

# CSX QUARTERLY FINANCIAL REPORT FIRST QUARTER 2014



# CSX Corporation Announces First-Quarter Earnings and Dividend Increase

### Highlights:

- First-quarter earnings per share of \$0.40
- · CSX continues to expect modest full-year earnings growth
- · Merchandise and intermodal show continued strength, and the utility coal environment is improving
- · Quarterly dividend increases 7 percent beginning in second quarter to \$0.16 per share

JACKSONVILLE, Fla. - April 15, 2014 - CSX Corporation (NYSE: CSX) today announced first-quarter net earnings of \$398 million, or \$0.40 per share, down from \$462 million, or \$0.45 per share in the same quarter of 2013.

For the quarter, revenue grew 2 percent to \$3.0 billion on volume increases of 3 percent, with strength in intermodal and merchandise markets more than offsetting declines in coal. However, operating income declined 16 percent to \$739 million and the operating ratio increased 520 basis points to 75.5 percent, primarily due to the impact of harsh weather. CSX estimates that weather-related disruptions increased expenses by approximately six cents per share, and impacted revenue contribution by about two to three cents.

"The company is indebted to the dedicated men and women of CSX who worked tirelessly through one of the worst winters on record to keep the network running as fluidly as possible," said Michael J. Ward, chairman, president and chief executive officer. "Thanks to the hard work of our employees, service levels are gradually recovering, and we are capitalizing on an economy that continues to show positive momentum."

Looking forward, CSX expects modest full-year earnings growth for 2014 on the strength of broad-based merchandise and intermodal gains and an improving domestic coal environment. In addition, the company remains confident in its ability to sustain double-digit earnings growth and margin expansion for its shareholders in 2015 and beyond. The company expects to sustain a mid-60s operating ratio longer-term.

CSX also announced that its Board of Directors approved a 7 percent increase in the company's quarterly dividend to \$0.16 per share, payable on June 13, 2014 to shareholders of record at the close of business on May 28, 2014. This announcement builds on 11 increases over the past 8 years, representing a 20 percent compound annual growth rate during that time. It is consistent with CSX's view of the strength of the business and the company's approach to deploying cash within a balanced framework to support long-term value creation through investment, dividends, and share buybacks.

Table of Contents	The accompanying unaudited	CSX CORPORATION	CONTACTS:
	financial information should be	500 Water Street, C900	
Consolidated Financial Statementsp. 3	read in conjunction with the	Jacksonville, FL 32202	INVESTOR RELATIONS
Operating Statisticsp. 10	Company's most recent	www.csx.com	David Baggs
Network Mapp. 11	Annual Report on Form 10-K,		(904) 359-4812
	Quarterly Reports on Form		MEDIA
	10-Q, and any Current		Melanie Cost
	Reports on Form 8-K.		(904) 359-1702

CSX executives will conduct a quarterly earnings conference call with the investment community on April 16, 2014, at 8:30 a.m. Eastern time. Investors, media and the public may listen to the conference call by dialing 1-888-EARN-CSX (888-327-6279) and asking for the CSX earnings call. Callers outside the U.S., dial 1-773-756-0199. Participants should dial in 10 minutes prior to the call. In conjunction with the call, a live webcast will be accessible and presentation materials will be posted on the company's website at http://investors.csx.com. Following the earnings call, an internet replay of the presentation will be archived on the company website.

This earnings announcement, as well as additional detailed financial information, is contained in the CSX Quarterly Financial Report available on the company's website at http://investors.csx.com and on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

CSX, based in Jacksonville, Florida, is a premier transportation company. It provides rail, intermodal and rail-to-truck transload services and solutions to customers across a broad array of markets, including energy, industrial, construction, agricultural, and consumer products. For more than 185 years, CSX has played a critical role in the nation's economic expansion and industrial development. Its network connects every major metropolitan area in the eastern United States, where nearly two-thirds of the nation's population resides. It also links more than 240 short-line railroads and more than 70 ocean, river and lake ports with major population centers and small farming towns alike. More information about CSX Corporation and its subsidiaries is available at www.csx.com. Like us on Facebook (http://www.facebook.com/OfficialCSX) and follow us on Twitter (http://twitter.com/CSX).

