UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON D.C. 20549

	WASHINGTON, D.C. 2034	,
	FORM 10-Q	_
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT T ■ 1934	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) O	F THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
FOR THE	QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED J OR	JUNE 30, 2024
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT T 1934	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) O	OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
	SITION PERIOD FROM OMMISSION FILE NUMBER 1-3	
	RON'S COMP	
Georgia (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		85-2483376 (I. R. S. Employer Identification No.)
400 Galleria Parkway SE Suite 300 (Address of principal executive office	Atlanta Georgia	30339-3182 (Zip Code)
(Re	(678) 402-3000 gistrant's telephone number, including are	a code)
(Former name, for	Not Applicable rmer address and former fiscal year, if char	nged since last report)
Securities	registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:
Title of each class Common Stock, \$0.50 Par Value	Trading Symbol AAN	Name of each exchange on which registered New York Stock Exchange
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (I) has filed during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period the requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □	hat the registrant was required to file	such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing

4 duı rec Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an

emerging growth company. See the definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer		Accelerated filer	\boxtimes
Non-Accelerated Filer		Smaller Reporting Company	
		Emerging Growth Company	
If an emerging growth company, ind	licate by check mark it	f the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any	

new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. □ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \square No \boxtimes Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. Shares Outstanding as of August 2, 2024 Title of Each Class

Common Stock, \$0.50 Par Value

30,712,772

THE AARON'S COMPANY, INC.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE AARON'S COMPANY, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	(Unaudited June 30, 2024			December 31, 2023
		(In Thousands, E	xcept S	Share Data)
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	34,161	\$	59,035
Accounts Receivable (net of allowances of \$9,203 at June 30, 2024 and \$9,029 at December 31, 2023)		35,050		39,782
Lease Merchandise (net of accumulated depreciation and allowances of \$410,185 at June 30, 2024 and \$411,641 at December 31, 2023)		622,645		622,262
Merchandise Inventories, Net		88,517		90,172
Property, Plant and Equipment, Net		263,002		269,833
Operating Lease Right-of-Use Assets		447,405		465,824
Goodwill		55,750		55,750
Other Intangibles, Net		103,175		108,158
Income Tax Receivable		8,490		10,363
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		112,861		105,397
Total Assets	\$	1,771,056	\$	1,826,576
LIABILITIES & SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	273,230	\$	292,175
Deferred Tax Liabilities		76,170		83,217
Customer Deposits and Advance Payments		62,830		68,391
Operating Lease Liabilities		485,377		502,692
Debt		215,763		193,963
Total Liabilities		1,113,370		1,140,438
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 5)				
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Common Stock, Par Value \$0.50 Per Share: Authorized: 112,500,000 Shares at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023; Shares Issued: 37,189,351 at June 30, 2024 and 36,656,650 at December 31,				
2023		18,595		18,328
Additional Paid-in Capital		756,207		750,751
Retained Earnings		32,252		66,202
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		(257)		(1,355)
		806,797		833,926
Treasury Shares at Cost: 6,476,579 Shares at June 30, 2024 and 6,295,216 Shares at December 31, 2023		(149,111)		(147,788)
Total Shareholders' Equity		657,686		686,138
Total Liabilities & Shareholders' Equity	\$	1,771,056	\$	1,826,576

THE AARON'S COMPANY, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF (LOSS) EARNINGS

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Ended	Six Months En June 30,		ded
	2024		2023	2024		2023
			(In Thousands, Except Per	Share Data)		
REVENUES:						
Lease Revenues and Fees	\$ 335,658	\$	353,751 \$,	\$	727,546
Retail Sales	139,549		148,046	276,478		298,592
Non-Retail Sales	22,062		22,800	44,704		46,735
Franchise Royalties and Other Revenues	 5,856		5,775	11,773		11,860
	503,125		530,372	1,014,622		1,084,733
COSTS OF REVENUES:						
Depreciation of Lease Merchandise and Other Lease Revenue Costs	108,275		117,400	220,815		242,541
Retail Cost of Sales	104,310		111,284	210,272		224,813
Non-Retail Cost of Sales	 18,522		19,416	37,634		39,413
	231,107		248,100	468,721		506,767
GROSS PROFIT	272,018		282,272	545,901		577,966
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personnel Costs	126,326		124,945	251,394		256,390
Other Operating Expenses, Net	126,563		121,670	258,498		245,815
Provision for Lease Merchandise Write-Offs	20,565		19,001	41,072		39,161
Restructuring Expenses, Net	2,928		4,835	10,826		10,124
Separation Costs	_		_	17		129
Acquisition-Related Costs	7,981		546	8,861		2,394
	284,363		270,997	570,668		554,013
OPERATING (LOSS) PROFIT	(12,345)		11,275	(24,767)		23,953
Interest Expense	(4,161)		(3,910)	(8,695)		(8,268)
Other Non-Operating Income, Net	256		637	893		1,209
(LOSS) EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(16,250)		8,002	(32,569)		16,894
INCOME TAX (BENEFIT) EXPENSE	(4,347)		1,485	(6,485)		(2,421)
NET (LOSS) EARNINGS	\$ (11,903)	\$	6,517 \$	(26,084)	\$	19,315
(LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE	\$ (0.39)	\$	0.21 \$	(0.85)	\$	0.63
(LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE ASSUMING DILUTION	\$ (0.39)	\$	0.21 \$	(0.85)	\$	0.62

THE AARON'S COMPANY, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME

(Unaudited)

		Three Months I June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(In Thousands)		2024	2023	2024	2023	
Net (Loss) Earnings	\$	(11,903) \$	6,517 \$	(26,084) \$	19,315	
Other Comprehensive Income:						
Unrealized Gain on Derivative Instruments, net of Tax ¹		137	1,685	1,292	695	
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment, net of Tax ²		(76)	180	(194)	504	
Total Other Comprehensive Income		61	1,865	1,098	1,199	
Comprehensive (Loss) Income	\$	(11,842) \$	8,382 \$	(24,986) \$	20,514	

¹ The Unrealized Gain on Derivative Instruments is presented net of tax expense of \$0.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to being presented net of tax expense of \$0.2 million in the comparable period of 2023, respectively. The tax impact on Derivative Instruments was not significant for the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to a tax expense of \$0.5 million in the comparable period of 2023, respectively.

²The Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment is presented net of a tax benefit of \$0.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to being presented net of a tax benefit of \$0.3 million in the comparable period of 2023, respectively. The tax component for the Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment for the three months ended June 30, 2024 was insignificant, compared to tax expense of \$0.1 million in the comparable period of 2023, respectively.

THE AARON'S COMPANY, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30,

	June 30,			
		2024	20	23
		(In Tho	usands)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net (Loss) Earnings	\$	(26,084)	\$	19,315
Adjustments to Reconcile Net (Loss) Earnings to Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation of Lease Merchandise		217,175		238,783
Other Depreciation and Amortization		46,035		44,837
Provision for Lease Merchandise Write-Offs		41,072		39,161
Accounts Receivable Provision		20,342		21,111
Stock-Based Compensation		5,400		5,835
Deferred Income Taxes		(9,154)		(6,553)
Impairment of Assets		4,226		1,716
Non-Cash Lease Expense		60,553		58,755
Other Changes, Net		(5,015)		(3,398)
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:				
Lease Merchandise		(262,449)		(221,851)
Merchandise Inventories		1,655		3,285
Accounts Receivable		(15,613)		(13,019)
Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		(3,752)		(6,935)
Income Tax Receivable		1,873		(4,504)
Operating Lease Right-of-Use Assets and Liabilities		(61,473)		(59,811)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		(16,139)		1,712
Customer Deposits and Advance Payments		(5,561)		(4,075)
Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities		(6,909)		114,364
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		(0,505)		111,501
Purchases of Property, Plant, and Equipment		(40,275)		(41,565)
Proceeds from Dispositions of Property, Plant, and Equipment		8,145		4,878
Proceeds from Other Investing-Related Activities		2,042		7,070
Cash Used in Investing Activities	_			(26 697)
•		(30,088)		(36,687)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		2 000		(10.250)
Borrowings (Repayments) on Swing Line Loans, Net		3,900		(19,250)
Proceeds from Revolver and Term Loan		21,094		31,094
Repayments on Revolver and Term Loan		(3,281)		(68,281)
Dividends Paid		(7,825)		(7,306)
Acquisition of Treasury Stock		_		(804)
Issuance of Stock Under Stock Option Plans		323		60
Shares Withheld for Tax Payments		(1,323)		(2,539)
Debt Modification Costs		(729)		
Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities		12,159		(67,026)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND RESTRICTED CASH		(36)		2
(Decrease) Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash		(24,874)		10,653
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash at Beginning of Period		60,660		29,341
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents		34,161		38,369
Restricted Cash included in Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets		1,625		1,625
Total Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash at End of Period	\$	35,786	\$	39,994

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1. BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For a discussion of trends that we believe have affected our business during the periods covered by these financial statements, see Part I, Item 2. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", including the "Highlights," "Consolidated Results of Operations" and "Liquidity and Capital Resources", below, and Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on February 29, 2024 (the "2023 Annual Report").

Description of Business

The Company is a leading, technology-enabled, omni-channel provider of lease-to-own ("LTO") and retail purchase solutions of furniture, electronics, appliances, and other home goods across its brands: Aaron's, BrandsMart U.S.A., BrandsMart Leasing, and Woodhaven Furniture Industries ("Woodhaven").

As of June 30, 2024, the Company's operating and reportable segments are the Aaron's Business and BrandsMart, each as described below.

The Aaron's Business segment is comprised of (i) Aaron's branded Company-operated and franchise operated stores; (ii) aarons.com e-commerce platform ("aarons.com"); (iii) Woodhaven; and (iv) BrandsMart Leasing (collectively, the "Aaron's Business").

The operations of BrandsMart U.S.A. (excluding BrandsMart Leasing) comprise the BrandsMart segment (collectively, "BrandsMart").

Aaron's Business Segment

Since its founding in 1955, Aaron's has been committed to serving the overlooked and underserved customer with a dedication to inclusion and improving the communities in which it operates. Through a portfolio of approximately 1,210 stores and its aarons.com e-commerce platform, Aaron's, together with its franchisees, provide consumers with LTO and retail purchase solutions for the products they need and want, with a focus on providing its customers with unparalleled customer service, high approval rates, lease plan flexibility, and an attractive value proposition, including competitive monthly payments and total cost of ownership, as compared to other LTO providers.

Woodhaven manufactures and supplies a significant portion of the upholstered furniture leased and sold in Company-operated and franchised Aaron's stores. Launched in 2022, BrandsMart Leasing offers LTO purchase solutions to customers of BrandsMart U.S.A.

BrandsMart Segment

Founded in 1977, BrandsMart U.S.A. is one of the leading appliance and consumer electronics retailers in the southeast United States and one of the largest appliance retailers in the country with 12 stores in Florida and Georgia and a growing e-commerce presence on brandsmartusa.com. The operations of BrandsMart U.S.A. (other than BrandsMart Leasing) comprise the BrandsMart segment.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and comparable prior year period reflect the historical results of operations, financial position and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"). Intercompany balances and transactions between consolidated entities have been eliminated and reflect the historical results of operations, financial position and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP").

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements do not include all information required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the 2023 Annual Report. The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 are not necessarily indicative of operating results that may be achieved for any other interim period or for the full year.

(Unaudited)

Agreement and Plan of Merger with IQVentures

On June 16, 2024, The Aaron's Company, Inc., a Georgia corporation (the "Company"), entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with IQVentures Holdings, LLC, an Ohio limited liability company ("Parent" or "IQVentures"), and Polo Merger Sub, Inc., a newly formed Georgia corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Parent ("Merger Sub"). The Merger Agreement provides for the acquisition of the Company by Parent by means of a merger of Merger Sub with and into the Company (the "Merger"), with the Company surviving the Merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of Parent.

At the time the Merger becomes effective (the "Effective Time"), each share of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.50 per share issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time (other than dissenting shares, treasury shares and shares owned by Parent or any direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Parent), will be converted automatically into the right to receive \$10.10 in cash, without interest. The Company's Board of Directors has approved the Merger Agreement, but completion of the Merger is subject to certain other customary conditions, including approval by the Company's shareholders.

The Merger Agreement contains customary termination rights for the Company and Parent, including the payment of termination fees under specified circumstances. The Merger Agreement also contains customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company, including covenants to conduct its business in the ordinary course during the interim period between the execution of the Merger Agreement and the consummation of the Merger and not to engage in certain types of transactions during this interim period without the prior written consent of Parent. The consummation of the Merger is not subject to any financing condition. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, the Company is permitted to continue to pay its regular quarterly dividend, not in excess of \$0.125 per share.

For further information on the Merger and the Merger Agreement, refer to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 17, 2024.

Other than transaction-related expenses associated with the proposed Merger of \$7.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, which are included within acquisition-related costs in the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings, the terms of the Merger Agreement did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Accounting Policies and Estimates

See Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements in the 2023 Annual Report for an expanded discussion of accounting policies and estimates.

Acquisition-Related Costs

Prior to the three months ended June 30, 2024, acquisition-related costs had been comprised of costs associated with the acquisition of BrandsMart U.S.A in April 2022. The Company began incurring acquisition-related costs related to the planned merger with IQVentures during the three months ended June 30, 2024.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company incurred acquisition-related costs associated with the acquisition of BrandsMart U.S.A. of \$0.5 million and \$1.4 million, which were primarily comprised of consulting, legal expenses, and retention bonuses. For the three months ended June 30, 2024, the Company incurred \$7.5 million in acquisition-related costs comprised primarily of advisory and legal fees related to the merger with IQVentures.

(Loss) Earnings Per Share

(Loss) earnings per share is computed by dividing net (loss) earnings by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. The computation of (loss) earnings per share assuming dilution includes the dilutive effect of stock options, RSUs, RSAs, PSUs and other awards issuable under the Company's Employee Stock Purchase Program (collectively, "share-based awards") as determined under the treasury stock method, unless the inclusion of such awards would be anti-dilutive.

The following table shows the calculation of weighted-average shares outstanding assuming dilution:

	Three Months I June 30,	Ended	ended S	
(Shares In Thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	30,785	30,993	30,669	30,894
Dilutive Effect of Share-Based Awards ¹	_	314	_	380
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding Assuming Dilution	30,785	31,307	30,669	31,274

(Unaudited)

Approximately 1.2 million weighted-average share-based awards were excluded from the computation of earnings per share assuming dilution during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, as the awards would have been anti-dilutive for the period.

Revenue Recognition

The Company provides lease and retail merchandise, consisting of appliances, electronics, furniture, and other home goods to its customers for lease under certain terms agreed to by the customer and through retail sales. The Company's Aaron's stores, aarons.com e-commerce platform, and BrandsMart Leasing components of the Aaron's Business segment offer lease agreements that grant customers an option to purchase the leased merchandise by either renewing the lease agreement a specified number of times, 12, 18 or 24 times, for up to 30 days each time, or by exercising an early purchase option. The Aaron's Business segment also earns revenue from the sale of merchandise to customers and Aaron's franchisees, and earns ongoing revenue from Aaron's franchisees in the form of royalties and through advertising efforts that benefit the franchisees.

The Company's BrandsMart U.S.A. stores and related brandsmartusa.com e-commerce platform offer the sale of merchandise directly to its customers via retail sales.

See Note 4 to these condensed consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the Company's revenue recognition policies and disclosures.

Advertising

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising production costs are initially recognized as a prepaid advertising asset and are expensed when an advertisement appears for the first time. The prepaid advertising asset was \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, and is reported within prepaid expenses and other assets on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Total advertising costs are classified within other operating expenses, net in the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings. These advertising costs are presented net of cooperative advertising considerations received from vendors, which represents reimbursement of specific, identifiable and incremental costs incurred in selling those vendors' products, and are recorded as a reduction of advertising costs.

The following table shows total advertising costs, net of cooperative advertising consideration:

	 Three Months Endo June 30,	ed	Six Months Ended June 30,		
(In Thousands)	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Advertising Costs, Gross	\$ 19,866 \$	15,269 \$	47,551 \$	35,682	
Less: Cooperative Advertising Considerations	(8,101)	(8,656)	(17,000)	(16,115)	
Advertising Costs, Net	\$ 11,765 \$	6,613 \$	30,551 \$	19,567	

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of receivables due from customers on lease agreements, corporate receivables incurred during the normal course of business (primarily for vendor consideration and third-party warranty providers), and franchisee obligations.

Accounts receivable, net of allowances, consist of the following:

(In Thousands)	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Customers	\$ 9,800	\$ 8,737
Corporate	17,395	23,660
Franchisee	 7,855	7,385
	\$ 35,050	\$ 39,782

The Company maintains an accounts receivable allowance for the Aaron's Business customer lease agreements, under which its policy is to record a provision for returns and uncollectible contractually due renewal payments based on historical payments experience, which is recognized as a reduction of lease revenues and fees within the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings. Other qualitative factors are considered in estimating the allowance, such as current and forecasted business

¹ There was no dilutive effect of share-based awards for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 due to the net loss incurred in those periods.

(Unaudited)

trends. The Company writes off customer lease receivables for its Aaron's Business operations that are 60 days or more past due on pre-determined dates twice monthly. The Company writes off customer lease receivables for its BrandsMart Leasing operations that are 90 days or more past due on pre-determined dates twice monthly.

The Company also maintains an allowance for outstanding franchisee accounts receivable. The Company's policy is to estimate future losses related to certain franchisees that are deemed to have a higher risk of non-payment and record an allowance for these estimated losses. The estimated allowance on franchisee accounts receivable includes consideration of the financial position of each franchisee and qualitative consideration of potential losses associated with uncertainties impacting the franchisee's ability to satisfy their obligations. Uncertainties include inflationary and other economic pressures in the current macroeconomic environment. Accordingly, actual accounts receivable write-offs could differ from the allowance. The provision for uncollectible franchisee accounts receivable is recorded as bad debt expense in other operating expenses, net within the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings.

