

BHP

Jimblebar Hydrogeological Assessment

7 December 2023

Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	Climate and rainfall	5
3	Hydrogeology	8
4	Existing Groundwater Users	22
5	Groundwater Investigations	25
6	Drilling	25
7	Test Pumping	27
8	Groundwater Chemistry	27
9	Groundwater Modelling	27
10	Assessment of Potential Impacts	87
11	Groundwater Monitoring	90
12	Management Approach	90
13	Conclusions	90
14	References	92
15	Appendix A: Conceptual model	93
16	Appendix B: Bore Logs	94
17	Appendix C: Groundwater Chemistry	95

1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

The Jimblebar mining operations is located in the Pilbara region, approximately 40km east of the town Newman. There are currently three approved proposals:

- Jimblebar Iron Ore Project (Revised Proposal) MS1126
- Orebody 31 Iron Ore Project MS1021
- Orebody 18 Iron Ore Mine MS439 (as amended by MS1012).

Under the approved Jimblebar Iron Ore Project (Revised Proposal), the mine features Wheelarra Hill, South Jimblebar and Hashimoto deposits. Jimblebar mine is situated on Mineral Licence M266SA and Miscellaneous Licences L52/108 and L52/109. Operations are situated in the East Pilbara sub-area of the Pilbara groundwater allocation plan (DoW, 2013) and underlain by fractured rock aquifers.

BHP refers to OB18 and OB31 mines collectively as the Shovelanna operations (Figure 1).

Key approved water activities are relating to Jimblebar (excluding Shovelanna) are:

- Mining above and below the water table
- Abstraction for groundwater for water supply and dewatering
- Surplus water management
 - Discharge of surplus water to Ophthalmia Dam from the Jimblebar and OB31 mines
 - Discharge of surplus water to Caramulla Managed Aquifer Recharge (MAR)
 - Discharge of surplus water to Caramulla Creek and Jimblebar Creek.

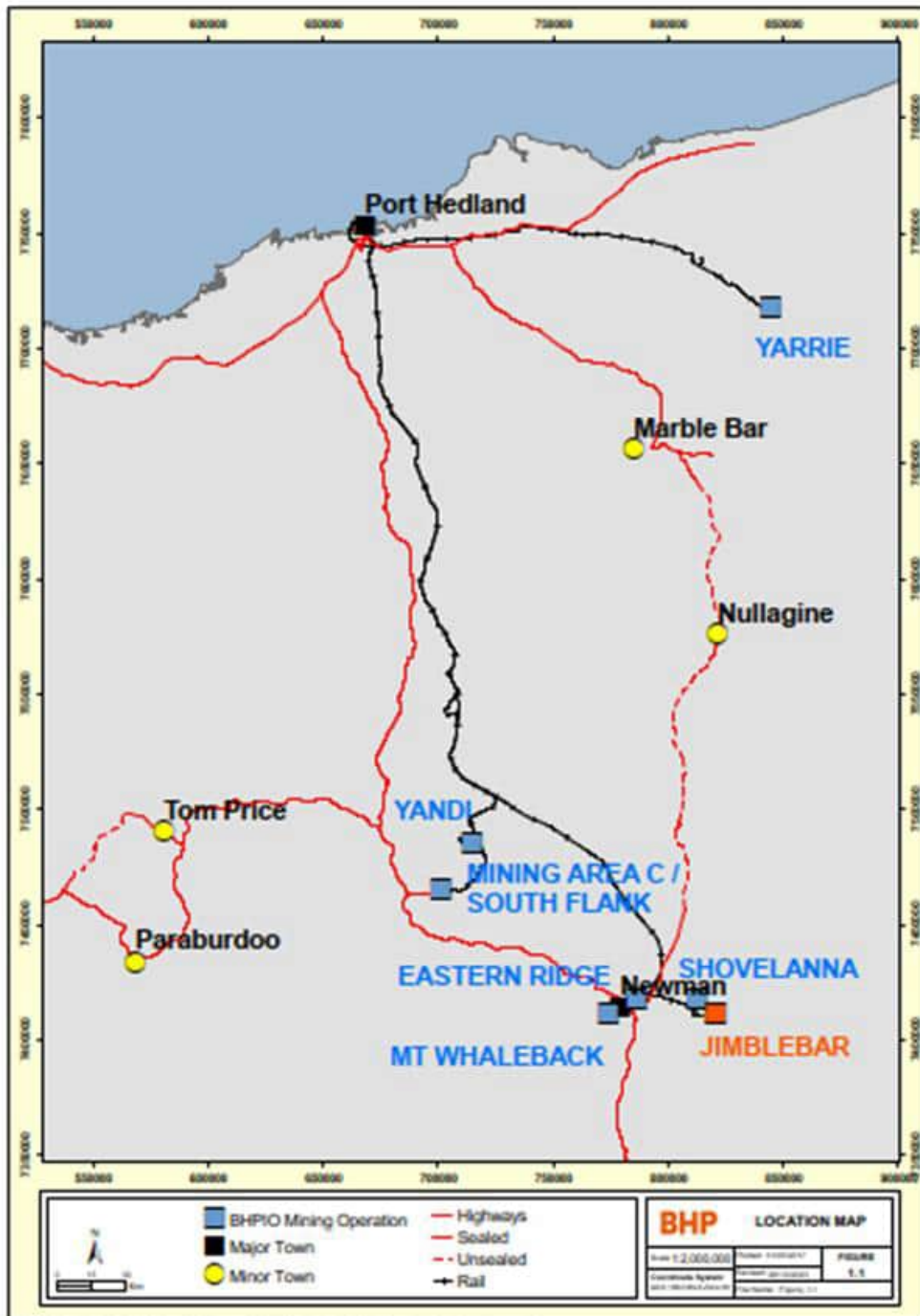


Fig 1.1: Location of operations

1.2 Jimblebar 5C Licence

Jimblebar operations current 5C Licence to Take Water issued under the *Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914* GWL158795(11) allows for an annual abstraction of 26,300,000 kL/a (26.3 GL/a) to align with the approved Jimblebar Optimisation Project. BHP WAIO will be referring the Jimblebar Hub Iron Ore Mining Operations Significant Amendment in late 2023 to the Environmental Protection Authority. The proposal will include the following key activities:

- Above and below water table mining at East Jimblebar
- Mine dewatering and surplus water at Jimblebar
- New overburden storage areas north of East Jimblebar
- New haul roads and creek crossings if required
- New beneficiation plant at Jimblebar and associated in-pit tailing storage facilities at OB18, OB31 and Jimblebar.

This H3 report (prepared in accordance with Operational policy no 5.12, (DoW, 2009) has been compiled to support the above project with BHP WAIO seeking a licence amendment of GWL158795(11) to an annual water entitlement of 51,100,000kL/a. The H3 level assessment supports the licence application assessing the drawdown, migration and magnitude from dewatering at a maximum rate of 140 ML/d via:

- Compilation and review of existing geological and hydrogeological data
- Update of the conceptual hydrogeological model of the Jimblebar area
- Update of the numerical groundwater model
- Calibration of the numerical model to available groundwater level data
- Predictive model runs to estimate the potential range in regional drawdown due to mine dewatering; and
- Review of potential impacts and management approach including update of a groundwater license operating strategy (GWOS), which will be submitted following this application.

2 Climate and rainfall

The nearest BoM weather station is located about 45 km southwest at Newman Airport. The Jimblebar mine site has a weather station installed at Wheelarra Hill, which has been in operation since 2000. Observed rainfall data (Figure 2.1) includes Wheelarra Hill and Newman Airport, gaps in the Newman Airport record have been infilled with data from the now closed Newman weather station.

The regional climate in the Jimblebar area is semi-arid. Rainfall is typically dominated by the influence of subtropical highs located to the south of the Pilbara. Rainfall throughout the year is variable, with distinct wet and dry seasons. The wettest months of the year are typically January to March, producing 60% of annual rainfall within the area (CSIRO, 2015). The larger summer rainfall events are generally associated with tropical lows, which develop from degrading tropical cyclones formed off the northwest coast of Western Australia (Charles et al, 2015). The mean annual distribution of rainfall across the Pilbara (during the period 1911–2012) is approximately 299 mm. There is a large year-to-year variability with annual rainfall ranging from 48 mm in 1924 to 731 mm in 2000 (CSIRO, 2015).

The Pilbara is characterised by high evaporation rates and a generally low soil infiltration capacity. This results in recharge occurring exclusively during major rainfall events (15–25 mm/d). Within the Upper Fortescue region, this recharge is dominated by leakage from streambeds (Charles et al, 2015). The closest station which recorded evaporation was the Wittenoom BoM station 002056, located approximately 190 km northwest of Newman. Average

BHP

annual evaporation data from 1967 to August 2019 (station closure) for Wittenoom was 3,139 mm/yr, which exceeds annual rainfall by about 2,800 mm/yr.

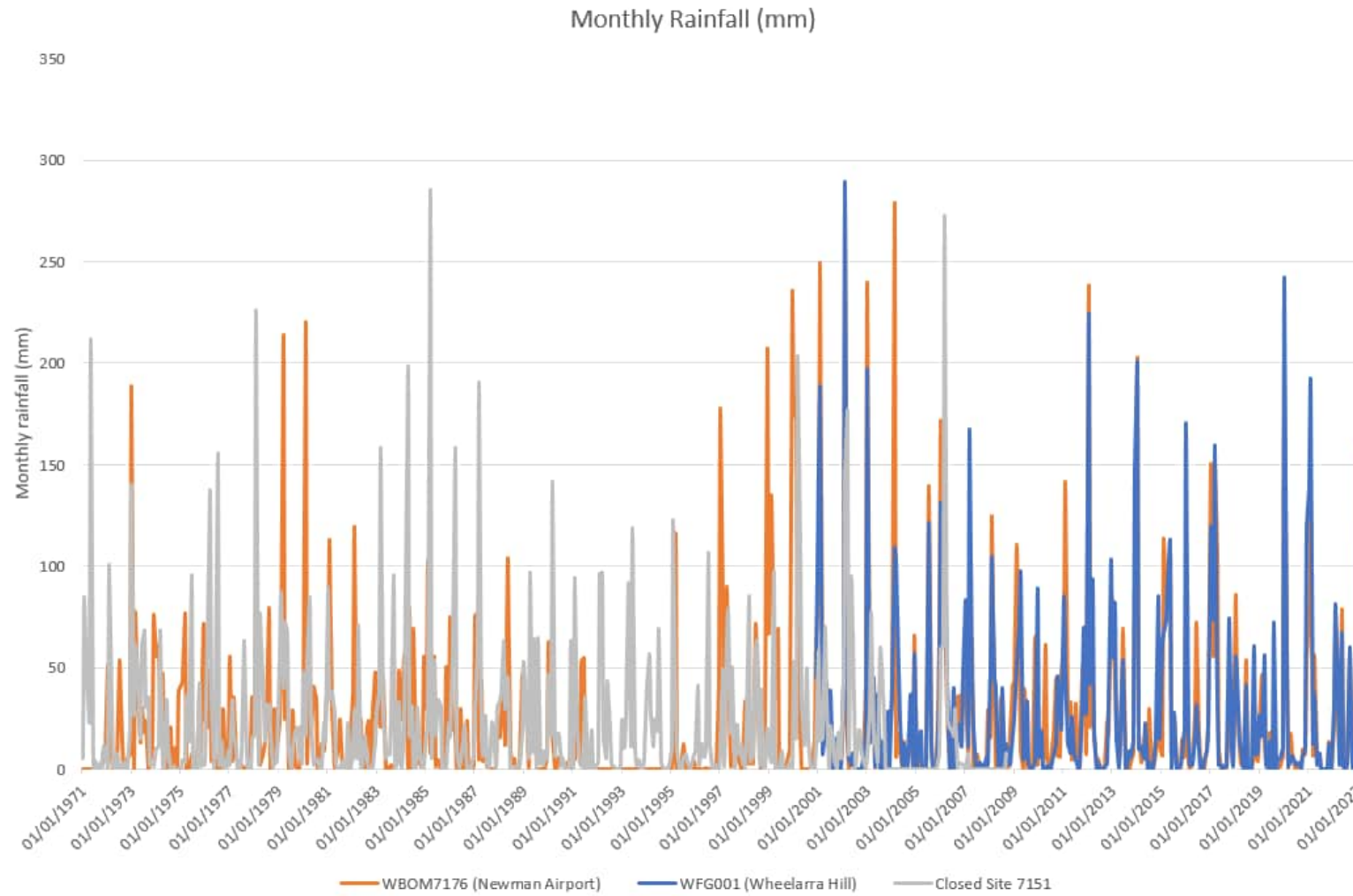


Fig 2.1: Summary of Jimblebar and Newman Rainfall

3 Hydrogeology

3.1 Introduction

An overview of the regional setting, conceptual model and key uncertainties is provided below. The evidence for all aspects of the conceptual model are provided in Appendix A.

3.2 Topography and Surface Water Drainage

The topography of the Jimblebar area is generally characterized by the prominent Wheelarra Hill in the north western part of the area and the lower lying hills of the Marra Mamba and Jeerinah Formations to the south (Figure 3.1). To the east the topography varies very little as far as the hills that rise just east of Thirteen Creek. The lowest topography is associated with the Tertiary filled valley between the Brockman orebodies in the north and the Marra Mamba orebodies in the south. In the valley area the topography is highest in the west. From just east of the Wheelarra Fault the ground surface falls from about 550 mRL to about 515 mRL by Capricorn / WHASH. From here to the east it falls very gently, reaching about 510 mRL roughly halfway between Caramulla Creek and Thirteen Creek. Towards Thirteen Creek it increases again slightly, reaching about 515 mRL by the creek.

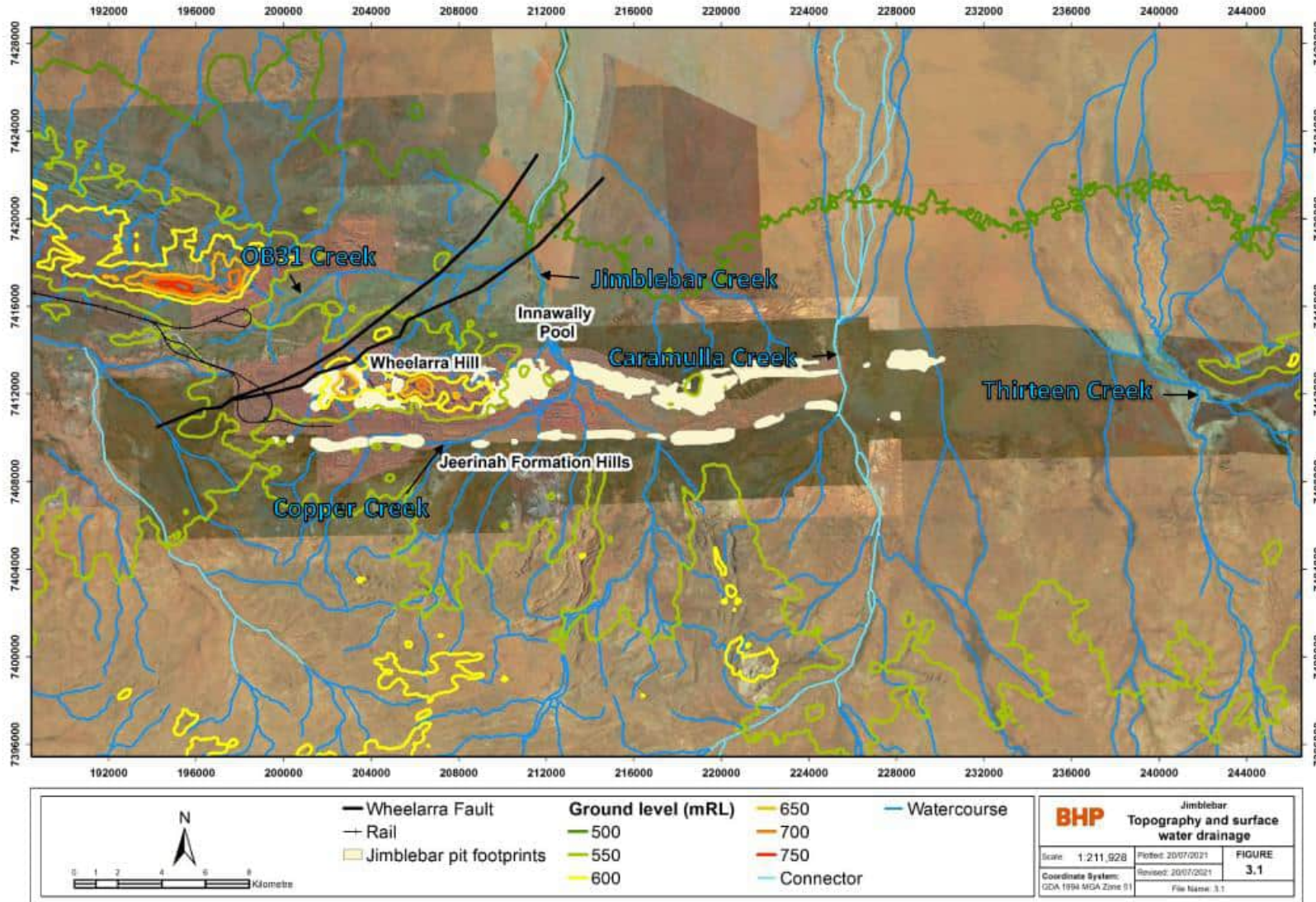


Figure 3.1: Jimblebar topography and surface water drainage

The Wheelarra Hill consists of outcropping Brockman Iron Formation units with topographic highs in the order of ~700 mRL. Topographic highs in the lower lying Marra Mamba and Jeerinah Formation hills to the south are in the order of 560 mRL in the Mindoona area, with a gentle slope to the east. Ground elevation in the Tertiary filled valley is around 530 mRL.

The area is drained towards the north by the Jimblebar, Caramulla and Thirteen Creeks which have their headwaters along the southern margins of the project area. The main channel of the Jimblebar Creek passes adjacent to the eastern most South Jimblebar orebody. Copper Creek is the main tributary to the Jimblebar Creek in the area and it drains the broad valley between Wheelarra Hill and the South Jimblebar orebody. Figure 3.1 summarises the surface water drainage and topography.

The southern flank of the Wheelarra Hill and the broad area of Jimblebar ridge drain towards Copper Creek. The northern side of Wheelarra Hill is drained by numerous, northward flowing small channels and valleys, which then flow eastwards to join Jimblebar Creek. As with most of the rivers and creeks in the Pilbara, these channels are ephemeral and predominantly dry outside of seasonal rainfall events.

Innawally Pool is located where Jimblebar Creek passes through the WHASH/HASH deposits and forms a significant ephemeral wetland feature. The pool is fed by surface water from a localized, shallow, perched aquifer. The pool is hydraulically disconnected from the regional water table, which sits some 50 m below ground level.

3.3 Conceptual model

3.3.1 Introduction

The main conceptual model components are shown in Figure 3.2 and described below. The greatest detail is provided for the area encompassing Mindoona, Sylvania, Capricorn, WH123, WHASH and HASH deposits, as these are the areas with the most data.

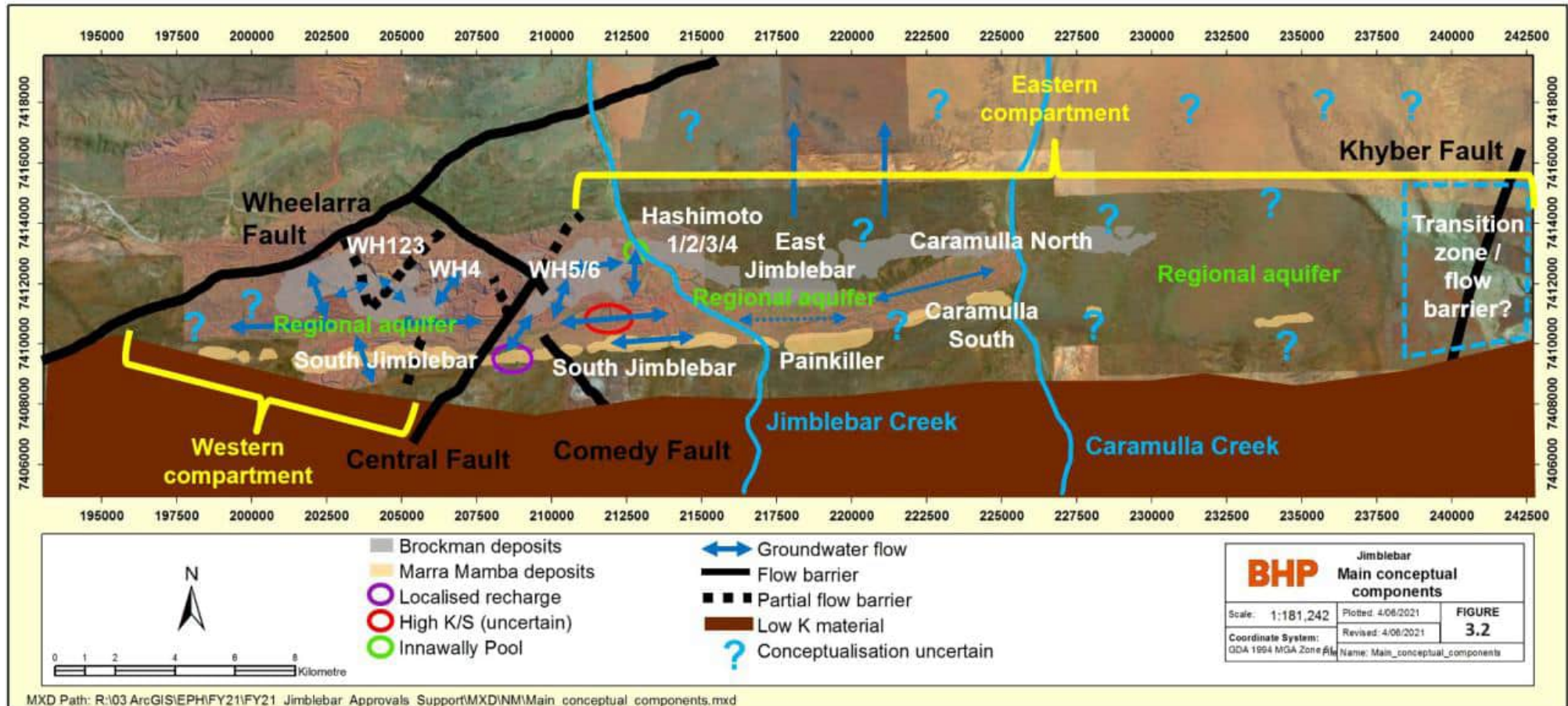


Figure 3.2: Jimblebar main conceptual components

3.3.2 Hydrostratigraphy and relationships

The main aquifers in the area are:

- Orebody aquifers made up of mineralised and submineralised material of the:
 - Marra Mamba Formation, which forms an almost continuous east/west striking aquifer in the south. As per the FY22 Life of Asset (LoA) mine plan, some of these orebodies reach depths of about 350 mRL (~110 m below water table (BWT)).
 - Brockman Iron Formation, which also forms an almost continuous east/west striking aquifers in the north. Whilst they are discontinuous, they can be very large, as in the case of the WHASH orebody. As per the FY22 LoA mine plan, the WH123 orebody reaches a maximum depth of about 354 mRL (~110 m BWT) and the WHASH orebody reaches as low as 324 mRL (~140 m BWT).
- Regional aquifers, which are located through the central valleys of the Jimblebar area and are made up of:
 - Weathered Paraburdoo (and Bee Gorge) Members of the Wittenoom Formation. The Paraburdoo dolomite in particular can be karstic and highly permeable.
 - Sand and gravel occurrences in the Tertiary Detritals. The detritals are very thick in places, reaching up to 360 m thick immediately north of Mindoona and reaching as low as 200 mRL.

The orebody and regional bedrock aquifers are separated by the various shale members of the Wittenoom Formation and Brockman Iron Formation. The Mt McRae and Mt Sylvia Shale Formations are present to the south of the Brockman orebodies and the West Angela Shale is found to the north of the Marra Mamba orebodies. In some areas the Tertiary Detrital aquifers are in direct contact with the orebody aquifers whereas in others they too are separated by the shale formations.

Even with the presence of these conceptually lower permeability shale materials, at a regional scale, all the aquifers present a high degree of hydraulic connection. For example, dewatering of the southern Marra Mamba orebodies has been observed to significantly reduce groundwater levels in the northern Brockman orebodies.

However the Central Fault (which is orientated NE-SW) effectively divides the Jimblebar groundwater system in half and allows very little flow across it. Under dewatering conditions, these western and eastern compartments can be thought of as separate entities.

Dewatering of the Mindoona pit has shown that water levels in virtually all lithologies local to the orebody in this location respond very well and uniformly to dewatering. These observations suggest that the connection between the regional and orebody aquifers is through the rock mass, rather than being structurally controlled. Clays of the Tertiary Detritals are the only lithologies that show variable responses to dewatering (in some locations they don't respond at all).

The bedrock to the south of the Marra Mamba orebodies is made up of shales and dolerites of the Jeerinah Formation and granites of the Sylvania Inlier. Whilst the Jeerinah Formation may have a moderate permeability, particularly in the west of the area, the granites form a hydraulic barrier to the south of Jimblebar as evidenced by the very high groundwater levels and lack of an obvious response to dewatering.

The bedrock north of the Brockman orebodies consists of Yandicoogina Shale and Weeli Wolli Formation. These units are conceptually low to moderate permeability. The permeability of this material may be higher than the granites to the south however, as evidenced by the flatter groundwater heads in this material and the hypothesised throughflow out of the catchment to the north beneath WHASH.

The regional aquifer systems generally exhibit high transmissivity and high storage. However, the system between Caramulla Patterson and Lawson deposits shows signs of being high transmissivity but also low storage.

Hydraulic parameter values characteristic of the various aquifer units are summarised in Table 3.1 (adopted from the groundwater modelling described in Section 9). There is likely a significant degree of heterogeneity within hydrostratigraphic units across the Jimblebar area however.

Table 3.1: Summary of key hydraulic parameters

Material	Hydraulic conductivity	Specific yield
Marra Mamba orebody aquifer	0.5 to 50 m/d	1 to 20%
Brockman orebody aquifer	5 to 100 m/d	5 to 20%
Regional aquifer (weathered dolomite)	20 m/d	5%
Regional aquifer (Tertiary Detritals)	0.001 to 50 m/d	5 to 15%

3.3.3 Structures and flow barriers

Regional and local structures play a significant role in the Jimblebar groundwater system and generally behave as barriers to flow.

There is little or no flow across the Wheelarra Fault and this forms the western boundary to the Jimblebar groundwater catchment. The NE-SW trending structures (including the Khyber Fault) that pass through Caramulla in the far east of the catchment are shown by observed water levels to be significant (although as yet untested by drawdown and either acting on their own or part of a transition zone of lower transmissivity material) and are likely to define the eastern boundary to the system.

Locally there are several structures that, as shown by the propagation of drawdown, provide either partial or complete barriers to groundwater flow. These include:

- The Central Fault which clearly separates all the aquifers into a western and eastern compartment. This may happen through a combination of dyke infill (dolerite) in the bedrock part of the fault and low permeability clay in the Tertiary Detritals immediately above it. This is important because the Tertiary Detritals are saturated in this area and would otherwise enable unimpeded flow between the eastern and western sides of the fault (which does not happen).
- The Comedy Fault (infilled with dolerite), which seems to be significant in the Marra Mamba orebody of South Jimblebar.
- The Monster Fault and an unnamed fault that form a downward V shape around WH2/3 form a partial barrier to groundwater flow.

There may be other structures that are hydraulically significant in the eastern part of the Jimblebar area (e.g. the Khyber Fault) but these are only likely to become apparent after several years of dewatering of the eastern orebodies.

3.3.4 Regional flows and heads

Pre-development groundwater levels were relatively flat in the Jimblebar area, particularly in the areas of the orebody and regional aquifers. It is therefore likely that regional throughflow and recharge into the catchment is very low.

The general groundwater flow direction was probably from the orebody aquifers, where heads are slightly elevated (i.e. at WH123 they are about 463 mRL) into the valley aquifers (Tertiary Detritals and weathered Paraburdoo) where the water levels are around 462 mRL. Groundwater then flowed from the valley aquifers to the north and out of the catchment. The extent of outflow to the north is unknown due to limited pre-development head data, and it is hypothesised that groundwater may also flow in a northerly direction beneath the WHASH, HASH, East Jimblebar and Caramulla North orebodies where heads are marginally lower (range from 454 – 459 mRL).

There may be some inflow from the southern bedrock into the Marra Mamba orebodies where heads are significantly higher (530 mRL) but the rocks are most likely very low permeability.

3.3.5 Recharge and discharge mechanisms

Rainfall recharge is likely to occur into this system, but the mechanism and rate is uncertain. In fact, the evidence is contradictory, with very limited recharge suggested by:

- The extremely flat pre-development groundwater levels.
- The lack of response in time variant groundwater levels to rainfall events (although this analysis is complicated by the dewatering response).
- The significant depth to groundwater (generally 50 – 100 m below ground surface).

However the potential for significant recharge is suggested by the:

- Discrepancy between average heads observed in exploration drill holes taken before the very wet 1999/2000 period, which are roughly 2 m lower than those taken after.
- Relatively fresh nature of groundwater as evidenced by the observed EC values.
- The very fresh groundwater encountered where Copper Creek crosses South Jimblebar (most likely a localised recharge area).
- Extreme fluctuation in orebody and dolomite EC following the start of mining in 2014. The permeable bedrock has been opened to direct rainfall recharge and this seems to be significant.

Recharge to the system via regional throughflow is estimated to be low, given the various low permeability barriers that bound the system to the west, south and east.

Due to the depth to water, discharge via evapotranspiration is not likely to contribute anything to the water balance. It is therefore likely that all discharge from the system prior to mining was via flow to the north in the central part of the Jimblebar catchment (i.e. beneath WHASH, HASH, East Jimblebar and Caramulla).

A significant amount of groundwater discharge now occurs via abstraction for both mine dewatering (with abstraction rates reaching just above 30 ML/d in 2020). Some recharge is also provided by the injection of surplus water to the three injection bores on the eastern side of the Central Fault.

3.3.6 Change in groundwater levels

The change in groundwater levels since 1994, as described by the difference between pre-development and 2021 head observations, is shown in Figure 3.3. The main conceptual elements are highlighted by this data:

- The barrier effect of the Wheelarra and Central Faults.
- The widespread and uniform drawdown throughout the western compartment.
- The widespread drawdown in the eastern compartment.
- The lack of discernible drawdown observed to the south of the Jimblebar catchment.

3.3.7 Groundwater / surface water interaction

The opportunity for direct interaction between the groundwater and surface water systems in the Jimblebar area is limited by the significant depth to groundwater over the entire area. Pre-development depth to groundwater was:

- WH123: ~100 m
- WH4: >110 m
- WHASH: > 80 m
- HASH: >70 m
- East Jimblebar: >90 m
- South Jimblebar (Sylvania, Mindoona): ~80 m
- Capricorn: ~70 m
- Painkiller: ~70 m
- Caramulla: ~65 m
- Valley alluvial fill (Tertiary Detritals):
 - South Jimblebar area: 100 m (west) to 50 m (east)
 - East Jimblebar / Caramulla area: 50 m

3.3.8 Groundwater chemistry

Electrical conductivity (EC) and pH observations in the Jimblebar area are shown in Figures 3.4 and 3.5 with data points coloured by lithology and location. A corresponding location map is shown in Figure 3.6. Where field EC and pH were not available (i.e. HASH, East Jimblebar and Caramulla), laboratory EC and pH were plotted.

The figures show:

- The following ranges of groundwater chemistry are present:
 - pH primarily between 7.0 - 8.0, with data existing within a wider range of 6.0 - 10.0
 - EC between 250 and 2,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (fresh to brackish)
- EC can be further broken into two main groups:
 - 250 – 750 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$: fresh groundwater located in the western region of the Capricorn orebody, in close proximity to Copper Creek. This may be an indication of enhanced rainfall recharge (via Copper Creek) at this location compared to elsewhere in Jimblebar.
 - 1000+ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$: brackish groundwater is found in all other locations within the Jimblebar groundwater system.
- There is a good history of monitoring dating back to 1995, particularly within the Mindoona and Capricorn water supply bores.
- There is no obvious correlation between lithology and chemistry (EC and pH).
- Most bores in the regional system (Tertiary Detritals and Dolomite) show EC and pH values not too dissimilar from the orebody aquifers.
- Once dewatering commences, the pH and EC dataset shows significant variability with time. It is difficult to determine whether this variability corresponds to dewatering stressors and/or reflects the natural variation in chemistry data from increased spatial monitoring.

BHP

- Post 2013, chemistry in the three Capricorn MAR bores is representative of the Mindoon/Sylvania groundwater. Monitoring in the western region of Capricorn (near Copper Creek) shows the influence of MAR - i.e. the fresh water near Copper Creek mixing with the higher EC water from Mindoon/Sylvania.
- Post 2014, EC values (and to a lesser extent pH) show significant variability. This does not appear to correspond to major changes in the dewatering regime, but does seem to occur consistently throughout Jimblebar (i.e. WH123 and WHASH data is aligned with South Jimblebar chemistry). This suggests potential changes in groundwater chemistry in the system, but the mechanism behind it and the implications are currently unknown.

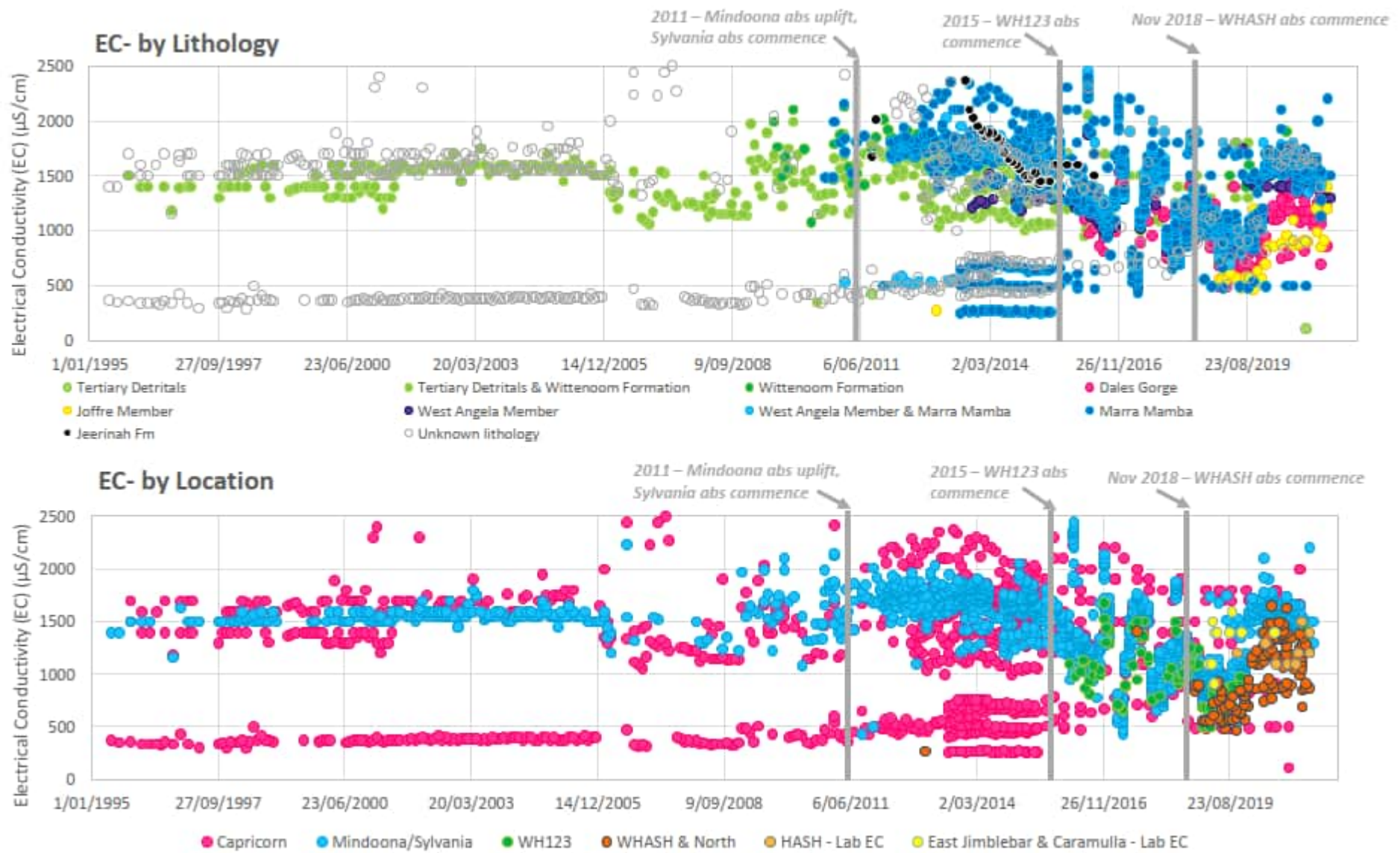


Figure 3.4: Groundwater chemistry – Electrical Conductivity

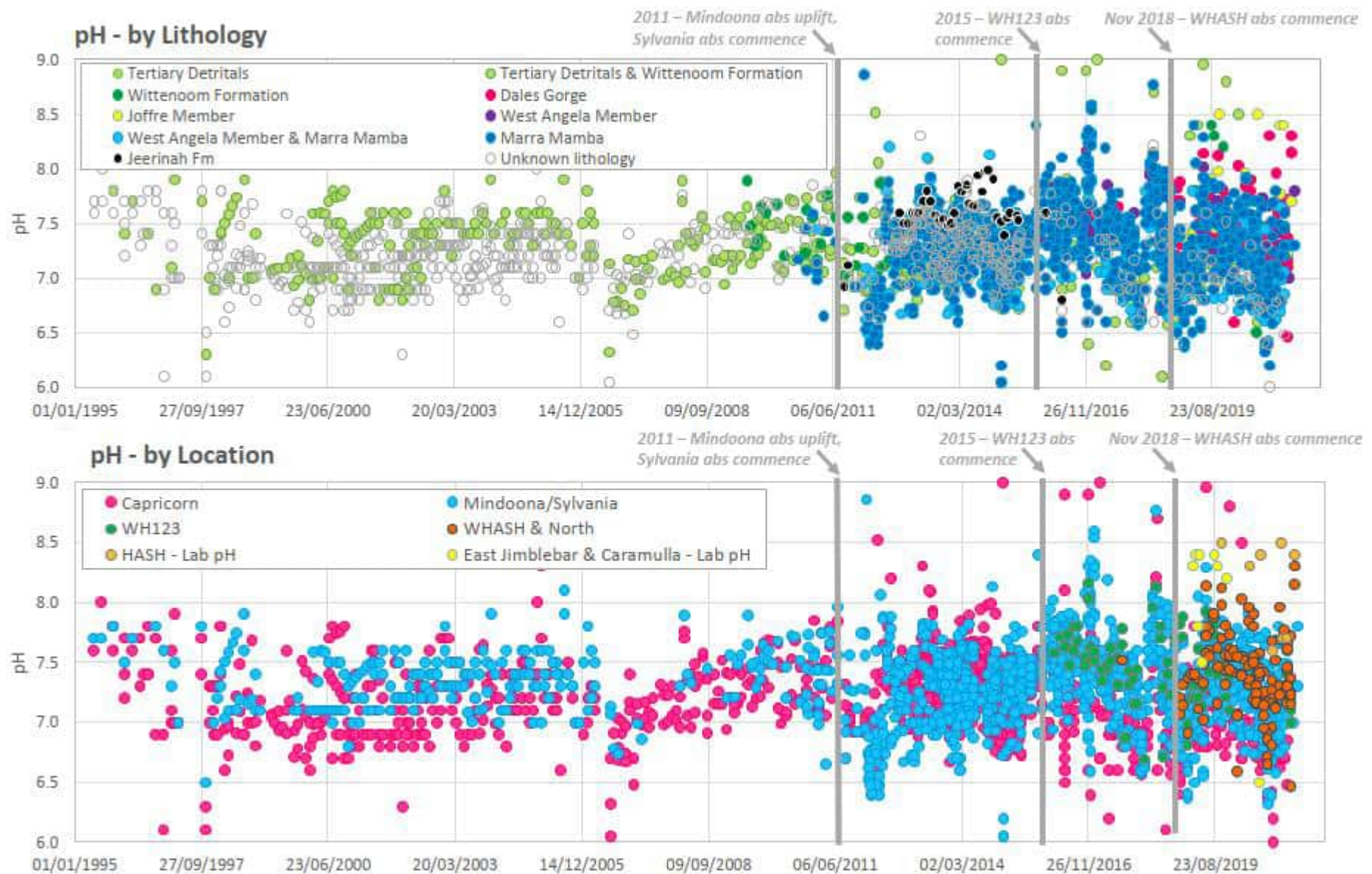


Figure 3.5: Groundwater chemistry -pH

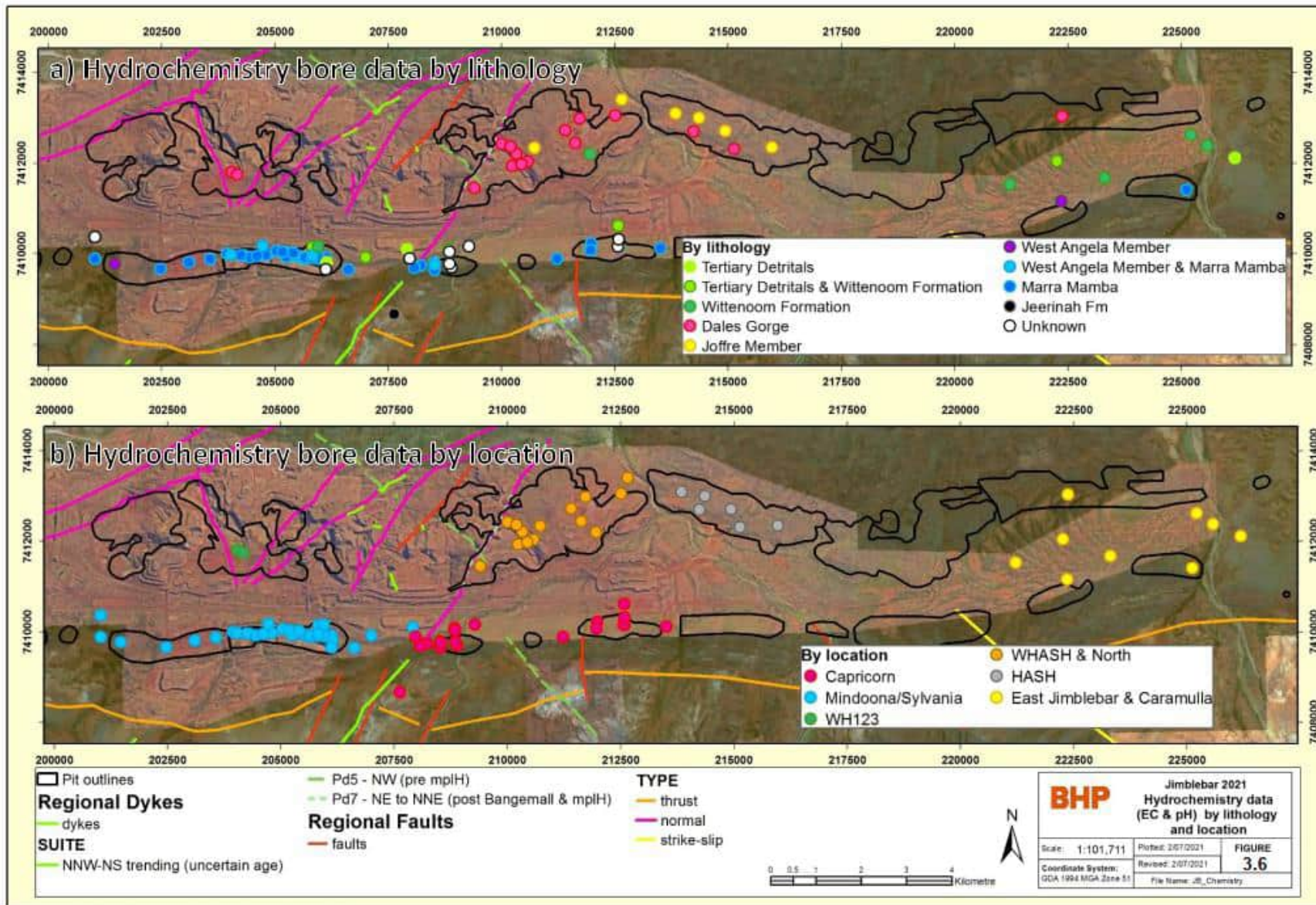


Figure 3.6 Jimblebar Hydrochemistry data by lithology and location

3.3.9 Receptors

There are no groundwater dependent receptors within 22 km (Ethel Gorge TEC to the west being the closest) of the Jimblebar mining area. The main environmental values in the area are Innawally Pool and Jimblebar Creek, which, due to the significant depth to the water table, are not groundwater dependent. There are a number of third party bores in proximity to Jimblebar please refer to section 4.

3.3.10 Data gaps and uncertainties

As dewatering has been ongoing at significant rates for 10 years, the main uncertainties remaining in the area exist outside of the dewatering zone of influence or where monitoring infrastructure is not in place to observe a response.

The main uncertainties remaining in the Jimblebar area that are relevant to future dewatering requirements and drawdown predictions are:

- To the east of Capricorn and HASH, where, even though pre-development water levels suggest a relatively flat water table, structures and/or aquifer heterogeneity may influence flows and dewatering rates significantly.
- Also to the east of Capricorn and HASH, aquifer characteristics (including geometry) are poorly defined due to lack of testing and the storage / transmissive potential of these areas is uncertain.
- To the north of the Brockman Iron Formation the uncertainties are high. Drawdown does not appear to have migrated far in this direction but monitoring is limited. The water table is still relatively flat to the north, and if this is the mechanism of outflow from the system, it follows that drawdown could propagate in this direction. There are no groundwater receptors in the immediate vicinity however and the connection to the north would have to be very high (not currently conceptualised) to have a major impact on dewatering rates.
- The mechanisms and rate of recharge into the system remains uncertain, with apparently contradictory evidence available in the observed dataset. In terms of the prediction of the impacts of dewatering, the precise determination of recharge will not have a major control on the outcomes. The uncertainty will be more relevant however when considering the timeframe for recovery following mine closure.
- As water levels become lower in the western compartment the currently good hydraulic connection throughout this area may become compromised if aquifers become disconnected. This may happen because of basement highs and the presence of clays in the detritals at depth.
- Most of the uncertainty associated with the behaviour of the Central Fault is in the pre-development state (and will have little impact on its role during dewatering), specifically:
 - How it was hidden in the water levels (which are flat)
 - How water could have passed through it to discharge to the north.
- The hydrostratigraphic understanding of the entire detrital sequence is quite poor. It is defined based on limited data as it generally lies outside of the attention of resource drilling (and therefore the geological models). As the clay occurrences within this material have the potential to disrupt local hydraulic connection, a lack of knowledge as to their whereabouts and continuity may become more important as dewatering progresses.

4 Existing Groundwater Users

The location of nearby groundwater users is shown in Figure 4.1 and described below.

4.1 Third party groundwater users

4.1.1 Pastoral Station Bores

Nearby pastoral bores are situated on Sylvania Station (owned by BHP) shown in Figure 4.1. These bores to the west and southwest of the Jimblebar Hub mining area and are underlain by granites and shales. The bores are shallow and target shallow alluvial systems and regional fault system. These bores range in depth from 13 m to 30 m.

4.1.2 Mining/Unknown Companies

The DWER Water Information Reporting (WIR) tool indicates one Atlas Iron bore is situated in proximity to Jimblebar situated to the north. Information states the bore is drilled to 64 mbgl with lithology noted as colluvium. There is limited information regarding a Rio Tinto bore drilled in 1999 to a depth of 34 mbgl which is situated approximately 21 km south east of South Jimblebar production bores. Whilst an unknown bore is located approximately 18 km south of the lowest BHP tenure boundary.

4.1.3 Jigalong Aboriginal Reserve

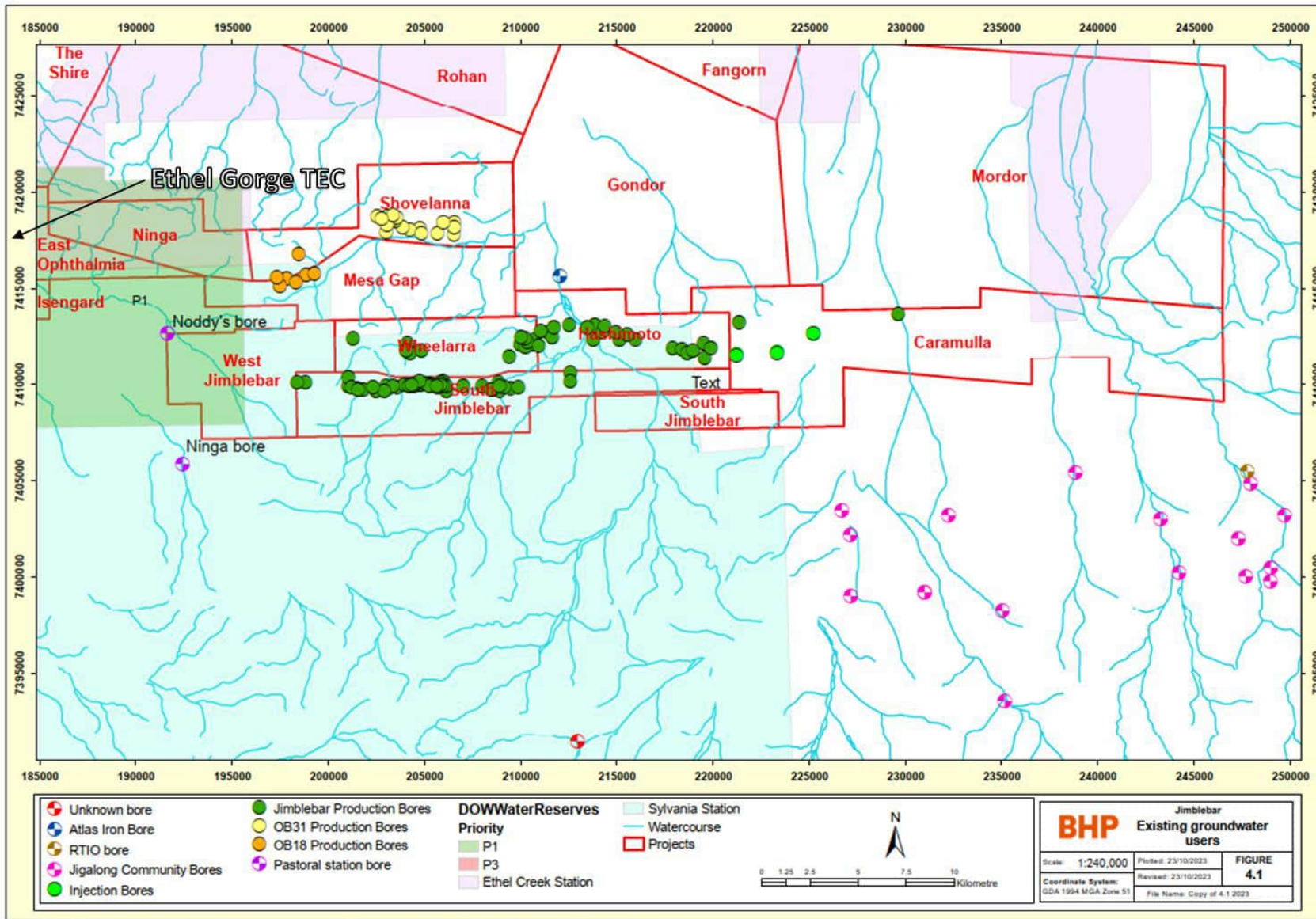
Bore information provided from the WIR tool lists within 30km of Jimblebar 14 bores owned by the Jigalong Community. Records indicate all bores at a shallow depth with two bores being approximately 30 m in depth with the majority under 20 mbgl. Of the 14 records two are classed as Windmills and all other bores are described as unequipped, collapsed or abandoned.

4.2 Local and Regional Context

4.2.1 Surface Water Features

Innawally Pool is located in the main channel of Jimblebar Creek. The pool is a perched water feature and is not connected with the regional aquifer. The pool's extent changes seasonally receiving runoff from the upstream creek system and some minor local drainage lines. Depth to water is approximately 70 to 80 mbgl with the nearest active dewatering bore located over 400 m to the west. Measurements taken in the wet season (March 2015) and dry season (July 2016) indicate that the pool is fresh (salinity less than 200 mg/L), with a pH of approximately 7.8. Nutrient levels exceed ANZECC guidelines (Ecologia, 2017).

Jinerabar Pool, an intermittent pool located on Jimblebar Creek (Ethel Creek Station). The pool is located approximately 41 km downstream of the northern boundary of the current Jimblebar MS1126 Development Envelope and 1.5km upstream of the confluence between Jimblebar and Caramulla Creeks.



MXD Path: \\Empire-6012\group\TSRD Application Drive\Resource Planning\Water Planning\03 ArcGIS\EPHFY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\3-specific\COPY of 4.1 2023.mxd

Figure 4.1 Existing Groundwater Users

BHP

4.2.2 Ethel Gorge

The Ethel Gorge aquifer Stygobiont community Threatened Ecological Community (Ethel Gorge TEC) is situated 20 km to the west. The Ophthalmia Dam located 5 km upstream of Ethel Gorge is a managed aquifer recharge scheme to maintain groundwater levels within the Ethel Gorge aquifer. Discharge from Jimblebar to Ophthalmia Dam of up to 16.425 GL/a is authorised under MS1126.

4.2.3 Newman Water Reserve

A Priority 1 Public Drinking Water Source Area of the Newman Water Reserve overlays Newman town, BHP Whaleback and Eastern Ridge mines with the boundary extending to a small portion of Jimblebar West. Groundwater is abstracted from the BHP operated Ophthalmia and Homestead borefields to provide drinking water for the Newman town water supply.

4.3 Other operations

4.3.1 Shovelanna operations

Current Shovelanna operational mining areas consist of OB18 and OB31. The OB18 supply borefield is south of the OB18 mine and provides water for construction and processing facilities. These production bores draw water from Wittenoom Paraburdoo Member whilst mine dewatering target Brockman and Marra Mamba Iron Formations. The borefield is permitted annual abstraction of 1,861,500kL under GWL 156786(10) which is valid to 2028. Total groundwater abstraction for FY23 was 98,722 kL/a. The OB18 mine operates under Ministerial Statement 439 (as amended by Ministerial Statement 1012). There are no specific groundwater related conditions for operations in Ministerial Statement 439 however long term water quality for closure is a requirement.

The OB31 dewatering borefield provides water for mining, dust suppression and exploratory drilling operations. The production bores draw water from the local mineralised and submineralised Brockman orebody aquifer. The borefield is permitted annual abstraction of 16,200,000kL under the GWL 181025(4) valid to 2028. Total groundwater abstraction for FY23 was 12,017,317 kL/a. The OB31 mine operates under Ministerial Statement 1021 which there are no groundwater conditions. Surplus dewatering management requirements and the associated outcome based provisions are detailed in the updated BHP Jimblebar Water Management Plan as part of the Significant Amendment proposal referred to the Environmental Protection Authority in late 2023.

4.3.2 Warrawandu Village

Warrawandu Village is a camp accommodation facility located approximately 20 km east of Newman. The village was constructed in 2012 to support mining operations. A dedicated potable production borefield supplies Warrawandu Village. Two monitoring bores (HEOP0003M and HEOP0004M) were drilled and constructed in August 2009 for the purpose to confirm geology and monitor groundwater levels and quality. Based on this work, three production bores, HEOP0001P, HEOP0002P and HEOP0005P were drilled and constructed in the Paraburdoo Dolomite Member and overlying Tertiary Detritals. The occupancy levels of the camp determines the overall water demand and currently has annual entitlement of 946,080 kL/a under GWL171330(4) (renewal application dated 30 March 2023 is currently in progress).

4.3.3 Eastern Pilbara Operations

BHP WAIO operate a number of nearby mines and associated rail infrastructure (see Figure 1). Other mining operations located in the Eastern Pilbara are BHP's Eastern Ridge (Orebodies 23, 24 and 25), 8 km northeast of Newman and located 5km west of Newman is Whaleback (Whaleback Pit North and South, Orebodies 29 30 and 35).

5 Groundwater Investigations

The history of groundwater abstraction in the Jimblebar area has been accompanied by many targeted hydrogeological investigations. These have come in the form of desktop studies, test pumping and hydrodynamic trials. By far the greatest amount of information has derived from the monitoring of groundwater response to dewatering of South Jimblebar (since 2008), Wheelarra (since 2015) and Hashimoto (since 2020); and surplus water injection at South Jimblebar (since 2013).

The combined data from all of these activities, particularly dewatering response, has been utilised to build the conceptualisation presented in Section 3 which is described in more detail in Appendix A.

6 Drilling

Over 100 production bores and 600 monitoring bores have been drilled in the Jimblebar area which have been used to observe the groundwater system. The locations of all Jimblebar production and monitoring bores are shown in Figure 6.1 and the borehole logs since the latest increase of annual entitlement (2021) are provided in Appendix B.

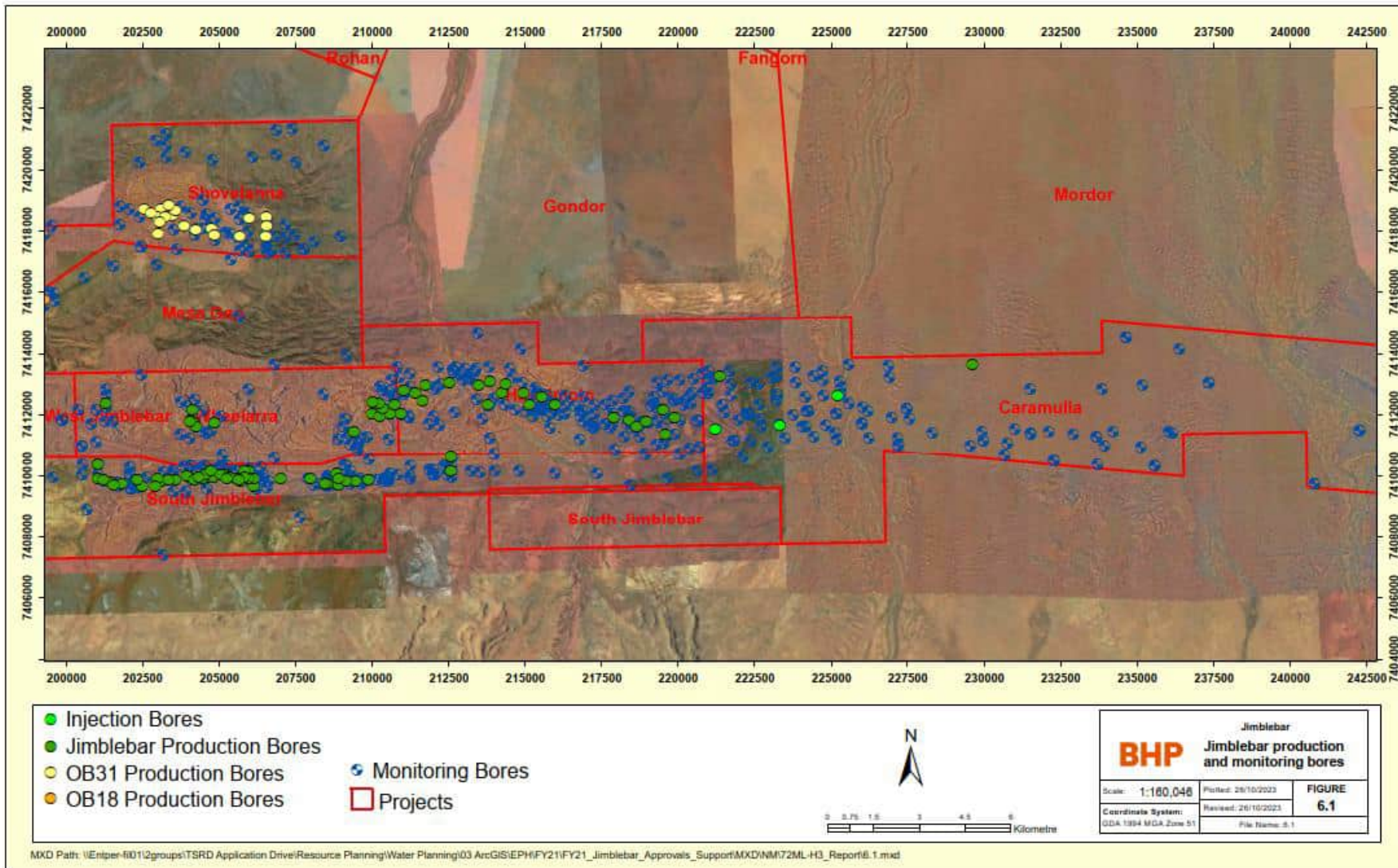


Figure 6.1 Jimblebar Production and monitoring bores

7 Test Pumping

The Jimblebar area has been subject to extensive and a high rate dewatering. The response of the groundwater system to this stress has been monitored in over a hundred production boreholes. This data reveals far more about the groundwater system than test pumping analysis and thus informs the conceptualisation provided in Section 3.

8 Groundwater Chemistry

Groundwater chemistry is discussed in Section 3.3.8. Monitoring results are presented in the WAIO FY23 Annual Aquifer Review (AAR) (BHP, 2023a) for Jimblebar provided in Appendix C.

9 Groundwater Modelling

9.1 Introduction

A numerical groundwater model has been used to predict the likely dewatering and drawdown outcomes from the full life of the Jimblebar mine and recovery of groundwater levels post closure.

The numerical modelling described in this report represents a form of hypothesis testing; the hypothesis was provided by the site hydrogeologists who suggested that the combined Jimblebar dewatering requirements could reach 140 ML/d.

The modelling was therefore focused on exploring the plausible high-case dewatering rates for Jimblebar.

The following process was followed to achieve this:

1. Update and simplify the hydrostratigraphy of the existing model and extend the domain to east.
2. Validate the updated model against observation and abstraction data until the end of 2020.
3. Make changes to hydraulic parameters and hydrostratigraphic zonation to produce an optimum match between observed and simulated heads (a base case).
4. Use this 'base-case' model to investigate the sensitivity of the simulated heads at the observation bores to changes in key hydraulic parameters.
5. Use the results of the sensitivity analysis to home in on plausible parameter combinations that will produce high-case dewatering predictions (and still honour the observation data).
6. Run the dewatering model with these combinations and analyse the results.

9.2 Conceptual update

The project used the existing regional-scale Jimblebar Numerical Model that incorporates the Mindoon, Sylvania, Capricorn, WH123, WHASH and HASH, East Jimblebar and Caramulla mining areas. It was originally developed as part of the hydrogeological assessment for the Jimblebar Iron Ore Project (Aquaterra, 2009) and has been updated several times. The most recent update relevant to this study was in 2017 when the OB18 and OB31 mining areas to the west of the Wheelarra Fault were removed from the model domain and the WH123 hydrogeological area was

updated against steady state pre-mining and short term (10 day) test pumping data (BHP, 2017). Since then, a significant amount of time-series data has been collected that shows a strong response to the dewatering in the WHASH mining area. This data has contributed to a major update to the local and sub-regional conceptual model and an update to hydrostratigraphy in the area. The conceptual model (BHP, 2021) is described in full and this should be read in conjunction with this document. Brief descriptions of the main conceptual elements are provided below and shown in Figure 3.2.

- The regional aquifer is comprised of the Paraburdoo dolomite and the Tertiary detritals and this extends all the way from the Wheelarra Fault in the west to what observation data suggest is a flow boundary roughly 40 km to the east. The local aquifers are made up of the Brockman Formation orebodies in the north and the Marra Mamba Formation orebodies in the south (with the regional aquifer between them).
- The Central Fault (a dolerite dyke) behaves as a barrier to groundwater flow through both the regional and local aquifers. This separates the Jimblebar groundwater system into two compartments; a western compartment (containing the Mindoona, Sylvania and WH123 mining areas) and an eastern compartment (containing the Capricorn, WHASH, HASH and East Jimblebar mining areas). There is some connection across the dyke in the area of WHASH, but this is unlikely to have a significant impact on the dewatering outcomes.
- The orebody and regional aquifers in the western compartment are well connected to each other, with significant dewatering drawdown being observed throughout this area. The structures in the area of WH2/3 provide a partial barrier to flow.
- The orebody and regional aquifers in the eastern compartment also seem well connected although there is still significant uncertainty. The data indicate that the northern orebodies may be well connected along strike i.e. WHASH, HASH, East Jimblebar and Caramulla (Patterson).
- The groundwater levels south of the Marra Mamba orebodies are much higher than the local and regional aquifer levels and show no response to dewatering. This suggests the presence of low permeability rocks to the south.
- In the east, there is no evidence of any flow barriers until the location roughly 30 km east of the Central Fault where water levels abruptly change.
- To the north data is scarce and it cannot be ruled out that some permeability (either within the rock mass or through structures) persists in that direction.

9.3 Model design

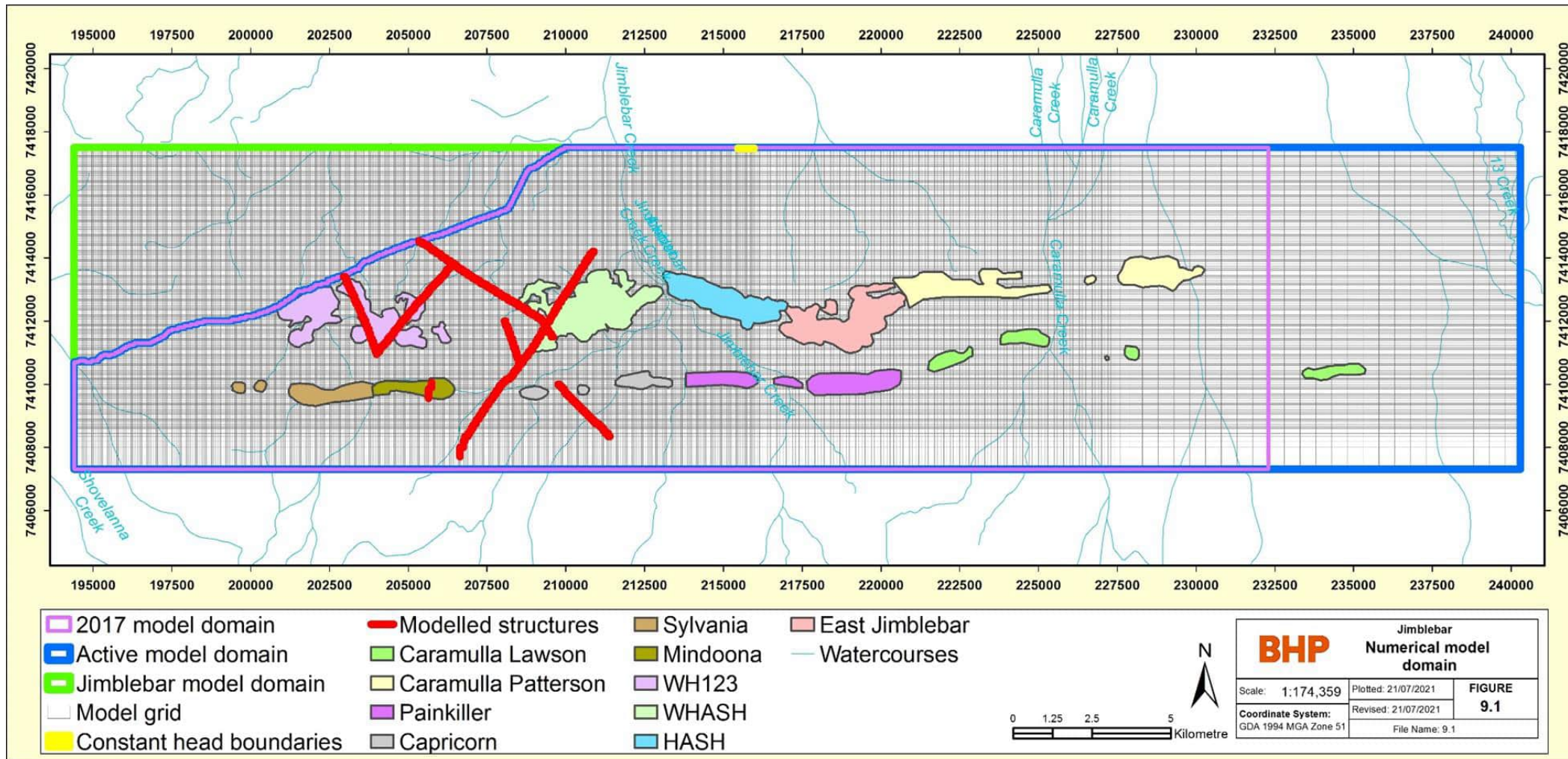
9.3.1 Introduction

The numerical groundwater model was developed using the Modflow USG code operating under the Groundwater Vistas graphical user interface (Rumbaugh and Rumbaugh, 2011).

The last model version (BHP, 2017) was used as the basis for this project. The model domain was extended several kilometres to the east and evapotranspiration was removed completely (it plays no role in this model). Other than this, no changes were made to the model grid or boundary conditions (including no flow boundaries). The model domain and grid and the location of model boundary conditions are shown in Figure 9.1.

Significant changes were made to the hydrostratigraphy in the eastern part of the model, which is described in more detail below.

From this point on in the document, “model” refers to the version used exclusively for this project.



MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPH\FY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM72ML-H3_Report9.1.mxd

Figure 9.1 Jimblebar Numerical model domain

9.3.2 Numerical solver

The Sparse Matrix Solver (SMS) was used as the numerical equation solver. The following settings were used:

- Outer iterations: 250
- Inner iterations: 600
- Head Change Criterion for outer iterations: 0.005 m
- Head Change Criterion for inner iterations: 0.0005 m
- Linear solution method: XMD solver

9.3.3 Model domain, grid and layers

The model uses a variable grid size. The minimum model grid size is 50 m by 50 m and the maximum is 400 m by 500 m. The domain is divided into 185 rows and 573 columns. The model covers an area of 46 km (west to east) by 10 km (south to north). The model and all associated data are specified using the GDA94 Zone 51 coordinate system. The coordinates of the southwestern corner are 194,400, 7,407,300.

The hydrostratigraphy is represented by seven model layers as summarised in Table 9.1. The entire model domain consists of a total of 742,035 cells, of which 562,891 cells are active and 179,144 cells are inactive (Figure 9.1). Layer 1 has a variable thickness as defined by the top of the layer which is based on the natural topographic level and a base set at 458 mRL, whilst the thicknesses of the remaining layers are uniform.

Table 9.1 - Representation of Model Hydrogeological Layers

Layer	Description	Thickness
1 - 3	Tertiary Detritals / alluvium. Upper sections of orebody aquifers. Weathered basement rocks.	Layer 1: maximum thickness 260 m, minimum 60 m (base at 458 mRL) Layer 2: 36 m thick (base at 422 mRL) Layer 3: 36 m thick (base at 386 mRL)
4 - 5	Lower sections of orebody aquifers. Deeper Tertiary Detritals. Weathered dolomite aquifer (Paraburdoo Member). Basement rocks surrounding the weathered dolomite and orebody aquifers.	Layer 4: 30 m thick (base at 356 mRL) Layer 5: 30 m thick (base at 326 mRL)
6	Fresh dolomite aquifer (Paraburdoo Member). South Jimblebar orebody aquifer. Basement rocks surrounding the dolomite and orebody aquifers.	Layer 6: 24 m thick (base at 302 mRL)
7	Basement rocks.	Layer 7: 52 m thick (base at 250 mRL)

Where the data was available, the extent of the orebody aquifers was assigned consistent with high-grade (typically >57% Fe) and low-grade (typically 48%>Fe<57%) mineralisation shells. The term “regional aquifer” predominantly represents the weathered dolomite of the Paraburdoo Member and most units of the Tertiary Detritals.

9.3.4 Hydrostratigraphic updates

The hydrostratigraphy for this model iteration has undergone several updates, which are summarised below:

1. The eastern-most extent of the model (primarily orebody geology in East Jimblebar, Caramulla, Painkiller, Capricorn, and basement geology in the Valley) has been updated using exploration drillholes, geological wireframes and grade shells.
2. QA/QC and further update of orebody geology in the eastern-most extent of model based on pit shells/depths and nearby orebodies.
3. Simplification of the regional aquifer in the valley east of Central Fault, to standardise zones and align with the western extent of the model. This is based on six N-S cross sections east of the Central Fault (shown in Figure 2.2).
4. QA/QC of simplified valley hydrostratigraphy, through thorough assessment of exploration and hydrogeology holes within the area - resulting in reducing the extent of the lower K zones (clay "pods" and extent of Bee Gorge/Shaly Bee Gorge in the north of the valley).

9.3.5 Groundwater inflow and outflow

Introduction

Non anthropogenic groundwater inflow is provided exclusively by rainfall recharge and outflow by constant head boundary conditions (set at 440 mRL) along the northern model boundary (Figure 9.1).

All other model boundaries are assigned as no-flow and are aligned with catchment boundaries (including the Wheelarra Fault) or perpendicular to the inferred direction of groundwater flow.

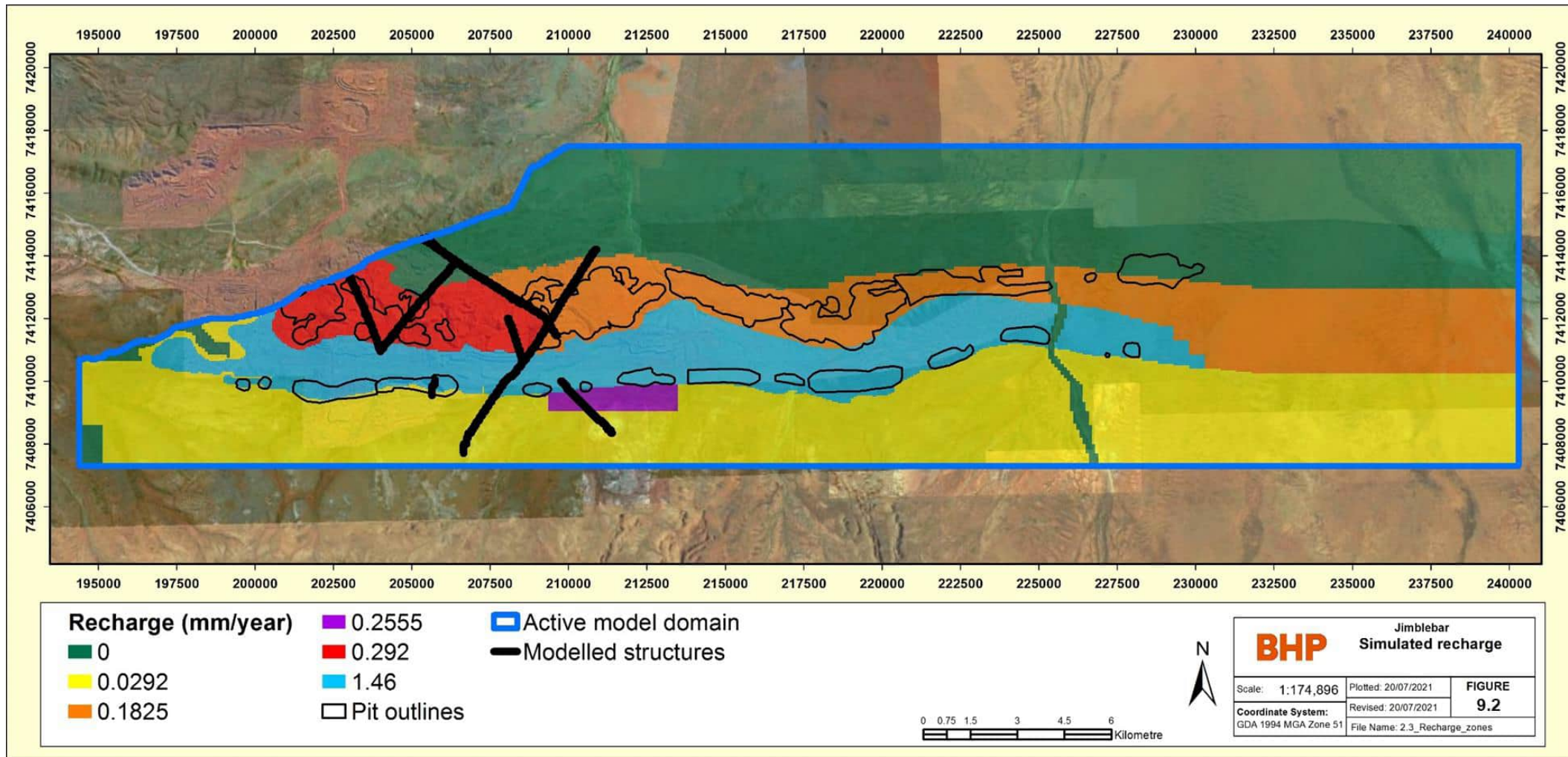
The extension of the model to the east was undertaken to better align the model eastern boundary with the position of the head change (and assumed associated hydraulic boundary).