### **Forward-looking Statements**

This information and other statements by the company may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act with respect to, among other items: projections and estimates of earnings, revenues, margins, volumes, rates, cost-savings, expenses, taxes, liquidity, capital expenditures, dividends, share repurchases or other financial items, statements of management's plans, strategies and objectives for future operations, and management's expectations as to future performance and operations and the time by which objectives will be achieved, statements concerning proposed new services, and statements regarding future economic, industry or market conditions or performance. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words or phrases such as "will," "should," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "project," "estimate," "preliminary" and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and the company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement. If the company updates any forward-looking statement, no inference should be drawn that the company will make additional updates with respect to that statement or any other forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, and actual performance or results could differ materially from that anticipated by any forward-looking statements. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by any forward-looking statements include, among others; (i) the company's success in implementing its financial and operational initiatives; (ii) changes in domestic or international economic, political or business conditions, including those affecting the transportation industry (such as the impact of industry competition, conditions, performance and consolidation); (iii) legislative or regulatory changes; (iv) the inherent business risks associated with safety and security; (v) the outcome of claims and litigation involving or affecting the company; (vi) natural events such as severe weather conditions or pandemic health crises; and (vii) the inherent uncertainty associated with projecting economic and business conditions.

Other important assumptions and factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements are specified in the company's SEC reports, accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov and the company's website at www.csx.com.

## **CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS** (Unaudited)

(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

			Quarter	s E	Ended	
	Mar. 28, 2014		Mar. 29, 2013		\$ Change	% Change
Revenue	\$ 3,012	\$	2,963	\$	49	2 %
Expense						
Labor and Fringe	814		767		(47)	(6)
Materials, Supplies and Other	629		507		(122)	(24)
Fuel	446		444		(2)	
Depreciation	283		270		(13)	(5)
<b>Equipment and Other Rents</b>	101		95		(6)	(6)
Total Expense	2,273		2,083		(190)	(9)
Operating Income	739		880		(141)	(16)
Interest Expense	(140)		(147)		7	5
Other Income - Net	7		(3)		10	333
Earnings Before Income Taxes	606		730		(124)	(17)
Income Tax Expense (a)	(208)		(268)		60	22
Net Earnings	\$ 398	\$	462	\$	(64)	(14)%
Operating Ratio	75.5%	, 0	70.3%	ò		
Per Common Share						
Net Earnings Per Share, Assuming Dilution	\$ 0.40	\$	0.45	\$	(0.05)	(11)%
Average Shares Outstanding, Assuming Dilution (millions)	1,008		1,023			
Cash Dividends Paid Per Common Share	\$ 0.15	\$	0.14			

## **CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(Dollars in millions)

				Dec. 27, 2013
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	475	\$	592
Short-term Investments		248		487
Other Current Assets		1,566		1,523
Properties - Net		27,494		27,291
Investment in Affiliates and Other Companies		1,314		1,298
Other Long-term Assets		583		591
Total Assets	\$	31,680	\$	31,782
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	<b>′</b>			
Current Maturities of Long-term Debt	\$	325	\$	533
Other Current Liabilities		1,887		1,891
Long-term Debt		9,021		9,022
Deferred Income Taxes		8,658		8,662
Other Long-term Liabilities		1,144		1,170
Total Liabilities		21,035		21,278
Total Shareholders' Equity		10,645		10,504
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$	31,680	\$	31,782

## **CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS** (Unaudited)

(Dollars in millions)

	Quarters Ended			
	Mar. 28, 2014		Mar. 29, 2013	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Earnings	\$	<b>398</b> \$	462	
Depreciation		283	270	
Deferred Income Taxes		(1)	82	
Gains on Property Dispositions		(1)	(30)	
Other Operating Activities - Net		(80)	(53)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		599	731	
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Property Additions		(475)	(491)	
Purchase of Short-term Investments		(165)	(290)	
Proceeds from Sales of Short-term Investments		409	534	
Other Investing Activities		4	(18)	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(227)	(265)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Long-term Debt Repaid		(209)	(413)	
Dividends Paid		(151)	(143)	
Shares Repurchased (b)		(127)	_	
Other Financing Activities - Net		(2)	11	
Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		(489)	(545)	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(117)	(79)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period		592	784	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	475 \$	705	

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

### Income Statement

a) **Income Tax Expense:** During the first quarter of 2014, the Company recorded an income tax benefit of \$21 million, or \$0.02 per share, primarily as a result of Indiana legislation which reduced the future corporate income tax rate.

### Cash Flow Statement

b) **Share Repurchases:** There were 5 million shares repurchased for \$127 million during the first quarter of 2014 while no shares were repurchased during the first quarter of 2013.

