

Contents

Delivering Ford+ Page 4 - 5

Q3 Results Page 6

Year-To-Date Results
Page 7

Financials
Page 9 - 17

2024 Guidance Page 19 - 20

Appendix Page <u>22 - 34</u>





Safe Harbor Statement And Disclosures

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation includes forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are based on expectations, forecasts, and assumptions by our management and involve a number of risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those stated. For a discussion of these risks, uncertainties, and other factors, please see the "Cautionary Note on Forward-Looking Statements" in this presentation and "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as updated by subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K.

GAAP & Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation includes financial measures calculated in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and non-GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures are intended to be considered supplemental information to their comparable GAAP financial measures. The non-GAAP financial measures are reconciled to the most comparable GAAP financial measures in the Appendix to this presentation.

Additional Information

Calculated results may not sum due to rounding. N/M denotes "Not Meaningful." All variances are year-over-year unless otherwise noted. Visit ford.com for vehicle information.



Ford+ Investment Thesis

Disruptive technology allows us to leverage foundational strengths to build new capabilities enriching customer experiences and deepening loyalty

Customer experience

FOUNDATIONAL STRENGTHS

- Leading iconic nameplates
- Leading commercial vehicle portfolio
- Industrial prowess

Drives strong margins and cash flow

ENHANCED CAPABILITIES

- Integrated hardware and software
- + Connectivity

+

+ Data analytics

Enables deep customer insight

EXPANDED TAM& VALUE CREATION

- + Ford Blue
- + Ford Model e
- + Ford Pro

Unlocks new growth opportunities



Q3 2024 Highlights

Growth

- + "Freedom of choice" global product portfolio drove \$46B of revenue, up 5%; 10th consecutive quarter of YoY growth
- + America's #1 ICE brand, #2 EV brand, #3 hybrid brand
- + 77% share in the fast-growing U.S. hybrid truck segment
- + #1 U.S. class 1-7 truck / van share, up 1.7 ppts

Profitability

- + Q3 Total Company adj. EBIT \$2.6B; YTD \$8.1B
- + Full-year adj. EBIT of about \$10B
- + Ford Pro YTD EBIT margin strong at 14.6%
 - Driven by continued strength across all levers:
 Vehicles, software and physical services

Free Cash Flow & Liquidity

- + YTD adj. FCF of \$5.9B, with cash conversion of 74%
- + Targeting a consistent return of 40% 50% of adj. FCF to shareholders
- + Announced Q4 regular dividend of \$0.15 per share
- + Strong balance sheet ~\$28B in cash and ~\$46B in liquidity

Software & Physical Services

- + Paid software subscriptions >805K, up close to 40% growth across all three customer segments and gross margins >50%
- + Delivered 20M OTAs across 4M vehicles YTD, improving vehicle performance, including software, and to resolve issues
- + BlueCruise now has over 537K enabled vehicles on the road in America, up more than 29% from Q2
- + Delivered 3.5M remote experiences YTD; over 4.7M by year-end

Product News

- + Began mass production of all-new Capri EV in Europe
- + Preparing to launch key ICE products in North America: New Maverick and Bronco Sport in Q4 2024; all-new Expedition and Navigator in Q1 2025
- + Announced Ford Power Promise, offering our EV customers complementary home charging and installation
- + BlueCruise: Lowered subscription pricing across various plans, and announced version 1.4, rolling out to select vehicles in 2025

Note: All comparisons are YoY unless noted otherwise

Higher Growth, Higher Margin, More Capital Efficient, More Durable Company



Q3 Financial Results

Revenue	Adj. EBIT	Adj. EBIT Margin	Adj. FCF	Adj. EPS
\$46.2 в	\$2.6 B	5.5%	\$3.2в	\$0.49
▲ 5%	▲ 16%	▲ 0.5 ppts	▲ \$2.0B	▲ \$0.10

Ford	Blue	Ford M	lodel e	Ford	Pro
EBIT	EBIT Margin	EBIT	EBIT Margin	EBIT	EBIT Margin
\$1.6 B	6.2%	\$(1.2)B	(104.4)%	\$1.8 B	11.6%



Year-To-Date Financial Results

Revenue	Adj. EBIT	Adj. EBIT Margin	Adj. FCF	Adj. EPS
\$136.8 B	\$8.1в	5.9%	\$5.9 _B	\$1.46
▲ 5%	T 14%	▼ 1.3 ppts	▲ \$1.1B	▼ \$0.27

Ford	Blue	Ford M	lodel e	Ford	Pro
EBIT	EBIT Margin	EBIT	EBIT Margin	EBIT	EBIT Margin
\$3.7B	5.0%	\$(3.7)B	(151.3)%	\$7.4 B	14.6%



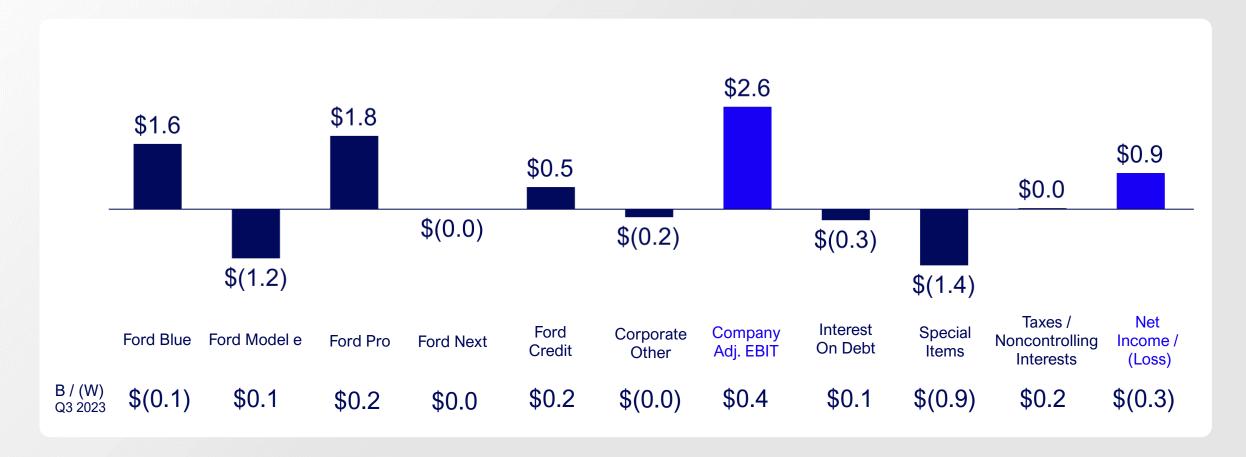


Q3 Cash Flow, Cash Balance & Liquidity (\$B)