Rainfall recharge

Recharge has been assigned as a proportion of recorded average annual rainfall (310 mm per year) to the following areas (Figure 9.2):

- Tertiary Detritals and South Jimblebar orebody areas (0.5% average annual rainfall)
- WH123, WHASH orebody areas and Weeli Wolli Formation (0.25% average annual rainfall)
- Jeerinah Formation and granites to south orebody aquifers (0.1 to 0.01% average annual rainfall)

Whilst the recharge rates are still very uncertain, at the rates adopted in the model they will have no effect on the predicted dewatering rates or drawdown migration and magnitude in the simulation time. The rates would have to be significantly higher (and most likely unrealistic) before influencing the results. They will however impact recovery times in post mine closure scenarios.



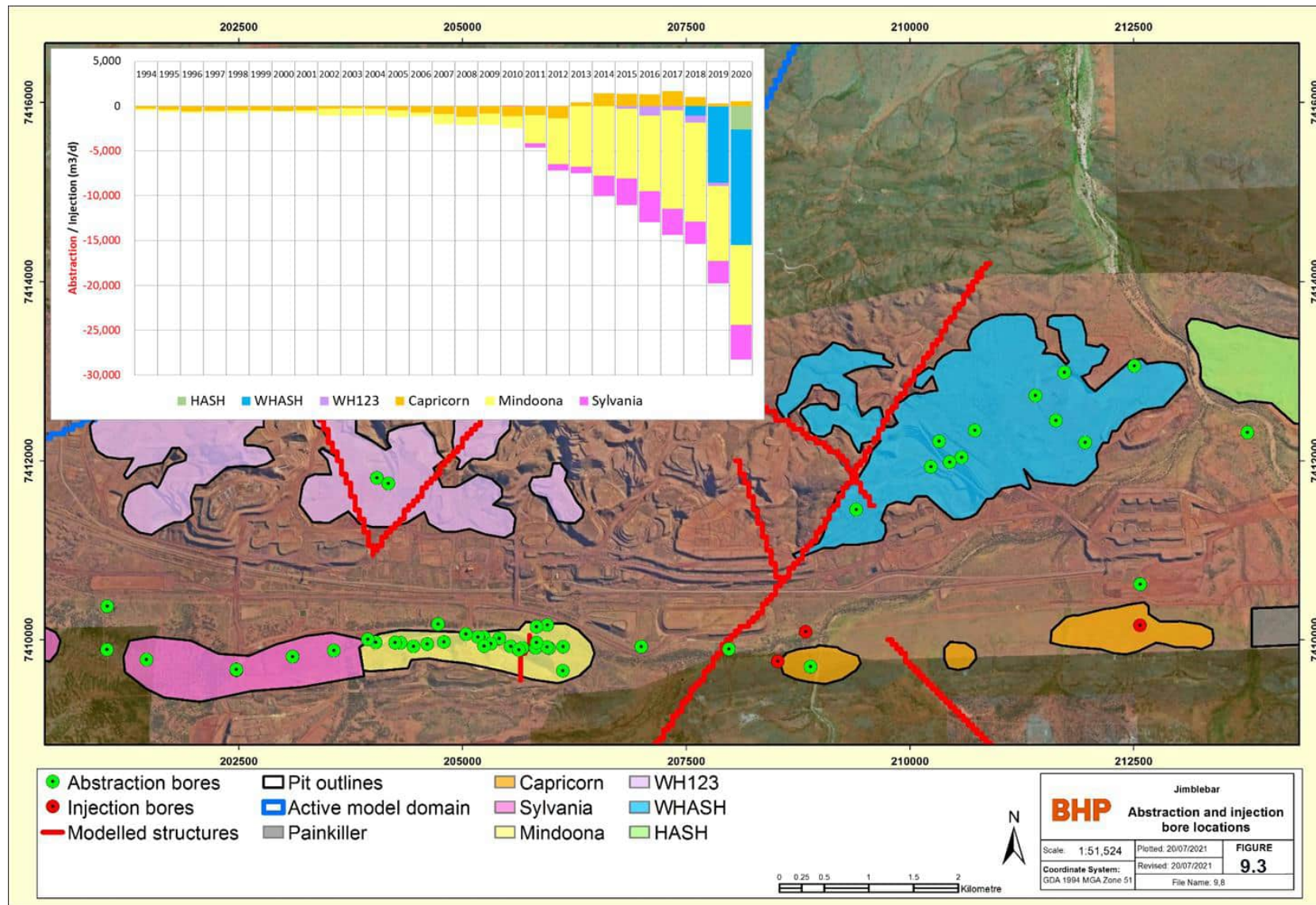
MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPHFY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM\2.3_Recharge_zones.mxd

Figure 9.2 Jimblebar Simulated recharge

Groundwater abstraction

Groundwater abstraction has occurred from 50 bores in the Jimblebar area between 1990 and 2020 (Figure 9.3). Injection has occurred into three bores (all of which were used for abstraction previously) between 2013 and 2020. In the model, the abstraction rate was reduced into yearly averages between 1994 and 2020 (Figure 9.3). For both abstraction and injection the Modflow Well Package was used.

Future dewatering was simulated using the Modflow Drain Package. Drain boundary conditions were placed in the deepest part of each mining area with elevations set to equal the appropriate target water level. When the mining in that area was completed, the drain was switched off. Optimisation of simulated dewatering (to smooth the peaks and troughs) was not undertaken.



MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPHYFY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM\72ML-H3_Report9.8.mxd

Figure 9.3 Jimblebar Abstraction and injection bore locations

9.3.6 Simulation time

A steady-state model was used to simulate the pre-development conditions at Jimblebar. This model has no time component.

The time-variant historical model commences on the 28th February 1994 and ends on the 31st December 2020. This period has been divided into 27 stress periods. The first period is 306 days long, the following are all 365 days in length. The initial conditions for this run are derived from the solution of the steady-state model.

The predictive model was run for a period of 24 years to match the mine life. Twenty four yearly stress periods were used to simulate the period between January 2021 and December 2044. Inflow and outflow boundary condition settings were unchanged from the historical model. The initial conditions were determined from the final conditions predicted in the time-variant historical model.

The closure model was run for steady state conditions only.

9.3.7 Hydraulic structures

Structures were included in the model as Horizontal Flow Barrier (HFB) boundary conditions where observation data provide clear evidence for their behaviour. The parameter settings were unchanged from the 2017 model.

9.4 History matching

9.4.1 Introduction

Steady-state and time-variant historical models were used to vary model settings and improve the match between the observed and simulated groundwater levels.

Initial model runs (i.e. with the changes described above but parameters unchanged) showed that some major adjustments were required:

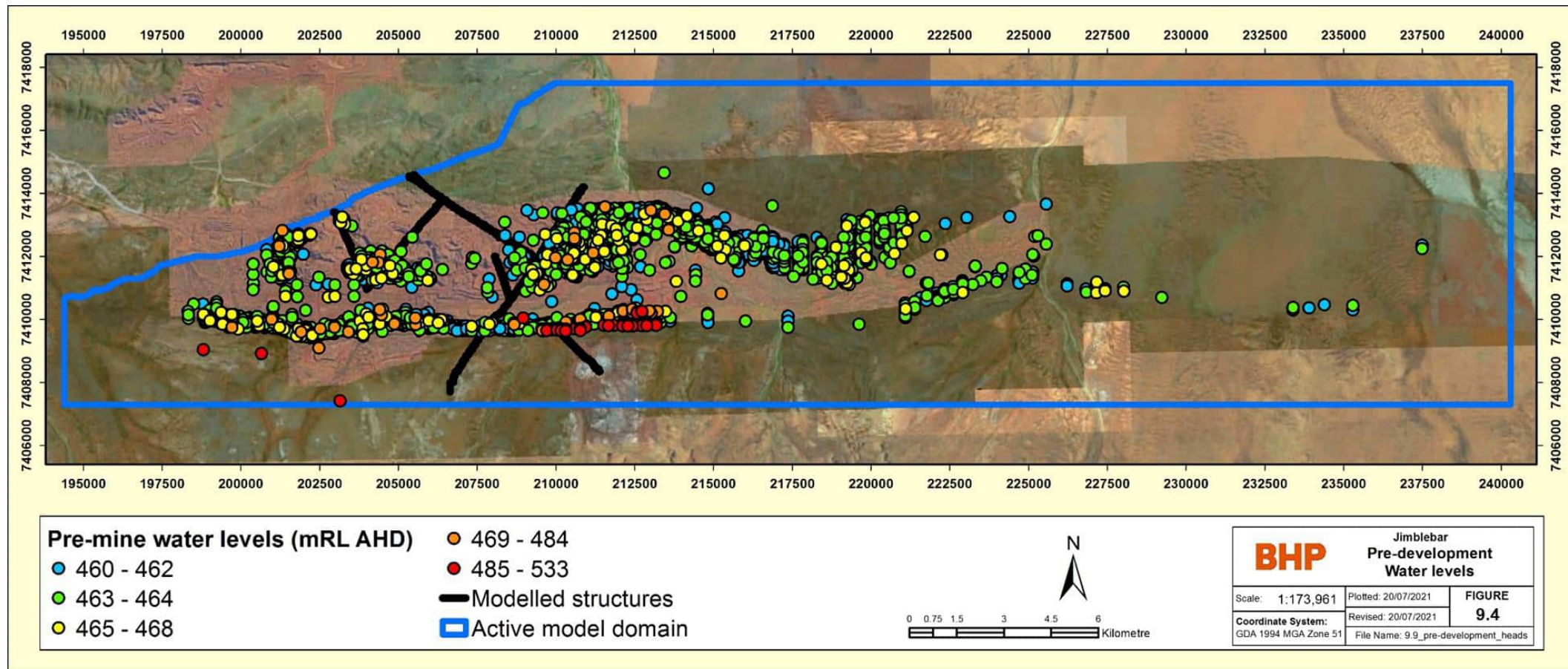
- Transmissivity needed to be increased in the eastern compartment. The predicted drawdown was constrained to within WHASH, with insufficient drawdown migrating out into the regional aquifer or the HASH and East Jimblebar orebody aquifers.
- The hydraulic connection between Capricorn and the regional aquifer was reduced. This was evidenced by lack of observed response to both water supply abstraction and injection, and then a larger response to WHASH dewatering.

The second of these required the addition of several zones of lower hydraulic conductivity between Capricorn and the regional aquifer. These were based on those used in the 2017 model.

As well as these major adjustments, adjustments were also made to hydraulic parameters throughout the model to try to improve the fit between observed and simulated heads.

9.4.2 Pre-development groundwater levels

The groundwater model was calibrated to pre-development groundwater levels (taken to represent steady state conditions). The dataset used for this purpose are the water levels taken during exploration drilling. Data was excluded if it was collected after dewatering had commenced; in the western compartment anything collected after 2007 and in the eastern compartment anything after 2018. The dataset does contain the influence of water supply abstraction and injection however which is coincident with most of the exploration drilling. Data was also excluded if it was higher than 470 mRL outside areas south of the Marra Mamba orebodies. The final dataset consisted of water levels measured at a total of 3,264 locations (Figure 9.4).

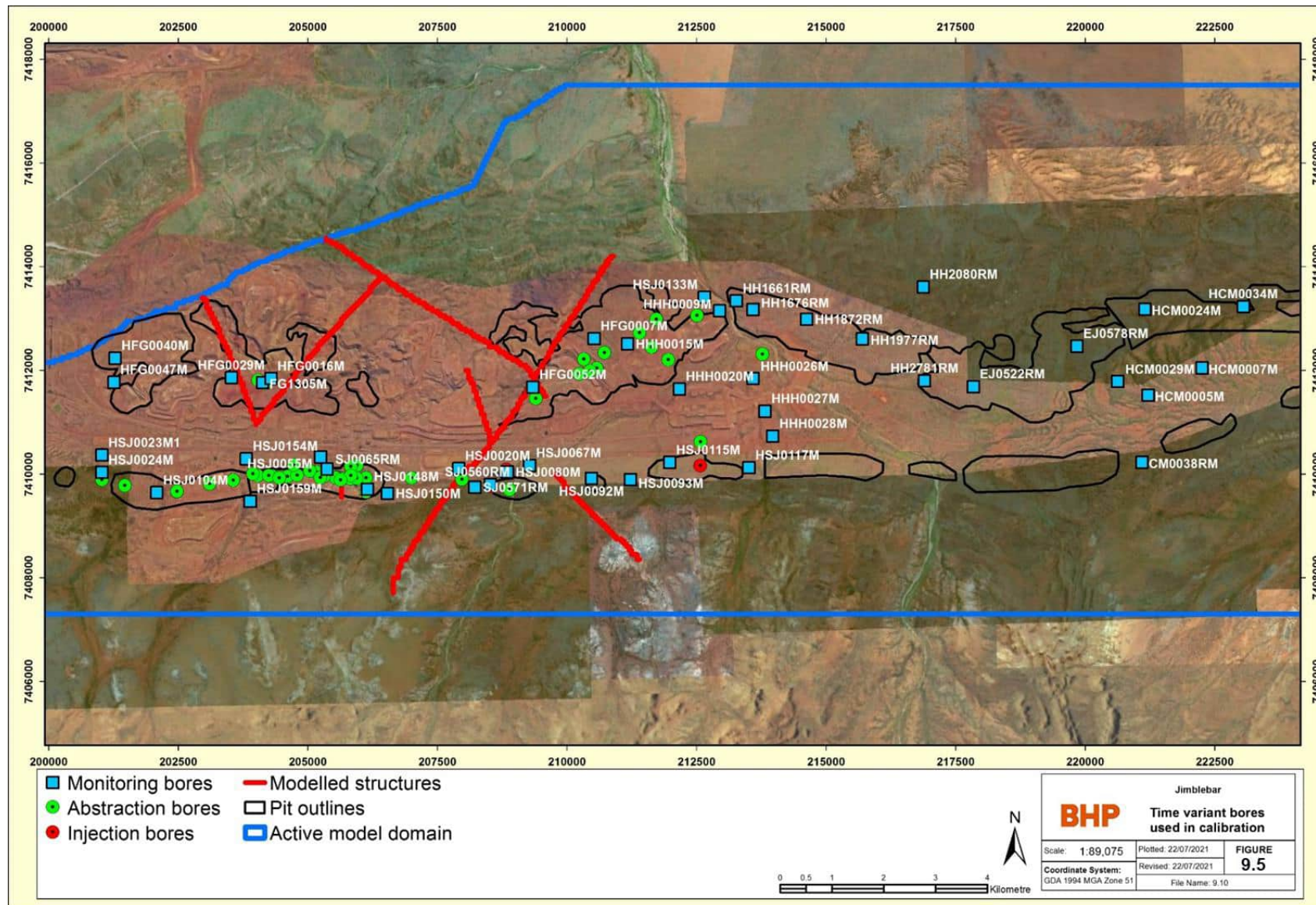


MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\IEPH\FY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM72ML-H3_Report\9_9_pre-development_heads.mxd

Figure 9.4 Jimblebar Pre-development water levels

9.4.3 Time variant groundwater levels

Time-series observations were available from numerous bores in the Jimblebar area. Out of these, 47 monitoring bores were selected for use in the history matching based on their location and length of observations. Their locations are shown in Figure 9.5.



MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPHFY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM72ML-H3_Report\9.10.mxd

Figure 9.5 Jimblebar Time variant bores using calibration

9.4.4 Base case hydraulic settings

The best history match was achieved with the hydraulic parameter settings shown in Table 9.2. The modelled hydrostratigraphy is shown in Figures 9.6 to 9.10. The representation of the high connectivity throughout the subregional systems was achieved by using high hydraulic conductivity values in the regional and orebody aquifers in most areas.

Table 9.2: Model Hydraulic Parameters

Material	Kh=Ky (m/d)		Sy (%)		Ss (m ⁻¹)	
	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min
Granites and basalts to the south	0.00001		0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Jeerinah Formation	0.00001		0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Unmineralised Marra Mamba	0.01	0.00001	0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Submineralised Marra Mamba	5		1	0.1	5x10 ⁻⁷	
Mineralised Marra Mamba	50	0.5*	20	10	5x10 ⁻⁷	
West Angela Shale	0.5		1.0		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Weathered Paraburdoo Dolomite	20		5		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Fresh Paraburdoo Dolomite / Bee Gorge	10		5		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Mt McRae Shale and Mt Sylvia Formation	1.0	0.5	0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Unmineralised Brockman Formation	0.001		10	0.1	5x10 ⁻⁷	
Submineralised Brockman Formation	100	8	20	5	5x10 ⁻⁷	
Mineralised Brockman Formation	100	8	20	5	5x10 ⁻⁷	
Weeli Wollli Formation	0.01		0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Tertiary Detritals / Alluvium	50	0.001**	50	1	5x10 ⁻⁷	

*In the western part of Capricorn there is a single zone of orebody, rather than mineralised and submineralised. **Clay

The locations of the simulated structures are shown in the Figures 9.6 to 9.10 (they are not vertically continuous through all layers) and their calibrated hydraulic parameters were:

- The wedge around WH2/3: Thickness 1 m, Hydraulic conductivity 1x10⁻⁴ m/d.
- The Central Fault and Comedy Fault: Thickness 1 m, Hydraulic conductivity 1x10⁻⁶ m/d.
- A HFB located in the far east of the 2017 model was removed from this model.

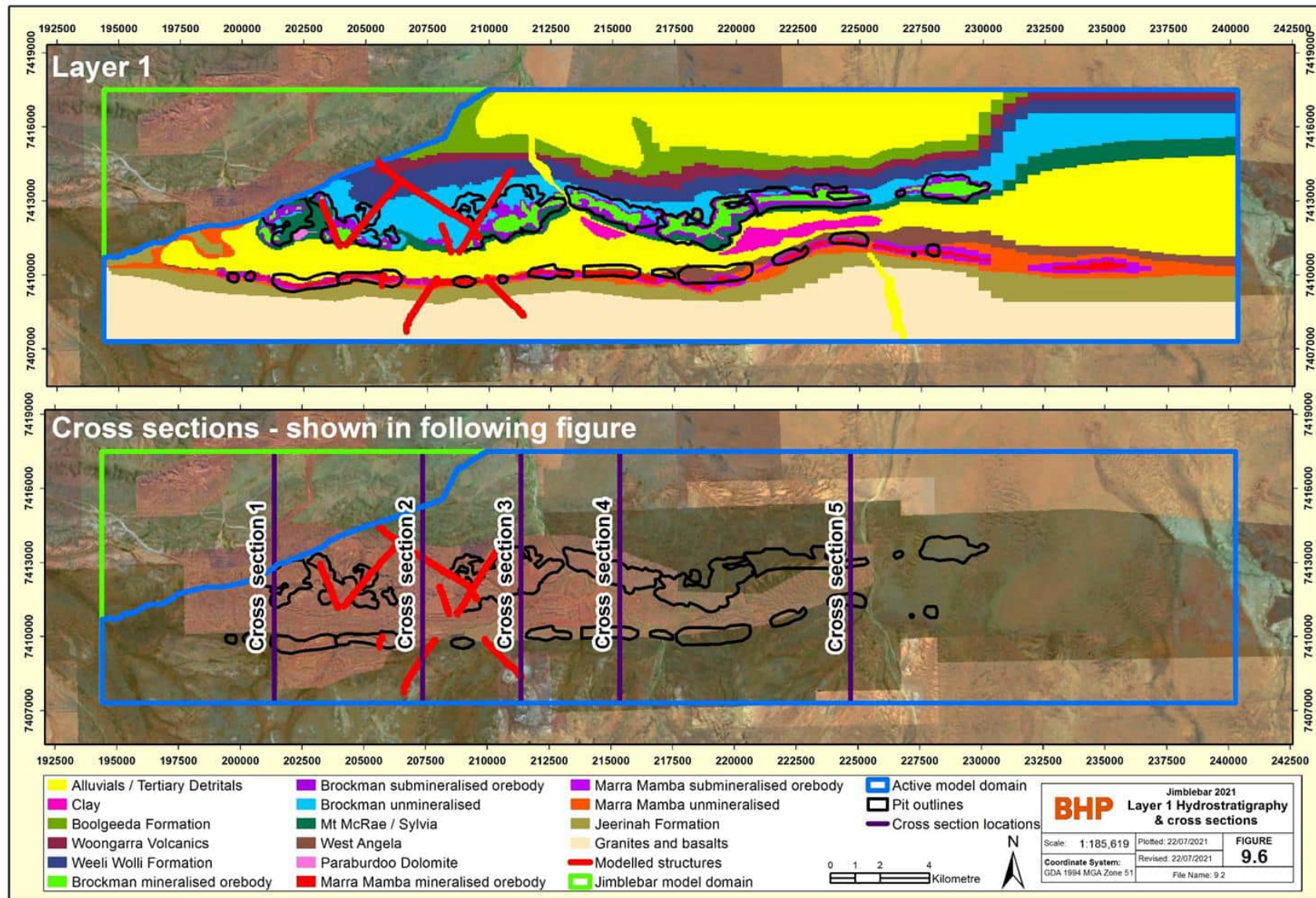
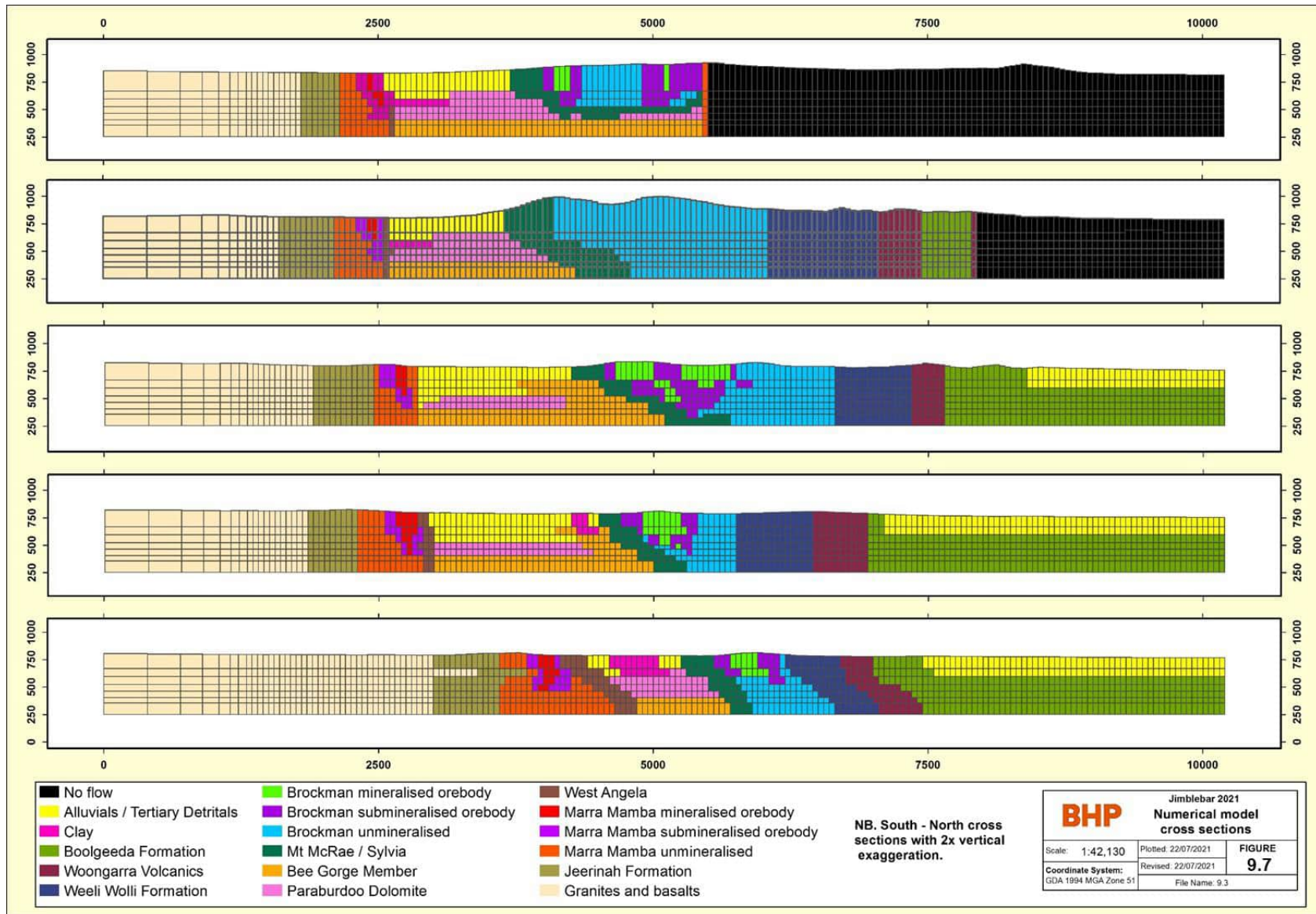


Figure 9.6 Jimblebar Lay 1 Hydrostratigraphy and cross sections



MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPHFY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM72ML-H3_Report\9.3.mxd

Figure 9.7 Jimblebar Numerical model cross sections

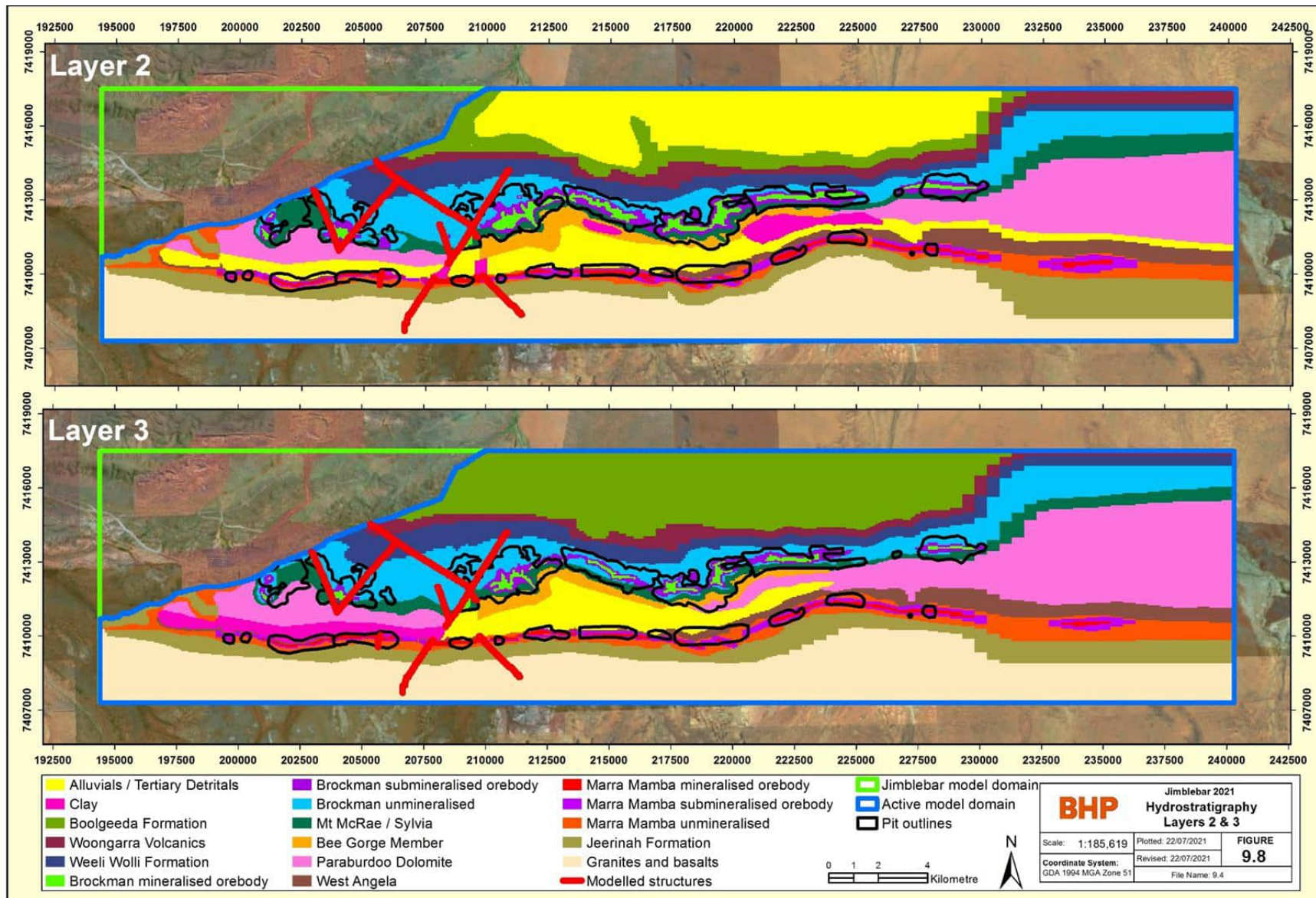


Figure 9.8 Jimlebar Hydrostratigraphy Layers 2 and 3

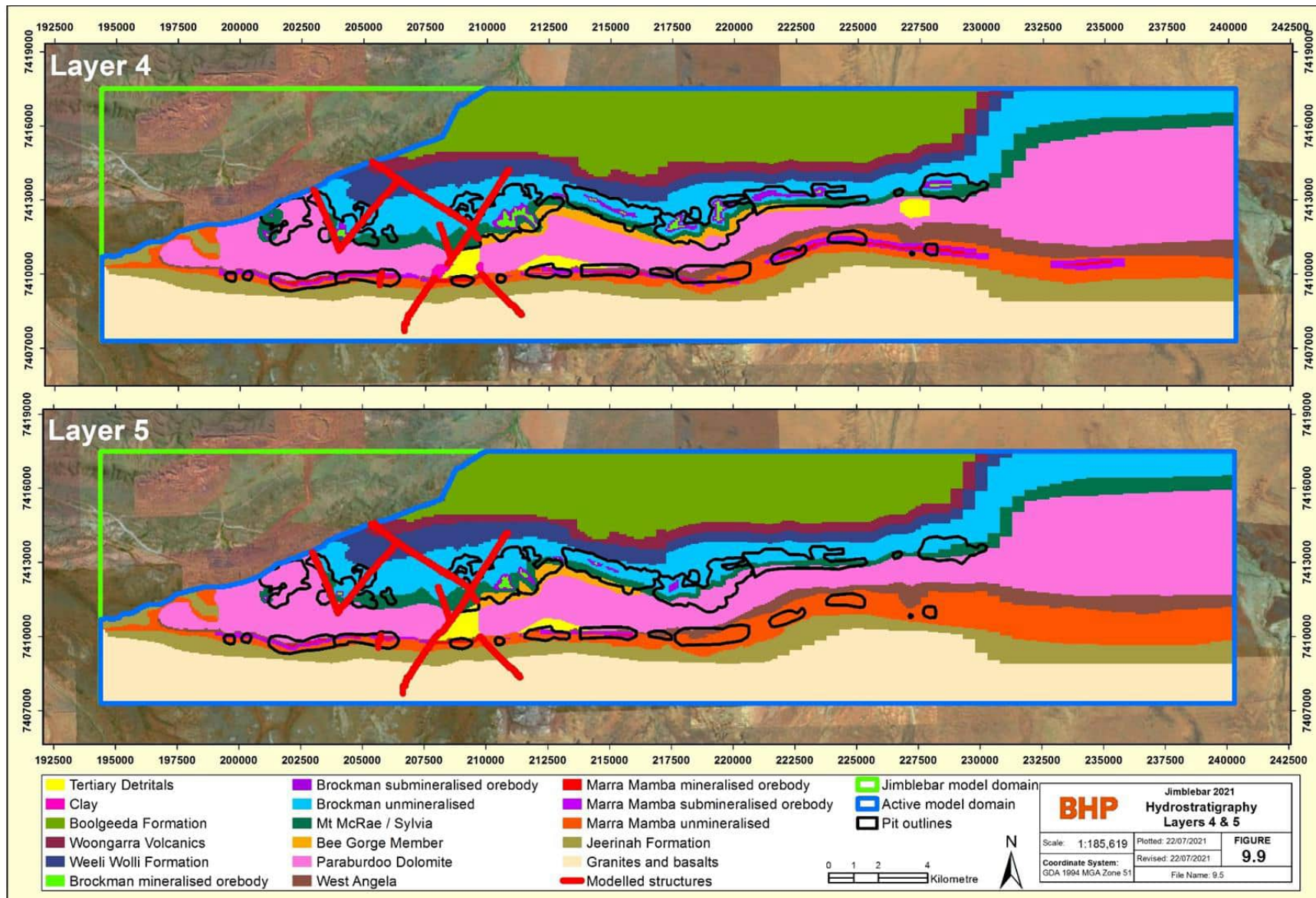


Figure 9.9 Jimlebar Hydrostratigraphy Layers 4 and 5

MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\IEPH\FY21\FY21 Jimlebar Approvals_Support\MXD\NM\72ML-H3_Report\9.5.mxd

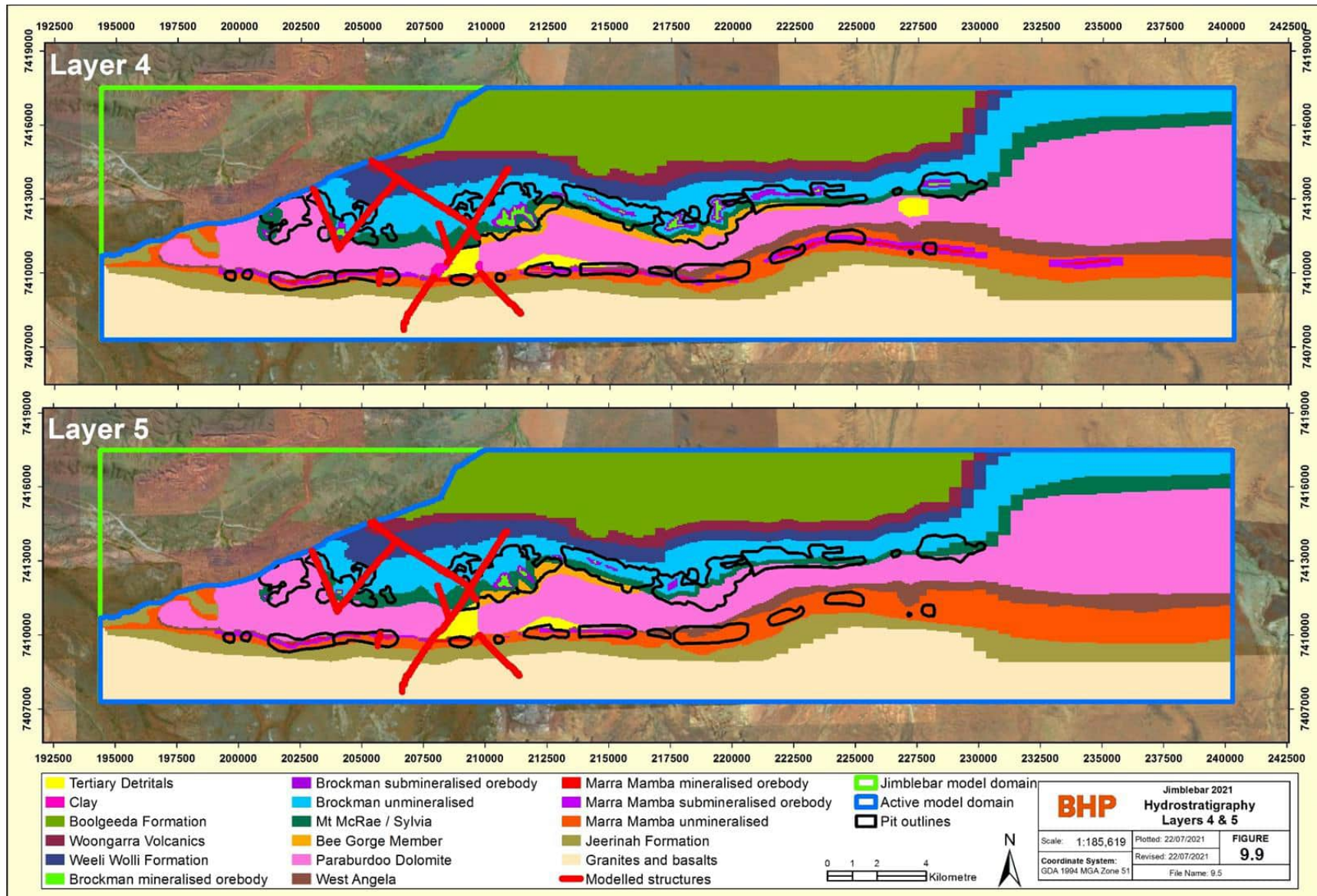


Figure 9.10 Jimblebar Hydrostratigraphy Layers 6 and 7

9.4.5 History match performance

The steady state model produced a Scaled Root Mean Square (SRMS) of 3.7%. For the time variant model it was 5.1%. A scatter plot of observed and simulated time variant heads is shown in Figure 9.11. Other statistics of note are shown in Table 9.3. These statistics describe an acceptable match between observed and simulated groundwater levels in the updated model.

Table 9.3. Basecase history match statistics

Statistic	Result
Residual Mean (m)	1.1
Absolute Residual Mean (m)	1.8
Residual Std. Deviation (m)	2.2
Sum of Squares (m)	72856.6
Root Mean Square (RMS) Error (m)	2.5
Min. Residual (m)	-9.2
Max. Residual (m)	10.4
Number of Observations	12110
Range in Observations (m)	48.2
Scaled Residual Std. Deviation (%)	4.6
Scaled Absolute Residual Mean (%)	3.8
Scaled Root Mean Square (SRMS) Error (%)	5.1
Scaled Residual Mean (%)	2.3

The match between time variant observations and predictions is shown in Figures 9.12 to 9.15. These confirm that the model reproduces the main observed behaviours of the system, which are:

- The compartmentalisation across the Central Fault.
- The high degree of connectivity within the western aquifer compartment.
- The high degree of connectivity within the eastern aquifer compartment including through the Brockman orebody aquifers.
- The magnitude of observed drawdown in all areas.
- The relative isolation of the Capricorn and Wheelarra 3 orebody aquifers.

BHP

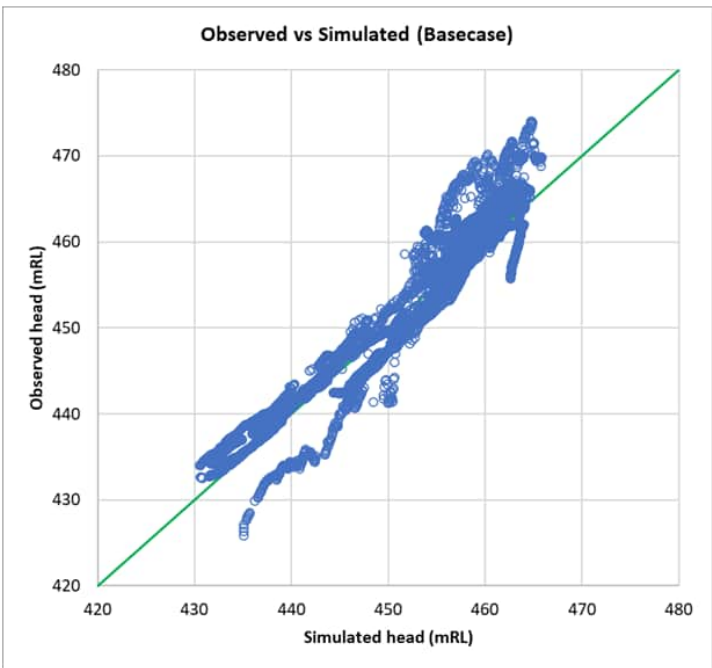
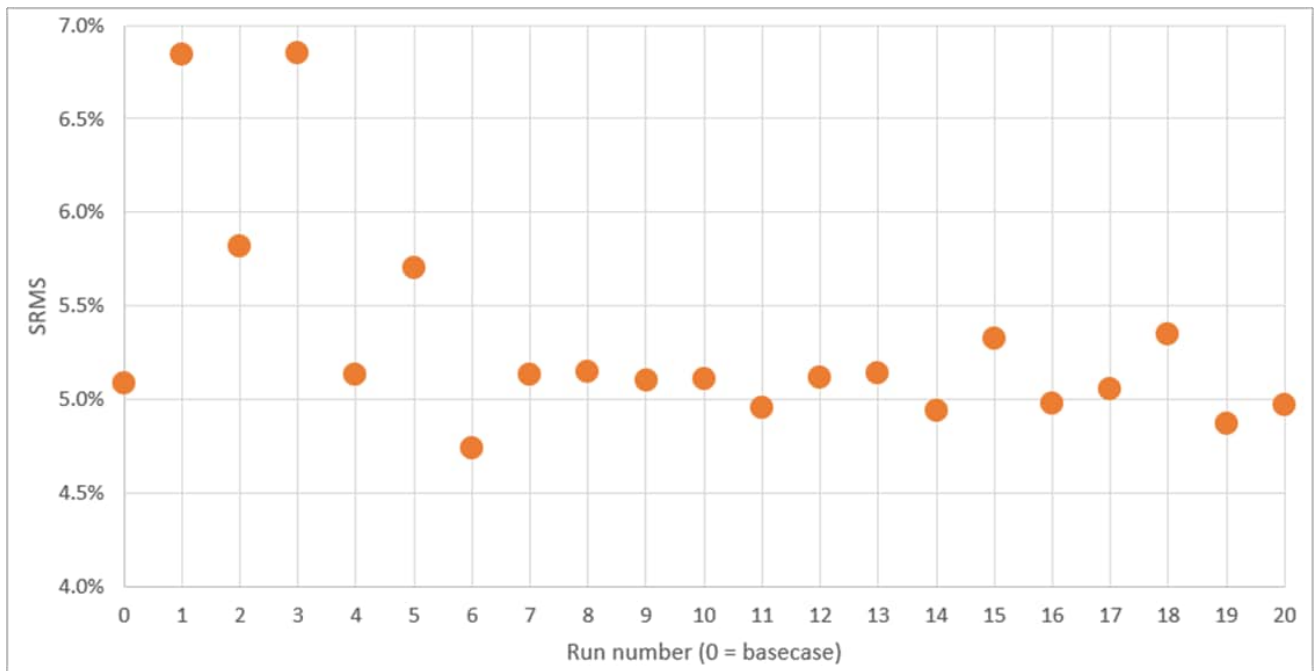


Figure 9.11 SRMS error and observed vs simulated scatterplot

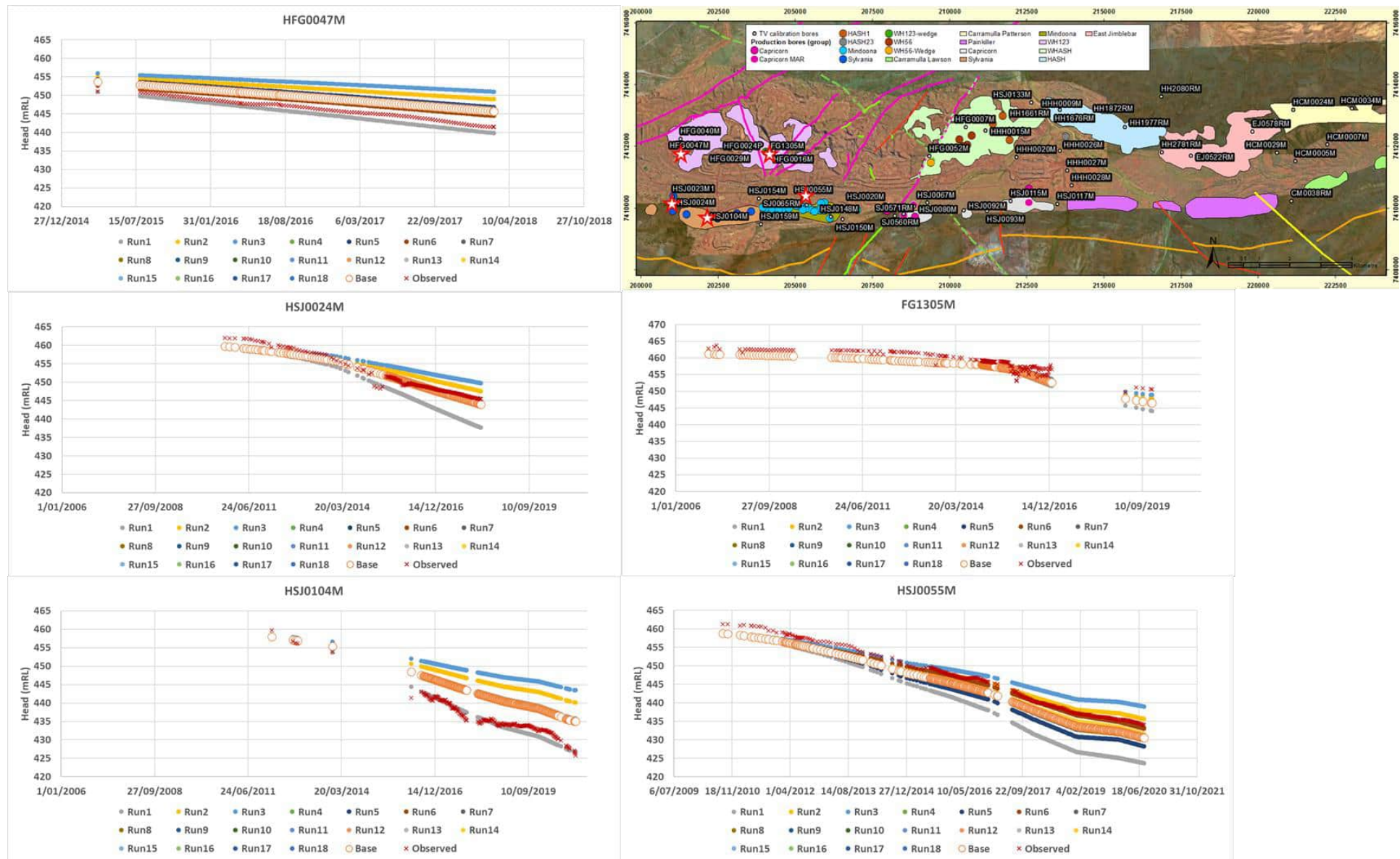


Figure 9.13 History match sensitivity – Eastern aquifer compartment (1)

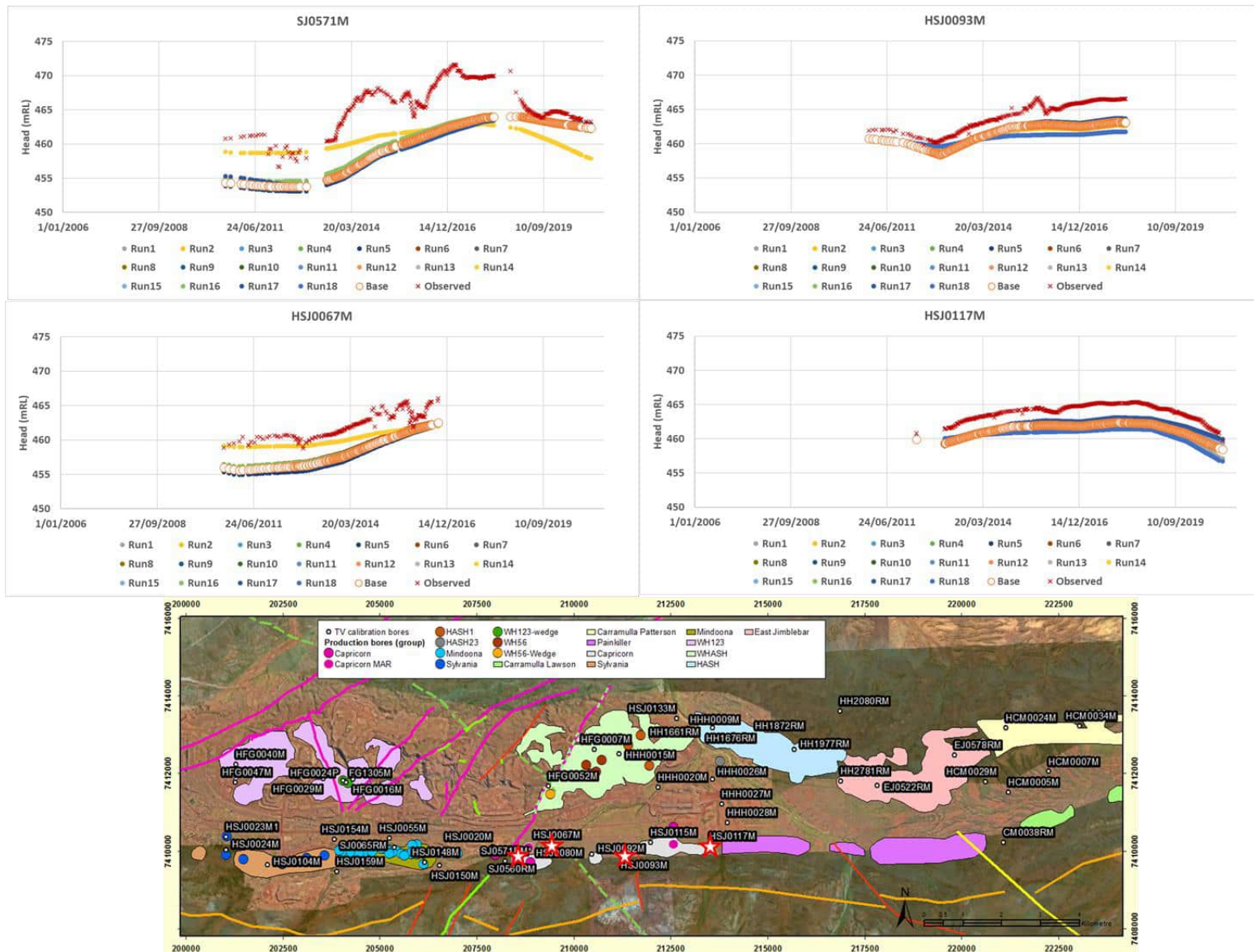


Figure 9.14 History match sensitivity – Eastern aquifer compartment (2)

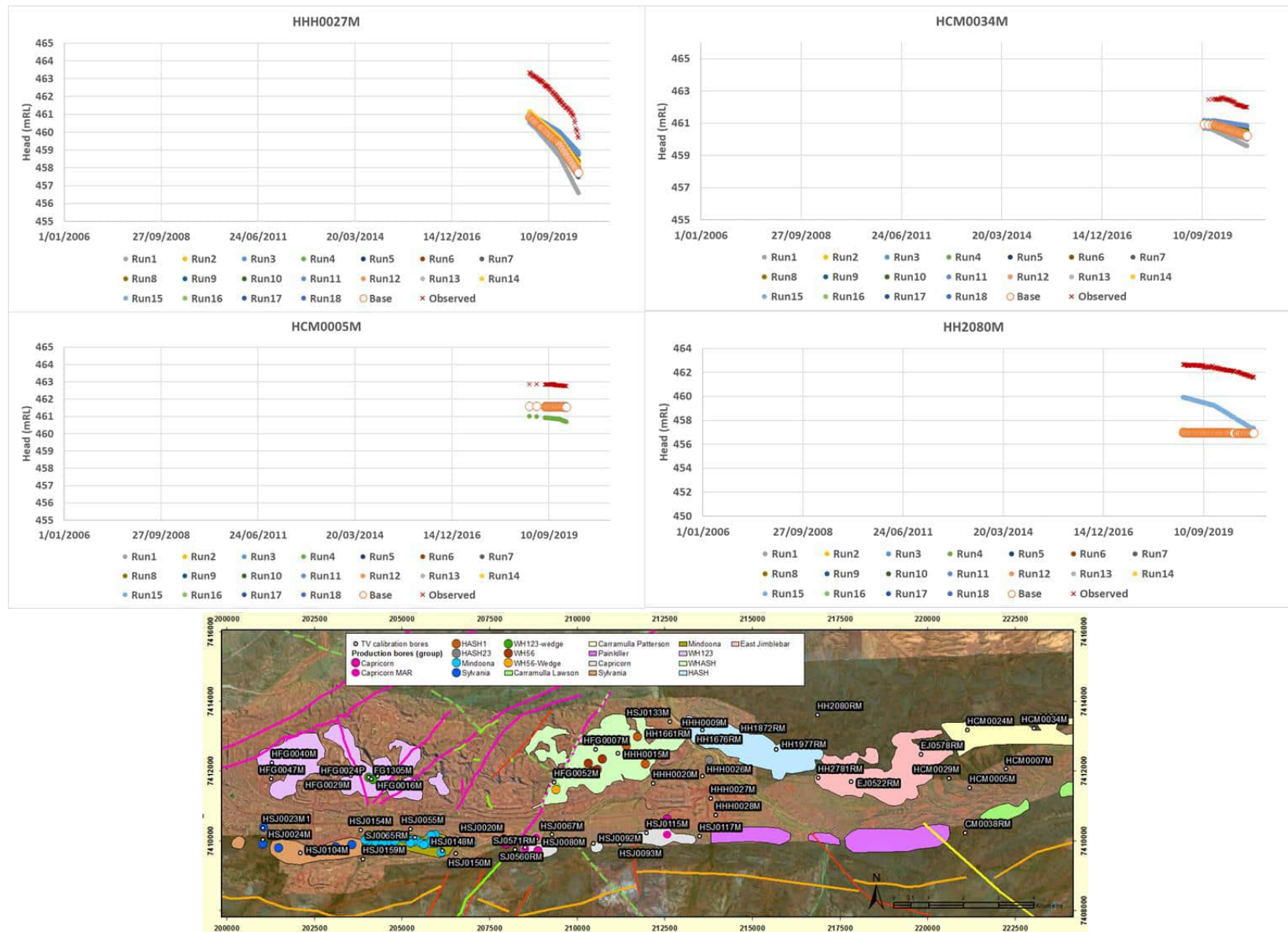


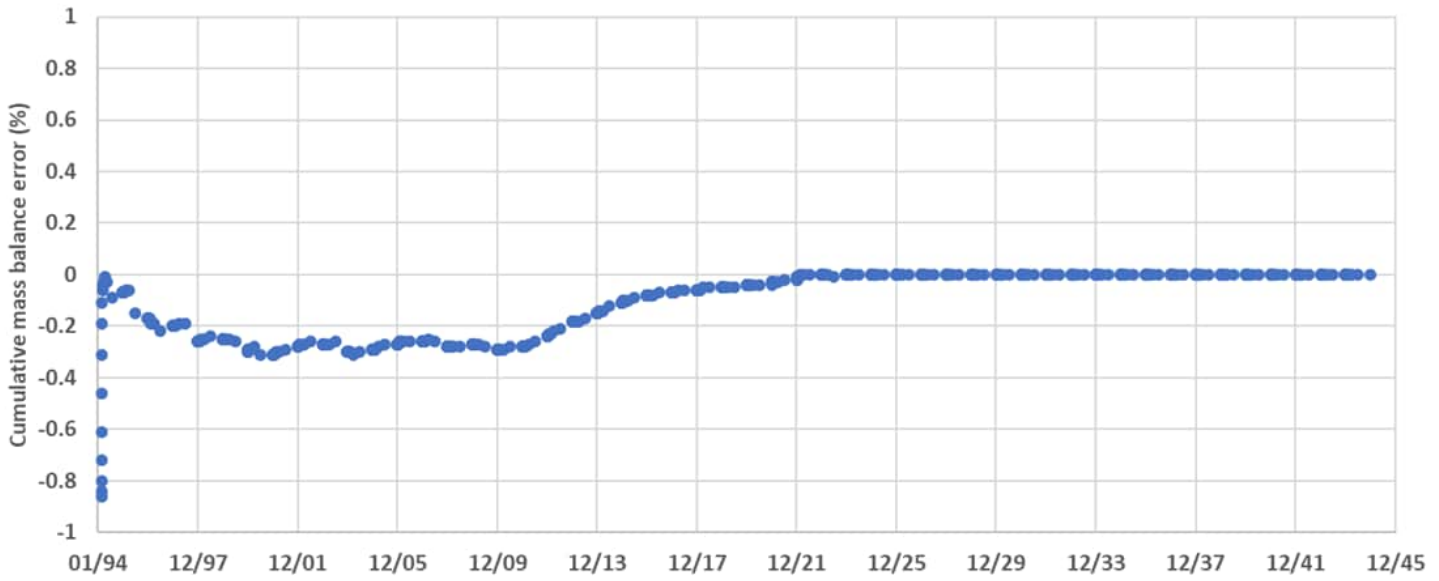
Figure 9.15 History match sensitivity – Eastern aquifer compartment (3)

9.4.6 Mass balance performance

The cumulative mass balance error and the water balance are shown in Figure 9.16. The error is below the guideline (Barnett et al, 2012) of 1% throughout the time variant and future predictive models.

Another test of model integrity is comparing abstraction rates from the model input files and model output files (i.e. what the model actually abstracted vs what it was asked to abstract). In this case, the comparison shows that the rates match (Figure 9.17).

Cumulative mass balance error



Time variant simulated water balance

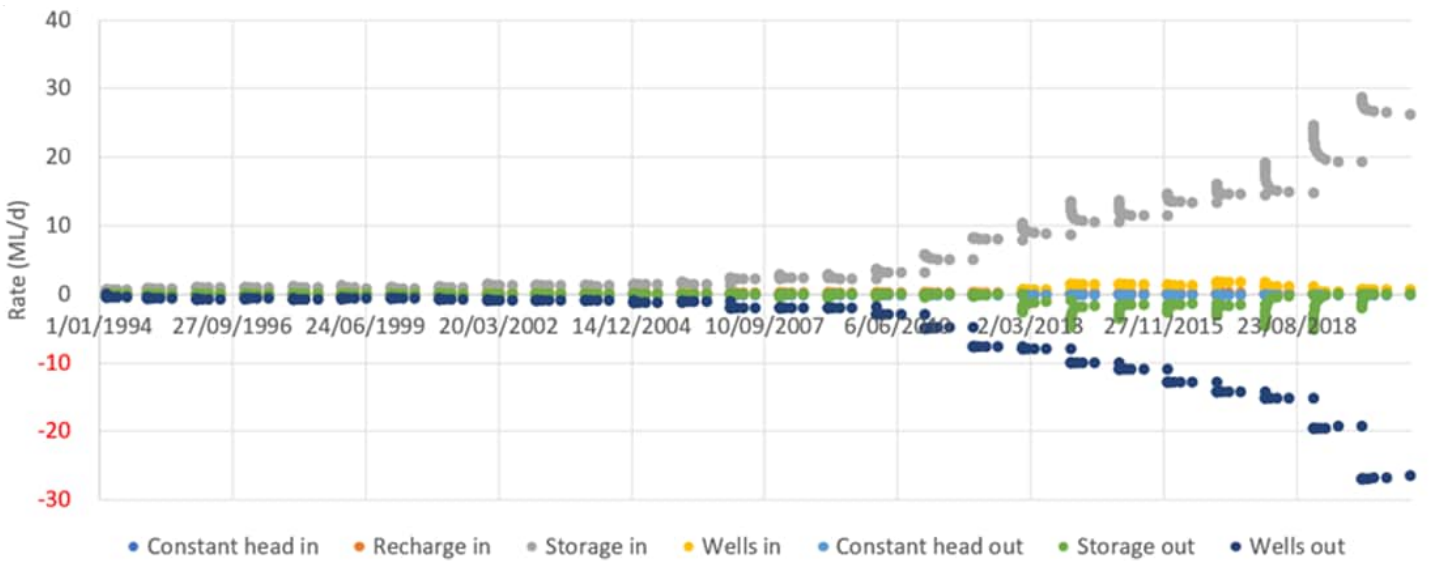


Figure 9.16 Mass balance performance – Base case model

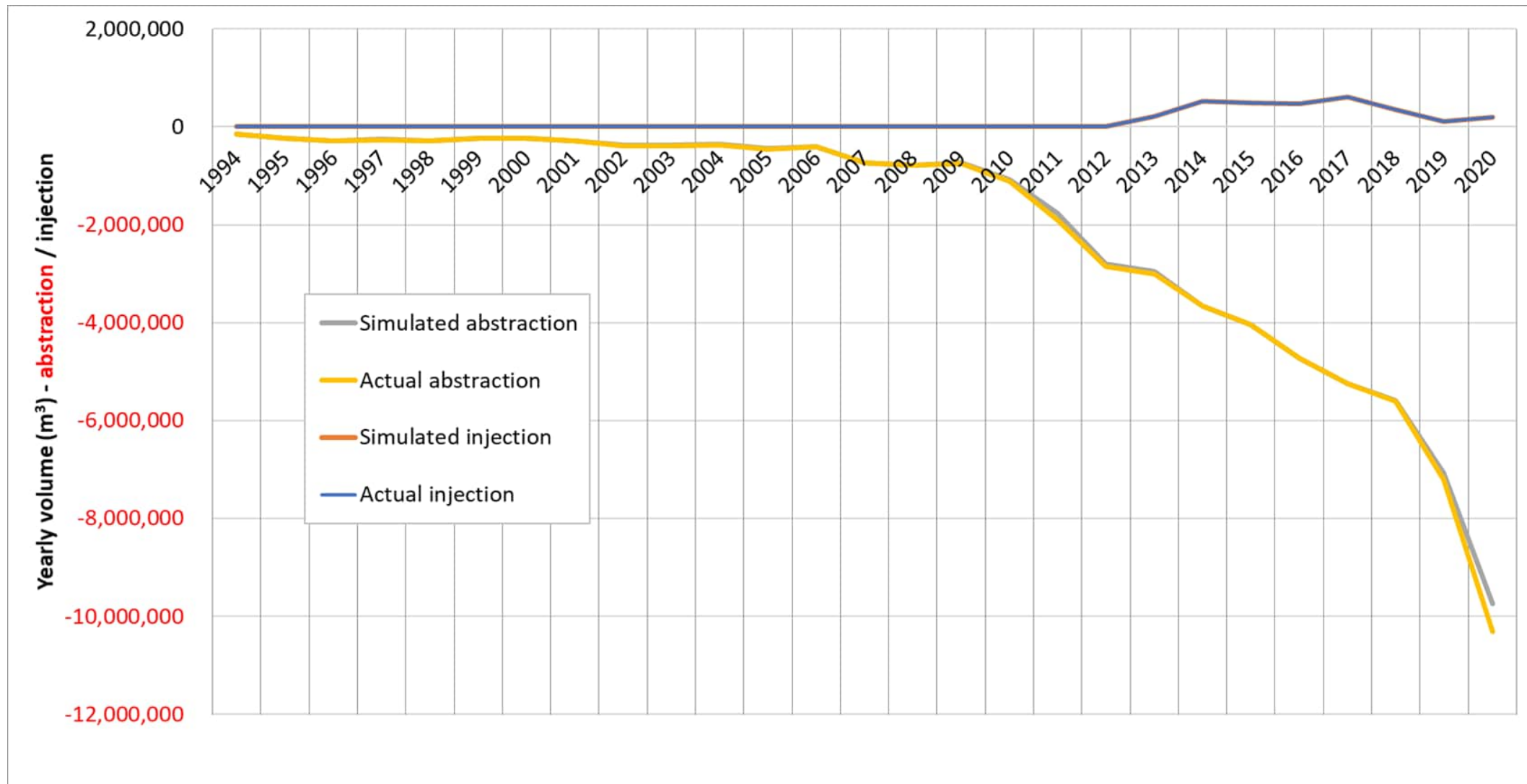


Figure 9.17 Comparison between MODFLOW well file and simulated abstraction

9.4.7 Confidence levels

The Jimblebar area is separated into two compartments by the Central Fault, both in terms of the hydrogeological system and conceptual confidence. As such, the definition of the confidence-level classification follows the same division.

Predictions within the Western Compartment are considered to be **Class 3** (Table 9.4). This area includes the prediction of dewatering from the Mindoona, Sylvania and WH123 mining areas.

Table 9.4 - Justification for Class 3 classification for predictive model in Western Compartment (after Barnett et al, 2012).

Data	Calibration	Prediction	Key Indicator	Example of specific use
Spatial and temporal distribution of groundwater head observations adequately define groundwater behaviour, especially in areas of greatest interest and where outcomes are to be reported	Scaled RMS error or other calibration statistics are acceptable	Length of predictive model is not excessive compared to length of calibration period	Stresses (in the western compartment) are not more than 2 times greater than those included in calibration	Suitable for predicting groundwater responses to arbitrary changes in applied stress or hydrological conditions anywhere within the model domain
Reliable metered groundwater extraction and injection data is available	Long-term trends are adequately replicated where these are important.	Temporal discretisation used in the predictive model is consistent with the transient calibration	Temporal discretisation in predictive model is the same as that used in calibration	Can be used to design mine-dewatering schemes.
	Transient calibration is current, i.e. uses recent data.	Level and type of stresses included in the predictive model are within the range of those used in the transient calibration	Mass balance closure error is less than 0.5% of total.	
	Observations of the key modelling outcomes dataset is used in calibration		Model parameters consistent with conceptualisation	

Predictions within the Eastern Compartment are considered to be **Class 2** (Table 9.5). This area includes the prediction of dewatering from the Capricorn, WHASH, HASH and East Jimblebar mining areas.

Table 9.5 - Justification for Class 2 classification for predictive model in Eastern Compartment (after Barnett et al, 2012).

Data	Calibration	Prediction	Key Indicator	Example of specific use
Groundwater head observations and bore logs are available but may not provide adequate coverage throughout the model domain.	It is hard to fit this area of the model into the categories offered in the Guidelines. The calibration data is robust in WHASH and Capricorn but becomes more limited to the east.	Level and type of stresses included in the predictive model are outside the range of those used in the transient calibration	Stresses are between 3 and 10 times the duration of transient calibration.	Providing estimates of dewatering requirements for mines and excavations and the associated impacts
			Not all model parameters consistent with conceptualisation	Prediction of impacts of proposed developments in medium value aquifers.

9.5 Model sensitivities

9.5.1 Sensitivity analysis

A sensitivity analysis was undertaken with the steady state and time variant historical models. This involved increasing and decreasing the values assigned to key hydraulic parameters, running the models, processing the results and assessing what effect this had on the predicted historical heads.

This process identifies those parameters to which history matching is sensitive and those to which it is not. In other words:

- parameters that are known with some confidence (if the history match is sensitive to them)
- parameters that are not known with confidence (if the history match is insensitive to them)

Therefore the process also identifies parameters that should be considered in the predictive uncertainty analysis; those parameters that have no or little effect on the history match (i.e. the insensitive or moderately insensitive ones).

Both higher and lower values of key hydraulic parameters were tested. Initially, single, or groups of similar parameters were varied, as shown in Table 9.6. These relate to the key aquifer parameters (regional and local aquifers) and some of the formations that control hydraulic connection between them.

Table 9.6. Parameter ranges tested in the sensitivity analysis

Run	Hydrostratigraphy	Parameter	Change
1	Paraburdoo dolomite / Tertiary Detritals	Sy	÷2
2			x1.5
3			x2
4		Eastern clay K	= 1 m/d
5		K	÷2
6			x2
7	Bee Gorge Member	K	÷10
8	McRae / Sylvia Formations	K	÷10
9			x10
10	Brockman Iron Formation (Mineralised / Submineralised)	K	÷5
11		Sy*	x2
12	Marra Mamba Iron Formation (Mineralised / Submineralised)	K	x2
13		Sy	x2 (max 20%)
14	Capricorn west low K zones	K	x5
15	Northern material (unmineralised Brockman, Weeli Wolli and Woongarra Formations)	K Sy	All 0.5 m/d 1.0%, 0.5% and 0.5% respectively
16	West Angela Member east	K	x4
17			÷50
18	Capricorn east low K zone	K	x10

* excluding WH123 wedge

The results of these runs are considered quantitatively, in terms of the statistical fit between observed and simulated groundwater levels and qualitatively, using the hydrographs of observed and simulated groundwater levels.

The Scaled Root Mean Square (SRMS) of all runs is shown in Figure 9.11. This suggests that other than Runs 1 and 3 (involving changes to the dolomite and Tertiary Detrital specific yield), all the runs produced an acceptable fit of roughly between 5% and 6% SRMS. Compared to the base case, some of the runs produced a lower SRMS error.

Hydrographs of observed and simulated groundwater levels are shown in Figures 9.12 to 9.15. These show that:

- The simulated heads at the monitoring bores are moderately sensitive to all the model parameters tested.

- Some of the changes have a different effect on simulated heads east and west of the Central Fault (i.e. in the eastern and western aquifer compartments).
- In most cases, these changes do not reduce the efficacy of the match between observed and simulated heads. The changes that did result in obvious reductions in the goodness of fit were:
 - Runs 2 and 3 – where the specific yield of the dolomite and Tertiary Detritals was increased. Run 2 only impacted the western compartment; whereas Run 3 impacted both sides.
 - Runs 5 and 6 – where the hydraulic conductivity of the dolomite and Tertiary Detritals was varied. Both changes negatively impacted the western compartment.
 - Run 11 – where Brockman Formation mineralised / submineralised specific yield was increased this had a negative impact on heads in the eastern compartment.
 - Run 14 – where the hydraulic conductivity in the western part of Capricorn (including the regional aquifer in that area) was increased.
 - Run 18 – where the hydraulic conductivity of the Tertiary Detrital immediately north of the eastern Capricorn orebody was increased.

This analysis suggests that the parameter values that produced these negative changes to the model output are not plausible and should not be considered in the predictive uncertainty.

An additional sensitivity model was developed that incorporated all the increases in parameter values (working on the assumption that higher values of specific yield and hydraulic conductivity would produce higher dewatering rates) that either produced a positive or neutral effect on the match between observed and simulated heads. As described above, some of the variations had different impacts in the western and eastern compartments. The parameters were only changed in one aquifer compartment, if the change produced a negative outcome in the other. The configuration of this run (Run 19) is shown in Table 9.7.

Table 9.7. Analysis of sensitivity runs and configuration of Run 19

Run	Hydrostratigraphy	Parameter	Change (Run 19 In bold)	Sensitivity result – WESTERN COMPARTMENT	Sensitivity result – EASTERN COMPARTMENT
1	Paraburdoo dolomite / Tertiary Detritals	Sy	÷2	Positive	Mixed – (ok in WHASH / HASH)
2			x1.5 (east only)	Negative (apart from wedge)	
3			x2	Negative (apart from wedge)	Negative
4		K	÷5		
5			÷2	Negative – a little	Positive - mostly
6			x2 (east only)	Negative – a little	
7	Bee Gorge Member	K	÷10		Positive - mostly
8	McRae / Sylvia Formations	K	÷10		Positive - mostly
9			x10		
10	Brockman Iron Formation (Mineralised / Submineralised)	K	÷5		Positive - mostly
11		Sy*	x2		Negative
12	Marra Mamba Iron Formation (Mineralised / Submineralised)	K	x2		
13		Sy	x2 (max 20%)		
14	Capricorn west low K zones	K	x5		Negative
15	Northern material (unmineralised Brockman, Weeli Wollie and Woongarra Formations)	K	All 0.5 m/d 1.0%, 0.5% and 0.5% respectively		
16	West Angela Member east (z25)	K	x4		

BHP

17			÷50		
18	Capricorn east low K zone	K	x10		Negative

* excluding WH123 wedge

As can be seen from the statistics (Figure 9.11) and hydrographs (Figures 9.18 to 9.21), Run 19 produces a viable history match, hardly diminished from the base-case model. In the WHASH area, the observed drawdown is under-predicted to some extent; however, given the early stage of data collection, size of the orebody and depth of mine below groundwater level, this result should not be discarded. Everywhere else, the model matches observed drawdown / draw-up to a high level of accuracy.

Another run was produced to try and mitigate the under-prediction of drawdown in WHASH by applying some of the lower parameter values from the sensitivity run that had positive or neutral control on the history match at WHASH. This run, Run 20, used a lower hydraulic conductivity in the Brockman mineralised and submineralised material, as per Run 10 and a lower specific storage (half the base case, which was not tested in the sensitivity analysis). The statistics and hydrographs are provided in Figures 9.11 and 9.18 to 9.21. Run 20 produces a match to the observed data in the WHASH area much closer to the base-case model.

