage West
  - 23 Bcf facility in Wyoming with five interconnects serving Western U.S.
  - \$250M expansion on pace to be completed in Q1 FY25
    - Increasing capacity to 39 Bcf
    - Strong market demand
- Spire Storage Salt Plains
  - 10 Bcf facility in Northern Oklahoma
  - Acquired April 2023; included in NEE for FY24 and beyond
- FY25 Midstream earnings expected to increase \$10M-\$12M¹ (expansion plus a full year of MoGas)





### Advancing our sustainability

- Achieved 4.7% reduction of CO<sub>2</sub>e in 2023 compared to 2022
- Achieved 13% reduction in leaks per 1,000 system miles in 2023 compared to 2022, fifth consecutive year of leak reductions
- Initiated implementation of renewable natural gas (RNG) strategic plan in Missouri:
  - Three projects under construction expected to produce ~1.5 Bcf of RNG; first project scheduled to go on-line in October 2024
  - Working with MoPSC on rulemaking following RNG enabling bills
- Connected customers with more than \$33M in energy assistance
- Strong corporate governance practices providing strategic direction and oversight

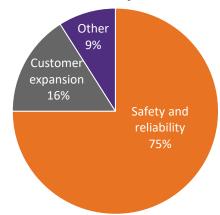




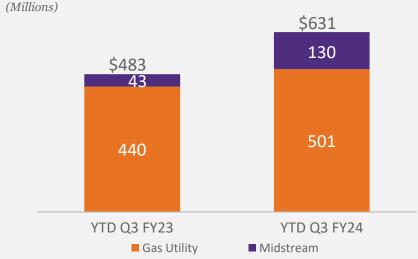
#### Executing robust capex plan

- YTD Q3 FY24 capex of \$631M
  - Driven by Gas Utility investment including
    - \$362M of infrastructure upgrades and advanced meters
    - \$83M of new business
- Raised FY24 target to \$830M driven by utility meter spend
  - Gas Utility capex of \$690M (+\$30M)
  - Midstream capex remains at \$140M driven by the Spire Storage West expansion
- 10-year capex plan remains \$7.3B

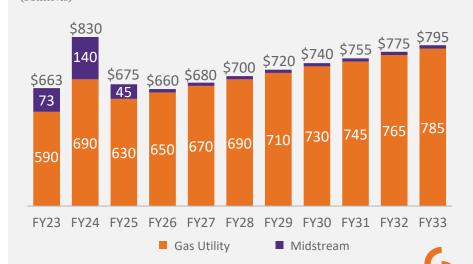
#### FY24 Gas Utility investment



#### YTD capital expenditures as of June 30



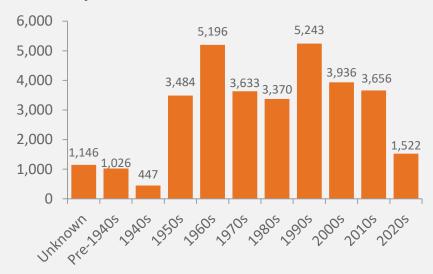
# Capital expenditures forecast FY24-FY33 ~\$7.3B



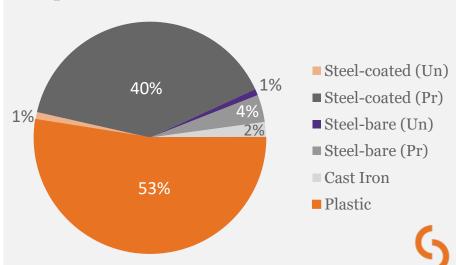
### Significant system investment

- ~32,700 miles of total distribution pipeline in Alabama, Mississippi and Missouri
- Robust pipeline replacement program
  - Improves safety and reliability
  - Results in fewer leaks and reduced methane emissions
- Replacement program factors include:
  - Leak rates
  - Material type
  - Location
  - System optimization and reliability
  - Maintenance reduction
- ~\$1.3B invested in pipeline upgrades since 2019