Q3 2024 Results (\$B)





Q3 2024 Adjusted EBIT (\$B)

	Ford Blue	ľ	Ford Model e	Ford Pro	Ford Next	Ford Credit	Corporate Other	Total Company
Q3 2023	\$ 1.7	\$	(1.3)	\$ 1.7	\$ (0.0)	\$ 0.4	\$ (0.2)	\$ 2.2
YoY Change:								
Volume / Mix	\$ 0.0	\$	0.0	\$ 0.6	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 0.6
Net Pricing	0.1		(0.5)	0.3	_	_	_	(0.1)
Cost	0.2		0.5	(0.6)	_	_	_	0.1
Exchange	(0.4)		0.0	0.0	_	_	_	(0.3)
Other	(0.0)		0.0	(0.1)	0.0	0.2	(0.0)	0.0
Total Change	\$ (0.1)	\$	0.1	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.0	\$ 0.2	\$ (0.0)	\$ 0.4
Q3 2024	\$ 1.6	\$	(1.2)	\$ 1.8	\$ (0.0)	\$ 0.5	\$ (0.2)	\$ 2.6

VOLUME

Robust demand for trucks and vans

NET PRICING

Robust commercial demand, offset by lower EV pricing

COST

Planned freight efficiencies offset by higher material cost for refreshed products



Ford Blue

- Volume down 2% due to discontinued low-margin products, revenue up 3%
- EBIT down \$0.1B:
 - Exchange
 - Manufacturing cost
 - + Warranty
- + Net pricing
- Healthy mix of U.S. inventory

2024 South American Ford Ranger





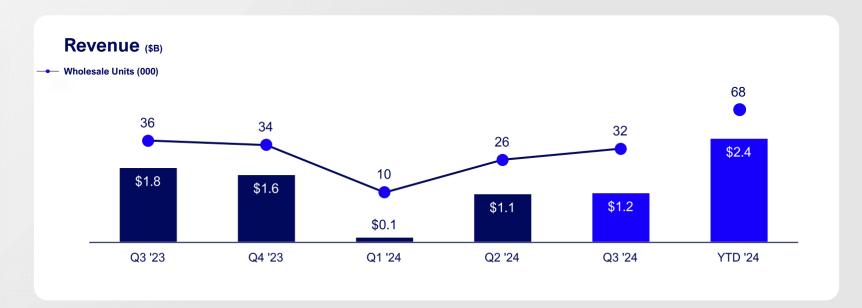
^{*} Includes Ford and Lincoln brand and Jiangling Motors Corporation (JMC) brand vehicles produced and sold in China by our unconsolidated affiliates

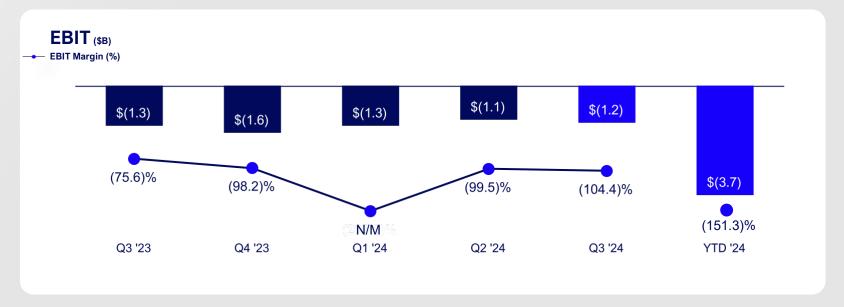


Ford Model e

- Volume down 11%, driven by competitive market dynamics
- Revenue down 33%, reflecting industry-wide pricing pressure and lower volume
- EBIT loss lowered to \$1.2B:
 - + Battery economics
 - + Material cost
 - + Warranty
 - Industry-wide pricing pressure

2025 Ford Capri





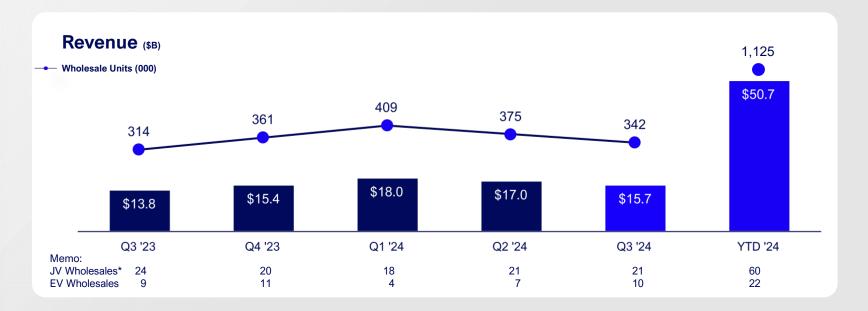


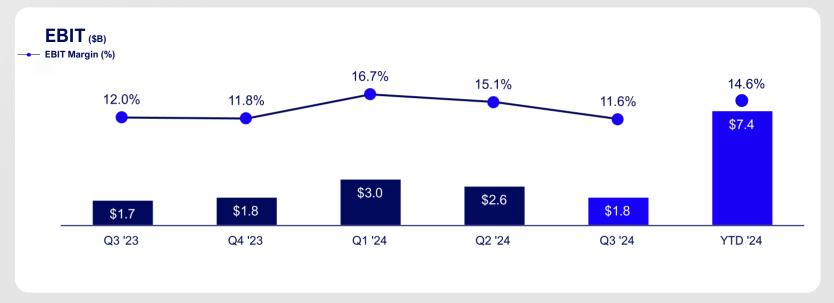
Ford Pro

- Volume and revenue up 9% and 13%, respectively
- EBIT margin of 11.6%
- EBIT improvement:
 - + Market factors (Super Duty and Transit)
 - + Software and physical services growth
 - Warranty
 - Growth-related costs
- Resilient high-growth business with earnings power