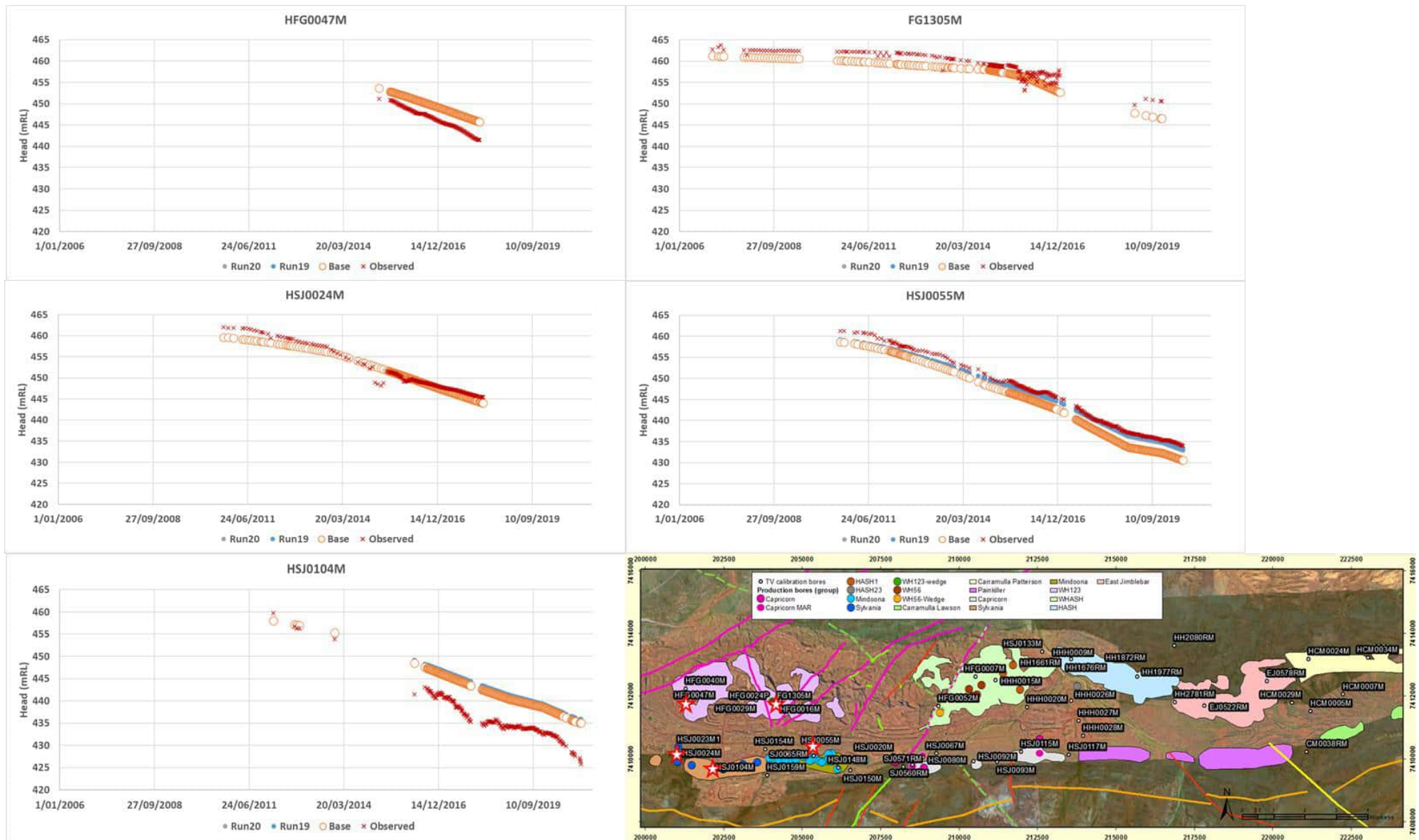


Figure 9.18 History match sensitivity Runs 19 and 20 – Western aquifer compartment

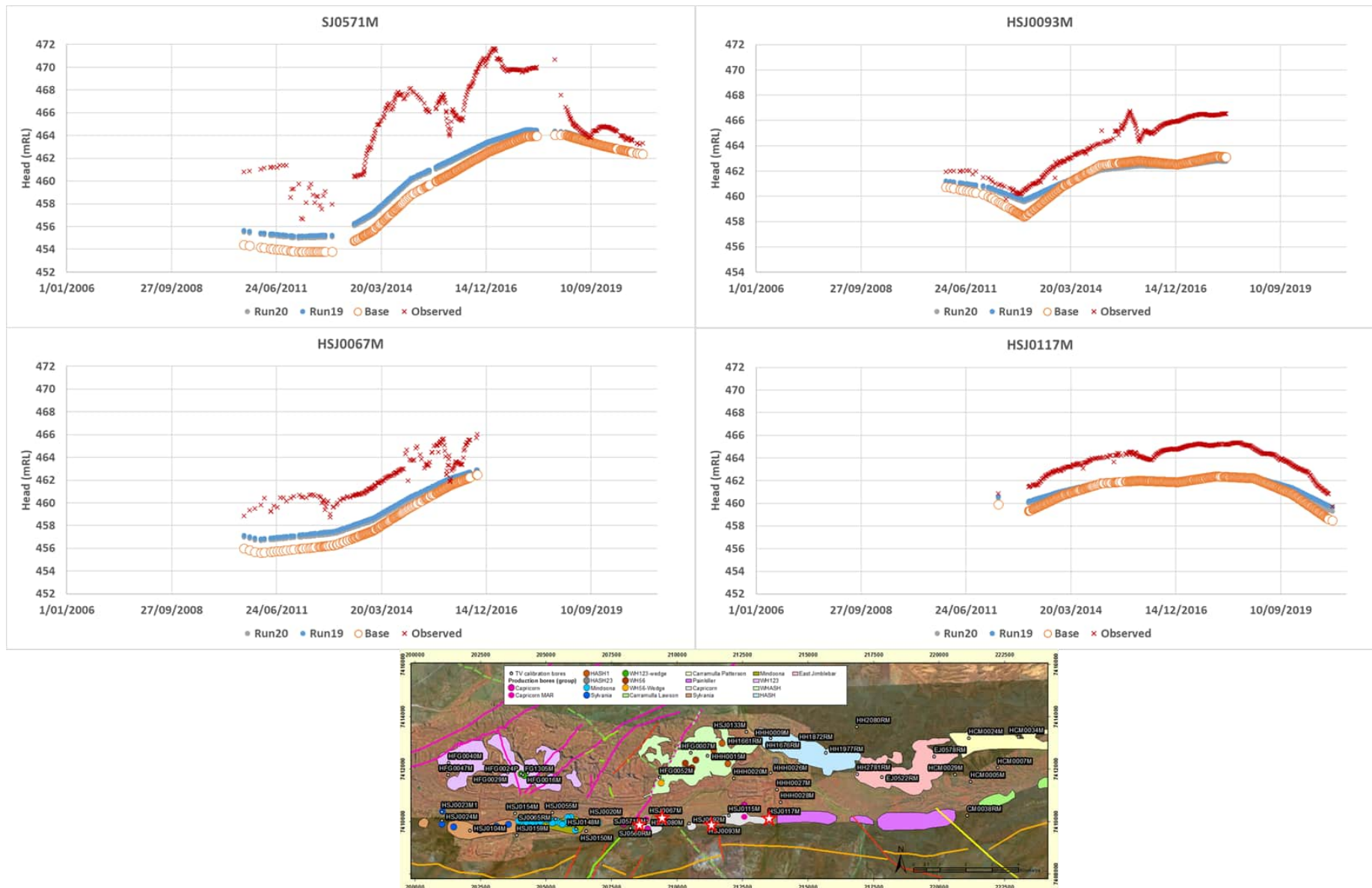


Figure 9.20 History match sensitivity Runs 19 and 20 – Eastern aquifer compartment (2)

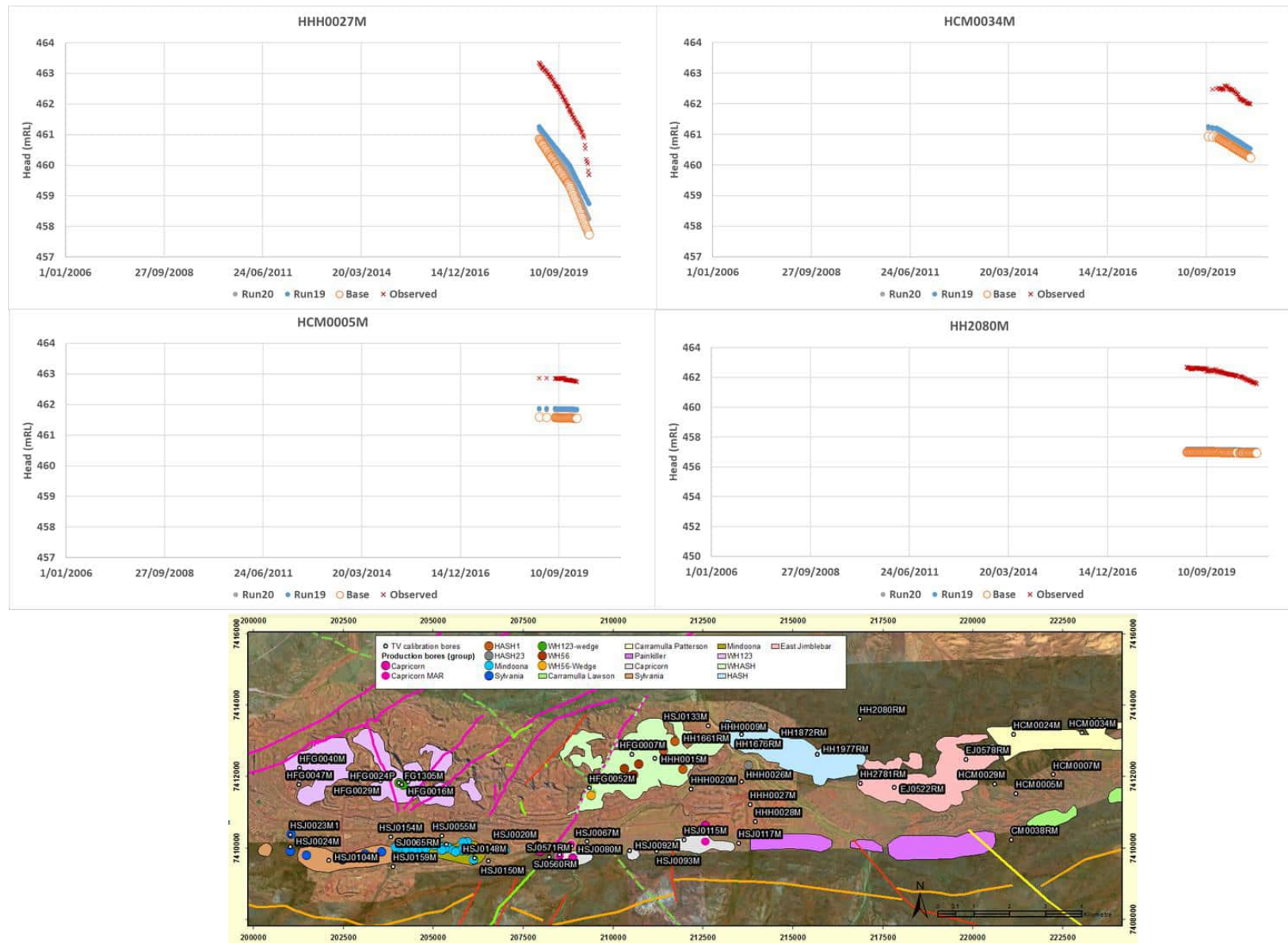


Figure 9.21 History match sensitivity Runs 19 and 20 – Eastern aquifer compartment (3)

9.5.2 Predictive confidence

Confidence in the ability of the model to predict the response to future dewatering varies throughout the model domain. In the compartment to the west of the Central Fault, which includes the WH123, Mindoona and Sylvania mining areas, there is a high level of confidence. To the west the main uncertainties are:

1. The geometry of the remaining saturated regional aquifer in this compartment. Water levels need to be reduced a further 90 to 100 m to realise the mine plans and the groundwater system may behave differently compared to the past as the water level falls further.
2. The nature of the areas to the north of WH123.
3. The vertical and horizontal geometries of the key aquitards and aquifers in the Tertiary Detritals.

In the area east of the Central Fault including the WHASH, HASH, Capricorn and East Jimblebar mining areas, there is moderate to low confidence. To the east the main uncertainties are:

1. Whilst dewatering has commenced in WHASH, the duration and drawdown so far is relatively limited. The monitoring data has improved the confidence significantly, but uncertainty remains as to the long-term response. Furthermore, the response rapidly reduces away from WHASH meaning that the peripheral areas (East Jimblebar for example) are still relatively untested.
2. The eastern compartment is much larger than the western compartment. The characteristics of the groundwater system as it extends to the east of East Jimblebar are not well understood and groundwater monitoring to the far east of the system is limited.

To the north of the Brockman orebodies predictive confidence is low. The area is vast, and the monitoring is limited to a few bores.

To the south of the Marra Mamba orebodies predictive confidence is moderate to high. The area is also vast but the monitoring bores provide consistent response to dewatering.

9.6 Predictions

9.6.1 Approach and uncertainty analysis

The modelled mine plan includes the seven mining areas - Sylvania, Mindoona, Capricorn, WH23, WHASH, HASH and East Jimblebar. The mine footprints are shown in Figure 9.22. MODFLOW drain boundary conditions (DRN) were used to simulate dewatering. Drain locations are shown in Figure 9.23 and the elevations assigned to them (i.e. target water level elevations) are shown in Figure 9.24.

The base of the dewatering targets (which are generally 12 m below final mine depth) at each mining area are:

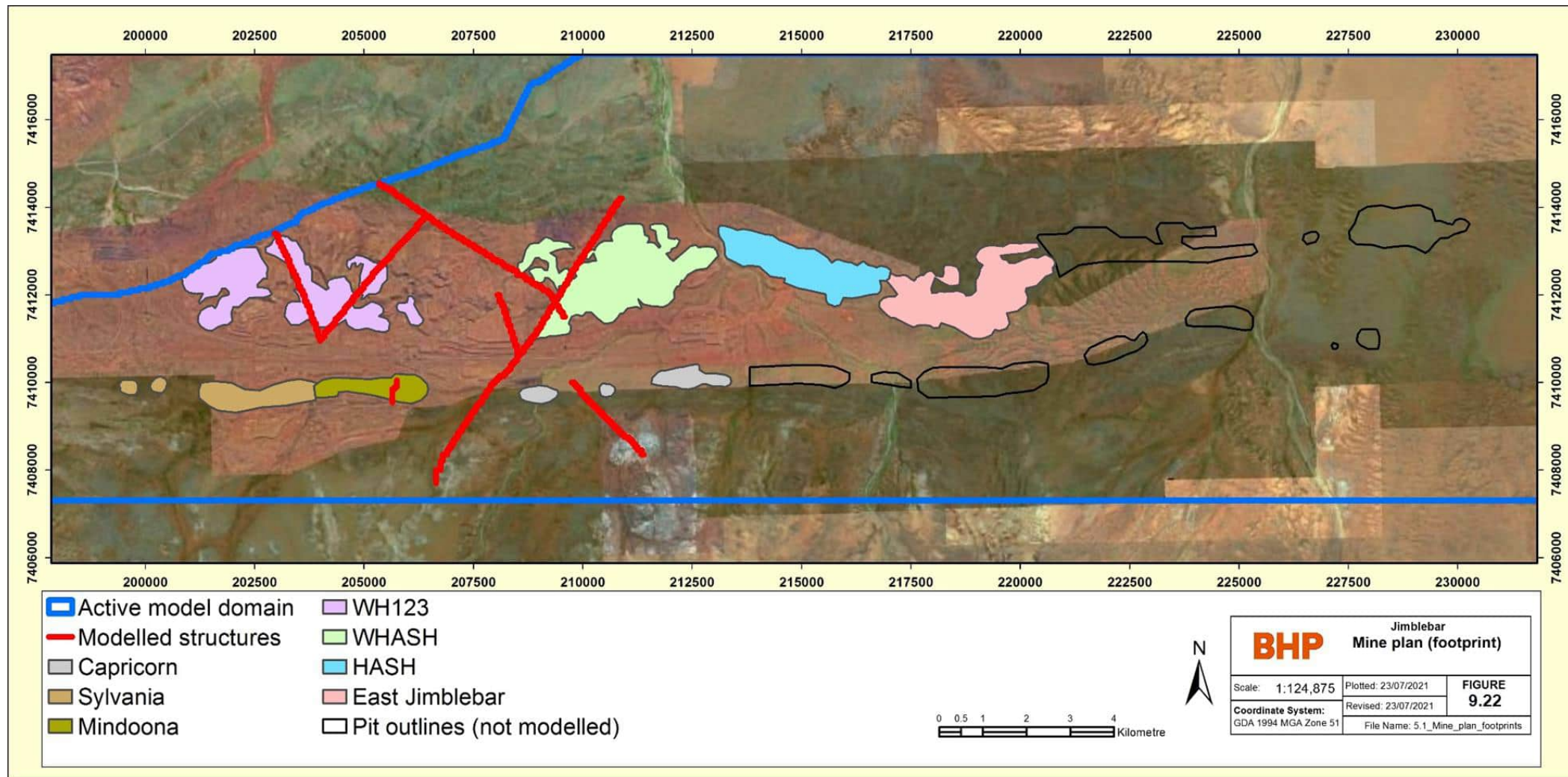
- Sylvania: 326 mRL
- Mindoona / Capricorn: 356 mRL
- WH23: 326 mRL
- WHASH: 316 mRL
- HASH: 327 mRL
- East Jimblebar: 348 mRL

As the main focus of the predictive modelling was to understand the potential high end (or “high-case”) dewatering rates and the subsequent regional impacts to groundwater levels, the dewatering scenario was tested with the base case (which can be considered a “mid-case” prediction) and Runs 19 and 20 only. The other 18 runs were not used as they would fall somewhere between Run 19 and the base case or lower in terms of dewatering rates. The base

BHP

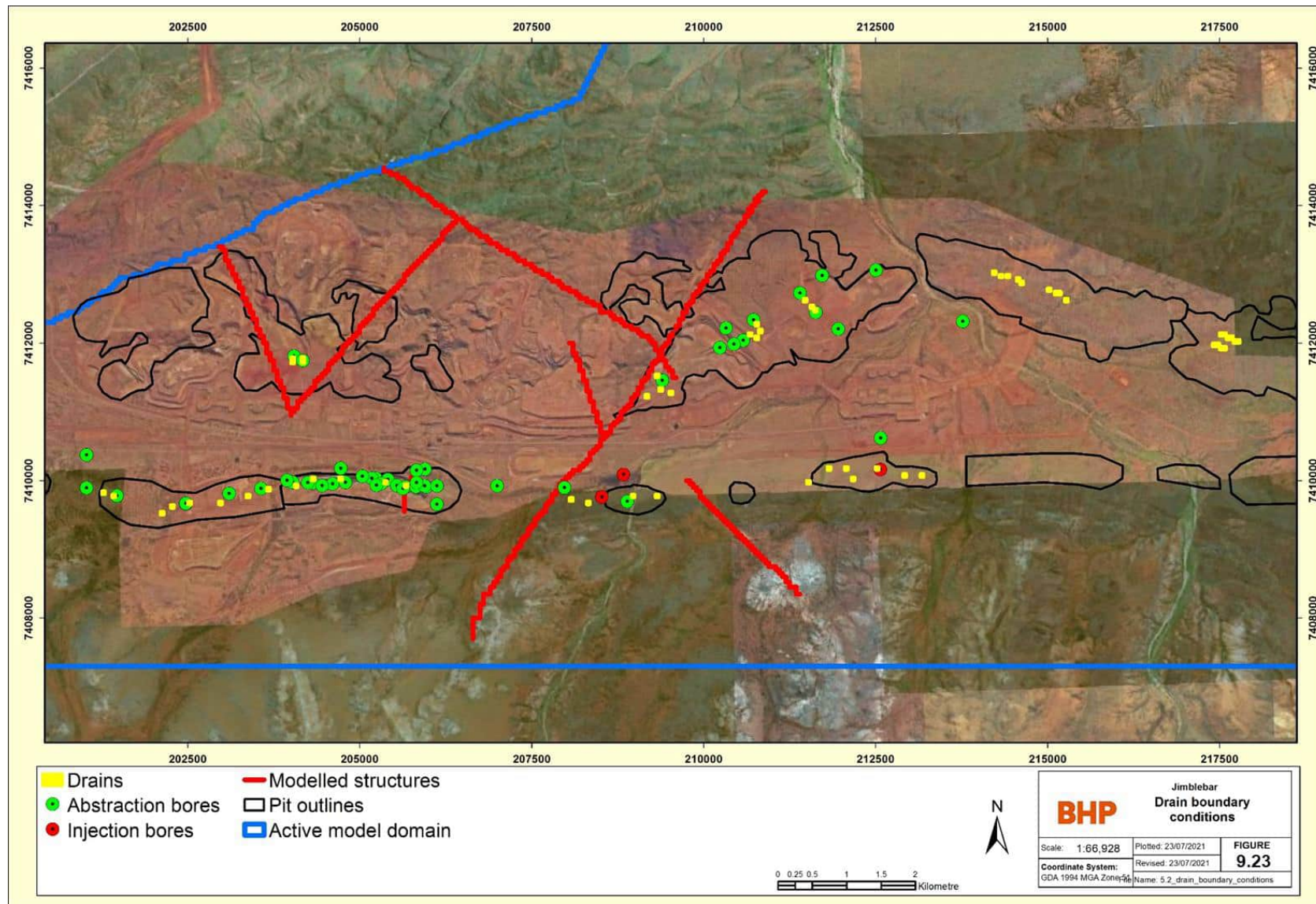
case was included to show the magnitude of the range between these two prediction types (i.e. high-case and mid-case).

An additional run (Run 19B) was devised whereby the WHASH target water levels were delayed by a year so that the dewatering of this orebody was more aligned with the dewatering of the Sylvania orebody. This provides some insight into dewatering timing uncertainty, again, with a focus on the higher possible range



MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPH\FY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM5.1_Mine_plan_footprints.mxd

Figure 9.22 Mine plan (footprint)



MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPHFY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM5_2_drain_boundary_conditions.mxd

Figure 9.23 Jimblebar Drain boundary conditions

BHP

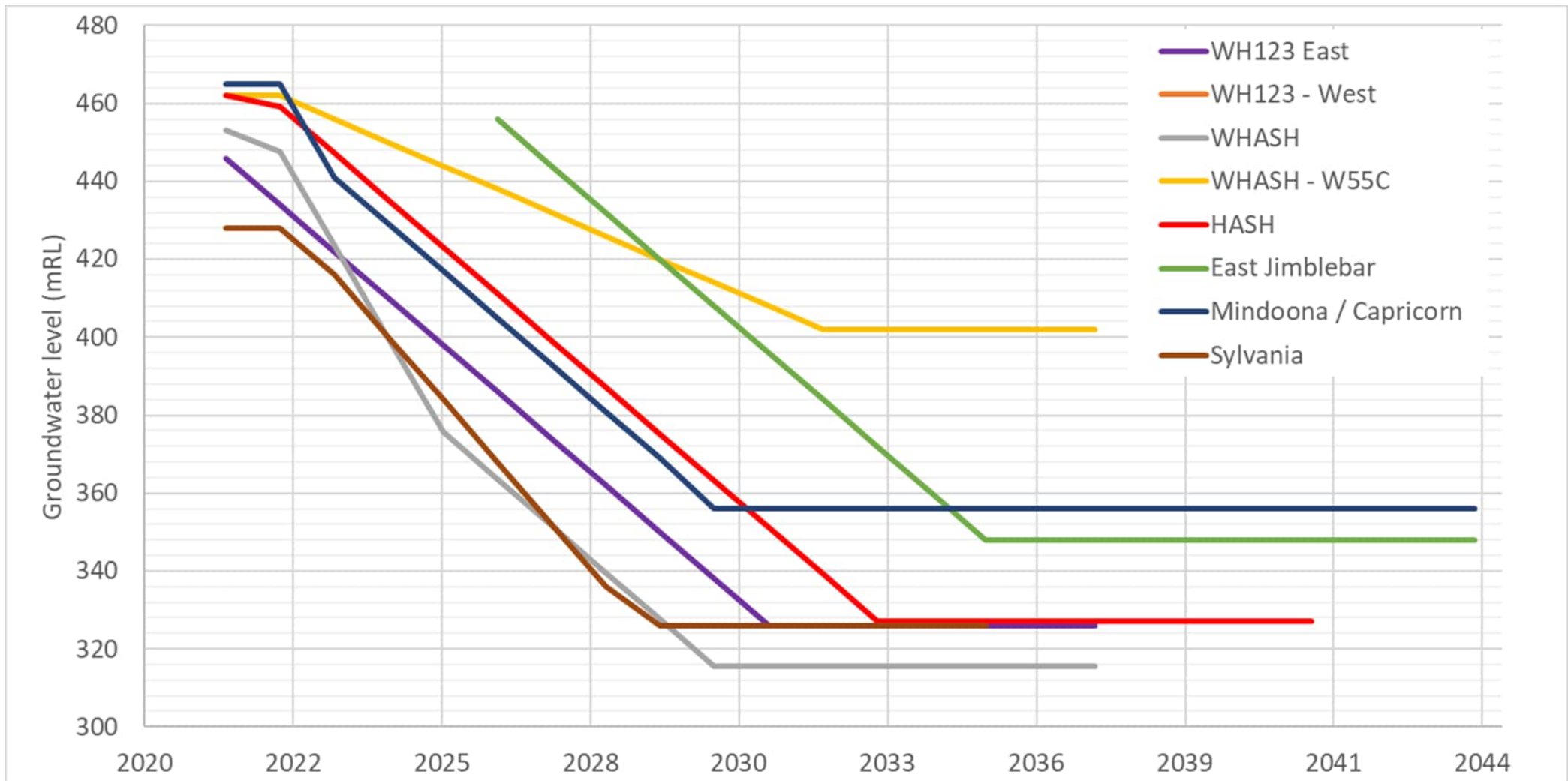


Figure 9.24 Target dewatering levels

9.6.2 Results

The predicted influence of mine dewatering on the groundwater system over the operational mine life is assessed using various methods:

- Yearly dewatering rate (Figure 9.25 and 9.26).
- Hydrographs at key bores (Figures 9.27 to 9.30)
- Regional drawdown contours in 2037, corresponding to the maximum depth of dewatering (Figure 9.31), and at the end of mining (Figure 9.32). These are calculated from the pre-development (steady state) conditions.

The results show that dewatering requirements:

- Have the potential to reach 140 ML/d by 2025 (compared to the mid-case of 90 ML/d)
- Are dominated by achieving the WHASH and Sylvania targets:
 - WHASH could reach a maximum of about 75 ML/d. However, in reality this would likely be divided more evenly between the WHASH and HASH (and even East Jimblebar) borefields.
 - Sylvania could reach a maximum of about 55 ML/d.

The results also show that drawdown at the end of mining is likely to spread to everywhere within both the eastern and western aquifer compartments. In more detail:

- The 1 m drawdown contour is predicted to extend:
 - Only marginally into the low-permeability Jeerinah Formation and volcanics to the south and slightly further into the Weeli Wolli Formation in the north.
 - Completely to the Wheelarra Fault and the flow barrier far in the east. Both of which are represented as no flow boundaries in the model.
- By the end of mining, drawdown is predicted to reach:
 - In the eastern compartment aquifers between 100 and 50 m around the active mining areas and between 50 and 25 m to the east of the mining areas.
 - Between 100 and 120 m in the western compartment.

Predicted drawdown (at the end of mining) in the model run with greater hydraulic connectivity to the north (Run 15) is shown in Figure 9.33 and the hydrographs are included in Figures 9.27 to 9.30. These show that predicted drawdown in this case has the potential to travel much further to the north but is generally similar in all other areas compared to the high dewatering case (Run 19B).

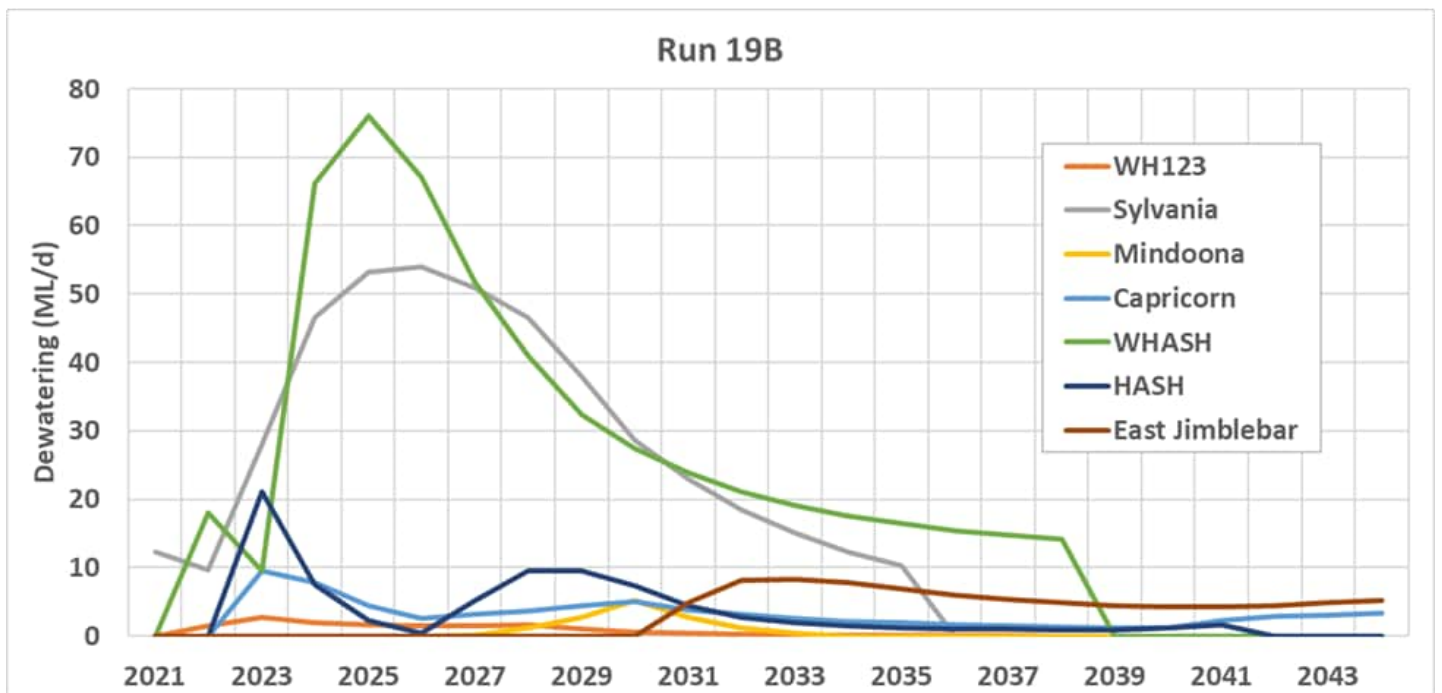
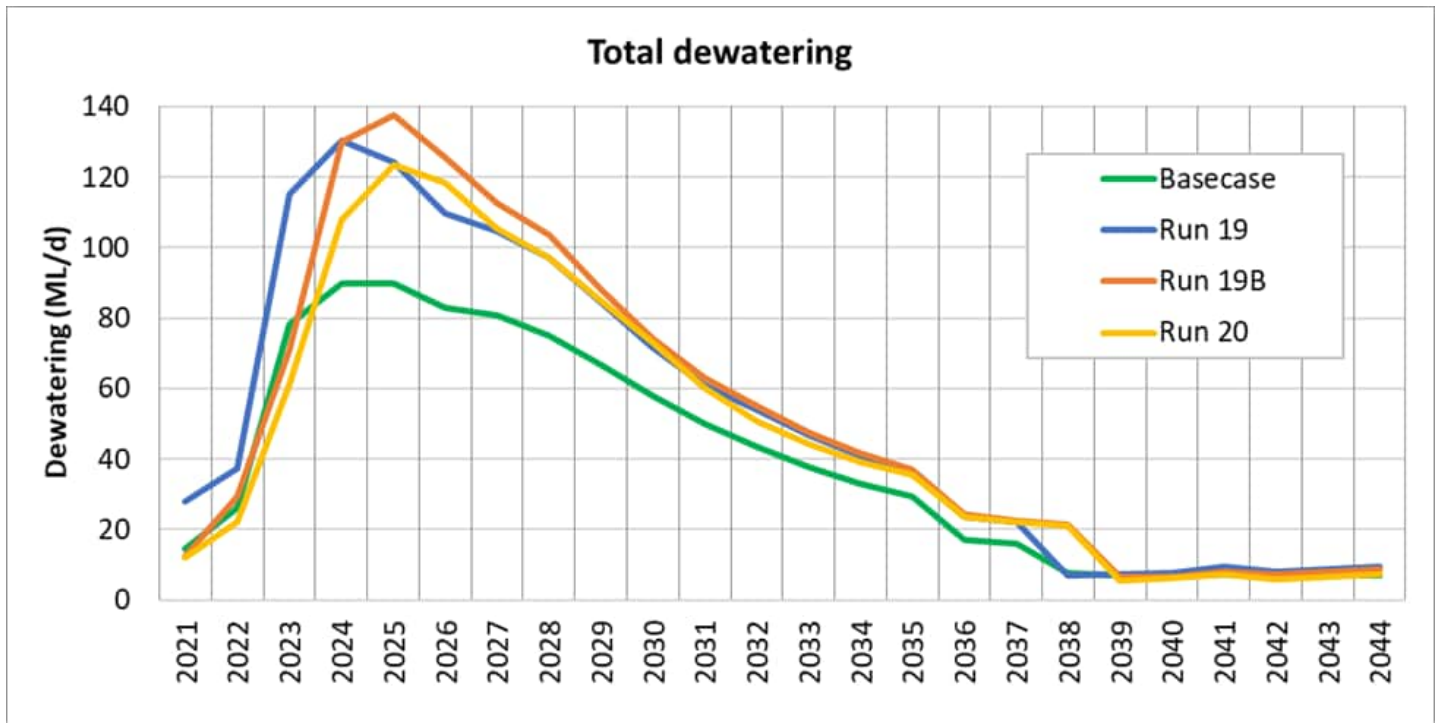


Figure 9.25 Simulated dewatering rates

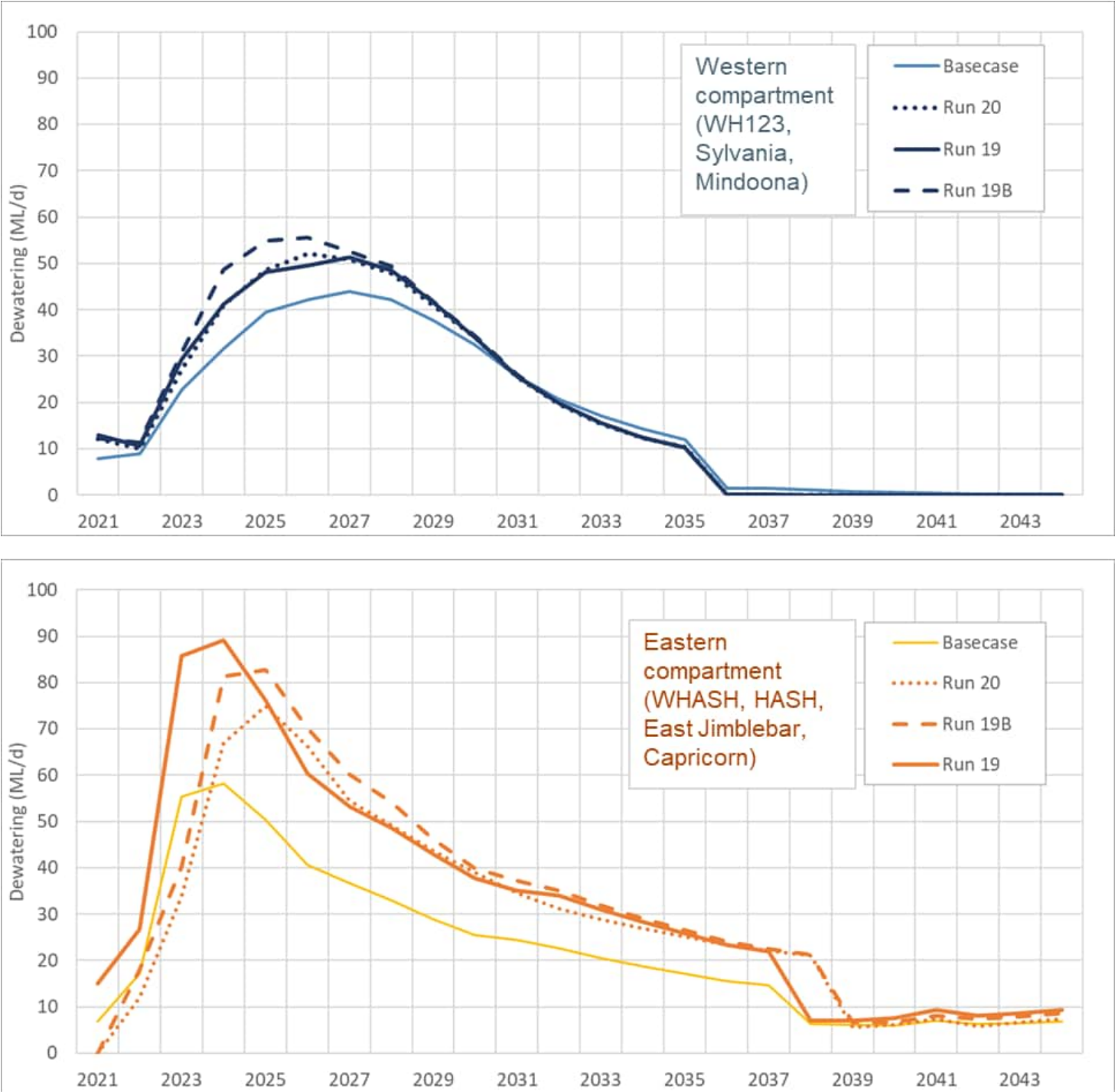


Figure 9.26 Predicted dewatering rates by compartment

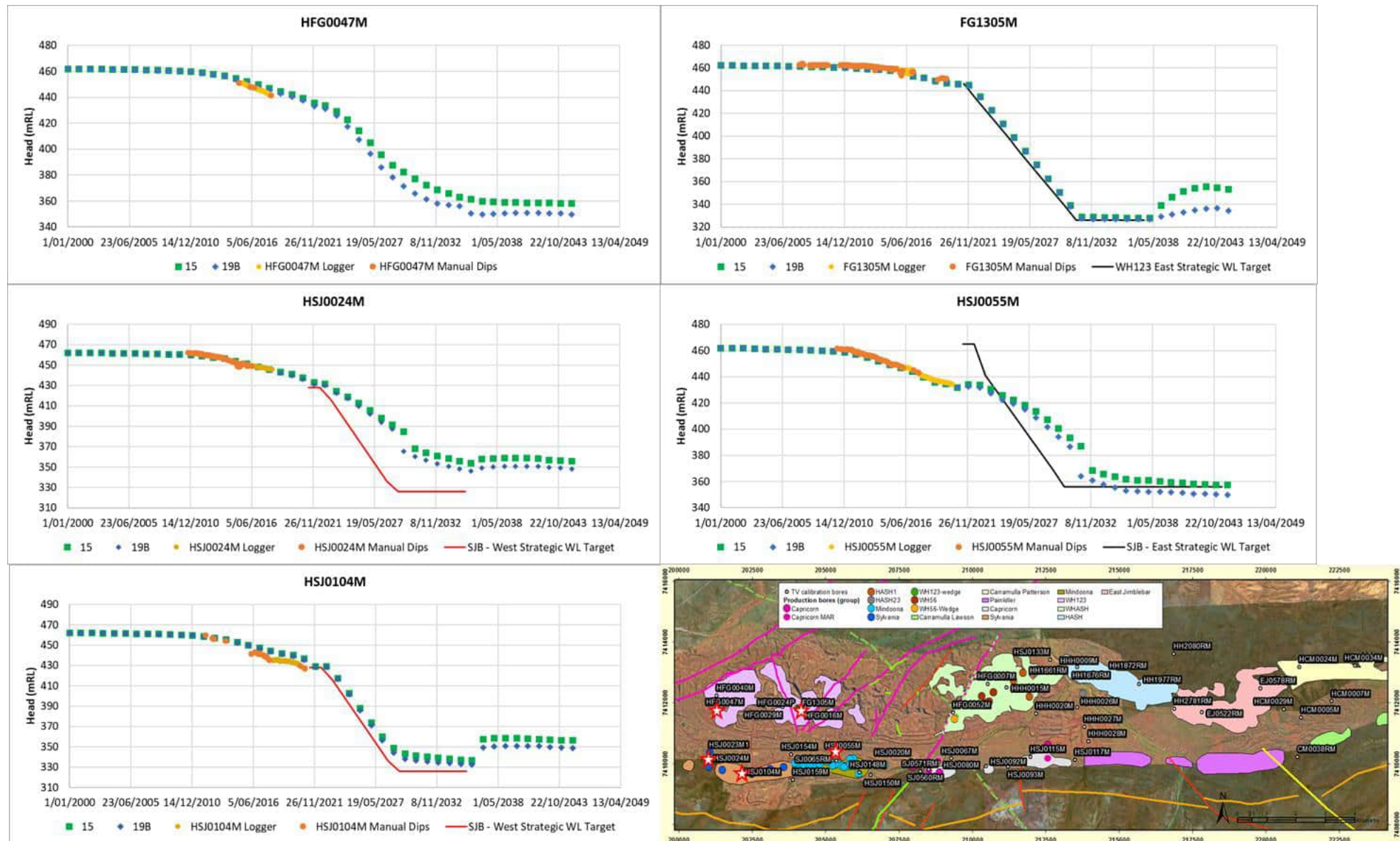


Figure 9.27 Predicted heads during dewatering (Run 19B and 15) – Western aquifer compartment

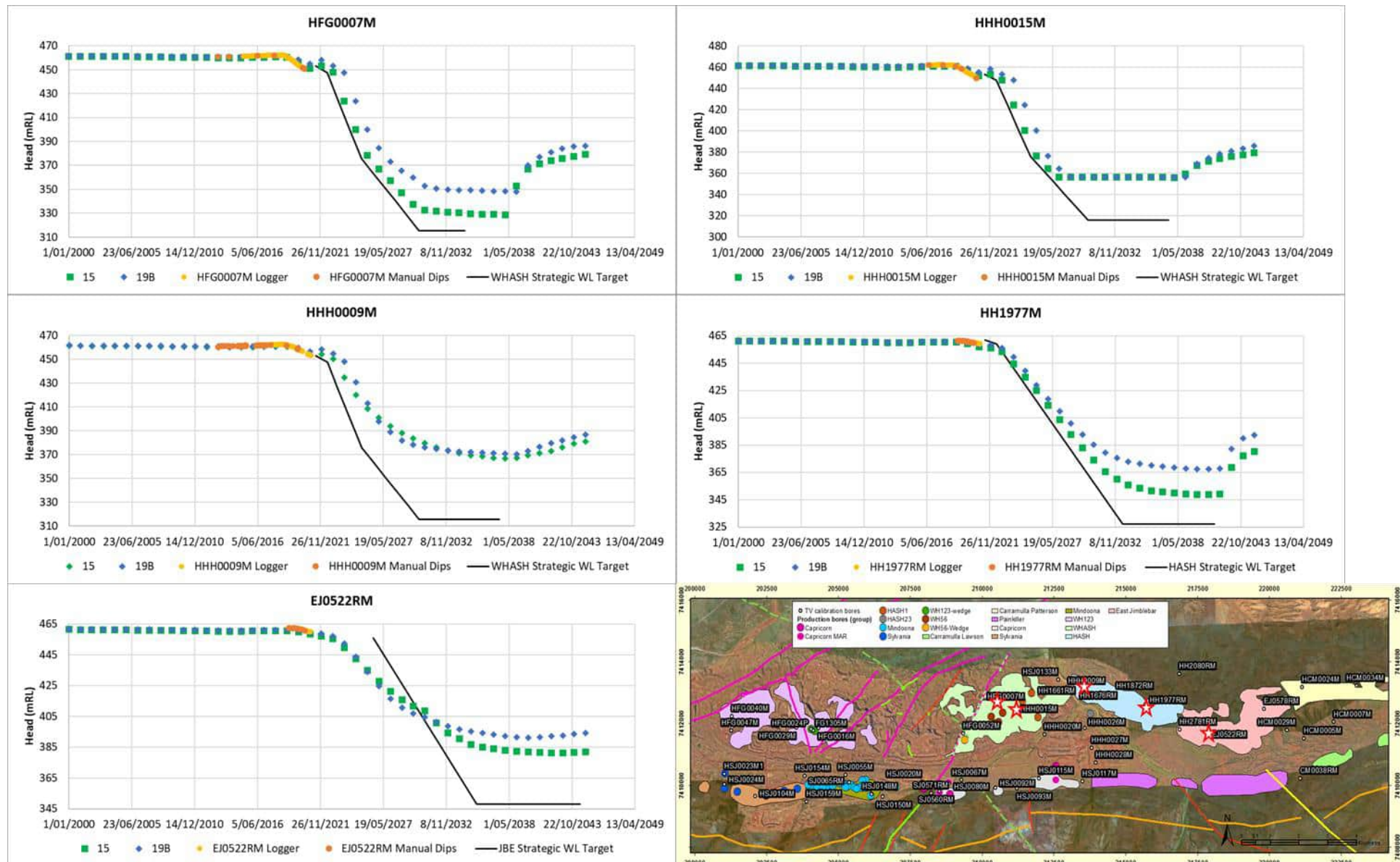


Figure 9.28 Predicted heads during dewatering (Run 19B and 15) – Eastern aquifer compartment (1)

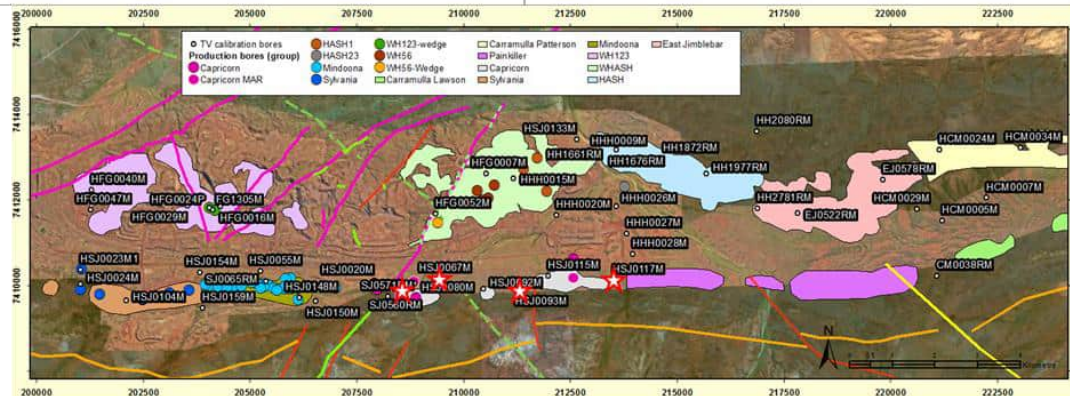
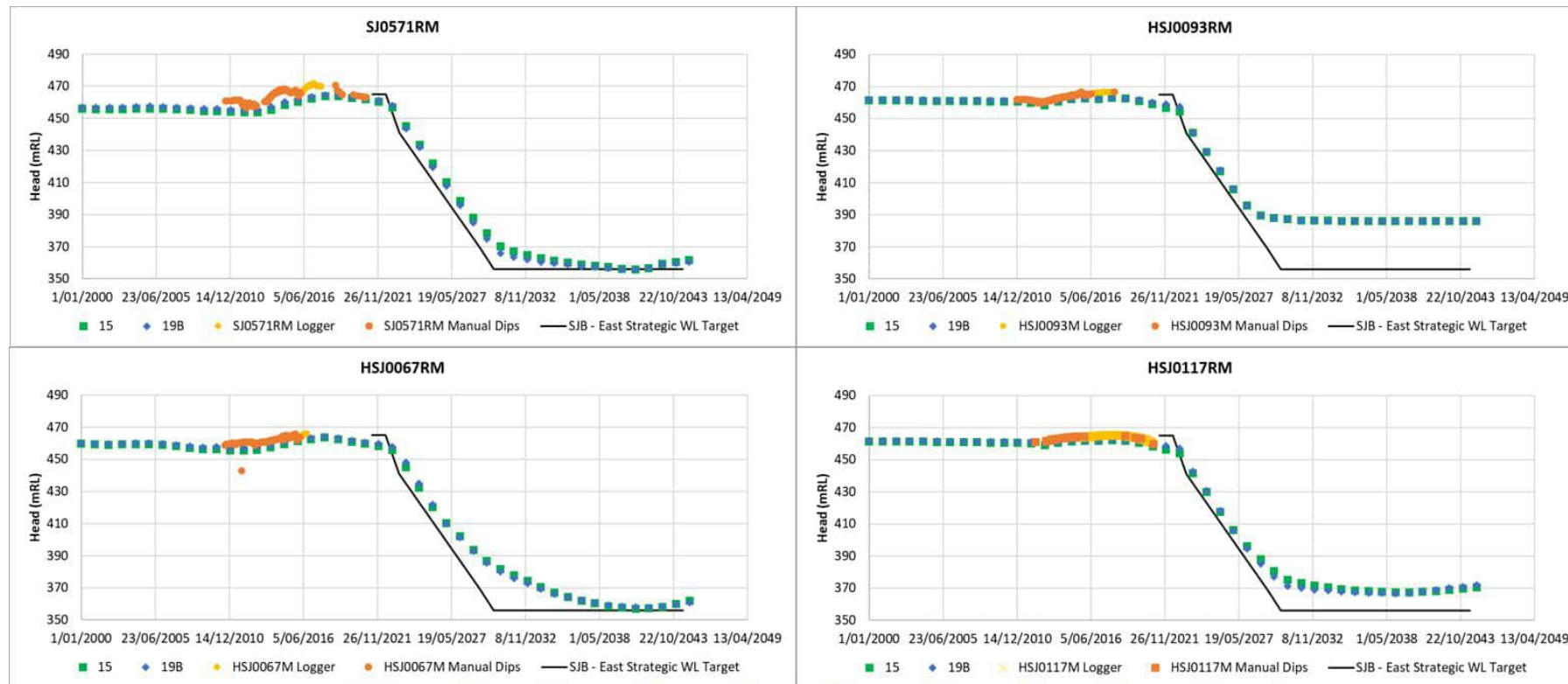
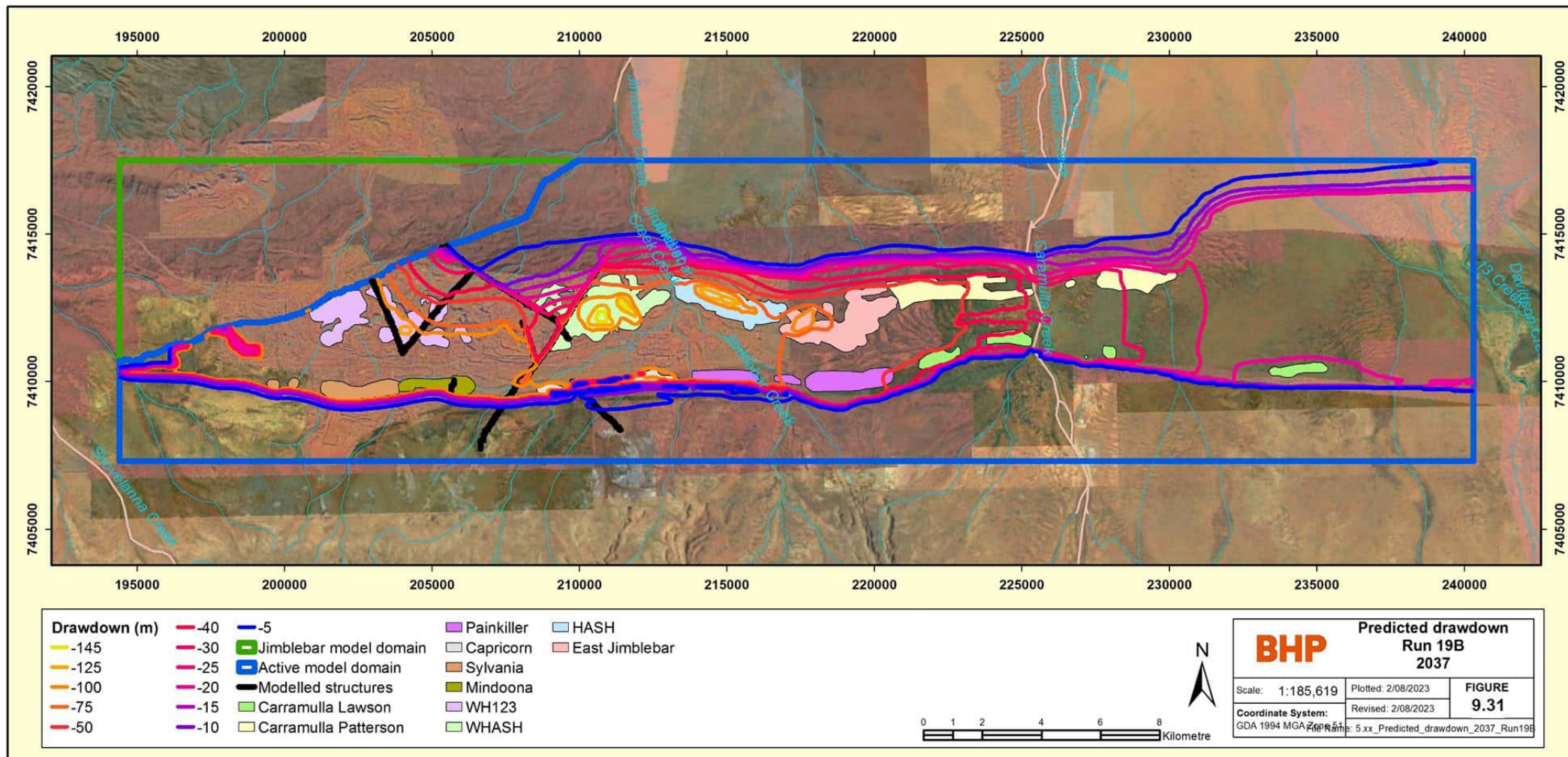
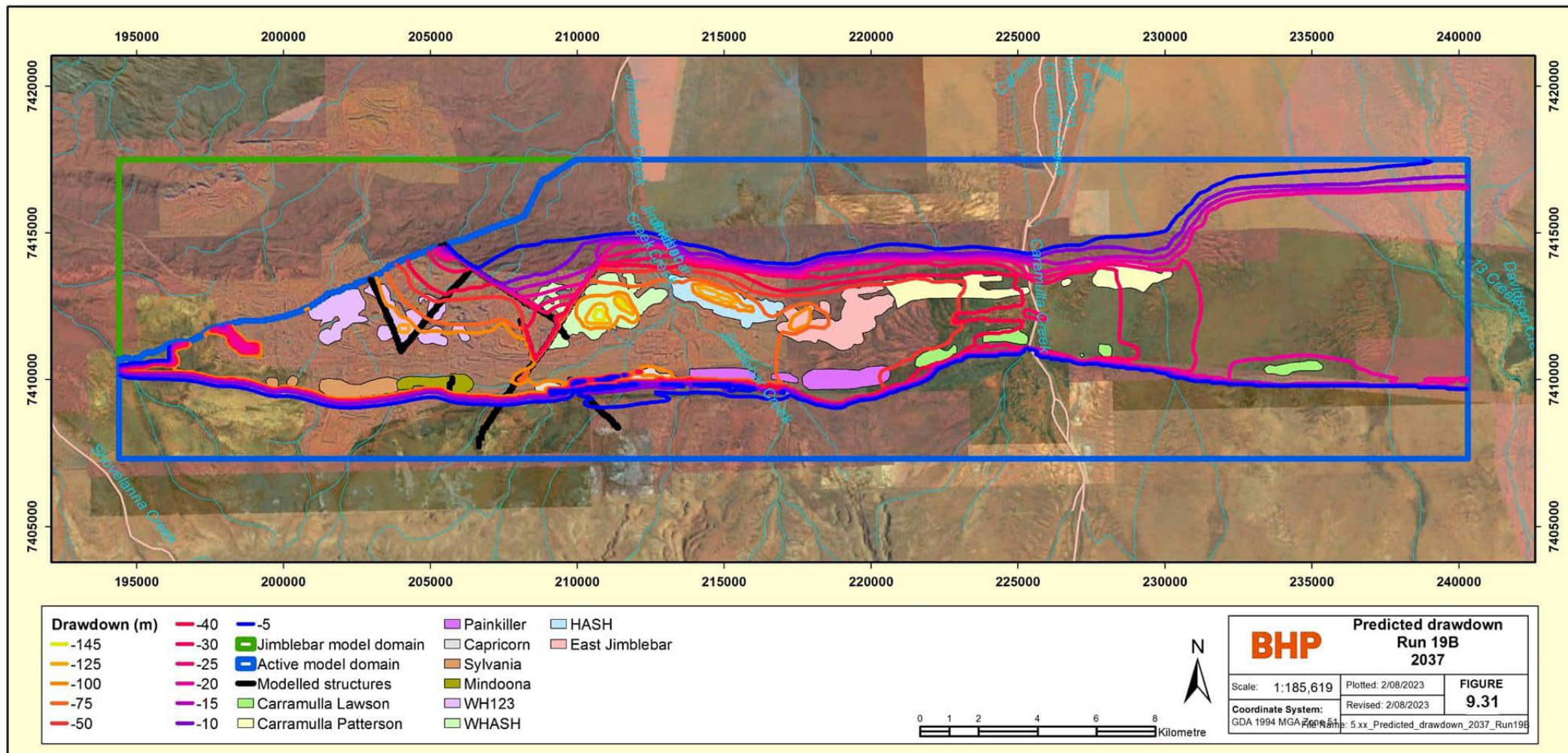


Figure 9.29 Predicted heads during dewatering (Run 19B and 15) – Eastern aquifer compartment (2)



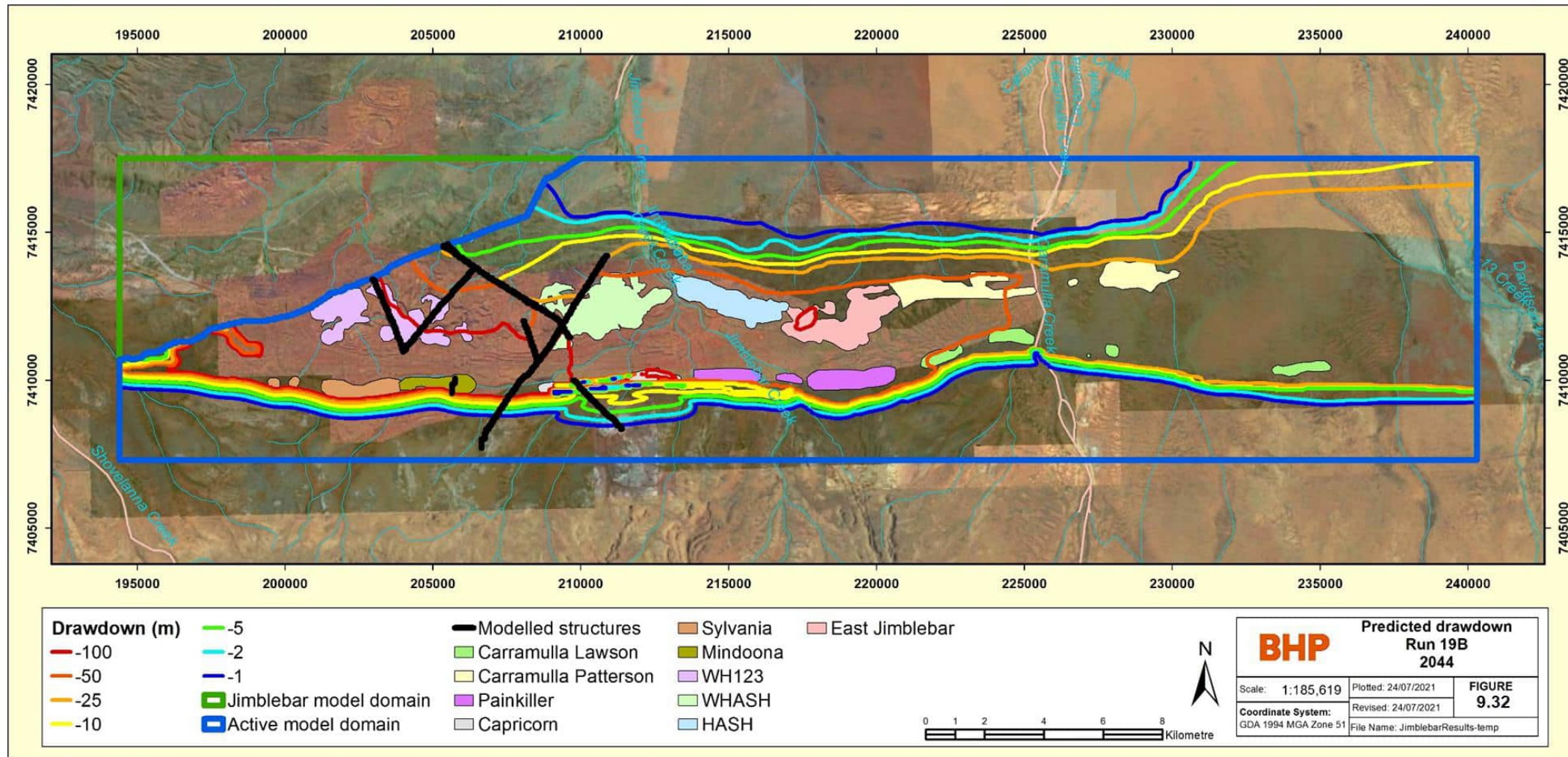
MXD Path: \\entper-fil01\2groups\TSRD Application Drive\Resource Planning\Water Planning\03 ArcGIS\EPHF\Y21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM5.xx_Predicted_drawdown_2037_Run19B.mxd

Figure 9.31 Predicted drawdown Run 19B 2037



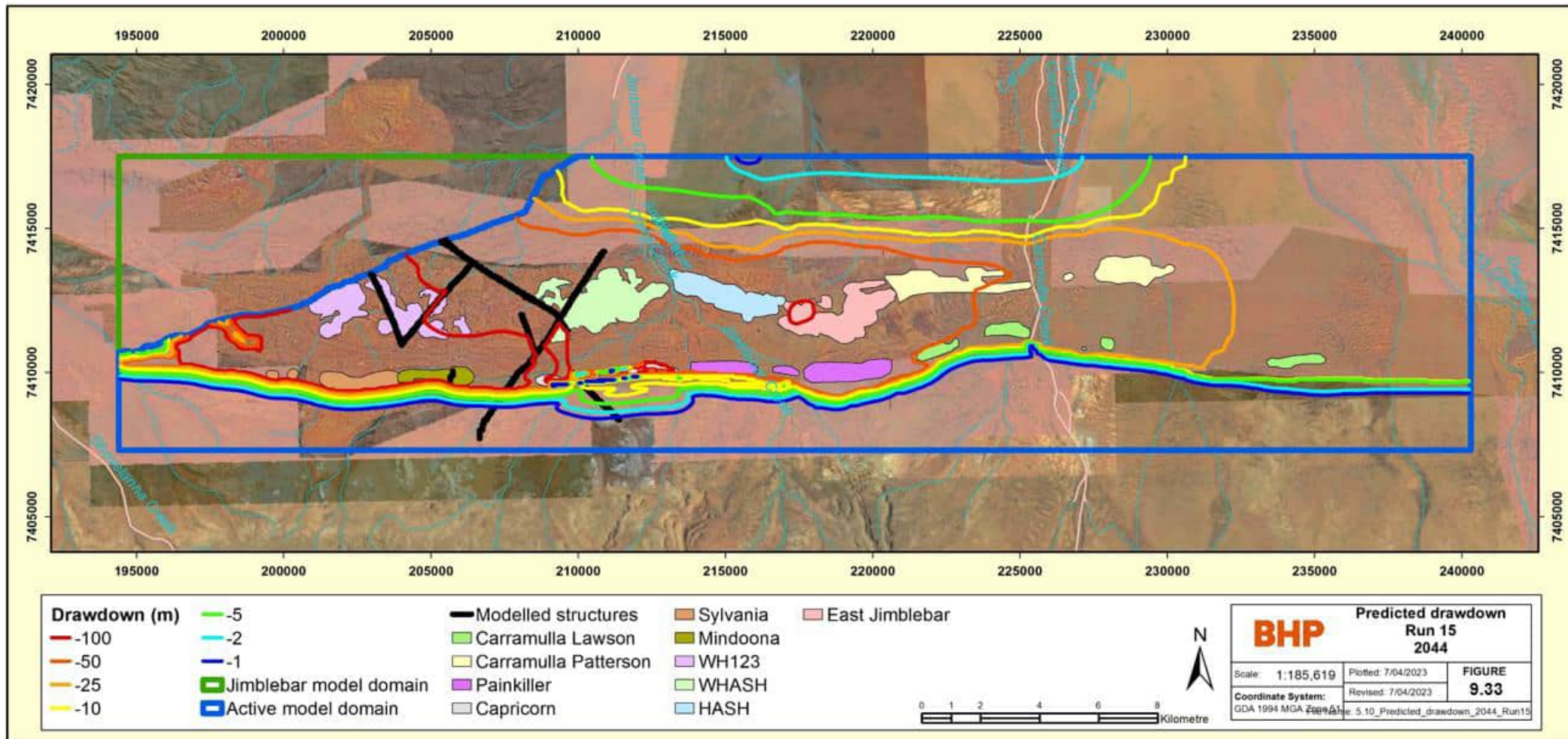
MXD Path: \\ntper-fil012groups\TSRD Application Drive\Resource Planning\Water Planning\03 ArcGIS\EPHFY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM5.xx_Predicted_drawdown_2037_Run19B.mxd

Figure 9.32 Predicted drawdown Run 19B 2044



MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPH\FY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM\JimblebarResults-temp.mxd

Figure 9.32 Predicted drawdown Run 19B 2044



MXD Path: %temp%\012\groups\TSRD Application Drive\Resource Planning\Water Planning\03 ArcGIS\EPH\FY21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NM5_10_Predicted_drawdown_2044_Run15.mxd

Figure 9.33 Predicted drawdown Run 15 2044

9.6.3 Influence of Caramulla Managed Aquifer Recharge

The model that produced the greatest dewatering rate (Run 19B) was used to assess the influence of the Caramulla Managed Aquifer Recharge (MAR) scheme on model predictions. The scheme is planned for a capacity of 15 ML/d and will be operational from April 2022 until the end of dewatering (in the model this equates to 23 years of injection, totalling 126,000 ML). The injection bores shown in Figure 9.34 were used, with each assigned a constant injection rate of 5 ML/d over this period.

The predicted dewatering rate with MAR and the drawdown contours in 2044 are shown in Figure 9.34. Hydrographs at key bores in the vicinity of the MAR borefield are shown in Figure 9.35. These show that Caramulla MAR:

- Increases the maximum dewatering rate to 145 ML/d.
- Increases total abstraction from 453,000 ML to 530,000 ML (an additional 77,000 ML/d, or 60% of the injected water).
- Reduces the drawdown in the regional aquifer by almost 20 m close to the MAR borefield (HCM0005M and HCM0034M) and 10 m as far west as Hullabaloo (HHH0027M).
- Doesn't change the extent of the drawdown footprint (i.e., the position of the 2 m drawdown contour is unchanged compared to the without MAR case).

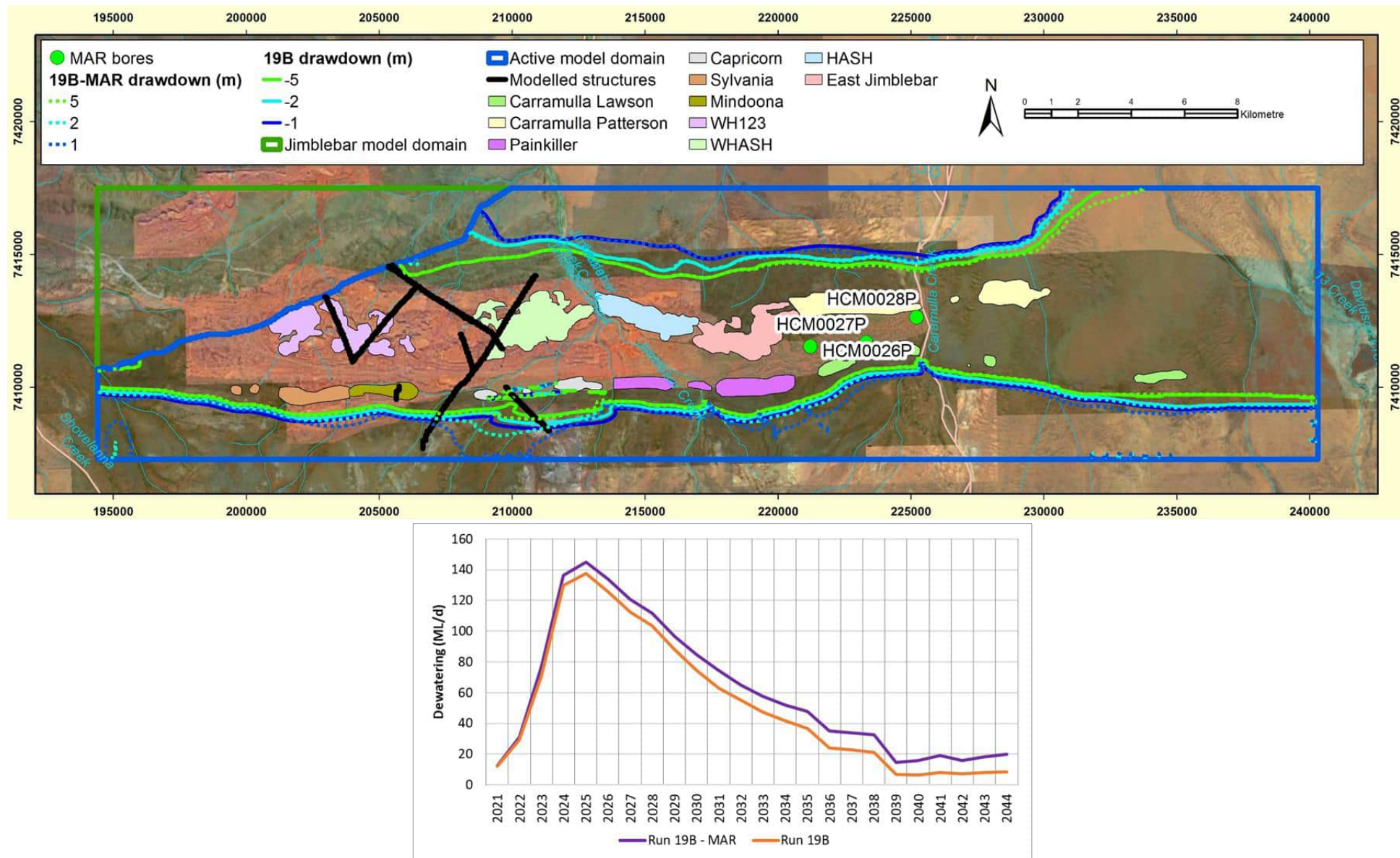


Figure 9.34 Effect of Caramulla MAR on dewatering rates and drawdown

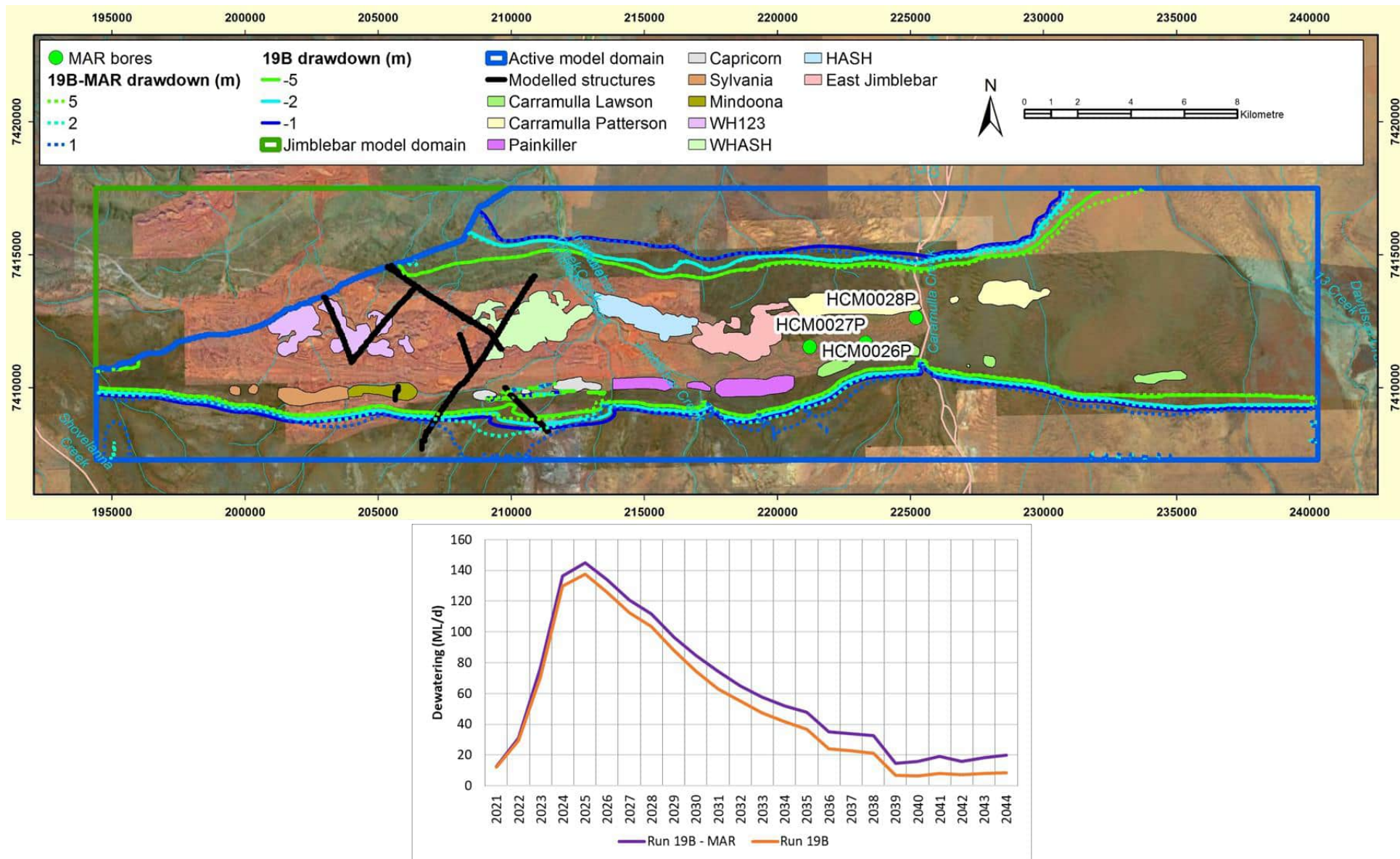


Figure 9.35 Predicted heads during dewatering (Run 19B and 19B-MAR) – Eastern aquifer compartment

9.6.4 Dewatering until 2052

The runs that predicted the highest dewatering and greatest drawdown (Runs 19B and 15 respectively) were used to assess the impact of continuing dewatering until 2052 (an additional 8 years from 2044). The models were extended in time and the Drain Boundary Conditions modified so that the two orebodies that were still being dewatered at the end of the original model run (East Jimblebar and Capricorn) continued until 2052. Groundwater levels were maintained at the final elevations used in 2044 (Figure 9.24).

The predicted dewatering rate is shown in Figure 9.36 and the drawdown contours in 2052 in Figure 9.37. These show that:

- Dewatering from 2044 to 2052 remains at about 10 ML/d (7 ML/d from East Jimblebar and 3 ML/d from Capricorn).
- Drawdown in 2052 for Run 19B is very similar to that predicted in 2044.
- The extent of drawdown in 2052 for Run 15 is similar to that predicted in 2044. The magnitude, particularly to the east however, has increased significantly over this period.

BHP

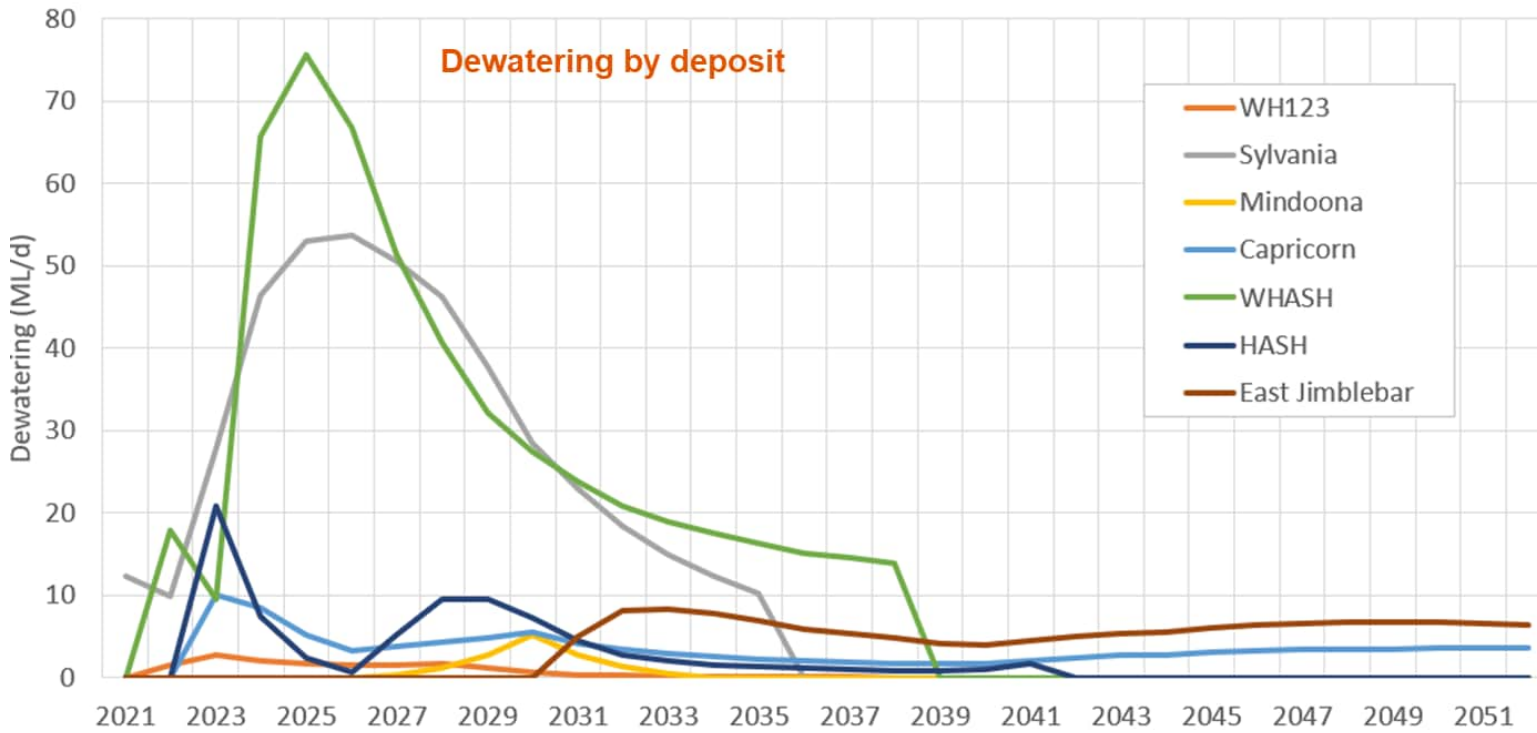
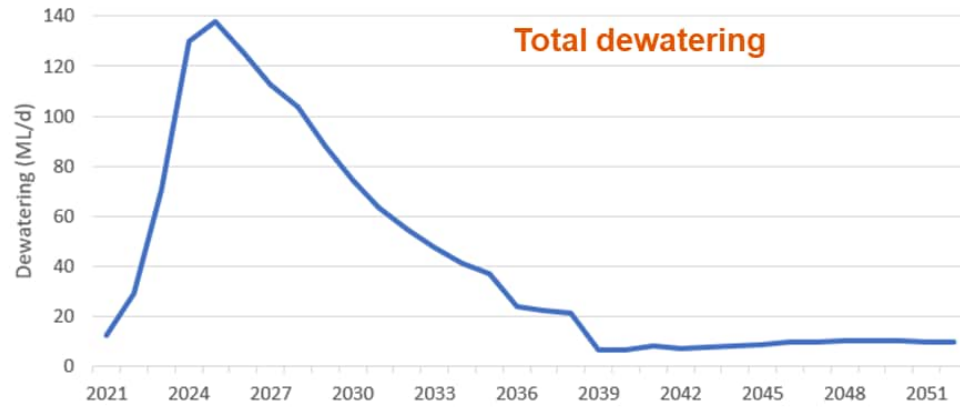


Figure 9.36 Predicted dewatering until 2052

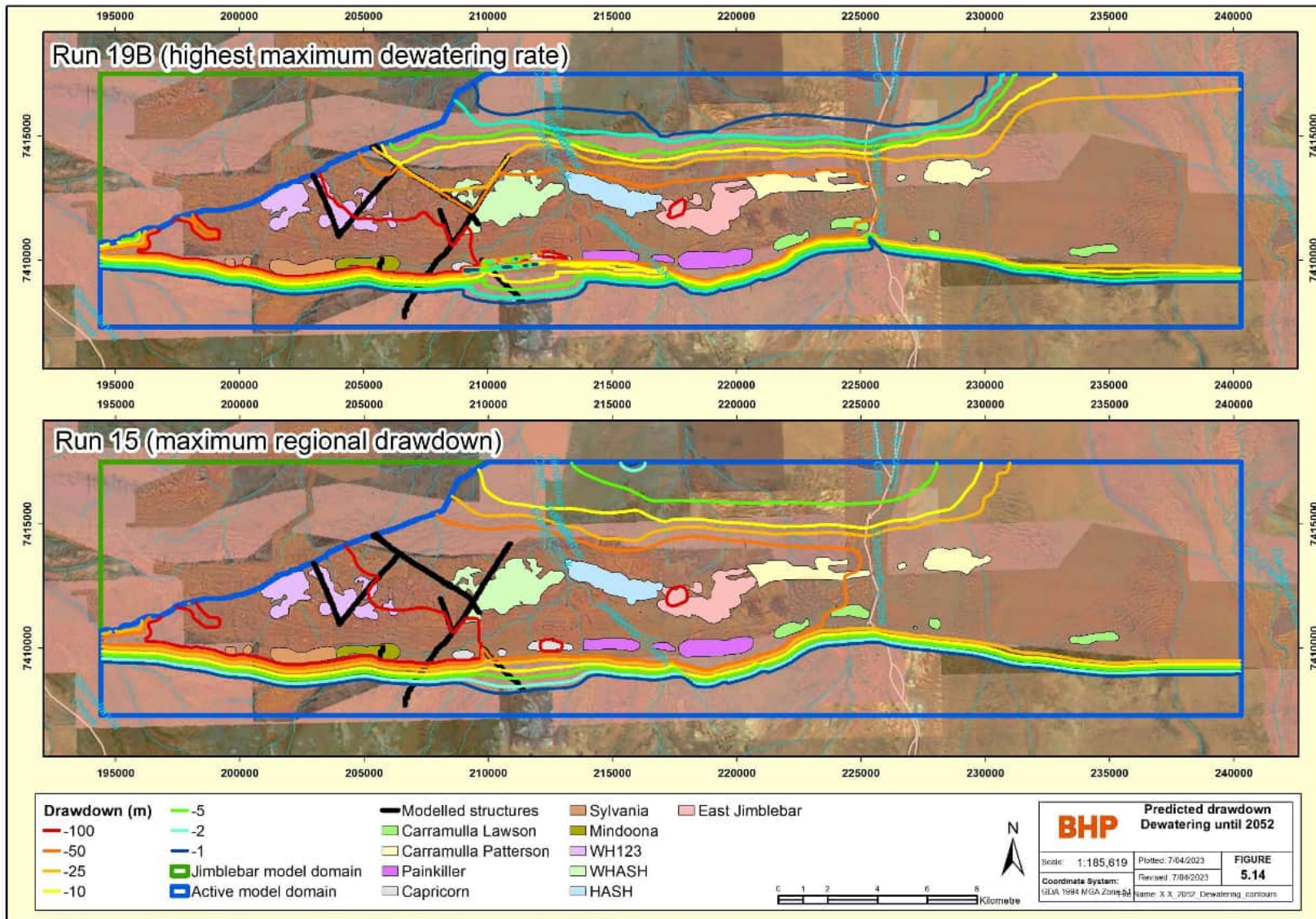


Figure 9.37 Predicted drawdown dewatering until 2052

9.7 Closure

Post mine closure, recovery of groundwater levels within the Jimblebar catchment will be driven by rainfall recharge only. No other inputs of water to the system are anticipated. Simple calculations, based on predicted volume abstracted over the life of mine, the area over which rainfall recharge can occur and the rate at which recharge occurs suggest that the time period for full recovery could be anything between 3,000 and 500 years. This assumes a range of rainfall recharge rates between 0.5% / 0.25% (South Jimblebar Valley and orebodies / everything else) and 2.0% / 1.0% of historical annual rainfall.

