



Camden Brickell
Miami, FL



Fixed Income
Investor Presentation
June 2024



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1Q24 Highlights

Strong Results

- Core FFO per diluted share of \$1.70 and Core AFFO per diluted share of \$1.50
- Same property revenue growth of 2.5% and same property NOI growth of 2.3%
- Stabilized Camden NoDa, a 387-unit community in Charlotte, NC
- Continued lease-up at Camden Durham, a 420-unit community in Durham, NC
- Continued lease-up at Camden Woodmill Creek, a 189-unit community in The Woodlands, TX
- Started lease-up at Camden Long Meadow Farms, a 188-unit community in Richmond, TX
- Disposed of Camden Vantage, a 592-unit community in Atlanta, GA for approximately \$115.0 million
- During the quarter, issued \$400 million of 10-year senior unsecured notes with a coupon of 4.90%, a yield of 4.94%, an effective interest rate of 5.06%. Proceeds were used to pay down the outstanding balance on our \$300 million unsecured term loan and to repay our \$250 million senior unsecured notes payable, which matured January 2024

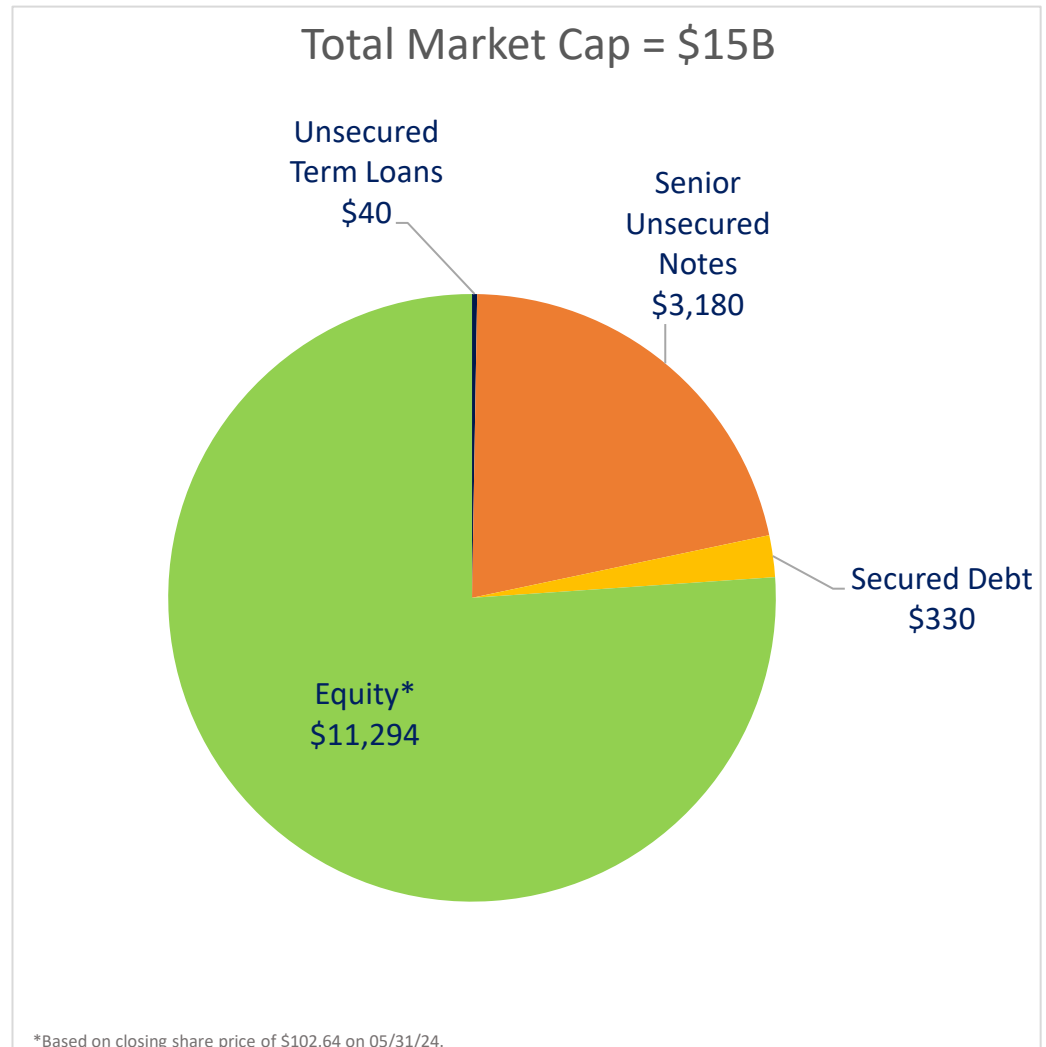
Strong Leverage Metrics

- 3.9x Net Debt-to-Annualized Adjusted EBITDAre
- 6.0x Total Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio
- 3.7x Unencumbered Real Estate Assets (at Cost) to Unsecured Debt Ratio
- 2.0% Total Secured Debt to Total Asset Value