#### Miles by decade of installation<sup>1</sup>



#### Pipe material<sup>1</sup>



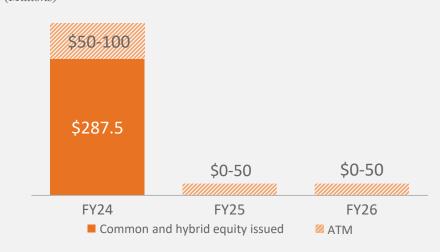
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>2023 U.S. Department of Transportation report.

# Financing update

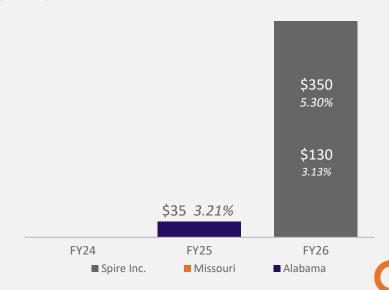
- Equity
  - \$112M forward sale settled Dec. 2023<sup>1</sup>
  - \$175M Equity Units converted Mar. 2024<sup>2</sup>
  - ATM program
- Debt
  - \$350M Spire Inc. 5.3% note due 2026
     issued on Feb. 123
  - \$320M Spire Missouri 5.15% bonds due
     2044 issued on Aug. 13<sup>3</sup>
  - Long-term issuances largely tied to refinancing of maturing debt
- FFO / Debt target of 15-16%

<sup>1</sup>1.7M shares settled on Dec. 11, 2023; average share price of \$63.60. <sup>2</sup>Converted 2021 Equity Units, ~2.7M shares, on Mar. 5, 2024.

# Equity forecast (Millions)



# Debt maturities remaining through FY26 (Millions)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Proceeds used for remarketing of senior notes (\$175M), refinancing of Spire Missouri bonds (\$300M) which were called for early redemption, repay debt and general corporate purposes.

#### Outlook

- Key drivers of updated earnings by business segment
  - Gas Utility: lower MO margin, higher interest and bad debt expenses; timing of cost savings
  - Gas Marketing: reflects YTD results
  - Midstream: realization of new storage contracts at higher rates
  - Higher corporate interest expense partially offset by lower costs
- FY24 NEEPS expectation lowered to \$4.15 \$4.25 (from \$4.25 \$4.45)
- Anticipate regaining earnings trend in 2025; reaffirming long-term 5-7% NEEPS growth target
  - From midpoint of original FY24 guidance (\$4.35)
  - Driven by 7-8% utility rate base growth

# FY24 NEE target by business segment (Millions)

	Original	Q3 updated	Change at midpoint
Gas Utility	\$230 – 240	\$213 – 221	\$(18)
Gas Marketing	19 – 23	27 – 31	8
Midstream	21 – 27	30 – 34	8
Corporate & Other	(22) - (18)	(28) - (24)	(6)



# Appendix



#### Forward-looking statements and use of non-GAAP measures

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Our forward-looking statements in this presentation speak only as of today, and we assume no duty to update them. Forwardlooking statements are typically identified by words such as, but not limited to: "estimates," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "targets," "plans," "forecasts," and similar expressions. Although our forward-looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, various uncertainties and risk factors may cause future performance or results to be different than those anticipated. More complete descriptions and listings of these uncertainties and risk factors can be found in our annual (Form 10-K) and quarterly (Form 10-Q) filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