2024 Transit Connect with PHEV

VVV 8I

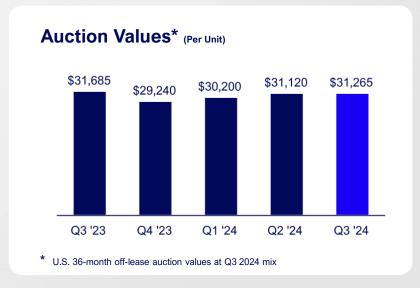




^{*} Includes Ford brand vehicles produced and sold by our unconsolidated affiliate Ford Otosan in Türkiye

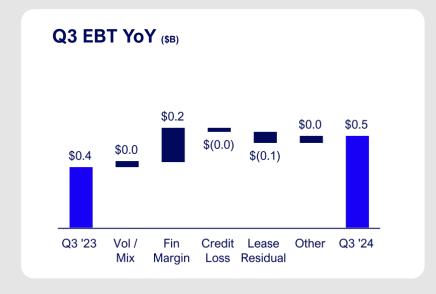


Ford Credit EBT of \$0.5B: + Financing margin improvement + Higher receivables Auction values down 1% High-quality book with FICO scores >750 Low EV residual risk 2025 Ford Explorer











Cash Flow And Balance Sheet (\$B)

		Third G	uar	ter	•	Year-To	o-Da	ate
		2023		2024	2	2023		2024
Company Adj. EBIT excl. Ford Credit	\$	1.8	\$	2.0	\$	8.3	\$	6.9
Capital Spending Depreciation and Tooling Amortization Net Spending	\$	(2.2) 1.3 (0.9)	\$	(2.0) 1.2 (0.7)	\$	(5.9) 3.9 (2.0)	\$	(6.1) 3.8 (2.3)
Receivables Inventory Trade Payables Changes in Working Capital	\$ 	(0.6) (0.8) 0.2 (1.1)	\$	0.2 (0.5) 1.1 0.8	\$	(0.8) (4.2) 1.9 (3.1)	\$	(0.0) (2.3) 1.9 (0.4)
Ford Credit Distributions Interest on Debt and Cash Taxes All Other and Timing Differences (a)	\$ 	(0.4) 1.8	\$ 	0.2 (0.5) 1.4	\$	(1.7) 3.3	\$	0.3 (1.7) 3.2
Company Adjusted FCF	\$	1.2	\$	3.2	\$	4.8	\$	5.9
Restructuring Changes in Debt Funded Pension Contributions Shareholder Distributions All Other	\$	(0.3) 0.0 (0.2) (0.6) (0.9)	\$	(0.2) (0.1) (0.3) (0.6) (0.7)	\$	(0.4) (0.2) (0.4) (4.4) (2.6)	\$	(0.7) 0.3 (1.0) (2.8) (2.7)
Change in Cash	<u>\$</u>	(8.0)	<u>\$</u>	1.3	<u>\$</u>	(3.2)	\$	(1.0)

		Balance	Sheet	
Company Excl. Ford Credit	2023 [Dec 31	2024 5	Sep 30
Company Cash Balance Liquidity Debt Cash Net of Debt	\$	28.8 46.4 (19.9) 8.9	\$	27.9 46.1 (20.6) 7.3
Pension Funded Status				
Funded Plans Unfunded Plans Total Global Pension	\$ <u>\$</u>	2.1 (4.4) (2.3)	\$ <u>\$</u>	2.8 (4.1) (1.3)
Total Funded Status OPEB	\$	(4.7)	\$	(4.6)

Includes differences between accrual-based EBIT and associated cash flows (e.g., marketing incentive and warranty payments to dealers, JV equity income, compensation payments, and pension and OPEB income or expense)



Special Items (\$B)

		Third Qu	ıarter			Year-To-		
Restructuring (by Geography)		2023	2	2024	2	023	2	024
Europe	\$	(0.0)	\$	(0.1)	\$	(0.5)	\$	(0.7)
North America Hourly Buyouts	•	-	•	_	•	-	•	(0.3)
China		(0.1)		_		(0.9)		_
Other		0.0		_		(0.1)		_
Subtotal Restructuring	\$	(0.1)	\$	(0.1)	\$	(1.5)	\$	(0.9)
Other Items								
EV Program Cancellation	\$	_	\$	(1.0)	\$	_	\$	(1.0)
Transit Connect Customs Matter		(0.1)		_		(0.4)		_
Extended Oakville Assembly Plant Changeover		_		_		_		(0.2)
EV Program Dispute		_		0.0		_		0.0
Other (including Gains / (Losses) on Investments)		(0.0)		(0.0)		(0.2)		0.0
Subtotal Other Items	\$	(0.1)	\$	(1.0)	\$	(0.6)	\$	(1.2)
Pension and OPEB Gain / (Loss)								
Pension and OPEB Remeasurement	\$	(0.2)	\$	(0.2)	\$	(0.4)	\$	0.0
Pension Settlements, Curtailments and Separations Costs		(0.1)		(0.2)		(0.2)		(0.2)
Subtotal Pension and OPEB Gain / (Loss)	\$	(0.2)	\$	(0.3)	\$	(0.6)	\$	(0.2)
Total EBIT Special Items	\$	(0.5)	\$	(1.4)	\$	(2.6)	\$	(2.3)





CY 2024 Guidance

2024 Outlook includes:

- Flat to modest U.S. industry growth at 16.0M to 16.5M
- Full year of all-new Super Duty, drives positive pricing and mix in Ford Pro
- Lower industry pricing
- \$2B cost reductions in material, freight and manufacturing