The allowance related to corporate receivables is not significant as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

The following table shows the components of the accounts receivable allowance:

	Six Months Ended June 30,					
(In Thousands)		2024		2023		
Beginning Balance	\$	9,029	\$	8,895		
Accounts Written Off, net of Recoveries		(20,168)		(22,108)		
Accounts Receivable Provision		20,342		21,111		
Ending Balance	\$	9,203	\$	7,898		

The following table shows the components of the accounts receivable provision, which includes amounts recognized for bad debt expense and the provision for returns and uncollected payments:

	Six Months Ended June 30,						
(In Thousands)		2024	2023				
Bad Debt (Reversal) Expense	\$	(117) \$	25				
Provision for Returns and Uncollectible Renewal Payments		20,459	21,086				
Accounts Receivable Provision	\$	20,342 \$	21,111				

Lease Merchandise

The Company's lease merchandise is recorded at the lower of depreciated cost, including overhead costs from our distribution centers, or net realizable value. The cost of merchandise manufactured by our Woodhaven operations is recorded at cost and includes overhead from production facilities, shipping costs and warehousing costs. The Company begins depreciating furniture and appliances at the earlier of the lease date or 24 months and one day from its purchase, while all other lease merchandise begins depreciating at the earlier of the lease date or 12 months and one day from its purchase. Lease merchandise fully depreciates over the lease agreement period when on lease, generally 12 to 24 months, and generally 36 months when not on lease. Depreciation is accelerated upon early payout.

The following is a summary of lease merchandise, net of accumulated depreciation and allowances:

(In Thousands)	Ju	ne 30, 2024	Decembe	r 31, 2023
Merchandise on Lease, net of Accumulated Depreciation and Allowances	\$	412,016	\$	419,531
Merchandise Not on Lease, net of Accumulated Depreciation and Allowances ¹		210,629		202,731
Lease Merchandise, net of Accumulated Depreciation and Allowances	\$	622,645	\$	622,262

¹ Includes Woodhaven's inventory, which is primarily comprised of raw materials, that has been classified within lease merchandise in the condensed consolidated balance sheets of \$12.6 million and \$8.7 million as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively.

(Unaudited)

The Aaron's store-based operations' policies require weekly merchandise counts at its store-based operations, which include write-offs for unsalable, damaged, or missing merchandise inventories. Monthly cycle counting procedures are performed at both the Aaron's distribution centers and Woodhaven manufacturing facilities. Physical inventories are also taken at the manufacturing facilities annually. The Company also monitors merchandise levels and mix by division, store, and distribution center, as well as the average age of merchandise on hand. If obsolete merchandise cannot be returned to vendors, its carrying amount is adjusted to its net realizable value or written off. Generally, all merchandise not on lease is available for lease or sale. On a monthly basis, all damaged, lost or unsalable merchandise identified is written off and is included as a component of the provision for lease merchandise write-offs in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings.

The Company records a provision for write-offs using the allowance method, which is included within lease merchandise, net within the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The allowance method for lease merchandise write-offs estimates the merchandise losses incurred but not yet identified by management as of the end of the accounting period based primarily on historical write-off experience. Other qualitative factors are considered in estimating the allowance, such as seasonality and the impacts of uncertainty surrounding inflationary and other economic pressures in the current macroeconomic environment. Therefore, actual lease merchandise write-offs could differ from the allowance. The provision for write-offs is included in provision for lease merchandise write-offs in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings. The Company writes off lease merchandise on lease agreements that are 60 days or more past due on pre-determined dates twice monthly. The Company writes off lease merchandise on lease agreements for its BrandsMart Leasing operations that are 90 days or more past due on pre-determined dates twice monthly.

The following table shows the components of the allowance for lease merchandise write-offs:

	June 30,						
(In Thousands)		2024		2023			
Beginning Balance	\$	12,912	\$	13,894			
Merchandise Written off, net of Recoveries		(41,257)		(39,181)			
Provision for Write-offs		41,072		39,161			
Ending Balance	\$	12,727	\$	13,874			

Merchandise Inventories

The Company's merchandise inventories are stated at the lower of weighted average cost or net realizable value and consist entirely of merchandise held for sale by the BrandsMart segment. In-bound freight-related costs from vendors, net of allowances and vendor rebates, are included as part of the net cost of merchandise inventories. Costs associated with storing and transporting merchandise inventories to our retail stores are expensed as incurred and included within retail cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings.

The Company periodically evaluates aged and distressed inventory and establishes an inventory markdown which represents the excess of the carrying value over the amount the Company expects to realize from the ultimate sale of the inventory. Markdowns establish a new cost basis for the inventory and are recorded within retail cost of sales within the condensed consolidated statement of (loss) earnings. The write-offs of merchandise inventories associated with the Company's cycle and physical inventory count processes are also included within retail cost of sales in the condensed consolidated statement of (loss) earnings. The Company records an inventory reserve for the anticipated loss associated with selling inventories below cost. This reserve is based on management's current knowledge with respect to inventory levels, sales trends, and historical experience selling or disposing of aged or obsolete inventory.

The following is a summary of merchandise inventories, net of allowances:

(In Thousands)	Jı	une 30, 2024	1	December 31, 2023
Merchandise Inventories, gross	\$	89,884	\$	91,093
Reserve for Merchandise Inventories		(1,367)		(921)
Merchandise Inventories, net	\$	88,517	\$	90,172

(Unaudited)

Siv Months Ended

The following table shows the components of the reserve for merchandise inventories:

	June 30,	·u
(In Thousands)	2024	2023
Beginning Balance	\$ 921 \$	981
Merchandise Written off	(102)	_
Provision for Write-offs	548	(60)
Ending Balance	\$ 1,367 \$	921

Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets

Prepaid expenses and other assets consist of the following:

(In Thousands)	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Prepaid Expenses	\$ 14,513	\$ 14,482
Insurance Related Assets	37,381	33,035
Company-Owned Life Insurance	16,102	15,231
Deferred Tax Assets	26,138	24,137
Other Assets ^{1,2}	18,727	18,512
	\$ 112,861	\$ 105,397

¹ Amounts as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 included restricted cash of \$1.6 million held as collateral for BrandsMart U.S.A.'s workers' compensation and general liability insurance policies.

Sale-Leaseback Transactions

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company entered into two sale and leaseback transactions related to four Company-owned Aaron's store properties. Net proceeds from the sales were \$5.4 million, all of which was received during the six months ended June 30, 2024. Such proceeds are presented within proceeds from dispositions of property, plant and equipment in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The Company recognized a gain of \$3.3 million associated with these transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2024, which was classified within other operating expenses, net in the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings.

² Amounts included \$1.9 million and \$0.9 million as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, of certain properties classified as held for sale. Assets held for sale are recorded at the lower of their carrying value or fair value less estimated cost to sell and are classified within prepaid expenses and other assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Depreciation is suspended on assets upon classification as held for sale. The highest and best use of these assets is as real estate land parcels for development or real estate properties for use or lease, though the Company has chosen not to develop or use these properties, and plans to sell them to third parties as quickly as practicable.

(Unaudited)

Interest Rate Swap

In March 2023, the Company entered into a non-speculative interest rate swap agreement for an aggregate notional amount of \$100.0 million with an effective date of April 28, 2023 and a termination date of March 31, 2027. The purpose of this hedge is to limit the Company's exposure of its variable interest rate debt by effectively converting it to fixed interest rate debt. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company will receive a floating interest rate based on 1-month Chicago Mercantile Exchange ("CME") Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") and pay a fixed interest rate of 3.87% on the notional amount. The interest rate swap is designated as a cash flow hedge. Changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap are recorded quarterly, net of income tax, and included as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

During the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company reclassified \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million of net gains from accumulated other comprehensive loss to interest expense compared to \$0.2 million of net gains reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss to interest expense in the same period of the prior year. See Note 2 to these condensed consolidated financial statements for further information regarding the fair value determination of the Company's interest rate swap agreement.

Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consist of the following:

(In Thousands)	June 30, 2024			December 31, 2023
Accounts Payable	\$	114,293	\$	134,191
Estimated Claims Liability Costs		64,527		64,082
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		39,411		39,058
Accrued Real Estate and Sales Taxes		18,814		20,146
Other Accrued Expenses and Liabilities		36,185		34,698
	\$	273,230	\$	292,175

Estimated Claims Liability Costs

Estimated claims liability costs are accrued primarily for workers compensation and vehicle liability at the Aaron's Business segment, as well as general liability and group health insurance benefits provided to team members. These liabilities are recorded within estimated claims liability costs within accounts payable and accrued expenses in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Estimates for these claims liabilities are made based on actual reported but unpaid claims and actuarial analysis of the projected claims run off for both reported and incurred but not reported claims. This analysis is based upon an assessment of the likely outcome or historical experience and considers a variety of factors, including the actuarial loss forecasts, company-specific development factors, general industry loss development factors and third-party claim administrator loss estimates of individual claims. The Company makes periodic prepayments to its insurance carriers to cover the projected claims run off for both reported and incurred but not reported claims, considering its retention or stop loss limits. In addition, we have prefunding balances on deposit and other insurance receivables with the insurance carriers which are recorded within prepaid expenses and other assets in our condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price paid over the fair value of the identifiable net tangible and intangible assets acquired in connection with business acquisitions. BrandsMart and BrandsMart Leasing are the only reporting units with goodwill as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. Impairment occurs when the reporting unit's carrying value exceeds its fair value. The Company's goodwill is not amortized but is subject to an impairment test at the reporting unit level annually as of October 1 and more frequently if events or circumstances include a sustained decline in the Company's stock price, prolonged negative industry or economic trends and significant underperformance relative to historical results, projected future operating results, or the Company failing to successfully execute on one or more elements of Company's strategic plans.

We may be required to recognize material impairments to the BrandsMart or BrandsMart Leasing goodwill balances in the future if: (i) we fail to successfully execute on one or more elements of the BrandsMart strategic plan; (ii) actual results are unfavorable to our estimates and assumptions used to calculate fair value; (iii) the BrandsMart or BrandsMart Leasing carrying values increase without an associated increase in fair value; and/or (iv) BrandsMart or BrandsMart Leasing is materially impacted by further deterioration of macroeconomic conditions, including inflation and rising interest rates.

(Unaudited)

The Company completed its annual goodwill impairment test for BrandsMart and BrandsMart Leasing as of October 1, 2023, and concluded that no impairment had occurred. The Company determined that there were no events or circumstances that occurred during the three months ended June 30, 2024, that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of BrandsMart or BrandsMart Leasing below their carrying amounts, Goodwill allocated to the BrandsMart and BrandsMart Leasing reporting units on June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 was \$29.2 million and \$26.5 million, respectively.

Stockholders' Equity

Changes in stockholders' equity for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Treasu	ry Stock	Stock Common Stock						
(In Thousands, Except Per Share)	Shares	Amount	Shares	Aı	mount	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2023	(6,295)	\$ (147,788)	36,657	\$	18,328	\$ 750,751	\$ 66,202	\$ (1,355)	\$ 686,138
Cash Dividends, \$0.125 per share	_	_	_		_	_	(3,929)	_	(3,929)
Stock-Based Compensation	_	_	_		_	2,721	_	_	2,721
Issuance of Shares under Equity Plans	(174)	(1,250)	438		219	(219)	_	_	(1,250)
Net Loss	_	_	_		_	_	(14,181)	_	(14,181)
Unrealized Gain on Derivative Instruments, net of Tax	_	_	_		_	_	_	1,155	1,155
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment, net of tax	_	_	_		_	_	_	(118)	(118)
Balance, March 31, 2024	(6,469)	\$ (149,038)	37,095	\$	18,547	\$ 753,253	\$ 48,092	\$ (318)	\$ 670,536
Cash Dividends, \$0.125 per share	_	_	_			_	(3,937)	_	(3,937)
Stock-Based Compensation	_	_	_		_	2,679	_	_	2,679
Issuance of Shares under Equity Plans	(8)	(73)	94		48	275	_	_	250
Net Loss	_	_	_		_	_	(11,903)	_	(11,903)
Unrealized Gain on Derivative Instruments, net of Tax	_	_	_		_	_	_	137	137
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment, net of tax	_	_	_		_	_	_	(76)	(76)
Balance, June 30, 2024	(6,477)	\$ (149,111)	37,189	\$	18,595	\$ 756,207	\$ 32,252	\$ (257)	\$ 657,686

(Unaudited)

	Treasur	y Stock	Comm	on S	tock						
(In Thousands, Except Per Share)	Shares	Amount	Shares		Amount	P	Additional aid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	ccumulated Other omprehensive Loss	То	tal Shareholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2022	(5,480)	\$ (138,753)	36,100	\$	18,050	\$	738,428	\$ 79,073	\$ (1,396)	\$	695,402
Cash Dividends, \$0.125 per share	_	_	_		_		_	(3,966)	_		(3,966)
Stock-Based Compensation	_	_	_		_		2,874	_	_		2,874
Issuance of Shares Under Equity Plans	(207)	(2,539)	496		248		(248)	_	_		(2,539)
Net Earnings	_	_	_		_		_	12,798	_		12,798
Unrealized Loss on Derivative Instruments, net of tax	_	_	_		_		_	_	(990)		(990)
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment	_	_	_		_		_	_	324		324
Balance, March 31, 2023	(5,687)	\$ (141,292)	36,596	\$	18,298	\$	741,054	\$ 87,905	\$ (2,062)	\$	703,903
Cash Dividends, \$0.125 per share					_			(3,874)			(3,874)
Stock-Based Compensation	_	_	_		_		2,913	_	_		2,913
Issuance of Shares Under Equity Plans	_	_	24		12		48	_	_		60
Acquisition of Treasury Stock	(66)	(804)	_		_		_	_	_		(804)
Net Earnings	_	_	_		_		_	6,517			6,517
Unrealized Gain on Derivative Instruments, net of Tax	_	_	_		_		_	_	1,685		1,685
Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment, net of Tax	_	_	_		_		_	_	180		180
Balance, June 30, 2023	(5,753)	\$ (142,096)	36,620	\$	18,310	\$	744,015	\$ 90,548	\$ (197)	\$	710,580

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. To increase the comparability of fair value measures, the following hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation methodologies used to measure fair value:

- Level 1—Valuations based on quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2—Valuations based on observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3—Valuations based on unobservable inputs reflecting the Company's own assumptions, consistent with reasonably available assumptions made by other market participants. These valuations require significant judgment.

The fair values of the Company's assets and liabilities as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 are further described in Note 2 to these condensed consolidated financial statements.

(Unaudited)

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Changes in accumulated other comprehensive loss by component for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023 are summarized below:

	Six M	Months Ended June 30, 2024	
(In Thousands)	 Derivative Instruments	Foreign Currency	Total
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ (442) \$	(913) \$	(1,355)
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of Tax	1,292	(194)	1,098
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 850 \$	(1,107) \$	(257)

		Six Months Ended June 30, 2023										
(In Thousands)	Deri	vative Instruments I	Foreign Currency	Total								
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$	(17) \$	(1,379) \$	(1,396)								
Other Comprehensive Income, net of Tax		695	504	1,199								
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	678 \$	(875) \$	(197)								

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Effective in Future Periods

In October 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an accounting pronouncement (ASU 2023-06) related to disclosure or presentation requirements for various subtopics in the FASB's Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification"). The amendments in the update are intended to align the requirements in the Codification with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") regulations and facilitate the application of GAAP for all entities. The effective date for each amendment is the date on which the SEC removal of the related disclosure requirement from Regulation S-X or Regulation S-K becomes effective, or if the SEC has not removed the requirements by June 30, 2027, this amendment will be removed from the Codification and will not become effective for any entity. Early adoption is prohibited. We do not expect this update to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued an accounting pronouncement (ASU 2023-07) related to the disclosure of incremental segment information on an annual and interim basis. This update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, and requires retrospective application to all prior periods presented in the financial statements. We plan to adopt this pronouncement beginning with our fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, and we do not expect it to have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

In December 2023, the FASB issued an accounting pronouncement (ASU 2023-09) related to income tax disclosures. The amendments in this update are intended to enhance the transparency and decision usefulness of income tax disclosures primarily through changes to the rate reconciliation and income taxes paid information. This update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, though early adoption is permitted. We plan to adopt this pronouncement for our fiscal year beginning January 1, 2025, and we do not expect it to have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

Financial Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table summarizes financial liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

(In Thousands)	June 30, 2024					December 31, 2023				
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	L	evel 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Deferred Compensation Liability	\$ _	\$	(11,496)	\$	_ :	\$	- \$	(10,574) \$	_	
Interest Rate Swap Asset (Liability)	\$ _	\$	1,181	\$	_ :	\$	\$	(468) \$	_	

The Company maintains The Aaron's Company, Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan, which is an unfunded, nonqualified deferred compensation plan for a select group of management, highly compensated employees and non-employee directors. The liability represents benefits accrued for plan participants and is valued at the quoted market prices of the participants' investment elections, which consist of equity and debt "mirror" funds. As such, the Company has classified the deferred compensation liability as a Level 2 liability, which is recorded in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

In March 2023, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement for an aggregate notional amount of \$100.0 million which is further described in Note 1 to these condensed consolidated financial statements. The fair value of the interest rate swap agreement is derived by using widely accepted valuation techniques and reflects the contractual terms of the interest rate swap including the period to maturity and uses observable market-based inputs, including interest rate curves. The fair value associated with the interest rate swap is recorded within prepaid expenses and other assets (when the resulting fair value is an asset) or accounts payable and accrued expenses (when the resulting fair value is a liability) within the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Non-Financial Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

The following table summarizes non-financial assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis:

(In Thousands)	June 30, 2024				December 31, 2023					
	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Assets Held for Sale	\$ _	\$	1,852	\$	— \$	_	\$	850	\$	_

Assets classified as held for sale are recorded at the lower of carrying value or fair value less estimated costs to sell, and any adjustment is recorded in other operating expenses, net or restructuring expenses, net (if the asset is a part of the Company's restructuring programs as described in Note 6 to these condensed consolidated financial statements) in the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings. The highest and best use of the primary components of assets held for sale are as real estate land parcels for development or real estate properties for use or lease; however, the Company has chosen not to develop or use these properties, and plans to sell the properties to third parties as quickly as practicable.