This presentation also includes "net economic earnings," "net economic earnings per share," and "contribution margin," which are non-GAAP measures used internally by management when evaluating the Company's performance and results of operations. Net economic earnings exclude from net income, as applicable, the after-tax impacts of fair-value accounting and timing adjustments associated with energy-related transactions, the impacts of acquisition, divestiture, and restructuring activities and the largely non-cash impacts of impairments and other non-recurring or unusual items such as certain regulatory, legislative, or GAAP standard-setting actions. The fair value and timing adjustments, which primarily impact the Gas Marketing segment, include net unrealized gains and losses on energy-related derivatives resulting from the current changes in fair value of financial and physical transactions prior to their completion and settlement, lower of cost or market inventory adjustments, and realized gains and losses on economic hedges prior to the sale of the physical commodity. Management believes that excluding these items provides a useful representation of the economic impact of actual settled transactions and overall results of ongoing operations. Contribution margin is defined as operating revenues less natural gas costs and gross receipts tax expense, which are directly passed on to customers and collected through revenues. These internal non-GAAP operating metrics should not be considered as an alternative to, or more meaningful than, GAAP measures such as operating income, net income or earnings per share. Reconciliation of net economic earnings to net income is contained in our SEC filings and in the Appendix to this presentation.

**Note:** Years shown in this presentation are fiscal years ended September 30.

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America's natural gas utilities have a proven track record of safely delivering energy that's:

- affordable
- reliable
- efficient

Natural gas is essential for achieving a net-zero carbon emissions energy future.

Our industry is committed to reducing greenhouse gas emissions through smart innovation, new and modernized infrastructure. and advanced technologies.

# Natural gas is advancing America

#### Reliable

#### 100+ years of supply

At more than 3,300 trillion cubic feet, the estimated future supply of domestically produced natural gas is abundant and enough to support America's diverse energy needs for more than 100 years.

#### nearly 75% of hospitals

Natural gas is the go-to energy source for US hospitals, with nearly three-fourths using natural gas for space heating and water heating.

 $2.7\,\mathrm{M}$ reliable and safe miles

With more than 2.7 million miles of underground pipeline. the US natural gas transmission and distribution system is the safest and most reliable way to deliver energy that Americans can count on.

In fact, natural gas is included in the energy resource plans of many businesses to ensure business continuity during natural disasters and extreme weather events.

#### Affordable



savings over 10 years

The low cost of domestic natural gas has saved American families a total of \$125 billion over the past 10 years.



Natural gas is projected to be significantly less than the price of other fuels through 2050.

savings for families

US households using natural gas for heating, cooking and clothes drying save big - more than \$1,100 - compared to homes using electricity for the same activities.

#### Efficient

#### 92% efficient

The natural gas delivery system is 92% efficient from production source to customer compared to a 38% efficiency when converting fossil fuels to electricity.

<5% total GHG emissions

Residential natural gas usage accounts for less than 5% of total US greenhouse gas emissions.

 $70^{\%}$  in emissions

Upgrading our nation's pipeline network to enhance safety has contributed significantly to a declining trend in emissions - 70% since 1990.

#### 40-year low for emissions

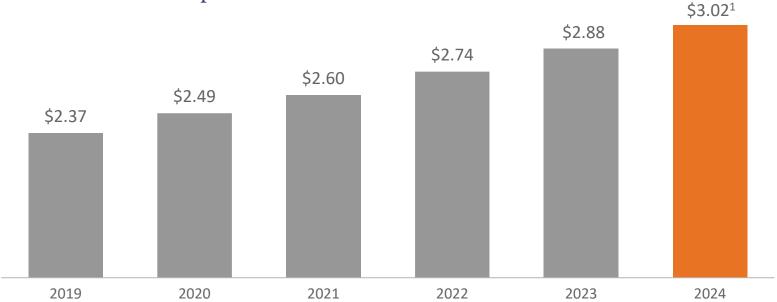
Natural gas efficiency and the growth of renewable energy have led to energy-related carbon dioxide (CO2) emissions hitting 40-year lows.

emissions from electricity generation have declined 61% due to increased use of natural gas.