	2024 Outlook	2023 Actuals
Total Company Adj. EBIT	About \$10.0B	\$10.4B
Prior Outlook	\$10.0B to \$12.0B	
Total Company Adj. FCF	\$7.5B to \$8.5B	\$6.8B
Capital Spending	\$8.0B to \$8.5B	\$8.2B
Prior Outlook	\$8.0B to \$9.0B	
Ford Blue EBIT	About \$5.0B	\$7.5B
Prior Outlook	\$6.0B to \$6.5B	
Ford Model e EBIT	About \$(5.0)B	\$(4.7)B
Prior Outlook	\$(5.5)B to \$(5.0)B	
Ford Pro EBIT	About \$9.0B	\$7.2B
Prior Outlook	\$9.0B to \$10.0B	
Ford Credit EBT	About \$1.6B	\$1.3B
Prior Outlook	~\$1.5B	



Cautionary Note On Forward-Looking Statements

Statements included or incorporated by reference herein may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are based on expectations, forecasts, and assumptions by our management and involve a number of risks, uncertainties, and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those stated, including, without limitation:

- Ford is highly dependent on its suppliers to deliver components in accordance with Ford's production schedule and specifications, and a shortage of or inability to acquire key components or raw materials, such as lithium, cobalt, nickel, graphite, and manganese, can disrupt Ford's production of vehicles;
- To facilitate access to the raw materials and other components necessary for the production of electric vehicles, Ford has entered into and may, in the future, enter into multi-year commitments to raw material and other suppliers that subject Ford to risks associated with lower future demand for such items as well as costs that fluctuate and are difficult to accurately forecast;
- Ford's long-term competitiveness depends on the successful execution of Ford+;
- Ford's vehicles could be affected by defects that result in recall campaigns, increased warranty costs, or delays in new model launches, and the time it takes to improve the quality of our vehicles and services could continue to have an adverse effect on our business;
- Ford may not realize the anticipated benefits of existing or pending strategic alliances, joint ventures, acquisitions, divestitures, or business strategies;
- Ford may not realize the anticipated benefits of restructuring actions and such actions may cause Ford to incur significant charges, disrupt our operations, or harm our reputation;
- Operational information systems, security systems, vehicles, and services could be affected by cybersecurity incidents, ransomware attacks, and other disruptions and impact Ford and Ford Credit as well as their suppliers and dealers;
- Ford's production, as well as Ford's suppliers' production, and/or the ability to deliver products to consumers could be disrupted by labor issues, public health issues, natural or man-made disasters, adverse effects of climate change, financial distress, production difficulties, capacity limitations, or other factors;
- Failure to develop and deploy secure digital services that appeal to customers could have a negative impact on Ford's business;
- Ford's ability to maintain a competitive cost structure could be affected by labor or other constraints;
- Ford's ability to attract, develop, grow, and reward talent is critical to its success and competitiveness;
- Ford's new and existing products and digital, software, and physical services are subject to market acceptance and face significant competition from existing and new entrants in the automotive and digital and software services industries, and its reputation may be harmed if it is unable to achieve the initiatives it has announced;
- Ford's results are dependent on sales of larger, more profitable vehicles, particularly in the United States;
- With a global footprint and supply chain, Ford's results and operations could be adversely affected by economic or geopolitical developments, including protectionist trade policies such as tariffs, or other events;
- Industry sales volume can be volatile and could decline if there is a financial crisis, recession, public health emergency, or significant geopolitical event;
- Ford may face increased price competition or a reduction in demand for its products resulting from industry excess capacity, currency fluctuations, competitive actions, or other factors, particularly for electric vehicles:
- Inflationary pressure and fluctuations in commodity and energy prices, foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates, and market value of Ford or Ford Credit's investments, including marketable securities, can have a significant effect on results;
- Ford and Ford Credit's access to debt, securitization, or derivative markets around the world at competitive rates or in sufficient amounts could be affected by credit rating downgrades, market volatility, market disruption, regulatory requirements, or other factors;
- The impact of government incentives on Ford's business could be significant, and Ford's receipt of government incentives could be subject to reduction, termination, or clawback;
- Ford Credit could experience higher-than-expected credit losses, lower-than-anticipated residual values, or higher-than-expected return volumes for leased vehicles;
- Economic and demographic experience for pension and OPEB plans (e.g., discount rates or investment returns) could be worse than Ford has assumed;
- Pension and other postretirement liabilities could adversely affect Ford's liquidity and financial condition;
- Ford and Ford Credit could experience unusual or significant litigation, governmental investigations, or adverse publicity arising out of alleged defects in products, services, perceived environmental impacts, or otherwise:
- Ford may need to substantially modify its product plans and facilities to comply with safety, emissions, fuel economy, autonomous driving technology, environmental, and other regulations;
- Ford and Ford Credit could be affected by the continued development of more stringent privacy, data use, data protection, and artificial intelligence laws and regulations as well as consumers' heightened expectations to safeguard their personal information; and
- Ford Credit could be subject to new or increased credit regulations, consumer protection regulations, or other regulations.

We cannot be certain that any expectation, forecast, or assumption made in preparing forward-looking statements will prove accurate, or that any projection will be realized. It is to be expected that there may be differences between projected and actual results. Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of their initial issuance, and we do not undertake any obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise. For additional discussion, see "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, as updated by our subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K.