The calculations based on the 0.5% / 0.25% recharge rate are as follows:

Area of enhanced recharge (0.5%) = 56,425,000 m²

Area of limited recharge (0.25%) = 112,850,000 m²

Average rainfall (historical) = 0.31 m/yr

Recharge rate over area of enhanced recharge = 0.31 m/yr x 0.5% x 56,425,000 m² = 87,500 m³/yr

Recharge rate over area of limited recharge = 0.31 m/yr x 0.25% x 112,850,000 m² = 87,500 m³/yr

Total recharge to groundwater catchment = 87,500 m³/yr + 87,500 m³/yr = 175,000 m³/yr

Total volume abstracted up to end 2020 (minus Capricorn MAR) = 52,000,000 m³

Total volume abstracted from 2021 to end of mine life = 453,000,000 m³

Total volume abstracted from groundwater catchment = 505,000,000 m³

Total volume abstracted / total recharge to system = 505,000,000 m³ / 175,000 m³/yr = 2,900 years

Operation of the Caramulla MAR scheme will reduce the recovery time, although, as there will be some recirculation into the dewatering bores, MAR will not have a significant impact on the order of magnitude of recovery time.

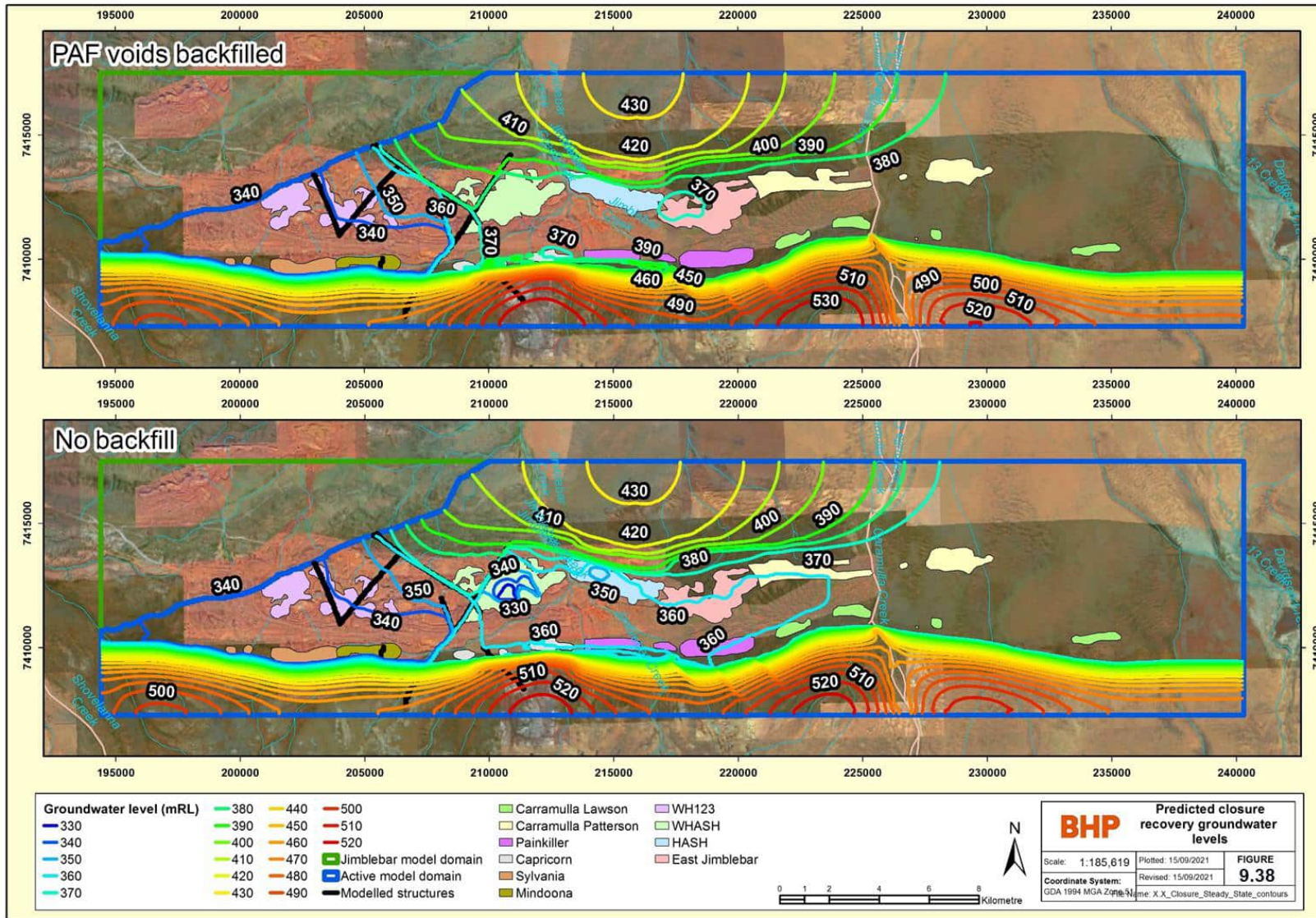
The steady state base case model was used to determine the potential influence of pit voids in recovery levels. Two scenarios were considered:

1. All pits left as open voids (i.e. no backfill)
2. Pits identified as having Potential Acid Forming (PAF) properties backfilled above pre-mine water table (WH56 / H1, WH123) and all other pits left as open voids.

The base case model was used for this analysis. Evaporation from the pit voids was simulated using drain cells set at the base elevation of each pit and with a low conductance value of 1 m²/d. This represents a significant simplification of the processes that will occur once water levels start to recover (i.e., the interplay between groundwater inflow, evaporation rate, lake size (pit geometry) and recharge) but given the major uncertainties with all aspects of simulating the groundwater system post closure (i.e., associated with these inputs over the period of centuries) this is considered appropriate at this stage.

The predicted equilibrium recovery levels are shown in Figure 9.38 for both scenarios. This shows that:

- In the no backfill case, water levels recover to about 340 mRL in the western compartment and 360 mRL in the eastern compartment (compared to 462 mRL pre-development levels).
- In the PAF backfill case, water levels recover to about 340 mRL in the western compartment and 370 to 380 mRL in the eastern compartment (compared to 462 mRL pre-development levels).



MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPHF\Y21\FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\NMX_X_Closure_Steady_State_contours.mxd

Figure 9.38 Predicted closure recovery groundwater levels

These runs show that there is little difference between the two scenarios:

- no difference in the western compartment because the water levels are controlled by evaporation from the Sylvania open void with its base at 338 mRL
- higher recovery levels in the eastern compartment because the deepest pits WHASH (324 mRL) and HASH (339 mRL) are backfilled in the PAF case and the remaining open voids Capricorn and East Jimblebar have void depth of 368 mRL and 360 mRL respectively.

The analysis therefore suggest that whether or not the PAF pits are backfilled, groundwater levels with any open voids will remain significantly lower than pre-development levels. This assumes a very low recharge environment however (0.5% and 0.25% of rainfall and no enhanced recharge into the open voids themselves) and can be considered very conservative.

9.8 Modelling conclusions

The Jimblebar numerical model has been modified and improved to enable predictions of groundwater abstraction and associated drawdown from the life of mine dewatering of the Mindoon, Sylvania, Capricorn, WH123, WHASH, HASH and East Jimblebar deposits.

Long-term dewatering and monitoring of the groundwater response has shown that the area is hydraulically “cut in two” by the Central Fault which is infilled by a dolerite dyke. The dyke trends roughly northeast – southwest and separates a western compartment from an eastern compartment. The eastern compartment is potentially three times larger than the western compartment and this is likely to have a significant impact on dewatering rates.

Predictive confidence is assessed to be high in the western compartment, where the majority of dewatering activity has historically been focussed.

Predictive capability in the eastern compartment is assessed to be moderate (western half) to low (eastern half). This compartment is much larger than the western compartment and has only recently been subjected to dewatering stresses.

The model suggests that dewatering of the:

- deposits in the western compartment should be achievable with a maximum rate of about 55 ML/d.
- deposits in the eastern compartment should be achievable with a maximum rate of about 90 ML/d.

Drawdown from these activities is predicted to be extensive within the Marra Mamba and Brockman Formation orebody aquifers, and the dolomite and Tertiary Detrital regional aquifers. This drawdown may exceed 100 m in the eastern compartment, and between 50 and 100 m in the vicinity of the mining areas in the western compartment. Monitoring data suggest that the local and regional aquifers are hydraulically well connected throughout most of the area (although not across the Central Fault).

Drawdown is not predicted to migrate west of the Wheelarra Fault or south into the granite bedrock. Drawdown is predicted to propagate to the east in the regional aquifers until it reaches the hydraulic barrier that is situated to the east of the Caramulla deposits. The future migration and magnitude of drawdown to the north is uncertain and hard to predict at this point.

Post closure the groundwater system is likely to take many centuries to recover. Predictions of what the groundwater levels will recover to when pits are left as open voids and evaporation is allowed to occur are very uncertain due to the combination of long time of recovery (and the uncertainty that this inherent in this) and the significant uncertainty in rainfall recharge.

10 Assessment of Potential Impacts

The identification and assessment of water related risks is in accordance with BHP's Our requirement for Risk Management outlined in BHP's *Water Management Standard* (BHP, 2023b). The standard includes catchment or basin scale risk and controls including environmental, community, third party and cumulative impacts (BHP, 2023b). BHP is committed to external engagement and collaboration to support social value initiatives, commercial arrangements, regulatory requirements, closure objectives and management of water related through but not limited to:

- External stakeholder engagement strategy
- If required contracts and agreements established for third-parties
- Water licences and approval conditions executed in accordance with regulatory and jurisdictional conditions and requirements

The groundwater model developed for Jimblebar has been used to estimate the extent of drawdown from dewatering at a maximum rate of 140 ML/d. The estimated drawdown at the end of mining (for several different uncertainty cases) are detailed below and provided in Figure 10.1.

10.1 Third party groundwater users

10.1.1 Pastoral bores

Jimblebar has an extensive groundwater monitoring network and will monitor any effect of drawdown if they occur. If Pastoral bores are effected mutual arrangements will be undertaken to ensure water supply is not affected and maintained.

10.1.2 Mining / Unknown Companies

There is some uncertainty on whether the dewatering activities will have an impact on water resource availability to where the Atlas Iron Ore bore is situated (Section 9.5.2). The bore could see a drawdown of 2 m occurring in their vicinity (Figure 10.1). Adequate monitoring will be put in place to mitigate any detrimental impact to the water resource at that location. There are no potential impacts considered for the Rio Tinto and the unknown bore located outside of the model domain.

10.1.3 Jigalong Aboriginal Reserve

Drawdown from Jimblebar dewatering is not predicted to migrate south across the granite bedrock and as such there is no potential impact on the Jigalong Aboriginal Reserve.

10.2 Local and Regional ecological assets

10.2.1 Innawally Pool

As discussed in section 4 Innawally Pool is a perched water feature and is not connected with the regional aquifer. BHP will continue to manage the discharge of surplus water to creeks through the continued implementation of the *Jimblebar Hub Water Management Plan*, to ensure that the surplus water discharge does not reach Innawally Pool under natural no flow conditions.

10.2.2 Ethel Gorge

Drawdown from Jimblebar dewatering is not predicted to migrate west across the Wheelarra Fault and as such there is no potential for drawdown reaching Ethel Gorge. Furthermore given the proposal will result in an increase to surplus water, the combined forecast surplus discharge from Jimblebar Hub will be less than the prescribed limit of the Part V licence of 32.625 GL/a. Groundwater levels and flow in the Ethel Gorge aquifer will be maintained to support the

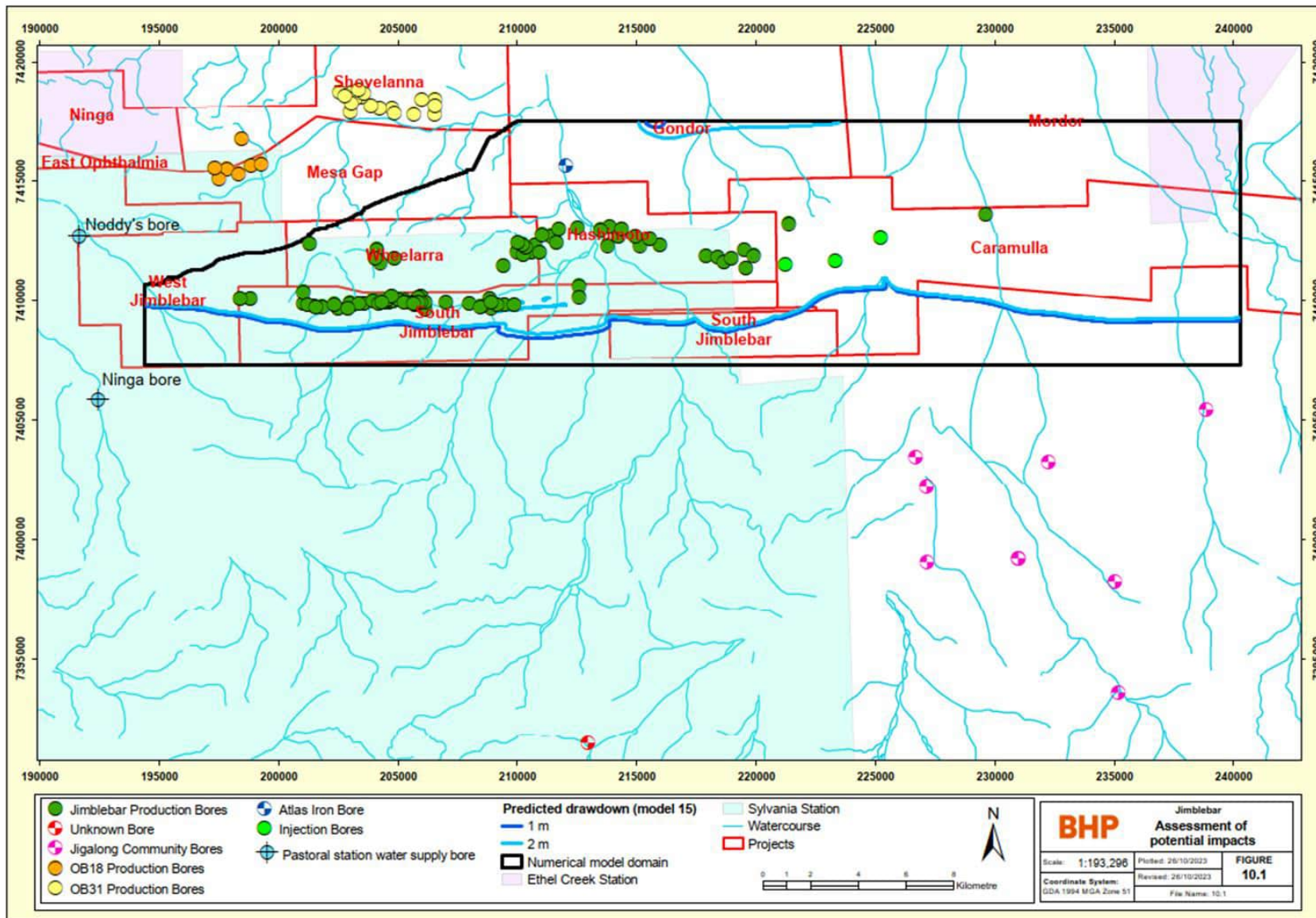
stygo fauna habitat of the Ethel Gorge TEC. Furthermore regional scale management through existing surplus water scheme of Ophthalmia Dam and prescribed mitigation actions detailed in the EPWRMP will be undertaken. Thus the level of impact will not be greater in magnitude than what is currently approved and there is no predicted change as a result of this proposal.

10.2.3 Newman Water Reserve

Drawdown from Jimblebar dewatering is not predicted to migrate west across the Wheelarra Fault and as such there is no potential impact on the Newman drinking water supply.

10.3 Other operations

Drawdown to the west toward the other BHP operations and borefields is attenuated by the Wheelarra Fault, which has been shown to form a regional hydraulic boundary. Consequently, these activities are not expected to be impacted by the dewatering drawdown footprint.



MXD Path: \\E:\pwr-8012\group\TSRD Application Drive\Resource Planning\Water Planning\03 ArcGIS\EPHFY21FY21_Jimblebar_Approvals_Support\MXD\140_HD_Specific\10.1.mxd

Figure 10.1 Assessment of potential impacts

11 Groundwater Monitoring

Monitoring of abstraction and water quality is undertaken in accordance with monitoring table (Table 3) outlined in the BHP GWL Operating Strategy for Jimblebar 4.0. Design of the monitoring program follows a source, pathway and receptor approach and currently focuses on the pathway from east to west across the Wheelarra Fault with the addition of regional bores.

As part of the Significant Amendment referral the GWOS will be updated to reflect current requirements of the source, pathway, receptor approach and where applicable will focus around areas of uncertainties identified by the model; assessment of aquifer performance and to determine any impact on other users/and or the environment.

Monitoring will also be in accordance with obligations set out in the Part V licence L5415/1988/9 and the updated Jimblebar Water Management Plan (JWMP) V0.1 (BHP, 2020).

12 Management Approach

BHP deems water as a finite resource and acknowledges how water plays an irreplaceable spiritual, cultural, ecological and economic role for different stakeholders in every landscape. BHP Water Management Standard sets the strategic direction for water management. Specifically for Jimblebar the Pilbara Water Resource Management Strategy (PWRMS) considers the hydrological changes resulting from BHP mining, the receiving receptors, potential impacts and the required risk-based adaptive management to mitigate potential impacts to acceptable levels.

The PWRMS is underpinned by regional water plans including the Eastern Pilbara Water Resource Management Plan (BHP, 2018b) and the JWMP. Each plan meets requirements of associated Ministerial Statements and outlines each key environmental value with outcome based provisions via trigger and threshold criteria.

Ethel Gorge TEC is managed through the EPWRMP (BHP, 2018), which is an adaptive, risk-based management approach designed to proactively counteract, mitigate and manage potential impacts (both predicted and actual) to an acceptable ecohydrological level. The EPWRMP has been reviewed and updated (Version 7.0) in concurrence with this report preparation to include potential impacts from surplus water discharge to Ophthalmia Dam/Ethel Gorge and Jimblebar Creek.

The JWMP includes outcomes based components including trigger and threshold criteria to manage the potential impacts of surplus mine dewatering from Jimblebar operations on regional aquifers and water features (Innawally Pool) and watercourses (Jimblebar Creek and Caramulla Creek) via groundwater injection and controlled discharge.

The Jimblebar AAR and GWOS will be the primary tools for assessing changes to local and regional groundwater levels and water quality.

13 Conclusions

A H3 level assessment has been undertaken to support the 5C application seeking an increase to GWL158795(11) for an annual water entitlement of 51,100,000kL/a (140 ML/d). The assessment consists of a conceptual hydrogeological model, which formed the basis for the development of the numerical groundwater model.

The model has been calibrated to current hydrogeological conditions using available water data concentrating on the response to dewatering at Jimblebar. Where the majority of dewatering activity has occurred this aligned with the predictive confidence of the model showing high confidence in the western compartment whereas less in the eastern

compartment given this area has only recently being subjected to stresses from dewatering. The calibrated model was used to predict dewatering rate over Jimblebar operations' mine life with the potential to reach 140 ML/d compared to the mid-case of 90 ML/d, with deposits in the western compartment achieving a maximum rate of approximately 55 ML/d and the eastern compartment a maximum rate of approximately 90 ML/d.

Monitoring data suggest that the local and regional aquifers are hydraulically well connected throughout most of the area (although not across the Central Fault). Drawdown is not predicted to migrate west of the Wheelarra Fault or south into the granite bedrock. Drawdown is predicted to propagate to the east in the regional aquifers until it reaches the hydraulic barrier that is situated to the east of the Caramulla deposits. The future migration and magnitude of drawdown to the north is uncertain and hard to predict at this point in time.

The level of impact is low with the majority of environmental values and third party users not being impacted by the proposal. Given the hydraulic connectivity there may be potential for water level reduction to the one Atlas Iron bore located to the north of the Jimblebar operations. A monitoring strategy (following a source, pathway and receptor approach) will be outlined in an updated GWOS which will be submitted to DWER following this application.

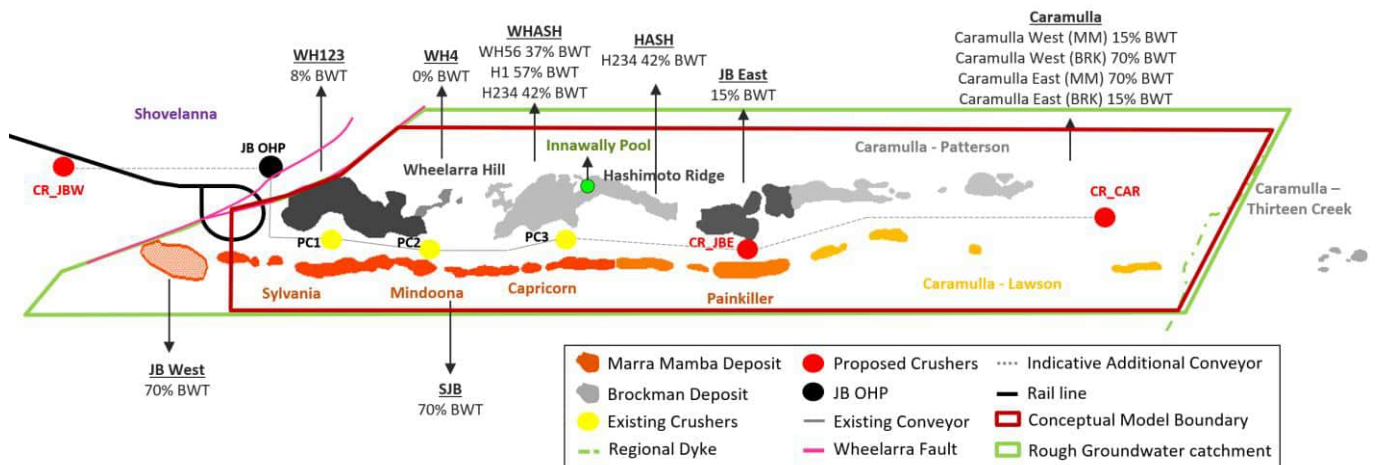
14 References

- Aquaterra. (2009). *Hydrogeological Assessment for South Jimblebar Iron Ore Project*.
- Barnett et al. (2012). *Australian groundwater modelling guidelines, Waterlines report*. National Water Commission, Canberra.
- BHP. (2023a). *WAI0 FY23 Annual Aquifer Review – Jimblebar Chapter*
- BHP. (2023b). *BHP Our Technical Standards Water Management Standard*
- BHP. (2021). *Basis for Jimblebar conceptual model*.
- BHP (2020) *Jimblebar Water Management Plan, Version 0.1*
- BHP. (2018a). *GWL Operating Strategy for Jimblebar 4.0*
- BHP (2018b) Eastern Pilbara Water Resource Management Plan, Version 6.0*
- BHP. (2017). *Jimblebar detailed hydrogeological assessment*.
- Charles S P, Fu G, Silberstein R P, Mpelasoka F, McFarlane D, Hodgson G, Teng J, Gabrovsek C, Ali R, Barron O, Aryal S K and Dawes W. (2015). *Hydroclimate of the Pilbara: past, present and future. A technical report to the Government of Western Australia and industry partners from the CSIRO Pilbara Water Resource Assessment*. CSIRO Land and Water, Australia.
- CSIRO. (2015). *Pilbara Water Resource Assessment: past, present and future hydroclimate. An overview report to the Government of Western Australia and industry partners from the CSIRO Pilbara Water Resource Assessment*. CSIRO Land and Water, Australia.
- Department of Water. *Water Information Reporting Database*. <https://wir.water.wa.gov.au/Pages/Water-Information-Reporting.aspx>
- Department of Water. (2009). *Operational Policy no. 5.12 – Hydrogeological reporting associated with a groundwater well licence*. Department of Water Perth November 2009.
- Department of Water. (2013). *Pilbara groundwater allocation plan*. <https://www.wa.gov.au/service/natural-resources/water-resources/pilbara-groundwater-allocation-plan>
- Ecologia Environment (ecologia). (2017). *Innawally Pool aquatic fauna survey*.
- Rumbaugh, J O and Rumbaugh, D N. (2011). *Guide to Using Groundwater Vistas, Version 6*.

15 Appendix A: Conceptual model

Jimblebar Conceptual Model

28 May 2021



Contents

Objectives 3

Conceptual model boundary 4

Level of understanding 5

Conceptual model 6

Uncertainties 14

Knowledge and interpretation 16

Objectives

The objectives are to:

Provide a complete description of the Jimblebar conceptual groundwater model.

Provide evidence for all assertions and assumptions in the model. All data used should be stored in accessible format and locations.

Consider all aspects of the groundwater system that are pertinent to dewatering and impact assessment requirements.

Provide an assessment of uncertainty of all key elements of the conceptual model.

Provide a living document that can be updated easily.

Be concise.

Be developed and owned by BHP hydrogeologists to enhance in-house knowledge and ownership of the conceptualisation.

Conceptual model boundary

The broad Jimblebar-Wheelarra-Hashimoto-Caramulla mining area (referred to herein collectively as ‘Jimblebar’) has been conceptualised separately from the north-western Shovelanna mining area (which includes OB18 and OB31). This is due to the geographic and hydraulic isolation caused by the Wheelarra Fault (see Figure 1) that cuts between the two mining areas.

The extent of this conceptual model captures most of the potential mining areas at Jimblebar. The majority of the data is focused in the western part of the catchment.

The main Jimblebar groundwater catchment is defined within the following boundaries:

- West: The Wheelarra Fault
- East: The NE/SW trending Khyber Fault to the east of Caramulla
- North: Low permeability rocks (Weeli Wolli Formation)
- South: Low permeability rocks (granites etc.)

A note on nomenclature: references to South Jimblebar generally refer to the Mindoona, Sylvania and Capricorn deposits, WH123 refers to Wheelarra 123 deposits, WHASH refers to Wheelarra 56 and Hashimoto 1 deposits, and HASH refers to Hashimoto 234 deposits.

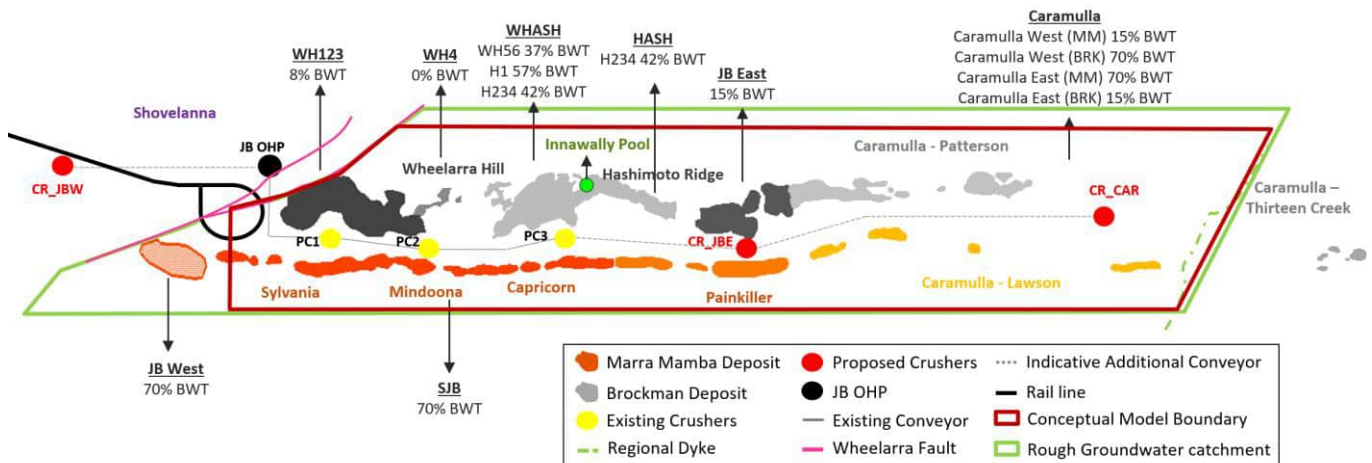


Figure 1. Conceptual Model Boundary and 2017 General Life of Asset Plan (BWT = ore below water table)

Level of understanding

There have been many small scale test pumping investigations in the Jimblebar area and a larger Hydrodynamic Trial was undertaken in South Jimblebar. In addition to this there have been many iterations of numerical modelling. By far the greatest insight however now comes from the observed response to South Jimblebar dewatering, which has been ongoing at significant rates since 2011, and WHASH dewatering which has been ongoing since November 2018.

The level of detail provided by the response to dewatering therefore completely eclipses all previous investigations and it is this data that has been used to define the groundwater flow components of the conceptual model. The level of understanding within the dewatering drawdown footprint can be considered very high. The one exception to this is the Caramulla MAR test pumping, which has provided valuable insights into that area.

Away from the dewatering drawdown, or where water levels are not being monitored (i.e. within the Painkiller deposit), the level of understanding reduces sharply. The spatial extent of hydrogeological certainty is summarised in Table 1.

Table 1: Conceptual model confidence

Area	Conceptual confidence
South Jimblebar (Mindoonna)	High
South Jimblebar (Sylvania)	High/moderate
Wheelarra 123 (WH123)	High
Wheelarra 56 and Hashimoto 1 (WHASH)	High/moderate
South Jimblebar (Capricorn)	Moderate/low
Hashimoto 234 (HASH)	Moderate/low
Jimblebar East	Low
Jimblebar West	Low
Painkiller	Low
Caramulla	Low

Conceptual model

Introduction

The main conceptual model components are shown in Figure 2 and described below. The greatest detail is provided for the area encompassing Sylvania, Mindoona, Capricorn, WH123, WHASH and HASH deposits, as these are the areas represented by the vast majority of data. The mining areas are shown in Figure 3.

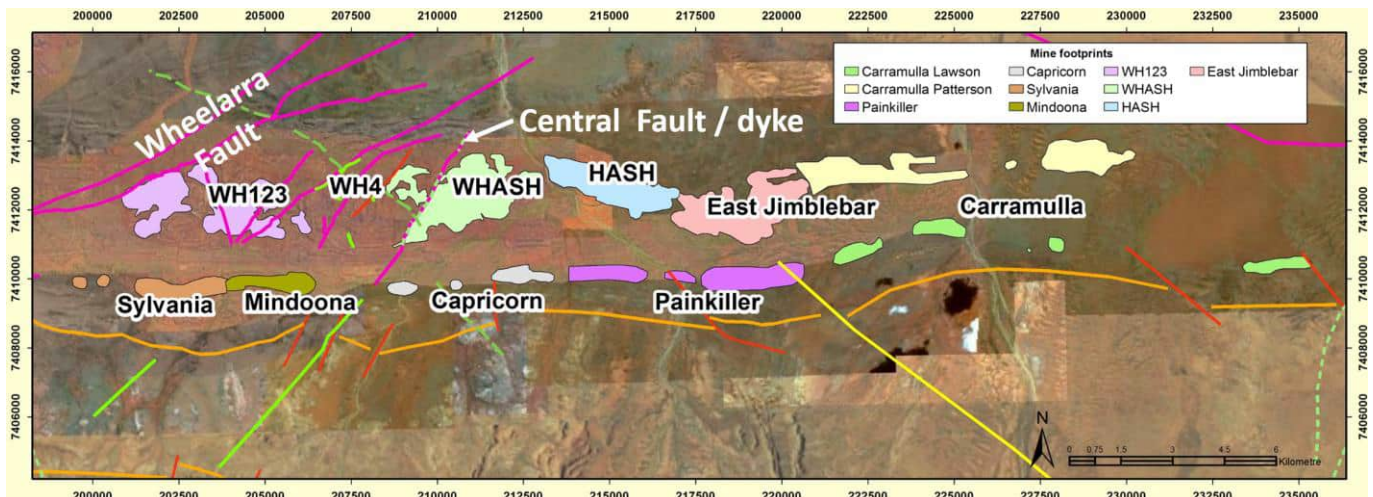


Figure 3. Mining areas

Hydrostratigraphy and relationships

The main aquifers in the area are:

- Orebody aquifers, which are made up of mineralised and submineralised material of the:
 - Marra Mamba Formation, which forms an almost continuous east/west striking aquifer in the south. As per the FY22 Life of Asset (LoA) mine plan, some of these orebodies reach depths of about 350 mRL (~110 m below water table (BWT)).
 - Brockman Iron Formation, which forms discontinuous east/west striking aquifers in the north. Whilst they are discontinuous, they can be very large, as in the case of the WHASH orebody. As per the FY22 LoA mine plan, the WH123 orebody reaches a maximum depth of about 354 mRL (~110 m BWT) and the WHASH orebody reaches as low as 324 mRL (~140 m BWT).
- Regional aquifers, which are located through the central valleys of the Jimblebar area and are made up of:
 - Weathered Paraburdoo (and Bee Gorge) Members of the Wittenoom Formation. The Paraburdoo dolomite in particular, can be karstic and highly permeable.
 - Sand and gravel occurrences in the Tertiary Detritals. The detritals are very thick in places, reaching up to 360 m thick immediately north of Mindoona pit and reaching as low as 200 mRL.

The orebody and regional bedrock aquifers are separated by the various shale members of the Wittenoom Formation, Brockman Iron Formation and Mt McRae / Mt Sylvia Formations. The Mt McRae and Mt Sylvia shales are present to the south of the Brockman orebodies and the West Angela Shale is found to the north of the Marra Mamba orebodies. In some areas the Tertiary Detrital aquifers are in direct contact with the orebody aquifers whereas in others they too are separated by the shale formations.

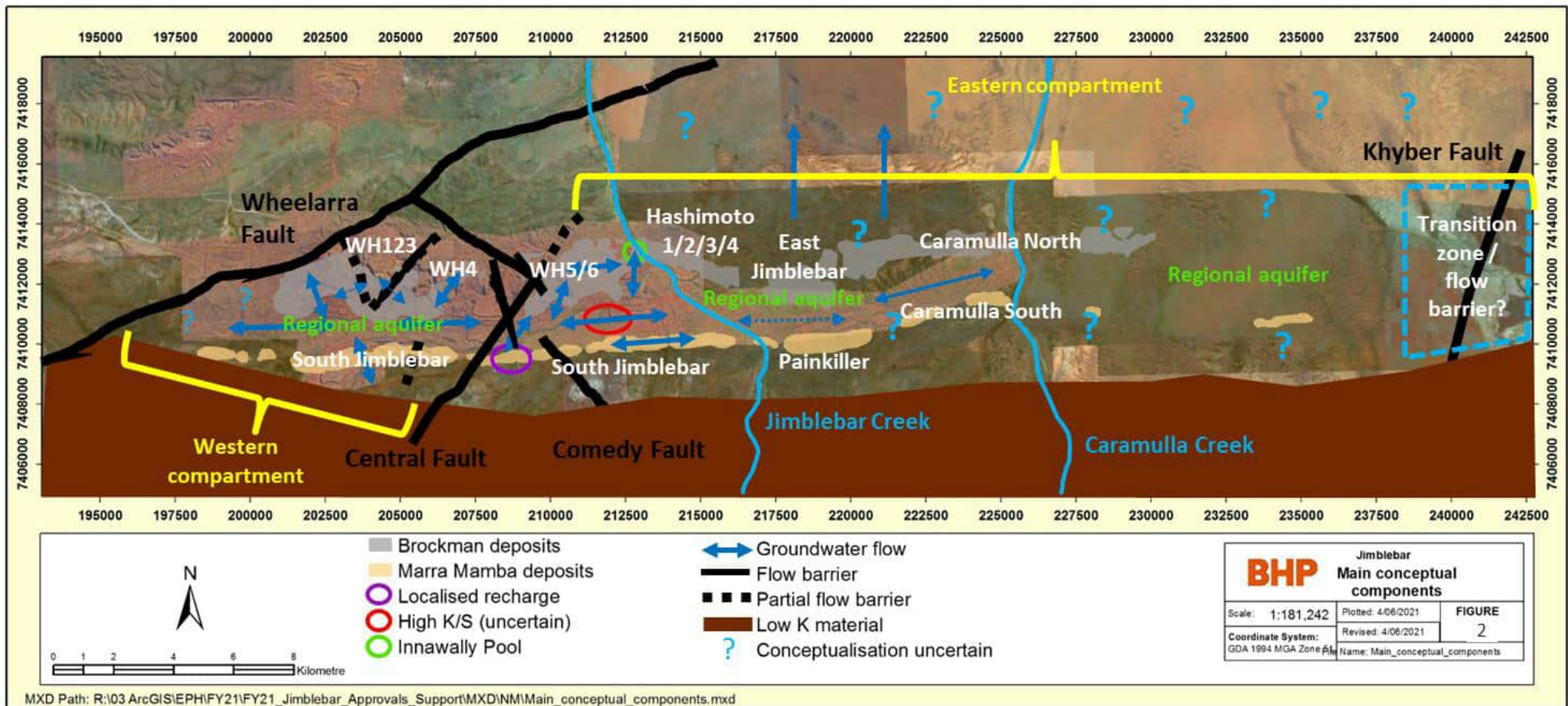


Figure 2. Conceptual model

BHP

Even with the presence of these conceptually lower permeability materials, at a regional scale, all the aquifers present a high degree of hydraulic connection. For example, dewatering of the southern Marra Mamba orebodies has been observed to significantly reduce groundwater levels in the northern Brockman orebodies.

However, as discussed further below, the Central Fault effectively divides the Jimblebar groundwater system in half and allows very little flow across it. Under dewatering conditions, these western and eastern compartments on either side of the Central Fault can be thought of as separate entities.

At a local scale some variability in hydraulic connection through the intervening non-orebody material is more likely to be encountered. However, dewatering of the South Jimblebar Stage 1 (Mindooona) pit has shown that water levels in virtually all lithologies local to the orebody in this location respond very well and uniformly to dewatering. These observations suggest that the mechanism for this, and the connection to the regional aquifers, is through the rock mass, rather than being structurally controlled.

The bedrock to the south of the Marra Mamba orebodies is made up of shales and dolerites of the Jeerinah Formation and granites of the Sylvania Inlier. Whilst the Jeerinah Formation may have a moderate permeability, particularly in the west of the area, the granites form a hydraulic barrier to the south of Jimblebar as evidenced by the very high groundwater levels and lack of an obvious response to dewatering.

The bedrock north of the Brockman orebodies consists of Yandicoogina Shale and Weeli Wollli Formation. These units are conceptually low permeability and form a hydraulic barrier to the north. The permeability of this material may be higher than the granites to the south however, as evidenced by the flatter groundwater heads in this material and the hypothesised throughflow out of the catchment to the north beneath WHASH.

The regional aquifer systems generally exhibit high transmissivity and storage. However, the system between Caramulla Patterson and Lawson deposits shows signs of being high transmissivity but also low storage.

Hydraulic parameter values characteristic of the various aquifer units are summarised in Table 2 (summarised from the 2021 regional scale numerical groundwater modelling). However, there is likely a significant degree of heterogeneity within hydrostratigraphic units across the Jimblebar area.

Table 2: Summary of key hydraulic parameters

Material	Hydraulic conductivity	Specific yield
Marra Mamba orebody aquifer	0.5 to 50 m/d	1 to 20%
Brockman orebody aquifer	5 to 100 m/d	5 to 20%
Regional aquifer (weathered dolomite)	20 m/d	5%
Regional aquifer (Tertiary Detritals)	0.001 to 50 m/d	5 to 15%

The Brockman orebody parameters are highest confidence around the WH123 and WHASH deposits and the Marra Mamba parameters are highest confidence around the Mindooona and Sylvania deposits.

Structures and flow barriers

Regional and local structures play a significant role in the Jimblebar groundwater system and generally behave as barriers to flow.

There is little or no flow across the Wheelarra Fault and this forms the western boundary to the Jimblebar groundwater catchment. The NE-SW trending structure(s) that passes through Caramulla in the far east of the catchment is shown by observed water levels to be significant (although as yet untested by drawdown) and is likely to act as the eastern boundary to the system.

Locally there are several structures that, as shown by the propagation of drawdown, provide either partial or complete barriers to groundwater flow. These include:

- The Central Fault which clearly separates all the aquifers into a western and eastern compartment. This may happen through a combination of dyke infill (dolerite) in the bedrock part of the fault and low permeability clay in the Tertiary Detritals immediately above it. This is important because the Tertiary

BHP

Detritals are saturated in this area and would otherwise enable unimpeded flow between the eastern and western sides of the fault (which does not happen).

- The Comedy Fault (infilled with dolerite), which seems to be significant in the Marra Mamba orebody of South Jimblebar.
- The Monster Fault and other, unnamed, faults around WH123 form a partial barrier to groundwater flow. This effect may also be due to, or as well as, lower hydraulic conductivity bedrock in this area.

There may be other structures that are hydraulically significant in the eastern part of the Jimblebar area (e.g. the Khyber Fault) but these are only likely to become apparent after several years of dewatering of the eastern orebodies.

Regional flows and heads

Pre-development groundwater levels were relatively flat in the Jimblebar area, particularly in the areas of the orebody and regional aquifers. This is relatively surprising given the presence of the behaviour of the Central Fault as a major flow barrier.

The general groundwater flow direction was probably from the orebody aquifers, where heads are slightly elevated (i.e. at WH123 they are about 463 mRL) into the valley aquifers (Tertiary Detritals and weathered Paraburadoo) where the water levels are around 462 mRL. Groundwater then flowed from the valley aquifers to the north and out of the catchment. The extent of outflow to the north is unknown due to limited pre-development head data, and it is hypothesised that groundwater may also flow in a northerly direction beneath the WHASH, HASH, East Jimblebar and Caramulla North orebodies where heads are marginally lower (range from 454 – 459 mRL).

There may be some inflow from the southern bedrock into the Marra Mamba orebodies where heads are significantly higher (530 mRL) but the rocks are most likely characterised by very low permeability and storage.

Recharge and discharge mechanisms

Rainfall recharge is likely to occur into this system, but the mechanism and rate is uncertain. In fact the evidence is contradictory, with very limited recharge suggested by:

- The lack of response in time variant groundwater levels to rainfall events (although this analysis is complicated by the dewatering response).
- The significant depth to groundwater.

However the potential for significant recharge is suggested by the:

- Discrepancy between average heads observed in exploration drill holes taken before the very wet 1999/2000 period, which are roughly 2 m lower than those taken after.
- Relatively fresh nature of groundwater as evidenced by the observed EC values.
- The very fresh groundwater encountered where Copper Creek crosses South Jimblebar (most likely a localised recharge area).
- Extreme fluctuation in orebody and dolomite EC following the start of mining in 2014. The permeable bedrock has been opened to direct rainfall recharge and this seems to be significant.

Recharge to the system via regional throughflow is estimated to be low, given the various low permeability barriers that bound the system to the west, south and east.

Due to the depth to water, discharge via evapotranspiration is not likely to contribute anything to the water balance. It is therefore likely that all discharge from the system prior to mining was via flow to the north in the central part of the Jimblebar catchment (i.e. WHASH, HASH, East Jimblebar and Caramulla).

A significant amount of groundwater discharge now occurs via abstraction for both mine dewatering and water supply (Figure 4). There has also been some recharge in the form of injection of surplus water to the three injection bores on the eastern side of the Central Fault.

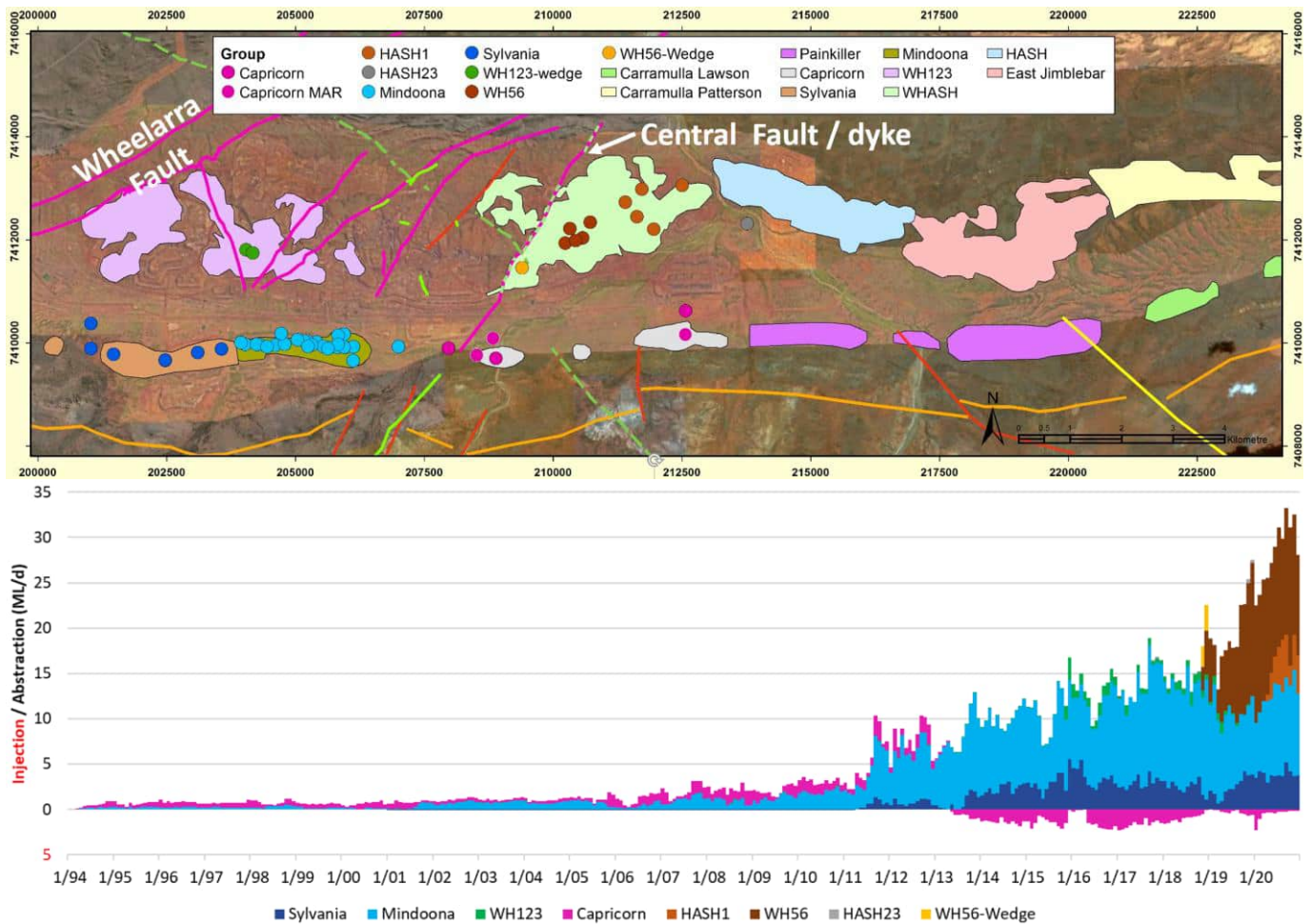


Figure 4. Historical abstraction and injection at Jimblebar

Change in groundwater levels

The change in groundwater levels since 1994, as described by the difference between pre-development and 2017 and 2021 head observations, is shown in Figures 5 and 6 respectively. The main conceptual elements are highlighted by this data:

- The barrier effect of the Wheelarra and Central Faults.
- The widespread and uniform drawdown throughout the western compartment.
- The widespread mounding (2017) suggesting good connection in the eastern compartment.
- The lack of discernible drawdown observed to the northwest and south
- The movement of drawdown from WHASH / HASH towards the east (2021)

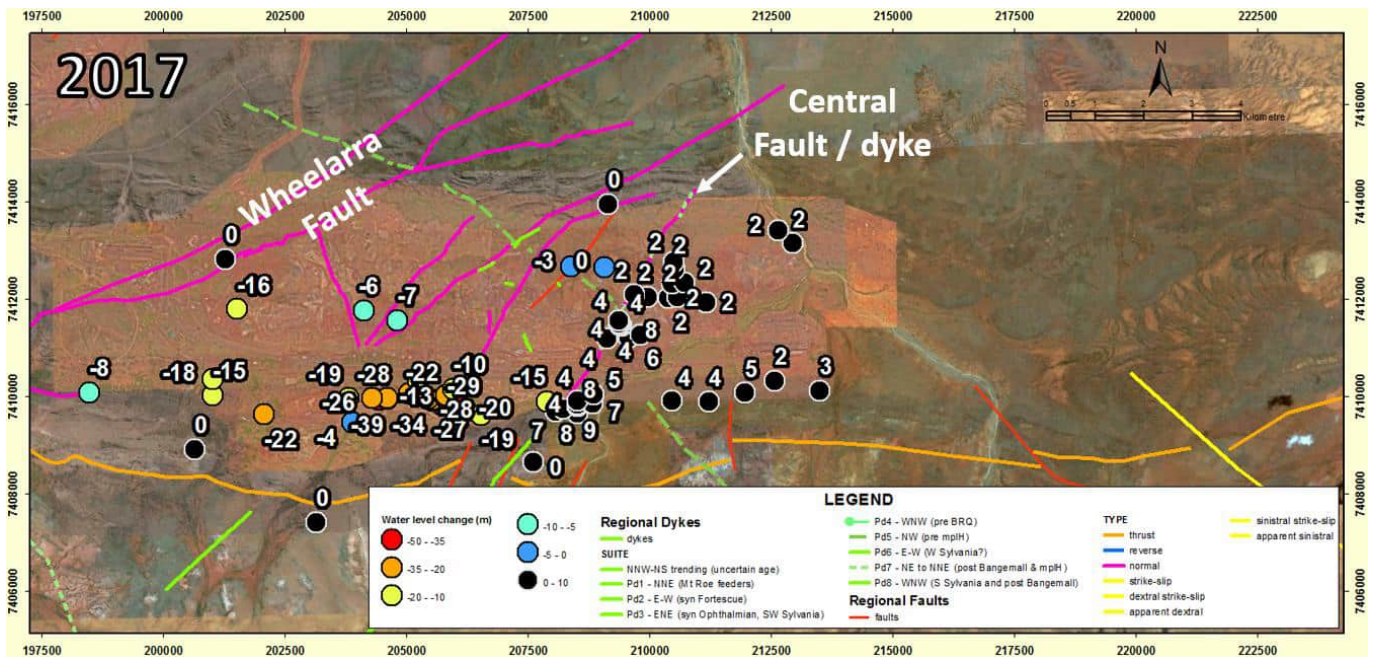


Figure 5. Observed change in Jimblebar groundwater levels from 1994 to 2017

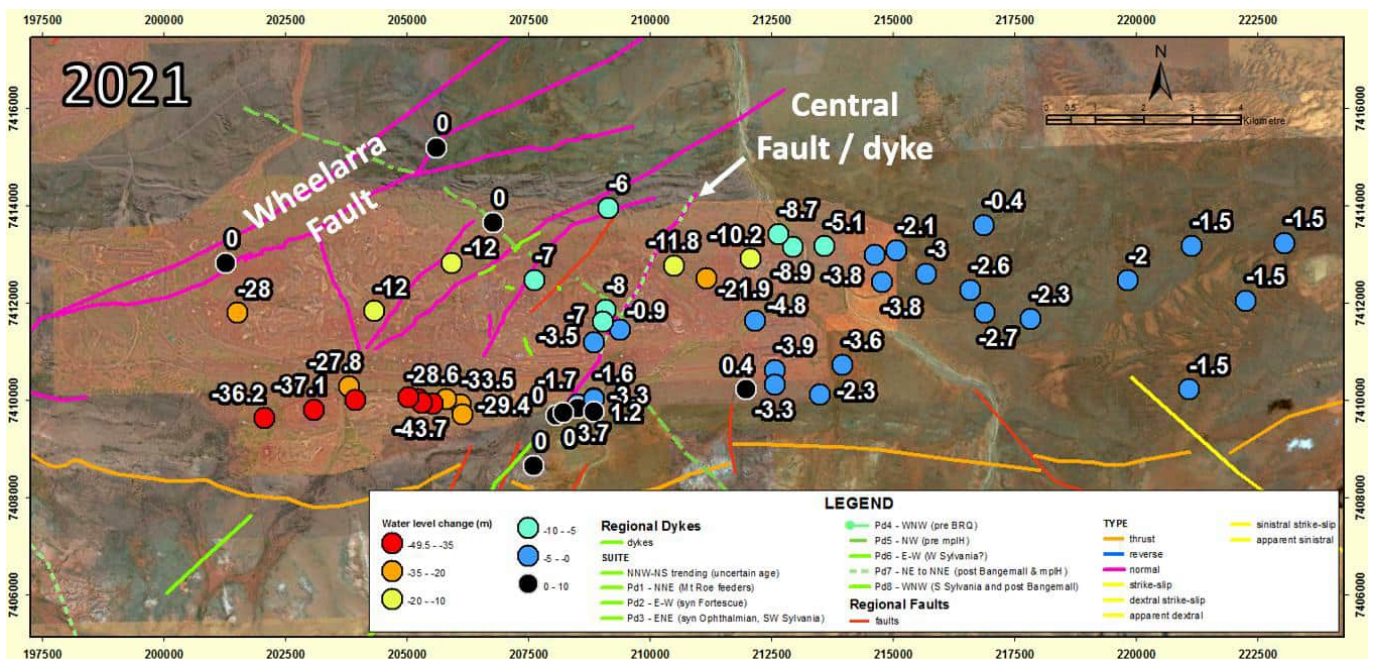


Figure 6. Observed change in Jimblebar groundwater levels by 2021

Groundwater / surface water interaction

The opportunity for direct interaction between the groundwater and surface water systems in the Jimblebar area is limited by the significant depth to groundwater over the entire area. Pre-development depth to groundwater was:

- WH123: ~100 m
- WH4: >110 m
- WHASH: > 80 m
- HASH: >70 m

BHP

- East Jimblebar: >90 m
- South Jimblebar (Sylvania, Mindoonna): ~80 m
- Capricorn: ~70 m
- Painkiller: ~70 m
- Caramulla: ~65 m
- Valley alluvial fill (Tertiary Detritals):
 - South Jimblebar area: 100 m (west) to 50 m (east)
 - East Jimblebar / Caramulla area: 50 m

Receptors

There are no groundwater dependent receptors in the Jimblebar area. The main environmental receptors in the area are Innawally Pool and Jimblebar Creek, which, due to the significant depth to the water table, are not groundwater dependent. Station bores are present to the south of Jimblebar, but these are screened in perched alluvial systems unconnected to the Jimblebar groundwater system.

The project does have the potential to have an indirect impact on the Ethel Gorge stygofauna community through future surplus water discharge to Ophthalmia Dam.

Mine water management

Mine water supplies have been pumped from the Jimblebar Borefield since 1995. Early abstraction (HSJ0001P, 3P, 4P, 5P, 6P and 7P) occurred for dust suppression, ore handling and (after treatment at the RO plant) the workshop. The water balance was neutral and no excess water was pumped or discharged.

The current (as at FY21) groundwater abstraction license for the Jimblebar borefields is 60 ML/d. This allows abstracted water to be used for dust suppression, earthworks and construction, mineral ore processing, campsite purposes and reinjection. The current Part IV approvals allows discharge of up to 72 ML/d.

The current surplus schemes in operation include:

- South Jimblebar Copper Creek (commenced operation FY13)
- OB31 Emergency creek discharge (FY16 - used as required)
- Ophthalmia Dam (Jimblebar surplus to Dam commenced FY17)
- South Jimblebar (Capricorn) MAR Capricorn bores (injecting since FY12)
- Ninga Valley MAR (commenced operation late 2020)

The Caramulla MAR scheme Stage 1 is also set to commence in March 2022. Additional surplus options are currently being investigated further east of Jimblebar, including Caramulla MAR Stage 2, Caramulla Creek discharge and Thirteen Creek discharge.

BHP is now requesting a groundwater abstraction license increase (in progress) from 60 ML/d to 72 ML/d to align with the current Part IV approvals limit. This abstraction uplift is required to de-constrain dewatering of the WHASH and HASH deposits. Concurrently, BHP is also requesting a Part IV approvals uplift to enable discharge of up to 140 ML/day surplus dewatering at Jimblebar.

Mine plan risks / uncertainties

The conceptualisation in the western compartment can be considered high confidence, although some uncertainty remains:

- As the water level continues to decrease, the western compartment aquifers may become compartmentalised by basement highs, clay lenses etc.
- The significance of the localised pit rainfall recharge to the overall water balance is unknown.
- The hydrogeology of the Jimblebar West (Figure 1) Marra Mamba orebody is not well understood. Some mine plans show the pit to the west of the Wheelarra Fault but this is unlikely and illustrates the immature understanding of this orebody, which could be as much as 70% BWT.

Confidence in the conceptualisation of the eastern compartment ranges from low to high, depending on location (highest confidence in the western orebodies, lowest in the east). The following uncertainties remain:

- Variation in hydraulic behaviour with depth is not known.
- The range in estimated dewatering rates is very wide and the maximum is very high.
- Hydraulic boundaries may exist that are yet to express their control on the observed data.
- The connection between the orebody and regional aquifers is not known with certainty.

Acid and metalliferous drainage

Acid and Metalliferous Drainage (AMD) risk based assessments were undertaken in 2016 to inform the FY16 Jimblebar Mine Closure Plan (BHP, 2016). WH56 and H1 pits were identified as having moderate to high AMD risk. Key lithologies contributing to exposed Potentially Acid Forming (PAF) material at WH56/H1 include the Mt McRae and Mt Sylvia shale units. WH123, WH4, H234 and Mindoona pits were classified as having low AMD risk. There have been no changes to these risk levels in the FY21 revision of the Jimblebar Mine Closure Plan (BHP, 2021a).

An assessment has yet to be made of the potential AMD risk of the South Jimblebar Sylvania and Capricorn pits, East and West Jimblebar, Painkiller and Caramulla deposits.

Uncertainties

Main blind spots

As dewatering has been ongoing at significant rates for 10 years, the main uncertainties remaining in the area exist outside of the dewatering zone of influence or where monitoring infrastructure is not in place to observe dewatering drawdown.

The main uncertainties remaining in the Jimblebar area that are relevant to future dewatering requirements and drawdown predictions are:

- The size of the eastern aquifer compartment (i.e. how far to the east it extends, whether it is broken into smaller units by structures).
- The extent of hydraulic connection between the orebodies and regional aquifer in the eastern compartment.
- To the north of the Brockman Iron Formation the uncertainties are high. In places drawdown has been observed moving north, but monitoring is limited. There are no groundwater receptors in the immediate vicinity however and the connection to the north would have to be very high (not currently conceptualised) to have a major impact on dewatering rates.
- As water levels become lower in the western and eastern compartments the currently good hydraulic connection within each of them may become compromised if aquifers become disconnected and sub-compartments are created. This may be associated with basement highs and the presence of clays in the detritals at depth.
- The exact nature of the feature separating the western and eastern compartments (along the Central Fault) has not been confirmed. Most of the uncertainty is associated with the behaviour of the feature in the pre-development state, specifically:
 - How it was hidden in the water levels (which are flat)
 - How water could have passed through it to discharge to the north.

The effect of this remaining uncertainty is probably low however because whatever the mechanism, the behaviour under dewatering stress is not in question.

- Numerical modelling suggested that there may be a very high K and / or high S material in the central valley directly south of WHASH in an area known as Hullabaloo. There is some evidence to suggest that the dolomite here is cavernous, but without additional data this remains a theory to be tested. If something like this does exist however, it implies high dewatering requirements for the WHASH deposits.
- The hydrostratigraphic understanding of entire detrital sequence is quite poor. It is defined based on limited data as it generally lies outside of the attention of resource drilling (and therefore the geological models). As the clay occurrences within this material have the potential to disrupt local hydraulic connection, a lack of knowledge as to their whereabouts and continuity may become more important as dewatering progresses.

Alternate models

The dewatering stress and abundance of observation data in the western compartment do not leave much room for alternate conceptualisations. There may be more connection to the west through the Wheelarra Fault directly adjacent to the Marra Mamba orebodies, but this is unlikely. There may be more connection through to the north, but this is also unlikely. The exact mechanism by which the Central Fault blocks flow between the east and west is also open to alternate explanations, but the result (i.e. no flow) is unchanged.

In the eastern compartment however, the following alternate conceptualisations are still possible:

- The boundaries are currently assumed to be relatively open to the east and north. A feasible alternate assumption could be that structures to the east exist much closer to Jimblebar and reduce the dewatering catchment size considerably.
- The detritals and/or dolomite in the area of Hullabaloo may present a significantly enhanced storage and or hydraulic conductivity compared to the material east and west.
- Connection between orebody and regional aquifers in this area is not well understood. In some locations the whole range of possibilities should be considered (i.e. from not well connected to very well connected).
- Current interpretations of limited geological drilling suggest reduced along-strike connection within the Caramulla north (Patterson) and south (Lawson) deposits (i.e. mineralised zones as separate pods of ore). However, an alternate conceptualisation may be that these deposits are well-connected along strike through the mineralised zones.

Knowledge and interpretation

Geology

Jimblebar is characterised by prominent E-W striking Brockman Iron Formation in the Wheelarra Hills to the north and low lying ridges of Marra Mamba Iron Formation to the south. In the valley between these ridges, the Tertiary Detritals form an extensive cover (Table 3). The main orebody scale knowledge comes from the various BHP geological models available as of June 2021. The coverage and drill hole density of these models, as well as geology are shown in Figure 7.

Table 3: Jimblebar stratigraphic log

Age	Location	Group	Formation	Member	Code		
Young  Old	Central	Tertiary Detritals	TD3		TD3		
			TD2		TD2		
			TD1		TD1		
	North	 South	Hamersley	Boolgeeda Iron		HO	
				Woongarra Rhyolite		HW	
				Weeli Wolli		HJ / WW	
				Brockman Iron	Yandicoogina		Y
					Joffre		J1 – J6
					Whaleback Shale		W
					Dales Gorge		D1 – D4
				Mount McRae Shale			R
					Mount Sylvia		S
				Wittenoom	Bee Gorge		OC/OD
					Paraburdoo		OB
					West Angela		WA
				Marra Mamba Iron	Mount Newman		N1 – N3
					McLeod		MM
	Nammuldi		MU				
	Fortescue		Jeerinah		JN		
			Granatoid Complex				

Marra Mamba Iron Formation

South Jimblebar (Sylvania, Mindoona, Capricorn), West Jimblebar, Painkiller and parts of the Caramulla host the main Marra Mamba orebodies of the region. Mineralisation is primarily hosted within the Mt Newman Member (MN) and to lesser extent within the West Angela, McLeod and Nammuldi Members. Minor amounts of enrichment are noted within the Bee Gorge. Stratigraphy dips varyingly to the north (Figure 8).

To the south lies the Jeerinah Formation (shales and dolerites) and further south the Sylvania Inlier (largely granites and dolerites).

Brockman Iron Formation

The Wheelarra and Hashimoto Hills contain stratigraphic sequences of the Brockman Iron, Mt McRae Formation and Mt Sylvia Formations of the Hamersley Group which form alternating sequences of banded iron formation (BIF), shale and chert layers. The overall geometry of the Hashimoto area is of a gently northward dipping geological sequence (Figures 9 and 10). Common occurrences of lost drilling equipment due to vuggy and fractured ground as well as ‘groundwater issues’ noted during drilling suggests the occurrence of high yields and potentially a large dewatering effort.

Mineralisation is intersected in the Dales Gorge and Joffre Members of this Formation with high grade mineralisation noted dominantly within the J2, D4 and D2 units and variably within the D3, D1 and J1-6 units. In general, iron enrichment predominantly occurs within the Dales Gorge Member, with minor occurrences in the

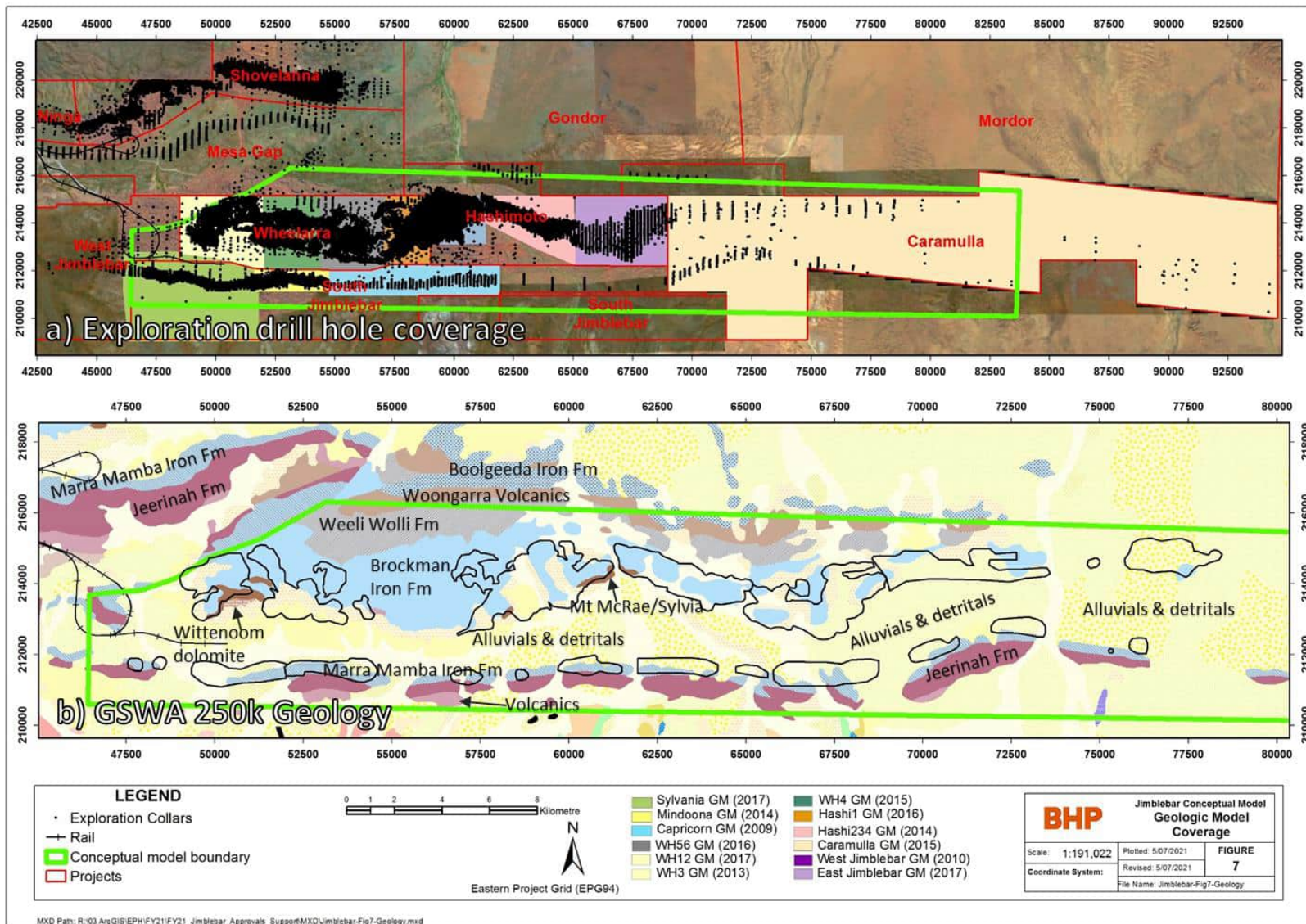


Figure 7. Drill hole coverage and geology

BHP

Joffre Member, matching observations of generally higher yields intersected within the Dales unit during hydrogeological drilling. The Whaleback Shale member separates the two orebody units (Dales and Joffre), characterised as predominantly shale and BIF bands.

The Mt Sylvania Formation consists of interbedded chert, shale and siltstone layers, the uppermost unit of which is the regionally extensive Bruno's Band. This band typically forms a resistant boundary to flow as observed through exposed seepage faces in the Eastern Ridge and Whaleback pits. The Mt McRae Shale consists of interbedded carbonaceous shale and chert and is typically the more impermeable of the two shales.

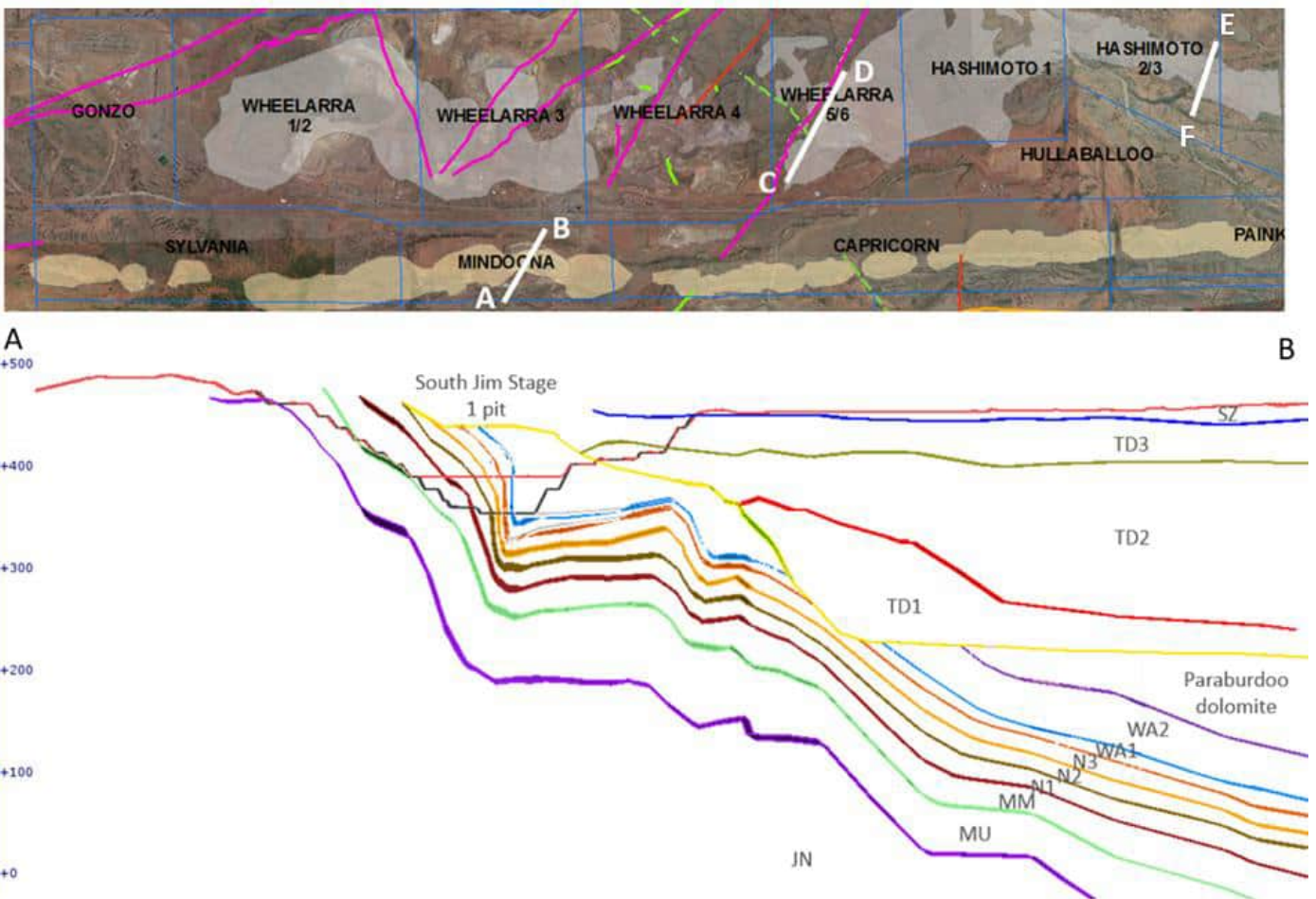


Figure 8. South Jimblebar (Marra Mamba) Cross Section

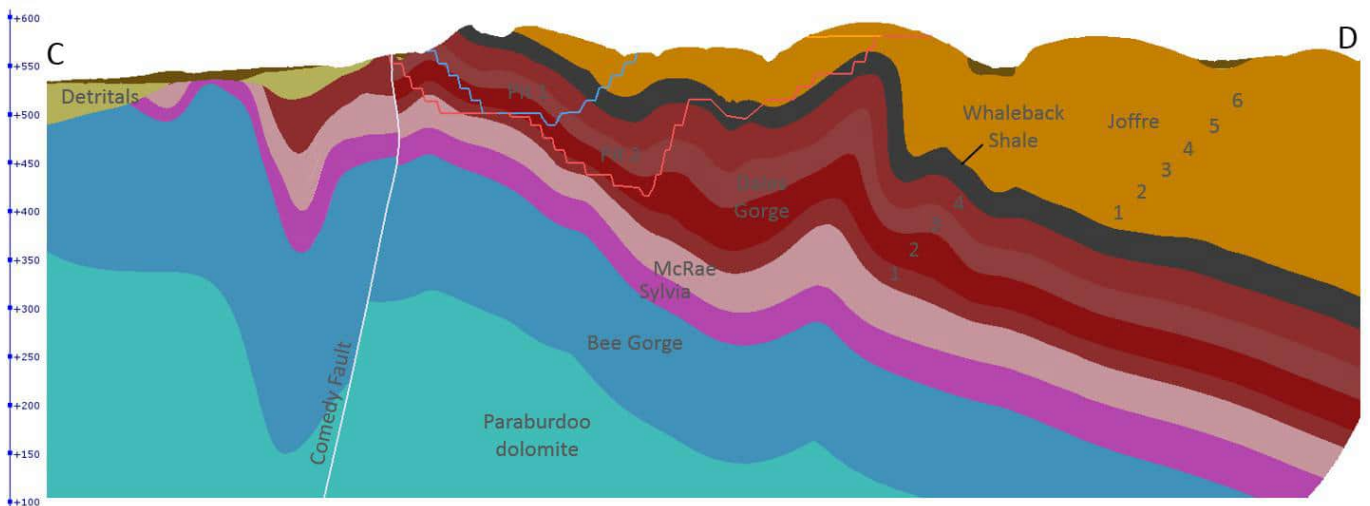


Figure 9. Wheelarra Hill (Brockman Iron) Cross Section

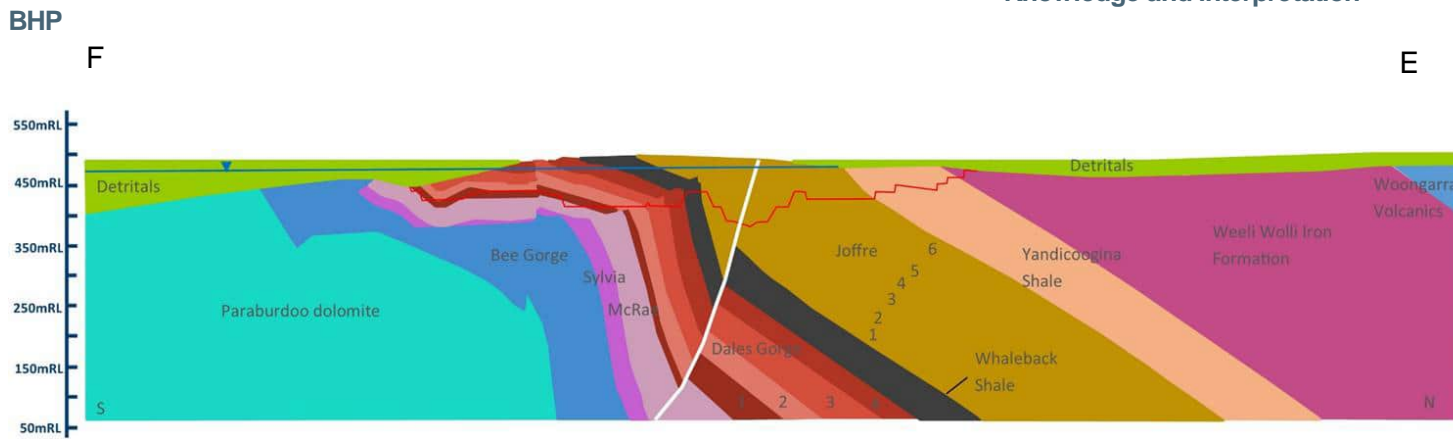


Figure 10. Hashimoto (Brockman Iron) Cross Section

Valley Fill (Tertiary Detritals) and underlying bedrock

Between the Marra Mamba and Brockman orebodies (i.e. between South Jimblebar and Wheelarra Hill) and following the same E-W striking trend, the Paraburdoo member of the Wittenoom Formation subcrops.