(Unaudited)

NOTE 3. INDEBTEDNESS

The following is a summary of the Company's debt, net of unamortized debt issuance costs as applicable:

(In Thousands)	June 30, 2024	December 31, 2023	
Revolving Facility	\$ 48,900	\$ 25,000	
Term Loan, Due in Installments through April 2027 ¹	166,863	168,963	
Total Debt	 215,763	193,963	
Less: Current Maturities	12,475	6,388	
Long-Term Debt	\$ 203,288	\$ 187,575	

¹ Includes unamortized debt issuance costs of \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. The Company has included \$2.0 million and \$2.2 million of debt issuance costs as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, related to the amended revolving credit facility, within prepaid expenses and other assets in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Revolving Credit Facility and Term Loan

On April 1, 2022 the Company entered into an unsecured credit facility (the "Credit Facility") that provided for a \$175 million term loan (the "Term Loan") and a \$375 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Facility"), which included (i) a \$35 million sublimit for the issuance of letters of credit on customary terms, and (ii) a \$35 million sublimit for swing line loans on customary terms. The Company pays a commitment fee on unused balances related to the revolving facility, which ranges from 0.20% to 0.30% as determined by the Company's ratio of total net debt to EBITDA (as defined in the credit agreement governing the Credit Facility).

On February 23, 2024, the Company amended its Credit Facility to, among other things: (i) decrease the Revolving Facility commitment from \$375 million to \$275 million, (ii) require the execution and delivery of a Security Agreement providing for the granting of a first priority lien (subject to Permitted Liens) on substantially all of the assets of the Borrowers and Guarantors (excluding real property), including, subject to customary exceptions, a pledge of the capital stock of all existing and future domestic subsidiaries and 66% of the capital stock of each first tier foreign subsidiary, and (iii) amend the existing Fixed Charge Coverage ratio to lower the required minimum threshold.

As a result of the amendment, during the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company incurred \$0.7 million in creditor and third-party fees. These fees were capitalized and included within prepaid expenses and other assets in the condensed and consolidated balance sheets, and will be amortized over the remaining life of the Revolving Facility. The Company expensed \$0.6 million of unamortized debt issuance costs due to the reduction in the borrowing capacity of its Revolving Facility.

As of June 30, 2024, \$167.3 million and \$48.9 million remained outstanding under the Term Loan and Revolving Facility, respectively, compared to \$169.5 million and \$25.0 million outstanding at December 31, 2023. Amounts outstanding under the letters of credit, which reduce availability under the Revolving Facility, were \$19.0 million as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The Company expects that future additional borrowings under the Revolving Facility will be used to provide for working capital and capital expenditures, to finance future permitted acquisitions and for other general corporate purposes.

Borrowings under the Revolving Facility and the Term Loan bear interest at a rate per annum equal to, at the option of the Company, (i) the forward-looking term rate based on SOFR plus an applicable margin ranging between 1.50% and 2.25%, based on the Company's Total Net Debt to EBITDA Ratio, or (ii) the base rate (as defined in the Credit Facility) plus an applicable margin, which is 1.00% lower than the applicable margin for SOFR loans.

The loans and commitments under the Revolving Facility mature or terminate on April 1, 2027. The Term Loan amortizes in quarterly installments, commencing on December 31, 2022, in an aggregate annual amount equal to (i) 2.50% of the original principal amount of the Term Loan during the first and second years after the closing date, (ii) 5.00% of the original principal amount of the Term Loan during the third, fourth and fifth years after the closing date, with the remaining principal balance of the Term Loan to be due and payable in full on April 1, 2027.

Franchise Loan Facility

On April 1, 2022, the Company also entered into a \$12.5 million unsecured franchise loan facility (the "Franchise Loan Facility"), which operates as a guarantee by the Company of certain debt obligations of certain Aaron's franchisees (the "Borrower") under a franchise loan program.

(Unaudited)

In the event these franchisees are unable to meet their debt service payments or otherwise experience an event of default, the Company would be unconditionally liable for the outstanding balance of the franchisees' debt obligations under the Franchise Loan Facility, which would be due in full within 90 days of such event of default. Borrowings under the Franchise Loan Facility bear interest at a rate per annum equal to SOFR plus an applicable margin ranging between 1.50% and 2.25%, based on the Company's Total Net Debt to EBITDA Ratio (as defined in the Franchise Loan Facility). The Franchise Loan Facility is available for a period of 364 days commencing on April 1, 2022, and permits the Borrower to request extensions for additional 364-day periods.

On February 23, 2024, the Company amended its Franchise Loan Facility to conform to the changes resulting from the amendment to its Credit Facility (described above), and to extend the maturity date from March 30, 2024 to March 29, 2025. On April 12, 2024, pursuant to the terms of the Franchise Loan Facility, the Company voluntarily reduced the commitment amount to \$3.5 million. As of June 30, 2024, the Franchise Loan Facility had a total commitment amount of \$3.5 million.

Financial Covenants

The Credit Facility and the Franchise Loan Facility contain customary financial covenants including (a) a maximum Total Net Debt to EBITDA Ratio of 2.75 to 1.00 and, (b) a minimum Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of 1.30 to 1.00.

If the Company fails to comply with these covenants, the Company will be in default under these agreements, and all borrowings outstanding could become due immediately. Under the Credit Facility and Franchise Loan Facility, the Company may pay cash dividends in any year so long as, after giving pro forma effect to the dividend payment, the Company maintains compliance with its financial covenants and no event of default has occurred or would result from the payment. The Company is in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Facility at June 30, 2024.

NOTE 4. REVENUE RECOGNITION

The following table disaggregates revenue by source:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended	June 30,
(In Thousands)		2024	2023	2024	2023
Lease Revenues and Fees	\$	335,658 \$	353,751	\$ 681,667 \$	727,546
Retail Sales		139,549	148,046	276,478	298,592
Non-Retail Sales		22,062	22,800	44,704	46,735
Franchise Royalties and Fees		5,663	5,588	11,392	11,486
Other		193	187	381	374
Total Revenues ¹	\$	503,125 \$	530,372	\$ 1,014,622 \$	1,084,733

¹ Includes revenues from Canadian operations of \$4.0 million and \$8.2 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, compared to \$4.3 million and \$8.7 million, respectively, in the same periods of the prior year.

Lease Revenues and Fees

The Company's customer lease agreements provide for initial contractual terms up to 30 days, which is less than the majority of the remaining economic life of the leased merchandise. Additionally, the underlying lease merchandise is of such a nature that it has alternative use to other customers. Lease agreements can be renewed for additional terms of the same length. The leases do not transfer ownership by the end of the lease term. Lease agreements grant customers an option to purchase the lease merchandise by renewing their lease agreements a specified number of times, typically 12, 18, or 24 times, or by exercising an early purchase option. Our customers have not exercised such purchase options with sufficient frequency to support that their exercises are reasonably certain. The customer may choose to not renew the lease agreement and return or surrender the leased merchandise at any time without penalty. Therefore, our customer lease agreements are accounted for as operating leases within the scope of ASC 842, Leases.

Initial direct costs related to customer agreements are expensed as incurred and have been classified as other operating expenses, net in the condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings. The condensed consolidated statement of (loss) earnings effects of expensing the initial direct costs as incurred are not materially different from amortizing initial direct costs over the lease ownership plan.

Lease revenues related to the leasing of merchandise and Aaron's Club membership fees are recognized as revenue in the month they are earned. Payments received prior to the month earned are recorded as deferred lease revenue, and this amount is included in customer deposits and advance payments in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Lease

(Unaudited)

payments due but not received prior to month end are recorded as accounts receivable in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. Lease revenues are recorded net of a provision for returns and uncollectible renewal payments.

The Company had \$6.3 million and \$12.5 million of revenue during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, compared to \$6.2 million and \$12.5 million, respectively, in the same periods of the prior year, within the scope of ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, which is included in lease revenues and fees above in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings.

Retail Sales

All retail sales revenue is within the scope of ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Aaron's Business

Revenues from the retail sale of lease merchandise to individual consumers are recognized at the point of sale and are recorded within retail sales in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings. Generally, the transfer of control occurs near or at the point of sale for retail sales. Aaron's Business retail sales are not subject to a returns policy.

BrandsMart

Revenues from the retail sale of merchandise inventories are recorded within retail sales in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings and are recognized at a point in time that the Company has satisfied its performance obligation and transferred control of the product to the respective customer. Revenues associated with retail sales transactions for which control has not transferred are deferred and are recorded within customer deposits and advance payments within the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Retail sales at the BrandsMart segment, both in store and online, are subject to the segment's 30-day return policy. Accordingly, an allowance, based on historical returns experience, for sales returns is recorded as a component of retail sales in the period in which the related sales are recorded as well as an asset for the returned merchandise. The return asset and allowance for sales returns as of June 30, 2024 was \$1.9 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, compared to \$2.5 million and \$3.4 million as of December 31, 2023, respectively. The return asset and allowance for sales returns was recorded within prepaid and other assets and accounts payable and accrued expenses within the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, respectively.

Additional protection plans can be purchased by BrandsMart U.S.A. customers that provides extended warranty coverage on their product purchases, with payment being due for this protection at the point of sale. A third-party underwriter assumes the risk associated with the coverage and is primarily responsible for fulfillment. The Company is an agent to the contract and records the fixed commissions within retail sales in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings on a net basis.

Non-Retail Sales

Revenues for the non-retail sale of merchandise to Aaron's franchisees are recognized when control transfers to the franchisee, which is upon delivery of the merchandise and are recorded within non-retail sales in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings. All non-retail sales revenue is within the scope of ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Franchise Royalties and Fees

We have existing agreements with our current Aaron's franchisees to govern the operations of franchised stores. Our standard agreement is for a term of ten years, with one ten-year renewal option. Franchisees are obligated to remit to us royalty payments of 6% of the weekly cash revenue payments received, which is recognized as the fees become due.

(Unaudited)

The Company guarantees certain debt obligations of some of the franchisees and receives guarantee fees based on the outstanding debt obligations of such franchisees. Refer to Note 5 to these condensed consolidated financial statements for additional discussion of the franchise-related guarantee obligation. The Company also charges fees for advertising efforts that benefit the franchisees, which are recognized at the time the advertising takes place.

Substantially all franchise royalties and fee revenue is within the scope of ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. Of the franchise royalties and fees, during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, \$4.4 million and \$8.9 million, respectively, is related to franchise royalty income that is recognized as the fees become due, compared to \$4.4 million and \$9.2 million, respectively, during the same periods of the prior year. The remaining revenue is primarily related to advertising fees charged to franchisees. Franchise royalties and fees are recorded within franchise royalties and other revenues in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of (loss) earnings.

NOTE 5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Guarantees

The Company has guaranteed certain debt obligations of some of its Aaron's franchisees under a franchise loan program (the "Franchise Loan Facility") as described in further detail in Note 3 to these condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company has recourse rights to franchisee assets securing the debt obligations, which consist primarily of lease merchandise and fixed assets. Since the inception of the franchise loan program in 1994, the Company's losses associated with the program have been insignificant. However, the Company could incur losses that could be significant in a future period due to potential adverse trends in the liquidity and/or financial performance of Aaron's franchisees resulting in an event of default or impending defaults by franchisees.

On April 1, 2022, the Company entered into a Franchise Loan Facility agreement, which has been amended twice since that date. The most recent amendment, which occurred on February 23, 2024, amended the Franchise Loan Facility to conform to the changes resulting from the amendment to its Credit Facility described in Note 3, and to extend the maturity date to March 29, 2025. On April 12, 2024, pursuant to the terms of the Franchise Loan Facility, the Company voluntarily reduced the commitment amount to \$3.5 million. As of June 30, 2024, the Franchise Loan Facility had a total commitment amount of \$3.5 million, and the maximum amount that the Company would be obligated to repay in the event franchisees defaulted was \$2.1 million.

The Company is subject to financial covenants under the Franchise Loan Facility as detailed in Note 3 to these condensed consolidated financial statements. At June 30, 2024, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the Franchise Loan Facility agreement.

The Company records a liability related to estimated future losses from repaying the franchisees' outstanding debt obligations upon any possible future events of default. This liability is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and was \$0.2 million and \$1.0 million at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The balances at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 included qualitative consideration of potential losses associated with uncertainties impacting the operations and liquidity of our franchisees. Such uncertainties include inflationary and other economic pressures in the current macroeconomic environment.

Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company is party to various legal and regulatory proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business, certain of which have been described below. The Company establishes an accrued liability for legal and regulatory proceedings when it determines that a loss is both probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The Company continually monitors its litigation and regulatory exposure and reviews the adequacy of its legal and regulatory reserves on a quarterly basis. The amount of any loss ultimately incurred in relation to matters for which an accrual has been established may be higher or lower than the amounts accrued for such matters due to the inherent uncertainty in litigation, regulatory and similar adversarial proceedings, and substantial losses from these proceedings or the costs of defending them could have a material adverse impact upon the Company's business, financial position, and results of operations.

At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company had accrued \$1.0 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, for pending legal and regulatory matters for which it believes losses are probable and is management's best estimate of its exposure to loss. The Company records these liabilities in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

(Unaudited)

In *Jacob Atkinson v. Aaron's, LLC dba Aaron's Sales & Lease Ownership, LLC et al.*, Civil Action NO. 23-2-19649-0 (King Cnty. Sup Ct.), filed on October 11, 2023, plaintiff alleges that the Company violated Washington's Equal Pay and Opportunity Act, RCW 49.58.110, because certain of the Company's job postings did not include a wage scale or salary range. Because the statute is new, issues including standing, applicability as to who it covers, and the constitutionality of the statutory penalty have not been determined. Plaintiff seeks injunctive and declaratory relief and also seeks certification of a putative class. On November 14, 2023, the Company removed the lawsuit to federal court in the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington. On January 22, 2024, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the lawsuit. On April 30, 2024, the Company's motion to dismiss was granted by the district court without prejudice and with leave to amend. On May 8, 2024, and on June 26, 2024, the district court granted in part motions for partial reconsideration filed by plaintiff and the Company, respectively. As a result, the district court remanded the proceeding to the King County Superior Court in Washington state and also struck part of the initial order granting the Company's motion to dismiss. The Company has not yet answered or otherwise responded to the complaint.

The assessment as to whether a loss is probable or reasonably possible, and as to whether such loss or a range of such losses is estimable, often involves significant judgment about future events, and the outcome of litigation is inherently uncertain. The Company's estimates for legal and regulatory accruals, aggregate probable loss amounts and reasonably possible loss amounts, are all subject to the uncertainties and variables described above. Other than as described above, there is no material pending or threatened litigation against the Company that remains outstanding as of June 30, 2024.

Other Contingencies

Management regularly assesses the Company's insurance deductibles, monitors litigation and regulatory exposure with the Company's attorneys, and evaluates its loss experience. The Company also enters into various contracts in the normal course of business that may subject it to risk of financial loss if counterparties fail to perform their contractual obligations.

NOTE 6. RESTRUCTURING

As management continues to execute on its long-term strategic plan, additional benefits and charges are expected to result from our restructuring programs. The extent of any future charges related to our restructuring programs are not currently estimable and depend on various factors including the timing and scope of future cost optimization initiatives.

Operational Efficiency and Optimization Restructuring Program

During the third quarter of 2022, the Company initiated the Operational Efficiency and Optimization Restructuring Program intended to strengthen operational efficiencies and reduce the Company's overall costs. Management believes that this restructuring program will help the Company sharpen its operational focus, optimize its cost profile, allocate capital resources towards long-term strategic objectives, and generate incremental value for shareholders through investments in technological capabilities, and fulfillment center logistics competencies. Since initiation, the program resulted in the closure or consolidation of 65 Company-operated Aaron's stores through June 30, 2024. This program also includes the Hub and Showroom model to optimize labor and other operating expenses in markets, store labor realignments, rationalization of the Company's supply chain, the centralization and restructuring of store support center, operations, and multi-unit store oversight functions, as well as other real estate and third party spend costs reductions.

Total net restructuring expenses under the Operational Efficiency and Optimization Restructuring Program related to the initiatives described above were \$2.0 million and \$7.3 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, respectively, compared to \$1.6 million and \$4.4 million, respectively, in the same periods of the prior year, and were recorded within the Unallocated Corporate category for segment reporting. For both periods ended June 30, 2024, these expenses were comprised mainly of severance charges resulting from headcount reductions at its store support center to more closely align with current business conditions, continuing variable occupancy costs incurred related to closed stores, operating lease right-of-use asset and fixed asset impairment charges and net losses on the sale of store properties and related assets. For the prior year periods, these expenses were comprised mainly of professional advisory fees in the three months ended June 30, 2023 and severance charges in the three months ended March 31, 2023 relating to the Company's January 2023 headcount reduction. We also incurred continuing variable occupancy costs related to closed stores, operating lease right-of-use asset impairment charges and fixed asset impairment charges throughout the six months ended June 30, 2023. We expect future restructuring expenses (reversals) due to potential future early buyouts of leases with landlords, as well as continuing variable occupancy costs related to closed stores.

Since inception of the Operational Efficiency and Optimization Restructuring Program, the Company has incurred charges of \$25.4 million under the plan. These cumulative charges are primarily comprised of operating lease right-of-use asset and fixed

(Unaudited)

impairment charges, continuing variable occupancy costs incurred related to closed stores, professional advisory fees, and severance related to reductions in its store support center and Aaron's Business store oversight functions.

Real Estate Repositioning and Optimization Restructuring Program

During the first quarter of 2020, the Company initiated a real estate repositioning and optimization restructuring program. This program includes a strategic plan to remodel, reposition, and consolidate our Company-operated Aaron's store footprint over the next two to three years. We believe that such strategic actions will allow Aaron's to continue to successfully serve our markets while continuing to utilize our growing aarons.com platform. Management expects that this strategy, along with our increased use of technology, will enable us to reduce store count while retaining a significant portion of our existing customer relationships as well as attract new customers. Since initiation, the program has resulted in the closure, consolidation, or relocation of 262 Company-operated stores through June 30, 2024. This program also resulted in the closure of one administrative store support building, a further rationalization of our store support center staff, which included a reduction in employee headcount in those areas to more closely align with current business conditions.