Key Metrics

	EBIT (\$B)												Revenue (\$B)												
	Q2	2023	Q	3 2023	Q	4 2023	Q'	1 2024	Q	2 2024	Q:	3 2024	Q2	2023	Q3	2023	Q4	2023	Q1	2024	Q2	2024	Q3	2024	
Ford Blue	\$	2.3	\$	1.7	\$	0.8	\$	0.9	\$	1.2	\$	1.6	\$	25.0	\$	25.6	\$	26.2	\$	21.8	\$	26.7	\$	26.2	
Ford Model e		(1.1)		(1.3)		(1.6)		(1.3)		(1.1)		(1.2)		1.8		1.8		1.6		0.1		1.1		1.2	
Ford Pro		2.4		1.7		1.8		3.0		2.6		1.8		15.6		13.8		15.4		18.0		17.0		15.7	
Ford Next		(0.0)		(0.0)		(0.1)		(0.0)		(0.0)		(0.0)		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
Ford Credit*		0.4		0.4		0.3		0.3		0.3		0.5		2.5		2.6		2.7		2.9		3.0		3.1	
Corporate Other		(0.2)		(0.2)		(0.2)		(0.1)		(0.2)		(0.2)		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
Total Company (Adjusted)	\$	3.8	\$	2.2	\$	1.1	\$	2.8	\$	2.8	\$	2.6	\$	45.0	\$	43.8	\$	46.0	\$	42.8	\$	47.8	\$	46.2	
						EBIT Ma	argin	(%)									Wh	olesale	Unit	s (000)					
	Q2	2023	Q	3 2023	Q	4 2023	Q ²	1 2024	Q	2 2024	Q:	3 2024	Q2	2023	Q3	2023	Q4	2023	Q1	2024	Q2	2024	Q3	2024	
Ford Blue		9.2 %		6.7 %		3.1 %		4.2 %		4.4 %		6.2 %		720		736		758		626		741		721	
Ford Model e	(!	58.9)		(75.6)		(98.2)		N/M		(99.5)	(1	04.4)		34		36		34		10		26		32	
Ford Pro		15.3		12.0		11.8		16.7		15.1		11.6		365		314		361		409		375		342	
Total Company		8.4 %		5.0 %		2.3 %		6.5 %		5.8 %		5.5 %		1,119		1,086		1,152		1,045		1,142		1,095	
* Ford Credit EBT												Memo: Wholesa		47		48		49		16		39		46	



Key Metrics

	EBIT (\$B)											Revenue (\$B)												
	Q:	3 2023	Q3 2	024		24 B / 2023	2023	3 YTD	202	4 YTD		24 B /) 2023	Q3	2023	Q3	3 2024	202 (W)	24 B / 2023	20	23 YTD	20	24 YTD		24 B / 2023
Ford Blue	\$	1.7	\$	1.6	\$	(0.1)	\$	6.6	\$	3.7	\$	(2.9)	\$	25.6	\$	26.2	\$	0.7	\$	75.7	\$	74.7	\$	(1.1)
Ford Model e		(1.3)	(*	1.2)		0.1	((3.1)		(3.7)		(0.6)		1.8		1.2		(0.6)		4.3		2.4		(1.9)
Ford Pro		1.7	•	1.8		0.2		5.4		7.4		2.0		13.8		15.7		1.8		42.7		50.7		8.0
Ford Next		(0.0)	(0).0)		0.0	((0.1)		(0.0)		0.1		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0
Ford Credit*		0.4	().5		0.2		1.1		1.2		0.2		2.6		3.1		0.5		7.5		9.0		1.5
Corporate Other		(0.2)	(().2)		(0.0)	((0.5)		(0.5)		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		(0.0)
Total Company (Adjusted)	\$	2.2	\$ 2	2.6	\$	0.4	\$	9.4	\$	8.1	\$	(1.3)	\$	43.8	\$	46.2	\$	2.4	\$	130.2	\$	136.8	\$	6.6
						EBIT Mar	gin (%	o)									W	holesale	Units	(000)				
	Q:	3 2023	Q3 2	024	202 (W)	24 B / 2023	2023	3 YTD	202	4 YTD	20 (W	24 B /) 2023	Q3	2023	Q3	3 2024	202 (W)	24 B / 2023	20	23 YTD	20	24 YTD	202 (W)	24 B / 2023
Ford Blue		6.7 %	6	5.2 %		(0.5) ppts		8.8 %		5.0 %		(3.8) ppts		736		721		(15)		2,162		2,088		(74)
Ford Model e		(75.6)	(104	.4)		(28.8)	(7	2.8)	(1	51.3)		(78.5)		36		32		(4)		82		68		(14)
Ford Pro		12.0	11	.6		(0.4)	1	2.7		14.6		1.9		314		342		28		1,016		1,125		109
Total Company		5.0 %	5	5.5 %		0.5 ppts		7.2 %		5.9 %		(1.3) ppts		1,086		1,095		9		3,261		3,282		21
* Ford Credit EBT												Memo: I Wholesa		48		46		(1)		116		101		(15)



Q3 Results (\$M)

		Thi	rd Quarter					Yea	r-To-Date		
	2023		2024	202	24 B / (W) 2023		2023		2024	20	24 B / (W) 2023
Ford Blue	\$ 1,718	\$	1,627	\$	(91)	\$	6,649	\$	3,703	\$	(2,946)
Ford Model e	(1,329)		(1,224)		105		(3,131)		(3,687)		(556)
Ford Pro	1,654		1,814		160		5,411		7,386		1,975
Ford Next	(17)		(10)		7		(87)		(32)		55
Ford Credit	358		544		186		1,051		1,213		162
Corporate Other	(186)		(201)		(15)		(530)		(513)		17
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 2,198	\$	2,550	\$	352	\$	9,363	\$	8,070	\$	(1,293)
Interest on Debt	(324)		(272)		52		(936)		(820)		116
Special Items (excl. tax)	(487)		(1,409)		(922)		(2,593)		(2,331)		262
Taxes	(214)		27		241		(982)		(856)		126
Less: Non-Controlling Interests	(26)		4		30		(21)		8		29
Net Income / (Loss) Attributable to Ford	\$ 1,199	\$	892	\$	(307)	\$	4,873	\$	4,055	\$	(818)
Company Adjusted Free Cash Flow (\$B)	\$ 1.2	\$	3.2	\$	2.0	\$	4.8	\$	5.9	\$	1.1
Revenue (\$B)	43.8		46.2		2.4		130.2		136.8		6.6
Company Adjusted EBIT Margin (%)	5.0 %		5.5 %		0.5 pp	ots	7.2 %		5.9 %		(1.3) ppts
Net Income / (Loss) Margin (%)	2.7		1.9		(8.0)		3.7		3.0		(8.0)
Adjusted ROIC (Trailing Four Quarters) (%)	15.1		11.4		(3.7)						
Adjusted EPS	\$ 0.39	\$	0.49	\$	0.10	\$	1.73	\$	1.46	\$	(0.27)
EPS (GAAP)	0.30		0.22		(80.0)		1.21		1.01		(0.20)