The Paraburdoo is overlain by Cainozoic and Quaternary deposits (Tertiary Detritals) up to 360 m thick. The deepest section is directly north of the Mindoona pit. The Tertiary Detritals are divided into TD1, TD2 and TD3. The older deeper sediments (TD1) are fluvial and comprise alluvial silts, sands and gravels. Intermediate to shallow depth sediments (TD2 and TD3) comprise lower energy clayey sequences and extensive calcrete horizons.

These are overlain and partly incised by recent alluvial deposits associated with the current surface drainage systems (i.e. Surface scree (SZ)).

The valley hosts floodplains of the present-day Caramulla, Copper and Jimblebar Creeks.

Structure

A complex area of faulting and folding exists along the Wheelarra-Hashimoto range and to a lesser extent along the Marra Mamba deposits (Figure 11). Monitoring has shown that the following faults may have a bearing on groundwater flow:

- A. The NE-SW trending Wheelarra Fault is a major strike-slip fault which truncates the Shovelanna project area from Jimblebar with a stratigraphic offset up to 10 km. This has had the effect of bringing the granites and dolerites of the Sylvania Inlier to the north on the western side, which puts them adjacent to the Marra Mamba and Brockman orebodies on the eastern side.
- B. Two faults (one of which is called "Monster") offset at right angles in WH123 form a 'V' shape.
- C. A NE-SW trending fault transgresses the eastern end of the Mindoona mining pit and extends northeast into Wheelarra 4.
- D. In WH56 the NE-SW trending Central Fault and NW-SE Comedy Fault. Both are large sub-vertical normal faults and are at similar orientation to smaller scale faults across the Wheelarra project area. The central fault contains fine-grained weathered dolerite of generally 10 m width. The Comedy Fault shows only minor displacement of stratigraphy. The Central Dyke is thought to cut the Comedy Dyke.
- E. The Khyber Fault and other NE-SW trending structure(s) that pass through Caramulla in the far east of the catchment.

The following structures have not been investigated in terms of their influence on flow, but may be significant:

- F. The Nacho Fault, an inferred N-S trending vertical structure.
- G. The Morton Bay Fault in Hashimoto 1 exhibits deformation, steepened folding and stratigraphic offset and has been filled with quartz and breccia fabrics.

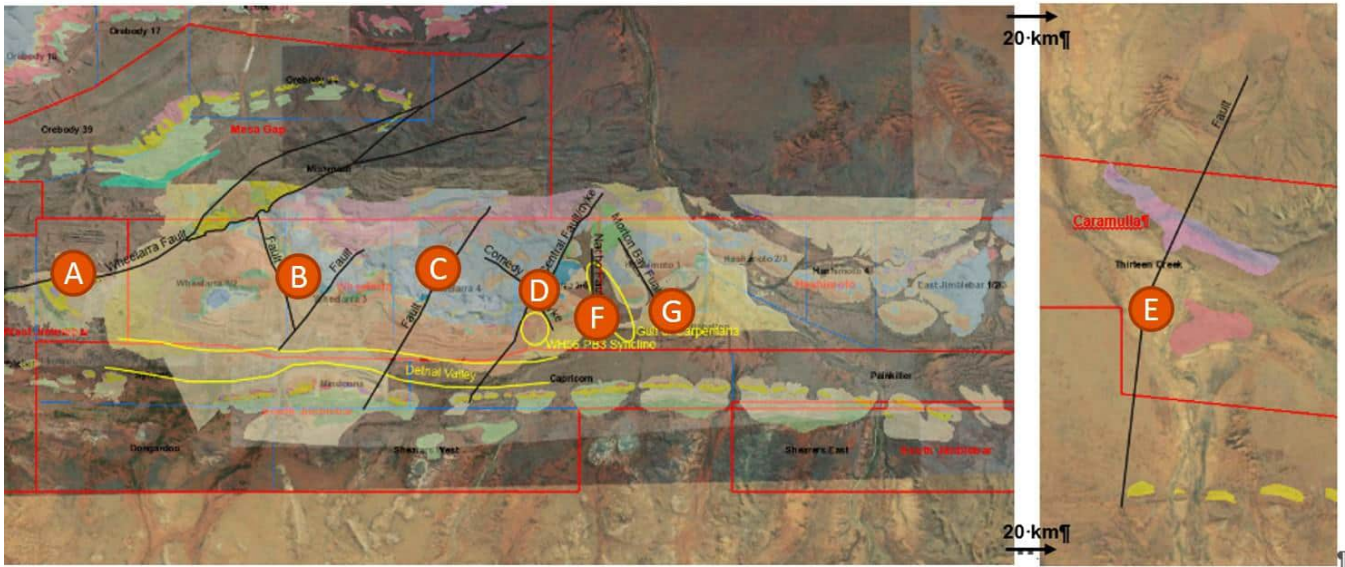


Figure 11. Structural geology

Undisturbed water levels

The observed heads from exploration drill holes are shown in Figure 12. There are thousands of data points within the orebodies but only limited data within the regional aquifers, north of the Wheelerarra and Hashimoto deposits and further east towards Thirteen Creek. Data have been removed if they were collected before September 2015 west of the Wheelerarra Fault, prior to 2007 in the Western compartment, and prior to 2018 in the Eastern compartment. These timings relate to the commencement of dewatering on either side of the Wheelerarra and Central Faults.

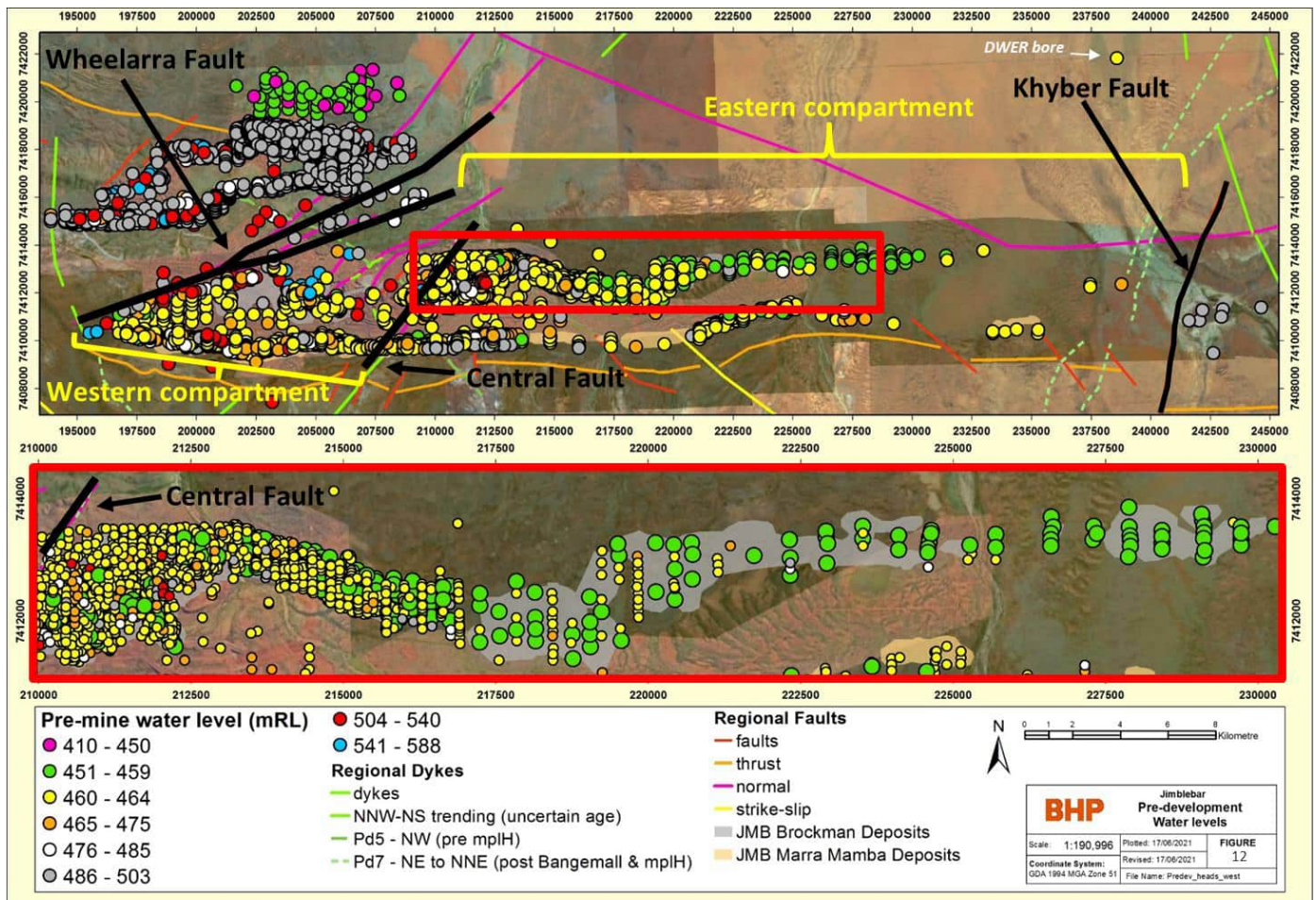


Figure 12. Pre-development water levels

The data in Figure 12 shows:

- Heads west of the Wheelarra Fault primarily range from 486 – 503 mRL, with lower heads in the north towards Shovelanna (450 – 459 mRL).
- Heads east of the Wheelarra Fault and within the conceptual model boundary are relatively uniform, ranging between 460 – 464 mRL, but primarily sitting around ~462 mRL.
- Heads in the north eastern Brockman orebodies (East Jimblebar, Caramulla North) are marginally lower than heads elsewhere and range between 454 – 459 mRL.
- Heads east of the Khyber Fault are 30 – 40 m higher than those directly west of the fault (i.e. the three eastern-most Caramulla drill holes).
- Heads north-east of WH3/4 are 20 – 30 m higher than water levels in the greater Jimblebar area.
- One DWER data point north of Thirteen Creek shows heads at 462.5 mRL in 1996.

While the uniform nature of the heads within the conceptual model boundary indicates that groundwater flow gradients were probably minimal within the greater Jimblebar region, there remain some uncertainties, particularly:

- The consistently lower heads in the north eastern Brockman orebodies. A portion of this data was collected prior to the very high rainfall event experienced in the Pilbara in 1999/2000. Groundwater level observations prior to 1999/2000 are on average 3 m lower than observations after. However, a portion of the data points in this area drilled after the rainfall event still show lower heads (454 – 459 mRL). This may indicate naturally lower heads in this region and flow gradients towards the north east (and potentially further north out of the catchment).

- The extent and direction of outflow from the catchment. Pre-development head data indicates that the general groundwater flow direction was probably from the orebodies aquifers where heads are slightly elevated and into the valley aquifers (Tertiary Detritals and weathered Paraburadoo). Groundwater then flowed from the valley aquifers to the north and out of the catchment. The extent of outflow to the north is unknown due to limited pre-development head data, and it is hypothesised that groundwater may also flow in a northerly/north easterly direction beneath the WHASH, HASH, East Jimblebar and Caramulla North orebodies where heads are marginally lower (range from 454 – 459 mRL). This potential for lower heads and outflow towards the north is also supported by trends west of the Wheelarra Fault where heads are lower in the north (Shovelanna) than the south (Mesa Gap/Ninga). However, with the exception of one DWER data point (462.5 mRL in 1996), there is no pre-development head data north of the Eastern compartment (i.e. Mordor and Gondor project areas), so this remains an area of uncertainty.

Time variant water levels

Introduction

The main anthropogenic stresses in the Jimblebar groundwater system have been (Figure 13):

- Water supply abstraction since 1994 (South Jimblebar).
- Dewatering abstraction:
 - South Jimblebar since 2011
 - Wheelarra 2/3 since 2015
 - WHASH since November 2018
- Surplus water injection east of South Jimblebar since 2013.

The monitoring of groundwater levels and their response to these stresses have provided a significant amount of data, which was used to develop the conceptual understanding of the Jimblebar groundwater system. All the manual dips (grouped into key response areas) are shown in Figure 14. The analysis has highlighted several key components that are outlined in Figure 15 and developed further in the text below.

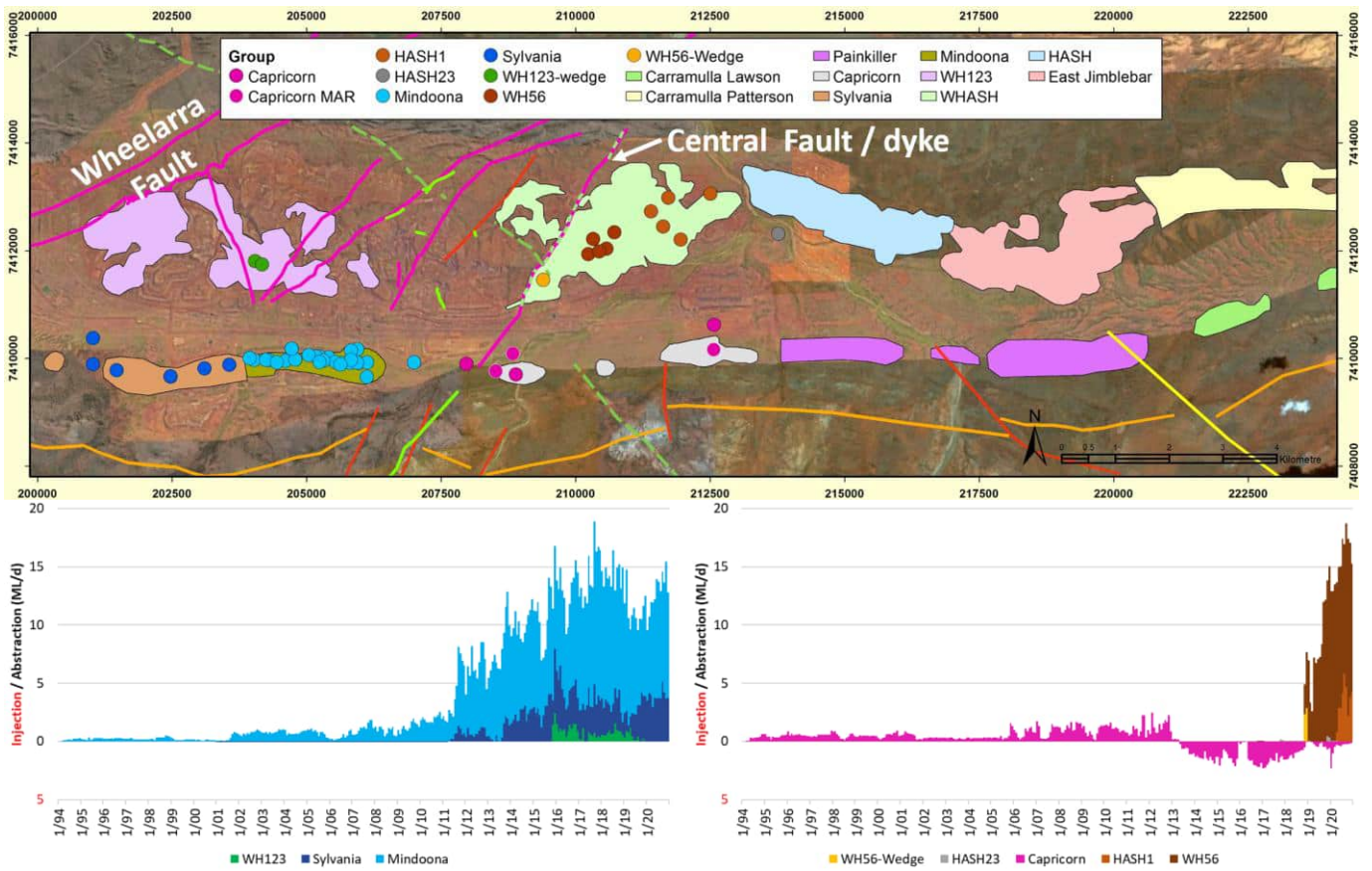


Figure 13. Geographical division of historical Jimblebar abstraction / injection

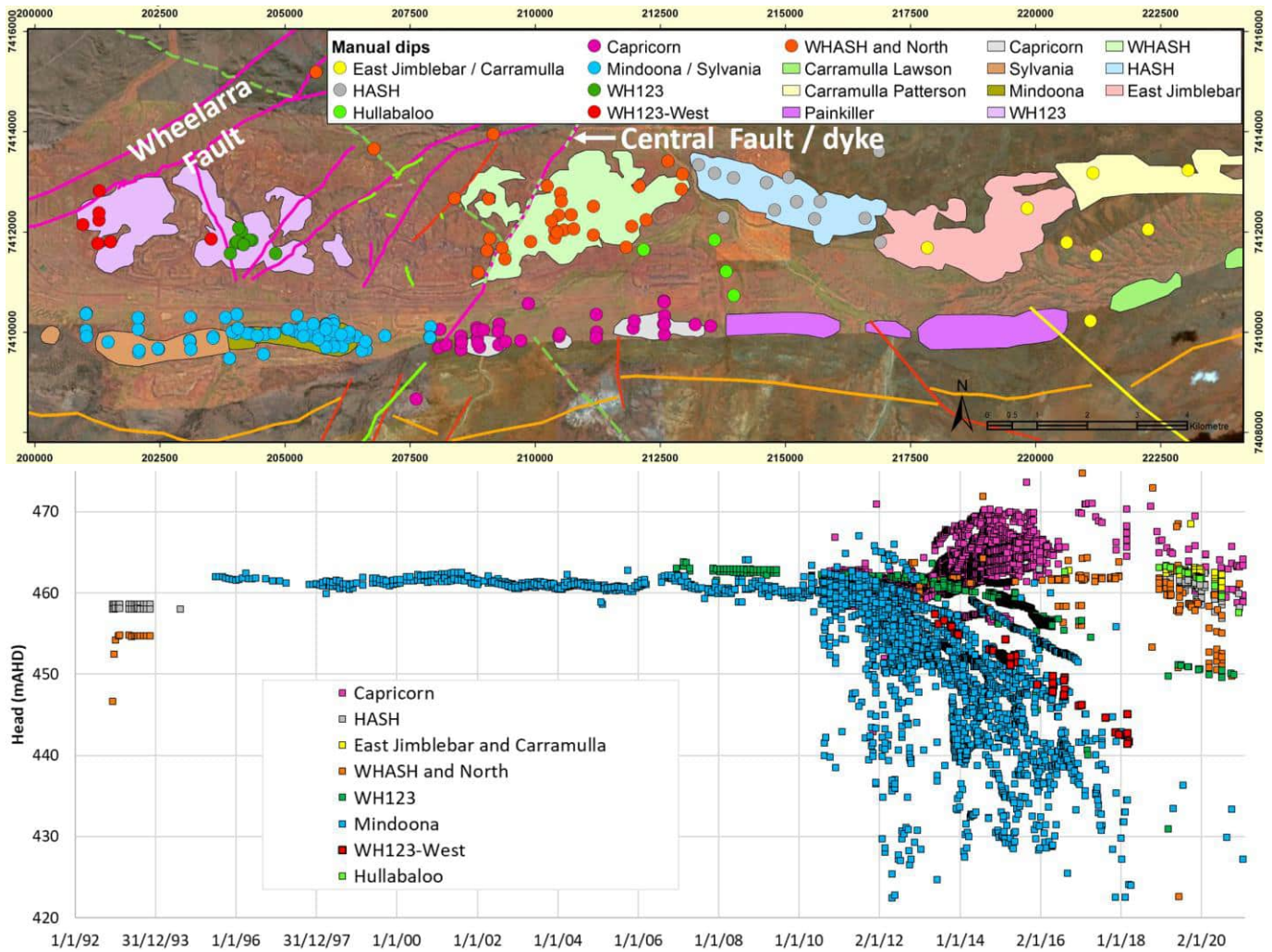


Figure 14. All manual dips from the Jimblebar area

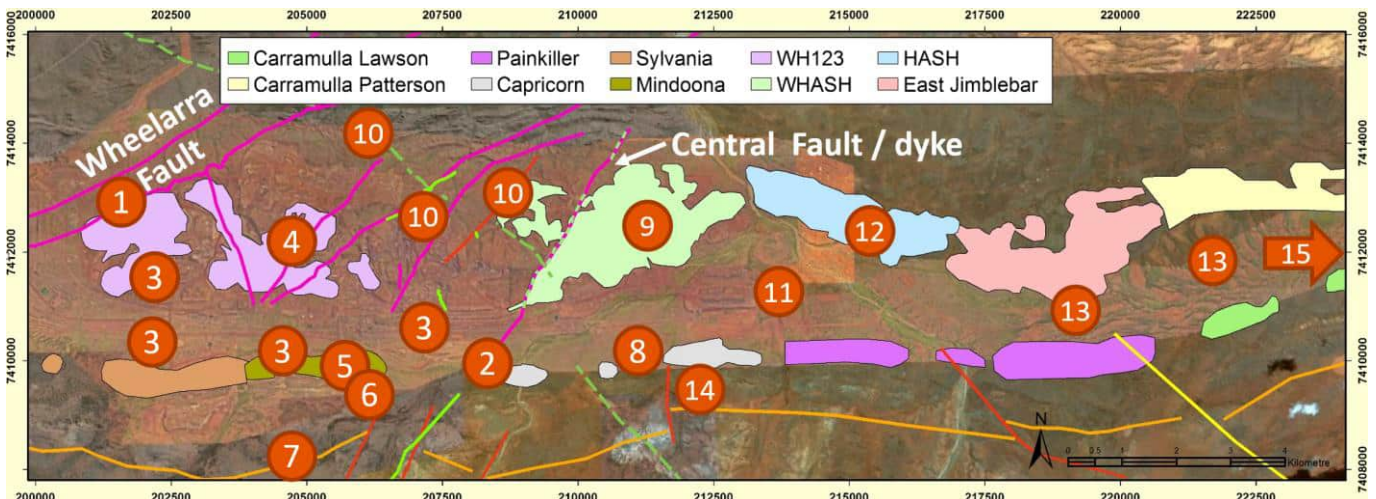


Figure 15. Water level interpretation key

Wheelarra Fault (1)

Evidence of the hydraulic character of the Wheelarra Fault system is provided by data from two monitoring bores located on either side of the structure (Figure 16). The data show that:

BHP

- I. Groundwater levels north of the Fault are significantly higher than those to the south (i.e. 488 mRL at HFG0037M compared to the relatively uniform pre-development levels of 462 mRL to the south).
- II. The drawdown response to dewatering is not obvious north of the Fault, i.e. there is no discernible drawdown at HFG0035M compared to over 10 m of drawdown observed just to the south in bores HFG0034V and HFG0040M.

The data therefore show that the Wheelarra Fault system behaves as a groundwater flow barrier. This is most likely through the juxtaposition of lower permeability material on the western side with the higher permeability material on the eastern side.

The Fault is mapped as being continuous to the north and south and as the movement along it has been estimated to be about 10 km it is likely that the conceptually lower permeability granites will provide a continuous barrier to flow along the southwestern boundary (i.e. directly west of South Jimblebar) of the groundwater catchment.

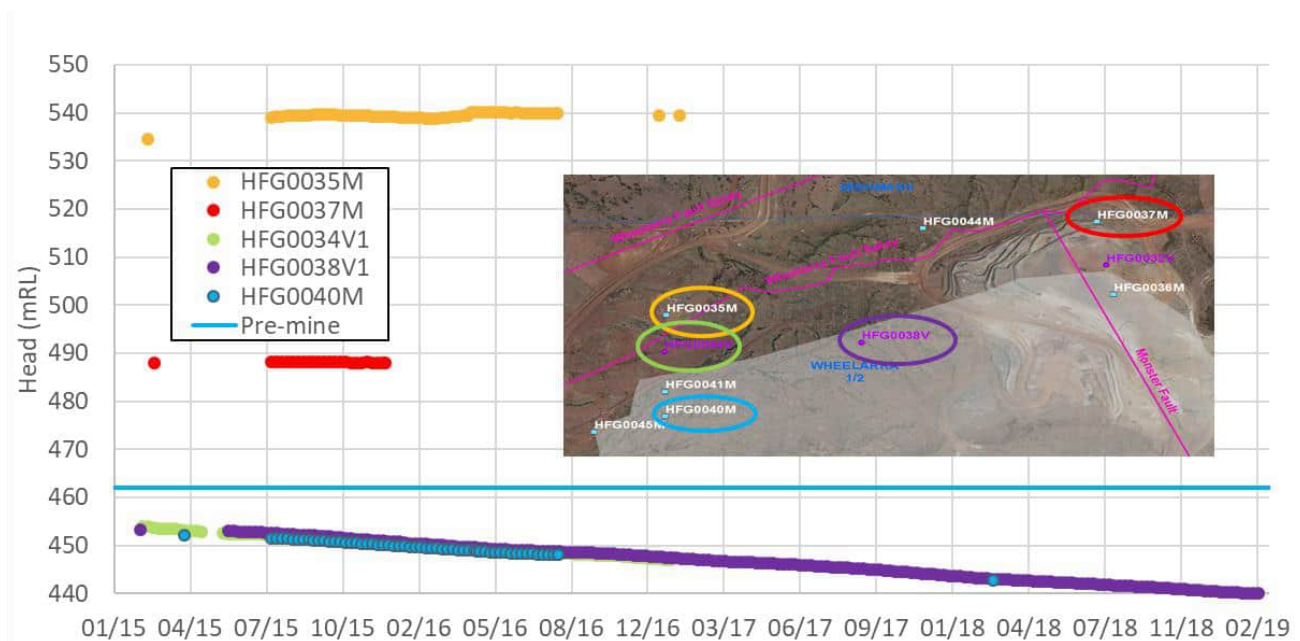


Figure 16. Wheelarra Fault heads

The Central Fault (2)

A major NE/SW trending dolerite dyke is mapped as running through the Jimblebar area, immediately to the west of WH5/6 and through the central-eastern part of South Jimblebar (Figure 17). The dyke is known as the Central Fault and assumed to be present within the bedrock only (i.e. not in the overlying alluvium). Whilst no hint of its hydrogeological significance is provided by the exploration drilling water levels, the time variant response to dewatering has shown that it plays a key role in the regional flow system.

The two bores HSJ0020M and HSJ0064M demonstrate this behaviour in their very different responses to dewatering (Figure 18). These are supplemented by other bores in similar positions since 2017. HSJ0020M, west of the dyke, records over 15 m drawdown up to 2017. This is in response to dewatering of the Mindoona pit west of the dyke (there has been very little abstraction to the east). HSJ0064M is located just 20 m to the east of HSJ0020M and apparently east of the dyke because it recorded almost no drawdown due to dewatering to the west and seems to respond only to abstraction / injection occurring to the east of the dyke. By 2017 this bore shows an increase in water levels of about 2 m compared to pre-development observations. Therefore in 2017 there was a 16 m head difference either side of the dyke with no evidence of any significant flow across it. Since then it seems likely that the head difference has continued to increase, although with the loss of HSJ0020M this cannot be confirmed there is no evidence to suggest that this situation has changed and the head difference is probably around 25 to 30 m as of 2021.

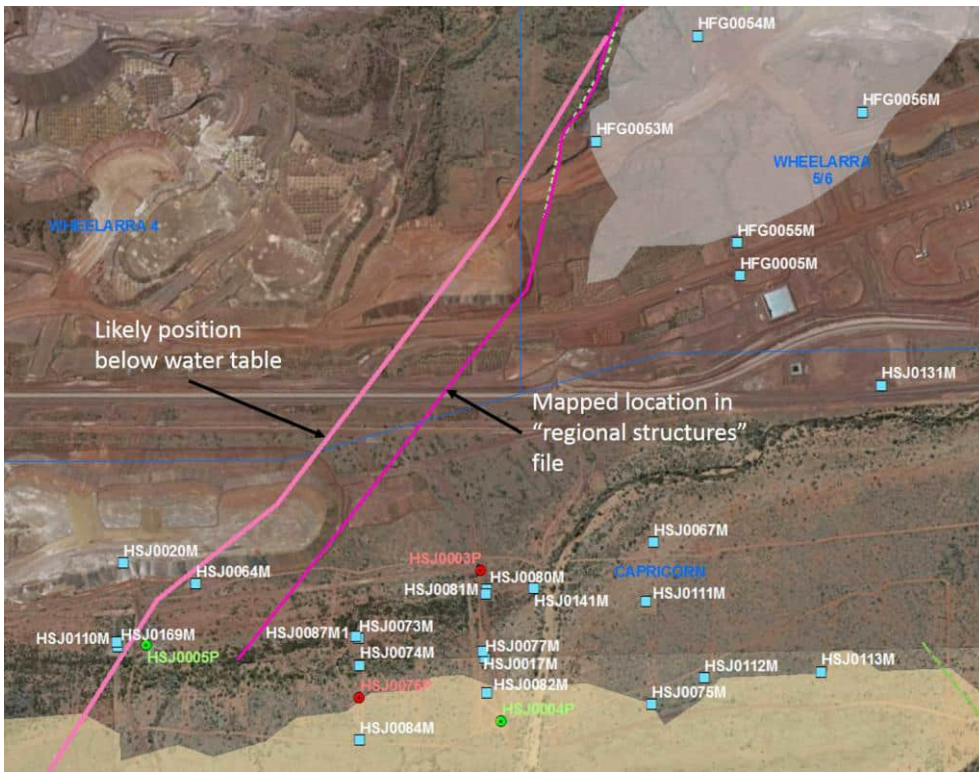


Figure 17. Central Fault position and monitoring locations (map)

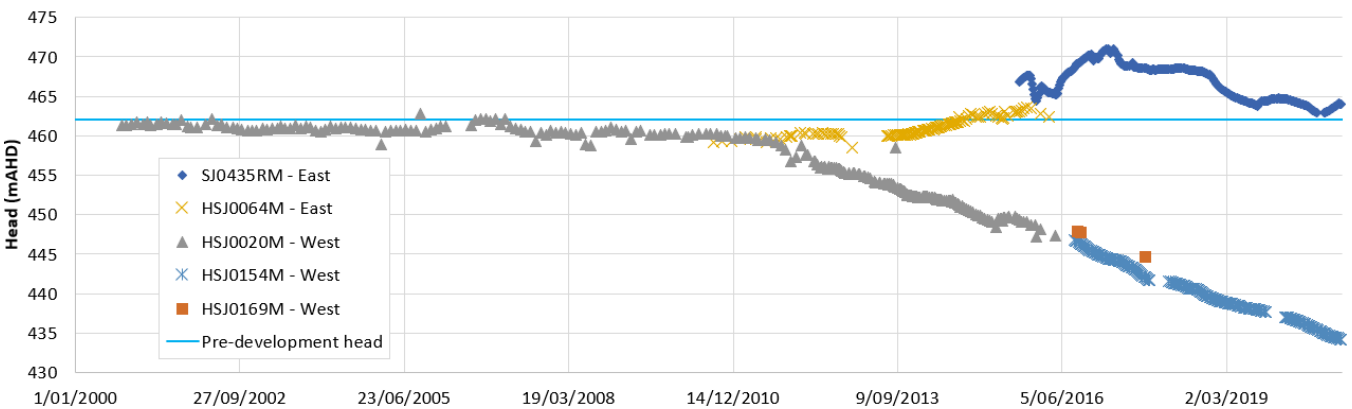


Figure 18. Central Fault monitoring data

Western compartment (3)

All monitoring bores within a polygon (shown in Figure 19) with sides made up of the Wheelarra Fault (west), the Central Fault (east), the granites (south) and the Weeli Wolli Formation (north), have recorded a significant and relatively uniform response to the dewatering of the Mindoona 1 pit. Several hydrographs supporting this are shown in Figures 20 and 21. Putting aside the hydrographs close to production bores and one associated with an alluvial clay (HSJ0050M) these show that within all hydrostratigraphic units monitored (alluvium and bedrock) and throughout the compartment, drawdown has reached between 25 and 30 m. The only major exception are bores in the area of WH3, which will be discussed below and are not shown in these figures.

BHP

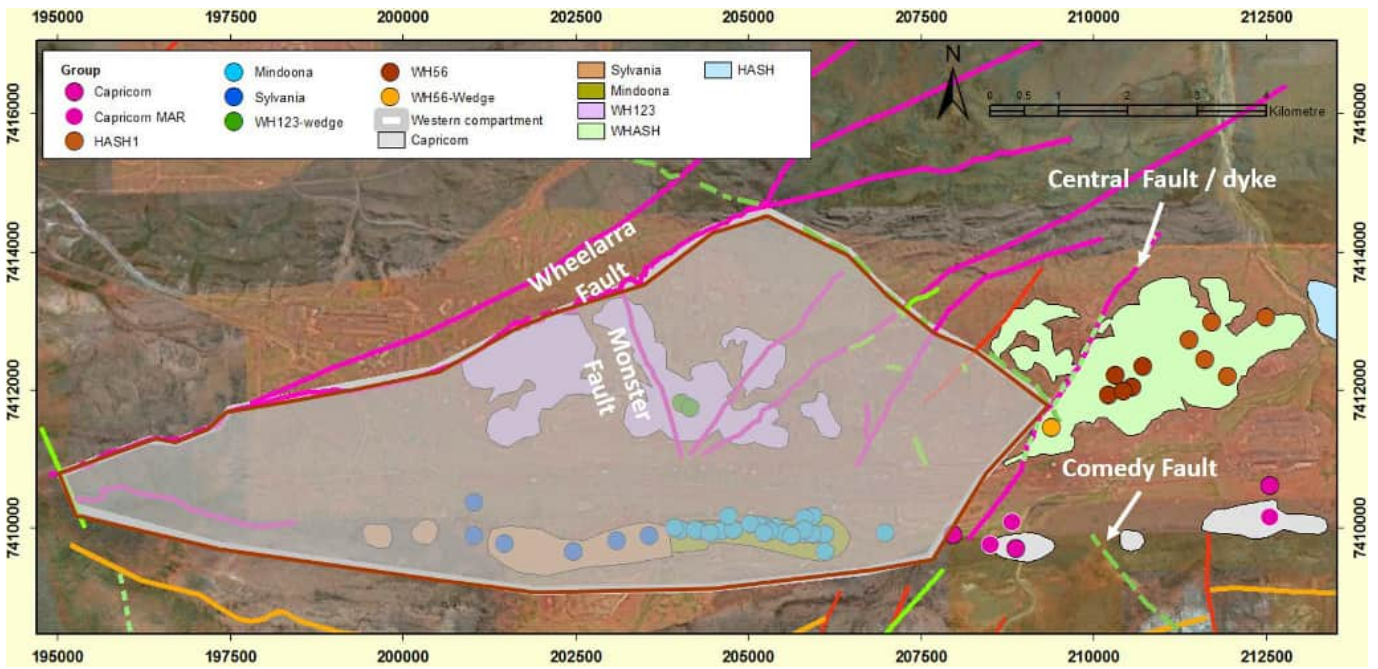


Figure 19. Western compartment

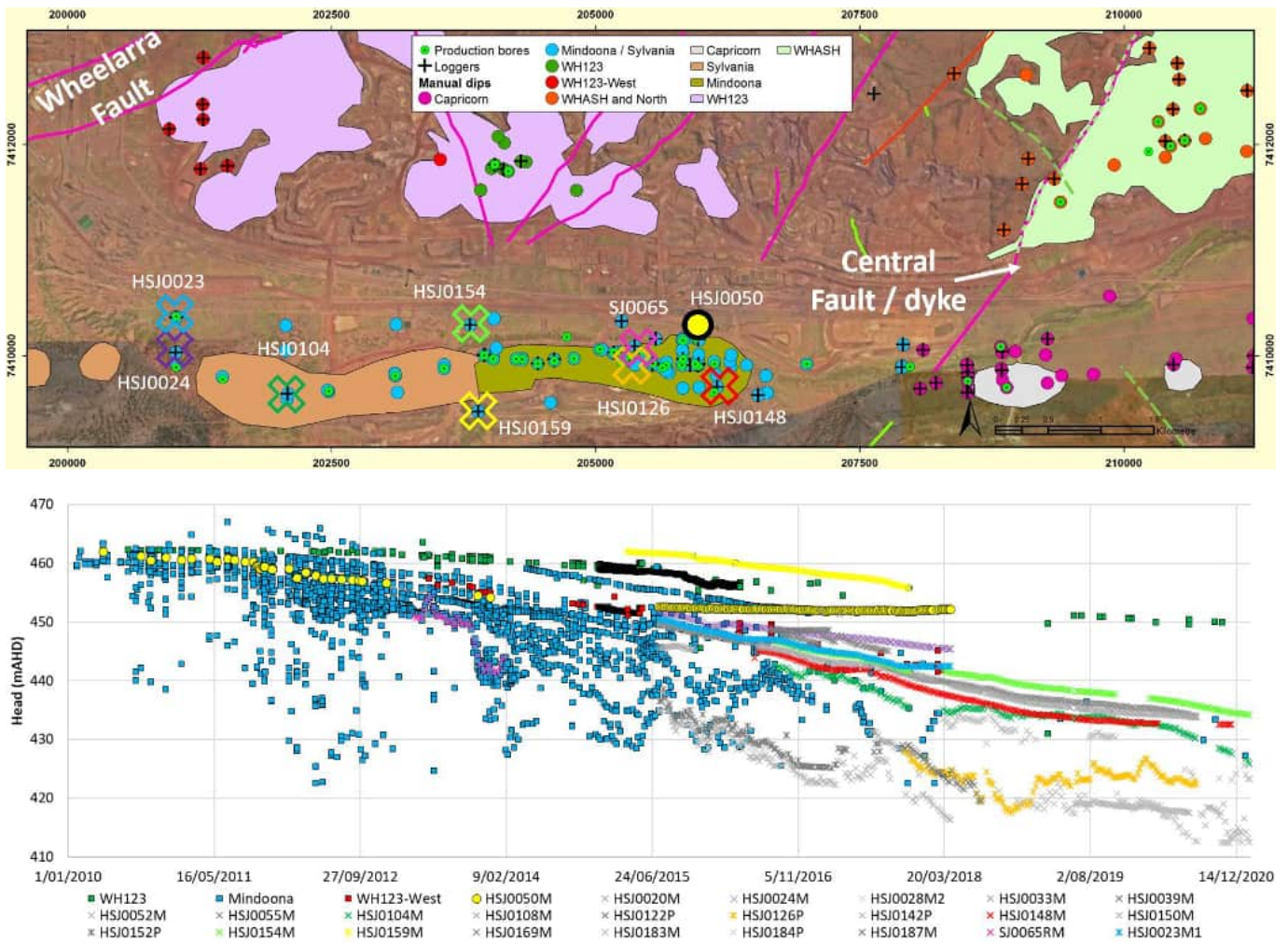


Figure 20. Western compartment – Mindoona / Sylvania / regional aquifer heads

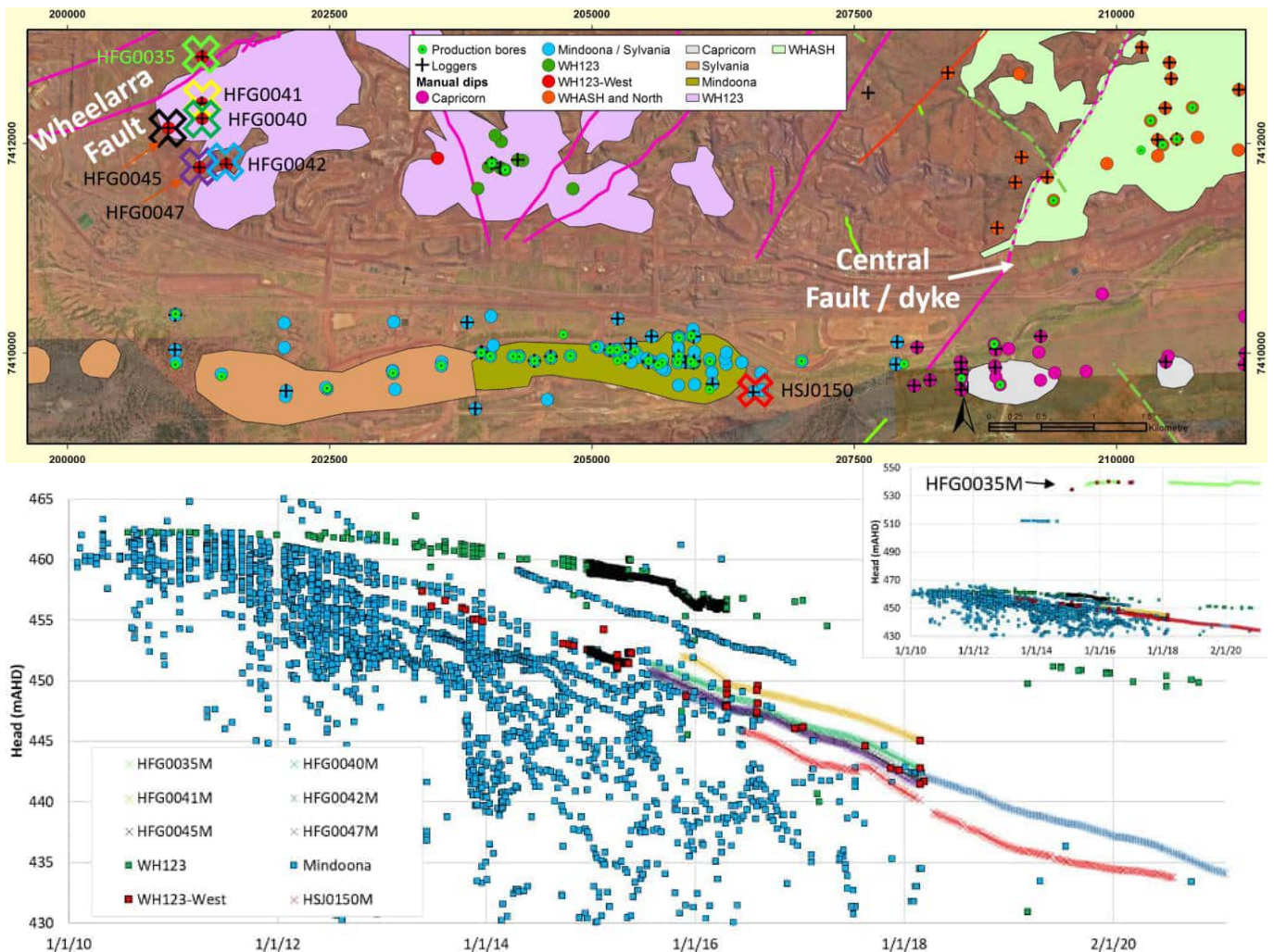


Figure 21. Western compartment – WH123 west heads

With the exception of HSJ0050M, these data show that the entire system within these stratigraphic and structural boundaries behaves in a very connected and uniform manner. The data do not confirm the mechanism, but they show that the non-aquifer (i.e. low permeability) materials usually associated with the bedrock and alluvial sequences, as well as any geological structures, do not impede flow within this compartment.

Bore HSJ0050M provides evidence that certain clays within the alluvium may be very low permeability. The bore, which is screened over two clay units (a lower carbonaceous and an upper non-carbonaceous clay), follows the general sub-regional drawdown response until it reaches about 452.5 mRL, where it levels off (Figure 20). The top of the carbonaceous clay in this borehole was logged at roughly the same elevation, and given that the screen continues below this point, this suggests that the carbonaceous clay is very low permeability and remains saturated even when the surrounding material becomes unsaturated. At this stage in the dewatering, the occurrence of this type of clay in the vicinity of the Mindoona pit has had no significant influence on the local or sub-regional dewatering effect. It may be this type of clay however, combined with the dolerite infill through the dolomite bedrock, that creates the effective barrier to flow along the Central fault.

WH3 subdued response (4)

Whilst drawdown of between 25 and 30 m is recorded almost universally within the area west of the Central Fault and east of the Wheelarra Fault, drawdown in the area of WH3 is subdued (Figure 22).

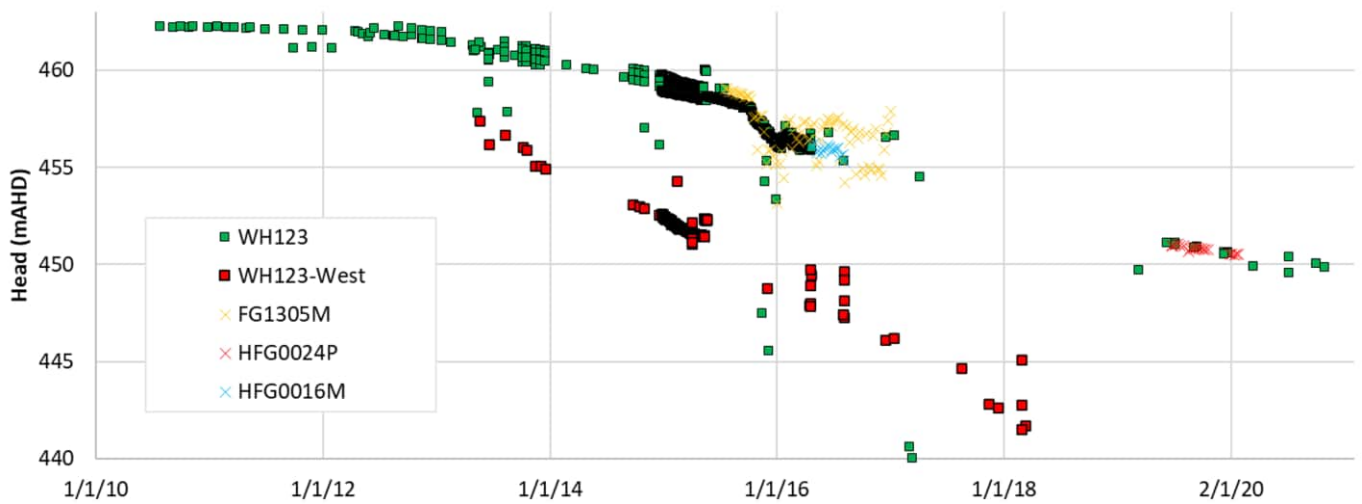
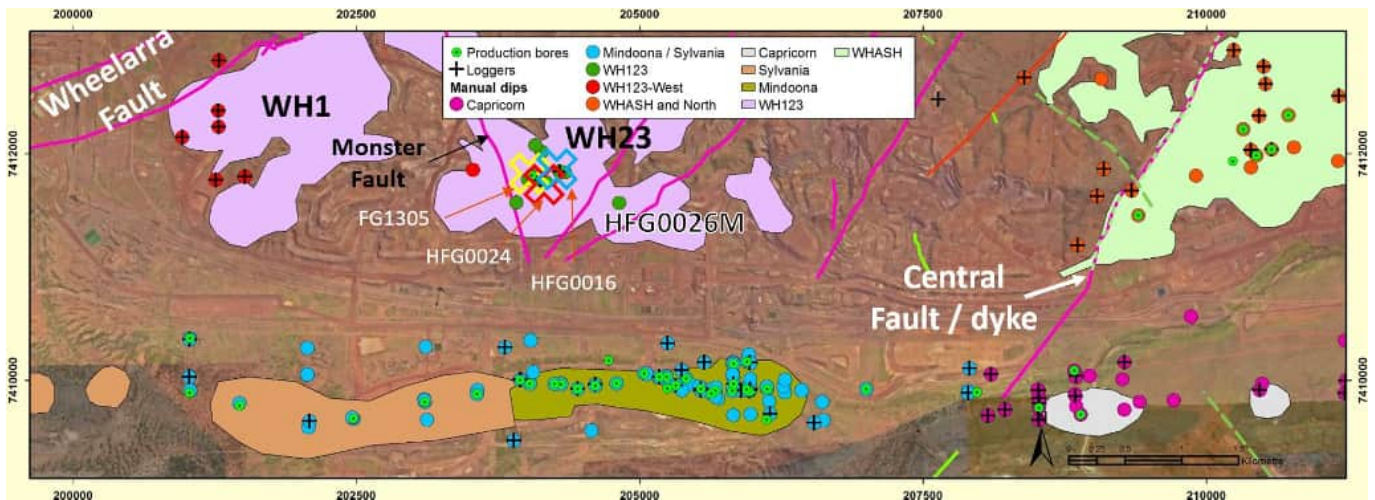


Figure 22. Wheelarra 2/3 subdued drawdown response

The bores here have experienced about 12 m of drawdown since dewatering commenced. Abstraction has occurred close to these bores since October 2015, but the drawdown prior to this can only be due to the dewatering of South Jimblebar and the difference here compared to the other locations is evidence for a hydrogeological disconnection of some significance. The options are:

- Three structures (faults) are mapped in this area and form a “V” shape around the bores, with the base of the “V” to the south. If they display reduced permeability compared to the surrounding material then they could reduce drawdown propagation into this area. HFG0026M (shown on the figure as WH123) also displays the subdued response, suggesting that it is the outer most structures that could be significant in this regard.
- The material around the bores or the orebody aquifer they are installed in (or both) may have an elevated storage and/or lower hydraulic conductivity.

South Jimblebar orebody response (5)

The orebody in the Mindoona mining area of South Jimblebar (the “Stage 1” pit) has been subjected to test pumping, a hydrodynamic trial (HDT) in 2010 and 10 years of dewatering. Numerous monitoring bores and vibrating wire piezometers (VWPs) have been installed to observe the system response to these stresses. However, as a result of active mining, there are very few bores remaining within the pit itself and none in the south wall.

Ignoring finer details of time variant abstraction from local production bores and degree of mineralisation, the Mindoona orebody groundwater response seems to show three main trends (Figure 23):

1. High drawdown – which appears to be well connected to production bores (even when not located right next to them), with significant and rapid drawdown and recovery. The drawdown by 2017 had reached 35 m (see HSJ0187M (very close to a production bore), SJ0782DV and SJ0123RV).
2. Moderate drawdown – which has been observed in the eastern half of the pit (see HSJ0188M and SJ0092RV), reaching about 17 m in 2017.
3. Low drawdown – observed in several bores (see HSJ0072M and HSJ0148M), reaching about 10 m in 2017. Whilst this is described as “low” drawdown, the rate and magnitude matches very well the drawdown trend in the regional aquifer, seen throughout the western compartment. This group is the slowest to respond to changes in abstraction.

Looking at the spatial distribution of these points (Figure 24) it is hard to discern a pattern and the structure does not appear to have a consistent effect. The distribution of high drawdown locations cuts through the north wall and cuts through low and moderate drawdown observations to the north and south.

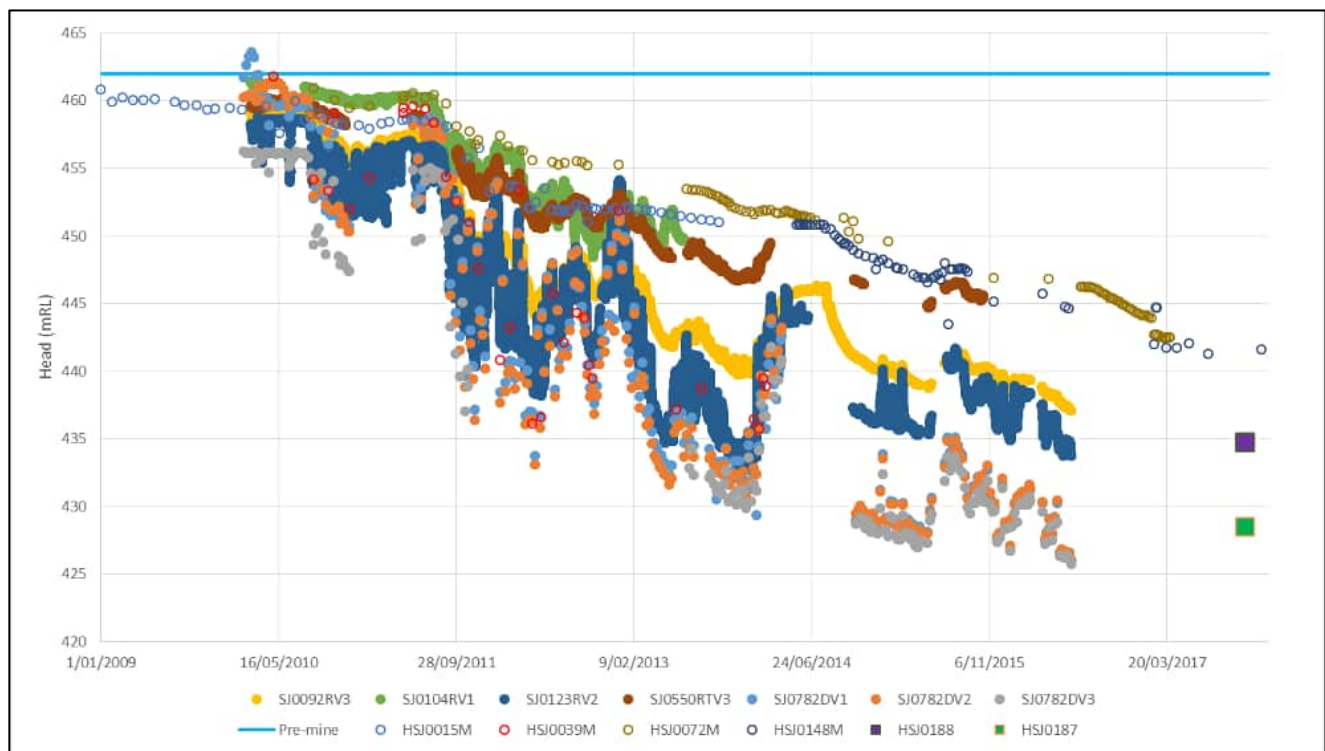


Figure 23. South Jimblebar orebody response

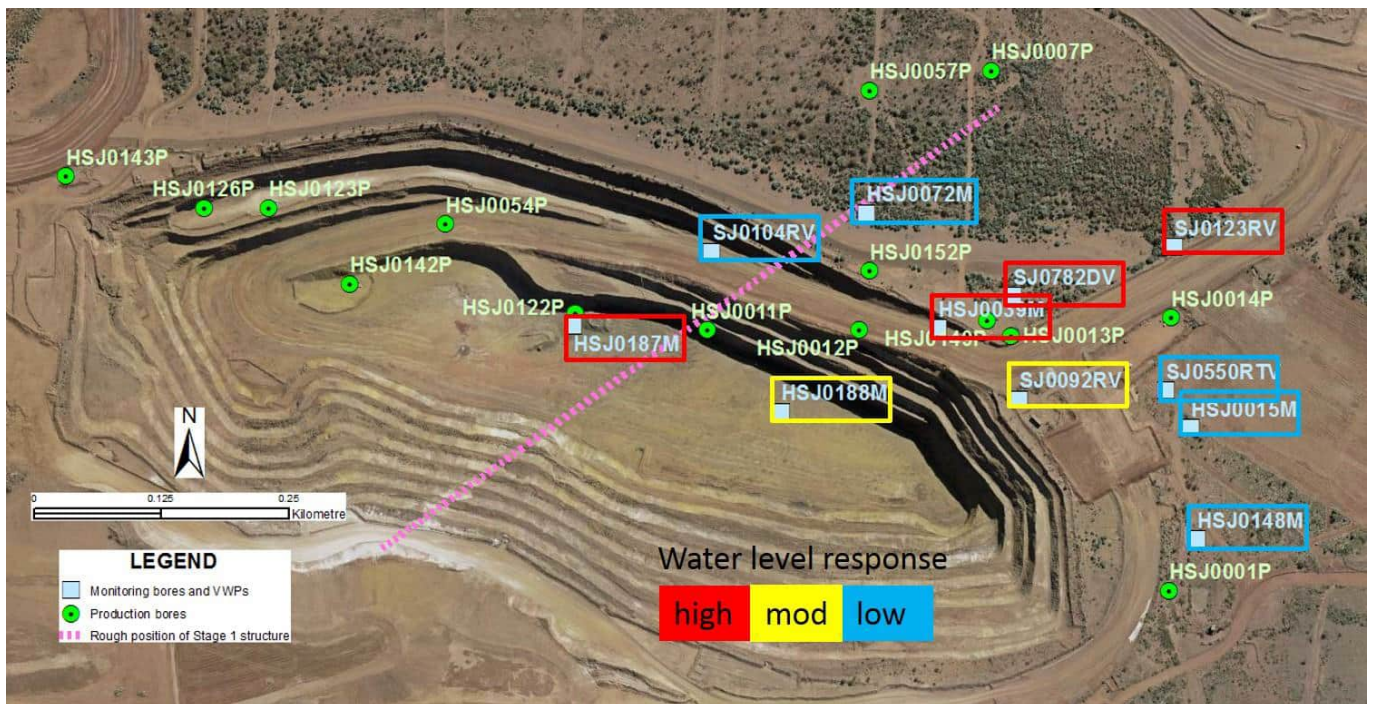


Figure 24. South Jimblebar orebody monitoring locations and response type

If dewatering stopped completely, it is unlikely that the orebody heads would increase to anything like the pre-development levels (462 mRL). Ignoring enhanced recharge into the pits, due to the closed nature of the western compartment, recovery heads would not exceed the drawdown observed in the wider compartment, which are currently (2021) at about 435 mRL.

South Jimblebar (Mindoonna) South Wall (6)

Numerous water level observations are also available in the unmineralised Marra Mamba and Jeerinah Formation that make up the southern wall of the South Jimblebar pits. The pre-development observations suggest that the heads are marginally higher here than in the orebodies to the north. As shown in Figure 12, they range from 465 to 475 mRL.

Time variant observations are available at HSJ0146M and HSJ0159M, which are located within the Jeerinah Formation in an area where the pre-development heads were about 470 to 475 mRL. A conversion into drawdown for HSJ0058M (assuming a pre-development head of 470 mRL) shows a response that is very similar to that seen in the orebody (Figure 25).

These data suggest that the bedrock (Jeerinah) in this area may present a relatively high hydraulic conductivity (being as transmissive as the material to the north) and the elevated heads are a function of the transition from the uniform 462 to 463 mRL in the orebody to the elevated 530 mRL in the volcanics to the south.

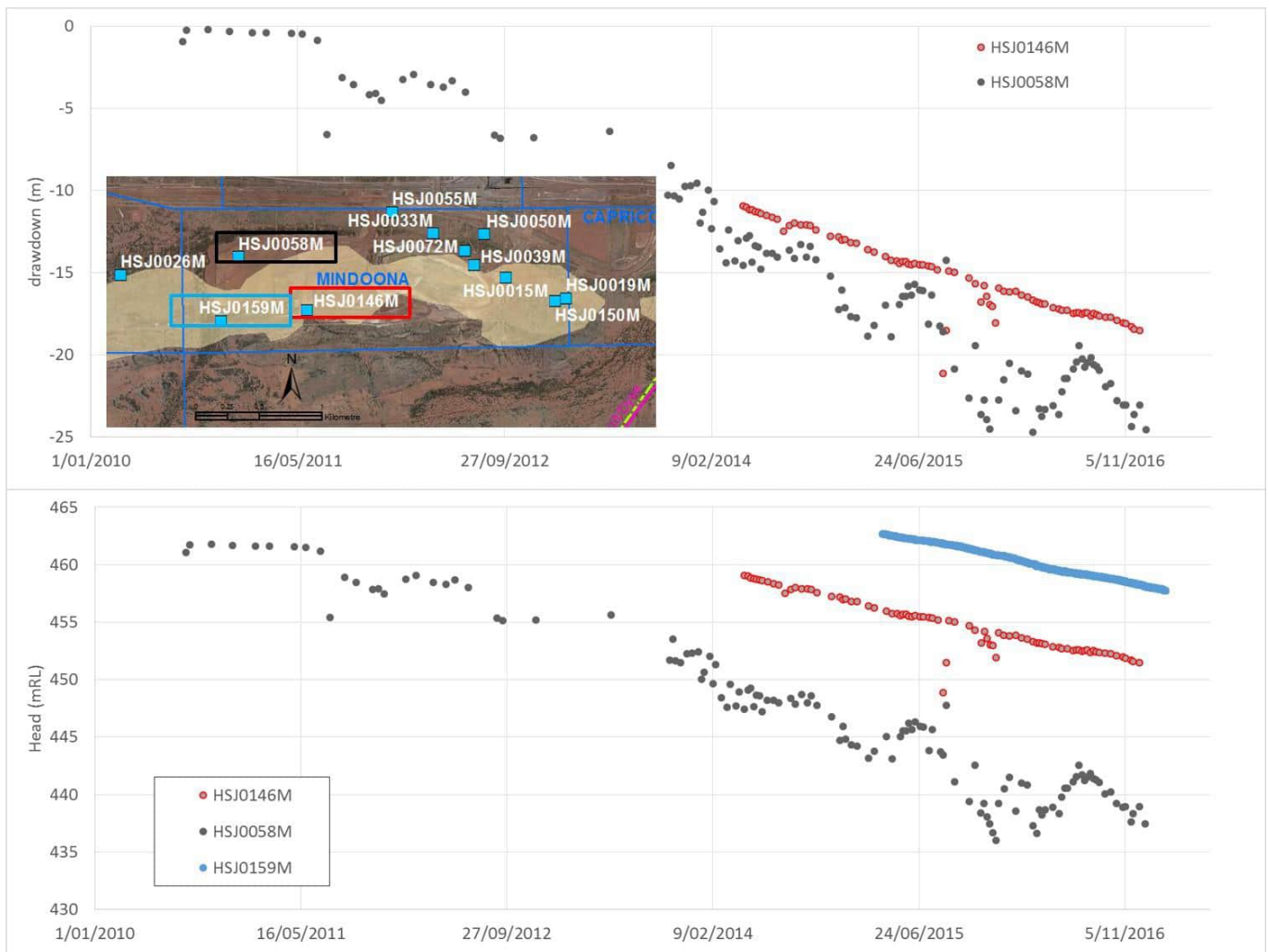


Figure 25. Time variant drawdown response – Jeerinah Formation (bores destroyed in 2017)

Response south of South Jimblebar (volcanic rocks) (7)

Three water level observations are available from the basement rocks (volcanics) found to the south of the South Jimblebar deposits. These are illustrated in Figure 26 and show that:

- I. The groundwater levels here are elevated significantly (between 520 and 530 mRL) with respect to the levels within the aquifers to the north (pre-development of ~462 mRL).
- II. The time variant record at HSJ0018M, whilst variable, does not appear to show a clear response to dewatering.

These data suggest that the material to the south of the Jeerinah Formation has a very low permeability and represents a barrier to groundwater flow south from Jimblebar.

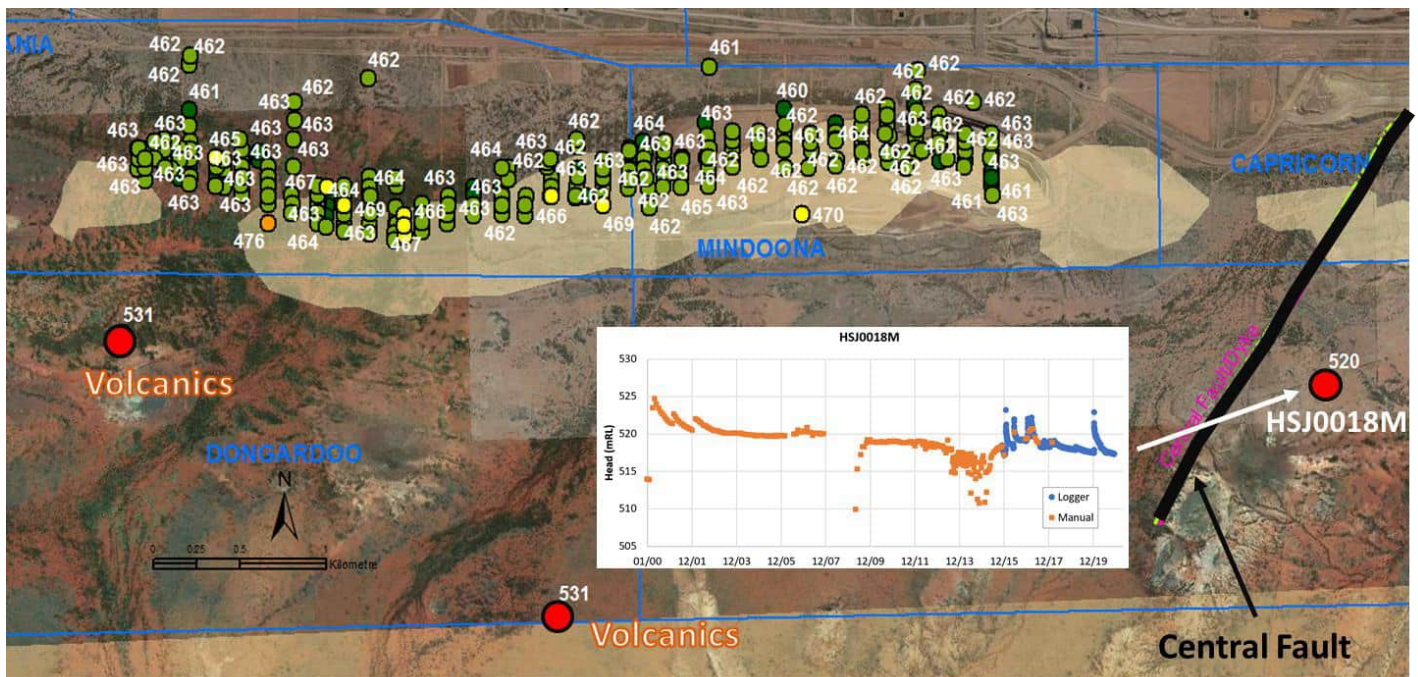


Figure 26. Regional spot heads (mRL) south of South Jimblebar

Capricorn (8)

The area of Capricorn has:

- Been subjected to a variety of different types and magnitudes of stress since 1994, including:
 - Abstraction for water supply from 1994 to 2013 at up to 2 ML/d
 - Injection from 2013 to the present (2021) at up to 2 ML/d
 - Dewatering from WHASH and HASH from the end of 2018, peaking at over 15 ML/d

These stresses along with the observed water levels are provided in Figure 27 (from 2010 onwards). This shows that:

- Heads in 2010 are quite varied (from 458 to 463 mRL) a result possibly of the unequal spatial distribution of water supply abstraction over this large area (almost 6 km from east to west). This is discussed more below.
- When injection commences the whole area responds, peaking at about 3 – 5 m (excluding injection bores) higher than pre-development levels (462 mRL). This response appears to be more significant to the response to abstraction at a similar rate, but this is most likely due to the fact that the relative change is more in this case (i.e. stopping abstraction (at 2 ML/d) and starting injection (at 2 ML/d) signifies a relative change of 4 ML/d).
- Since 2018 heads have been falling as injection has reduced and then dewatering of WHASH commenced. Heads in 2021 have roughly returned to pre-development levels.
- The heads seem to respond to the commencement of Hashimoto 1 (the eastern part of WHASH) dewatering too, with a clear change in gradient at that time.

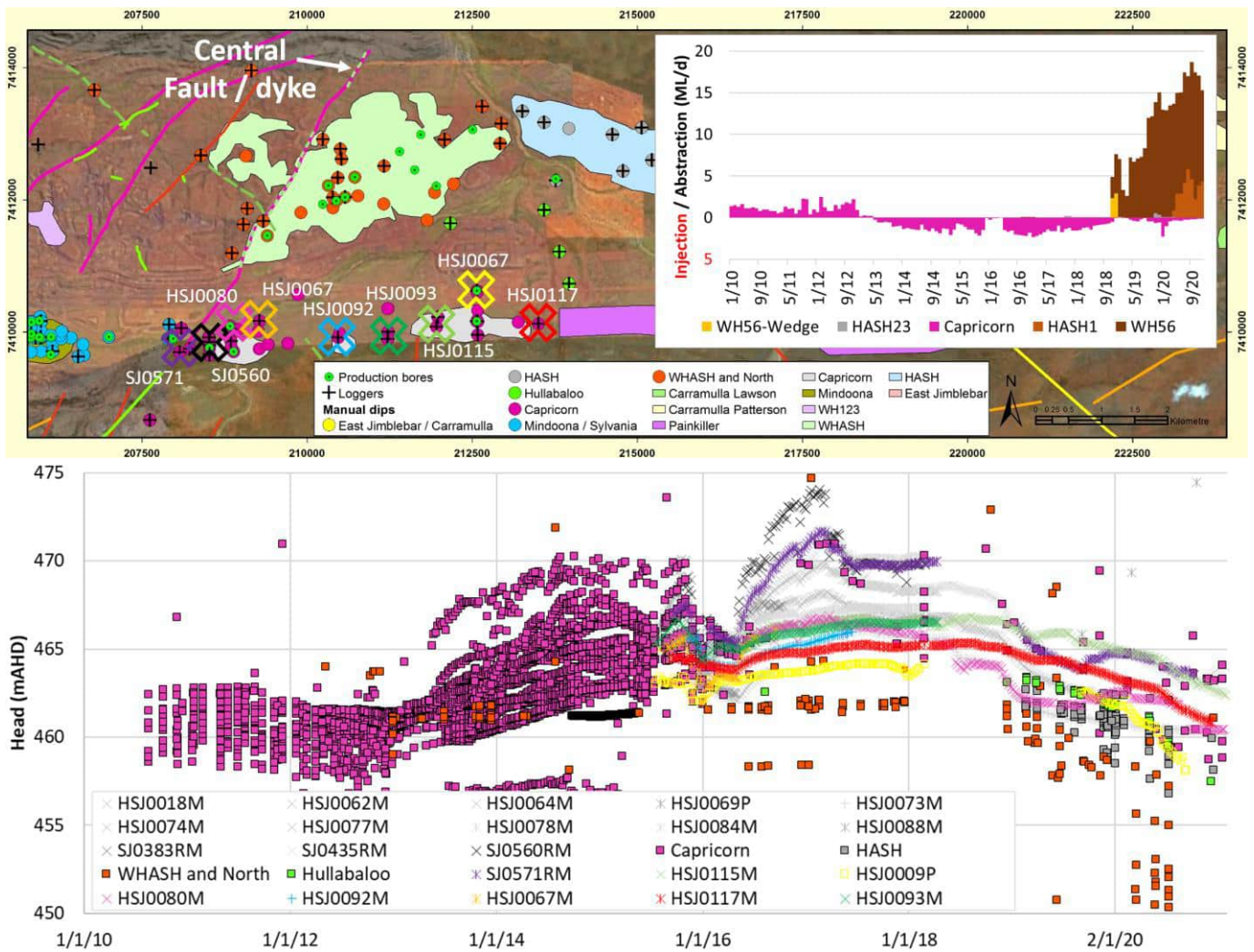


Figure 27. Heads and abstraction / injection in the Capricorn area

An analysis undertaken in 2017 investigated the potential connection between the orebody aquifers along strike and between the orebody aquifers and the regional dolomite to the north. This analysis, reproduced below, was undertaken prior to WHASH dewatering and provided some useful insights.