# Growing our dividend

#### Annualized dividend per share



- 2024 annualized dividend increased 4.9% to \$3.02 per share
- Supported by expected long-term 5-7% earnings growth
- 2024 marks 21 consecutive years of increases; 79 years of continuous payment
- Added to the S&P's Dividend Aristocrats Index





# Regulatory construct







Alabama Public Service C	Commis					Missouri					
Alabama Public Service C	Commis	ssion	Mississippi Pub	lic Service C	ommission	Missouri Public Service Commission					
Top-rated jurisdiction	A	Average-rated	d jurisdictior	ı by RRA	Average-rated jurisdiction by RRA						
Three members elected to	4-year	terms	Three members elected to 4-year terms  Five members appointed by the for 6-year terms								
Name	Party	Term Ends	Name Party Term Ends			Name	Party	Term Ends			
Twinkle Cavanaugh, President	Rep.	2024	Nelson Carr	Rep.	Jan. 2028	Kayla Hahn, Chair	Rep.	Jan. 2030			
Chris "Chip" Beeker	Rep.	2026	Chris Brown	Rep.	Jan. 2028	Maida Coleman	Dem.	Aug. 2021			
Jeremy Oden	Rep.	2026	De'Keither Stamps	Dem.	Jan. 2028	Jason Holsman	Dem.	Jan. 2025			
						Glen Kolkmeyer	Rep.	Apr. 2025			
						John Mitchell	Ind.	Apr. 2030			



### Q3 YTD FY24 throughput, customer, weather and margin data

	S	pir	e Missouri		Spire Alabama					
Nine months ended June 30,	2024		2023	Variance		2024		2023		Variance
Throughput (BCF)										
Residential	65.2		74.4	-12.4%		15.9		14.6		8.9%
Commercial & Industrial	28.9		32.6	-11.3%		8.3		7.8		6.4%
Transportation	35.9		36.5	-1.6%		54.2		56.0		-3.2%
Total	130.0		143.5	-9.4%		78.4		78.4		_
Total customers <sup>1</sup>	1,205,128		1,202,808	0.2%		430,502		429,819		0.2%
Heating degree days vs. Normal <sup>2</sup>	-18.6%		-9.6%			-9.0%		-18.8%		
Heating degree days vs. prior year	-10.2%					12.8%				
Margin (millions)										
Residential <sup>3</sup>	\$ 238.8	\$	248.5	\$ (9.7)	\$	130.5	\$	111.9	\$	18.6
Commercial & Industrial	51.1		54.9	(3.8)		45.3		38.4		6.9
Transportation	16.7		17.1	(0.4)		81.5		74.0		7.5
Weather Mitigation	49.2		27.0	22.2		13.1		23.0		(9.9)
Subtotal: Volumetric Margin	\$ 355.8	\$	347.5	\$ 8.3	\$	270.4	\$	247.3	\$	<b>23.1</b> <sup>5</sup>
Customer charges, ISRS, OSS, other	281.3		264.0	17.3		35.2		37.1		(1.9)
<b>Total Contribution Margin</b>	\$ 637.1	\$	611.5	\$ 25.6	\$	305.6	\$	284.4	\$	21.2



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Average customers for 12 months ended June 30, 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Normal weather is based on heating degree days for past 30-years in each service territory. Spire Missouri reflects calendar degree days and Spire Alabama reflects billing degree days, which is consistent with contribution margin due to differences in tariffs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Weather mitigation in Missouri applies to residential customers only.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>\$(14.6)M volumes, +\$22.9M rate impact.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>+\$10.8M volumes, +\$12.3M rate impact.