Year-To-Date 2024 Adjusted EBIT (\$B)

	Ford Blue	Ford Model e	Ford Pro	Ford Next	Ford Credit	Corporate Other	Total Company
Year-To-Date 2023	\$ 6.6	\$ (3.1)	\$ 5.4	\$ (0.1)	\$ 1.1	\$ (0.5)	\$ 9.4
YoY Change:							
Volume / Mix	\$ (1.4)	\$ (0.2)	\$ 2.9	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	\$ 1.3
Net Pricing	0.6	(1.3)	1.2	_		_	0.5
Cost	(1.4)	1.0	(2.3)	_	_	_	(2.6)
Exchange	(0.7)	(0.1)	0.3	_	_	_	(0.6)
Other	(0.0)	0.0	(0.1)	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0
Total Change	\$ (2.9)	\$ (0.6)	\$ 2.0	\$ 0.1	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.0	\$ (1.3)
Year-To-Date 2024	\$ 3.7	\$ (3.7)	\$ 7.4	\$ (0.0)	\$ 1.2	\$ (0.5)	\$ 8.1



Quarterly Results (\$M)

			2023				2024	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Full Year	Q1	Q2	Q3
Ford Blue	\$ 2,623	\$ 2,308	\$ 1,718	\$ 813	\$ 7,462	\$ 905	\$ 1,171	\$ 1,627
Ford Model e	(722)	(1,080)	(1,329)	(1,570)	(4,701)	(1,320)	(1,143)	(1,224)
Ford Pro	1,366	2,391	1,654	1,811	7,222	3,008	2,564	1,814
Ford Next	(44)	(26)	(17)	(51)	(138)	(9)	(13)	(10)
Ford Credit	303	390	358	280	1,331	326	343	544
Corporate Other	 (147)	 (197)	 (186)	 (230)	 (760)	 (147)	 (165)	 (201)
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 3,379	\$ 3,786	\$ 2,198	\$ 1,053	\$ 10,416	\$ 2,763	\$ 2,757	\$ 2,550
Interest on Debt	(308)	(304)	(324)	(366)	(1,302)	(278)	(270)	(272)
Special Items (excl. tax)	(912)	(1,194)	(487)	(2554)	(5,147)	(873)	(49)	(1,409)
Taxes	(496)	(272)	(214)	1,344	362	(278)	(605)	27
Less: Noncontrolling Interests	 (94)	99	 (26)	 3	 (18)	 2	 2	 4
Net Income / (Loss) Attributable to Ford	\$ 1,757	\$ 1,917	\$ 1,199	\$ (526)	\$ 4,347	\$ 1,332	\$ 1,831	\$ 892
Company Adjusted Free Cash Flow (\$B)	\$ 0.7	\$ 2.9	\$ 1.2	\$ 2.0	\$ 6.8	\$ (0.5)	\$ 3.2	\$ 3.2
Revenue (\$B)	41.5	45.0	43.8	46.0	176.2	42.8	47.8	46.2
Company Adjusted EBIT Margin (%)	8.1 %	8.4 %	5.0 %	2.3 %	5.9 %	6.5 %	5.8 %	5.5 %
Net Income / (Loss) Margin (%)	4.2	4.3	2.7	(1.1)	2.5	3.1	3.8	1.9
Adjusted ROIC (Trailing Four Quarters) (%)	13.5	14.2	15.1	13.9	13.9	12.7	11.1	11.4
Adjusted EPS	\$ 0.63	\$ 0.72	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.29	\$ 2.01	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.47	\$ 0.49
EPS (GAAP)	0.44	0.47	0.30	(0.13)	1.08	0.33	0.46	0.22



Net Income / (Loss) Reconciliation To Adjusted EBIT (\$M)

	Third Quarter			Year-	Memo:		
		2023		2024	2023	2024	FY 2023
Net Income / (Loss) Attributable to Ford (GAAP)	\$	1,199	\$	892	\$ 4,873	\$ 4,055	\$ 4,347
Income / (Loss) Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		(26)		4	(21)	 8	(18)
Net Income / (Loss)	\$	1,173	\$	896	\$ 4,852	\$ 4,063	\$ 4,329
Less: (Provision For) / Benefit From Income Taxes		(214)		27	(982)	(856)	362
Income / (Loss) Before Income Taxes	\$	1,387	\$	869	\$ 5,834	\$ 4,919	\$ 3,967
Less: Special Items Pre-Tax		(487)		(1,409)	(2,593)	(2,331)	(5,147)
Income / (Loss) Before Special Items Pre-Tax	\$	1,874	\$	2,278	\$ 8,427	\$ 7,250	\$ 9,114
Less: Interest on Debt		(324)		(272)	(936)	 (820)	 (1,302)
Adjusted EBIT (Non-GAAP)	\$	2,198	\$	2,550	\$ 9,363	\$ 8,070	\$ 10,416
Memo:							
Revenue (\$B)	\$	43.8	\$	46.2	\$ 130.2	\$ 136.8	\$ 176.2
Net Income / (Loss) Margin (GAAP) (%)		2.7 %		1.9 %	3.7 %	3.0 %	2.5 %
Adjusted EBIT Margin (Non-GAAP) (%)		5.0 %		5.5 %	7.2 %	5.9 %	5.9 %



Net Cash Provided By / (Used In) Operating Activities Reconciliation To Company Adjusted FCF (\$M)