The main time variant monitoring boreholes (in which observations began in August 2010) and the production bores are shown in Figure 28 and the abstraction / injection data is shown in Figure 29. The data have been separated into two groups to assist the analysis (shown in Figure 30):

- South west
- South east

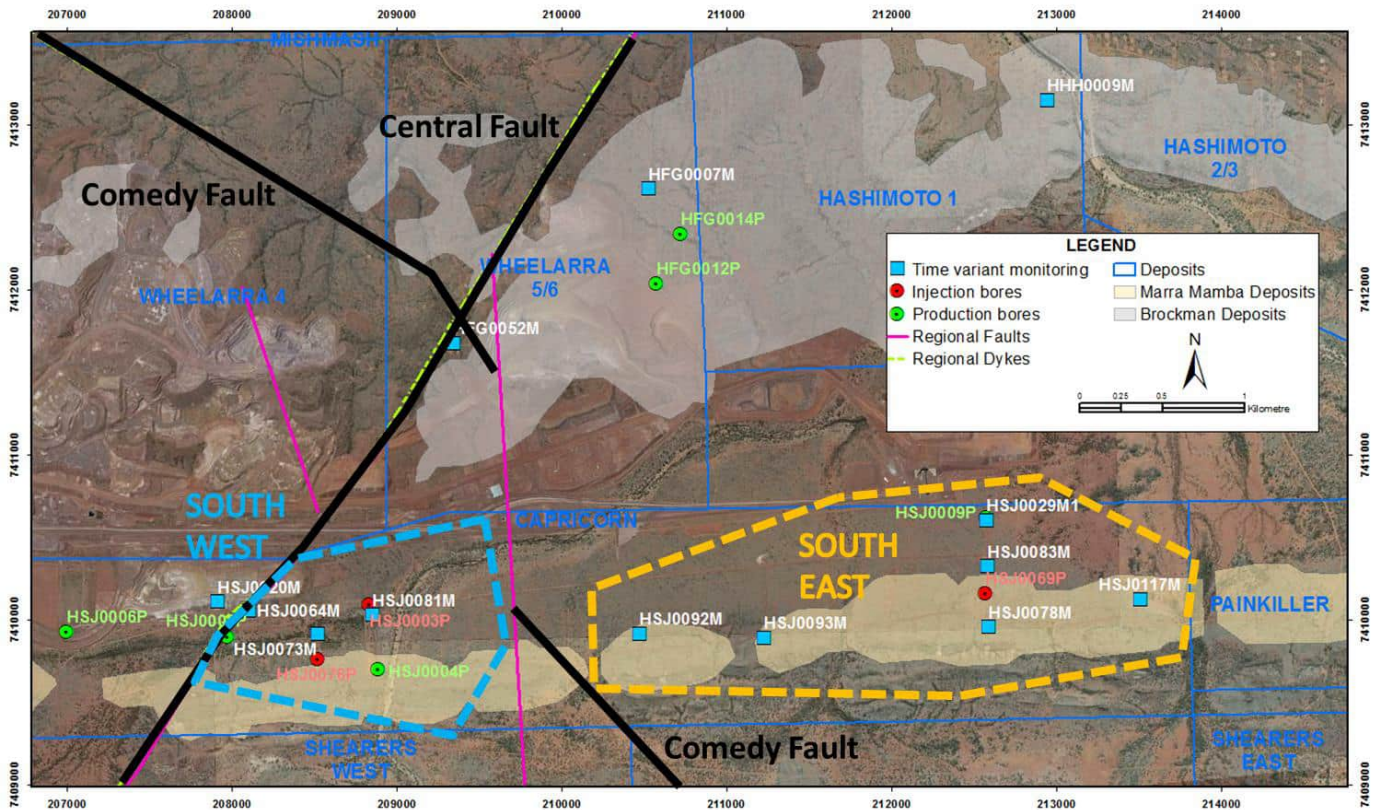


Figure 28. Capricorn monitoring and production bore locations (2017)

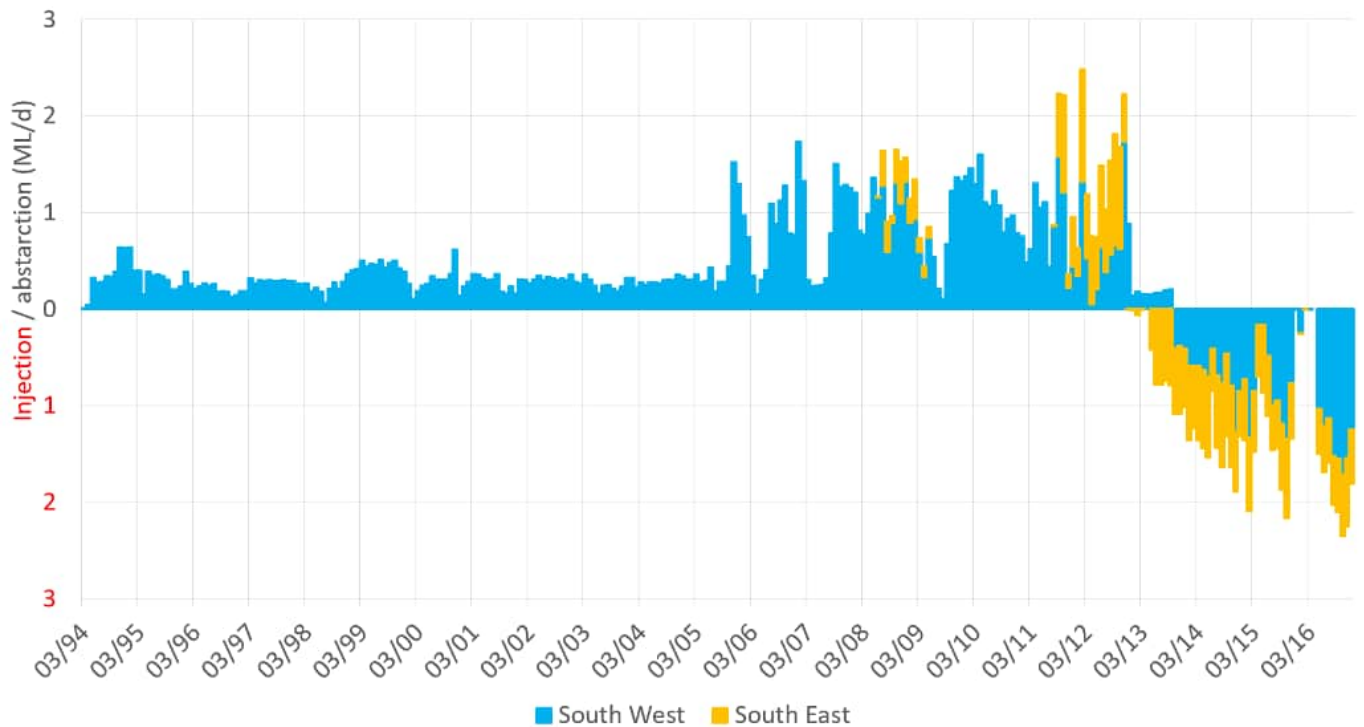


Figure 29. Eastern compartment abstraction and injection

BHP

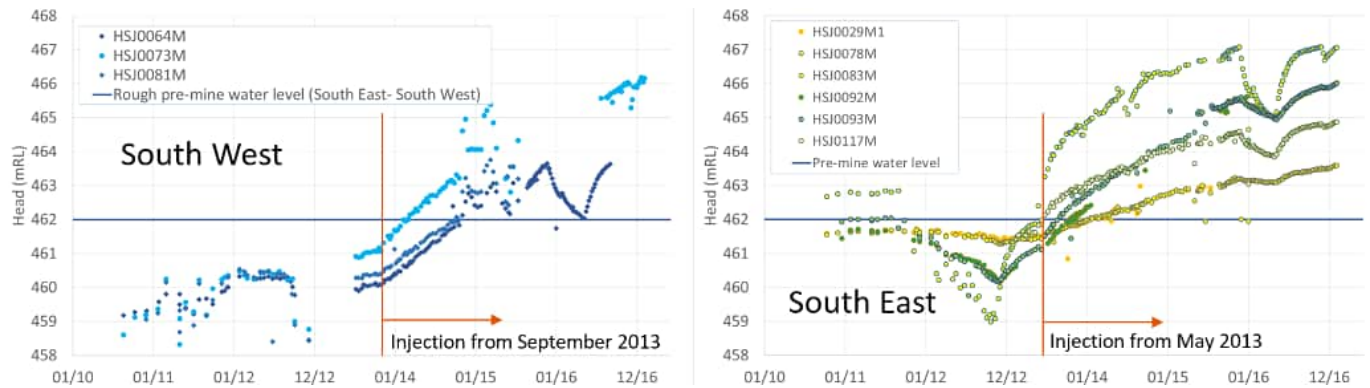


Figure 30. Eastern compartment water level response

Abstraction occurred in this area for water supply from 1994 until mid-2013, with most of the groundwater sourced from the South West area. The abstraction rate increased from 2006 to 2013. From mid-2013 abstraction ceased and was replaced by injection. The injection rates and volumes were split roughly 50:50 between the South East and South West areas. Up to the end February 2017 the total volumes were:

- South West – abstracted: 3.6 GL, injected: 1.0 GL, net: +2.6 GL
- South East – abstracted: 0.4 GL, injected: 0.8 GL, net: -0.4 GL

The water level responses over this time (Figure 30) suggest the following:

South West

Three bores provide a long time series record of water levels in this area:

- HSJ0064M – Tertiary/Dolomite
- HSJ0073M – Marra Mamba
- HSJ0081M – Tertiary/Dolomite

There are four production bores:

- HSJ0003P - Tertiary/Dolomite – Injection and Abstraction
- HSJ0004P – Marra Mamba - Abstraction
- HSJ0005P – Tertiary Detritals - Abstraction
- HSJ0076P – West Angela Member and Marra Mamba – Injection and Abstraction

During the monitoring period (from August 2010) the most active production bores are HSJ0003P and 76P. Between October 2013 and September 2014 injection was undertaken with 76P alone. From October 2010 both bores were used for injection. Abstraction from bores HSJ0004P and 5P was minimal.

The data show:

- I. That at all bores the initial water levels (end 2010) are at about 459 mRL (~3 m below pre-development levels). This is due to water supply abstraction prior to this time.
- II. The water levels recover a little in 2011 following a reduction in the abstraction from the South West as the South East production bore comes online. The three locations return similar observations though this period.
- III. Data is missing during 2013, but it appears that water levels hold steady in HSJ0064M and 81M during 2012 and 2013. Sometime in 2013 however, the water level in HSJ0073M starts to diverge from the other two and ends the period about 1 m higher, most likely because HSJ00076P is pumped less during this period.

BHP

- IV. All bores show a relatively uniform response to injection from the end of 2013 to October 2014 (even though only HSJ0076P is used). The 1 m difference between HSJ0064M / 81M and 73M is maintained and by the end of 2015 all see a fairly uniform 3 m increase in head.
- V. From December 2015 to April 2016 there is almost no injection into any of the bores. The water level data is missing from all bores apart from HSJ0064M and this shows rapid recovery (i.e. heads falling about 1.5 m).
- VI. Injection resumes in May 2016 and the groundwater level responds quickly. The last observations are in February 2017 but only for HSJ0073M. The head in this bore are 466 mRL, roughly 4 m higher than pre-development observations.

The analysis suggests that the orebody and dolomite in the South West area is well connected. It also confirms that this area is not hydraulically connected to the western compartment.

South East

Only one injection/abstraction bore is used in this area (HSJ0069P) and six monitoring bores provide a long time series record of water levels. A summary of the water level at each of these bores is provided in Table 4.

Table 4: South East area bore completion, location and 2017 head summary

Location	January 2017 water level
HSJ0078M – Marra Mamba (0.2 km to the south of the PB)	467.0 mRL
HSJ0092M and 93M – Marra Mamba (2.1 and 1.4 km to the west of the PB)	466.0 mRL
HSJ00117M – Marra Mamba (0.9 km to the east of the PB)	465.0 mRL
HSJ0083M (Tertiary Detritals) and 29M1 (Wittenoom) - (0.2 and 0.5 km to the north of the PB)	463.5 mRL

*PB = production bore HSJ0069P

The summary and hydrographs suggest that:

- There is a disconnection in the Marra Mamba Formation orebody between the South East and South West areas (i.e. the response at HSJ0092M is quite dissimilar to that seen to the west). The Comedy Fault is mapped across the Marra Mamba to the west of HSJ0092M and may provide the barrier to flow.
- The Marra Mamba orebody aquifer in the South East area is continuous along strike. The hydraulic continuity seems to be greater in the western direction (towards HSJ0092M and 93M) than the east (towards HSJ0117M).

The Tertiary Detritals and Wittenoom show a more subdued response than the orebody. This could be due to reduced connection across the unmineralised bedrock here or the Tertiary / Wittenoom may have a greater storage than the orebody.

Conclusion:

- The Capricorn orebody is hydraulically connected to regional aquifer system (and WHASH and HASH beyond that).
- There may be some hydraulic heterogeneity and possible disconnection through the Capricorn orebody aquifer.
- There is limited / no hydraulic connection across the Central Fault.

WHASH – East of the Central Fault (9)

Data from the WHASH area (east of the Central Fault) is shown in Figure 31. WHASH dewatering started in November 2018. The observations show that:

- The response at HFG0052M is very similar to the Capricorn response. This, combined with the geological and structural models, suggest that this area is not connected to the main WHASH area. The Comedy Fault trending NW/SE just to the north of this bore is the most likely mechanism for this isolation from the rest of WHASH.
- WHASH heads increase in response to injection in Capricorn.
- All WHASH heads respond to WHASH dewatering.
- By 2021 drawdown in the centre of the orebody was about 13 m (so roughly 12 m/yr at an average of 10 ML/d)
- By 2021 drawdown in the north east of WHASH (adjacent to the creek) was about 9 m (roughly 8 m/yr)

The data therefore indicate that the response within the WHASH orebody has been quite uniform to date.

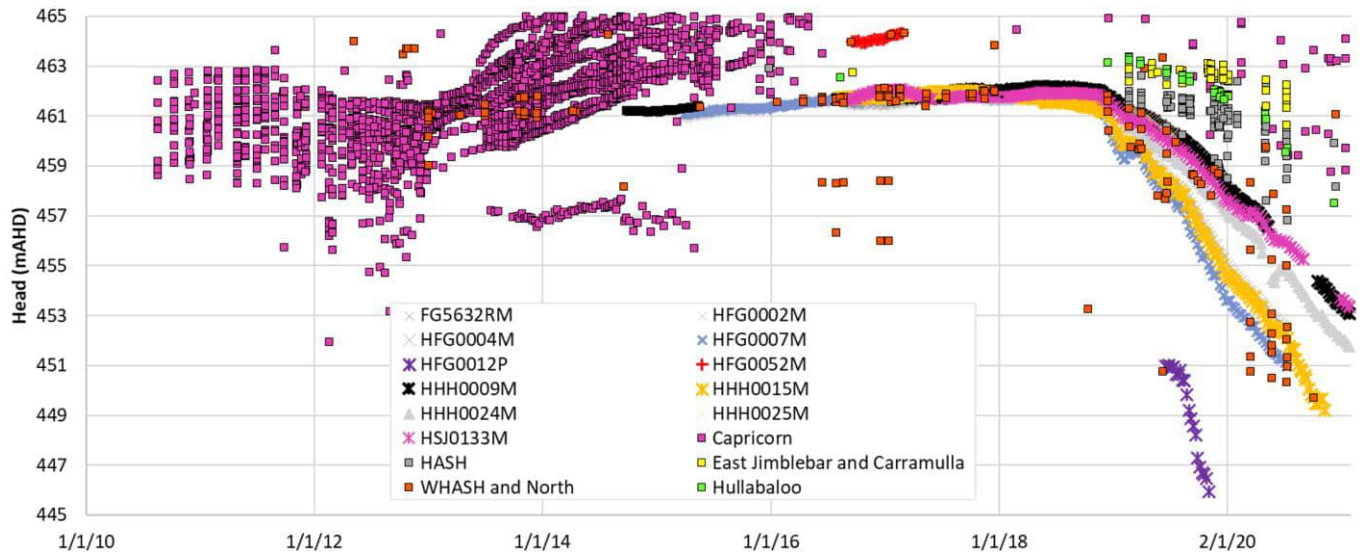
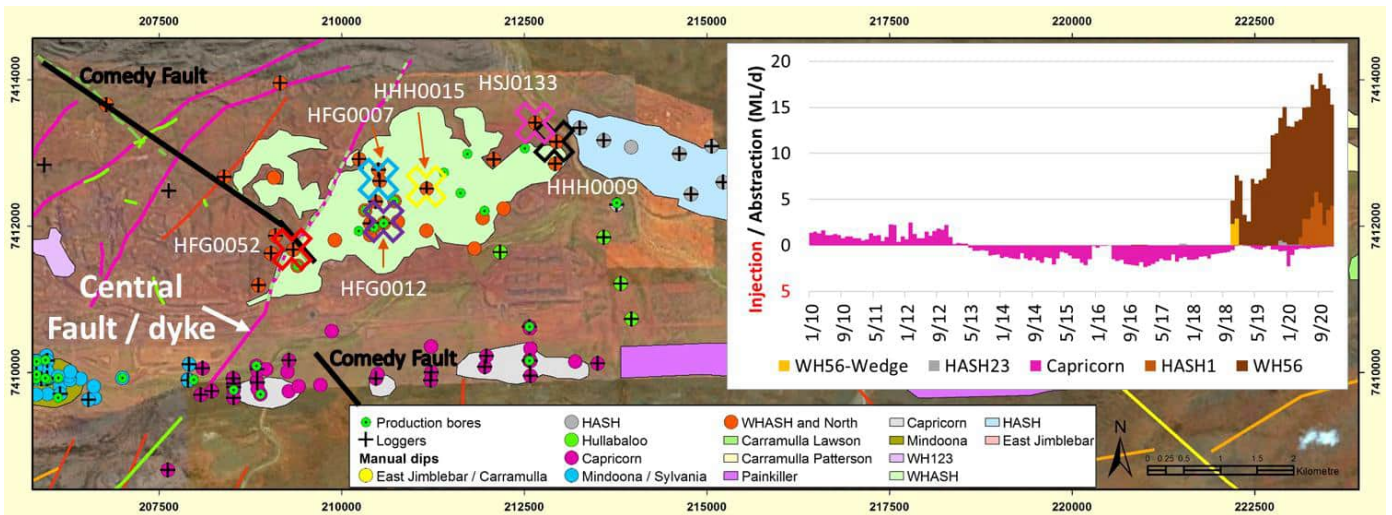


Figure 31. Heads in the WASH area (east of the central fault)

WHASH Central fault and north of WHASH / WH123 (10)

The pre-development data that are available are all to the north west, mostly on the Shovelanna side of the Wheelarra Fault (Figure 32). They show that heads fall from the west to east and reach a minimum of about 476 mRL. This is about 16 m higher than the observed heads just to the north of WH5/6. It can be assumed that these data confirm that the Wheelarra Fault continues to be a barrier to flow as it travels to the north east of Jimblebar.

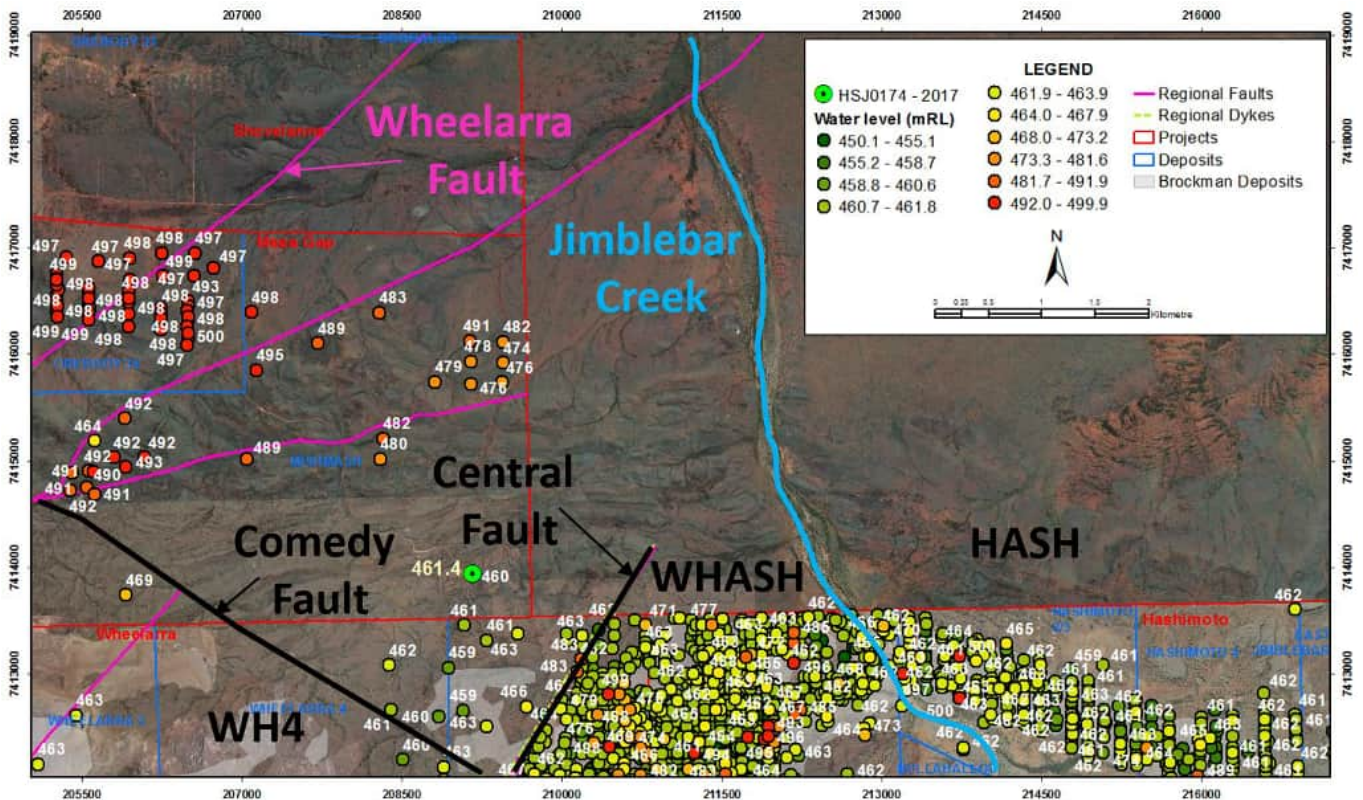


Figure 32. Heads to the north of Wheelarra and Hashimoto

The area of Brockman and Weeli Wolli immediately to the west and north west of the Central Fault as it passes through WHASH is a complex area of Jimblebar. Recent monitoring and dewatering stress at WHASH has helped this understanding, and the data is shown in Figures 33 and 34. These Figures include:

- Representative water levels in the regional system and in the WH2/3, both west of the Central Fault.
- Representative water levels in WHASH close to the Central Fault
- All monitoring west of the Central Fault in the Brockman material

Figure 33 shows just three bores, all in the north and outside of the main Brockman material, with the following data:

- FG4577 (unknown geology but within the Wheelarra Fault splay) and FG4620 (sills, clay):
 - High, stable (i.e. no sign of drawdown) heads in the far west and far northwest bores (which are in line with the pre-development heads in this area)
- HSJ0174M (Weeli Wolli Formation):
 - Heads prior to WHASH dewatering comparable (i.e. 462 mRL) to those east of the dyke in. In other words, no sign of this bore responding to the dewatering of South Jimblebar.
 - Drawdown response to WHASH dewatering (i.e. east of the Central Fault).

Figure 34 includes monitoring in the Brockman bores along strike of the WHASH and WH123 orebodies and shows:

- A more detailed picture of the response observed at HSJ0174 (described above).
- Apparently (although not irrefutable) similar response and water levels to HSJ0174 (although with less data for confidence) in three other bores west of the Central Fault (FG9778M, HFG0067M, FG4544M).

However, given the limited time series at these locations it cannot be concluded whether these are responding to South Jimblebar or WHASH dewatering, or both.

- HFG0066M and HFG0095M (although only a single point, i.e. no time variant data) responding to South Jimblebar dewatering as per the WH2/3 orebody.
- Two bores in the WHASH pit west of the Central Fault that seem to show a response (although again, not irrefutable) to South Jimblebar dewatering (FG4610M and FG4556M). Both bores are in the Joffre Member (probably orebody). As with some of the other bores, it is not possible to tell whether these are also responding to WHASH dewatering.

The data and analysis suggest that:

1. There is connection across the Central Fault in WHASH, into the northwest (HSJ0174M).
2. There may be some connection to the regional aquifer system west of the Central Fault into the western-most WHASH orebody via structures.
3. Just south of the western-most WHASH orebody there is connection to dewatering, but whether it is South Jimblebar or WHASH or both is not possible to say.
4. South and west of these there appears to be a good connection to the South Jimblebar dewatering (i.e. the regional aquifer system west of the Central Fault) and these bores respond as per the WH2/3 orebody.

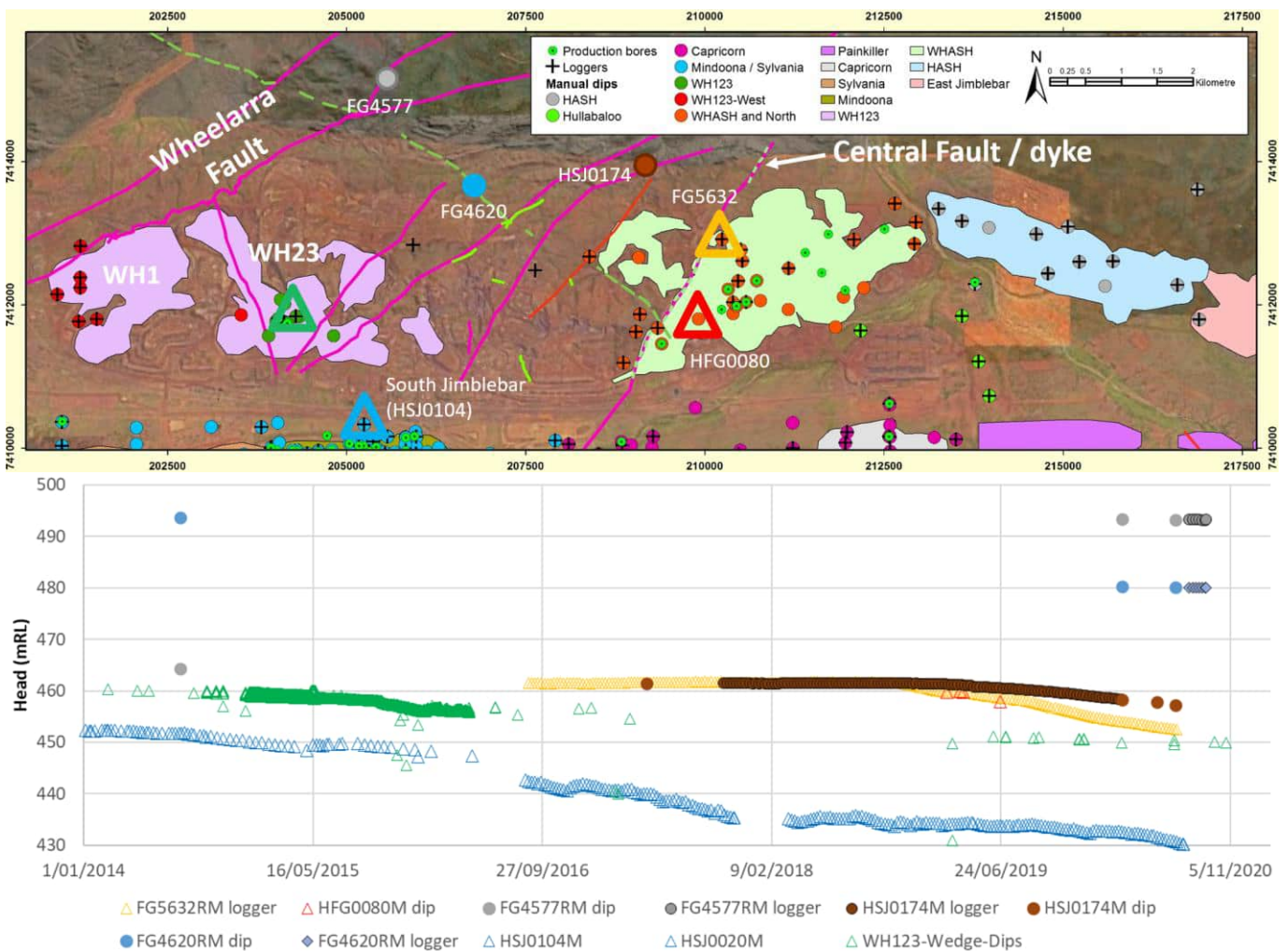


Figure 33. Heads in the WHASH area (west of the central fault) (Zoomed out)

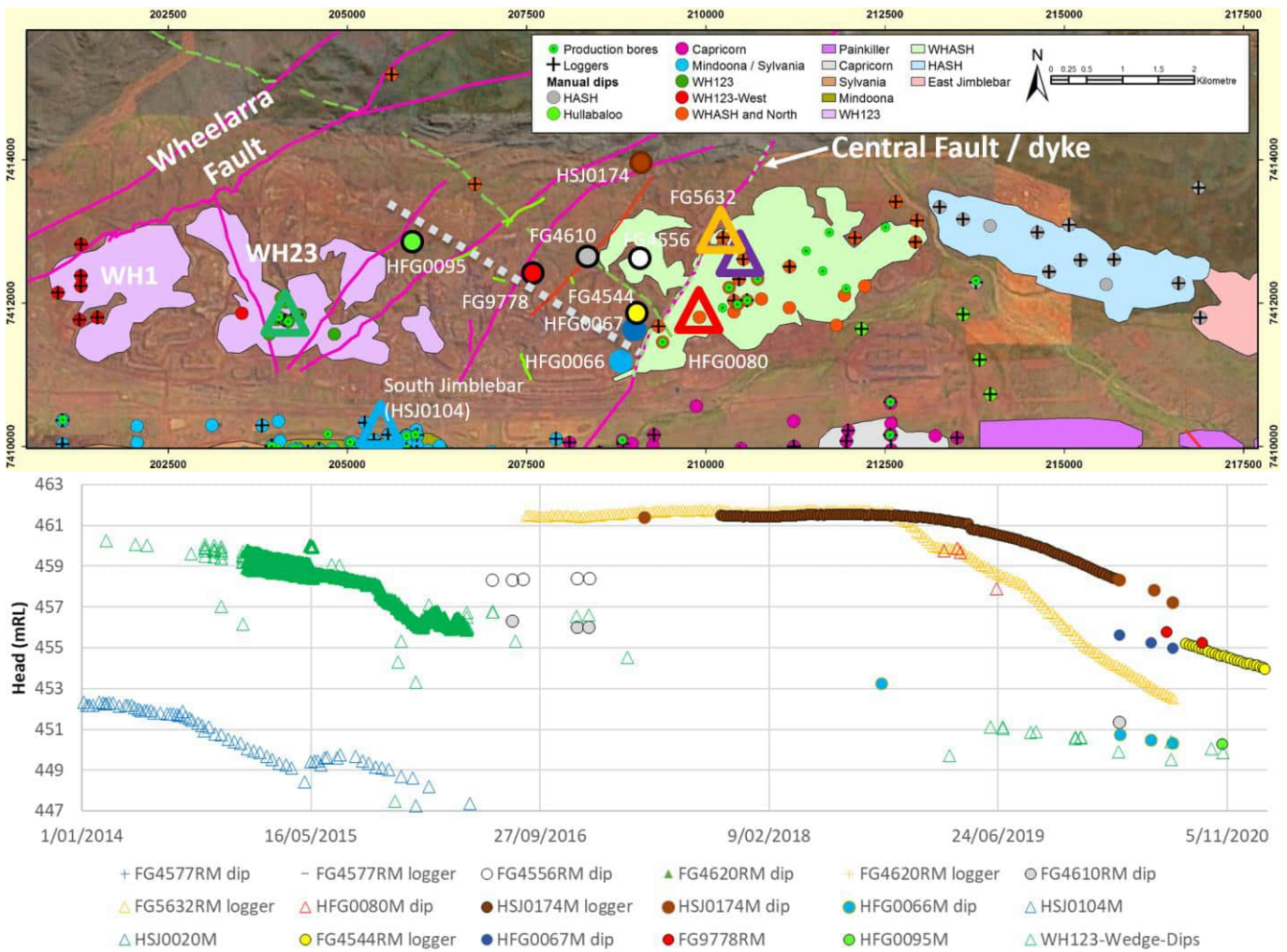


Figure 34. Heads in the WASH area (west of the central fault) (Zoomed in)

Hullabaloo (11)

Heads in the four Hullabaloo bores are shown in Figure 35. This shows that:

- There has been sustained drawdown since the end of 2018, which corresponds to WHASH dewatering,
- The bore closest to WHASH reports the greatest drawdown (HHH0020M screened in the Bee Gorge),
- The three bores to the south east of WHASH are very consistent and return almost identical heads and response (HHH0026M and 27M screened in dolomite, HHH0028M screened in TD2). The total drawdown in these bores was about 4.5 m by 2021.

The data show that the Hullabaloo area (i.e. the regional aquifer system south of WHASH) shows a clear response to WHASH dewatering and is therefore well connected to the WHASH orebody aquifer. The regional aquifer also shows signs of very high transmissivity and potentially high storage.

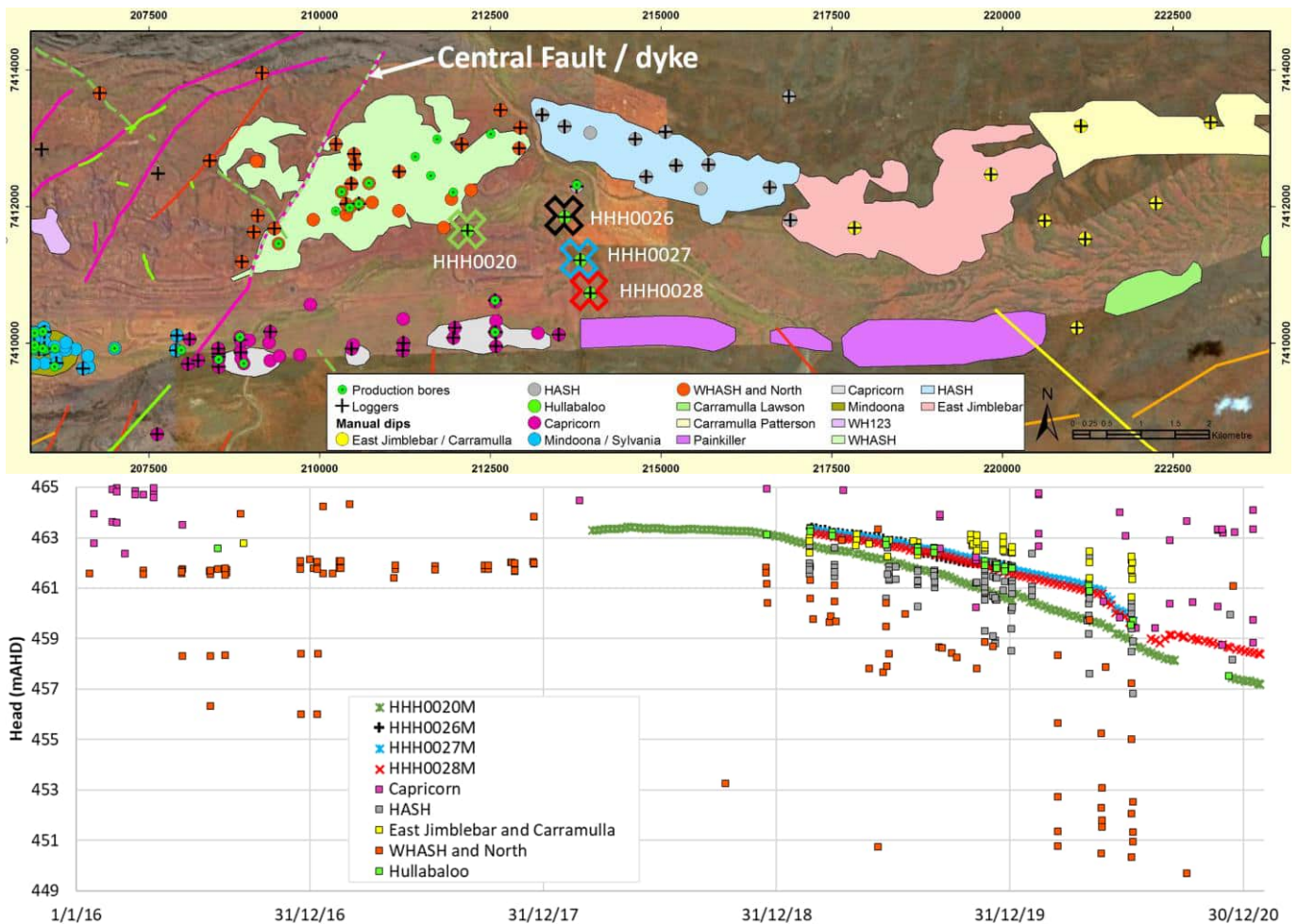


Figure 35. Heads in the Hullabaloo area

HASH (Hashimoto 234) (12)

Heads in HASH are shown in Figure 36. There has been no dewatering in this area yet. All bores show drawdown however:

- In the western most observation bore (HH1661RM) the response is very similar to WHASH on the other side of the Jimblebar Creek. This suggests that the orebody aquifer is continuous beneath the creek.
- From this point east though, the response changes rapidly:
 - Drawdown is initially slow to propagate, but when it does all the locations return a relatively consistent response for the first few months.
 - After this period, drawdown accelerates but at different rates in each bore. The greatest drawdown is seen in the west and the least drawdown in the east. However, there are some important subtleties:
 - There is a gradient in the western part (between HH1676RM and HH1661RM, which are very close to each other). The former returns 5 m drawdown by 2021, the if the latter's data is extrapolated, drawdown would be between 6 and 7 m.
 - There is virtually no gradient in the east, between HH1977RM and HH2781RM (about 2 km apart). Both experience between 2.5 and 3 m drawdown by 2021.
 - These observations hint at some lower transmissivity in the west and higher transmissivity in the east or discrete lower transmissivity zones within the orebody.

- Drawdown in east is greater than that in Hullabaloo. This suggests that it is occurring through the orebody (along strike), rather than via the regional aquifers and back into the orebody aquifer.
- Drawdown is also observed in the bore to the northeast of HASH (HH2080M, screened in the Woongarra Volcanics). At this location the initial heads are higher than the orebody, but drawdown reaches about 1.0 m by 2021.

The data therefore suggests that:

- The HASH and WHASH orebody aquifers are hydraulically connected.
- The full strike length of the HASH orebody is responding to WHASH dewatering.
- The HASH orebody aquifer may present some heterogeneity along strike.
- There may be some connection between the orebody and the volcanics to the north/northeast.

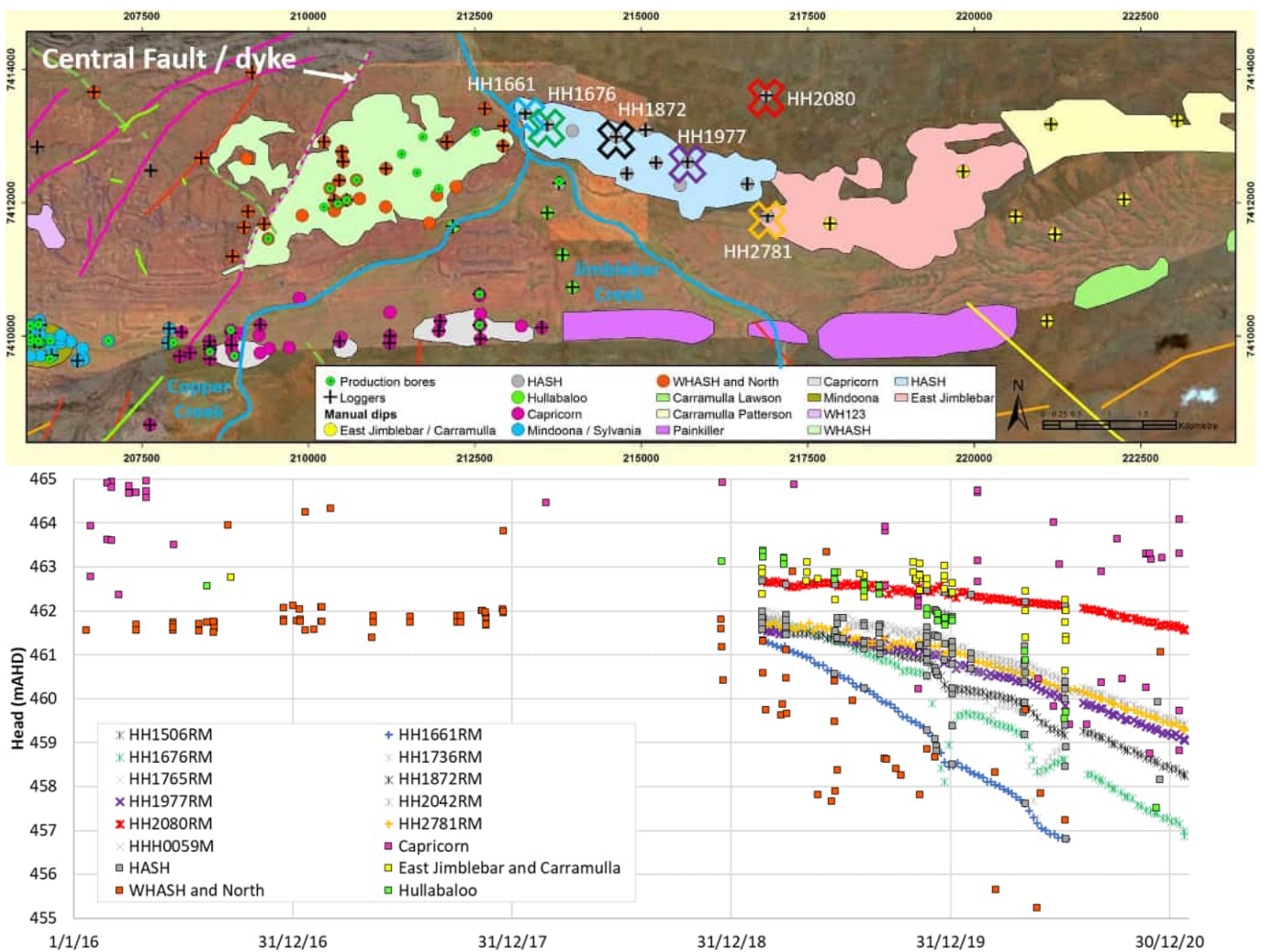


Figure 36. Heads in the Hashimoto area

East Jimblebar / Caramulla (13)

The data further east into East Jimblebar and Caramulla deposits and the regional aquifer system is shown in Figure 37. The only anthropogenic stress in this area has come from testing of production bores installed for the Caramulla MAR scheme which will be used to inject surplus water into the dolomite of the regional aquifer between the southern and northern Caramulla deposits (Lawson and Patterson respectively).

BHP

Of hydrogeological interest in this area is a very thick Tertiary sequence (TD3 and TD2) within the palaeovalley (to depths of up to 210 mbgl) that thins out towards the orebodies to the north and south and appears to deepen to the east. A clay-rich horizon is generally encountered within or at the base of the Tertiary sequence. This clay-rich horizon is inferred to hydraulically separate (at least locally) the underlying dolomite bedrock from the upper, largely unsaturated portions of the Tertiary sequence (TD3). The phreatic surface resides within this clay layer.

Monitoring here starts in February 2019, three months after WHASH dewatering commenced. The data show that:

- Heads start off a little higher here than to the west (up to 463 mRL, compared to 462 mRL).
- All bores in this area show a drawdown response to WHASH dewatering. In more detail:
 - East Jimblebar:
 - A gradient of about 1.5 m from west to east that is maintained during drawdown (suggesting reduced orebody transmissivity along strike)
 - Both western bores (HH2781RM and EJ0522RM) show about 2.5 m drawdown over the monitoring period. This is consistent with the HASH response just to the west.
 - Data at the eastern bore (EJ0578RM) is not available for the same duration as the western ones, but drawdown over the same period is estimated to be about 2 m.
 - Caramulla (Patterson). Assuming pre-dewatering heads about the same as the eastern part of East Jimblebar:
 - HCM0024M (western bore) shows a clear drawdown response reaching about 1.0 m by the last reading (January 2021).
 - HCM0034M (eastern bore) shows a clear drawdown response reaching about 0.5 m by the last reading (November 2020)
 - The regional system between the two Caramulla Patterson and Lawson deposits (HCM0005M, HCM0007M and HCM0029M) and the area between the Painkiller and Caramulla Lawson orebodies (CM0038M). These bores seem to follow the same trends, which are:
 - Flat or very gradual decline in heads until March 2020
 - Very strong and rapid response to MAR production bore test pumping
 - Partial recovery once test pumping ceases. The recovery seems to be to the same level as the head at the relevant time in the Caramulla Patterson orebody.
 - It is estimated that by 2021 end all of these bores would observe about 1 m drawdown.

Test pumping of three MAR production bores was carried out in 2020 (BHP, 2020). The bores were pumped for between 2 and 3 weeks at between 5.5 and 6.5 ML/d (Figure 38). The bores were pumped individually with a gap of about a month between each test. The findings pertinent to this study were that:

- All three tests provided evidence for a hydraulic boundary to about 10 km to the west of the MAR borefield.
- The aquifer exhibits high transmissivity and low storage.
- The data suggest an unconfined/semi-confined aquifer in this location.
- Drawdown preferentially extends in the east-west alignment along the axis of the palaeochannel.
- Post-pumping recovery is slow and incomplete (which may be due to the influence of WHASH dewatering).
- Within the margins of the dolomite palaeovalley, the overlying clay unit (generally >25 m thickness) is expected to constitute a confining / semi-confining layer.

Even with some remaining uncertainty in the data, the overall conclusion is that:

- The entire area is responding to WHASH dewatering at a relatively consistent rate (although slightly higher in the north west, closest to stress and in the orebody aquifer).
- The response is very consistent through the Caramulla Patterson (north) and Lawson (south) orebody aquifers and the regional aquifer system between them.
- The regional aquifer between the Caramulla orebodies and further to the west is probably high transmissivity and low storage.
- There is evidence to suggest that there is a hydraulic barrier to the west (through the regional aquifer system), just east of the Hullabaloo monitoring bores. The nature of the hydraulic barrier is unknown at present.
- Connection into the regional system in this area to WHASH dewatering may therefore be primarily through the orebody aquifers of East Jimblebar and Caramulla Patterson. This remains uncertain however.

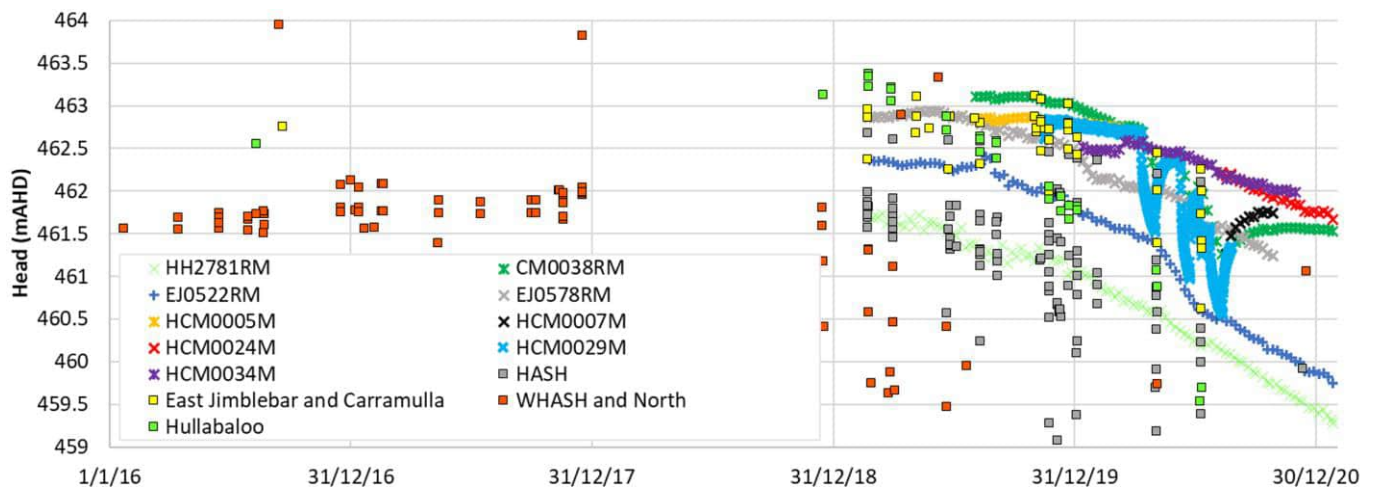
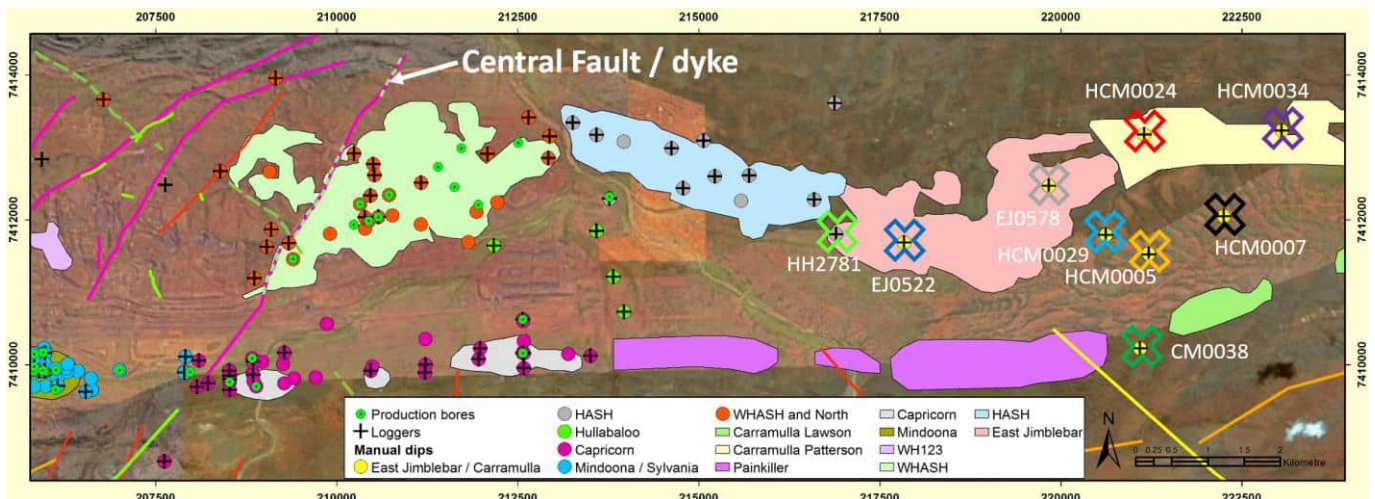


Figure 37. Heads in the East Jimblebar / Caramulla area

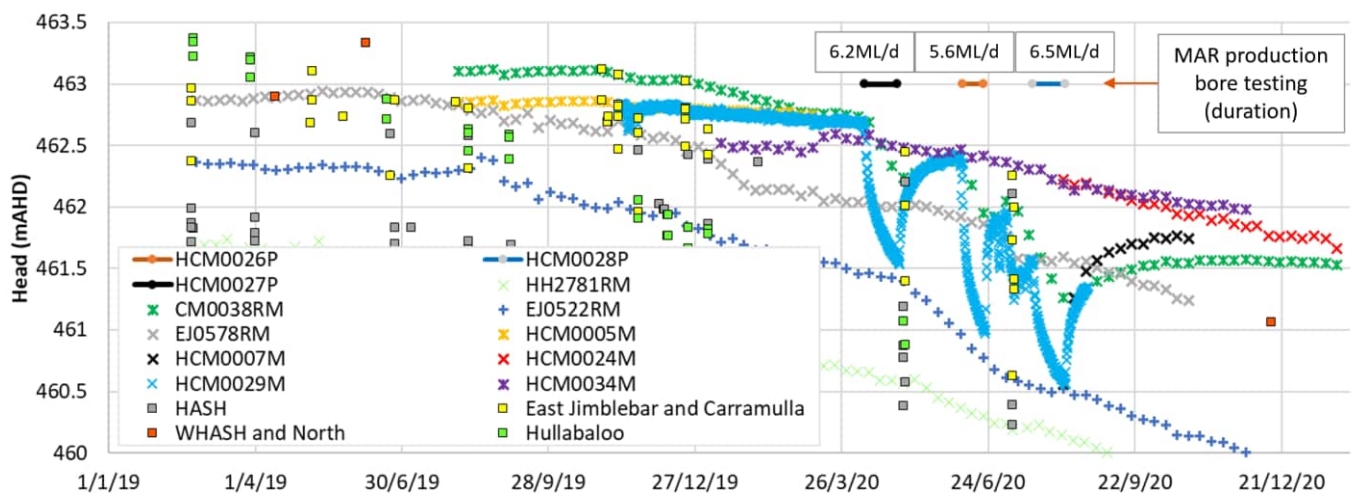
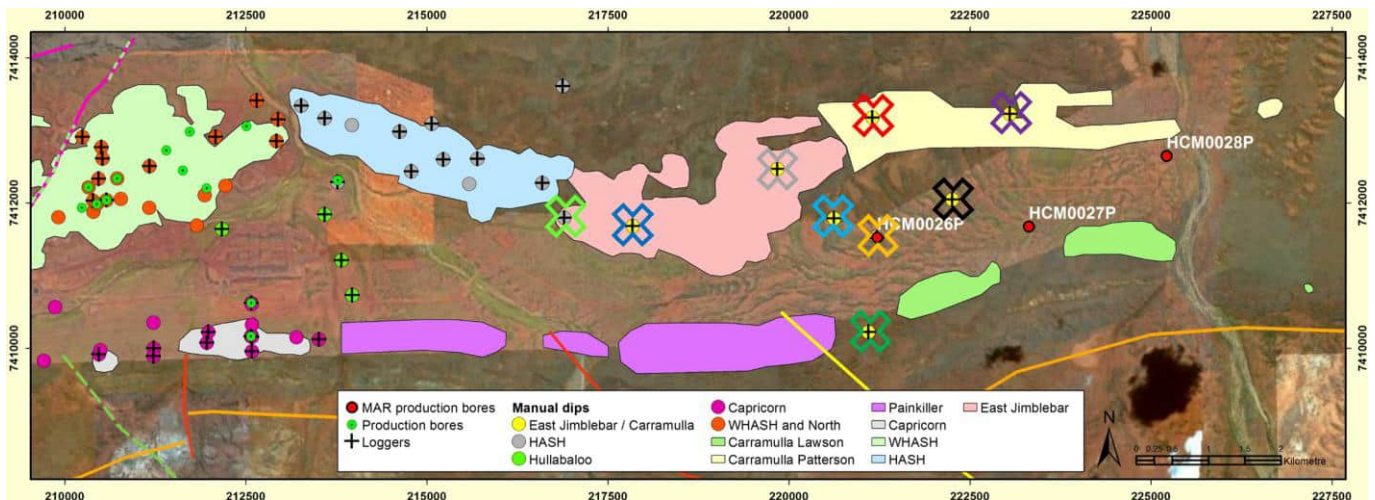


Figure 38. Heads in the East Jimblebar / Carramulla area – response to Carramulla MAR test pumping

Basement response south of Capricorn (East of Comedy Fault) (14)

The pre-development heads in the southern part of the South Jimblebar deposits east of the Comedy Fault (Figure 39) are consistently higher than the heads in the orebody and alluvium to the north. The heads increase from 462 mRL to 500 mRL within about 100 m. Furthermore, such a sharp contrast is not observed to the west of the Central Fault. These data suggest that the unmineralised Marra Mamba in this area has different hydraulic characteristics, i.e. is of a lower permeability than the same material further west.

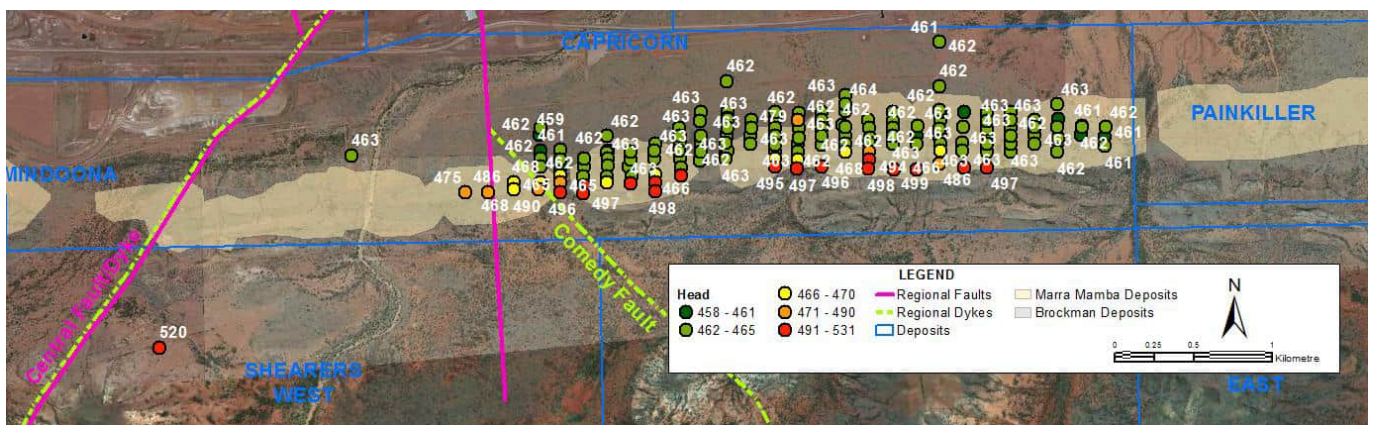


Figure 39. Regional spot heads (mRL) south of South Jimblebar and east of Comedy Fault

East of Caramulla (15)

To the far east of Caramulla the only water level data available are exploration drilling observations (Figure 40). The levels are relatively flat and consistent (i.e. they don't diverge more than a few metres from 462 mRL) as far as the regional fault in the eastern part of Caramulla. The observed heads increase by 40 m to the east of this structure which implies that it is a significant barrier to groundwater flow.

The response to dewatering in the Jimblebar area has however clearly shown that flat water tables do not preclude the possibility of other hydraulically significant structures cutting through the area and constraining drawdown propagation to the east.

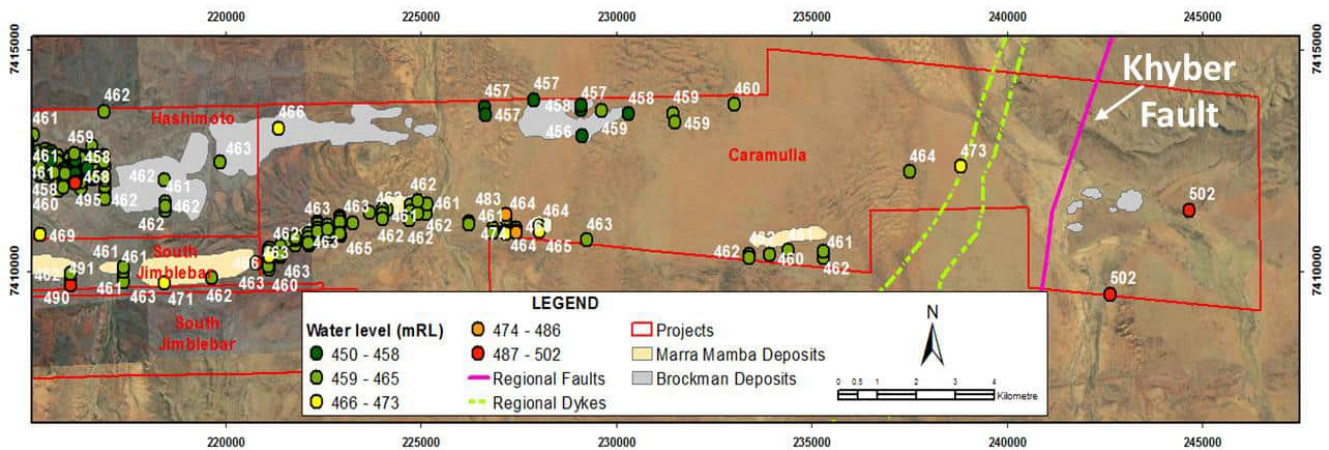


Figure 40. Regional spot heads east of Jimblebar (post 2001)

Vibrating Wire Piezometers

Over 70 vibrating wire piezometers (VWPs) have been installed in the Jimblebar area in 21 bores, most in South Jimblebar (Mindoon) and three in WH1/2. Of these, 65 have provided viable time variant water levels, with locations shown in Figure 41 and hydrographs in Figures 42 and 43. The driver for VWP installation is to support depressurisation predictions for geotechnical slope stability characterisation. Whilst detailed analysis of depressurisation of the pit slopes is not within the scope of this document, the data is presented here to see if it can add anything to the sub-regional scale conceptualisation.

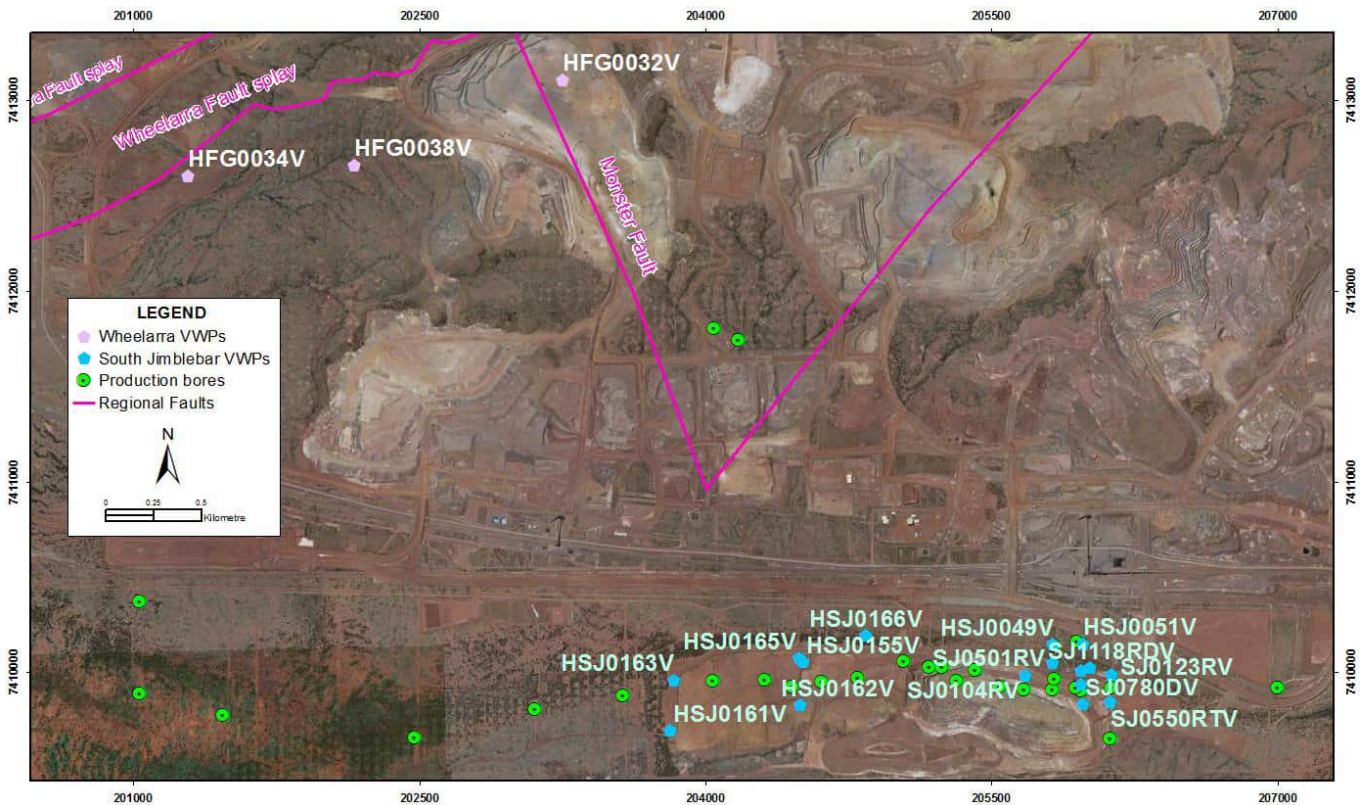


Figure 41. Vibrating wire piezometer locations

WH123:

All responding as expected, but some interesting observations (Figure 42).

HFG0032 is responding as if it is located within the WH3 fault block, with a subdued response to South Jimblebar dewatering. All lithologies respond uniformly with the McRae Shale showing a little less drawdown than the Dales Gorge.

In HFG0034, VWP2 looks erroneous. The Dales Gorge VWP returns the same drawdown magnitude as seen throughout the western compartment. The McRae Shale here shows much less drawdown however although still more than within the WH3 fault block, indicating lower permeability of this unit, at this location.

The Mt Sylvia and McRae Shale at HFG0038 respond to South Jimblebar dewatering as per the general western compartment, suggesting relatively high permeability. The Bee Gorge however shows a much reduced response (even less than within the WH3 fault block), indicating lower permeability.

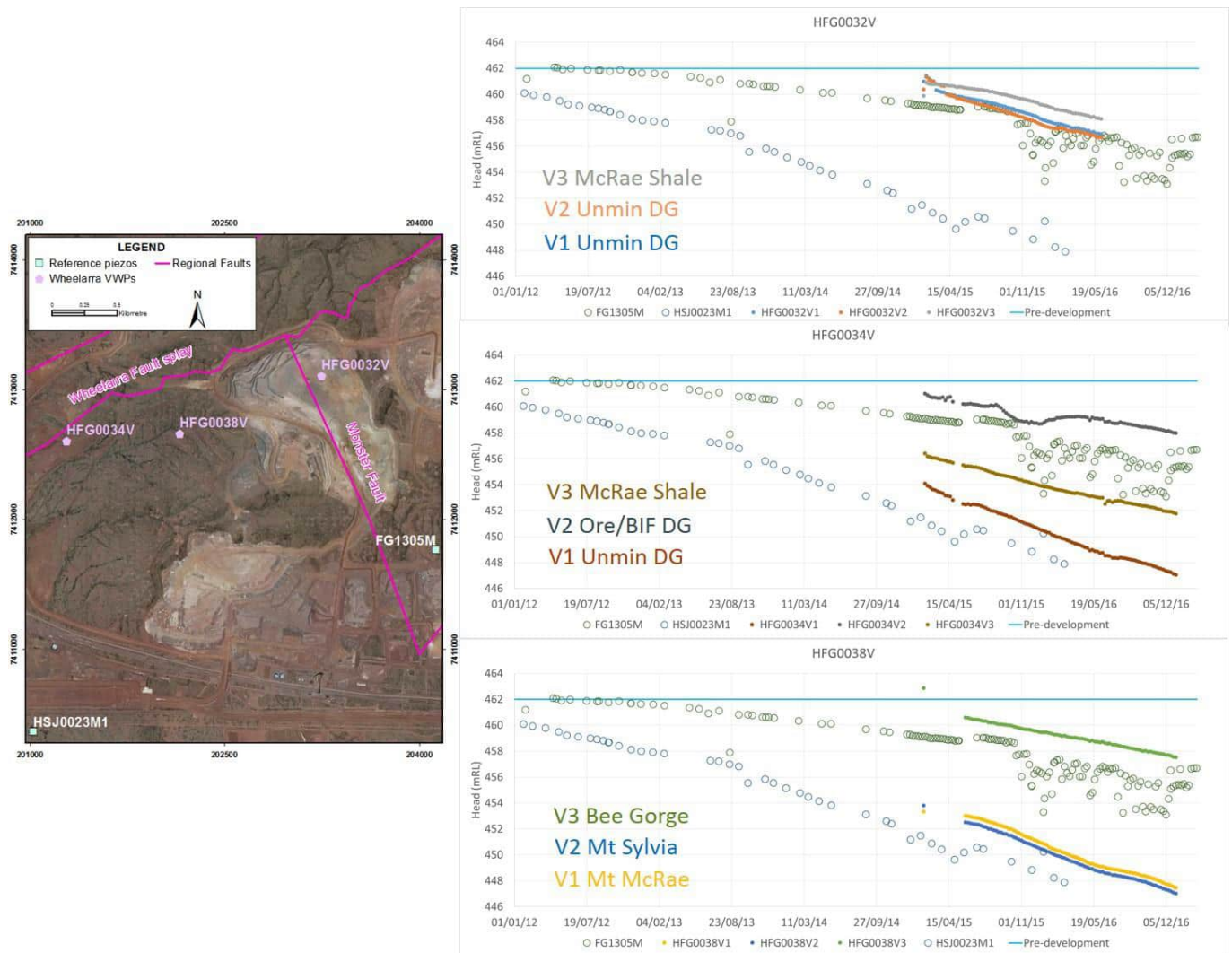


Figure 42. WH123 VWP hydrographs (by borehole)

South Jimblebar:

The 56 VWP’s at South Jimblebar (Mindoonna) show very similar trends even though they are installed in a variety of lithologies, including those previously considered as conceptual aquitards (Figure 43). Several VWP’s have now become unsaturated (returning atmospheric pressure only) and are not included in the analysis. In the figures, HSJ0148M is also shown and can be used as a guide to the regional drawdown response. The comparison shows that:

- The majority of Tertiary Detrital responses show a greater drawdown than observed in HSJ0148M. The exception to this is HSJ0166V1 although the readings from all the VWP’s in that hole look anomalous.
- The West Angles Shale and Newman Formation VWP’s show many similarities with the data showing the full range of trends noted in the orebody response (i.e. high to low drawdown) as described in the “South Jimblebar orebody response (5)” Section above.
- VWP’s installed in the Nammuldi and McLeod Members all respond to dewatering and show drawdown in excess of the sub-regional.
- The single observation on the Parburdoo Member shows a rate of drawdown similar, but a little less, than that in HSJ0148M.

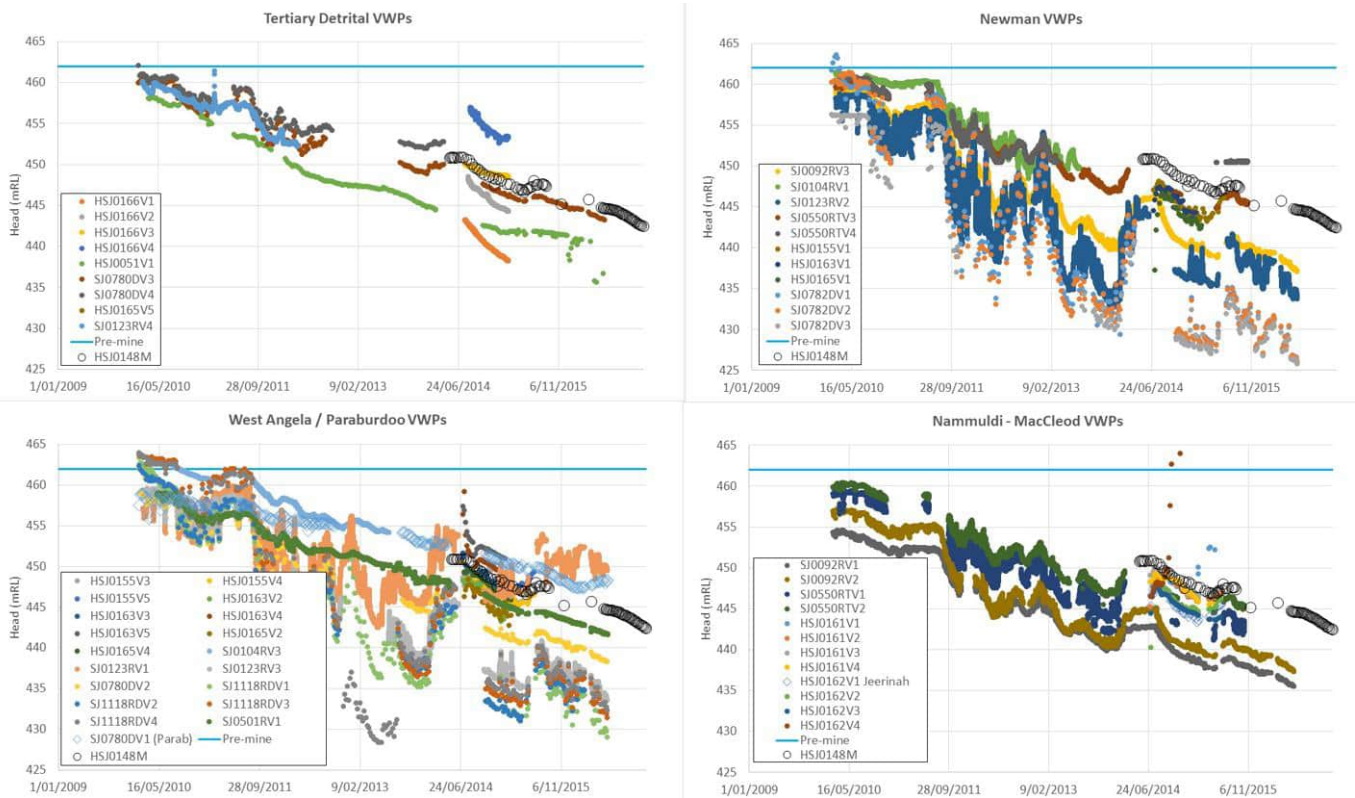


Figure 43. South Jimblebar VWP hydrographs (by lithology)

The VWP's seem to confirm that the mode of connection between the Marra Mamba orebody and regional aquifers is through the intervening rock mass material. At almost all of the 56 locations the response is greater than the sub-regional response and in many cases non-orebody material records as much drawdown as the orebody. Permeability in these units may be enhanced by mineralisation or may be characteristic of the unmineralised rock in this area.

Chemistry

pH and electrical conductivity (EC) observations in the Jimblebar area are shown in Figures 44 and 45 with data points coloured by lithology and location. A corresponding location map is shown in Figure 46. Where field EC and pH were not available (i.e. HASH, East Jimblebar and Caramulla), laboratory EC and pH were plotted. The main trends and observations in each region are summarised in Table 5.

A longer history of chemistry data collection is available for the South Jimblebar pits (Mindooka, Sylvania and Capricorn). EC and pH data, as well as location and conceptual maps for these regions are shown in Figures 47 – 50 and are referred to in Table 5.

The figures show:

- The following ranges of groundwater are present:
 - pH primarily between 7.0 - 8.0, with data existing within a wider range of 6.0 - 10.0
 - EC between 250 and 2,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (fresh to brackish)
- EC can be further broken into two main groups:

- 250 – 750 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$: fresh groundwater located in the western region of the Capricorn orebody, in close proximity to Copper Creek. This may be an indication of enhanced rainfall recharge (via Copper Creek) at this location compared to elsewhere in Jimblebar.
- 1000+ $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$: brackish groundwater is found in all other locations within the Jimblebar groundwater system.
- There is a good history of monitoring dating back to 1995, particularly within the Mindoona and Capricorn water supply bores.
- There is no obvious correlation between lithology and chemistry (EC and pH).
- Most bores in the regional system (Tertiary Detritals and Dolomite) show EC and pH values not too dissimilar from the orebody aquifers.
- Once dewatering commences, the pH and EC dataset shows significant variability with time. It is difficult to determine whether this variability corresponds to dewatering stressors and/or reflects the natural variation in chemistry data from increased spatial monitoring.
- Post 2013, chemistry in the three Capricorn MAR bores is representative of the Mindoona/Sylvania groundwater. Monitoring in the western region of Capricorn (near Copper Creek) shows the influence of MAR - i.e. the fresh water near Copper Creek mixing with the higher EC water from Mindoona/Sylvania.
- Post 2014, EC values (and to a lesser extent pH) show significant variability. This does not appear to correspond to major changes in the dewatering regime but does seem to occur consistently throughout Jimblebar (i.e. WH123 and WHASH data is aligned with South Jimblebar chemistry). This suggests potential changes in groundwater chemistry in the system, but the mechanism behind it and the implications are currently unknown.

Table 5: Summary of Jimblebar chemistry main trends and observations

Region	Pre-dewatering	Post-dewatering
Mindoona	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chemistry data is available dating back to 1995, mostly in the regional aquifer (Tertiary Detritals) and unknown lithology (suspected Marra Mamba). • Higher pH in early years (7.5 - 7.8) until 1998, after which relatively consistent between 7 - 7.5 with a few outliers (b). • EC mostly consistent, at around 1500 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (a). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In 2011, there is an increase in dewatering and chemistry monitoring within the orebody. • Post 2011, there is a wider spread of pH data from 6.4 - 7.8 (d). Appears to increase marginally from 2011 to 2016, with a peak at pH 8.4 (h). • Post 2016, pH scatter is greater (6.3 - 8.2) but with no other discernible trends i.e. unclear as to whether pH is decreasing beyond this point (i). • From 2011 - 2014, EC values are higher and have a wider spread (1650 – 1900 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$) (c). • Post 2014, even wider spread of EC data mostly between 500 – 2000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$. Potentially decreasing pH from 2014 – 2017 (e) and increasing between 2017 – 2019 (f), although hard to discern properly.
Sylvania	No data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In 2011, orebody abstraction and chemistry monitoring commences, mostly in the Marra Mamba orebody and West Angela. • pH range starts with a wide spread from 6.5 - 7.7 (d). The range of data then appears to shift, with pH increasing until 2016 (to 7.1 - 8.3) (h). • Post 2016, there is an even wider scatter of pH data (6.3 - 8.2). Potentially appears to be decreasing post 2016, although trends are unclear (i). • In 2011, the EC range starts between 1500 – 2000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (c). • Post 2014, there is a wider scatter of EC data, ranging from 500 – 2000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$. Potentially decreasing between 2014 – 2017 (e), and increasing between 2017 – 2019 (f).
WH123	No data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Chemistry monitoring commences in 2016, mostly in the Brockman orebody (Dales Gorge member).