Total net restructuring expenses under the real estate repositioning and optimization restructuring program were \$0.9 million and \$3.5 million during the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$3.3 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, in the same periods of the prior year, and are recorded within the Unallocated Corporate category for segment reporting. For both periods ended June 30, 2024, these expenses were comprised mainly of continuing variable occupancy costs incurred related to closed stores, with the six month period ended June 30, 2024 also including a \$1.2 million net loss on the sale of store properties and related assets.

Since inception of the real estate repositioning and optimization program, the Company has incurred charges of \$74.3 million under the program. These cumulative charges are primarily comprised of operating lease right-of-use asset and fixed impairment charges, losses recognized related to contractual lease obligations, and severance related to reductions in store support center and field support staff headcount. We expect future restructuring expenses (reversals) due to potential future early buyouts of leases with landlords, as well as continuing variable occupancy costs related to closed stores.

The following table summarizes total restructuring charges for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, under the Company's two restructuring programs described above:

	Three Months	Ended	June 30,	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(In Thousands)	2024		2023	2024	2023		
Right-of-Use Asset Impairment	\$ 306	\$	861 \$	1,979	\$ 1,635		
Operating Lease Charges	1,278		2,712	3,059	4,620		
Fixed Asset Impairment	172		58	546	180		
Severance ¹	197		(372)	2,737	1,830		
Net Loss (Gain) on Sale of Store Properties and Related Assets	415			1,529	_		
Other Expenses ²	 560		1,576	976	1,859		
Total Restructuring Expenses, Net	\$ 2,928	\$	4,835 \$	10,826	\$ 10,124		

¹ During the three months ended June 30, 2023, the Company had a partial reversal of severance charges that were originally estimated in connection with the Company's January 2023 headcount reduction.

The following table summarizes the corresponding accrual balances as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 for the restructuring programs:

(In Thousands)	S	everance	Operating Lease Charges ¹	Professional Advisory Fees
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	171 \$	849 \$	5 4
Restructuring Charges		2,737	(212)	598
Payments		(2,908)	_	(498)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	— \$	637 \$	5 104

¹ Operating lease charges payable at June 30, 2024 relate to accrued maintenance charges at various properties vacated in conjunction with the restructuring programs discussed herein. These liabilities are included within accounts payable and

² Includes professional advisory fees.

(Unaudited)

accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheets. All other operating lease charges incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2024 were expensed as incurred and are not reflected in this table as they do not impact the restructuring accrual.

NOTE 7. SEGMENTS

Segment Reporting

The Aaron's Business segment provides consumers with LTO and retail purchase solutions through the Company's Aaron's stores, along with its franchisees, in the United States and Canada and the aarons.com e-commerce platform. In addition, the Aaron's Business segment includes the operations of BrandsMart Leasing, which offers a lease-to-own solution to customers of BrandsMart U.S.A., and Woodhaven, which manufactures and supplies a significant portion of the upholstered furniture leased and sold in Company-operated and franchised Aaron's stores.

The BrandsMart segment includes the operations of BrandsMart U.S.A. (other than BrandsMart Leasing), which is one of the leading appliance and consumer electronics retailers in the southeastern United States and one of the largest appliance retailers in the country with 12 stores in Florida and Georgia and a growing e-commerce presence on brandsmartusa.com.

Measurement of Segment Profit or Loss and Segment Assets

The Company evaluates segment performance based primarily on revenues and earnings (loss) from operations before unallocated corporate costs, which are evaluated on a consolidated basis and not allocated to the Company's business segments. Intersegment sales between BrandsMart and the Aaron's Business pertaining to BrandsMart Leasing, are recognized at retail prices. Since the intersegment profit affects cost of goods sold, depreciation and lease merchandise valuation, they are adjusted when intersegment profit is eliminated in consolidation. The Company determines earnings (loss) before income taxes for all reportable segments in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Unallocated Corporate costs are presented separately and generally include unallocated costs associated with the following: equity-based compensation, interest income and expense, information security, executive compensation, legal and compliance, corporate governance, accounting and finance, human resources and other corporate functions. The Unallocated Corporate category also includes acquisition-related costs, restructuring charges and separation costs for which the individual operating segments are not being evaluated.

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The Company does not evaluate performance or allocate resources based on segment asset data, and therefore total segment assets are not presented.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024					
		. n .	D IM	Elimination of Intersegment	T. 4.1	
(In Thousands)	Aaron's Business		BrandsMart	Revenues	Total	
Lease Revenues and Fees	\$	335,658 \$	— \$	— \$	335,658	
Retail Sales		5,804	135,420	(1,675)	139,549	
Non-Retail Sales		22,062	_	_	22,062	
Franchise Royalties and Fees		5,663	_	_	5,663	
Other		193	_	_	193	
Total Revenues	\$	369,380 \$	135,420 \$	(1,675) \$	503,125	

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024								
(In Thousands)	Aaı	on's Business	BrandsMart	Unallocated Corporate ¹	Elimination	Total			
Gross Profit	\$	238,252 \$	33,964 \$	— \$	(198) \$	272,018			
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes		17,275	(4,024)	(29,396)	(105)	(16,250)			
Other Depreciation and Amortization ²		19,053	3,744	202	_	22,999			
Capital Expenditures		14,684	4,095	555		19,334			

¹ The loss before income taxes for the Unallocated Corporate category during the three months ended June 30, 2024 was impacted by restructuring charges of \$2.9 million, and acquisition-related costs of \$8.0 million.

² Excludes depreciation of lease merchandise, which is not included in the chief operating decision maker's measure of depreciation and amortization.

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended June 30, 2023 Elimination of Intersegment Revenues (In Thousands) Aaron's Business BrandsMart Total Lease Revenues and Fees \$ 353,751 \$ 353,751 143,776 (2,345)Retail Sales 6,615 148,046 Non-Retail Sales 22,800 22,800 Franchise Royalties and Fees 5,588 5,588 Other 187 187 **Total Revenues** 388,941 \$ 143,776 \$ (2,345)\$ 530,372

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2023									
(In Thousands)	A	aron's Business	BrandsMart	Unallocated Corporate ¹	Elimination	Total				
Gross Profit	\$	246,839 \$	35,569 \$	— \$	(136) \$	282,272				
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes		30,840	1,083	(23,833)	(88)	8,002				
Other Depreciation and Amortization ²		18,655	3,390	222	_	22,267				
Capital Expenditures		15,629	4.293	1,434	_	21,356				

¹ The loss before income taxes for the Unallocated Corporate category during the three months ended June 30, 2023 was impacted by restructuring charges of \$4.8 million, and acquisition-related costs of \$0.5 million.

² Excludes depreciation of lease merchandise, which is not included in the chief operating decision maker's measure of depreciation and amortization.

(Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2024

(In Thousands)	A	aron's Business	BrandsMart	Elimination of Intersegment Revenues	Total
Lease Revenues and Fees	\$	681,667 \$	— \$	— \$	681,667
Retail Sales		12,291	267,943	(3,756)	276,478
Non-Retail Sales		44,704	_	_	44,704
Franchise Royalties and Fees		11,392	_	_	11,392
Other		381	_	_	381
Total Revenues	\$	750,435 \$	267,943 \$	(3,756) \$	1,014,622

Six Months Ended June 30, 2024

(In Thousands)	Aa	ron's Business	BrandsMart	Unallocated Corporate ¹	Elimination	Total	
Gross Profit	\$	482,883 \$	63,440 \$	— \$	(422) \$	545,901	
Earnings (Losses) Before Income Taxes		36,009	(10,445)	(57,916)	(217)	(32,569)	
Other Depreciation and Amortization ²		38,053	7,577	405	_	46,035	
Capital Expenditures		32,249	6,559	1,467	_	40,275	

¹ The loss before income taxes for the Unallocated Corporate category during the six months ended June 30, 2024 was impacted by restructuring charges of \$10.8 million, and acquisition-related costs of \$8.9 million.

² Excludes depreciation of lease merchandise, which is not included in the chief operating decision maker's measure of depreciation and amortization.

(Unaudited)

Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 Elimination of Intersegment (In Thousands) Aaron's Business Lease Revenues and Fees 727,546 \$ \$ 727,546 287,934 Retail Sales 14,933 (4,275)298,592 Non-Retail Sales 46,735 46,735 Franchise Royalties and Fees 11,486 11,486 Other 374 374 **Total Revenues** 801,074 \$ 287,934 \$ (4,275)\$ 1,084,733

•					20	2022	
SIX	Mont	ins En	ıded	June	30.	2023	

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
(In Thousands)	Aar	on's Business ¹	BrandsMart	Unallocated Corporate ²	Elimination	Total	
Gross Profit	\$	507,545 \$	70,704 \$	— \$	(283) \$	577,966	
Earnings (Loss) Before Income Taxes		66,699	195	(49,804)	(196)	16,894	
Other Depreciation and Amortization ³		37,358	7,035	444	_	44,837	
Capital Expenditures		33,658	5,209	2,698	_	41,565	

¹ The earnings before income taxes for the Aaron's Business during the six months ended June 30, 2023 includes a \$3.8 million receipt from the settlement of a class action lawsuit related to alleged anti-competitive conduct by several manufacturers of cathode ray tubes.

² The loss before income taxes for the Unallocated Corporate category during the six months ended June 30, 2023 was impacted by restructuring charges of \$10.1 million, acquisition-related costs of \$2.4 million and separation-related costs of \$0.1 million.

³ Excludes depreciation of lease merchandise, which is not included in the chief operating decision maker's measure of depreciation and amortization.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Information: Except for historical information contained herein, the matters set forth in this Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements. These statements are based on management's current expectations and plans, which involve risks and uncertainties. Such forwardlooking statements generally can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "believe," "expect," "expectation," "anticipate," "may," "could," "should", "intend," "belief," "estimate," "plan," "target," "project," "likely," "will," "forecast," "future," "outlook," and similar expressions. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the filing date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2024 ("Quarterly Report") and which involve risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in or implied by these statements. These risks and uncertainties include (i) changes in the enforcement of existing laws and regulations and the adoption of new laws and regulations that may unfavorably impact our business, and failures to comply with existing or new laws or regulations, including those related to consumer protection, as well as an increased focus on our industry by federal and state regulatory authorities; (ii) our ability to execute on our multi-year strategic plan and achieve the benefits and outcomes we expect, including improving our business, centralizing key processes such as customer lease decisioning and payments, real estate optimization, enhancing our e-commerce platform and digital acquisition channels, enhancing and growing BrandsMart, and optimizing our cost structure; (iii) our ability to attract and retain key personnel and maintain their productivity, including due to the impact of the pending Merger; (iv) our ability to manage cybersecurity risks, disruptions or failures in our information technology systems and to protect the security of personal information of our customers and employees; (v) weakening general market and economic conditions, especially as they may affect retail sales, increased interest rates, unemployment and consumer confidence; (vi) the concentration of our stores in certain regions or limited markets; (vii) the current inflationary environment could result in increased labor, raw materials or logistics costs that we are unable to offset or accelerating prices that result in lower lease volumes; (viii) business disruptions due to political and economic instability resulting from global conflicts such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict and related economic sanctions and the conflict in Israel, Palestine and surrounding areas, as well as domestic civil unrest; (ix) any future potential pandemics, as well as related measures taken by governmental or regulatory authorities to combat the pandemic; (x) challenges faced by our business, including commoditization of consumer electronics, our high fixed-cost operating model and the ongoing labor shortage; (xi) increased competition from direct-toconsumer and virtual lease-to-own competitors, as well as from traditional and online retailers and other competitors; (xii) increases in lease merchandise write-offs; (xiii) any failure to realize the benefits expected from the acquisition of BrandsMart, including projected synergies; (xiv) the acquisition of BrandsMart may create risks and uncertainties which could materially and adversely affect our business and results of operations; (xv) our ability to successfully acquire and integrate businesses and to realize the projected results and expected benefits of acquisitions or strategic transactions; (xvi) our ability to maintain or improve market share in the categories in which we operate despite heightened competitive pressure; (xvii) our ability to improve operations and realize cost savings; (xviii) impacts on our existing business relationships with customers, suppliers, franchisees and others as a result of the pending Merger; (xix) diversion of management attention away from ongoing business concerns in order to focus on completion of the Merger; (xx) restrictions on the conduct of our business prior to the completion of the Merger; (xxi) our ability to complete the Merger including meeting the outstanding closing conditions to the Merger, including obtaining shareholder approval; and (xxii) the other risks and uncertainties discussed under "Risk Factors" in the Company's 2023 Annual Report. Statements in this Quarterly Report that are "forward-looking" include without limitation statements about: (i) the execution of our key strategic priorities; (ii) the growth and other benefits we expect from executing those priorities; (iii) our financial performance outlook; (iv) the Company's goals, plans, expectations, and projections regarding the expected benefits of the BrandsMart acquisition; and (v) the expected timing of, and other considerations related to, consummation of the Merger. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this news release. Except as required by law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances after the filing date of this Quarterly Report.

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, including the notes to those statements, appearing elsewhere in this report, as well as management's discussion and analysis and the consolidated financial statements included in our 2023 Annual Report.

Business Overview

The Company is a leading, technology-enabled, omni-channel provider of lease-to-own ("LTO") and retail purchase solutions of furniture, electronics, appliances, and other home goods across its brands: Aaron's, BrandsMart U.S.A., BrandsMart Leasing, and Woodhaven Furniture Industries ("Woodhaven").

As of June 30, 2024, the Company's operating and reportable segments are the Aaron's Business and BrandsMart, each as described below.

The Aaron's Business segment is comprised of (i) Aaron's branded Company-operated and franchise-operated stores; (ii) its e-commerce platform ("aarons.com"); (iii) Woodhaven; and (iv) BrandsMart Leasing (collectively, the "Aaron's Business").

The operations of BrandsMart U.S.A. (excluding BrandsMart Leasing) comprise the BrandsMart segment (collectively, "BrandsMart").

Aaron's Business Segment

Since its founding in 1955, Aaron's has been committed to serving the overlooked and underserved customer with a dedication to inclusion and improving the communities in which it operates. Through a portfolio of approximately 1,210 stores and its aarons.com e-commerce platform, Aaron's, together with its franchisees, provide consumers with LTO and retail purchase solutions for the products they need and want, with a focus on providing its customers with unparalleled customer service, high approval rates, lease plan flexibility, and an attractive value proposition, including competitive monthly payments and total cost of ownership, as compared to other LTO providers.

Woodhaven manufactures and supplies a significant portion of the upholstered furniture leased and sold in Company-operated and franchised Aaron's stores. Launched in 2022, BrandsMart Leasing offers LTO purchase solutions to customers of BrandsMart U.S.A.

BrandsMart Segment

Founded in 1977, BrandsMart U.S.A. is one of the leading appliance and consumer electronics retailers in the southeast United States and one of the largest appliance retailers in the country with 12 stores in Florida and Georgia and a growing e-commerce presence on brandsmartusa.com. The operations of BrandsMart U.S.A. (other than BrandsMart Leasing) comprise the BrandsMart segment.

Restructuring Programs

As management continues to execute on its long-term strategic plan, additional benefits and charges are expected to result from our restructuring programs. The extent of any future charges related to our restructuring programs are not currently estimable and depend on various factors including the timing and scope of future cost optimization initiatives.

Real Estate Repositioning and Optimization Restructuring Program

During the first quarter of 2020, the Company initiated a real estate repositioning and optimization program to optimize our Company-operated Aaron's store portfolio via our GenNext store concept, which features larger showrooms and/or re-engineered store layouts, increased product selection, technology-enabled shopping and checkout, and a refined operating model. We expect that this strategy, together with our aarons.com e-commerce platform and increased use of technology to better serve our customers, will enable us to reduce store operating costs while continuing to better serve our existing markets, as well as attract new customers and expand into new markets in the future.

Since initiation, the program has resulted in the closure, consolidation, or relocation of 262 Company-operated Aaron's stores through June 30, 2024. This program also resulted in the closure of one administrative store support building and a further rationalization of our store support center staff, which included a reduction in employee headcount in those areas to more closely align with current business conditions.

During the second quarter of 2024, the Company opened 6 new GenNext locations and closed 2 GenNext locations. Combined with the 265 locations open at the beginning of the quarter, total GenNext stores contributed approximately 34.9% of total lease revenues and fees and retail revenues for the Aaron's Business segment during the six months ended June 30, 2024. We will continue to evaluate our Company-operated Aaron's store portfolio to determine how to best rationalize and reposition our store base to better align with marketplace demand.

While not all specific locations have been identified under the real estate repositioning and optimization restructuring program, the Company's current strategic plan is to remodel, reposition and consolidate our Company-operated Aaron's store footprint over the next two to three years. We believe that such strategic actions will allow the Company to continue to successfully serve our markets while continuing to utilize our growing aarons.com shopping and servicing platform. Management expects that this strategy, along with our increased use of technology, will enable us to reduce store count while retaining a significant portion of our existing customer relationships and attract new customers.

Since inception of the real estate repositioning and optimization program, the Company has incurred charges of \$74.3 million under the plan. These cumulative charges are primarily comprised of operating lease right-of-use asset and fixed impairment charges, losses recognized related to contractual lease obligations, and severance related to reductions in store support center and field support staff headcount. We expect future restructuring expenses (reversals) due to potential future early buyouts of leases with landlords, as well as continuing variable occupancy costs related to closed stores.

Operational Efficiency and Optimization Restructuring Program

During the third quarter of 2022, the Company initiated the Operational Efficiency and Optimization Restructuring Program intended to reduce the Company's overall costs. Management believes that implementing this restructuring program will help the Company sharpen its operational focus, optimize its cost profile, allocate capital resources towards long-term strategic objectives, and generate incremental value for shareholders through investments in technological capabilities, and fulfillment center and logistics competencies. The program resulted in the closure or consolidation of 65 Company-operated Aaron's stores through June 30, 2024. This program also includes the Hub and Showroom model to optimize labor in markets, store labor realignments, optimization of the Company's supply chain, the centralization and optimization of store support center, operations, and multi-unit store oversight functions, as well as other real estate and third party spend costs reductions.