### Q3 YTD FY24 net economic earnings

					Per di	lute	iuted		
	Mill	ions			commo	n sh	are		
Nine months ended June 30,	2024		2023	2	2024	2023			
Net Income [GAAP]	\$ 276.8	\$	248.6	\$	4.76	\$	4.51		
Fair value and timing adjustments, pre-tax	(9.2)		22.2		(0.16)		0.42		
Acquisition and restructuring activities, pre-tax	6.7		0.5		0.12		0.01		
Income tax effect of adjustments	0.7		(5.6)		0.01		(0.11)		
Net Economic Earnings (NEE) <sup>1</sup>	\$ 275.0	\$	265.7	\$	4.73	\$	4.83		
By segment				Va	riance				
Gas Utility	\$ 252.8	\$	234.5	\$	18.3				
Gas Marketing	23.7		45.0		(21.3)				
Midstream	20.1		11.6		8.5				
Other	(21.6)		(25.4)		3.8				
Average diluted shares outstanding <sup>2</sup>	55.7		52.6						

- Overall results are \$9.3M higher due to:
  - Gas Utility earnings increased \$18.3M
    - Higher AL earnings due to new rates and weather mitigation
    - Higher MO earnings due to higher rates partially offset by unmitigated weather and higher interest expense
  - Marketing delivered strong results in FY23 due to very favorable Winter 2023 market conditions that did not recur

Don diluted

- Midstream delivered strong results driven by additional storage capacity and new contracts at higher rates for Spire Storage West; addition of Salt Plains and MoGas in NEE for FY24
- Higher corporate interest expense more than offset by settlement of an interest rate hedge and lower costs



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>See NEE reconciliation to GAAP in the Appendix.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>2024 shares include the forward settlement in Dec. 2023 (+1.7M shares) and the Equity Unit conversion in Mar. 2024 (+2.7M shares).

# Key Q3 YTD FY24 variances

(Millions)	As re	ported	NEE	Net	
Nine months ended June 30,	2024	2023	adjustments	variance	Notes
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,299.2	\$ 2,355.9	\$ (2.5)	\$ (54.2)	Lower commodity costs
Contribution Margin <sup>1</sup>					
Gas Utility	\$ 1,012.2	\$ 959.4	\$ —	\$ 52.8	New MO rates (+\$22.9) and ISRS (\$11.8); AL rates (+\$12.3); partially offset by usage net of weather mitigation: AL (+\$9.7) and MO (-\$11.9)
Gas Marketing	56.4	54.8	30.8	(29.2)	Winter market volatility in prior year that did not recur
Midstream	68.0	49.1	(2.5)	21.4	Increased capacity and new contracts at higher rates at Spire Storage West and new contracts at higher rates at Salt Plains; MoGas and Salt Plains included in NEE for FY24
Other and eliminations	0.4	0.5	_	(0.1)	
	\$ 1,137.0	\$ 1,063.8	\$ 28.3	\$ 44.9	
Operation and Maintenance					
Gas Utility	\$ 352.7	\$ 350.9	\$ 4.4	\$ (2.6)	Lower operational and employee-related costs partially offset by higher costs for damage claims and bad debt
Gas Marketing	14.9	16.2	_	(1.3)	Lower volume-driven costs
Midstream	26.0	20.1	(0.7)	6.6	Increased capacity at Spire Storage West and addition of MoGas and Salt Plains in NEE
Other and eliminations	1.6	2.5	0.1	(1.0)	
	\$ 395.2	\$ 389.7	\$ 3.8	\$ 1.7	
Depreciation and Amortization	207.3	189.0	(0.1)	18.4	Utility rate base growth
Taxes, Other than Income Taxes <sup>2</sup>	66.0	62.6	_	3.4	
Interest Expense, Net	151.6	137.5	_	14.1	Higher rates and ST balances
Other Income, Net	27.2	19.3	0.6	7.3	Interest rate hedge settlement totalling \$8.2 and lower MO carrying costs credits of \$2.9
Income Tax Expense	67.3	55.7	6.2	5.4	Higher pretax book income

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Contribution margin is operating revenues less gas costs and gross receipts taxes. See Contribution margin (non-GAAP) reconciliation in Appendix.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Excludes gross receipts tax.