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> pH ranges primarily between 7 – 8. Potentially appears to be decreasing, although trends are unclear. EC ranges mostly between 500 – 1700 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$, with no discernible trends with time. There is limited chemistry monitoring post 2020.
Capricorn	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chemistry data available dating back to 1995, mostly near Copper Creek and the Central Fault. Monitoring mostly in the regional aquifer or unknown lithology. pH is relatively consistent between 6.6 - 8 with occasional fluctuations of mostly lower pH (down to 5.9, although may be erroneous data/outliers) (<i>m</i>). EC separated into 2 main groups: lower EC ~300 – 400 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (<i>j</i>), and higher EC around ~1000 – 2000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (<i>k, l</i>). Low EC groundwater located in close proximity to downstream Copper Creek. May receive significant fresh recharge following rainfall events. Higher EC groundwater just north of fresher region: initially between 1000 – 1500 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ until 2009, after which range increases to 1200 – 1900 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$. There is potentially a groundwater divide between fresher and more saline region (i.e. between HSJ0080M and HSJ0003P). 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In 2013, dewatering in Capricorn switched to MAR - receiving water from Mindoona/Sylvania abstraction. I.e. chemistry in 3 x Capricorn MAR bores is representative of mixed Mindoona/Sylvania groundwater (n). From 2013 pH range (6.7 – 7.8) appears to decrease (<i>q</i>). In 2018 pH mostly ranging from 6.4 - 7.3 (<i>r</i>). Post 2013, additional monitoring near Copper Creek (in Marra Mamba) shows EC ranging between 250 – 750 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ and remaining relatively consistent. However trend of increasing EC evident in one bore (<i>p</i>). Potential for mixing of fresh and brackish groundwaters influenced by MAR. Monitoring further east in Marra Mamba orebody aquifer shows high EC values between 1300 – 2300 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$. No clear trend as to whether salinity changes in response to injection/other stressors (<i>o</i>). Monitoring frequency decreases over time.
WHASH & North	No data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chemistry monitoring commences in 2017, mostly in the Brockman orebody (Dales Gorge and Joffre members) with one monitoring bore in the Wittenoom Formation. Orebody abstraction commences in 2018. pH primarily between 6.5 – 8.3. There are no discernible trends. EC ranges from 500 – 1600 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$. Potentially increasing, with higher values returned post 2020.
Hash	No data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No field chemistry data available. Laboratory data used as proxy. Chemistry monitoring commences 2019, mostly in the Brockman orebody (Dales Gorge and Joffre members). pH ranging from 7.6 - 8.5. EC ranging from 1100 – 1500 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$. Limited data - no discernible trends yet.
East Jimblebar & Caramulla	No data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No field chemistry data available. Laboratory chemistry used as proxy. Chemistry monitoring commences 2019 in a range of lithologies - orebody (Brockman, Marra Mamba), Regional Aquifer and West Angela. pH ranging from 7.5 - 8.4, with one lower value at 6.5 which may be an outlier. EC ranging from 910 – 1600 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$. Limited data - no discernible trends yet.

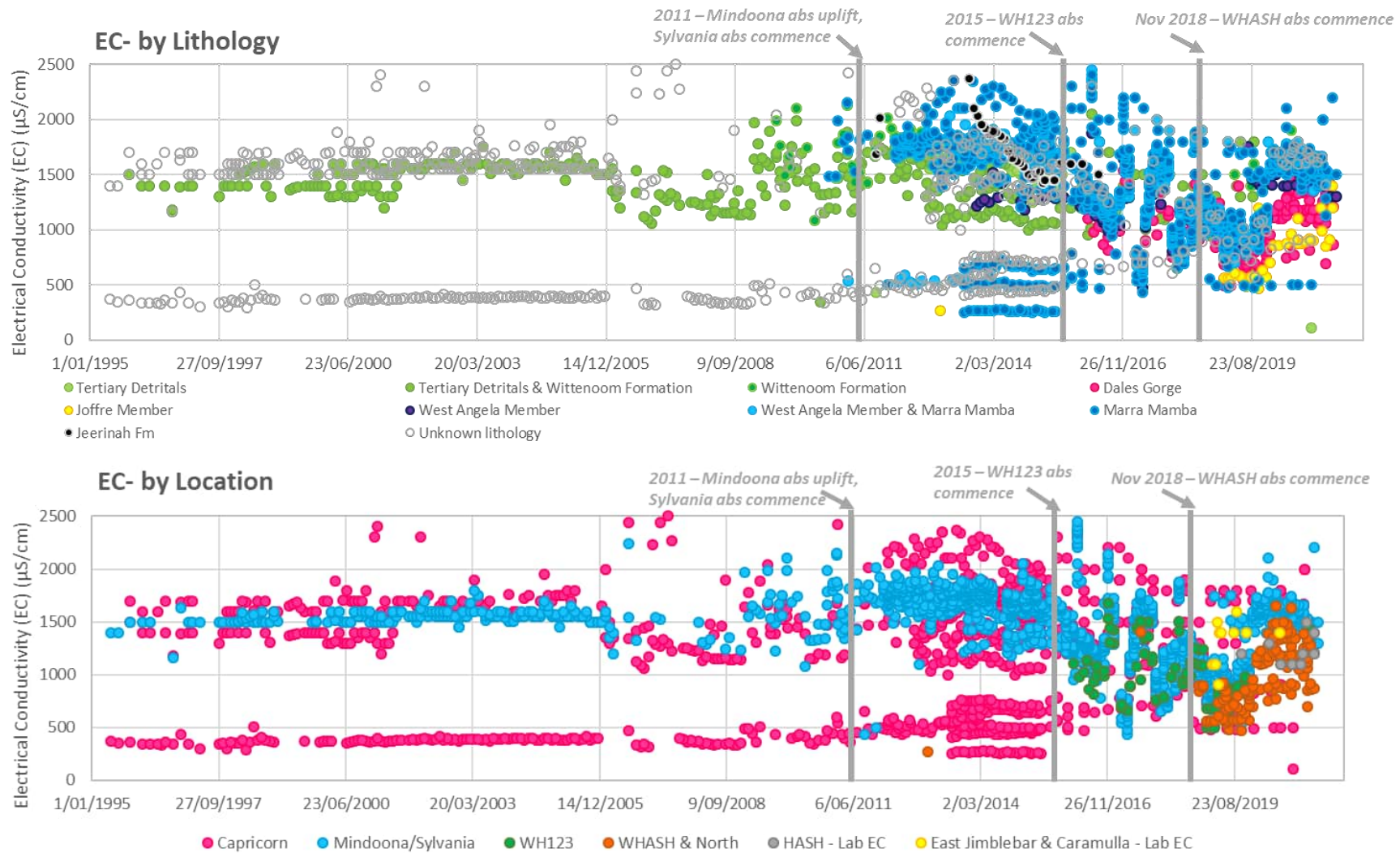


Figure 44. EC values plotted by lithology and location

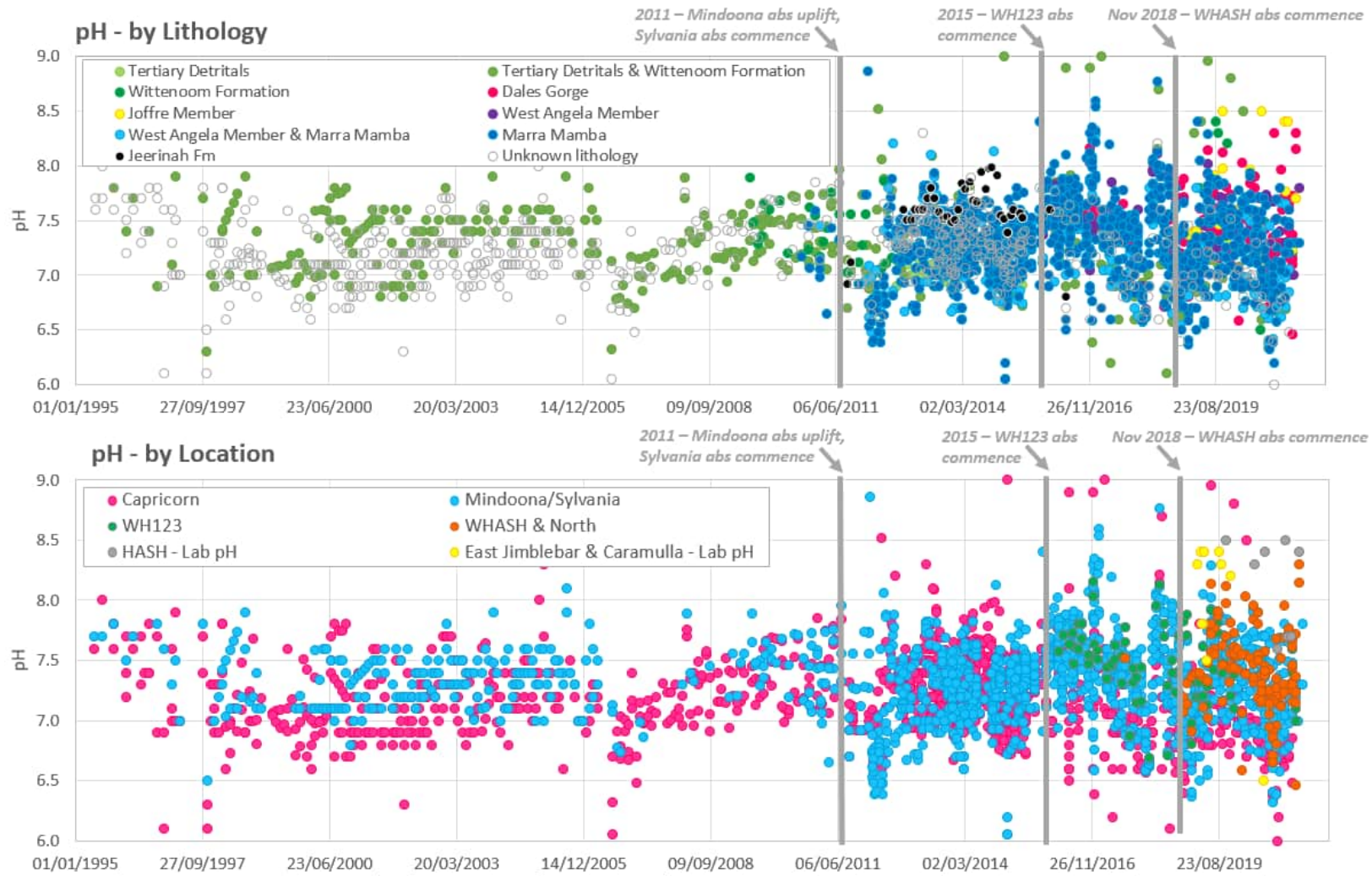
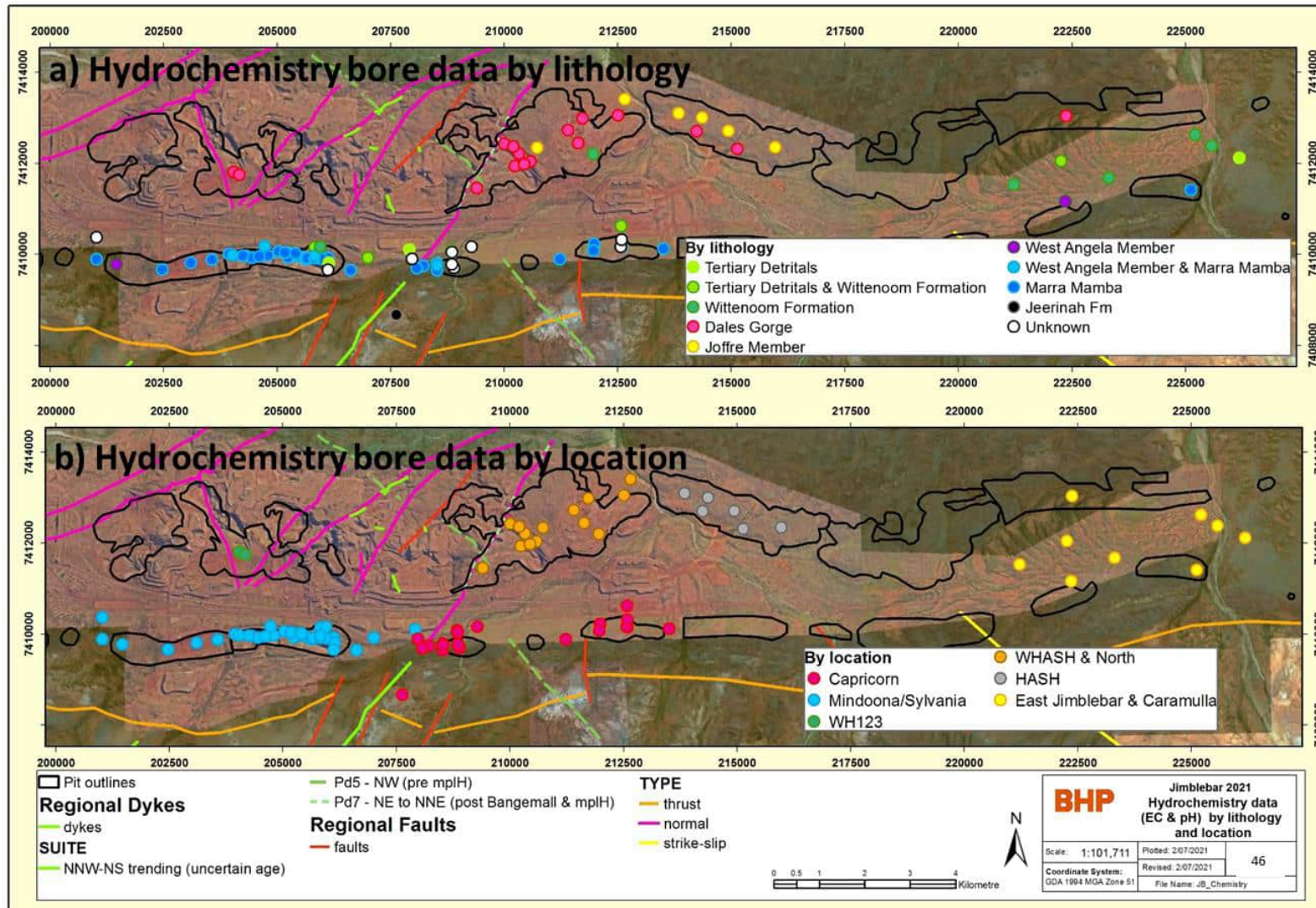


Figure 45. pH values plotted by lithology and location



MXD Path: R:\03 ArcGIS\EPHFY21\FY21 Jimblebar Asorevals SuozortMXD\JB_Chemistry.mxd

Figure 46. Spatial distribution of chemistry data – by lithology and location

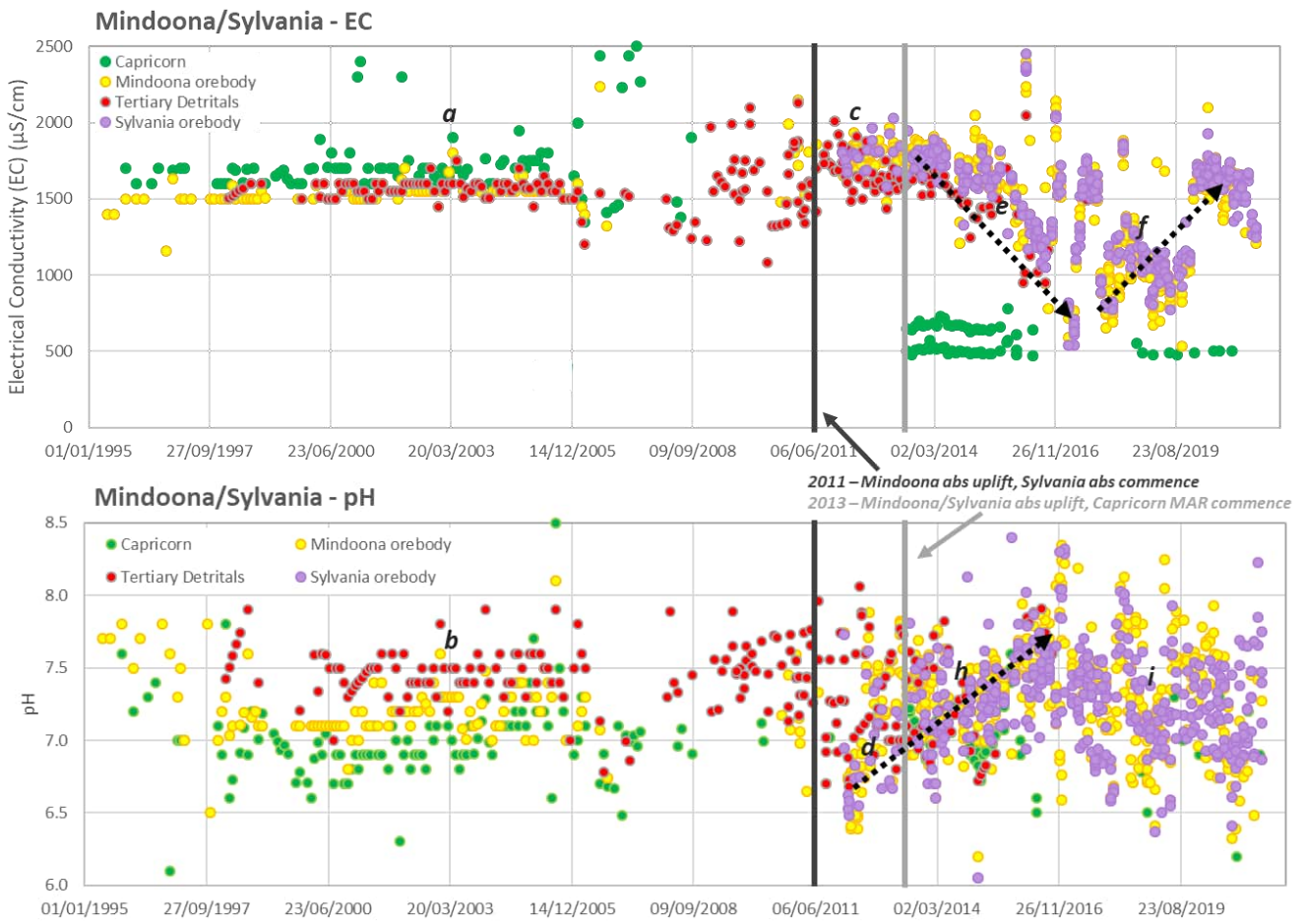


Figure 47. EC and pH data in Mindoona/Sylvania and west Capricorn

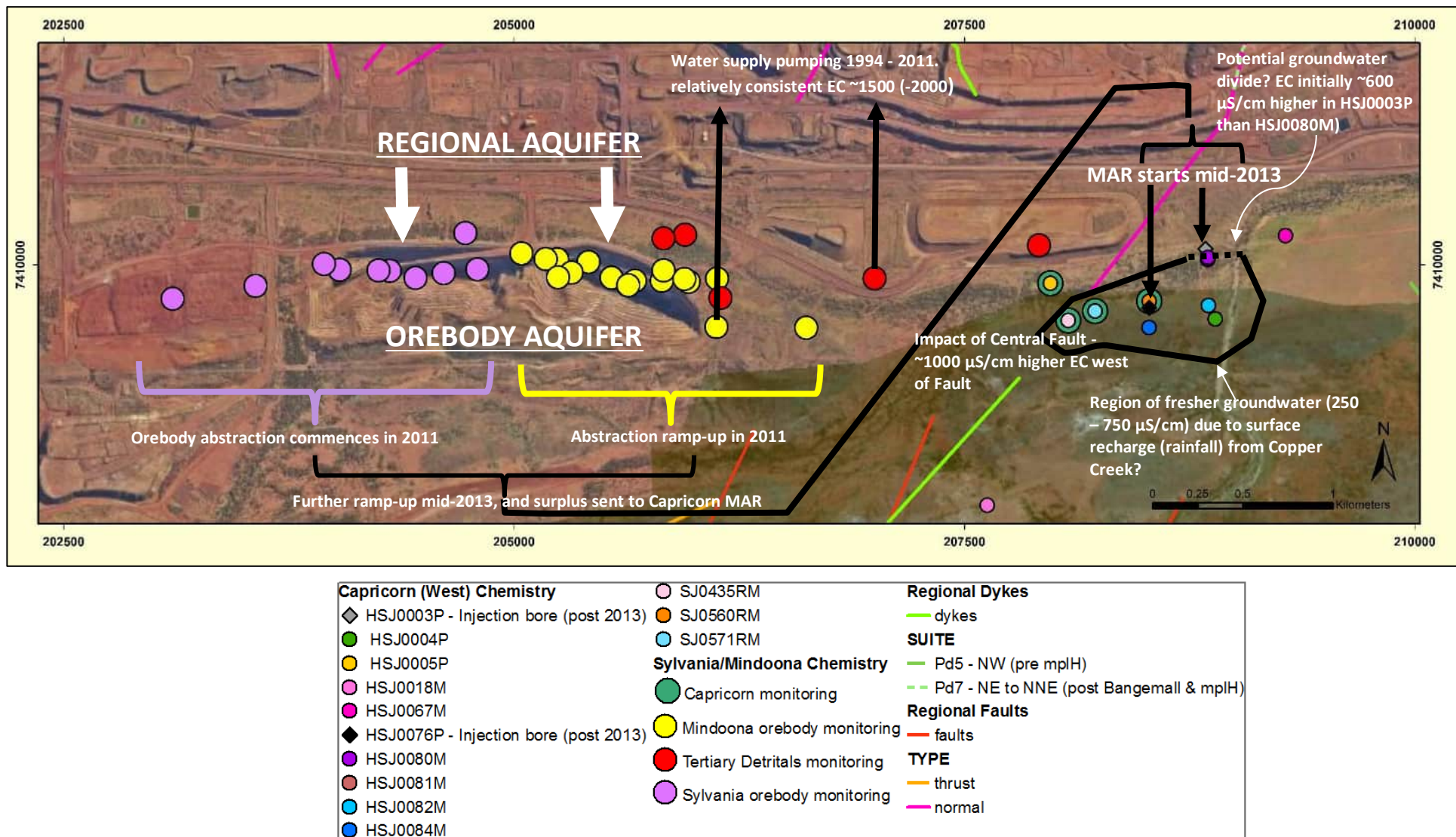


Figure 48. Spatial distribution of chemistry data in South Jimblebar (west of Central Fault) and conceptualisation

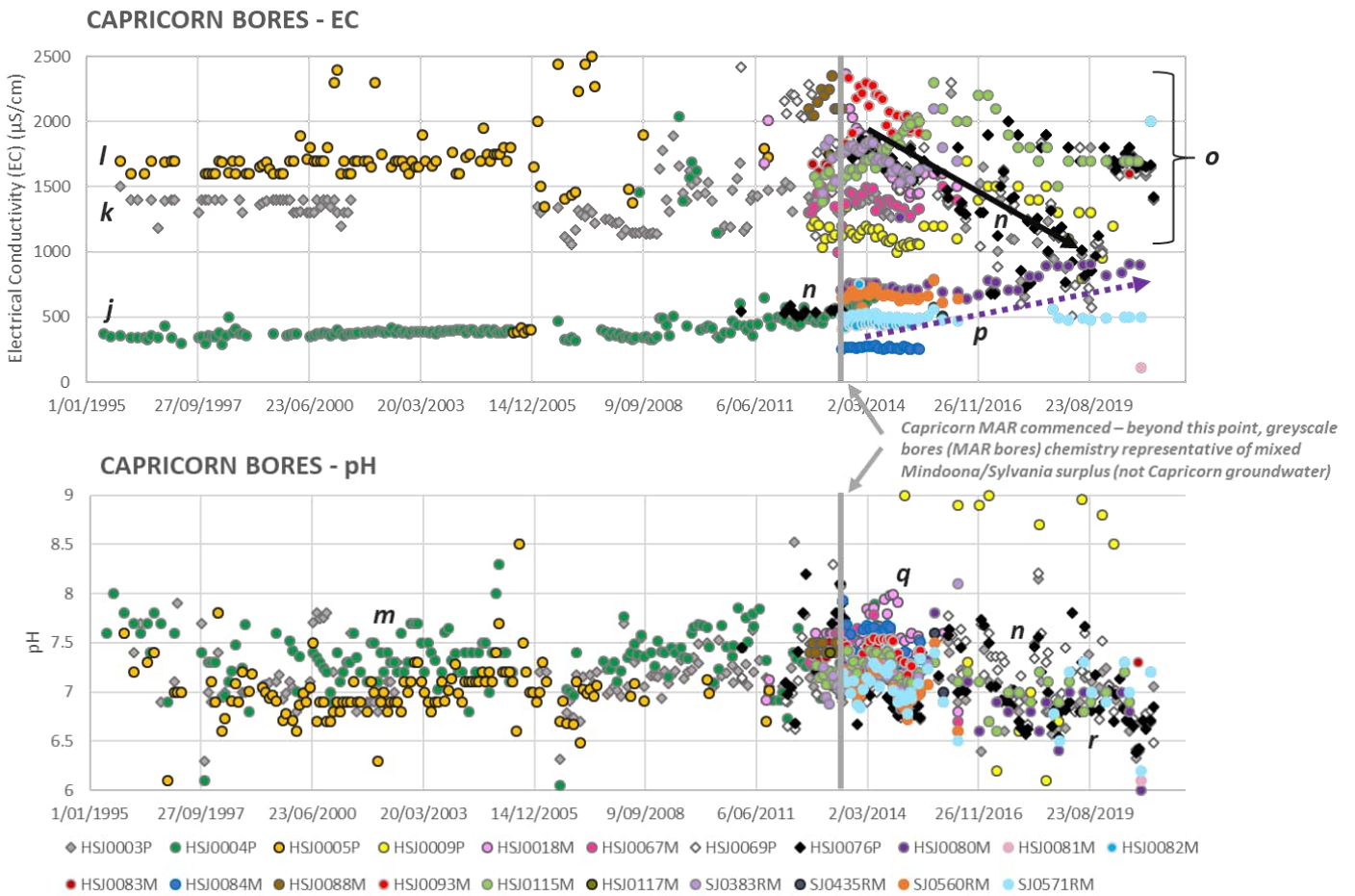
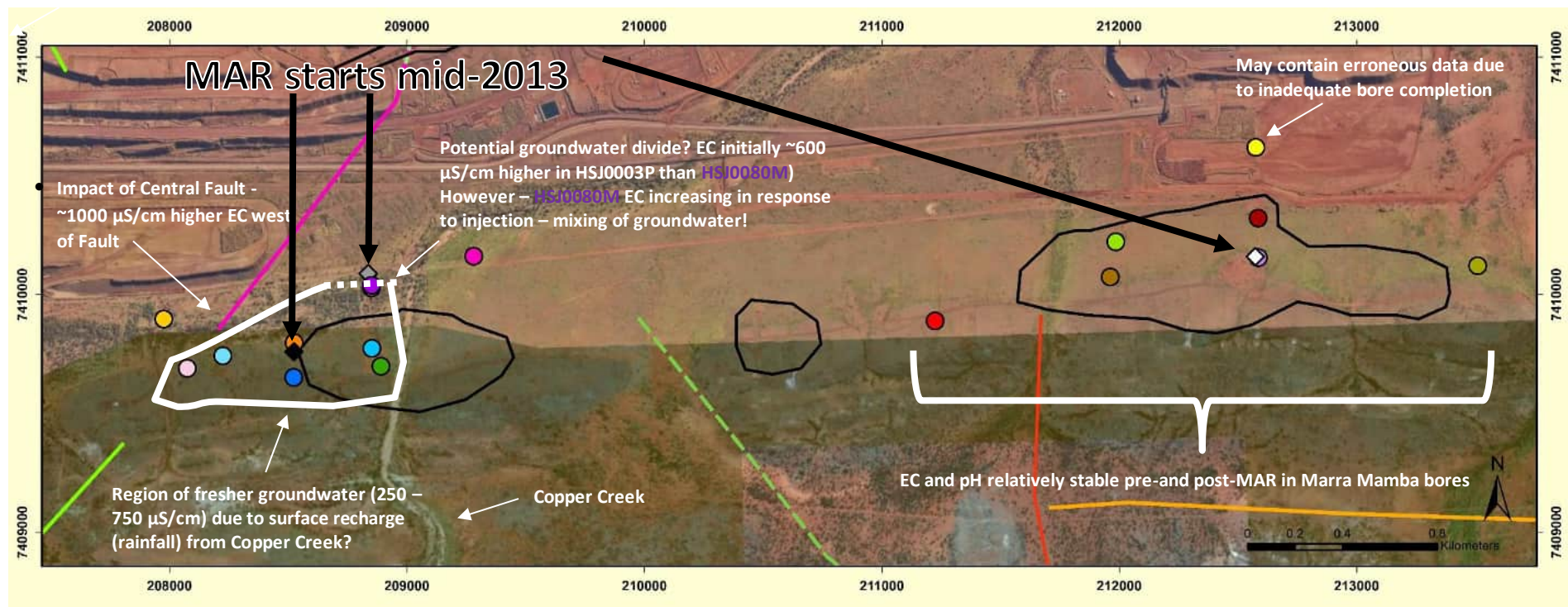


Figure 49. EC and pH data in Capricorn



Capricorn Chemistry Monitoring	
◆ HSJ0003P - Injection bore (post 2013)	● HSJ0082M Pit outlines
● HSJ0004P	● HSJ0083M Regional Dykes
● HSJ0005P	● HSJ0084M dykes
● HSJ0009P	● HSJ0088M SUITE
● HSJ0018M	● HSJ0093M Pd5 - NW (pre mplH)
● HSJ0067M	● HSJ0115M Pd7 - NE to NNE (post Bangemall & mplH)
◇ HSJ0069P - Injection bore (post 2013)	● HSJ0117M Regional Faults
◆ HSJ0076P - Injection bore (post 2013)	● SJ0383RM faults
● HSJ0080M	● SJ0435RM TYPE
● HSJ0081M	● SJ0560RM thrust
	● SJ0571RM normal

Figure 50. Spatial distribution of chemistry data in Capricorn (east of Central Fault) and conceptualisation

The water type analysis below is taken straight from the FY17 AAR (FY21 update: there is no piper plot available in recent AARs). A check on the conclusions and an analysis of the change in chemistry through time would potentially provide more detail to the conceptual model.

The Piper diagram in Figure 51 shows the average of water types for each production borehole. The plot indicates that groundwater from the three major aquifers (Marra Mamba, Tertiary Detritals and Wittenoom dolomite) plot together toward the sodium-potassium type with sodium as the dominant cation. The samples are more variable in terms of anion dominance. HSJ0115M, screened in the dolomite, and a number of the South Jimblebar production bores, plot as bicarbonate type with HSJ0009P plotting as chloride type. The remaining samples plot between non dominant anion to slightly bicarbonate dominant

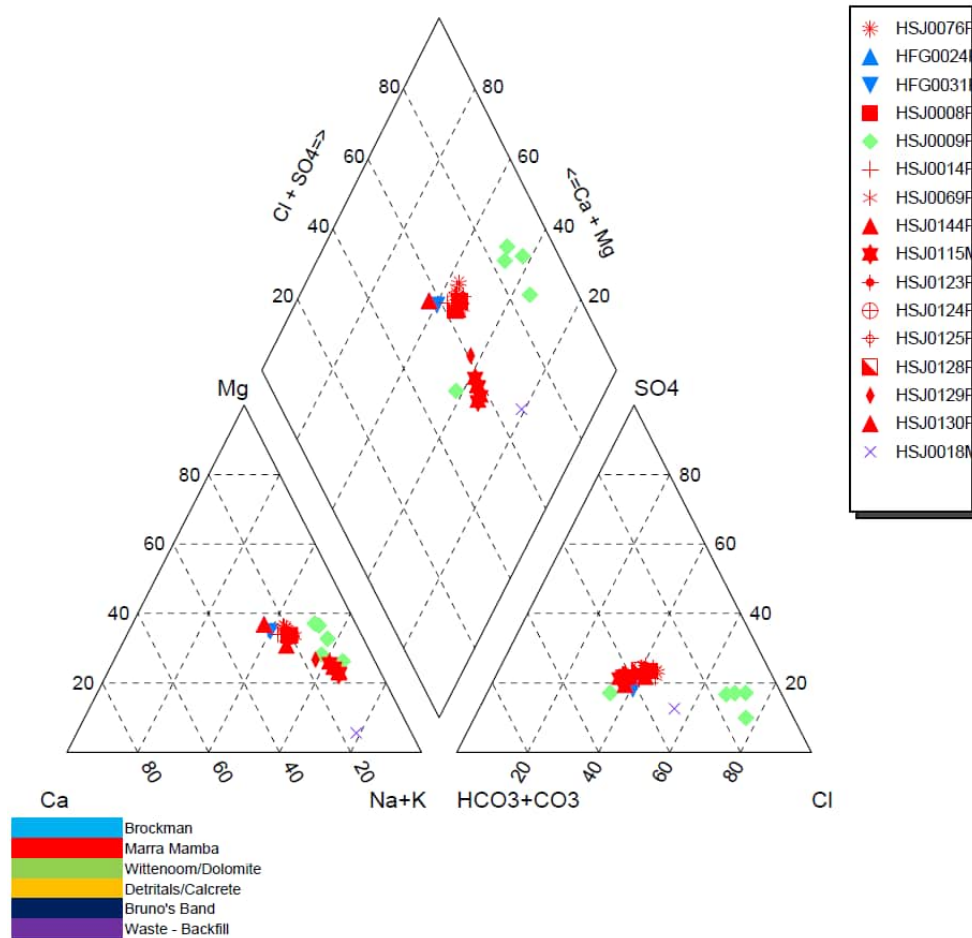


Figure 51. Piper plot of water types for Jimblebar production boreholes

Recharge

There is significant evidence that the Jimblebar groundwater system is bound to the west, east and south by very low permeability barriers. Rates of flow across these barriers are:

- Likely to be low, and
- Estimates will be very uncertain.

Conceptualising rainfall recharge into this system is also difficult and estimates of rates have not been found outside of numerical modelling. The latest numerical modelling (BHP, 2021) assumed the following rates:

- Tertiary Detritals and South Jimblebar orebody areas (0.5% average annual rainfall)
- WH123, WHASH orebody areas and Weeli Wolli Formation (0.25% average annual rainfall)

- Jeerinah Formation and granites to south orebody aquifers (0.1 to 0.01% average annual rainfall)

Rainfall averages 275 mm/yr. Data is available from the Newman Aero and Newman weather stations, which need to be amalgamated to cover observation gaps (Figure 52). The Newman site is now closed. An additional weather station (Jimblebar Weather Station) is located much closer to the study area on Wheelarra Hill (WH3) and has measurements from 2012 onwards. This site is owned and operated by BHP.

The evidence with which to build a conceptual understanding of rainfall recharge in the area is as follows:

1. The depth to the water table is significant being generally greater than 50 m.
2. Time variant water levels do not show strong responses to rainfall events. Interpretation is complicated however by the fact that all groundwater monitoring has taken place coincident with water supply abstraction and later dewatering, which makes the interpretation of finer detail responses more ambiguous.
3. Infiltration via the Tertiary sequence (and creek systems) in the low lying palaeovalley in the South Jimblebar area is also not interpreted to be significant as there are significant clay lenses that would constrain vertical flow.
4. No obvious response has been detected in the groundwater system following discharge to Copper Creek as part of the Hydrodynamic Trial (HDT).
5. Groundwater EC of between 1,000 and 2,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ suggests that the water is not particularly old.
6. Analysis of exploration drill hole water levels (Figure 52) highlights significant differences between heads in bores drilled before 1999/2000 and bores drilled after (in the same areas – i.e. WHASH). Heads from before are around 2 m lower than heads after.

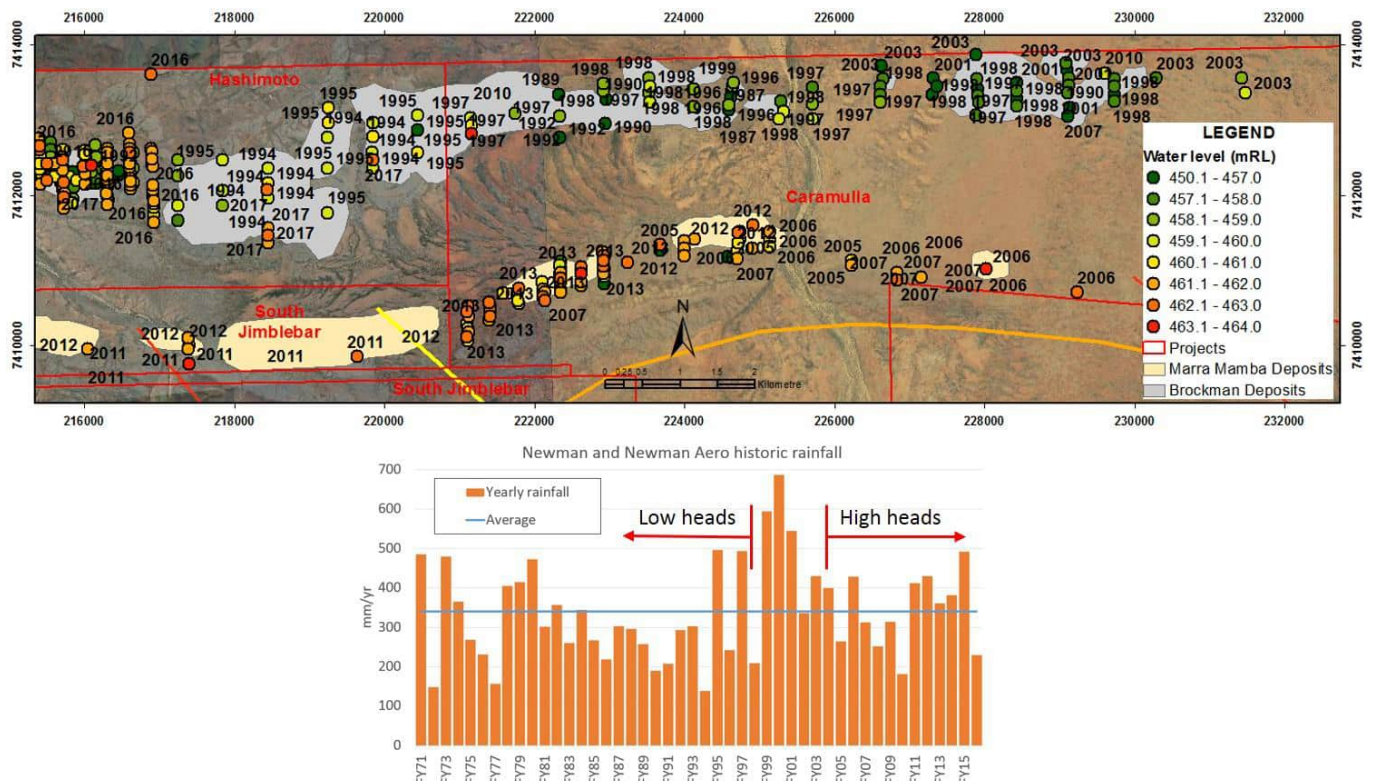


Figure 52. Evidence of rainfall recharge to groundwater in exploration drill holes

It is likely then that recharge to the system does occur. The data suggest that these may be quite infrequent events (although contributing a significant amount of water) that occur only with very high rainfall events.

Whatever the rate and mechanism, recharge will not affect the behaviour of the groundwater system under dewatering stress. The rate of dewatering will be orders of magnitude greater than that of rainfall recharge and

boundary inflow. Recharge will be an important factor in closure considerations however, where recovery times (usually measured in centuries) will be very sensitive to this input.

Groundwater / surface water interaction

Depth to groundwater prior to any water supply or dewatering is shown in Figure 53 and summarised below:

- WH123: ~100 m
- WH4: >110 m
- WHASH: > 80 m
- HASH: >70 m
- East Jimblebar: >90 m
- South Jimblebar (Sylvania, Mindoona): ~80 m
- Capricorn: ~70 m
- Painkiller: ~70 m
- Caramulla: ~65 m
- Valley alluvial fill (Tertiary Detritals):
 - South Jimblebar area: 100 m (west) to 50 m (east)
 - East Jimblebar / Caramulla area: 50 m

Groundwater at Jimblebar is therefore typically well below the root zone of vegetation and instead, infiltration of surface water contributes to soil moisture budgets which support the different vegetation environments.

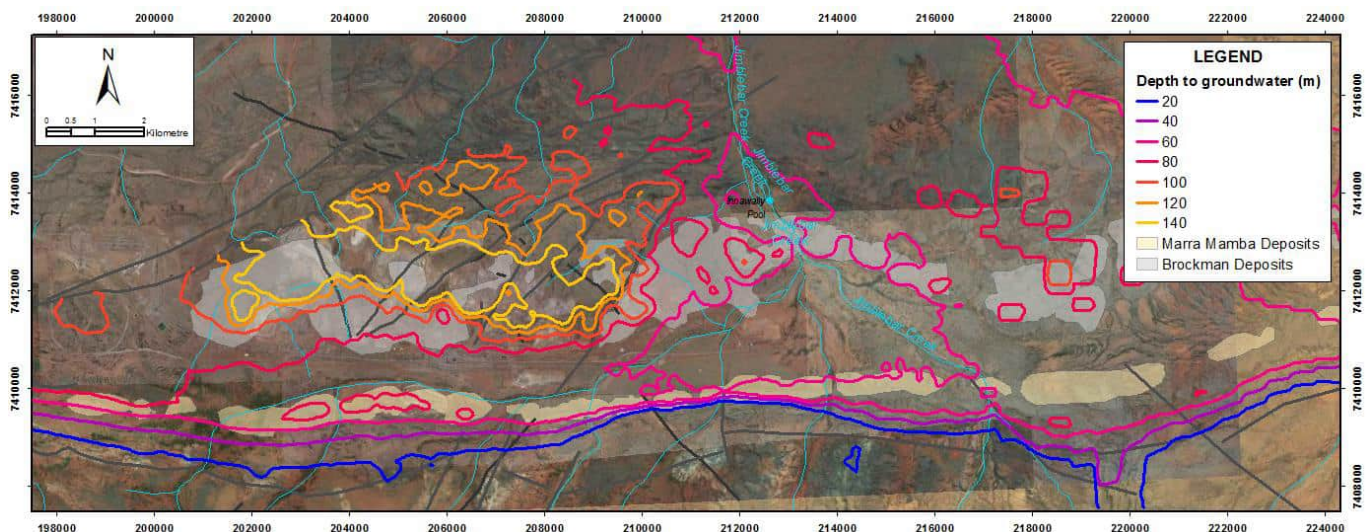


Figure 53. Depth to groundwater (pre-development)

Holes with the shallowest depth to groundwater (SJ0395, SJ0305, SJ03026 and SJ0522) occur in the central Capricorn deposit of South Jimblebar associated with a surface drainage floodway. Water levels here are about 25 m below ground surface.

Groundwater levels are 40-50 m below the base of Innawally pool. Monitoring bores have been installed adjacent to the Pool to assess seasonal water table (perched and permanent) fluctuations and to confirm hydraulic disconnection between the pool and deeper groundwater system. Two of these monitoring points have records that

date back to 2012 and display clear mounding (total 0.7 m) from the South Jimblebar reinjection borefield. The same monitoring records show no discernible response to the Jan 2014 (220 mm) and Jan/March 2017 (~150 mm) rainfall events (Figure 54).

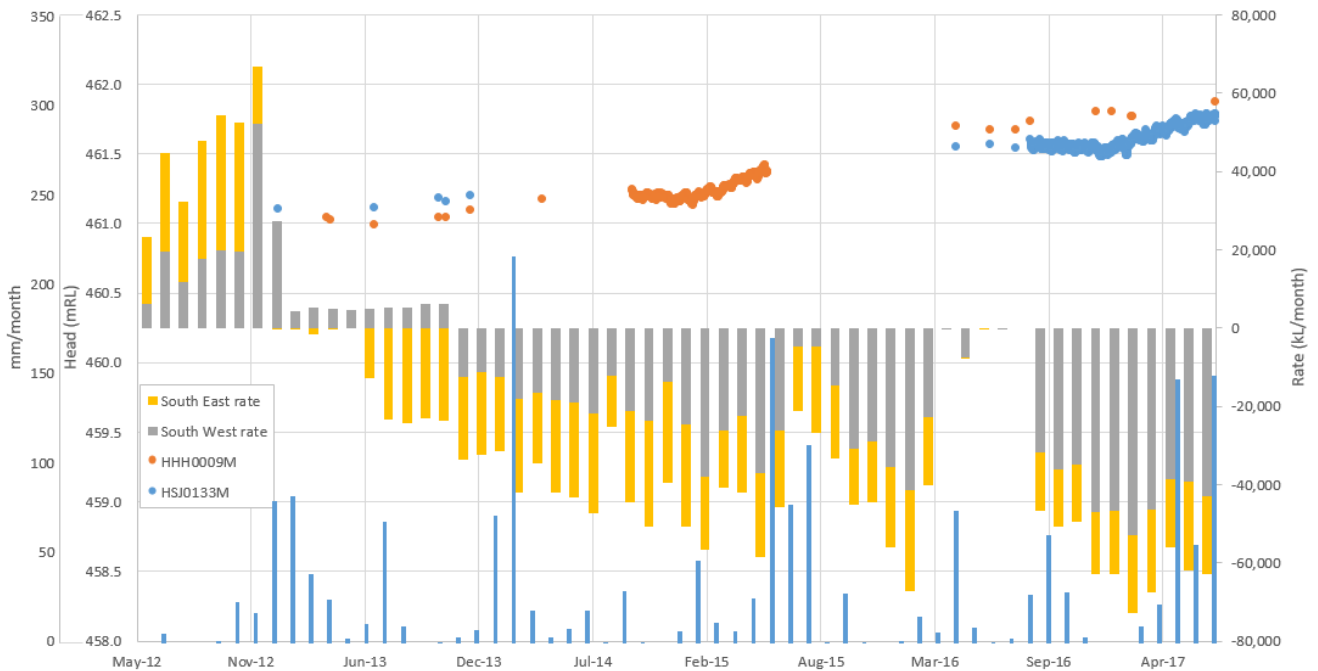


Figure 54. Groundwater level beneath Innawally Pool

Hydraulic parameters

There have been several iterations of hydraulic testing and numerical modelling of the Jimblebar area, mostly focussed on South Jimblebar but more recently on the Wheelarra 3, 5/6 and Hashimoto orebodies as well. The calibrated parameters from the most recent numerical modelling are provided in Table 6 and these are considered to be most representative of the current state of knowledge. The values become more uncertain away from the influence of the South Jimblebar abstraction and injection activities.

Table 6: Jimblebar hydraulic parameters (numerical model – 2017)

Material	Kh=Kz (m/d)		Sy (%)		Ss (m-1)	
	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min
Granites and basalts to the south	0.00001		0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Jeerinah Formation	0.00001		0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Unmineralised Marra Mamba	0.01	0.00001	0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Submineralised Marra Mamba	20	1	10	1	5x10 ⁻⁷	
Mineralised Marra Mamba	50	4	20	1	5x10 ⁻⁷	
West Angela Shale	0.5		0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Weathered Paraburdoo Dolomite	20		5		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Fresh Paraburdoo Dolomite / Bee Gorge	0.01	0.002	0.5		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Mt McRae Shale and Mt Sylvia Formation	0.5		0.1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Unmineralised Brockman Formation	0.05		10	0.1	5x10 ⁻⁷	
Submineralised Brockman Formation	0.8		10	1	5x10 ⁻⁷	
Mineralised Brockman Formation	8		10	5	5x10 ⁻⁷	
Weeli Wollie Formation	0.01		1		5x10 ⁻⁷	
Tertiary Detritals	50	0.001	15	5	1x10 ^{-3*}	5x10 ⁻⁷

*Extremely high value of Ss used provides for numerical solution and identifies area of uncertainty in conceptual and numerical models.

Environmental Receptors

Innawally Pool

The main environmental receptor in proximity to the Jimblebar area is Innawally Pool. Innawally Pool is semi-permanent surface water feature in Jimblebar Creek, between the Hashimoto 1 and Hashimoto 2/3 ranges. The pool formed in an erosional scour depressed in basement rocks where the confluence of the main two tributaries of Jimblebar Creek flow through a narrow gorge between the Hashimoto hills. The water in the pool is fresh, fed by direct rainfall and creek flow in the wet season and storage from shallow aquifers that bank the pool in the dry season. Further into the dry season when the creek bed alluvium has dried out, the pool becomes a stranded pond, perched within the scour depression. The pool is hydrochemically distinct from groundwater chemistry.

Ethel Gorge

The key environmental receptor in the Eastern Pilbara region is Ethel Gorge. However the Gorge is located 20 km downstream of Jimblebar, in a different catchment to most of the Jimblebar area and is hydraulically disconnected by the Wheelarra Fault.

Ethel Gorge is a shallow receiving environment along the Fortescue River at the confluence of Homestead, Shovelanna and Warrawandu Creeks. The Fortescue River then flows through a narrow gap in the Ophthalmia Range where flow is restricted and natural recharge of the shallow groundwater aquifer and extensive sub-surface development of calcrete occurs. The permanency of this shallow aquifer was enhanced by construction (in 1982) of the Ophthalmia Dam, which impounds water and forms a largely permanent surface water body ~5 km upstream of the Gorge. The presence of the Wheelarra Fault means Ethel Gorge is hydraulically disconnected from the Jimblebar deposit and drawdown is not predicted to extend west towards the Gorge. A detailed conceptualisation of Ethel Gorge is provided in BHP's Strategic Environmental Assessment (Ethel Gorge Receptor).

Jimblebar Creek

Jimblebar Creek is located within the Fortescue River Upper Catchment and is a major ephemeral tributary that merges into the Fortescue River approximately 50 km southeast of where the Fortescue River discharges into the Fortescue Marsh. Through the Hashimoto ridgeline, the Jimblebar Creek has cut a narrow gorge confined to approximately 40-60 m width. Flood discharges through the gorge have a higher local velocity and just downstream of the gorge a natural erosional scour has formed which hosts the present day Innawally Pool.

Copper Creek is a tributary to Jimblebar Creek which passes through the narrow valley on the southern side of Wheelarra Hill. Since 2012 minor amounts (average 2 ML/day) of surplus dewatering water has been discharged to Copper Creek approximately 6 km upstream from Innawally Pool. During trials this discharge travelled rapidly downstream along creek bed alluvium, suggesting very little infiltration. A lack of groundwater monitoring bores adjacent this creek stretch means surface water-groundwater connection can only be anecdotally inferred based on wetting front rates.

Most recent numerical modelling

Numerical groundwater modelling was most recently undertaken in FY21 to support the request for an increase to the 5C Licence to abstract and Part IV approvals. The numerical model boundary falls within the conceptual model boundary used in this report (Figure 55) but extends further to the east and north to incorporate groundwater throughflow and to allow prediction of drawdown migration into these areas in the future. The model is described in full in BHP (2021b).

The mine plan as simulated is shown in Figure 56 and the predicted dewatering rates are shown in Figure 57.

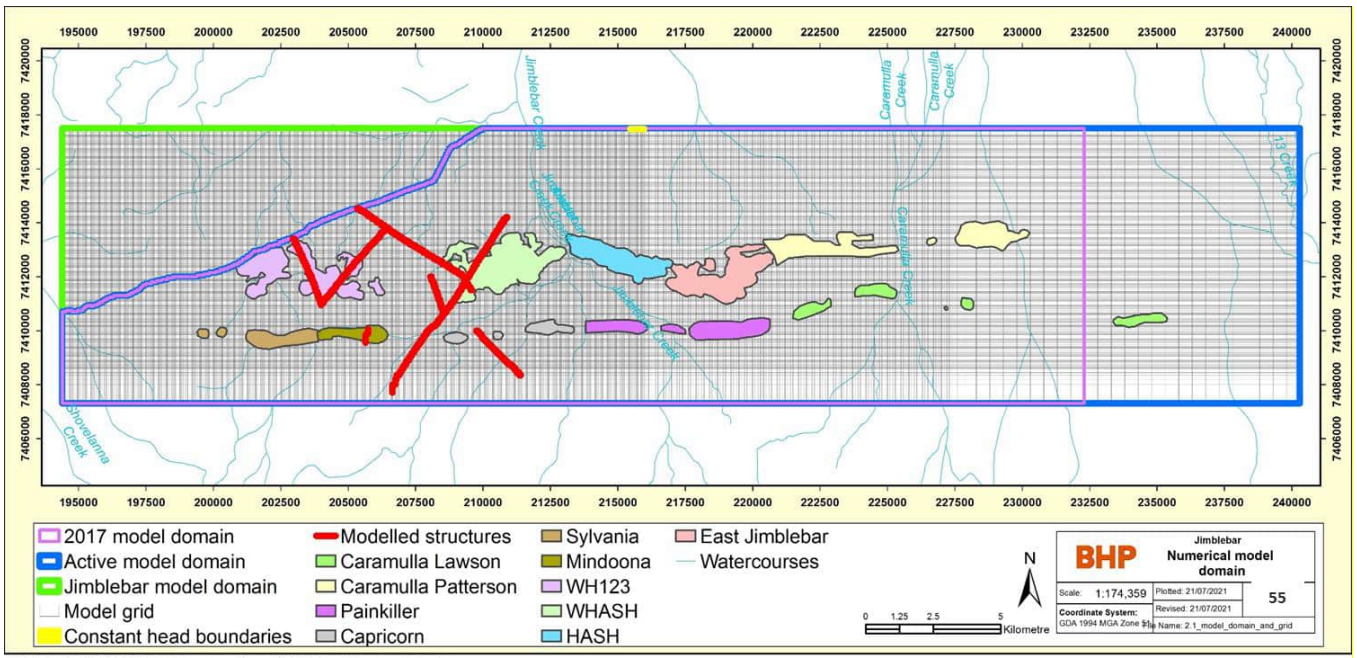


Figure 55. Latest numerical model boundary

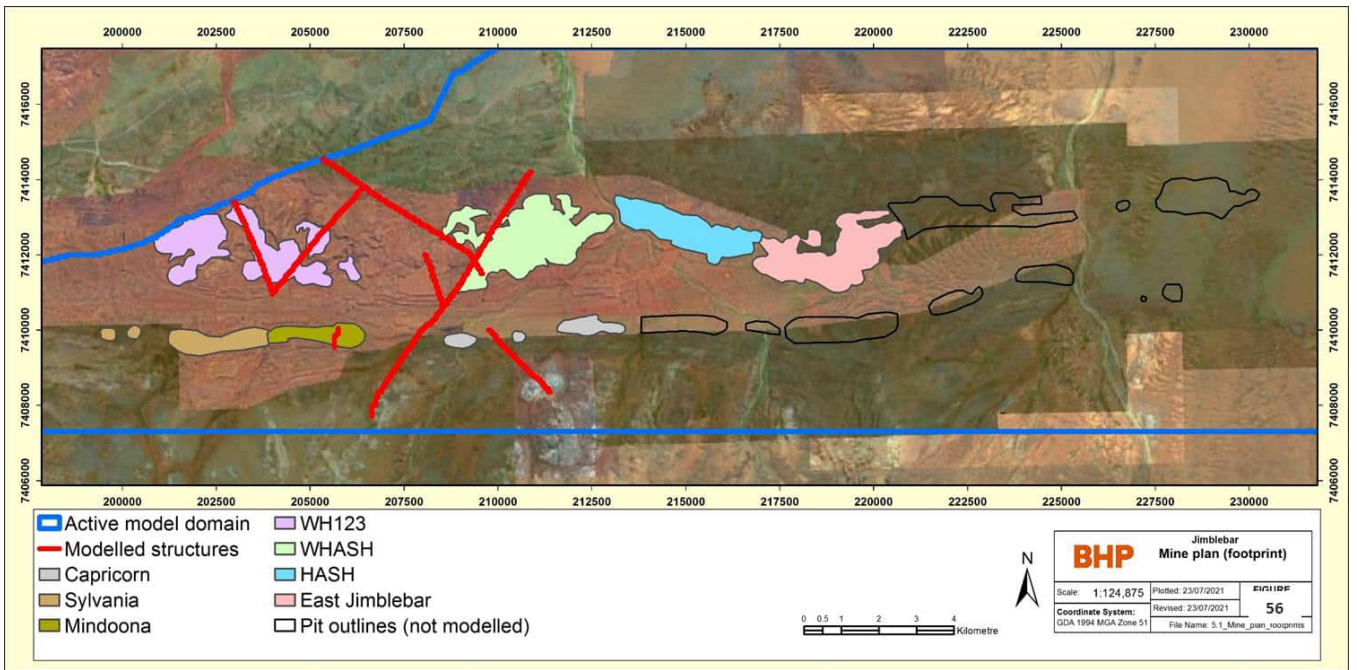


Figure 56. Mine plan used in 2021 numerical modelling

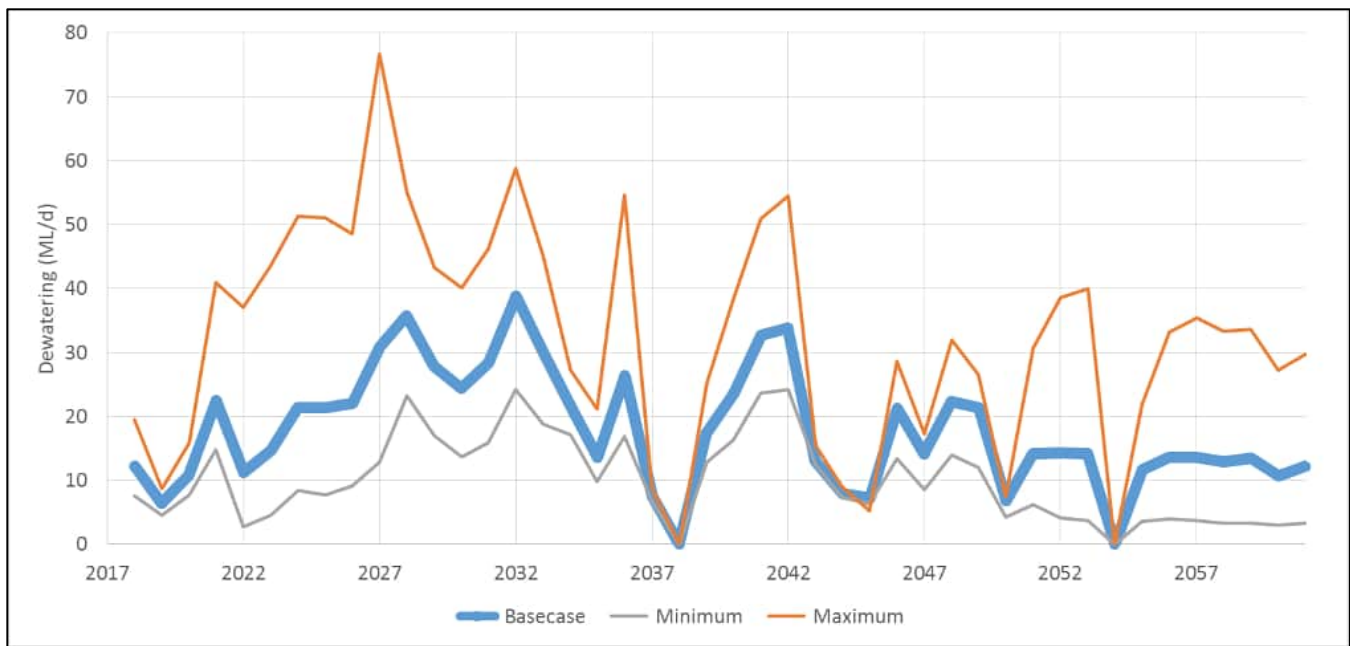


Figure 57. Dewatering rates predicted by 2021 numerical modelling

Acid and metalliferous drainage

Mining and dewatering activities have the potential to expose sulfide-bearing rocks to atmospheric oxygen. The process of sulfide oxidation can result in the generation of water drainage with low pH as well as elevated dissolved metals and salinity, referred to as acid and metalliferous drainage (AMD).

BHP has developed procedures for classifying material that can contribute to sources of AMD based on its Net Acid Production Potential (NAPP), which accounts for both acid generating and neutralising potentials. Using this approach AMD is classified into four classes based on NAPP values:

- AMD Class 0 (low NAPP <3 kg H₂SO₄/t, inert);
- AMD Class 1 (high NAPP >3 kg H₂SO₄/t, unweathered, formerly designated as Potential Acid Forming (PAF));
- AMD Class 2 (high NAPP >3 kg H₂SO₄/t, but from above the water table and assumed to be oxidised); and
- AMD Class 3 (high NAPP >3 kg H₂SO₄/t, detrital material).

A preliminary assessment of AMD Risk at Jimblebar (including the WH123, WH4, WH56/H1, H234 and Mindona pits) was conducted by Earth Systems in late 2012 and built upon by SRK in 2016 (SRK, 2016) and BHP in 2016 (BHP, 2016) and 2021 (BHP, 2021a). In general, the proportions of AMD Class 1, 2 and 3 material to be mined for most pits are low, and thus OSAs, stockpiles and pit walls are considered to have low potential to generate acidity. The exception to this are the WH56 and H1 deposits. Figures 58 to 62 show planned exposures of AMD material on pit walls at South Jimblebar, Wheelarra and Hashimoto deposits.

WH56 and H1 pits have been identified as having moderate to high AMD risk based on assessments undertaken to inform the FY16 Jimblebar Closure Plan (with no change to this risk level in the FY21 revision of the Closure Plan). Key lithologies contributing to exposed PAF at WH56/H1 will include the Mt McRae and Mt Sylvia shale units. As these units become exposed, poor water quality management will need to be applied at the site and an active treatment facility is likely required. Consideration should be given to the fate of discharged surplus water from this site as alternate discharge locations (i.e. away from the Ethel Gorge threatened ecological stygofauna community) may need to be sought.

BHP

An assessment has yet to be made of the potential AMD risk of the South Jimblebar Sylvania and Capricorn pits, East and West Jimblebar, Painkiller and Caramulla deposits.

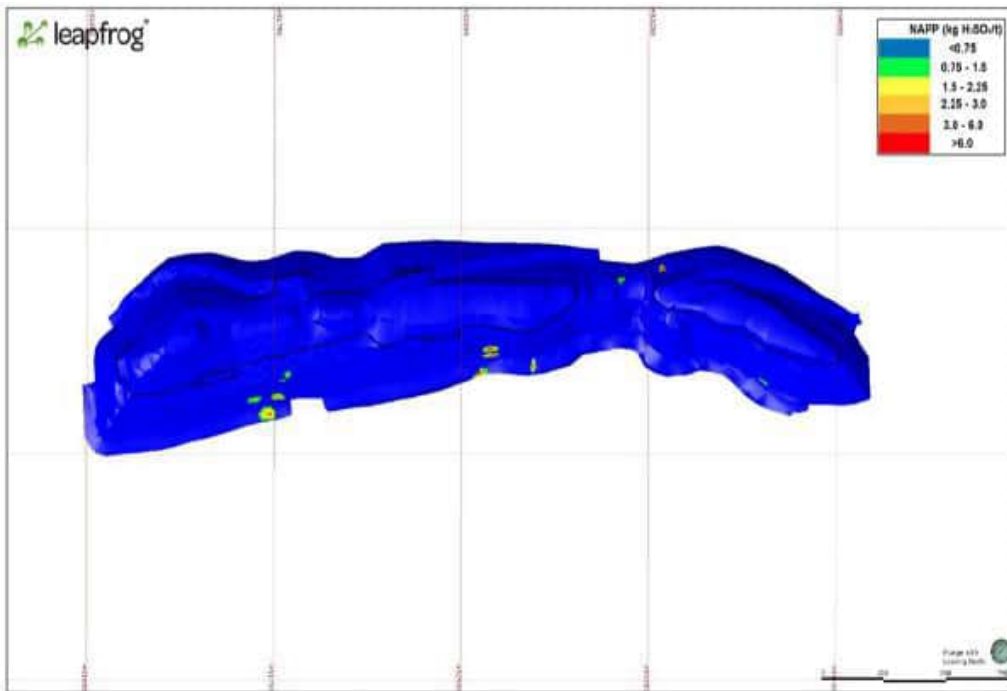


Figure 58. Mindoona pit wall Net Acid Production Potential.

High NAPP values shown in red. Note AMD Class 1, 2 and 3 materials classified as NAPP >3 kg H₂SO₄/t (i.e. red and brown).

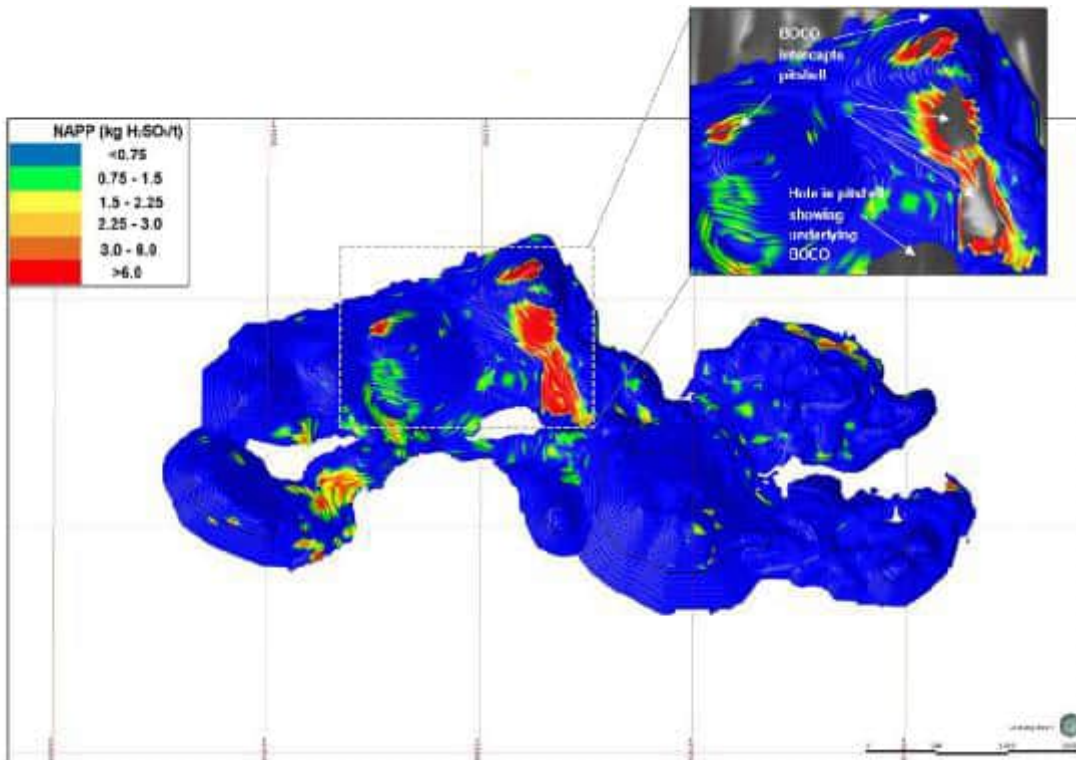


Figure 59. WH123 pit wall Net Acid Production Potential.

High NAPP values shown in red. Note AMD Class 1, 2 and 3 materials classified as NAPP >3 kg H₂SO₄/t (i.e. red and brown).

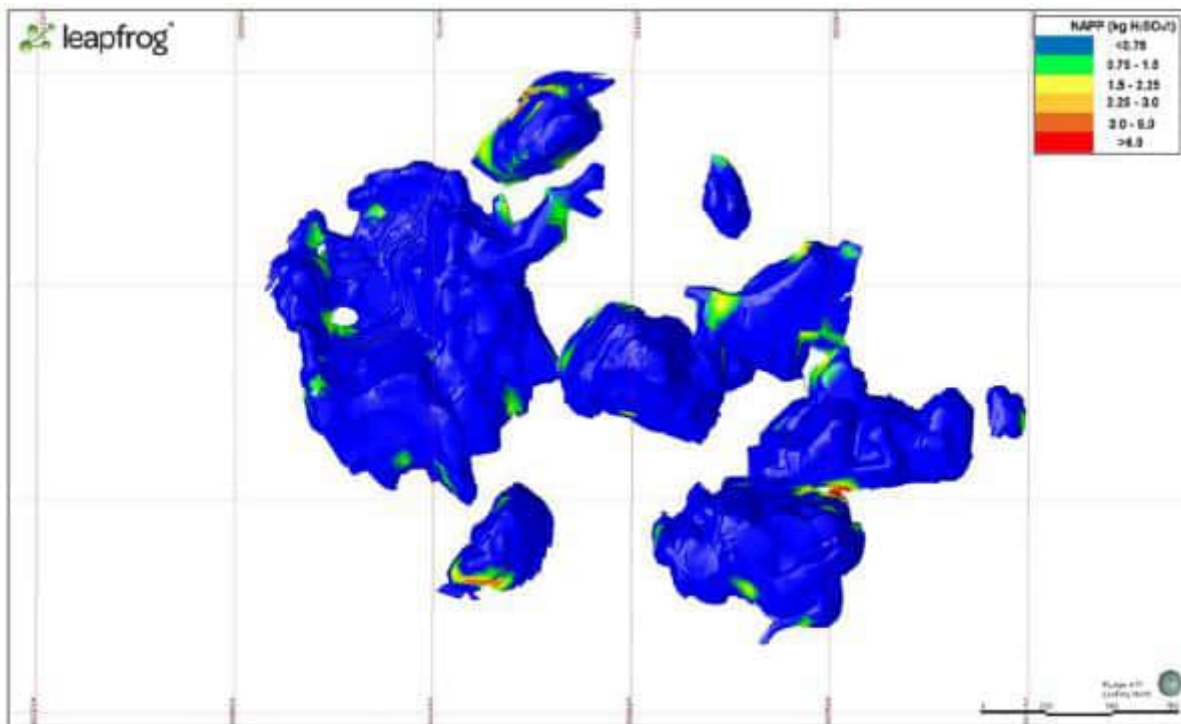


Figure 60. WH4 pit wall Net Acid Production Potential.

High NAPP values shown in red. Note AMD Class 1, 2 and 3 materials classified as NAPP >3 kg H₂SO₄/t (i.e. red and brown).

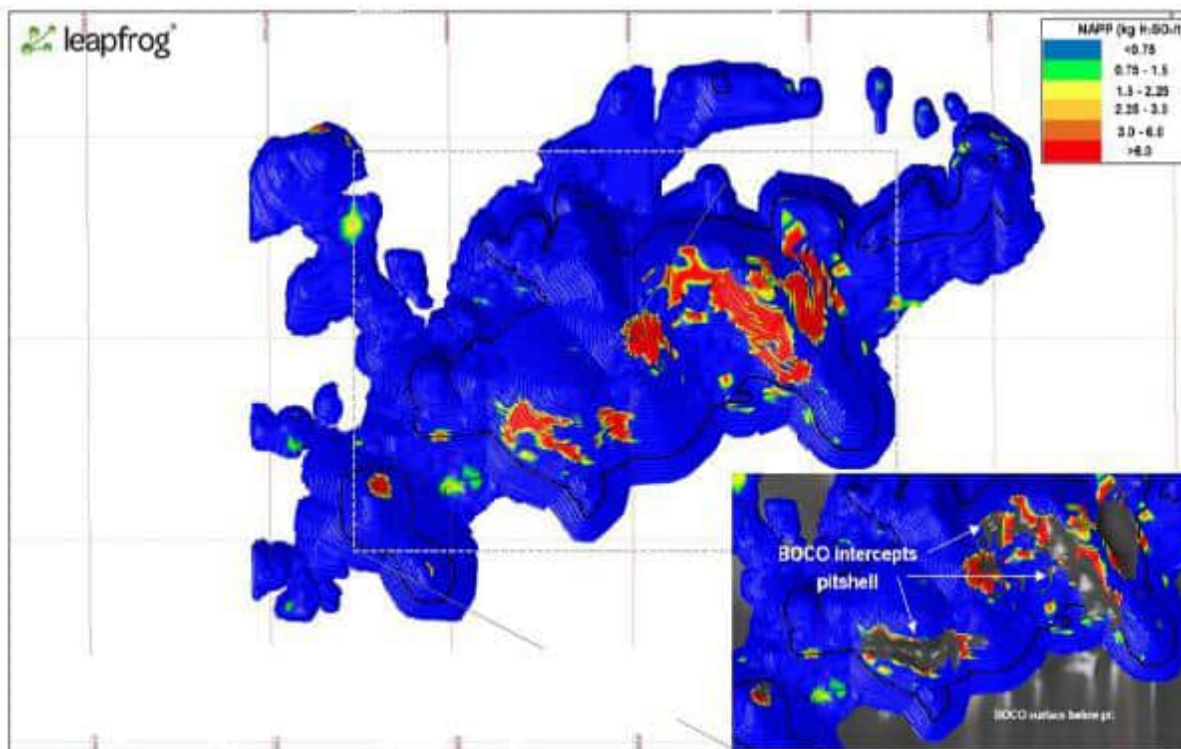


Figure 61. WH56/H1 pit wall Net Acid Production Potential.

High NAPP values shown in red. Note AMD Class 1, 2 and 3 materials classified as NAPP >3 kg H₂SO₄/t (i.e. red and brown).

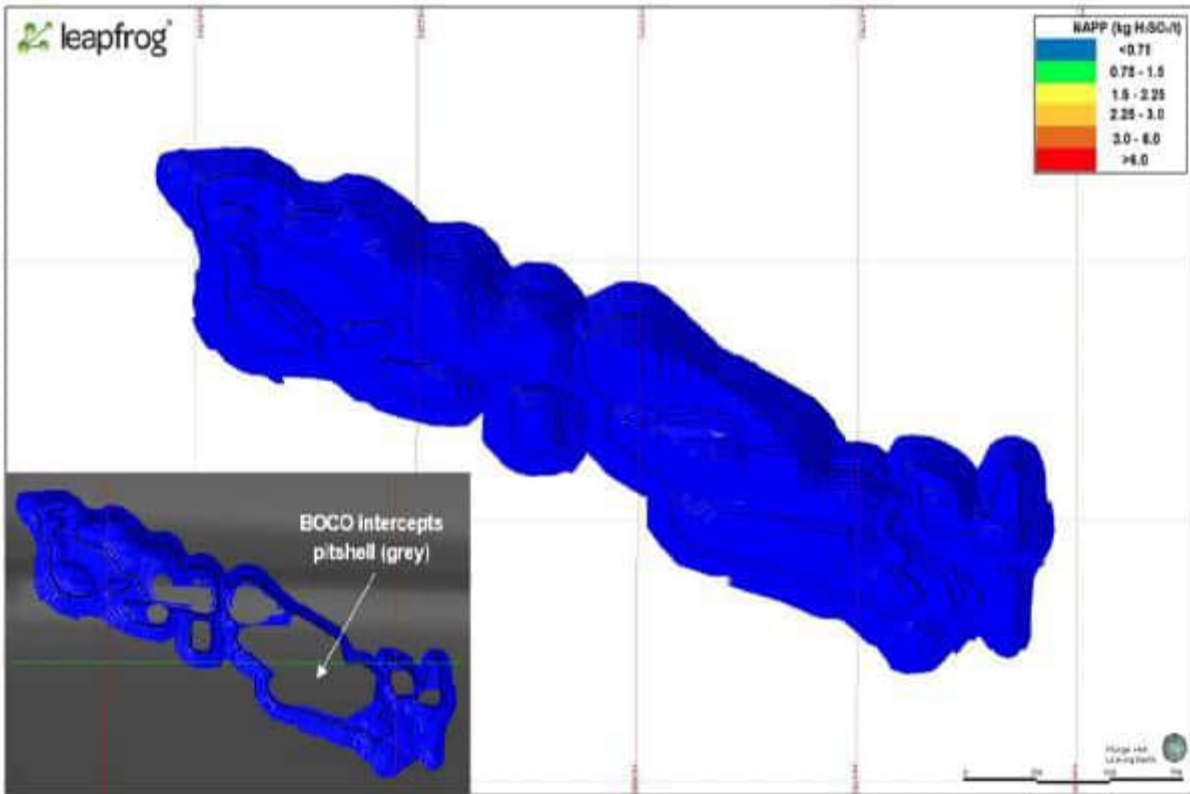


Figure 62. Hashi234 pit wall Net Acid Production Potential

High NAPP values shown in red. Note AMD Class 1, 2 and 3 materials classified as NAPP >3 kg H₂SO₄/t (i.e. red and brown).

References

BHP (2016). Jimblebar Mine Closure Plan Revision 1

SRK (2016). Preliminary Acid and Metalliferous Drainage Assessment

BHP (2017). Jimblebar Numerical Model 2017

BHP (2020). CPH 20201023 Caramulla MAR Test Pumping Report

BHP (2021a). Jimblebar Mine Closure Plan Revision 3 (March 2021)

BHP (2021b). Jimblebar Numerical Model 2021

16 Appendix B: Bore Logs

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0075 Hole Length: 84.00

Easting: 234639.60	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7414526.19	0.0 - 84.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 506.84							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Nov 22 - 09 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. FWS around 51-60mbgl.PVC Stickup & Hanging Plates							

TOC RL: 507.62 (Stickup 0.80m) (drilled) SWL: 43.78 MBTOC (09 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 507.62 (Stickup 0.80m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YJ			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: 5m Surface casing (collar) (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-36.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-84.00)
10		GS3	Z	YJK			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20			ZK	Y			CLAY, silty, trace gravel, (CLAY), Pink and Grey and brown, Transported, Stiff, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30			ZSK	JC			GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Grey and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
40		MG										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (36.00-80.00)
50			J	S			DOLOMITE, (O), Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60												WELLCAP(70.00) ID: 3125
70		HG										
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0076 Hole Length: 84.00

Easting: 235161.29	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412968.37	0.0 - 84.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 510.34							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Nov 22 - 09 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. PVC Stickup & Hanging Plates. Intersected fresh dolomite at 68m to EOH.							