Since inception of the Operational Efficiency and Optimization Restructuring Program, the Company has incurred charges of \$25.4 million under the plan. These cumulative charges are primarily comprised of operating lease right-of-use asset and fixed impairment charges, continuing variable occupancy costs incurred related to closed stores, professional advisory fees, and severance related to reductions in its store support center and Aaron's Business store oversight functions.

Operating Segment Performance

As discussed above, the Company conducts its operations through two primary operating business segments: the Aaron's Business and BrandsMart, along with an Unallocated Corporate category for remaining unallocated costs including equity-based compensation, interest income and expense, information security, executive compensation, legal and compliance, corporate governance, accounting and finance, human resources and other corporate functions. The Unallocated Corporate category also includes acquisition-related costs, restructuring charges, goodwill impairment charges, and separation costs for which the individual operating segments are not being evaluated.

The Company evaluates segment performance based primarily on revenues and earnings (loss) from operations before unallocated corporate costs, which are evaluated on a consolidated basis and not allocated to the Company's business segments. Intersegment sales between BrandsMart and the Aaron's Business pertaining to BrandsMart Leasing, are completed at retail prices. Since the intersegment profit affects cost of goods sold, depreciation and lease merchandise valuation, they are adjusted when intersegment profit is eliminated in consolidation.

The discussion of the results of operations for segment performance measures within the "Segment Performance" sections throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis do not include unallocated corporate expenses.

Highlights

We have been actively monitoring the impact of the current challenging macroeconomic environment, including inflation, rising interest rates, the slowing of consumer demand, business disruptions due to political or economic instability, including global conflicts such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict and related economic sanctions and the conflict in Israel, Palestine and surrounding areas, on all aspects of our business. We anticipate that demanding market conditions, including reduced consumer demand and elevated levels of inflation, will continue throughout 2024 and beyond. We anticipate that these headwinds will be partially mitigated by our cost cutting and real estate repositioning and optimization strategies further described above.

The following summarizes significant financial highlights from the three months ended June 30, 2024:

- Consolidated revenues were \$503.1 million in the second quarter of 2024, a decrease of 5.1% compared to the second quarter of 2023.
- Total revenues for the Aaron's Business were \$369.4 million in the second quarter of 2024 compared to \$388.9 million in the second quarter of 2023, a decrease of 5.0%. This decrease was primarily driven by a lower average lease portfolio size during the quarter, lower lease renewal rate in the quarter, lower exercise of early purchase options and lower retail sales.
- The lease portfolio size, excluding BrandsMart Leasing, began 2024 at \$117.7 million, down 7.0% compared to the beginning of 2023, and ended the second quarter of 2024 at \$117.2 million, down 2.0% compared to the end of the second quarter of 2023.

- E-commerce revenues for the Aaron's Business, excluding BrandsMart Leasing, increased 34.7% compared to the prior year quarter and were 25.3% and 17.9% of lease revenues during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. E-commerce product revenues for BrandsMart decreased 3.1% during the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the prior year quarter and were 8.5% and 8.1% of total product revenues during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- During the second quarter of 2024, the Company opened 6 new GenNext locations and closed 2 GenNext locations. Combined with the 265 GenNext locations open at the beginning of the quarter, total GenNext stores contributed approximately 34.9% of total lease revenues and fees and retail revenues for the Aaron's Business during the three months ended June 30, 2024.
- Loss before income taxes was \$16.3 million in the second quarter of 2024 compared to earnings before income taxes of \$8.0 million in the second quarter of 2023. Loss before income taxes for the second quarter of 2024 was negatively impacted by restructuring charges of \$2.9 million and acquisition-related costs of \$8.0 million. Earnings before income taxes for the second quarter of 2023 was negatively impacted by restructuring charges of \$4.8 million, and acquisition-related costs of \$0.5 million.
- Net loss for the second quarter of 2024 was \$11.9 million compared to net earnings of \$6.5 million in the prior year period. Diluted loss per share for the second quarter of 2024 was \$0.39 compared with diluted earnings per share of \$0.21 in the prior year period.

Agreement and Plan of Merger with IQVentures

On June 16, 2024, the Company entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with IQVentures Holdings, LLC, an Ohio limited liability company ("Parent" or "IQVentures"), and Polo Merger Sub, Inc., a newly formed Georgia corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Parent ("Merger Sub"). The Merger Agreement provides for the acquisition of the Company by Parent by means of a merger of Merger Sub with and into the Company (the "Merger"), with the Company surviving the Merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of Parent.

At the time the Merger becomes effective (the "Effective Time"), each share of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.50 per share issued and outstanding immediately prior to the Effective Time (other than dissenting shares, treasury shares and shares owned by Parent or any direct or indirect wholly owned subsidiary of Parent), will be converted automatically into the right to receive \$10.10 in cash, without interest. The Company's Board of Directors has approved the Merger Agreement, but completion of the Merger is subject to certain other customary conditions, including approval by the Company's shareholders.

The Merger Agreement contains customary termination rights for the Company and Parent, including the payment of termination fees under specified circumstances. The Merger Agreement also contains customary representations, warranties and covenants of the Company, including covenants to conduct its business in the ordinary course during the interim period between the execution of the Merger Agreement and the consummation of the Merger and not to engage in certain types of transactions during this interim period without the prior written consent of Parent. The consummation of the Merger is not subject to any financing condition. Under the terms of the Merger Agreement, the Company is permitted to continue to pay its regular quarterly dividend, not in excess of \$0.125 per share.

For further information on the Merger and Merger Agreement, refer to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 17, 2024.

Other than transaction-expenses associated with the proposed Merger of \$7.5 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024, the terms of the Merger Agreement did not impact the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Key Metrics

The following table presents store count by ownership type:

Stores as of June 30	2024	2023
Company-operated Aaron's Stores ¹	976	1,026
GenNext (included in Company-Operated)	269	230
Franchisee-operated Aaron's Stores	229	230
BrandsMart U.S.A. Stores ²	12	10
Systemwide Stores	1,217	1,266

The following table presents Company-operated Aaron's stores by type:

Company-operated Aaron's Store Types as of June 30, 2024	GenNext	Legacy	Total
Store	190	566	756
Hub	61	49	110
Showroom	18	92	110
Total	269	707	976

¹ The typical layout for a Company-operated Aaron's store is a combination of showroom, customer service and warehouse space, generally comprising 6,000 to 15,000 square feet. Certain Company-operated Aaron's stores consist solely of a showroom.

Aaron's Business

Lease Portfolio Size. Our lease portfolio size for the Aaron's Business, excluding BrandsMart Leasing, represents the total balance of collectible lease payments for the next month derived from our aggregate outstanding customer lease agreements at a point in time. As of the end of any month, the lease portfolio size is calculated as the lease portfolio size at the beginning of the period plus collectible lease payments for the next month derived from new lease agreements originated in the period less the reduction in collectible lease payments for the next month primarily as a result of customer agreements that reach full ownership, customer early purchase option exercises, lease merchandise returns, and write-offs. Lease portfolio size provides management insight into expected future collectible lease payments. The Company ended the second quarter of 2024 with a lease portfolio size for all Company-operated Aaron's stores of \$117.2 million, a decrease of 2.0% compared to the lease portfolio size as of June 30, 2023.

Lease Renewal Rate. Our lease renewal rate for the Aaron's Business, excluding BrandsMart Leasing, for any given period represents the weighted average of the monthly lease renewal rates for each month in the period. The monthly lease renewal rate for any month is calculated by dividing (i) the lease revenues collected or renewed related to leased merchandise for such month by (ii) the lease portfolio size as of the beginning of such month. The lease renewal rate provides management insight into the Company's success in retaining current customers within our customer lease portfolio over a given period and provides visibility into expected future customer lease payments and the related lease revenue. The lease renewal rate for the second quarter of 2024 was 86.8%, compared to 88.2% in the second quarter of 2023.

BrandsMart

Comparable Sales. We believe that changes in comparable sales is a key performance indicator for the BrandsMart operating segment as it provides management insight into the performance of existing stores and e-commerce business by measuring the change in sales for a particular period over the comparable prior period. Comparable sales includes retail sales generated at BrandsMart stores (including retail sales to BrandsMart Leasing), e-commerce sales initiated on the website or app, warranty revenue, gift card breakage, and sales of merchandise to wholesalers and dealers, as applicable. Comparable sales excludes service center related revenues.

For the three month period ended June 30, 2024, BrandsMart comparable sales decreased 7.3%. We calculated this amount by comparing BrandsMart retail sales for the comparable period in 2023 for all BrandsMart stores open for the entire 15-month period ended June 30, 2024 as well as the remaining revenue components noted above.

² BrandsMart U.S.A. stores average approximately 96,000 square feet.

Seasonality

Our revenue mix for the Aaron's Business is moderately seasonal. The first quarter of each year generally has higher lease renewal rates and corresponding lease revenues than any other quarter. Our customers also more frequently exercise the early purchase option on their existing lease agreements or purchase merchandise during the first quarter of the year. We believe that each of these trends is primarily due to the receipt by our customers in the first quarter of federal and state income tax refunds. In addition, lease portfolio size typically increases gradually in the fourth quarter as a result of the holiday season. We expect these trends to continue in future periods.

Due to the seasonality of the Aaron's Business, as well as the extent of the impact of inflationary and other economic pressures on our customers, results for any quarter or period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for any interim period or a full fiscal year.

Similarly, the BrandsMart business generates the highest quarterly revenues during the fourth quarter of each year, which includes the holiday shopping season. Due to such seasonality, in addition to inflationary and other economic pressures, results for any quarter or period are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be achieved for any interim period or a full fiscal year.

Key Components of (Loss) Earnings Before Income Taxes

In this management's discussion and analysis section, we review our condensed consolidated results. The financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and comparable prior year period are condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, each of which is wholly-owned, and is based on the financial position and results of operations of the Company.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2024 and the comparable prior year period, some of the key revenue, cost and expense items that affected (loss) earnings before income taxes were as follows:

Revenues. We separate our total revenues into four components: (a) lease revenues and fees; (b) retail sales; (c) non-retail sales; and (d) franchise royalties and other revenues. Lease revenues and fees primarily include all revenues derived from lease agreements at both our Aaron's and BrandsMart Leasing brands and fees from our Aaron's Club program. Lease revenues and fees are recorded net of a provision for uncollectible accounts receivable related to lease renewal payments from lease agreements with customers. Retail sales primarily include the sale of merchandise inventories from our BrandsMart operations and the related warranty revenues, as well as the sale of both new and pre-leased merchandise from our Company-operated Aaron's stores. Like many retailers, this business is seasonal with the highest quarterly revenues for retail sales generated in the fourth quarter due to the holiday season. Non-retail sales primarily represent new merchandise sales to our Aaron's franchisees and, to a lesser extent, sales of Woodhaven manufactured products to third-party retailers. Franchise royalties and other revenues primarily represent fees from the sale of franchise rights and royalty payments from franchisees, as well as other related income from our franchised stores. Franchise royalties and other revenues also include revenues from leasing Company-owned real estate properties to unrelated third parties, as well as other miscellaneous revenues.

Depreciation of Lease Merchandise and Other Lease Revenue Costs. Depreciation of lease merchandise and other lease revenue costs is comprised of the depreciation expense associated with depreciating merchandise held for lease and leased to customers by our Company-operated Aaron's stores, aarons.com and BrandsMart Leasing, as well as the costs associated with the Aaron's Club program.

Retail Cost of Sales. Retail cost of sales includes cost of merchandise inventories sold through our BrandsMart U.S.A. stores and the depreciated cost of merchandise sold through our Company-operated Aaron's stores.

Non-Retail Cost of Sales. Non-retail cost of sales primarily represents the cost of merchandise sold to our Aaron's franchisees and, to a lesser extent, the cost of Woodhaven's manufactured products sold to third-party retailers.

Personnel Costs. Personnel costs represents total compensation costs incurred for services provided by team members of the Company with the exception of compensation costs that are eligible for capitalization.

Other Operating Expenses, Net. Other operating expenses, net includes occupancy costs (including rent expense, store maintenance and depreciation expense related to non-manufacturing facilities), shipping and handling, advertising and marketing, intangible asset amortization expense, professional services expense, bank and credit card related fees, and other miscellaneous expenses. Other operating expenses, net also includes gains or losses on sales of Company-operated stores and delivery vehicles, fair value adjustments on assets held for sale and gains or losses on other transactions involving property, plant and equipment. Other operating expenses, net excludes costs that have been capitalized or that are a component of the Company's restructuring programs.

Provision for Lease Merchandise Write-Offs. Provision for lease merchandise write-offs represents charges incurred related to estimated lease merchandise write-offs.

Restructuring Expenses, Net. Restructuring expenses, net are primarily comprised of professional advisory fees, severance charges, closed store operating lease right-of-use asset impairment and operating lease charges and fixed asset impairment charges. Such costs are recorded within the Unallocated Corporate category of segment reporting. Refer to Note 6 of the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion of restructuring expenses, net.

Separation Costs. Separation costs represent employee-related expenses associated with the spin-off transaction (as described in the 2023 Annual Report), including employee-related costs, incremental stock-based compensation expense associated with the conversion and modification of unvested and unexercised equity awards and other one-time expenses incurred by the Company to begin to operate as an independent, standalone public entity. Such costs are recorded within the Unallocated Corporate category of segment reporting.

Acquisition-Related Costs. Prior to the three months ended June 30, 2024, acquisition-related costs had been comprised entirely of costs associated with the acquisition of BrandsMart U.S.A. in April 2022. As of June 30, 2024, acquisition-related costs also include costs related to the planned Merger with IQVentures. Refer to Note 1 of the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for further detail.

Interest Expense. Interest expense consists primarily of interest on the Company's variable rate borrowings, commitment fees on unused balances of the Credit Facility (as defined below), as well as the amortization of debt issuance costs. Such costs are recorded within the Unallocated Corporate category of segment reporting.

Other Non-Operating Income, Net. Other non-operating income, net includes the impact of foreign currency remeasurement, as well as gains and losses resulting from changes in the cash surrender value of Company-owned life insurance related to the Company's deferred compensation plan. This activity also includes earnings on cash and cash equivalent investments.

Consolidated Results of Operations - Three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(In Thousands)		Three Months Ended June 30,			Change	
		2024		2023	\$	%
REVENUES:						
Lease Revenues and Fees	\$	335,658	\$	353,751 \$	(18,093)	(5.1)%
Retail Sales		139,549		148,046	(8,497)	(5.7)
Non-Retail Sales		22,062		22,800	(738)	(3.2)
Franchise Royalties and Other Revenues		5,856		5,775	81	1.4
		503,125		530,372	(27,247)	(5.1)
COSTS OF REVENUES						
Depreciation of Lease Merchandise and Other Lease Revenue Costs		108,275		117,400	(9,125)	(7.8)
Retail Cost of Sales		104,310		111,284	(6,974)	(6.3)
Non-Retail Cost of Sales		18,522		19,416	(894)	(4.6)
		231,107		248,100	(16,993)	(6.8)
GROSS PROFIT		272,018		282,272	(10,254)	(3.6)
Gross Profit %		54.1%		53.2%	() ,	()
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personnel Costs		126,326		124,945	1,381	1.1
Other Operating Expenses, Net		126,563		121,670	4,893	4.0
Provision for Lease Merchandise Write-Offs		20,565		19,001	1,564	8.2
Restructuring Expenses, Net		2,928		4,835	(1,907)	(39.4)
Acquisition-Related Costs		7,981		546	7,435	nmf
		284,363		270,997	13,366	4.9
OPERATING (LOSS) PROFIT		(12,345)		11,275	(23,620)	nmf
Interest Expense		(4,161)		(3,910)	251	6.4
Other Non-Operating Income, Net		256		637	(381)	(59.8)
Suite From Sporting moonie, From		230		057	(301)	(5).0)
(LOSS) EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(16,250)		8,002	(24,252)	nmf
INCOME TAX (BENEFIT) EXPENSE		(4,347)		1,485	5,832	nmf
NET (LOSS) EARNINGS	\$	(11,903)	\$	6,517 \$	(18,420)	nmf

Revenues. Total consolidated revenues were \$503.1 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024, a \$27.2 million decrease compared to the prior year period. This decrease was driven by a \$19.6 million decrease in revenues in the Aaron's Business segment and a \$8.4 million decrease in revenue at the BrandsMart segment during the three months ended June 30, 2024, as discussed further in the "Segment Performance" section below.

Gross Profit. Consolidated gross profit for the Company was \$272.0 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024, a \$10.3 million decrease compared to the prior year period. This decrease was primarily driven by a \$8.6 million decrease in gross profit at the Aaron's Business segment, as well as a \$1.6 million decrease in gross profit at the BrandsMart segment during the three months ended June 30, 2024, as discussed further in the "Segment Performance" section below.

As a percentage of total consolidated revenues, consolidated gross profit increased to 54.1% during the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to 53.2% for the comparable period in the prior year primarily due to higher gross profit margin on lease revenue and fees and retail sales in the Aaron's Business as well as higher gross profit margin on retail sales at the BrandsMart segment, as discussed in the Segment Performance section below.

Operating Expenses

Personnel Costs. Personnel Costs increased by \$1.4 million during the second quarter of 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year, due primarily to higher performance-based incentive compensation at the Aaron's Business and increased workers compensation and health insurance expense at both the Aaron's Business and BrandsMart segments, partially offset by the optimization of store labor, store support, and operational oversight functions at the Aaron's Business.

Other Operating Expenses, Net. Information about certain significant components of other operating expenses, net for the consolidated Company is as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Ended	Change			
(In Thousands)		2024		2023		\$	%	
Occupancy Costs	\$	56,357	\$	55,778	\$	579	1.0 %	
Other Miscellaneous Expenses, net		28,398		29,523		(1,125)	(3.8)	
Shipping and Handling		16,130		16,770		(640)	(3.8)	
Advertising Costs		11,765		6,613		5,152	77.9	
Bank and Credit Card Related Fees		7,783		7,936		(153)	(1.9)	
Professional Services		4,066		3,867		199	5.1	
Intangible Amortization		2,486		2,595		(109)	(4.2)	
Gains on Dispositions of Store-Related Assets, net		(422)		(1,412)		990	70.1	
Other Operating Expenses, net	\$	126,563	\$	121,670	\$	4,893	4.0 %	

As a percentage of total revenues, other operating expenses, net increased to 25.2% for the second quarter of 2024 from 22.9% in the same period in 2023.