### **VOLUME AND REVENUE** (Unaudited)

Volume (Thousands of units); Revenue (Dollars in millions); Revenue Per Unit (Dollars)

## Quarters Ended March 28, 2014 and March 29, 2013<sup>(a)</sup>

	Volume			Revenue				Revenue Per Unit				
	2014	2013	% Change		2014	:	2013	% Change	2014		2013	% Change
<u>Agricultural</u>												
Agricultural Products	106	95	12%	\$	284	\$	241	18%	\$ 2,679	\$	2,537	6 %
Phosphates and Fertilizers	83	84	(1)		134		144	(7)	1,614		1,714	(6)
Food and Consumer	23	24	(4)		65		68	(4)	2,826		2,833	_
<u>Industrial</u>												
Chemicals	146	130	12		516		468	10	3,534		3,600	(2)
Automotive	98	105	(7)		275		293	(6)	2,806		2,790	1
Metals	65	66	(2)		165		161	2	2,538		2,439	4
Housing and Construction												
Forest Products	74	73	1		194		189	3	2,622		2,589	1
Minerals	54	57	(5)		95		96	(1)	1,759		1,684	4
Waste and Equipment	31	32	(3)		59		57	4	1,903		1,781	7
Total Merchandise	680	666	2		1,787		1,717	4	2,628		2,578	2
Coal	293	297	(1)		662		726	(9)	2,259		2,444	(8)
Intermodal	647	615	5		421		404	4	651		657	(1)
Other		_			142		116	22				
Total	1,620	1,578	3%	\$	3,012	\$	2,963	2%	\$ 1,859	\$	1,878	(1)%

<sup>(</sup>a) Previously reported 2013 other revenue, total revenue and total revenue per unit have been revised as disclosed in CSX's most recent annual report on Form 10-K.

### Volume and Revenue

Volume increased 3% year over year as growth in merchandise and intermodal more than offset lower coal volume. Total revenue increased by 2% year over year driven by this volume growth and pricing gains across most markets. Challenging operating conditions resulting from severe winter weather negatively impacted volume in most markets.

#### Merchandise

Agricultural Sector

Agricultural Products - Volume growth was driven by increased shipments of grain and ethanol. Grain shipments increased due to a strong corn and soybean crop when compared to the prior year crop, which was negatively impacted by a drought in the Midwest. Ethanol shipments increased due to lower corn prices which incented producers to increase both production and exports.

<u>Phosphates and Fertilizers</u> - Volume declined as winter weather impacted shipments of fertilizer into the Midwest. This decline was partially offset by an increase in phosphate rock shipments as capacity at a key customer location returned to normal levels.

<u>Food and Consumer</u> - Volume declined due to lower shipments of refrigerated products, rice and beans. The decline in refrigerated products was driven by the severe weather impacting the Chicago interchange. Rice shipments were lower as customers used lower priced corn as a substitute, while bean shipments declined due to a smaller harvest and higher prices for U.S. beans on the world market.

#### Industrial Sector

<u>Chemicals</u> - Volume growth was driven by an increase in energy-related shipments that included crude oil and liquefied petroleum gas (LPG). The rise in crude oil shipments to east coast refineries was due to increased supply of low cost crude from shale drilling activity.

<u>Automotive</u> - North American light vehicle production increased in the quarter, but rail shipments declined due to network disruptions caused by the severe winter weather.

<u>Metals</u> - Volume declined due to the severe weather and lower semi-finished steel products driven by a temporary shutdown of a customer's facility. These declines were partially offset by growth in steel plate shipments that support energy-related markets.

#### Housing and Construction Sector

<u>Forest Products</u> - Volume growth was led by an increase in building products and pulp board shipments used to produce packaging materials. Building products increased due to the continued recovery of the residential housing market. Pulp board shipments grew due to inventory replenishments that resulted from reduced production late last year.

<u>Minerals</u> - Volume declined in aggregates (which include crushed stone, sand and gravel) due to impacts of the severe weather. This decline was partially offset by growth in salt shipments due to increased application of road salt.

<u>Waste and Equipment</u> - Waste volume declined year-over-year as the severe weather disruptions impacted municipal and construction waste shipments. This decline was partially offset by increased movements of private railcars from storage locations due to car supply issues resulting from the severe weather.

### Coal

Coal volume slightly declined due to a decrease in shipments of export coal as a result of softening global market conditions. This decline was partially offset by an increase in domestic coal which was driven by competitive gains in the utility market and stronger northern utility demand as a result of the severe weather.

#### Intermodal

Domestic volume growth was driven by continued success with highway-to-rail conversions and strong demand for intermodal service offerings. International volume increased due to growth with our customers in global container shipments moving to inland destinations.