	2023						2024						Year-To-Date			ate	
	Q	1		Q2		Q3	Q4		Q1		Q2		Q3		2023		2024
Net Cash Provided By / (Used In) Operating Activities (GAAP)	\$ 2	2,800	\$	5,035	\$	4,591	\$ 2,492	\$	1,385	\$	5,508	\$	5,502	\$	12,426	\$	12,395
Less: Items Not Included in Company Adjusted Free Cash Flows																	
Ford Credit Operating Cash Flows		626		581		1,800	(1,827)		1,181		685		1,296		3,007		3,162
Funded Pension Contributions		(125)		(109)		(190)	(168)		(550)		(83)		(334)		(424)		(967)
Restructuring (Including Separations) (a)		(81)		(118)		(297)	(529)		(176)		(289)		(226)		(496)		(691)
Ford Credit Tax Payments / (Refunds) Under Tax Sharing Agreement		(5)		_		_	174		(33)		_		_		(5)		(33)
Other, Net		(140)		(73)		(151)	604 (b)	(608) (c)	4		14		(364)		(590)
Add: Items Included in Company Adjusted Free Cash Flows																	
Company Excluding Ford Credit Capital Spending	(1	,760)		(1,927)		(2,191)	(2,274)		(2,073)		(2,078)		(1,970)		(5,878)		(6,121)
Ford Credit Distributions		_		_		_	_		_		150		175		_		325
Settlement of Derivatives		(72)		92		(13)	 		23		(26)	_	230		7		227
Company Adjusted Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)	\$	693	\$	2,919	\$	1,225	\$ 1,964	\$	(479)	\$	3,237	\$	3,187	\$	4,837	\$	5,945

a. Restructuring excludes cash flows reported in investing activities

o. Includes timing differences with a joint venture and currency impacts

c. Includes \$(365)M settlement of Transit Connect customs matter



Earnings / (Loss) Per Share Reconciliation To Adjusted Earnings / (Loss) Per Share

	Third Quarter					Year-To-Date					
		2023		2024		2023		2024			
Diluted After-Tax Results (\$M)											
Diluted After-Tax Results (GAAP)	\$	1,199	\$	892	\$	4,873	\$	4,055			
Less: Impact of Pre-Tax and Tax Special Items (a)		(376)		(1,066)		(2,098)		(1,798)			
Adjusted Net Income / (Loss) – Diluted (Non-GAAP)	\$	1,575	\$	1,958	\$	6,971	\$	5,853			
Basic and Diluted Shares (M)											
Basic Shares (Average Shares Outstanding)		4,004		3,976		3,999		3,980			
Net Dilutive Options, Unvested Restricted Stock Units, Unvested Restricted Stock Shares, and Convertible Debt		46_		42		41_		40			
Diluted Shares	_	4,050		4,018		4,040		4,020			
Earnings / (Loss) Per Share – Diluted (GAAP)	\$	0.30	\$	0.22	\$	1.21	\$	1.01			
Less: Net Impact of Adjustments		(0.09)		(0.27)		(0.52)		(0.45)			
Adjusted Earnings Per Share – Diluted (Non-GAAP)	\$	0.39	\$	0.49	\$	1.73	\$	1.46			

a. Includes adjustment for noncontrolling interest in the third quarter and year-to-date in 2023



Effective Tax Rate Reconciliation To Adjusted Effective Tax Rate

	Q3 2024	Year-	To-Date 2024	Fu	ull Year 2023
Pre-Tax Results (\$M)					
Income / (Loss) Before Income Taxes (GAAP)	\$ 869	\$	4,919	\$	3,967
Less: Impact of Special Items	 (1,409)		(2,331)		(5,147)
Adjusted Earnings Before Taxes (Non-GAAP)	\$ 2,278	\$	7,250	\$	9,114
Taxes (\$M)					
(Provision For) / Benefit From Income Taxes (GAAP) (a)	\$ 27	\$	(856)	\$	362
Less: Impact of Special Items (b)	 343		533		1,273
Adjusted (Provision For) / Benefit From Income Taxes (Non-GAAP)	\$ (316)	\$	(1,389)	\$	(911)
Tax Rate (%)					
Effective Tax Rate (GAAP)	(3.1)%		17.4 %		(9.1)%
Adjusted Effective Tax Rate (Non-GAAP)	13.9 %		19.2 %		10.0 %

a. Full Year 2023 reflects benefits from U.S. research tax credits and legal entity restructuring within our leasing operations and China

b. Full Year 2023 reflects benefits from China legal entity restructuring



Adjusted ROIC (\$B)

	Four Endin	Four Quarters Ending Q3 2024		
Adjusted Net Operating Profit / (Loss) After Cash Tax				
Net Income / (Loss) Attributable to Ford	\$	6.2	\$	3.5
Add: Noncontrolling Interest		(0.3)		0.0
Less: Income Tax		(0.9)		0.5
Add: Cash Tax		(1.1)		(1.3)
Less: Interest on Debt		(1.3)		(1.2)
Less: Total Pension / OPEB Income / (Cost)		(1.2)		(2.7)
Add: Pension / OPEB Service Costs		(0.7)		(0.6)
Net Operating Profit / (Loss) After Cash Tax	\$	7.5	\$	5.1
Less: Special Items (excl. Pension / OPEB) Pre-Tax		(2.7)		(2.8)
Adj. Net Operating Profit / (Loss) After Cash Tax	\$	10.2	\$	8.0
Invested Capital				
Equity	\$	44.3	\$	44.3
Debt (excl. Ford Credit)		19.8		20.6
Net Pension and OPEB Liability		4.6		5.9
Invested Capital (End of Period)	\$	68.6	\$	70.8
Average Invested Capital	\$	67.5	\$	69.7
ROIC (a)		11.1 %		7.4 %
Adjusted ROIC (Non-GAAP) (b)		15.1 %		11.4 9

<sup>a. Calculated as the sum of net operating profit / (loss) after cash tax from the last four quarters, divided by the average invested capital over the last four quarters
b. Calculated as the sum of adjusted net operating profit / (loss) after cash tax from the last four quarters, divided by the average invested capital over the last four quarters</sup>



Non-GAAP Financial Measures That Supplement GAAP Measures

We use both GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures for operational and financial decision making, and to assess Company and segment business performance. The non-GAAP measures listed below are intended to be considered by users as supplemental information to their equivalent GAAP measures, to aid investors in better understanding our financial results. We believe that these non-GAAP measures provide useful perspective on underlying operating results and trends, and a means to compare our period-over-period results. These non-GAAP measures should not be considered as a substitute for, or superior to, measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP measures may not be the same as similarly titled measures used by other companies due to possible differences in method and in items or events being adjusted.