Other miscellaneous expenses, net primarily represents the depreciation of IT-related property, plant and equipment, software licensing expenses, franchisee-related reserves, and other expenses. The decrease in this category is primarily due to lower inventory-related operating expenses and a reduction to franchisee-related reserves at the Aaron's Business segment, partially offset by higher general liability expense at both the Aaron's Business and BrandsMart segments.

Shipping and handling costs decreased during the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the prior year period primarily due to lower fuel and maintenance, partially offset by higher automotive liability expense at the Aaron's Business.

Advertising costs increased due to a planned increase in marketing spend in both business segments.

Gains on dispositions of store-related assets, net decreased primarily due to a reduction in the number and gains attributable to Aaron's Business vehicle sales in the current quarter compared to the same period in 2023.

Provision for Lease Merchandise Write-Offs. The provision for lease merchandise write-offs as a percentage of lease revenues and fees for the Aaron's Business increased to 6.1% for the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to 5.4% in the same period of 2023. This increase was primarily driven by lower lease revenues and fees in the three months ended June 30, 2024, and an increasing mix of e-commerce agreements written into the portfolio.

Restructuring Expenses, Net. Restructuring activity for the three months ended June 30, 2024 resulted in expenses of \$2.9 million, which were mainly comprised of \$1.3 million of continuing variable occupancy costs incurred related to previously closed stores, \$0.5 million of operating lease right-of-use asset and fixed asset impairment for Company-operated stores identified for closure, and a \$0.4 million net loss on the sale of store properties and related assets. Restructuring activity for the three months ended June 30, 2023 resulted in expenses of \$4.8 million, which were mainly comprised of \$2.7 million of continuing variable occupancy costs incurred related to previously closed stores and \$0.9 million of operating lease right-of-use asset and fixed asset impairment for Company-operated stores identified for closure.

Acquisition-Related Costs. Prior to the three months ended June 30, 2024, acquisition-related costs had been comprised entirely of costs associated with the acquisition of BrandsMart U.S.A. in April 2022. For the three months ended June 30, 2024, acquisition-related costs, which totaled \$8.0 million, also included \$7.5 million of expenses, primarily comprised of professional advisory and legal fees, related to the planned Merger with IQVentures.

Operating Profit

Interest Expense. Interest Expense increased to \$4.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2024 from \$3.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023. Interest expense for both the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 consists primarily of interest on the Company's variable rate borrowings under the Credit Facility and commitment fees on unused balances, as well as the amortization of debt issuance costs.

Other non-operating income, net. Other non-operating income, net includes (a) net gains and losses resulting from changes in the cash surrender value of Company-owned life insurance related to the Company's deferred compensation plan; (b) the impact of foreign currency remeasurement; and (c) earnings on cash and cash equivalent investments. The changes in the cash surrender value of Company-owned life insurance resulted in net gains of \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Foreign currency remeasurement net gains resulting from changes in the value of the U.S. dollar against the Canadian dollar and earnings on cash and cash equivalent investments were not significant during the three months ended June 30, 2024 or 2023.

Income Tax (Benefit) Expense

The Company recorded a net income tax benefit of \$4.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to an income tax expense of \$1.5 million for the same period in 2023. The effective tax rate increased to 26.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to 18.6% for the same period in 2023. The tax rate increase in 2024 is primarily due to the loss before income taxes of \$16.3 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and the impact of permanent differences on the loss before income taxes.

Segment Performance – Three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Aaron's Business Segment Results

Revenues. The following table presents revenue by source for the Aaron's Business segment for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Three Mo Jun	Change			
(In Thousands)	 2024	2023		\$	%
Lease Revenues and Fees	\$ 335,658	\$ 353,751	\$	(18,093)	(5.1)%
Retail Sales	5,804	6,615		(811)	(12.3)
Non-Retail Sales	22,062	22,800		(738)	(3.2)
Franchise Royalties and Fees	5,663	5,588		75	1.3
Other	193	187		6	3.2
Total Revenues - Aaron's Business	\$ 369,380	\$ 388,941	\$	(19,561)	(5.0)%

The decrease in lease revenues and fees during the three months ended June 30, 2024 were primarily driven by a 3.9% lower average lease portfolio size, which contributed to a \$12.4 million decline in lease revenues and fees and a 1.4% decline in lease renewal rate which contributed to a \$4.9 million decline in lease revenues and fees compared to the prior year period.

The decrease in retail sales during the three months ended June 30, 2024 were driven primarily by lower demand compared to the prior year period, and the net reduction of 54 store locations.

E-commerce revenues (excluding BrandsMart Leasing) increased 34.7% compared to the prior year quarter and were 25.3% and 17.9% of lease revenues during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The decrease in non-retail sales is primarily due to lower price-point and close-out sale purchases by outside retailers during the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period of the prior year.

Gross Profit and Earnings Before Income Taxes.

	Jun	e 30,	nueu	Change		
(In Thousands)	 2024		2023	\$	%	
Gross Profit	\$ 238,252	\$	246,839	\$ (8,587)	(3.5)%	
Earnings Before Income Taxes	17,275		30,840	(13,565)	(44.0)	

Three Months Ended

As a percentage of total revenues, gross profit for the Aaron's Business improved to 64.5% during the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to 63.5% for the comparable period in 2023. The factors impacting the change in gross profit are discussed below.

Gross profit for lease revenues and fees for the Aaron's Business was \$227.2 million and \$236.0 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The lower average lease portfolio contributed \$8.6 million to the decline in gross profit and the lower lease renewal rate contributed \$4.9 million to the decline of the gross profit compared to the prior year period. This was partially offset by \$1.9 million of lower idle inventory and \$1.9 million in lower inventory costs compared to the prior year period. The increase in gross profit margin is primarily due to a decreasing mix of lower margin early payout revenue compared to the prior year period.

Gross profit for retail sales for the Aaron's Business was \$1.7 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which represented a gross profit margin of 29.4% and 25.3% for the respective periods. The increase in gross profit margin is primarily due to lower cost of inventory during the three months ended June 30, 2024.

Gross profit for non-retail sales for the Aaron's Business was \$3.5 million and \$3.4 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which represented a gross profit margin of 16.0% and 14.8% for the respective periods. The increase in gross profit is due to lower cost of inventory during the three months ended June 30, 2024.

Earnings before income taxes for the Aaron's Business segment decreased by \$13.6 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024 primarily due to lower revenues, higher personnel costs, higher other operating expense, and a higher provision for lease merchandise write-offs.

BrandsMart Segment Results

The following table presents revenue for the BrandsMart segment for the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Three Months June 30,		Change		
(In Thousands)	 2024	2023	\$	%	
Retail Sales	\$ 135,420 \$	143,776 \$	(8,356)	(5.8)%	
Gross Profit	33,964	35,569	(1,605)	(4.5)	
(Loss) Earnings Before Income Taxes	(4,024)	1,083	(5,107)	nmf	

The decrease in retail sales for the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year was primarily due to a 7.3% decrease in comparable sales for the three months ended June 30, 2024, driven primarily by ongoing weaker customer traffic and customer trade down to lower priced products across major categories.

E-commerce product sales were 8.5% and 8.1% of product sales during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, and in total were down 3.1% during the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the same period of the prior year. This was primarily due to weaker customer traffic and customer trade down to lower priced products.

As a percentage of total revenues, gross profit for the BrandsMart segment was 25.1% during the three months ended June 30, 2024 compared to 24.7% for the comparable period in 2023.

Loss before income taxes was \$4.0 million during the three months ended June 30, 2024, compared to earnings before income taxes of \$1.1 million for the comparable period in 2023 primarily due to a \$1.6 million decrease in gross profit as well as higher personnel costs and higher other operating expense.

Consolidated Results of Operations - Six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

		Six Mon Jun	ths End	ded	Change		
(In Thousands)		2024		2023	\$	%	
REVENUES							
Lease Revenues and Fees	\$	681,667	\$	727,546 \$	(45,879)	(6.3)%	
Retail Sales		276,478		298,592	(22,114)	(7.4)	
Non-Retail Sales		44,704		46,735	(2,031)	(4.3)	
Franchise Royalties and Other Revenues		11,773		11,860	(87)	(0.7)	
		1,014,622		1,084,733	(70,111)	(6.5)	
COSTS OF REVENUES							
Depreciation of Lease Merchandise and Other Lease Revenue Costs		220,815		242,541	(21,726)	(9.0)	
Retail Cost of Sales		210,272		224,813	(14,541)	(6.5)	
Non-Retail Cost of Sales		37,634		39,413	(1,779)	(4.5)	
		468,721		506,767	(38,046)	(7.5)	
GROSS PROFIT	_	545,901		577,966	(32,065)	(5.5)	
Gross Profit %		53.8%		53.3%			
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel Costs		251,394		256,390	(4,996)	(1.9)	
Other Operating Expenses, Net		258,498		245,815	12,683	5.2	
Provision for Lease Merchandise Write-Offs		41,072		39,161	1,911	4.9	
Restructuring Expenses, Net		10,826		10,124	702	6.9	
Separation Costs		17		129	(112)	(86.8)	
Acquisition-Related Costs		8,861		2,394	6,467	nmf	
		570,668		554,013	16,655	3.0	
OPERATING (LOSS) PROFIT		(24,767)		23,953	(48,720)	nmf	
Interest Expense		(8,695)		(8,268)	(427)	(5.2)	
Other Non-Operating Income, Net		893		1,209	(316)	(26.1)	
(LOSS) EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(32,569)		16,894	(49,463)	nmf	
INCOME TAX BENEFIT		(6,485)		(2,421)	4,064	nmf	
NET (LOSS) EARNINGS	\$	(26,084)	\$	19,315 \$	(53,527)	nmf	

nmf—Calculation is not meaningful

Revenues. Total consolidated revenues were \$1.01 billion during the six months ended June 30, 2024, a \$70.1 million decrease compared to the prior year period. This decrease was primarily driven by a \$50.6 million decrease in revenues in the Aaron's Business segment and a \$20.0 million decrease in revenue at the BrandsMart segment during the six months ended June 30, 2024, as discussed further in the "Segment Performance" section below.

Gross Profit. Consolidated gross profit for the Company was \$545.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024, a \$32.1 million decrease compared to the prior year period. This decrease was primarily driven by a \$24.7 million decrease in gross profit at the Aaron's Business segment, as well as a \$7.3 million decrease in gross profit at the BrandsMart segment during the six months ended June 30, 2024, as discussed further in the "Segment Performance" section below.

As a percentage of total revenues, gross profit increased to 53.8% during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to 53.3% for the comparable period in 2023 primarily due to higher gross profit margin on lease revenue and fees and retail sales in the Aaron's Business, partially offset by lower gross profit on retail sales at the BrandsMart segment.

Operating Expenses

Personnel Costs. Personnel costs decreased by \$5.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the prior year period, due primarily to the optimization of store labor, store support, and operational oversight functions at both business segments, partially offset by an increase in incentive-based compensation.

Other Operating Expenses, Net. Information about certain significant components of other operating expenses, net for the consolidated Company is as follows:

	Six Mon Jun	ths Er e 30,	nded	Change		
(In Thousands)	2024		2023	\$	%	
Occupancy Costs	\$ 113,609	\$	112,058	\$ 1,551	1.4 %	
Other Miscellaneous Expenses, net	58,643		54,948	3,695	6.7	
Shipping and Handling	31,229		32,617	(1,388)	(4.3)	
Advertising Costs	30,551		19,567	10,984	56.1	
Bank and Credit Card Related Fees	15,735		16,037	(302)	(1.9)	
Professional Services	7,902		7,582	320	4.2	
Intangible Amortization	4,982		5,241	(259)	(4.9)	
Gains on Dispositions of Store-Related Assets, net	(4,153)		(2,235)	(1,918)	(85.8)	
Other Operating Expenses, net	\$ 258,498	\$	245,815	\$ 12,683	5.2 %	

As a percentage of total revenues, other operating expenses, net was 25.5% and 22.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2024, and 2023, respectively.

Other miscellaneous expenses, net primarily represent the depreciation of IT-related property, plant and equipment, software licensing expenses, franchisee-related reserves, and other expenses. The increase in this category during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the same period in the prior year is primarily due to the receipt in January 2023 of a \$3.8 million settlement of a class action lawsuit related to alleged anti-competitive conduct by several manufacturers of cathode ray tubes. The remaining expenses within this category did not fluctuate significantly on an individual basis versus the prior year.

Shipping and handling costs decreased during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the prior year period primarily due to lower fuel and maintenance, partially offset by higher automotive liability expense at the Aaron's Business during the six months ended June 30, 2023.

Advertising costs increased during the six months ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the same period of the prior year primarily due to a planned increase in marketing spend in both business segments.

Gains on dispositions of store-related assets, net increased compared to the prior year period primarily due to gains of \$3.3 million recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2024, related to sale and leaseback transactions for four Company-owned Aaron's store properties partially offset by lower gains on vehicle sales in the same period. There were no sale and leaseback transactions during the six months ended June 30, 2023.

Provision for Lease Merchandise Write-Offs. The provision for lease merchandise write-offs as a percentage of lease revenues and fees for the Aaron's Business increased to 6.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to 5.4% for the comparable period in 2023. This increase was primarily driven by lower lease revenues and fees during six months ended June 30, 2024, and an increasing mix of e-commerce agreements written into the portfolio.

Restructuring Expenses, Net. Restructuring activity for the six months ended June 30, 2024 resulted in expenses of \$10.8 million, which were primarily comprised of \$3.1 million of continuing variable occupancy costs incurred related to previously closed stores, \$2.7 million of severance charges primarily related to headcount reduction at the store support center to align with current business conditions, and \$2.5 million of operating lease right-of-use asset and fixed asset impairments. Restructuring activity for the six months ended June 30, 2023 resulted in expenses of \$10.1 million, which were primarily comprised of \$4.6 million of continuing variable occupancy costs incurred related to previously closed stores, \$1.8 million of operating lease right-of-use asset and fixed asset impairments, and \$1.8 million in severance charges related to reduction in store support center staff.

Separation Costs. Separation costs for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 primarily represent incremental stock-based compensation expense associated with the conversion and modification of unvested and unexercised equity awards, employee-related expenses associated with the spin-off transaction (as described in the 2023 Annual Report) and other one-time expenses incurred by the Company in order to operate as an independent, standalone public entity.

Acquisition-Related Costs. Prior to the three months ended June 30, 2024, acquisition-related costs had been comprised entirely of costs associated with the acquisition of BrandsMart U.S.A. in April 2022. For the six months ended June 30, 2024, acquisition-related costs, which totaled \$8.9 million, also included \$7.5 million of expenses, primarily comprised of professional advisory and legal fees, related to the planned Merger with IQVentures.

Operating Profit

Interest Expense. Interest Expense increased to \$8.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 from \$8.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 consists primarily of interest on the Company's variable rate borrowings under the Credit Facility and commitment fees on unused balances, as well as the amortization of debt issuance costs.

Other non-operating income, net. Other non-operating income, net includes (a) net gains and losses resulting from changes in the cash surrender value of Company-owned life insurance related to the Company's deferred compensation plan; (b) the impact of foreign currency remeasurement; and (c) earnings on cash and cash equivalent investments. The changes in the cash surrender value of Company-owned life insurance resulted in net gains of \$0.9 million and \$1.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Foreign currency remeasurement net gains resulting from changes in the value of the U.S. dollar against the Canadian dollar and earnings on cash and cash equivalent investments were not significant during the six months ended June 30, 2024 or 2023.

Income Tax Benefit

The Company recorded a net income tax benefit of \$6.5 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to an income tax benefit of \$2.4 million for the same period in 2023. The effective tax rate increased to 19.9% for the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to (14.3)% for the same period in 2023. The net income tax benefit recognized in 2024 and resulting increase in the effective tax rate was primarily due to the loss before income taxes of \$32.6 million, and the impact of discrete tax expense of \$1.3 million related to stock-based compensation vesting that occurred during the six months ended June 30, 2024. The net income tax benefit recognized in 2023 and resulting effective tax rate was primarily due to a deferred income tax benefit of \$6.6 million generated by the remeasurement of state deferred tax assets in connection with a change in the expected state apportionment percentages related to the election to treat Aaron's, LLC, a subsidiary of the Company, as a corporation for income tax purposes effective January 1, 2023.

Segment Performance – Six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Aaron's Business Segment Results

Revenues. The following table presents revenue by source for the Aaron's Business segment for the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Six Months Ended Ju			lune 30,	Change	
(In Thousands)	1	2024		2023	\$	%
Lease Revenues and Fees	\$	681,667	\$	727,546	\$ (45,879)	(6.3)%
Retail Sales		12,291		14,933	(2,642)	(17.7)
Non-Retail Sales		44,704		46,735	(2,031)	(4.3)
Franchise Royalties and Fees		11,392		11,486	(94)	(0.8)
Other		381		374	7	1.9
Total Revenues - Aaron's Business	\$	750,435	\$	801,074	\$ (50,639)	(6.3)%

The decrease in lease revenues and fees during the six months ended June 30, 2024 were primarily driven by a 4.9% lower average lease portfolio which contributed \$31.6 million to the decline in lease revenues and fees, a 1.2% lower lease renewal rate which contributed \$8.5 million to the decline in lease revenues and fees and approximately \$3.6 million in lower early purchase options during the six months ended June 30, 2024 as compared to the same period of the prior year.

The decrease in retail sales during the six months ended June 30, 2024 were driven primarily by lower demand compared to the prior year period, and the net reduction of 84 store locations.

E-commerce revenues increased 27.4% compared to the prior year period and were 24.6% and 17.9% of total lease revenues and fees during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The decrease in non-retail sales is due primarily to lower-price point and close-out sale purchases by outside retailers during the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to the same period of the prior year.

Gross Profit and Earnings Before Income Taxes.

	 Six Months Ended	June 30,	Change		
(In Thousands)	2024	2023	\$	%	
Gross Profit	\$ 482,883 \$	507,545 \$	(24,662)	(4.9)%	
Earnings Before Income Taxes	36,009	66,699	(30,690)	(46.0)	

As a percentage of total revenues, gross profit for the Aaron's Business increased to 64.3% during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to 63.4% for the comparable period in 2023. The factors impacting the change in gross profit are discussed below.