### Q3 YTD FY24 NEE reconciliation to GAAP

(Millions, except per share amounts)		Gas Gas Itility Marketing		Midstream Other			Total	Per diluted common share <sup>2</sup>			
Nine months ended June 30, 2024											
Net Income (Loss) [GAAP]	\$	249.4	\$	30.7	\$	18.5	\$	(21.8)	\$ 276.8	\$	4.76
Adjustments, pre-tax:											
Fair value and timing adjustments		0.1		(9.3)		_		_	(9.2)		(0.16)
Acquisition and restructuring activities		4.4		_		2.1		0.2	6.7		0.12
Income tax effect of adjustments <sup>1</sup>		(1.1)		2.3		(0.5)		_	0.7		0.01
Net Economic Earnings (Loss) [Non-GAAP]	\$	252.8	\$	23.7	\$	20.1	\$	(21.6)	\$ 275.0	\$	4.73
Nine months ended June 30, 2023											
Net Income (Loss) [GAAP]	\$	234.0	\$	28.9	\$	11.1	\$	(25.4)	\$ 248.6	\$	4.51
Adjustments, pre-tax:											
Fair value and timing adjustments		0.7		21.5		_		_	22.2		0.42
Acquisition activities		_		_		0.5		_	0.5		0.01
Income tax effect of adjustments <sup>1</sup>		(0.2)		(5.4)		_		_	(5.6)		(0.11)
Net Economic Earnings (Loss) [Non-GAAP]	\$	234.5	\$	45.0	\$	11.6	\$	(25.4)	\$ 265.7	\$	4.83



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Income taxes are calculated by applying federal, state, and local income tax rates applicable to ordinary income to the amounts of the pre-tax reconciling items.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Net economic earnings per share is calculated by replacing consolidated net income with consolidated net economic earnings in the GAAP diluted EPS calculation.

# Q3 YTD FY24 contribution margin reconciliation to GAAP

(Millions)		Gas Utility	Ma	Gas arketing	Mic	Istream	C	Other	Elim	inations	Cor	nsolidated
Nine months ended June 30, 2024												
Operating Income (Loss) [GAAP]	\$	401.1	\$	39.5	\$	29.5	\$	(1.6)	\$	_	\$	468.5
Operation and maintenance		352.7		14.9		26.0		14.2		(12.6)		395.2
Depreciation and amortization		196.3		1.1		9.5		0.4		_		207.3
Taxes, other than income taxes		175.4		1.1		3.0		_		_		179.5
Less: Gross receipts tax expense		(113.3)		(0.2)		_		_		_		(113.5)
Contribution Margin [non-GAAP]		1,012.2		56.4		68.0		13.0		(12.6)		1,137.0
Natural gas costs		1,035.1		46.9		0.9		_		(34.2)		1,048.7
Gross receipts tax expense		113.3		0.2		_		_		_		113.5
Operating Revenues	\$	2,160.6	\$	103.5	\$	68.9	\$	13.0	\$	(46.8)	\$	2,299.2
						'						
Nine months ended June 30, 2023												
Operating Income (Loss) [GAAP]	\$	367.1	\$	36.7	\$	21.1	\$	(2.4)	\$	_	\$	422.5
Operation and maintenance		350.9		16.2		20.1		14.4		(11.9)		389.7
Depreciation and amortization		181.6		1.0		6.0		0.4		_		189.0
Taxes, other than income taxes		176.2		1.1		1.9		_		_		179.2
Less: Gross receipts tax expense		(116.4)		(0.2)		_		_		_		(116.6)
Contribution Margin [non-GAAP]		959.4		54.8		49.1		12.4		(11.9)		1,063.8
Natural gas costs		1,099.5		102.8		_		_		(26.8)		1,175.5
Gross receipts tax expense		116.4		0.2								116.6
Operating Revenues	\$	2,175.3	\$	157.8	\$	49.1	\$	12.4	\$	(38.7)	\$	2,355.9