- + Company Adjusted EBIT (Most Comparable GAAP Measure: Net income / (Loss) attributable to Ford) Earnings Before Interest and Taxes (EBIT) excludes interest on debt (excl. Ford Credit Debt), taxes and pre-tax special items. This non-GAAP measure is useful to management and investors because it focuses on underlying operating results and trends, and improves comparability of our period-over-period results. Our management ordinarily excludes special items from its review of the results of the operating segments for purposes of measuring segment profitability and allocating resources. Pre-tax special items consist of (i) pension and OPEB remeasurement gains and losses, (ii) gains and losses on investments in equity securities, (iii) significant personnel expenses, supplier- and dealer-related costs, and facility-related charges stemming from our efforts to match production capacity and cost structure to market demand and changing model mix, and (iv) other items that we do not necessarily consider to be indicative of earnings from ongoing operating activities. When we provide guidance for adjusted EBIT, we do not provide guidance on a net income basis because the GAAP measure will include potentially significant special items that have not yet occurred and are difficult to predict with reasonable certainty, including gains and losses on pension and OPEB remeasurements and on investments in equity securities.
- + Company Adjusted EBIT Margin (Most Comparable GAAP Measure: Company Net Income / (Loss) Margin) Company Adjusted EBIT Margin is Company Adjusted EBIT divided by Company revenue. This non-GAAP measure is useful to management and investors because it allows users to evaluate our operating results aligned with industry reporting.
- + Adjusted Earnings / (Loss) Per Share (Most Comparable GAAP Measure: Earnings / (Loss) Per Share) Measure of Company's diluted net earnings / (loss) per share adjusted for impact of pre-tax special items (described above), tax special items and restructuring impacts in noncontrolling interests. The measure provides investors with useful information to evaluate performance of our business excluding items not indicative of earnings from ongoing operating activities. When we provide guidance for adjusted earnings / (loss) per share, we do not provide guidance on an earnings / (loss) per share basis because the GAAP measure will include potentially significant special items that have not yet occurred and are difficult to predict with reasonable certainty prior to year-end, including pension and OPEB remeasurement gains and losses.
- + Adjusted Effective Tax Rate (Most Comparable GAAP Measure: Effective Tax Rate) Measure of Company's tax rate excluding pre-tax special items (described above) and tax special items. The measure provides an ongoing effective rate which investors find useful for historical comparisons and for forecasting. When we provide guidance for adjusted effective tax rate, we do not provide guidance on an effective tax rate basis because the GAAP measure will include potentially significant special items that have not yet occurred and are difficult to predict with reasonable certainty prior to year-end, including pension and OPEB remeasurement gains and losses.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures That Supplement GAAP Measures

- + Company Adjusted Free Cash Flow (FCF) (Most Comparable GAAP Measure: Net Cash Provided By / (Used In) Operating Activities) Measure of Company's operating cash flow excluding Ford Credit's operating cash flows. The measure contains elements management considers operating activities, including Company excluding Ford Credit capital spending, Ford Credit distributions to its parent, and settlement of derivatives. The measure excludes cash outflows for funded pension contributions, restructuring actions, and other items that are considered operating cash flows under GAAP. This measure is useful to management and investors because it is consistent with management's assessment of the Company's operating cash flow performance. When we provide guidance for Company Adjusted FCF, we do not provide guidance for net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities because the GAAP measure will include items that are difficult to quantify or predict with reasonable certainty, including cash flows related to the Company's exposures to foreign currency exchange rates and certain commodity prices (separate from any related hedges), Ford Credit's operating cash flows, and cash flows related to special items, including separation payments, each of which individually or in the aggregate could have a significant impact to our net cash provided by / (used in) our operating activities.
- + Adjusted ROIC Calculated as the sum of adjusted net operating profit / (loss) after-cash tax from the last four quarters, divided by the average invested capital over the last four quarters. This calculation provides management and investors with useful information to evaluate the Company's after-cash tax operating return on its invested capital for the period presented. Adjusted net operating profit / (loss) after-cash tax measures operating results less special items, interest on debt (excl. Ford Credit Debt), and certain pension / OPEB costs. Average invested capital is the sum of average balance sheet equity, debt (excl. Ford Credit Debt), and net pension / OPEB liability.



Definitions And Calculations

Wholesale Units and Revenue

• Wholesale unit volumes include all Ford and Lincoln badged units (whether produced by Ford or by an unconsolidated affiliate) that are sold to dealerships or others, units manufactured by Ford that are sold to other manufacturers, units distributed by Ford for other manufacturers, and local brand units produced by our China joint venture, Jiangling Motors Corporation, Ltd. ("JMC"), that are sold to dealerships or others. Vehicles sold to daily rental car companies that are subject to a guaranteed repurchase option (i.e., rental repurchase), as well as other sales of finished vehicles for which the recognition of revenue is deferred (e.g., consignments), also are included in wholesale unit volumes. Revenue from certain vehicles in wholesale unit volumes (specifically, Ford badged vehicles produced and distributed by our unconsolidated affiliates, as well as JMC brand vehicles) are not included in our revenue. Excludes transactions between Ford Blue, Ford Model e, and Ford Pro segments

Industry Volume and Market Share

• Industry volume and market share are based, in part, on estimated vehicle registrations; includes medium and heavy duty trucks

SAAR

· SAAR means seasonally adjusted annual rate

Company Cash

Company cash includes cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted cash (including cash held for sale); excludes Ford Credit's cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities and restricted cash

Market Factors

- Volume and Mix primarily measures EBIT variance from changes in wholesale unit volumes (at prior-year average contribution margin per unit) driven by changes in industry volume, market share, and dealer stocks, as well as the EBIT variance resulting from changes in product mix, including mix among vehicle lines and mix of trim levels and options within a vehicle line
- Net Pricing primarily measures EBIT variance driven by changes in wholesale unit prices to dealers and marketing incentive programs such as rebate programs, low-rate financing offers, special lease offers and stock adjustments on dealer inventory
- Market Factors exclude the impact of unconsolidated affiliate wholesale units

Earnings Before Taxes (EBT)

· Reflects Income before income taxes

Software and Physical Services

Includes software, extended service contracts, parts and accessories, and other services