Strong Capital Structure

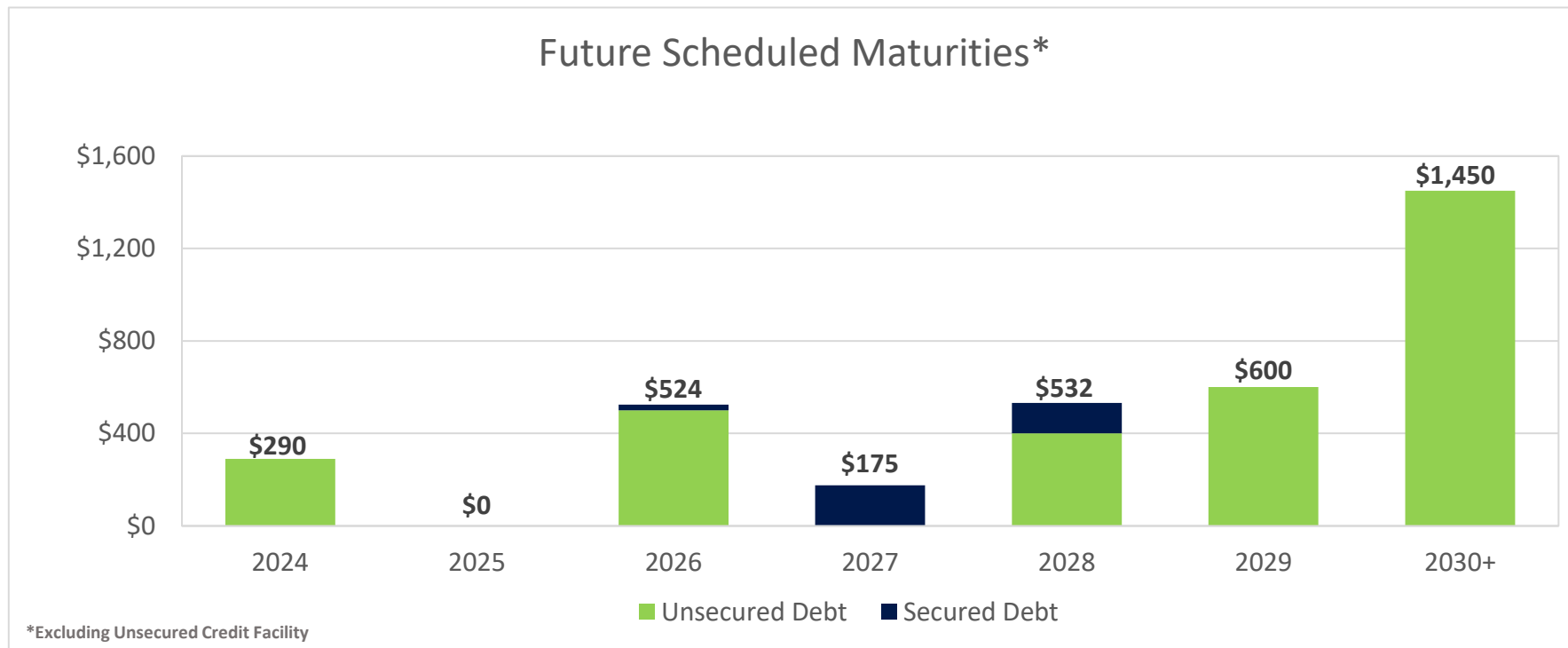
(\$ in millions – as of 05/31/24)

- \$1.2B available under \$1.2B unsecured credit facility
- Unencumbered asset pool of approximately \$16B
- 90.7% unsecured debt
- 84.9% fixed rate debt
- 4.2% weighted average interest rate on all debt
- 6.5 years weighted average maturity of debt



Manageable Debt Maturities

(\$ in millions – as of 05/31/24)



Percentage of Total Maturities	8.1%	0.0%	14.7%	4.9%	14.9%	16.8%	40.6%
Weighted Average Interest Rate	4.1%	0.0%	6.6%	3.9%	3.8%	3.8%	3.6%