#### Other

Other revenue increased primarily due to higher revenue from customers who did not meet minimum contractual volumes.

### **EXPENSE**

Expenses in the first quarter 2014 increased \$190 million from the prior year's first quarter. Significant variances are described below.

Labor and Fringe expense increased \$47 million due to the following:

- Labor costs increased \$35 million due to weather disruptions that resulted in increased overtime by operating employees.
- Inflation increased expenses \$14 million.
- Other expenses decreased \$2 million as lower other expenses more than offset the increase in volume-related costs.

Materials, Supplies and Other expense increased \$122 million due to the following:

- In the prior year, the Company recognized gains of \$49 million related to the recognition of a deferred gain from a 2011 sale of an operating rail corridor as well as a closure agreement reached on a prior conveyance of a formerly-owned company. No gains were recognized in the current year.
- Utilities, materials and foreign locomotive costs were \$35 million higher in response to weather disruptions.
- Inflation and other costs increased expenses \$26 million.
- Train accident costs were \$12 million higher due to derailments which is reflected in the increase in the FRA train accident frequency rate.

<u>Fuel</u> expense increased \$2 million due to the combined impact of efficiency losses from weather disruptions and higher volume of \$22 million. This was partially offset by a \$20 million reduction from lower price. (See Fuel Statistics table below).

#### **FUEL STATISTICS**

	Quarters Ended					
(Dollars and Gallons In Millions, Except Price per Gallon)		Mar. 28, 2014		Mar. 29, 2013 <sup>(a)</sup>		Change
Estimated Locomotive Fuel Consumption (Gallons)		130.1		125.3		(4.8)
Price per Gallon (Dollars)	\$	3.14	\$	3.30	\$	0.16
Total Locomotive Fuel Expense	\$	408	\$	413	\$	5
Other		38		31		(7)
Total Fuel Expense	\$	446	\$	444	\$	(2)

<sup>(</sup>a) Prior periods price per gallon, total locomotive fuel expense and other have been reclassified to conform to current presentation.

### **EMPLOYEE COUNTS** (Estimated)

	2014	2013	Change			
January	31,410	31,043	367			
February	31,076	31,058	18			
March	31,040	30,928	112			
Average	31,175	31,010	165			

## **OPERATING STATISTICS** (Estimated)

	Quarters Ended			
	Mar. 28, 2014	Mar. 29, 2013	% Variance	
Coal (Millions of Tons)		,	_	
<u>Domestic</u>				
Utility	17.7	16.2	9 %	
Coke, Iron Ore and Other	4.8	4.7	2	
Total Domestic	22.5	20.9	8	
<u>Export</u>				
Metallurgical	6.2	7.0	(11)	
Thermal	4.3	5.3	(19)	
Total Export	10.5	12.3	(15)	
Total Coal	33.0	33.2	(1)%	
Revenue Ton-Miles (Billions)				
Merchandise	35.2	33.3	6 %	
Coal	16.0	16.3	(2)	
Intermodal	6.3	5.9	7	
Total	57.5	55.5	4 %	
Gross Ton-Miles (Billions)				
Total Gross Ton-Miles	104.0	102.2	2 %	
(Excludes locomotive gross ton-miles)				
Safety and Service Measurements				
FRA Personal Injury Frequency Index	0.96	0.76	(26)%	
(Number of FRA-reportable injuries per 200,000 man-hours)				
FRA Train Accident Rate	2.35	1.81	(30)%	
(Number of FRA-reportable train accidents per million train miles)			(,,-	
On-Time Train Originations	63%	91%	(31)%	
On-Time Destination Arrivals	51%	85%	(40)%	
Train Velocity (Miles per hour)	20.6	23.4	(12)%	
Dwell (Hours)	26.8	22.2	(21)%	
Cars-On-Line (a)	202,319	183,223	(10)%	
Resources				
Route Miles	20,772	20,839	— %	
Locomotives (Owned and long-term leased)	4,261	4,192	2 %	
Freight Cars (Owned and long-term leased)	67,707	69,057	(2)%	
Containers (Owned and long-term leased)	17,512	18,136	(3)%	

<sup>(</sup>a) Cars-on-line increased approximately 14,000 or 7.5% in 2014 due to a calculation error correction made by the American Association of Railroads in February 2014. This error impacted the industry cars-on-line since 2011. Previously reported amounts have not been adjusted to reflect this correction.

## **CSX Rail Network**