Gross profit for lease revenues and fees for the Aaron's Business was \$460.4 million and \$484.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which represented a gross profit margin of 67.5% and 66.6% for the respective periods. The lower average lease portfolio contributed \$22.0 million to the decline in gross profit and the lower lease renewal rate contributed \$8.5 million to the decline in gross profit compared to the prior year period. This was partially offset by \$3.8 million of lower idle inventory and \$3.6 million in lower inventory costs compared to the prior year period.

Gross profit for retail sales for the Aaron's Business was \$3.6 million and \$4.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which represented a gross profit margin of 29.3% and 26.5% for the respective periods. The increase in gross profit margin is primarily due to lower inventory costs in 2024 compared to 2023.

Gross profit for non-retail sales for the Aaron's Business was \$7.1 million and \$7.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which represented a gross profit margin of 15.8% and 15.7% for the respective periods.

Earnings before income taxes for the Aaron's Business segment decreased by \$30.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the prior year period primarily due to the \$24.7 million decrease in gross profit, higher other operating expense, and a higher provision for lease merchandise write-offs, partially offset by lower personnel costs.

BrandsMart Segment Results

	Six Months End	ed June 30,	Cha	nge
(In Thousands)	 2024	2023	\$	%
Retail Sales	\$ 267,943 \$	287,934	\$ (19,991)	(6.9)%
Gross Profit	63,440	70,704	(7,264)	(10.3)
(Loss) Earnings Before Income Taxes	(10,445)	195	(10,640)	nmf

Revenues. BrandsMart segment revenues, entirely comprised of retail sales were \$267.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to \$287.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2023.

Gross Profit. Gross profit for retail sales for the BrandsMart segment was \$63.4 million and \$70.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which represented a gross profit margin of 23.7% and 24.6% for the respective periods.

(Loss) Earnings before Income Taxes. The BrandsMart segment reported a loss before income taxes of \$10.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to earnings before income taxes of \$0.2 million for the comparable period in 2023. This is primarily due to the \$7.3 million decrease in gross profit, higher other operating expense, partially offset by lower personnel costs.

Overview of Financial Position

The major changes in the condensed consolidated balance sheet from December 31, 2023 to June 30, 2024 include:

• Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$24.9 million to \$34.2 million at June 30, 2024. For additional information, refer to the "Liquidity and Capital Resources" section below.

- Other intangibles decreased \$5.0 million due to amortization expense recognized during the six months ended June 30, 2024.
- Debt increased \$21.8 million primarily due to higher purchases of lease merchandise to support growth in lease merchandise deliveries in our Aaron's Business segment during the six months ended June 30, 2024 in addition to costs associated with the opening of a new BrandsMart store. Refer to the "Liquidity and Capital Resources" section below for further details regarding the Company's financing arrangements.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

General

Our primary uses of capital have historically consisted of (a) buying merchandise; (b) personnel expenditures; (c) purchases of property, plant and equipment, including leasehold improvements for our new store concept and operating model; (d) expenditures related to corporate operating activities; (e) income tax payments; and (f) expenditures for acquisitions. The Company also periodically repurchases common stock and pays quarterly cash dividends. In 2024, uses of capital have included purchases of lease merchandise to support growth in lease merchandise deliveries in our Aaron's Business segment, and ongoing costs associated with the opening of a new BrandsMart store.

We currently expect to finance our primary capital requirements through cash flows from operations, and as necessary, borrowings under our Revolving Facility. The Credit Facility provides for a \$175 million term loan (the "Term Loan") and a \$275 million revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Facility"), which includes (i) a \$35 million sublimit for the issuance of letters of credit on customary terms, and (ii) a \$35 million sublimit for swing line loans on customary terms.

As of June 30, 2024, the Company had \$34.2 million of cash and \$207.1 million of availability under its \$275.0 million Revolving Facility which is further described in Note 3 to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

Cash (Used in) Provided by Operating Activities

Cash used in operating activities was \$6.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024, compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$114.4 million during the six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively. The decrease in operating cash flows was primarily driven by lower consolidated earnings results during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the same period in the prior year, as well as higher lease merchandise purchases to support growth in lease merchandise deliveries at the Aaron's Business. Other changes in cash provided by operating activities are discussed above in our discussion of results for the six months ended June 30, 2024.

Cash Used in Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activities was \$30.1 million and \$36.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The \$6.6 million decrease in investing cash outflows was primarily due to \$3.3 million higher proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment, as well as \$2.0 million in proceeds received during the six months ended June 30, 2024 in other investing-related activities, which includes proceeds from the sale of stores and benefits received from Company-owned life insurance contracts related to the deferred compensation plan. The overall decrease was partially offset by \$1.3 million lower cash outflows for purchases of property, plant and equipment primarily related to GenNext initiatives, during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to the prior year period.

Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities was \$12.2 million during the six months ended June 30, 2024 compared to cash used in financing activities of \$67.0 million during the six months ended June 30, 2023. The \$79.2 million change in financing cash flows during the six months ended June 30, 2024 was primarily due to a \$78.2 million decrease in net repayments on the Company's borrowings under its Credit Facility, partially offset by \$0.7 million in debt modification costs incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2024 as a result of the debt amendment further described in Note 3 to these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Share Repurchases

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company did not repurchase any shares of its common stock. The Company's remaining share repurchase authorization was \$127.0 million as of June 30, 2024.

Dividends

In May 2024, the Board approved a quarterly dividend of \$0.125 per share, which was paid on July 3, 2024. Aggregate dividend payments for the six months ended June 30, 2024 were \$7.6 million, compared to \$7.3 million in the same period of the prior year. We expect to continue paying this quarterly cash dividend, subject to further approval from our Board. Although we expect to continue to pay a quarterly cash dividend, the timing, declaration, amount and payment of future dividends to shareholders falls within the discretion of our Board. We cannot guarantee that we will pay a dividend in the future or continue to pay any dividend.

Debt Financing

As of June 30, 2024, the total available credit under the Credit Facility (defined below) was \$207.1 million, which reflects borrowings of \$167.3 million under the Term Loan, \$48.9 million of outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Facility and approximately \$19.0 million for our outstanding letters of credit.

On April 1, 2022, the Company entered into an unsecured credit facility (the "Credit Facility") which provides for a \$175 million Term Loan and a \$375 million Revolving Facility, which includes (i) a \$35 million sublimit for the issuance of letters of credit on customary terms, and (ii) a \$35 million sublimit for swing line loans on customary terms.

On February 23, 2024, the Company amended its Credit Facility to, among other things: decrease the Revolving Facility commitment from \$375 million to \$275 million, (ii) include a Security Agreement consisting of a first priority lien (subject to Permitted Liens) on certain agreed upon assets of the Borrowers and Guarantors, including a pledge of the capital stock of all existing and future Material Subsidiaries and Holdings excluding Real Property, and (iii) amend the existing Fixed Charge Coverage ratio to lower the required minimum threshold.

As a result of the amendment, during the six months ended June 30, 2024, the Company incurred \$0.7 million in creditor and third-party fees. These fees were capitalized and included within prepaid expenses and other assets in the condensed and consolidated balance sheets, and will be amortized over the remaining life of the Revolving Facility. The Company expensed \$0.6 million of unamortized debt issuance costs due to the reduction in the borrowing capacity of its Revolving Facility.

Borrowings under the Revolving Facility and the Term Loan bear interest at a rate per annum equal to, at the option of the Company, (i) the forward-looking term rate based on the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus an applicable margin ranging between 1.50% and 2.25%, based on the Company's Total Net Debt to EBITDA Ratio (as defined in the Credit Facility agreement), or (ii) the base rate plus an applicable margin, which is 1.00% lower than the applicable margin for SOFR loans.

The loans and commitments under the Revolving Facility mature or terminate on April 1, 2027. The Term Loan amortizes in quarterly installments, commencing on December 31, 2022, in an aggregate annual amount equal to (i) 2.50% of the original principal amount of the Term Loan during the first and second years after the closing date, (ii) 5.00% of the original principal amount of the Term Loan during the third, fourth and fifth years after the closing date, with the remaining principal balance of the Term Loan to be due and payable in full on April 1, 2027.

The Credit Facility and the Franchise Loan Facility contain customary financial covenants including (a) a maximum Total Net Debt to EBITDA Ratio of 2.75 to 1.00 and, (b) a minimum Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of 1.30 to 1.00.

If we fail to comply with these covenants, we will be in default under these agreements, and all borrowings outstanding could become due immediately. Under the Credit Facility and the Franchise Loan Facility (as defined below), we may pay cash dividends in any year so long as, after giving pro forma effect to the dividend payment, we maintain compliance with our financial covenants and no event of default has occurred or would result from the payment. We are in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Facility at June 30, 2024.

Commitments

Income Taxes

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, we made net income tax payments of \$1.0 million. Within the next six months, we anticipate making estimated cash payments of \$2.0 million for federal income taxes and \$1.0 million for state income taxes.

The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, which was enacted in December 2017, provides for 100% expense deduction of certain qualified depreciable assets, including lease merchandise inventory, purchased by the Company after September 27, 2017 (but would be phased down starting in 2023). Because the majority of our revenues come from the sales and lease ownership model in our Aaron's Business segment, in which the Company remains the owner of merchandise on lease, we benefit more from bonus depreciation, relatively, than traditional furniture, electronics and appliance retailers.

We estimate the deferred tax liability associated with bonus depreciation from the Tax Act and the prior tax legislation is approximately \$118.0 million as of December 31, 2023, of which approximately 70% is expected to reverse as a deferred

income tax benefit in 2024 and most of the remainder during 2025. These amounts exclude bonus depreciation the Company will receive on qualifying expenditures after December 31, 2023. There is no expected impact to net income tax expense (benefit) due to the temporary nature of this adjustment.

Franchise Loan Guaranty

We have guaranteed the borrowings of certain independent franchisees under a franchise loan agreement (the "Franchise Loan Facility") with a bank that is a party to our Revolving Facility.

As further described in Note 3 to the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company entered into a Franchise Loan Facility agreement on April 1, 2022 that has been amended twice since that date. The most recent amendment, which occurred on February 23, 2024, amended the Franchise Loan Facility to conform to the changes resulting from the amendment to its Credit Facility described in Note 3, and to extend the maturity date to March 29, 2025. On April 12, 2024, pursuant to the terms of the Franchise Loan Facility, the Company voluntarily reduced the commitment amount to \$3.5 million. As of June 30, 2024, the Franchise Loan Facility has a total commitment amount of \$3.5 million, and the maximum amount that the Company would be obligated to repay in the event franchisees defaulted was \$2.1 million, which would be due in full within 75 days of the event of default.

We are able to request an additional 364-day extension of our Franchise Loan Facility, as long as we are not in violation of any of the covenants under that facility or our Revolving Facility, and no event of default exists under those agreements, until such time as our Revolving Facility expires. We currently expect to include a franchise loan facility as part of any extension or renewal of our Revolving Facility thereafter.

Since the inception of the franchise loan program in 1994, losses associated with the program have been insignificant. However, such losses could be significant in a future period due to potential adverse trends in the liquidity and/or financial performance of the Company's franchisees resulting in an event of default or impending defaults by franchisees. The Company records a liability related to estimated future losses from repaying the franchisees' outstanding debt obligations upon any possible future events of default. This liability is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheets and was \$0.2 million and \$1.0 million as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The liability for both periods included qualitative consideration of potential losses, including uncertainties impacting the operations and liquidity of our franchisees. Uncertainties include inflationary pressures in the macroeconomic environment.

Contractual Obligations and Commitments

As part of our ongoing operations, we enter into various arrangements that obligate us to make future payments, including debt agreements, operating leases, and other purchase obligations. The future cash commitments owed under these arrangements generally fluctuate in the normal course of business as we, for example, borrow on or pay down our revolving lines of credit, make scheduled payments on leases or purchase obligations, and renegotiate arrangements or enter into new arrangements. There were no material changes outside the normal course of business in our material cash commitments and contractual obligations from those reported in the 2023 Annual Report.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Refer to Part II, Item 7, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations - Critical Accounting Estimates" in the 2023 Annual Report.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 1 to the condensed consolidated financial statements for a discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements, including pronouncements that were adopted in the current year.

ITEM 3. OUANTITATIVE AND OUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

As of June 30, 2024, the Company had \$216.2 million of borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility, further described in Note 3 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest at a rate per annum equal to, at the option of the Company, (i) the forward-looking term rate based on the SOFR plus an applicable margin ranging between 1.50% and 2.25%, based on the Company's Total Net Debt to EBITDA Ratio, or (ii) the base rate plus an applicable margin, which is 1.00% lower than the applicable margin for SOFR loans. The variable rates associated with these facilities exposes us to the risk of increased costs if interest rates rise while we have outstanding borrowings tied to variable rates.

In March 2023, the Company entered into a non-speculative interest rate swap agreement for an aggregate notional amount of \$100.0 million with a forward effective date of April 28, 2023 and a termination date of March 31, 2027. The purpose of this hedge is to limit the Company's exposure of its variable interest rate debt by effectively converting it to fixed interest rate debt. Based on the Company's variable-rate debt outstanding as of June 30, 2024, a hypothetical 10% increase or decrease in interest rates would increase or decrease interest expense by approximately \$0.8 million on an annualized basis.

We do not use any other significant market risk sensitive instruments to hedge commodity, foreign currency or other risks, and hold no market risk sensitive instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

An evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on management's evaluation, the CEO and CFO concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of June 30, 2024, as a result of a previously identified material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting, as described below.

Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

As previously disclosed in Item 9A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, management identified a material weakness in internal control over financial reporting in the BrandsMart segment. The design of information technology general controls ("ITGCs") related to user access, program change or appropriate segregation of duties for certain IT applications within the segment was not effective. This ineffective design impacted controls over the completeness and accuracy of information used in the segment's business process controls resulting in the impacted controls also being deemed ineffective.

Remediation Efforts

As previously disclosed, the Company has commenced implementing a remediation plan to address the material weakness described above. Management continues to evaluate the design and operating effectiveness of ITGCs for key applications at BrandsMart. During the six months ended June 30, 2024, access rights and assigned job responsibilities were modified to resolve instances of inappropriate user access capabilities, program changes, and segregation of duties conflicts where needed. The material weakness will not be considered remediated until the applicable controls operate for a sufficient period of time and management has concluded, through testing, that these controls are operating effectively.

There were no material errors in the financial results or balances identified as a result of the control deficiencies, and there were no restatements of prior period financial statements and no changes in previously released financial results were required as a result of these control deficiencies.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Other than the remediation efforts described above with respect to the identified material weakness, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting, as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act, during the six months ended June 30, 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In Jacob Atkinson v. Aaron's, LLC dba Aaron's Sales & Lease Ownership, LLC et al., Civil Action NO. 23-2-19649-0 (King Cnty. Sup Ct.), filed on October 11, 2023, plaintiff alleges that the Company violated Washington's Equal Pay and Opportunity Act, RCW 49.58.110, because certain of the Company's job postings did not include a wage scale or salary range. Because the statute is new, issues including standing, applicability as to who it covers, and the constitutionality of the statutory penalty have not been determined. Plaintiff seeks injunctive and declaratory relief and also seeks certification of a putative class. On November 14, 2023, the Company removed the lawsuit to federal court in the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington. On January 22, 2024, the Company filed a motion to dismiss the lawsuit. On April 30, 2024, the Company's motion to dismiss was granted by the district court without prejudice and with leave to amend. On May 8, 2024, and on June 26, 2024, the district court granted in part motions for partial reconsideration filed by plaintiff and the Company, respectively. As a result, the district court remanded the proceeding to the King County Superior Court in Washington state and also struck part of the initial order granting the Company's motion to dismiss. The Company has not yet answered or otherwise responded to the complaint.

The assessment as to whether a loss is probable or reasonably possible, and as to whether such loss or a range of such losses is estimable, often involves significant judgment about future events, and the outcome of litigation is inherently uncertain. Other than as described above, there is no material pending or threatened litigation against the Company that remains outstanding as of June 30, 2024. For further information, see Note 5 to the condensed consolidated financial statements under the heading "Legal Proceedings," which discussion is incorporated by reference in response to this Item 1.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In addition to the information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the following risk factors related to the Merger as well as the risk factors that affect our business and financial results that are discussed in Part I, Item 1A, of the 2023 Annual Report.

Risks Related to our Agreement and Plan of Merger with IQVentures

A failure to complete the Merger on the terms reflected in the Merger Agreement or at all could have a material and adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and stock price.

Completion of the Merger is not assured and is subject to risks, including the risk that approval of the transaction by the Company's shareholders or by governmental agencies will not be obtained or that certain other closing conditions will not be satisfied. If the Merger is not completed, our ongoing business may be adversely affected and we will be subject to several risks, including:

- having to pay expenses relating to the Merger without receiving the benefits of the Merger, including, expenses incurred in connection with any litigation that may result from the announcement or pendency of the Merger, and in certain circumstances, a termination fee of \$12.5 million to Parent;
- the market's perception of the Company's continuing business and future prospects could adversely affect the Company's relationships with employees, customers, supplier, franchisees, vendors, purchasing agents and other business partners; and
- the market price of the Company's shares may decline based on a number of factors including (1) the reason for which the Merger Agreement was terminated and whether such termination results from factors adversely affecting the Company, (2) the possibility that the marketplace would consider the Company to be an unattractive acquisition candidate, (3) the possible sale of shares by short-term investors following an announcement of the termination of the Merger Agreement, and (4) the extent that the current market prices reflect an assumption by the market that the Merger will be completed.

Until the Merger is completed, we are subject to business uncertainties and contractual restrictions that could harm our business relationships, financial condition, operating results, cash flows and business.

Uncertainty about the effect of the Merger on employees, customers, suppliers, franchisees and other parties may have an adverse effect on us. The pending Merger may impair our ability to attract, retain and motivate key personnel, and could cause customers, suppliers, franchisees and others to seek to change existing business relationships with us. Preparing for the completion of the Merger may also require substantial management time and effort. Any significant diversion of management attention away from ongoing business concerns could affect our financial results.