Covenants, Ratios, & Ratings

Unsecured Bond Covenants & Ratios	1Q24	4Q23	3Q23	2Q23	Covenant
Total Consolidated Debt to Total Asset Value	26%	27%	27%	28%	≤ 60%
Total Secured Debt to Total Asset Value	2%	2%	2%	2%	≤ 40%
Total Unencumbered Asset Value to Total Unsecured Debt	377%	365%	364%	358%	≥ 150%
Consolidated Income Available for Debt Service to Total Annual Service Charges	580%	622%	589%	563%	> 150%
Net Debt-to-Annualized Adjusted EBITDAre	3.9x	4.0x	4.1x	4.2x	-
Total Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio	6.0x	5.9x	5.9x	5.8x	-
Unencumbered NOI to Total NOI	93.5%	93.4%	93.5%	93.5%	-

Strong Credit Ratings

Moody's

A3
Stable

Fitch

A-
Stable

Standard & Poor's

A-
Stable

Non-GAAP Financial Measures Definitions & Reconciliations

This document contains certain non-GAAP financial measures management believes are useful in evaluating an equity REIT's performance. Camden's definitions and calculations of non-GAAP financial measures may differ from those used by other REITs, and thus may not be comparable. The non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as an alternative to net income as an indication of our operating performance, or to net cash provided by operating activities as a measure of our liquidity. For further definitions please see the Company's 1Q24 Earnings Release and Supplemental Information dated May 2, 2024, and the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

FFO

The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") currently defines FFO as net income (computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP")), excluding depreciation and amortization related to real estate, gains (or losses) from the sale of certain real estate assets (depreciable real estate), impairments of certain real estate assets (depreciable real estate), gains or losses from change in control, and adjustments for unconsolidated joint ventures to reflect FFO on the same basis. Our calculation of diluted FFO also assumes conversion of all potentially dilutive securities, including certain non-controlling interests, which are convertible into common shares. We consider FFO to be an appropriate supplemental measure of operating performance because, by excluding gains or losses on dispositions of depreciable real estate, and depreciation, FFO can assist in the comparison of the operating performance of a company's real estate investments between periods or to different companies.

Core FFO

Core FFO represents FFO as further adjusted for items not considered part of our core business operations, such as casualty-related expenses, net of (recoveries), severance, legal costs, net below market lease amortization, and miscellaneous (income)/expense adjustments. We consider Core FFO to be a helpful supplemental measure of operating performance as it excludes not only depreciation expense of real estate assets, but it also excludes certain items which by their nature are not comparable period over period and therefore tends to obscure actual operating performance. Our definition of Core FFO may differ from other REITs, and there can be no assurance our basis for computing this measure is comparable to other REITs.

Core Adjusted FFO

In addition to FFO & Core FFO, we compute Core Adjusted FFO ("Core AFFO") as a supplemental measure of operating performance. Core AFFO is calculated utilizing Core FFO less recurring capital expenditures which are necessary to help preserve the value of and maintain the functionality at our communities. Our definition of recurring capital expenditures may differ from other REITs, and there can be no assurance our basis for computing this measure is comparable to other REITs.

Net Operating Income (NOI)

NOI is defined by the Company as property revenue less property operating and maintenance expenses less real estate taxes. NOI is further detailed in the Components of Property NOI schedules in the supplement to our financial statements. The Company considers NOI to be an appropriate supplemental measure of operating performance to net income because it reflects the operating performance of our communities without allocation of corporate level property management overhead or general and administrative costs.

EBITDAre

Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, and Amortization for Real Estate ("EBITDAre") and Adjusted EBITDAre are supplemental measures of our financial performance. EBITDAre is calculated in accordance with the definition adopted by NAREIT as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization plus or minus losses and gains on the disposition of depreciated property, including gains (losses) on change of control, plus impairment write-downs of depreciated property with adjustments to reflect the Company's share of EBITDAre of unconsolidated joint ventures.

Adjusted EBITDAre

Adjusted EBITDAre represents EBITDAre as further adjusted for non-core items. Adjusted EBITDAre excludes equity in (income) loss of joint ventures, (gain) loss on land, and loss on early retirement of debt. The Company considers EBITDAre and Adjusted EBITDAre to be appropriate supplemental measures of operating performance to net income because it represents income before non-cash depreciation and the cost of debt, and excludes gains or losses from property dispositions. Annualized Adjusted EBITDAre is Adjusted EBITDAre as reported for the period multiplied by 4 for quarter results.

Net Debt to Annualized Adjusted EBITDA

The Company believes Net Debt to Annualized Adjusted EBITDAre to be an appropriate supplemental measure of evaluating balance sheet leverage. Net Debt is defined by the Company as the average monthly balance of Total Debt during the period, less the average monthly balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents during the period.