In addition, the Merger Agreement contains certain restrictions on the conduct of the Company's business prior to the completion of the Merger. These restrictions may delay or prevent the Company from pursuing otherwise attractive business opportunities and making other changes to its business prior to completion of the Merger or termination of the Merger Agreement.

The Merger Agreement contains provisions that limit the Company's ability to pursue alternatives to the Merger, which could discourage a potential acquirer of the Company from making an alternative transaction proposal and, in certain circumstances, could require the Company to pay Parent a significant termination fee.

Under the Merger Agreement, the Company is restricted, subject to limited exceptions, from entering into alternative transactions in lieu of the Merger. In general, unless and until the Merger Agreement is terminated, the Company is restricted from, among other things, soliciting, initiating, knowingly encouraging or facilitating a competing acquisition proposal from any person. The Company's board of directors is limited in its ability to change its recommendation to shareholders with respect to the Merger. The Company may terminate the Merger Agreement and enter into an agreement with respect to a superior proposal only if specified conditions have been satisfied, including compliance with the non-solicitation provisions of the Merger Agreement. These provisions could discourage a third party that may have an interest in acquiring all or a significant part of the Company from considering or proposing such an acquisition, even if such third party were prepared to pay consideration with a higher per share cash or market value than the consideration proposed to be received or realized in the Merger, or might result in a potential competing acquirer proposing to pay a lower price than it would otherwise have proposed to pay because of the added expense of the termination fee that may become payable in certain circumstances. Under the Merger Agreement, in the event the Company terminates the Merger Agreement to accept a superior proposal, or under certain other circumstances, the Company would be required to pay a termination fee of \$12.5 million to Parent.

Completion of the Merger is subject to conditions and if these conditions are not satisfied or waived, the Merger will not be completed.

The obligations of the Company and Parent to complete the Merger are subject to satisfaction or waiver of a number of conditions. The obligations of the Company and Parent are each subject to, among other conditions: (i) the approval of the Merger Agreement by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of all outstanding shares entitled to vote at a meeting of the shareholders of the Company called for the purposes of considering and taking action upon the adoption of the Merger Agreement and the Merger; (ii) the receipt of required regulatory approvals; and (iii) the absence of any applicable law or order, judgment, ruling, injunction or determination of a governmental entity prohibiting the consummation of the transactions contemplated by the Merger Agreement. The waiting period under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended, expired on July 29, 2024. Each party's obligation to consummate the Merger is also subject to certain additional conditions that include the accuracy of the other party's representations and warranties contained in the Merger Agreement (subject to certain materiality qualifiers), the other party's compliance with its covenants and agreements contained in the Merger Agreement in all material respects and there not have occurring any Company Material Adverse Effect (as defined in the Merger Agreement). The consummation of the Merger is not subject to any financing condition.

Many of the conditions to completion of the Merger are not within either the Company's and Parent's control, and neither company can predict when or if these conditions will be satisfied. Although the Company, Parent and Merger Sub have agreed in the Merger Agreement to use their respective reasonable best efforts, subject to certain limitations, to complete the Merger as promptly as practicable, these and other conditions to the completion of the Merger may fail to be satisfied.

Subject to certain limitations, at any time prior to shareholder approval of the Merger, the Company's board of directors may withdraw or change its recommendation of the Merger in response to a Company Superior Proposal (as defined in the Merger Agreement) and the Company may terminate the Merger Agreement in order to enter into a definitive agreement with respect to such Company Superior Proposal, provided the Company has given Parent an opportunity to present revised terms that would cause such superior proposal to no longer constitute a Company Superior Proposal and subject to the payment by the Company to Parent of a termination fee of \$12,500,000. Such termination fee may also be payable in connection with other terminations of the Merger Agreement pursuant to the terms thereof.

The Company may also terminate the Merger Agreement if (i) all of the conditions to closing have been satisfied (other than the conditions to the obligations of the Company contained in Section 7.3 of the Merger Agreement and those conditions that are to be satisfied by actions taken at the closing), (ii) the Company provides written notice to Parent that the Company is ready, willing and able to consummate the Merger and (iii) Parent fails to consummate the Merger within two business days of such notice and the Company remained ready, willing and able to consummate the Merger through such two business day period. In the event of such termination, Parent is required to pay to the Company a termination fee of \$22,000,000.

In addition, and subject to certain limitations, either party may terminate the Merger Agreement if (1) the Merger is not consummated by November 30, 2024 or (2) any laws are enacted, enforced or adopted or final governmental order is issued

enjoining or otherwise prohibiting the consummation of the Transactions. If the Merger Agreement is so terminated by either party, and subject to certain additional terms, Parent is required to pay to the Company a termination fee of \$12,500,000.

Satisfying the conditions to and completion of the Merger may take longer, and could cost more, than the Company and Parent expect. Furthermore, the requirements for obtaining the required clearances and approvals could delay the completion of the Merger for a significant period of time or prevent it from occurring. Any delay in completing the Merger could cause the Company and Parent not to realize some or all of the benefits that the parties expect to achieve if the Merger is successfully completed within its expected time frame. Further, there can be no assurance that the conditions to the closing of the Merger will be satisfied or waived or that the Merger will be completed. See the risk factor entitled "A failure to complete the Merger on the terms reflected in the Merger Agreement or at all could have a material and adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition, cash flows, and stock price," above.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table presents our share repurchase activity for the three months ended June 30, 2024:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ¹
April 1, 2024 through April 30, 2024	_	_	_	\$ 127,017,800
May 1, 2024 through May 31, 2024	_	_	_	127,017,800
June 1, 2024 through June 30, 2024	_	_	_	127,017,800
Total	<u> </u>			

¹ Share repurchases are conducted under authorizations made from time to time by our Board. The most recent authorization was publicly announced on March 2, 2022, which increased the Company's share repurchase authorization amount to \$250.0 million from the previous authorized amount of \$150.0 million, and extended the maturity date by one year to December 31, 2024. Subject to the terms of our Board's authorization, the Merger Agreement and applicable law, repurchases may be made at such times and in such amounts as the Company deems appropriate through December 31, 2024. Repurchases may be discontinued at any time.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Securities Trading Plans of Directors and Officers

During the three months ended June 30, 2024, no director or officer (as defined in Rule 16a-1(f) of the Exchange Act) of the Company adopted or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of Company securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) or any "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement."

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION OF EXHIBIT
2.1†	Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated June 16, 2024, by and among IQVentures Holdings, LLC, Polo Merger Sub, Inc. and The Aaron's Company, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 17, 2024).
10.1#	The Aaron's Company, Inc. Amended and Restated 2020 Equity and Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 of the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 filed with the SEC on May 16, 2024).
10.2*#	Transaction Success Bonus Letter Agreement by and between The Aaron's Company, Inc. and C. Kelly Wall, dated as of June 28, 2024.
10.3*#	Transaction Success Bonus Letter Agreement by and between The Aaron's Company, Inc. and Rachel G. George, dated as of June 28, 2024.
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act, as amended.
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - The instance document does not appear in the interactive data file because its XBRL tags are embedded within the inline XBRL document.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	The cover page from this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2024, formatted in Inline XBRL (included in Exhibit 101)

^{*}Filed herewith.

[†]Certain schedules and exhibits have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K. The Company agrees to furnish supplementally to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission a copy of any omitted schedule or exhibit upon request.

 $^{\#} Management\ contract,\ compensatory\ plan\ or\ arrangement.$

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

THE AARON'S COMPANY, INC.

(Registrant)

August 5, 2024 By: /s/ C. Kelly Wall

C. Kelly Wall

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 5, 2024 By: /s/ Douglass L. Noe

Date:

Douglass L. Noe Vice President, Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer) June 28, 2024

Kelly Wall

Subject: Transaction Success Bonus

Dear Kelly,

We consider your contributions and dedication to The Aaron's Company, Inc. (the "Company") essential to our business. In recognition of your commitment to the Company during a time in which your hard work and impact are crucial to the Company's continued success, we are extending to you the opportunity to earn a Transaction Success Bonus (the "Bonus"), which would be payable within 30 days after the successful completion of a "Change in Control", as defined below, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this letter agreement (this "Letter Agreement").

The Bonus will be a lump sum payment in an amount equal to \$135,000.

The Bonus:

- Represents compensation for your continued employment through the completion of any Change in Control;
- Shall not be earned until the completion of any Change in Control;
- Requires that you continue to perform your responsibilities in a satisfactory manner;
- Is no longer valid if a Change in Control has not occurred on or before December 31, 2024 (the "Expiration Date");
- Does not apply if a Change in Control does not take place; and
- Is contingent upon you signing this Letter Agreement no later than [14] days after the date you receive it.

Please review the following terms and, if you agree, sign and date below where indicated.

To be eligible to receive the Bonus, you must remain employed by the Company or one of it's subsidiaries through the completion of any Change in Control prior to the Expiration Date. Should you cease employment with the Company and it's subsidiaries prior to this time, you forfeit your right to the Bonus, unless you experience a qualifying termination of employment entitling you to severance compensation under the terms of the applicable severance plan. If you experience such a qualifying termination of employment prior to any Change in Control, provided that a Change in Control occurs on or before the Expiration Date, the Bonus will be paid to you in full within 30 days after the date of the Change in Control.

The Company (or any of its affiliates) may withhold from any amount payable hereunder all federal, state, city or other taxes as may be required to be withheld pursuant to any law or governmental regulation or ruling. The payment opportunities under this Letter Agreement do not imply any obligation with respect to your continued employment of any kind with the Company or its affiliates. Your employment continues to be "at-will."

The provisions of this Letter Agreement and the existence of this Letter Agreement are confidential. You shall not disclose, publicize, or discuss any of the terms or conditions of this Letter Agreement or the existence of this Letter Agreement with anyone except your spouse, if any, your attorney, financial advisor and/or tax advisor to the extent necessary for such advisor to render appropriate legal, financial and tax advice. In the event you disclose any of the terms or conditions of this Letter Agreement or the existence of it to your spouse, attorney, financial advisor and/or tax advisor, it shall be your duty to advise such persons of the confidential nature of this Letter Agreement and its existence and to direct them not to disclose, publicize, or discuss any of the terms or conditions of this Letter Agreement with any other person. If you disclose, publicize, or discuss any of the terms or conditions of this Letter Agreement or the existence of this Agreement with any other person (excluding your spouse, attorney, financial advisor and/or tax advisor), you will forfeit your right to any and all benefits provided herein. Nothing in this provision restricts the Company's ability to share certain terms and conditions of this Letter Agreement as may be required by law or contract and nothing in this provision restricts your ability to discuss information that has been publicly disclosed.

The validity, interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall, in all respects, be governed by the relevant laws of Georgia.

No provision of this Agreement may be modified, altered, or amended, except by agreement between an authorized member of Aaron's leadership and you.

Please let me know if you have any questions pertaining to this Agreement.

Sincerely,

Scott Porter SVP, Chief People Officer

I have read and understand the above-referenced terms of this Letter Agreement and hereby accept the terms as written.

<u>/s/ Kelly Wall</u> <u>7/9/2024</u>
Name Date

CC: Scott Porter Executive Compensation Team Member File

"Change in Control" is defined as:

- (a) The acquisition (other than from the Company) by any person of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (but without regard to any time period specified in Rule 13d-3(d)(1)(i))), of thirty-five percent (35%) or more of the combined voting power of then outstanding securities of the Company entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (the "Outstanding Company Voting Securities"); excluding, however, (1) any acquisition by the Company or (2) any acquisition by an employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored or maintained by the Company or any corporation controlled by the Company;
- (b) A majority of the members of the Board is replaced during any twelve (12)-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of the Board before the date of the appointment or election; or
- (c) Consummation by the Company of a reorganization, merger, or consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company (a "Transaction"); excluding, however, a Transaction pursuant to which all or substantially all of the individuals or entities who are the beneficial owners, respectively, of the Outstanding Company Voting Securities immediately prior to such Transaction will beneficially own, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent (50%) of the combined voting power of the outstanding securities of such corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors of the corporation resulting from such Transaction (including, without limitation, a corporation which as a result of such transaction owns the Company or all or substantially all of the Company's assets either directly or indirectly) in substantially the same proportions relative to each other as their ownership, immediately prior to such Transaction, of the Outstanding Company Voting Securities.

Provided, however, a Change in Control shall not be deemed to occur unless the transaction also constitutes a change in the ownership or effective control of the Company or a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company, each as defined in Code Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

June 18, 2024

Rachel George

Subject: Transaction Success Bonus

Dear Rachel,

We consider your contributions and dedication to The Aaron's Company, Inc. (the "Company") essential to our business. In recognition of your commitment to the Company during a time in which your hard work and impact are crucial to the Company's continued success, we are extending to you the opportunity to earn a Transaction Success Bonus (the "Bonus"), which would be payable within 30 days after the successful completion of a "Change in Control", as defined below, subject to the terms and conditions set forth in this letter agreement (this "Letter Agreement").

The Bonus will be a lump sum payment in an amount equal to \$150,000.

The Bonus:

- Represents compensation for your continued employment through the completion of any Change in Control;
- Shall not be earned until the completion of any Change in Control;
- Requires that you continue to perform your responsibilities in a satisfactory manner;
- Is no longer valid if a Change in Control has not occurred on or before December 31, 2024 (the "Expiration Date");
- Does not apply if a Change in Control does not take place; and
- Is contingent upon you signing this Letter Agreement no later than [14] days after the date you receive it.

Please review the following terms and, if you agree, sign and date below where indicated.

To be eligible to receive the Bonus, you must remain employed by the Company or one of it's subsidiaries through the completion of any Change in Control prior to the Expiration Date. Should you cease employment with the Company and it's subsidiaries prior to this time, you forfeit your right to the Bonus, unless you experience a qualifying termination of employment entitling you to severance compensation under the terms of the applicable severance plan. If you experience such a qualifying termination of employment prior to any Change in Control, provided that a Change in Control occurs on or before the Expiration Date, the Bonus will be paid to you in full within 30 days after the date of the Change in Control.

The Company (or any of its affiliates) may withhold from any amount payable hereunder all federal, state, city or other taxes as may be required to be withheld pursuant to any law or governmental regulation or ruling. The payment opportunities under this Letter Agreement do not imply any obligation with respect to your continued employment of any kind with the Company or its affiliates. Your employment continues to be "at-will."

The provisions of this Letter Agreement and the existence of this Letter Agreement are confidential. You shall not disclose, publicize, or discuss any of the terms or conditions of this Letter Agreement or the existence of this Letter Agreement with anyone except your spouse, if any, your attorney, financial advisor and/or tax advisor to the extent necessary for such advisor to render appropriate legal, financial and tax advice. In the event you disclose any of the terms or conditions of this Letter Agreement or the existence of it to your spouse, attorney, financial advisor and/or tax advisor, it shall be your duty to advise such persons of the confidential nature of this Letter Agreement and its existence and to direct them not to disclose, publicize, or discuss any of the terms or conditions of this Letter Agreement or the existence of this Letter Agreement with any other person. If you disclose, publicize, or discuss any of the terms or conditions of this Letter Agreement or the existence of this Agreement with any other person (excluding your spouse, attorney, financial advisor and/or tax advisor), you will forfeit your right to any and all benefits provided herein.

The validity, interpretation and performance of this Agreement shall, in all respects, be governed by the relevant laws of Georgia.

No provision of this Agreement may be modified, altered, or amended, except by agreement between an authorized member of Aaron's leadership and you.

Please let me know if you have any questions pertaining to this Agreement.

Sincerely,

Scott Porter SVP, Chief People Officer

I have read and understand the above-referenced terms of this Letter Agreement and hereby accept the terms as written.

<u>/s/ Rachel George</u> 6/21/2024
Name Date

CC: Scott Porter Executive Compensation Team Member File

"Change in Control" is defined as:

- (a) The acquisition (other than from the Company) by any person of beneficial ownership (within the meaning of Rule 13d-3 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (but without regard to any time period specified in Rule 13d-3(d)(1)(i))), of thirty-five percent (35%) or more of the combined voting power of then outstanding securities of the Company entitled to vote generally in the election of directors (the "Outstanding Company Voting Securities"); excluding, however, (1) any acquisition by the Company or (2) any acquisition by an employee benefit plan (or related trust) sponsored or maintained by the Company or any corporation controlled by the Company;
- (b) A majority of the members of the Board is replaced during any twelve (12)-month period by directors whose appointment or election is not endorsed by a majority of the members of the Board before the date of the appointment or election; or
- (c) Consummation by the Company of a reorganization, merger, or consolidation or sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company (a "Transaction"); excluding, however, a Transaction pursuant to which all or substantially all of the individuals or entities who are the beneficial owners, respectively, of the Outstanding Company Voting Securities immediately prior to such Transaction will beneficially own, directly or indirectly, more than fifty percent (50%) of the combined voting power of the outstanding securities of such corporation entitled to vote generally in the election of directors of the corporation resulting from such Transaction (including, without limitation, a corporation which as a result of such transaction owns the Company or all or substantially all of the Company's assets either directly or indirectly) in substantially the same proportions relative to each other as their ownership, immediately prior to such Transaction, of the Outstanding Company Voting Securities.

Provided, however, a Change in Control shall not be deemed to occur unless the transaction also constitutes a change in the ownership or effective control of the Company or a change in the ownership of a substantial portion of the assets of the Company, each as defined in Code Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) and the regulations promulgated thereunder.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

- I, Douglas A. Lindsay, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of The Aaron's Company, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 5, 2024

/s/ Douglas A. Lindsay

Douglas A. Lindsay

Chief Executive Officer and Director

(Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a)

I, C. Kelly Wall, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of The Aaron's Company, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date:	August 5, 2024	/s/ C. Kelly Wall				
		C. Kelly Wall				
		Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)				

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Douglas A. Lindsay, Chief Executive Officer of The Aaron's Company, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:
- (1) The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 5, 2024 /s/ Douglas A. Lindsay

Douglas A. Lindsay Chief Executive Officer and Director (Principle Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, C. Kelly Wall, Chief Financial Officer of The Aaron's Company, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that:

- The Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2024 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 5, 2024 /s/ C. Kelly Wall

C. Kelly Wall

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)