TOC RL: 511.08 (Stickup 1.10m) (drilled) SWL: 39.25 MBTOC (09 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 511.08 (Stickup 1.10m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YSJ			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), buff and Brown and red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: surface casing (collar) (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-30.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-84.00)
10	SF		ZY	SJ								
20		GSS3										
30	MG											
40			Z	Y			CLAY, sandy, trace silt, (CLAY), Grey and Red, Transported, Stiff, Uniform, Rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (30.00-80.00)
50	HG	CY3										WELLCAP(50.00) ID: 3126
60												
70	MG	VB2	ZG	YK			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown and Light or White and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
80	HG	OB	D				DOLomite, (OB), Blue and Grey, Fresh, Strong Rock					
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0077 Hole Length: 84.00

Easting: 236370.27	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7414146.24	0.0 - 84.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 508.90							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 07 Nov 22 - 09 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. FWS @ 49mbgl.PVC Stickup & Hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 509.61 (Stickup 0.84m) (drilled) SWL: 46.78 MBTOC (09 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 509.61 (Stickup 0.84m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YJS	[Red hatched pattern]		GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded				[Diagram showing well casing and logs]	PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-42.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-84.00)
10	SF		ZY	JK			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), buff and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		GS3										
30	MG											
40												
50		CY3	ZK	Y	[Dark red hatched pattern]		CLAY, silty, trace sand, (CLAY), Brown and buff and red, Transported, Stiff, Uniform, Rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (42.00-80.00)
60		VB2	ZG	LY			GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown and Yellow and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Rounded					
70	HG		ZK	Y			CLAY, silty, trace sand, (CLAY), buff and Light or White, Transported, Stiff, Uniform, Rounded					WELLCAP(70.00) ID: 3127
80		CY2										
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0078 Hole Length: 84.00

Easting: 237332.06	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413063.14	0.0 - 84.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 511.69							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 08 Nov 22 - 09 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. FWS around 47mbgl. PVC stickup & Hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 512.46 (Stickup 0.89m) (drilled) SWL: 46.00 MBTOC (09 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 512.46 (Stickup 0.89m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZY	JS	[Red hatched pattern]		SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular				[Diagram showing well casing and logs]	PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-42.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-84.00)
10	SF	GS3					GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Grey and Brown and yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30		ST3	ZY	SJK			SILT, sandy, trace gravel, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
40		CY3	ZK	Y			CLAY, silty, trace sand, (CLAY), buff and Brown and red, Transported, Stiff, Uniform, Rounded					
50	MG	VB2	ZG	LJ			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (VUGHY BRECCIA), buff and Brown and light or white, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (42.00-80.00)
70		CY2	ZK	Y			CLAY, silty, trace gravel, (CLAY), Light or White and buff, Transported, Stiff, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					WELLCAP(70.00) ID: 3128
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0081 Hole Length: 82.00

Easting: 240789.25	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409728.86	0.0 - 82.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 520.85							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 10 Nov 22 - 12 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. PVC stickup and hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 521.69 (Stickup 0.77m) (drilled) SWL: 16.61 MBTOC (12 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.69 (Stickup 0.77m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes	
0			ZYJ	KQ			SAND, gravelly, (SCREE), Light or White and Yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-12.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-82.00)	
10		SF	ZJK	Q			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Light or White and Yellow and red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 12, Slots 3mm (12.00-78.00)	
20		GS3											
30													
40		MG											
50		CY3	ZK				CLAY, gravelly, (CLAY), Light or White, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						WELLCAP(50.00) ID: 3129
60		CA2	Z3				SAND, gravelly, (CALCRETE), Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
70		HG	ZK ZKJ				CLAY, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow, Transported, Firm, Uniform, Sub-rounded GRAVEL, clayey, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Light or White and Yellow and brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
80		OB	D				DOLomite, (OB), Blue and Pink, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock						
90													
100													

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0082 Hole Length: 90.00

Easting: 242268.28	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411496.60	0.0 - 90.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 520.24							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 12 Nov 22 - 12 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB, PVC stickup and hanging plates. Drilled to 90m, significant fallback due to broken material. Install to 42m.							

TOC RL: 521.01 (Stickup 0.82m) (drilled) SWL: 16.14 MBTOC (13 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.01 (Stickup 0.82m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			JC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J3), Light or White and Pink and yellow, Highly Weathered, Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00- 42.00)
10		J3	JC				UNMINERALISED BIF, (J2), Dark or Black and Green and blue, Highly Weathered, Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (6.00-42.00)
20	SF											FALLBACK (42.00-90.00)
30												WELLCAP(50.00) ID: 3130
40												
50		J2										
60	BG											
70												
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0086 Hole Length: 96.00

Easting: 242969.54	Depth: 0.0 - 96.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: KM4
Northing: 7410238.39							
Surface RL: 520.19							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 12 Nov 22 - 12 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB, PVC stickup and hanging plates							

TOC RL: 520.89 (Stickup 0.80m) (drilled) SWL: 15.56 MBTOC (13 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.89 (Stickup 0.80m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZY	KQ			SILT, clayey, (SILTSTONE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Light or White and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP: Perforated top cap (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-96.00)
10			ZYJ	K								
20		TD3	ZK	JQ			CLAY, trace gravel, (CLAY), Light or White and Pink, Transported, Soft, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (6.00-90.00)
40			ZJC	K			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Pink and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-angular					
50		O	CJ	S			CHERT, (O), Brown, Moderately Weathered, Very Strong Rock					WELLCAP(50.00) ID: 3131
70		WA2	S	J			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Light or White and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
90		WA1	SGJ				UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0087 Hole Length: 84.00

Easting: 243997.41	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411732.32	0.0 - 84.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 519.18							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 13 Nov 22 - 13 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB, PVC stickup and hanging plates							

TOC RL: 520.09 (Stickup 0.87m) (drilled) SWL: 15.97 MBTOC (14 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.09 (Stickup 0.87m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZY	JK			SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-18.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-84.00)
10		TD3	ZYK	J			SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (18.00-78.00)
20			ZK				CLAY, trace sand, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow and pink, Transported, Firm, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					
30												
40		TD2										
50												
60												
70												
80			ZJK				GRAVEL, sandy, trace clay, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0088 Hole Length: 88.00

Easting: 244938.94	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411429.01	0.0 - 88.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 520.62							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 14 Nov 22 - 14 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB, PVC stickup and hanging plates							

TOC RL: 521.52 (Stickup 0.74m) (drilled) SWL: 16.24 MBTOC (14 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.52 (Stickup 0.74m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZYJ				SILT, sandy, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-18.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-88.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (18.00-74.00)
10	SF	GS3	ZYJ	K			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Light or White and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					
20			ZK				CLAY, sandy, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow, Transported, Stiff, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30		CY2	ZK				GRAVEL, clayey, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Light or White and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
40	MG	VB2	ZJK				CLAY, (CLAY), Light or White and Red and yellow, Transported, Stiff, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
50			ZK									
60												
70	SF	CY2										
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0090 Hole Length: 96.00

Easting: 245097.24	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409333.87	0.0 - 96.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 523.52							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 16 Nov 22 - 17 Nov 22							
Comments: FWS @ 16mbg. Stygofauna MB. PVC Stick up & Hanging Plates.							

TOC RL: 524.39 (Stickup 0.84m) (drilled) SWL: 16.84 MBTOC (17 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 524.39 (Stickup 0.84m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZY	J			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Collar (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-96.00)
10		SZ					GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), buff and Brown and red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (6.00-92.00)
20		GS3	ZY	KJ								
30												
40			ZK				CLAY, sandy, (CLAY), Brown, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
50		CY2										
60		CA2	Z3				SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (CALCRETE), buff and Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					WELLCAP(50.00) ID: 3132
70			D				DOLERITE, (OB), Grey and buff, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
80		OB										
90		MG										
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0092 Hole Length: 84.00

Easting: 246107.46	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411744.69	0.0 - 84.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 538.00							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 14 Nov 22 - 14 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB, PVC stickup and hanging plates							

TOC RL: 538.78 (Stickup 0.85m) (drilled) SWL: 30.35 MBTOC (16 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 538.78 (Stickup 0.85m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100		GS3	ZYJ	K			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Stiff, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (6.00-30.00) OPEN HOLE (30.00- 84.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (30.00-70.00)
	SF	CY3	ZK	J			CLAY, gravelly, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow and brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					WELLCAP(70.00) ID: 3133

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0093 Hole Length: 90.00

Easting: 246341.21	Depth: 0.0 - 90.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: KM4
Northing: 7410592.75							
Surface RL: 525.45							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Nov 22 - 15 Nov 22	Comments: Stygofauna MB, PVC stickup and hanging plates						

TOC RL: 526.28 (Stickup 0.79m) (drilled) SWL: 18.14 MBTOC (16 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 526.28 (Stickup 0.79m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZJ	YGK	VB2		GRAVEL, clayey, trace sand, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					END CAP: Vented top cap (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-90.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (6.00-84.00)
10			ZJ	K	VB2		GRAVEL, trace clay, (CALCRETE), Light or White and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
20		CA2	ZJ	K	VB2		GRAVEL, trace clay, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-angular					
30			ZJC	Y	VB2							
40					VB2							
50					VB2							
60					VB2							
70			D		VB2		DOLOMITE, (O), Dark or Black, Slightly Weathered, Very Strong Rock					
80					VB2							
90					VB2							
100					VB2							

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0096 Hole Length: 44.00

Easting: 237334.28	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413043.23	0.0 - 3.0	WLDRIG4	CH	300		WELLDRIILL	NK3
Surface RL: 511.72	3.0 - 44.0	WLDRIG4	CH	150		WELLDRIILL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 04 Dec 22 - 04 Dec 22							
Comments: Troglifauna - Open hole. Dry.							

TOC RL: 512.50 - (drilled) SWL: Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 512.50 - (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YK	[Red hatched pattern]		GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (SCREE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded SILT, sandy, trace gravel, (SILTSTONE), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Rounded				[Diagram area with vertical lines]	BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.6.35mm: 0.7m stickup (0.00-3.00) OPEN HOLE (3.00-44.00)
10			ZY									
20	SF	ST3										
30			Z	YJ			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
40		GS3										
50												
60												
70												
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0098 Hole Length: 13.00

Easting: 242245.09	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411497.03	0.0 - 2.0	WLDRIG4	CH	300		WELLDRIILL	NK3
Surface RL: 520.53	2.0 - 13.0	WLDRIG4	CH	150		WELLDRIILL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Dec 22 - 05 Dec 22							
Comments: Troglifauna - Open Hole. Dry							

TOC RL: 521.25 - (drilled) SWL: Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.25 - (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100	MG	J3	CJ	S	● ● ● ● ●		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J3), Grey and Pink and green, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock				■ ■	BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.6.35mm (0.00- 2.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00- 13.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0100 Hole Length: 14.00

Easting: 243999.52	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411719.38	0.0 - 1.0	WLDRIG4	CH	300		WELLDRIILL	KM4
Surface RL: 519.11	1.0 - 14.0	WLDRIG4	CH	150		WELLDRIILL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 06 Dec 22 - 06 Dec 22							
Comments: Troglfauna monitoring hole. Open hole, no install. Dry hole. Concrete plinth & steel monument.							

TOC RL: 519.85 - (drilled) SWL: Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 519.85 - (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z	Y			GRAVEL, silty, (SCREE), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular				■ ■	BLANK STEEL: 324mm (0.00-1.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-14.00)
10		GS3	ZY	I			SILT, gravelly, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
20												
30												
40												
50												
60												
70												
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0103 Hole Length: 102.00

Easting: 222699.96	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411619.78	0.0 - 102.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3, KM4
Surface RL: 518.01							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 27 Oct 22 - 27 Oct 22							
Comments: Stygofauna monitoring hole. Completed to 96m with PVC stickup and hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 518.95 (Stickup 0.93m) (drilled) SWL: 54.93 MBTOC (28 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 518.95 (Stickup 0.93m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YJ	[Red hatched pattern]		GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded				[Diagram showing casing and hole depth]	BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: 4m of surface casing used (0.00-4.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC Stickup and Hanging Plates (0.00-54.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-96.00)
10			Y	JG			SILT, sandy, trace clay, (SILTSTONE), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		TD3		KJ	[Red hatched pattern]		GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30								CLAY, silty, trace sand, (CLAY), Red and Brown and light or white, Transported, Firm, Uniform, Rounded				
40	SF		K	YJ	[Red hatched pattern]		GRAVEL, silty, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Light or White and Yellow and brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					Drillers unsure of FWS, Wallace drillers not used to taking measurement and drilling wet. Estimated 50mbgl. SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (54.00-96.00)
50								CLAY, silty, (CLAY), Light or White, Transported, Very Stiff, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded				
60		TD2	Z	J	[Red hatched pattern]							
70												
80			ZK	J	[Red hatched pattern]							
90	HG											
100	SF											FALLBACK (96.00-102.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0104 Hole Length: 90.00

Easting: 224428.09	Depth: 0.0 - 90.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: NK3
Northing: 7411251.88							
Surface RL: 519.41							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 04 Nov 22 - 06 Nov 22	Comments: Stygofauna MB. Terminated at 90m, intersect Carbonaceous shales at 88-90m						

TOC RL: 520.03 (Stickup 0.83m) (drilled) SWL: 56.82 MBTOC (06 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.03 (Stickup 0.83m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YJ			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: 5m surface casing (collar) (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-42.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-90.00)
10		TD3	ZY	JS			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					
20			G	SJ			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
40	MG	MM										
60			SJ	L			SHALE, (NM), Grey and Red and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
80	HG	NM										
90		JN	B	SJ			UNMINERALISED BIF, (JN), Dark or Black, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
100												Estimate only

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0105 Hole Length: 102.00

Easting: 225993.44	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411703.29	0.0 - 102.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 516.10							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 17 Oct 22 - 18 Oct 22							
Comments: Terminated at 102m in SD2. Hanging plates, no end cap.							

TOC RL: 516.91 (Stickup 0.93m) (drilled) SWL: 52.81 MBTOC (18 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.91 (Stickup 0.93m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZCS	YGL	●		GRAVEL, sandy, trace silt, (SCREE), Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: Hanging plates (0.00-42.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-90.00)
10	SF	SZ			●		GRAVEL, clayey, (SILTSTONE), Light or White and Red and yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (42.00-90.00)
20			ZKW	CG	●							Drillers unsure, said they could really feel it at 78m, but likely hit it before this.
30					●							
40	MG	TD3			●							
50					●							
60					●							
70					●							
80			Q	S	■		SAND, trace silt, (SANDSTONE), Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Rounded					
90	SF	TD2			■							
100					■							FALLBACK (90.00-102.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0106 Hole Length: 102.00

Easting: 227180.46	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411015.33	0.0 - 102.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 516.74							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 23 Oct 22 - 25 Oct 22							
Comments: FWS around 50-54mbgl. Stick up and Hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 517.54 (Stickup 0.83m) (drilled) SWL: 52.95 MBTOC (25 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 517.54 (Stickup 0.83m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YJ			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SCREE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-55.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-102.00)
10	SF	TD3	ZYJ	K			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20	MG		Y	KJ			SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (SILTSTONE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Well graded, Sub-rounded					
30	SF											
40			KJ	Y			CLAY, silty, (CLAY), Light or White, Transported, Firm, Uniform, Sub-rounded					
50		TD2										
60	MG											fws approx. 50-54mbgl
70		MM	G	LS			MINERALISED BIF, (MM), Brown and Yellow and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (55.00-102.00)
80												
90	HG	MU	JG	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MU), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0107 Hole Length: 114.00

Easting: 227458.27	Depth: 0.0 - 114.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: NK3
Northing: 7412196.55							
Surface RL: 513.81							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 04 Nov 22 - 05 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. PVC Stickup and Hanging plates. FWS around 53-60mbgl.							

TOC RL: 514.35 (Stickup 0.69m) (drilled) SWL: 50.52 MBTOC (05 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 514.35 (Stickup 0.69m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YJ			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: 6m Surface casing (collar) (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-84.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-114.00)
10		CY3	ZK	YJ		CLAY, silty, trace sand, (CLAY), Red and Grey, Transported, Stiff, Well graded, Sub-rounded						
20		ST3	ZJ	YK		SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SILTSTONE), buff and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded						
30			ZK	Y		CLAY, silty, trace gravel, (CLAY), Grey and Brown and yellow, Transported, Stiff, Poorly graded, Rounded						
50		CY2										FWS around 53-60mbgl.
80												Readings from bedrock
90		VB2	GZ	YKL			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					reading not recorded SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (84.00-114.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0108 Hole Length: 138.00

Easting: 229961.89	Depth: 0.0 - 138.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: KM4
Northing: 7411137.43							
Surface RL: 516.33							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 02 Nov 22 - 03 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. Drilled to 138m, install to 100m - unable to push hollow rods past sand.							

TOC RL: 517.06 (Stickup 0.70m) (drilled) SWL: 53.82 MBTOC (03 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 517.06 (Stickup 0.70m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZYJ	I			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Light or White and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: 5m surface casing (collar) (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-76.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-100.00)
10		TD3										
20			ZK	J			CLAY, gravelly, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow and red, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30												
40												
50	Sf											fws around 50-60mbgl.
60		CY2										
70												
80												
90												
100		SD2	ZQK				SAND, clayey, trace gravel, (SANDSTONE), Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (76.00-100.00) FALLBACK (100.00-134.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0108 Hole Length: 138.00

Easting: 229961.89	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411137.43	0.0 - 138.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 516.33							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 02 Nov 22 - 03 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. Drilled to 138m, install to 100m - unable to push hollow rods past sand.							

TOC RL: 517.06 (Stickup 0.70m) (drilled) SWL: 53.82 MBTOC (03 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 517.06 (Stickup 0.70m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			ZQK				SAND, clayey, trace gravel, (SANDSTONE), Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					FALLBACK (100.00- 134.00)
110												
120	SF	SD2										
130												
140		CY2	ZK				CLAY, sandy, (CLAY), Light or White, Transported, Non- Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
150												
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0109 Hole Length: 96.00

Easting: 231509.70	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411378.94	0.0 - 96.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 514.70							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 28 Oct 22 - 31 Oct 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. PVC stickup and hanging plates. FWS around 50mbgl.							

TOC RL: 515.53 (Stickup 0.82m) (drilled) SWL: 32.19 MBTOC (31 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.53 (Stickup 0.82m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZY	GJ			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: 6m of surface casing installed (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-48.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-90.00)
10	SF	GSS										
20	MG											
30	HG											
40			ZK	J			CLAY, sandy, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow, Transported, Very Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
50	MG	CY3										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (48.00-90.00) Drillers estimated approx. 50m
60	HG											
70												
80												
90	MG	VB2	ZG	LK			GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Dark or Black and Blue, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					WELLCAP(70.00) ID: 3134
96												FALLBACK (90.00-96.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0110 Hole Length: 114.00

Easting: 232265.98	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410506.53	0.0 - 114.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 515.30							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 29 Oct 22 - 29 Oct 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. Drilled to 114m, installed to 110m per bore plan. S/Up & Hanging Plates.							

TOC RL: 516.20 (Stickup 0.82m) (drilled) SWL: 52.74 MBTOC (30 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.19 - (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZYI	KJ			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: 6m of surface casing installed to stop potential erosion at collar. (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-50.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00- 114.00)
10		TD3										
20												
30	MG											
40		WA1	GW	JS			MINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
50			GW	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MN), Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
60												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (50.00-78.00)
70		MN										
80	SF											
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0111 Hole Length: 106.00

Easting: 233661.24	Depth: 0.0 - 106.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: KM4
Northing: 7411263.46							
Surface RL: 511.75							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 30 Oct 22 - 31 Oct 22							
Comments: Stygofauna MB. Drilled to 106m, installed to 102m. FWS @ 52m. PVC s/up and hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 512.49 (Stickup 0.79m) (drilled) SWL: 49.56 MBTOC (31 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 512.44 - (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZYI	J			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: 6m surface casing. (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-48.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-106.00)
10		TD3										
20		SF	ZJ	KO			GRAVEL, sandy, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					
30		GS3										
40		MG										
50		SF									SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (48.00-84.00)	
60		MG										
70		SF	Z3				SILT, (CALCRETE), Light or White, Transported, Very Stiff, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					
80		CA2										
90		MG	ZGK	W			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Dark or Black and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
100		CY2	ZK	J			CLAY, trace sand, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow and brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0112 Hole Length: 90.00

Easting: 235570.02	Depth: 0.0 - 90.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: KM4
Northing: 7410342.88							
Surface RL: 515.74							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 31 Oct 22 - 02 Nov 22							
Comments: Stygofauna monitoring hole. PVC stickup and hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 516.61 (Stickup 0.84m) (drilled) SWL: 53.31 MBTOC (02 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.44 - (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZY	IJ			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: 5m surface casing (collar) (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-52.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-90.00)
10							GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20			ZYK	JQ				CLAY, trace sand, (CLAY), Light or White and Red, Transported, Firm, Gap graded, Sub-rounded				
30		TD3										
40			ZK	J				GRAVEL, sandy, trace clay, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown and Yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded				Between 50 to 60m/bgl.
50	SF		ZJ	GKL								SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (52.00-88.00)
60												
70		TD2										
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0121 Hole Length: 34.00

Easting: 233691.84	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410362.21	0.0 - 3.0	WLDRIG4	CH	300		WELLDRIILL	NK3
Surface RL: 514.74	3.0 - 34.0	WLDRIG4	CH	150		WELLDRIILL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 03 Dec 22 - 03 Dec 22							
Comments: Trogolofauna - Open Hole. Damp at 34 mbgl. Concrete plinth & steel monument.							

TOC RL: 515.52 - (drilled) SWL: Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.52 - (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	JK			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded				█	BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.6.35mm (0.00-3.00) OPEN HOLE (3.00-34.00)
10		ST3	ZY	K			SILT, clayey, trace gravel, (SILTSTONE), Red and Pink, Transported, Soft, Uniform, Rounded					
30		VB2	ZG	JK			GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Dark or Black and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
40												
50												
60												
70												
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0123 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 22753.92	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411877.97	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 514.43							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							

Construct: 09 Jan 23 - 10 Jan 23

Comments: Targeting Wittenoom Dolomite for future SUR schemes. 3mm slots used at top of water table to allow for stygofauna sampling. Install to 198m.

TOC RL: 514.90 (Stickup 0.57m) (drilled) SWL: 49.71 MBTOC (10 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 514.90 (Stickup 0.57m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZY	IK			GRAVEL, sandy, trace silt, (SCREE), buff and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) AB FOAM (0.00-1.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-48.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (1.00-12.00)
10		SZ										
20			ZK				CLAY, trace sand, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow, Transported, Soft, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					
30												
40												
50	SF	CY2										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (48.00-72.00)
60												
70												
80			Z	GYK			GRAVEL, clayey, trace sand, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Light or White and Grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					
90		VB2										
100	MG	OB	D				DOLOMITE, (OB), Dark or Black and Blue and grey, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0124 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 229924.02	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411444.74	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 515.97							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 12 Jan 23 - 13 Jan 23							
Comments: Targeting Wittenoom Dolomite for future SUR schemes.3mm slots used at top of WT,for stygofauna sampling.							

TOC RL: 516.98 (Stickup 1.13m) (drilled) SWL: 53.01 MBTOC (13 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.98 (Stickup 1.13m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes	
0			ZY	SJ			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) AB FOAM (0.00-1.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-50.00)	
10			Z	Y			SAND, silty, trace clay, (SANDSTONE), buff and Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Rounded						
20		SD2											
30	SF		Z	K			CLAY, gravelly, trace silt, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
40		CY2											
50			Z	K			CLAY, gravelly, trace sand, (SANDSTONE), buff and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (50.00-74.00)
60													
70	MG	SD2											
80													
90	SF		Z	K			CLAY, gravelly, trace silt, (CLAY), Light or White and Brown, Transported, Firm, Gap graded, Sub-rounded						
100	MG	CY2					GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Yellow and Blue, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (74.00-200.00)	

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0124 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 229924.02	Depth: 0.0 - 200.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: NK3
Northing: 7411444.74							
Surface RL: 515.97							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 12 Jan 23 - 13 Jan 23	Comments: Targeting Wittenoom Dolomite for future SUR schemes. 3mm slots used at top of WT, for stygofauna sampling.						

TOC RL: 516.98 (Stickup 1.13m) (drilled) SWL: 53.01 MBTOC (13 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.98 (Stickup 1.13m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		VB2	O	K			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Yellow and Blue, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (74.00-200.00)
110			JC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (OB), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
120	MG						DOLOMITE, (OB), Blue and Grey, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					
130			D									
140												
150		OB										
160	HG											
170												
180												
190												
200												END CAP (200.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0125 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 230995.07	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411514.36	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 515.11							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							

Construct: 17 Jan 23 - 17 Jan 23

Comments: MB Targeting Wittenoom Dolomite for future SUR schemes. 3mm slots used at top of water table to allow for stygofauna sampling. Install to 192m.

TOC RL: 516.17 (Stickup 0.60m) (drilled) SWL: 52.24 MBTOC (22 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.17 (Stickup 0.60m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YJ			SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (SCREE), Red and Brown and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) AB FOAM (0.00-1.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-42.00)
10		ST3	ZY	J		SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded				SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (42.00-66.00)		
20		GS3	Z	JY		GRAVEL, sandy, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), buff and Red and brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
30			ZK	Y			CLAY, silty, trace gravel, (CLAY), buff and Brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (66.00-192.00)
40	SF											
50		VB2										
60												
70												
80												
90												
100		SD2	K	Y			SAND, silty, trace gravel, (CLAY), Light or White and Grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0125 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 230995.07	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411514.36	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 515.11							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							

Construct: 17 Jan 23 - 17 Jan 23

Comments: MB Targeting Wittenoom Dolomite for future SUR schemes. 3mm slots used at top of water table to allow for stygofauna sampling. Install to 192m.

TOC RL: 516.17 (Stickup 0.60m) (drilled) SWL: 52.24 MBTOC (22 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.17 (Stickup 0.60m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		SD2	K	Y			SAND, silty, trace gravel, (CLAY), Light or White and Grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (66.00-192.00)
110		CV3	Z	K		CLAY, gravelly, (CLAY), Brown and Light or White, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
120		OD	S	JC		UNMINERALISED BIF, (OD), Grey and Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
130												
140			D	C			DOLOMITE, (OB), Blue and Grey and buff, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					
150												
160												
170												
180												
190			D				DOLOMITE, (OB), Blue and Grey, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					
200												END CAP (192.00) FALLBACK (192.00-200.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0126 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 231492.15	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412841.63	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 512.60							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 24 Jan 23 - 26 Jan 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Wittenoom Dolomite for potential aquifer recharge injection							

TOC RL: 513.56 (Stickup 0.70m) (drilled) SWL: 50.04 MBTOC (05 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 513.56 (Stickup 0.70m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z	YJ			SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Well graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-50.00)
10		ST3										
20	SF		ZK	Y			CLAY, silty, trace gravel, (CLAY), Red and buff, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30												
40												
50		CY3										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (50.00-74.00)
60												
70			ZG	KY			GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown and Yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
80	MG	VB2										
90			S	CJ			SHALE, (OD), Grey and Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100		OD										

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0127 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 232103.39	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411451.11	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 514.13							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 04 Feb 23 - 04 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS at 58m. Targeting Wittenoom Dolomite							

TOC RL: 515.20 (Stickup 1.10m) (drilled) SWL: 51.70 MBTOC (05 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.20 (Stickup 1.10m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z	YJ			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 9 (B/C): Headworks = Monument cover and concrete Plinth (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-50.00)
10		TD3										
20			ZG	KYC			CLAY, gravelly, trace silt, (CLAY), Yellow and Brown and light or white, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
30		CY3										
40	SF		ZG	KL			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and Yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
50		GS3										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (50.00-62.00)
60			Z3	K			SAND, (CALCRETE), Light or White and Yellow, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
70		CA2										
80		OD	S	D			SHALE, (OD), Yellow and Light or White and grey, Highly Weathered, Very Weak Rock					
90	MG	OB	4	D			DOLOMITE, (OB), Dark or Black and Grey and blue, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0128 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 233835.63	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412843.38	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 509.53							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 09 Feb 23 - 13 Feb 23							
Comments: Targeting the extent & occurrence of Witt. Dolomite, & managed Aquifer Recharge injection bores at later stage. FWS @ 33m							

TOC RL: 510.07 (Stickup 0.26m) (drilled) SWL: 38.07 MBGL (14 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 510.07 (Stickup 0.26m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		TD3	ZX	K	█		GRAVEL, silty, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-50.00)
10			ZX	JI	█		GRAVEL, sandy, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
20		TD2	ZK		█		CLAY, trace silt, (CLAY), Light or White and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (50.00-62.00)
30	SF		ZK	G	█		CLAY, sandy, trace silt, (CLAY), Grey and Dark or Black and red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					
40			ZK	G	█		CLAY, sandy, (CLAY), Yellow and Brown and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					
50		TD2	ZKL	G	█		CLAY, sandy, (CLAY), Yellow and Brown and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (62.00-200.00)
60	HG		ZG	LK	█		GRAVEL, sandy, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Yellow and Brown and grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
70	SF				█							
80	MG				█							
90					█							
100	SF				█							

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: CARAMULLA Hole Name: HCM0130 Hole Length: 202.00

Easting: 236018.30	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411437.24	0.0 - 202.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 514.38							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 23 Feb 23 - 23 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS@50m. Drill program to provide data on the extent and occurrence of Wittenoom Dolomite.							

TOC RL: 515.29 (Stickup 0.70m) (drilled) SWL: 53.19 MBTOC (23 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.29 (Stickup 0.70m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	Y			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-48.00)
10	SF		ZY	JI			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		TD3										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (48.00-200.00)
30	MG											
40												
50	HG											
60	MG											
70	HG											
80	MG	VB2	Z	JW			GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
90	SF											
100	MG											

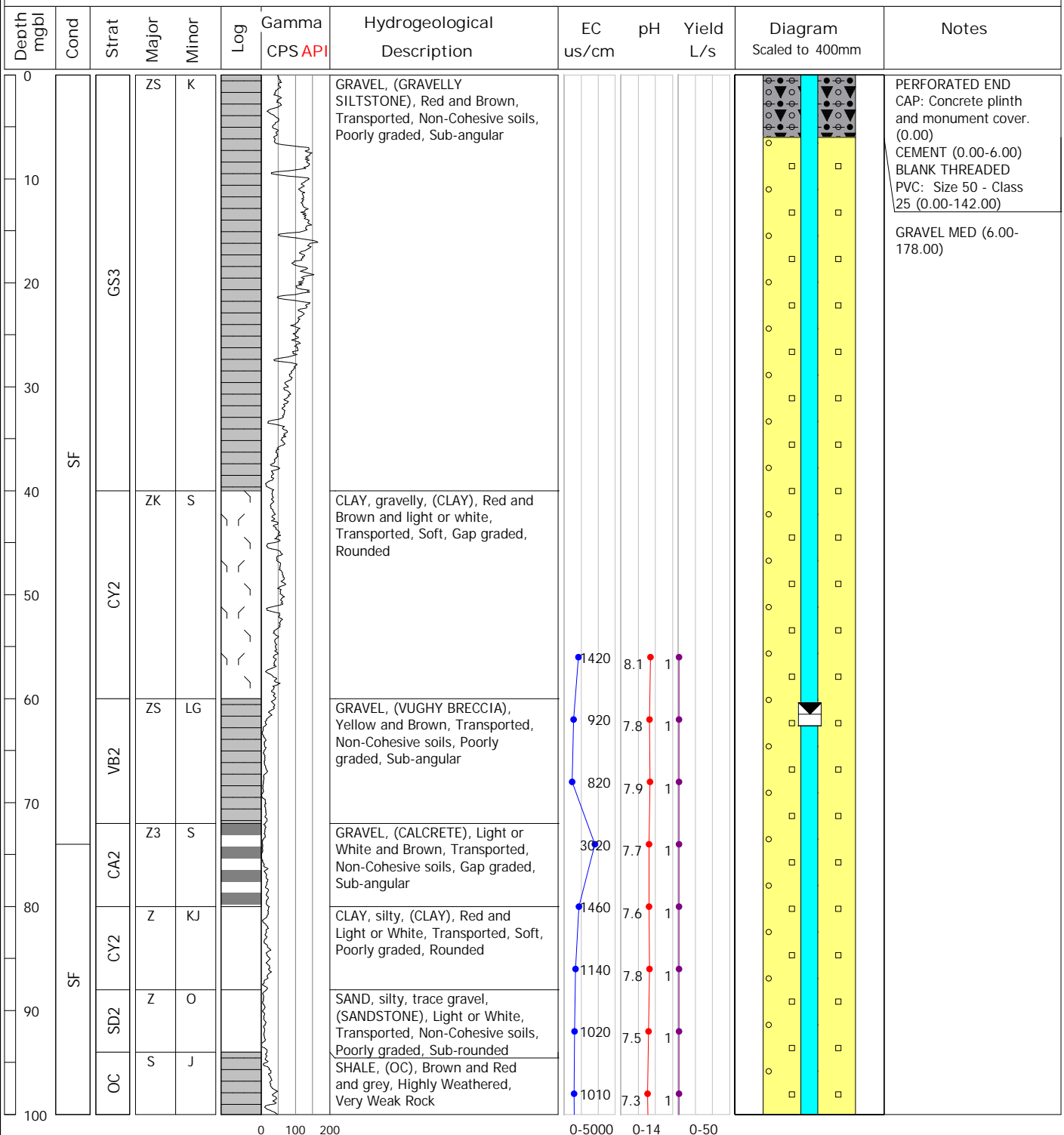
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0062 Hole Length: 182.00

Easting: 220364.88	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410865.24	0.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	JP10
Surface RL: 523.58	146.0 - 182.0	EWMWW06	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Mar 23 - 17 Mar 23							
Comments: FWS @ 62m. High yields available below 145m in Dolomite.							

TOC RL: 524.49 (Stickup 0.91m) (drilled) SWL: 61.51 MBTOC (21 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 524.49 (Stickup 0.91m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



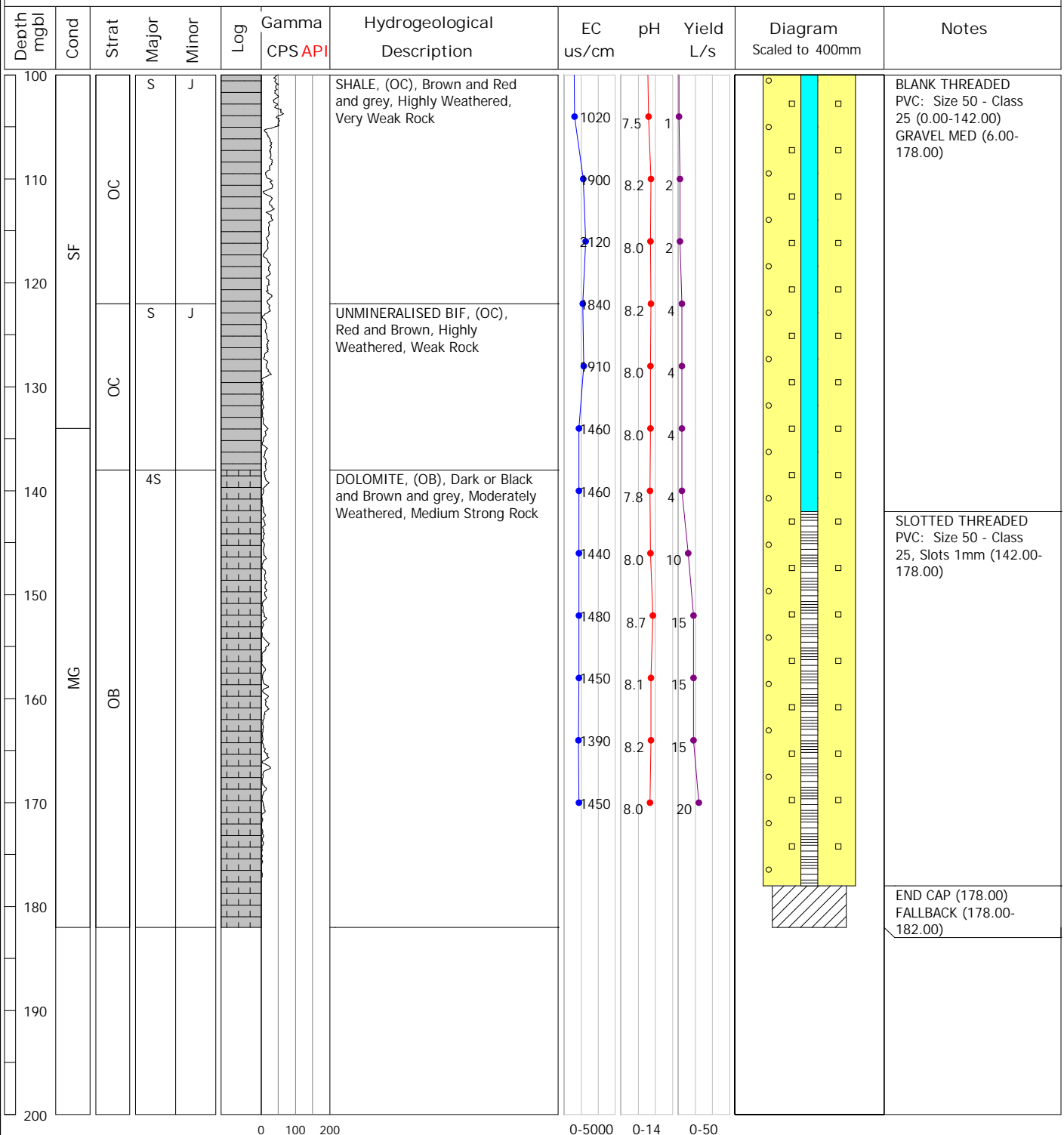
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0062 Hole Length: 182.00

Easting: 220364.88	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410865.24	0.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	JP10
Surface RL: 523.58	146.0 - 182.0	EWMWW06	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Mar 23 - 17 Mar 23							
Comments: FWS @ 62m. High yields available below 145m in Dolomite.							

TOC RL: 524.49 (Stickup 0.91m) (drilled) SWL: 61.51 MBTOC (21 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 524.49 (Stickup 0.91m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0063 Hole Length: 144.00

Easting: 217218.28	Depth: 0.0 - 144.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7411560.65							
Surface RL: 534.43							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 08 Jul 23 - 08 Jul 23	Comments: Installed PVC to planned depth to allow future installation of VWP sensors in McRae (R) & Sylvia (S) Fm.						

TOC RL: 534.96 (Stickup 0.48m) (drilled) SWL: 78.52 MBTOC (09 Jul 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 534.96 (Stickup 0.48m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		D3	W	JL			MINERALISED BIF, (D3), Dark or Black and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates. (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-2.50) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-78.00)
10			WJ	LS			MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Grey and Brown and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
20		D2										
30			WL	SC			MINERALISED BIF, (D1), Brown and Yellow and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
40		D1										
50	MG		S	C			SHALE, (R), Pink and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60												
70		R										
80			S	JC			SHALE, (R), Brown and Grey and pink, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (78.00-144.00)
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0064 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 217758.55	Depth: 0.0 - 174.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7411564.58							
Surface RL: 549.79							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -66-->77							
Construct: 09 Jul 23 - 10 Jul 23							
Comments: Installed PVC to planned depth to allow future installation of VWP sensors in McRae (R), Brunos Band & Sylvia (S) Fm.							

TOC RL: 550.47 (Stickup 0.80m) (drilled) SWL: 100.38 MBTOC (11 Jul 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 550.47 (Stickup 0.80m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			W	GLJ			MINERALISED BIF, (D3), Grey and Dark or Black and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-3.50) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-81.00)
10		D3										
20			WH				MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Dark or Black and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
30		D2										
40												
50	HG											
60			WG	JS			MINERALISED BIF, (D1), Brown and Grey and dark or black, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70		D1										
80			S	CW			SHALE, (R), Grey and Pink and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
90		R										
100												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (81.00-171.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0064 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 217758.55	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411564.58	0.0 - 174.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 549.79							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -66-->77							
Construct: 09 Jul 23 - 10 Jul 23							
Comments: Installed PVC to planned depth to allow future installation of VWPs sensors in McRae (R), Brunos Band & Sylvia (S) Fm.							

TOC RL: 550.47 (Stickup 0.80m) (drilled) SWL: 100.38 MBTOC (11 Jul 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 550.47 (Stickup 0.80m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100	HG		S	CW			SHALE, (R), Grey and Pink and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (81.00-171.00)
110		R										
120												
130			JS	HC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (S), Grey and Dark or Black and pink, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
140	MG											
150		S										
160												
170												END CAP (171.00) FALLBACK (171.00-174.00)
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0065 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 218350.90	Depth: 0.0 - 162.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7412112.32							
Surface RL: 543.81							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -61-->177							
Construct: 21 Jun 23 - 22 Jun 23							
Comments: For future installation of pore pressure sensors in Whaleback Shale & Joffre/ Dales units. FWS @ 126mbgl.							

TOC RL: 544.42 (Stickup 0.71m) (drilled) SWL: 96.58 MBTOC (23 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 544.42 (Stickup 0.71m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			SC	JG			SHALE, (W), Grey and Pink and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 3mm (84.00-162.00)
110		W										
120			WHJ	CS			MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
130	MG											
140		D4										
150												
160												
162.00												END CAP (162.00)
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0066 Hole Length: 153.00

Easting: 219518.59	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411070.23	0.0 - 153.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 523.76							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -66-->5							
Construct: 04 Jul 23 - 05 Jul 23							
Comments: Expected McRae & Mt Sylvania formation were not intersected. FWS @ 96mbgl							

TOC RL: 524.28 (Stickup 0.56m) (drilled) SWL: 70.54 MBTOC (06 Jul 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 524.28 (Stickup 0.56m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 04 Jul 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZS	JH			GRAVEL, sandy, (SCREE), Brown and Pink and red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stick-up with hanging plates. (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-66.00)
10	SF		ZS	HI			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		GS3										
30			ZG	L			GRAVEL, clayey, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown and Light or White and red, Transported, Non- Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
40		VB2										
50			S	C			SHALE, (OD), Dark or Black and Grey and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60		OD										
70			S	C			SHALE, (OD), Pink and buff and red, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
80		OC										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (66.00-150.00)
90			C	SJ			CHERT, (OC), Grey and Blue and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100	HG											

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0066 Hole Length: 153.00

Easting: 219518.59	Depth: 0.0 - 153.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7411070.23							
Surface RL: 523.76							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -66-->5							
Construct: 04 Jul 23 - 05 Jul 23	Comments: Expected McRae & Mt Sylvania formation were not intersected. FWS @ 96mbgl						

TOC RL: 524.28 (Stickup 0.56m) (drilled) SWL: 70.54 MBTOC (06 Jul 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 524.28 (Stickup 0.56m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 04 Jul 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100	HG	OC	C	SJ			CHERT, (OC), Grey and Blue and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (66.00-150.00)
110			CS	J			CHERT, (OC), Grey and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
120	MG		S	P			SHALE, (OC), Dark or Black and Grey and blue, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
130												
140	HG											
150	MG											END CAP (150.00) FALLBACK (150.00-153.00)
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0067 Hole Length: 141.00

Easting: 219873.84	Depth: 0.0 - 141.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: BF2
Northing: 7411361.56							
Surface RL: 523.58							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -66-->254							
Construct: 03 Jul 23 - 03 Jul 23							
Comments: Expected McRae & Mt Sylvania formation were not intersected. FWS @ 114mbgl							

TOC RL: 524.20 (Stickup 0.50m) (drilled) SWL: 71.87 MBTOC (04 Jul 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 524.20 (Stickup 0.50m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 03 Jul 2023 Final EC: -

Depth mgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100	SF	SZ	Z	GY			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded UNMINERALISED BIF, (OD), Grey and Red and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock CHERT, (OD), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock SHALE, (OC), buff and Yellow and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	0-5000	0-14	0-50		PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates. (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-3.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-56.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (56.00-140.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0068 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 219207.79	Depth: 0.0 - 162.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7412362.59							
Surface RL: 535.02							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -61-->225							
Construct: 06 Jul 23 - 07 Jul 23							
Comments: Installed depth down to 151m with 11m of fallback due to ground condition encountered during installation. FWS @ 120mbgl							

TOC RL: 535.64 (Stickup 0.67m) (drilled) SWL: 87.34 MBTOC (09 Jul 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 535.64 (Stickup 0.67m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 10 Jul 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	SF		ZJ	X			GRAVELL (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and Red and grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-3.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-85.00)
10		GS3										
20			GH	JS			MINERALISED BIF, (J3), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
30		J3										
40			GH	LJ			MINERALISED BIF, (J2), Brown and Grey and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
50		J2										
60	MG		JS	GL			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Yellow and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70		J1										
80			S	C			SHALE, (W), Pink and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
90		W										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (85.00-151.00)
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0068 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 219207.79	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412362.59	0.0 - 162.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 535.02							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -61-->225							
Construct: 06 Jul 23 - 07 Jul 23							
Comments: Installed depth down to 151m with 11m of fallback due to ground condition encountered during installation. FWS @ 120m bgl							

TOC RL: 535.64 (Stickup 0.67m) (drilled) SWL: 87.34 MBTOC (09 Jul 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 535.64 (Stickup 0.67m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 10 Jul 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		W	S	C			SHALE, (W), Pink and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (85.00-151.00)
110			J	SW								
120	MG						UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Grey and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					END CAP (151.00) FALLBACK (151.00-162.00)
130												
140			JS	C								
150	HG											
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0069 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 220162.81	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412332.08	0.0 - 162.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 556.49							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -65-->257							
Construct: 01 Jul 23 - 01 Jul 23							
Comments: Future installation of VWP in Mt McRae Shale and Mt Sylvia Fm. FWS @ 89mbgl							

TOC RL: 557.27 (Stickup 0.76m) (drilled) SWL: 108.33 MBTOC (02 Jul 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 557.27 (Stickup 0.76m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 01 Jul 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			G	W			MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates. (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-89.00)
10		D4										
20			G	S		MINERALISED BIF, (D3), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
30		D3										
40	MG		W	G			MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
50		D2										
60			G	WS			MINERALISED BIF, (D1), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70		D1										
80	SF		S	GH			SHALE, (R), Yellow and Brown and red, Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
90	MG	R									SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (89.00-161.00)	
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0070 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 220353.83	Depth: 0.0 - 174.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: BF2
Northing: 7412638.27							
Surface RL: 537.29							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -85-->266							
Construct: 29 Jun 23 - 29 Jun 23							
Comments: Future installation of VWP in Mt McRae Shale and Mt Sylvia Fm. FWS @ 82mbgl							

TOC RL: 537.97 (Stickup 0.67m) (drilled) SWL: 80.26 MBTOC (30 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 537.97 (Stickup 0.67m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 30 Jun 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	HG	GS3	Z	YJ			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates. (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-84.00)
10			G	HC		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J2), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
30		J2										
50	MG		G	S		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
60		J1										
70			S	W		SHALE, (W), Red and Pink, Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
80		W										
90			G	W		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
100		D4									SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (84.00-174.00)	

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0070 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 220353.83	Depth: 0.0 - 174.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: BF2
Northing: 7412638.27							
Surface RL: 537.29							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -85-->266							
Construct: 29 Jun 23 - 29 Jun 23							
Comments: Future installation of VWPs in Mt McRae Shale and Mt Sylvia Fm. FWS @ 82mbgl							

TOC RL: 537.97 (Stickup 0.67m) (drilled) SWL: 80.26 MBTOC (30 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 537.97 (Stickup 0.67m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 30 Jun 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		D4	G	W			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (84.00-174.00)
110			S	G			SHALE, (D3), Dark or Black and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
120		D3										
130			W	G			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Dark or Black and Red and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
140	MG	D2										
150			G	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D1), Brown and Yellow and buff, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
160		D1										
170												
180												END CAP (174.00)
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0098 Hole Length: 78.00

Easting: 204015.45	Depth: 0.0 - 78.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: NS3
Northing: 7411235.10							
Surface RL: 546.88							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 09 Jun 23 - 09 Jun 23	Comments: Installation of PVC into the detritals for the future installation of VWP sensors.						

TOC RL: 547.44 (Stickup 0.49m) (drilled) SWL: 27.02 MBTOC (11 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.44 (Stickup 0.49m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZJ	C			GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00)
10			ZK	J			CLAY, gravelly, trace silt, (CLAY), Red and Brown, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: PVC stick up and hanging plates. (0.00-6.00)
20		CY3										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-12.00)
30												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (12.00-78.00)
40	MG											
50												
60			ZK	J			CLAY, gravelly, trace silt, (CLAY), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
70		CY2										
80												END CAP (78.00)
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0099 Hole Length: 240.00

Easting: 204180.85	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412478.74	0.0 - 240.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 635.11							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 09 Apr 23 - 11 Apr 23							
Comments: Targeting water level variation in W3. FWS @ 190mbgl. End Cap @ 240mbgl.							

TOC RL: 635.82 (Stickup 0.66m) (drilled) SWL: 197.05 MBTOC (11 Apr 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 635.82 (Stickup 0.66m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			JS	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J3J5), Red and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-174.00)
10		J3J5										
20		MG										
30			J	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J2), Red and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
40												
50												
60		J2										
70		HG										
80												
90			JC	SG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Yellow and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0099 Hole Length: 240.00

Easting: 204180.85	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412478.74	0.0 - 240.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 635.11							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 09 Apr 23 - 11 Apr 23							
Comments: Targeting water level variation in W3. FWS @ 190mbgl. End Cap @ 240mbgl.							

TOC RL: 635.82 (Stickup 0.66m) (drilled) SWL: 197.05 MBTOC (11 Apr 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 635.82 (Stickup 0.66m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100	HG	J1	JC	SG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Yellow and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-174.00)
110			F	JC			SHALE, (W), Grey and Brown and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
120	MG											
130		W										
140			J	CH			MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
150												
160	HG	D4										
170												
180			J	CF			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Red and Yellow and brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (174.00-240.00)
190		D3										
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0099 Hole Length: 240.00

Easting: 204180.85	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412478.74	0.0 - 240.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 635.11							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 09 Apr 23 - 11 Apr 23							
Comments: Targeting water level variation in W3. FWS @ 190mbgl. End Cap @ 240mbgl.							

TOC RL: 635.82 (Stickup 0.66m) (drilled) SWL: 197.05 MBTOC (11 Apr 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 635.82 (Stickup 0.66m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
200			J	CF			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Red and Yellow and brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (174.00-240.00)
210		D3										
220	HG		J	C			MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Dark or Black and Red and grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
230		D2										
240												END CAP (240.00)
250												
260												
270												
280												
290												
300												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0101 Hole Length: 220.00

Easting: 210306.28	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412791.47	0.0 - 48.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 535.84	48.0 - 220.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4, JC3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 29 Dec 22 - 01 Jan 23							
Comments: Ceased drilling due to water venting out nearby proxy hole in sump.							

TOC RL: 536.83 (Stickup 0.91m) (drilled) SWL: 109.92 MBTOC (10 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 536.83 (Stickup 0.91m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	MG	J6	GC	J			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J6), Brown, Highly Weathered, Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP: Vented end cap (0.00) CEMENT: 5m Surface Seal (0.00-5.00) BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-118.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00- 220.00)
10		J3J5	JG				UNMINERALISED BIF, (J3J5), Brown, Highly Weathered, Strong Rock					
20		J3	G	WSJ			MINERALISED BIF, (J3), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
30	HG	J2	GW				MINERALISED BIF, (J2), Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
40		J1	G	JS			MINERALISED BIF, (J1), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
50							SHALE, (W), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
60												
70												
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0101 Hole Length: 220.00

Easting: 210306.28

Northing: 7412791.47

Surface RL: 535.84

Grid Name: MGA94_51

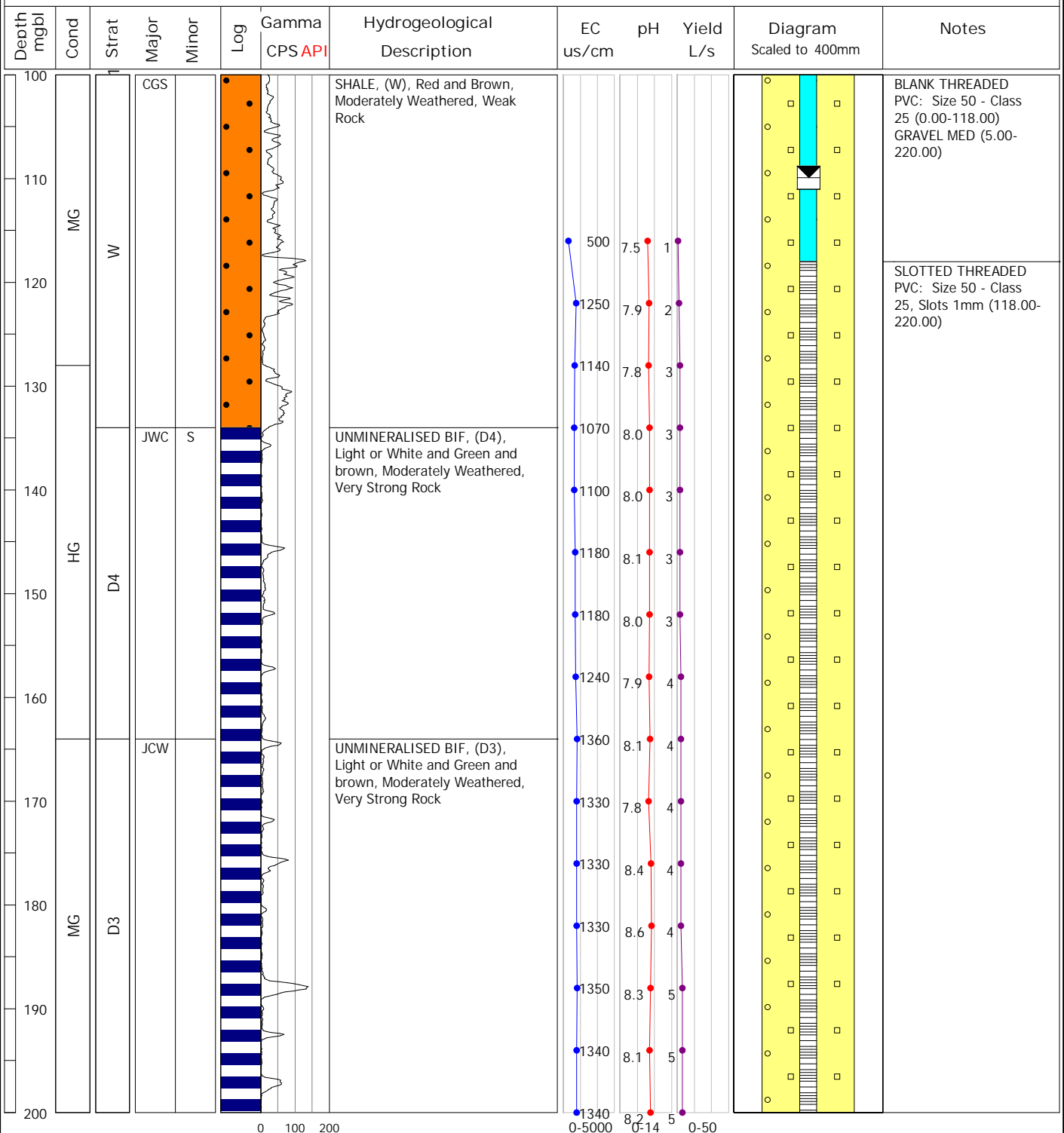
Incl / Azm: -90-->0

Construct: 29 Dec 22 - 01 Jan 23

Comments: Ceased drilling due to water venting out nearby proxy hole in sump.

Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
0.0 - 48.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
48.0 - 220.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4, JC3

TOC RL: 536.83 (Stickup 0.91m) (drilled) SWL: 109.92 MBTOC (10 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 536.83 (Stickup 0.91m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0101 Hole Length: 220.00

Easting: 210306.28	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412791.47	0.0 - 48.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 535.84	48.0 - 220.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4, JC3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 29 Dec 22 - 01 Jan 23							
Comments: Ceased drilling due to water venting out nearby proxy hole in sump.							

TOC RL: 536.83 (Stickup 0.91m) (drilled) SWL: 109.92 MBTOC (10 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 536.83 (Stickup 0.91m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
200		D3	JCW				UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Light or White and Green and brown, Moderately Weathered, Very Strong Rock	1340	8.2	5		GRAVEL MED (5.00- 220.00) SLOTTED THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (118.00- 220.00)
210	MG	D2	JCW				UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Light or White and Green and brown, Moderately Weathered, Very Strong Rock	1350	8.2	5		
220								700	8.1	5		
220								1430	8.4	6		Hole terminated due to nearby proxy venting water in sump Hole terminated due to nearby proxy venting water in sump Hole terminated due to nearby proxy venting water in sump Hole terminated due to nearby proxy venting water in sump END CAP (220.00)
230												
240												
250												
260												
270												
280												
290												
300												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0102 Hole Length: 248.00

Easting: 204839.53	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411733.16	0.0 - 56.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 566.36	56.0 - 248.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 12 May 23 - 13 May 23							
Comments: FWS at 146m. Pilot hole for possible PB location. Final yield of 8 L/s.							

TOC RL: 566.97 (Stickup 0.76m) (drilled) SWL: 130.25 MBTOC (15 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 566.97 (Stickup 0.76m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			SGL	W			SHALE, (W), Light or White and Brown and yellow, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT: Concrete plinth & monument cover. (0.00-5.00) BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-122.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-248.00)
10	MG	W	GJ	WCS			MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Brown and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
20												
30	HG		JC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Brown and Red, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
40												
50		D4										
60												
70	MG											
80												
90	BG		JC	SLG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Brown and Red and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100	MG	D3										

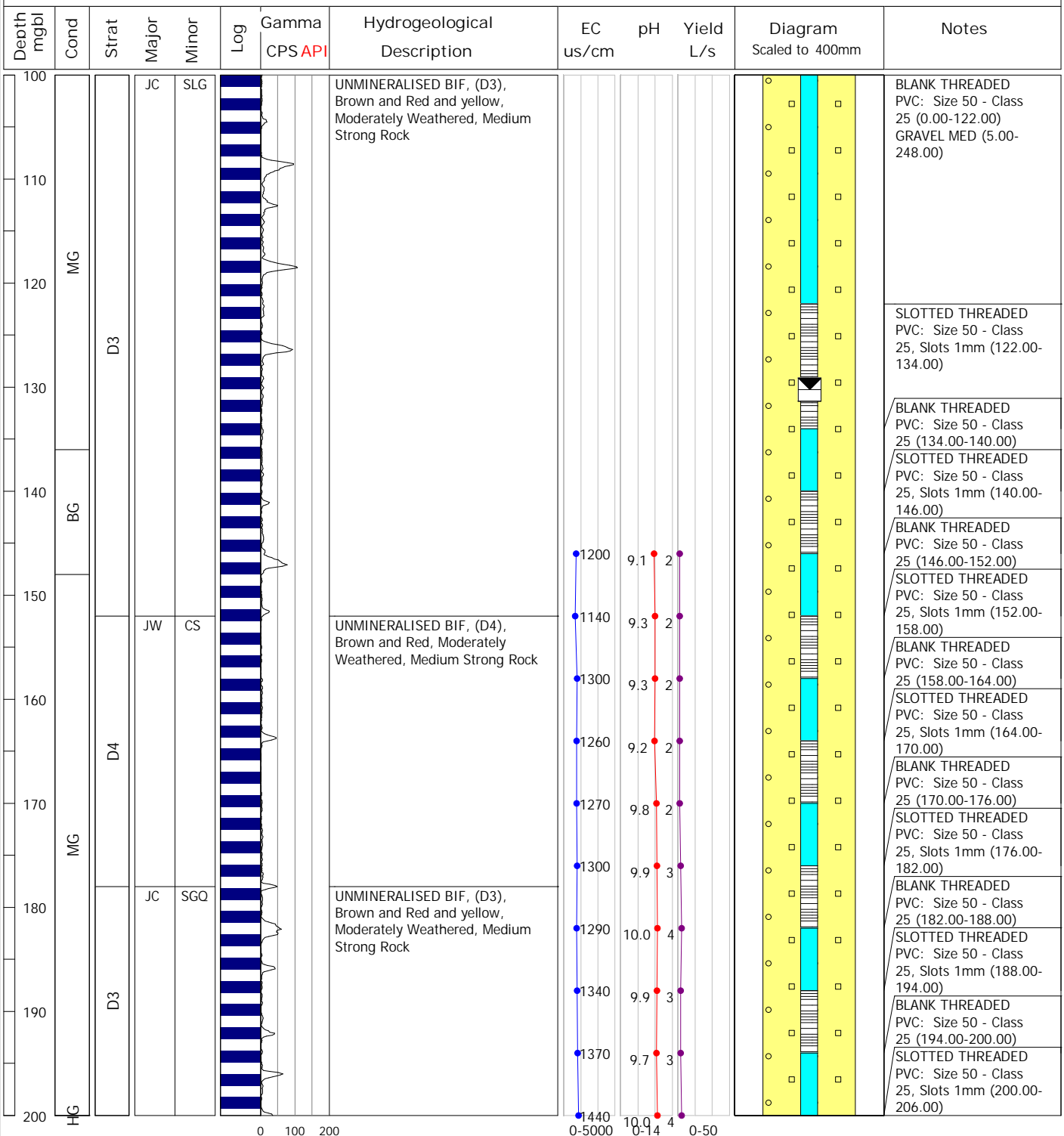
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0102 Hole Length: 248.00

Easting: 204839.53	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411733.16	0.0 - 56.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 566.36	56.0 - 248.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 12 May 23 - 13 May 23							
Comments: FWS at 146m. Pilot hole for possible PB location. Final yield of 8 L/s.							

TOC RL: 566.97 (Stickup 0.76m) (drilled) SWL: 130.25 MBTOC (15 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 566.97 (Stickup 0.76m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



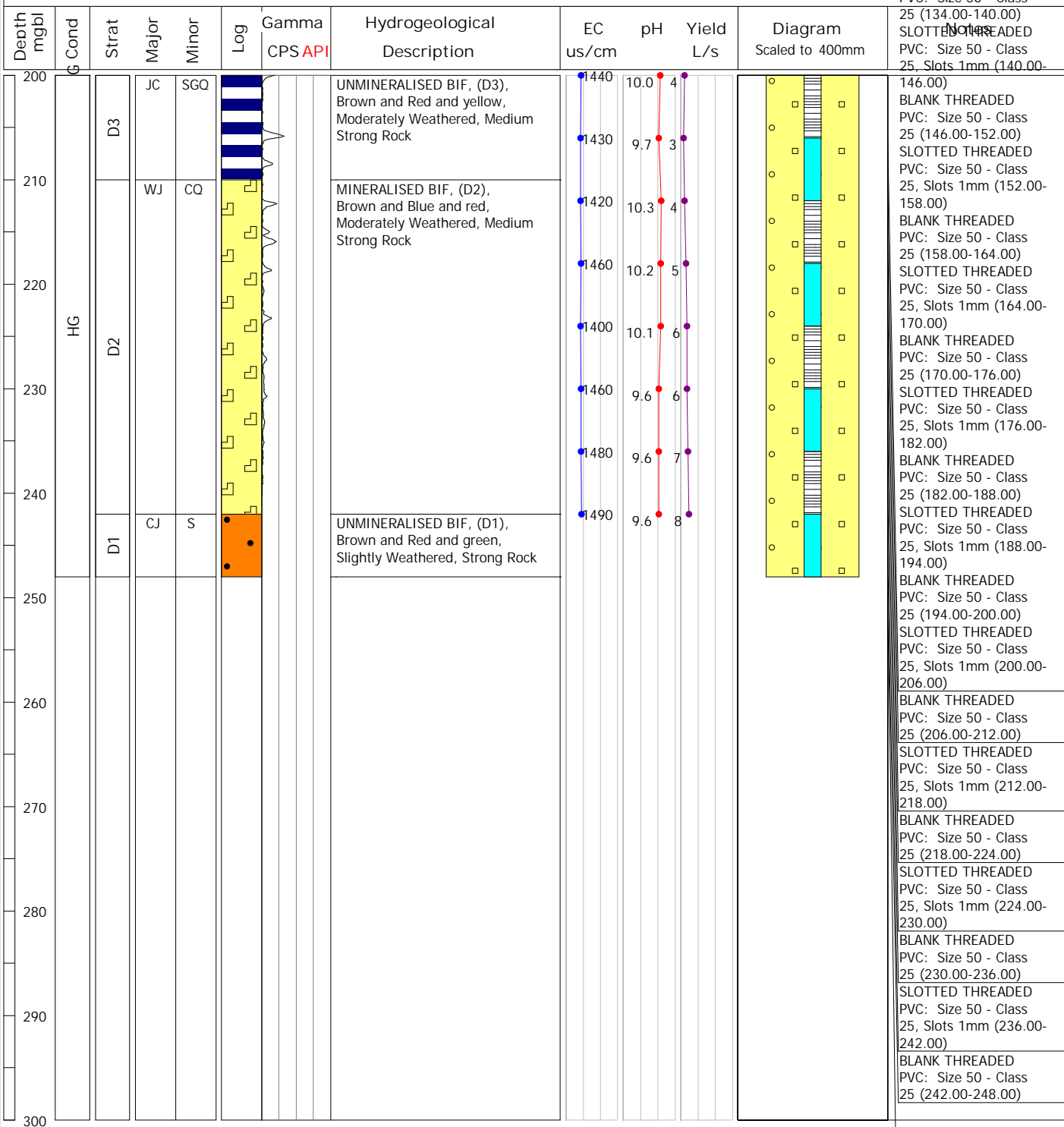
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0102 Hole Length: 248.00

Easting: 204839.53	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411733.16	0.0 - 56.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 566.36	56.0 - 248.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 12 May 23 - 13 May 23							
Comments: FWS at 146m. Pilot hole for possible PB location. Final yield of 8 L/s.							

TOC RL: 566.97 (Stickup 0.76m) (drilled) SWL: 130.25 MBTOC (15 May 23) Dev: N pH: -
 TOC RL: 566.97 (Stickup 0.76m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -
 PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (142.00-146.00)
 SLOTTED THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (140.00-146.00)



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0103 Hole Length: 240.00

Easting: 204440.55	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411450.40	0.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	JP10
Surface RL: 547.45	152.0 - 240.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	JP10
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 14 Mar 23 - 17 Mar 23							
Comments: MB to test viability of a PB. FWS @ 108mbgl. Install to 124m. Fallback from 124-240m due to broken ground.							

TOC RL: 548.00 (Stickup 0.51m) (drilled) SWL: 108.98 MBTOC (20 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 548.00 (Stickup 0.51m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth mgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	SF	TD3	ZY	JS			GRAVEL, sandy, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-72.00) GRAVEL MED (2.00-124.00)
10			ZK	SJ			CLAY, sandy, (CLAY), Red and Brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20												
30	MG											
40												
50			ZG	LK			GRAVEL, clayey, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Yellow and Brown and light or white, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
60												
70	SF	TD2										
80												
90	MG											
100			Z	K			CLAY, silty, trace gravel, (CLAY), Red and Light or White and brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					

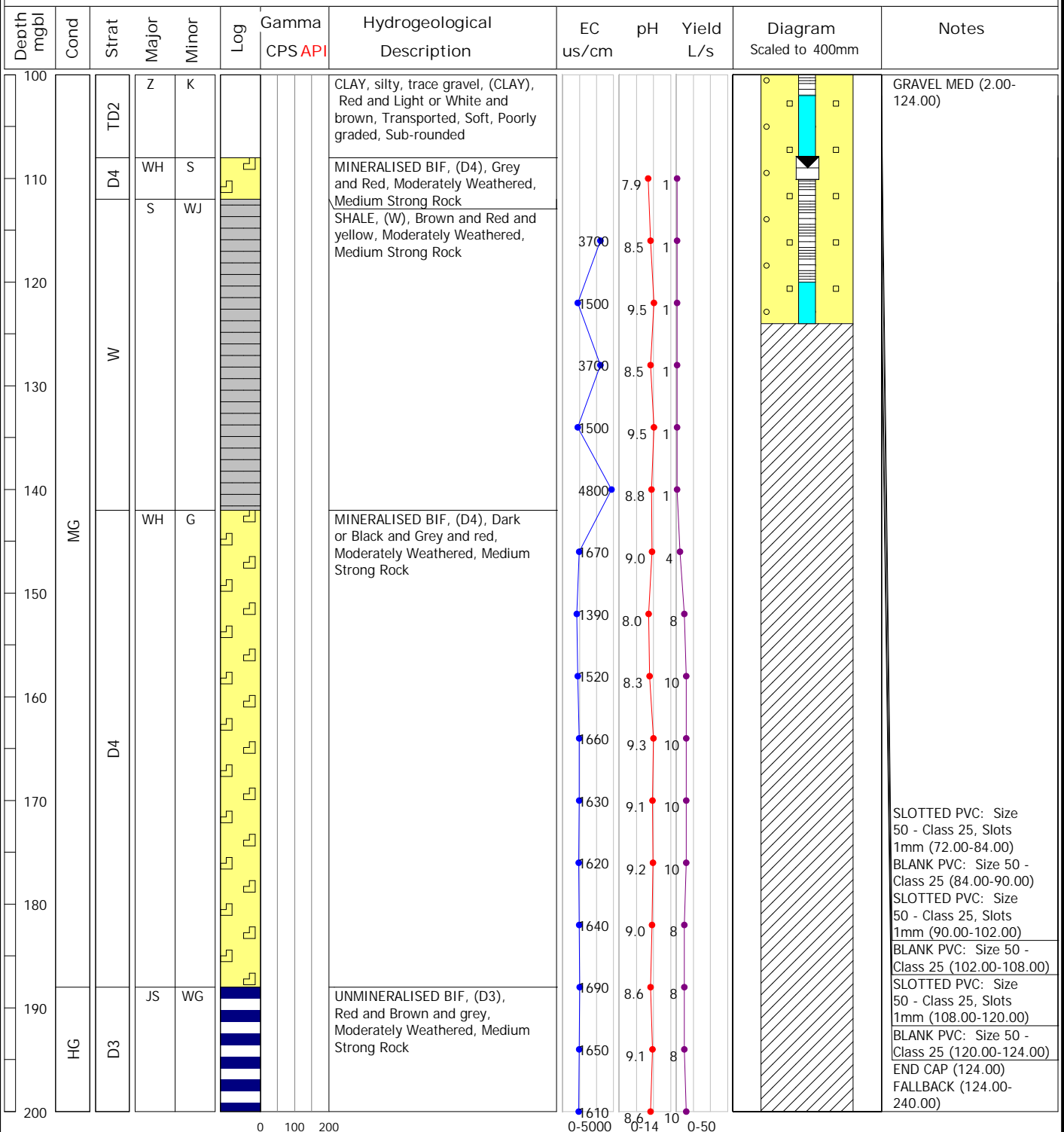
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0103 Hole Length: 240.00

Easting: 204440.55	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411450.40	0.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	JP10
Surface RL: 547.45	152.0 - 240.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	JP10
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 14 Mar 23 - 17 Mar 23							
Comments: MB to test viability of a PB. FWS @ 108mbgl. Install to 124m. Fallback from 124-240m due to broken ground.							

TOC RL: 548.00 (Stickup 0.51m) (drilled) SWL: 108.98 MBTOC (20 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 548.00 (Stickup 0.51m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (72.00-84.00)
 BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (84.00-90.00)
 SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (90.00-102.00)
 BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (102.00-108.00)
 SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (108.00-120.00)
 BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (120.00-124.00)
 END CAP (124.00)
 FALLBACK (124.00-240.00)

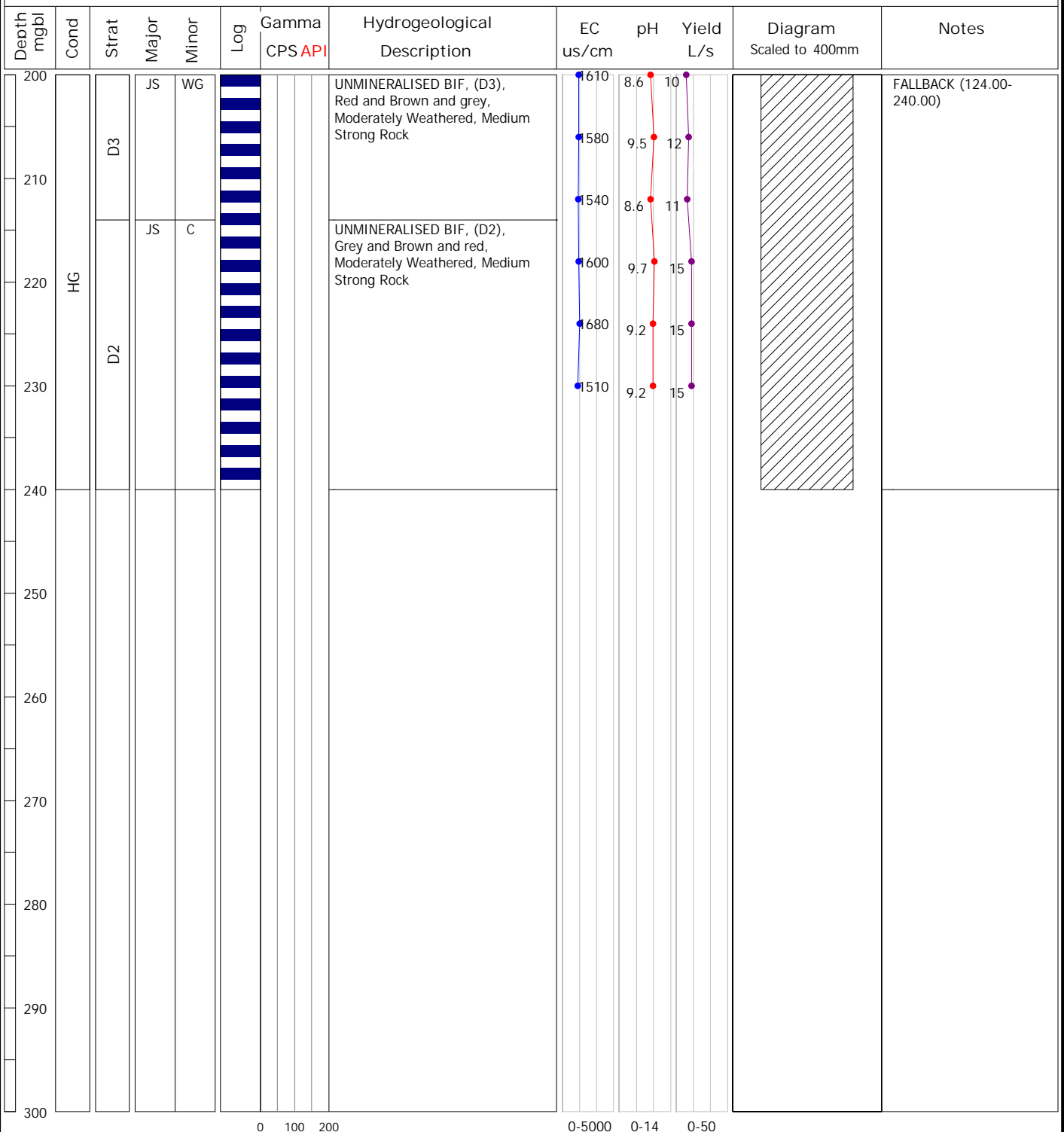
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0103 Hole Length: 240.00

Easting: 204440.55	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411450.40	0.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	JP10
Surface RL: 547.45	152.0 - 240.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	JP10
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 14 Mar 23 - 17 Mar 23							
Comments: MB to test viability of a PB. FWS @ 108mbgl. Install to 124m. Fallback from 124-240m due to broken ground.							

TOC RL: 548.00 (Stickup 0.51m) (drilled) SWL: 108.98 MBTOC (20 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 548.00 (Stickup 0.51m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0106 Hole Length: 242.00

Easting: 204412.42	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412134.76	0.0 - 74.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 540.14	74.0 - 242.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4, NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 30 May 23 - 01 Jun 23							
Comments: FWS at 110m. Final yield 8 L/s. Monitoring bore siting possible production bore location.							

TOC RL: 540.56 (Stickup 0.40m) (drilled) SWL: 103.34 MBTOC (02 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 540.56 (Stickup 0.40m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	SF	J2	G	WJ			MINERALISED BIF, (J2), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) GROUT (0.00-2.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-101.00) GRAVEL MED (2.00-221.00)
10	MG											
20	HG											
30		J1	G	WJ			MINERALISED BIF, (J1), Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
40	MG											
50		W	SJC	G			SHALE, (W), Brown and Red, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
60												
70												
80	HG											
90												
100												

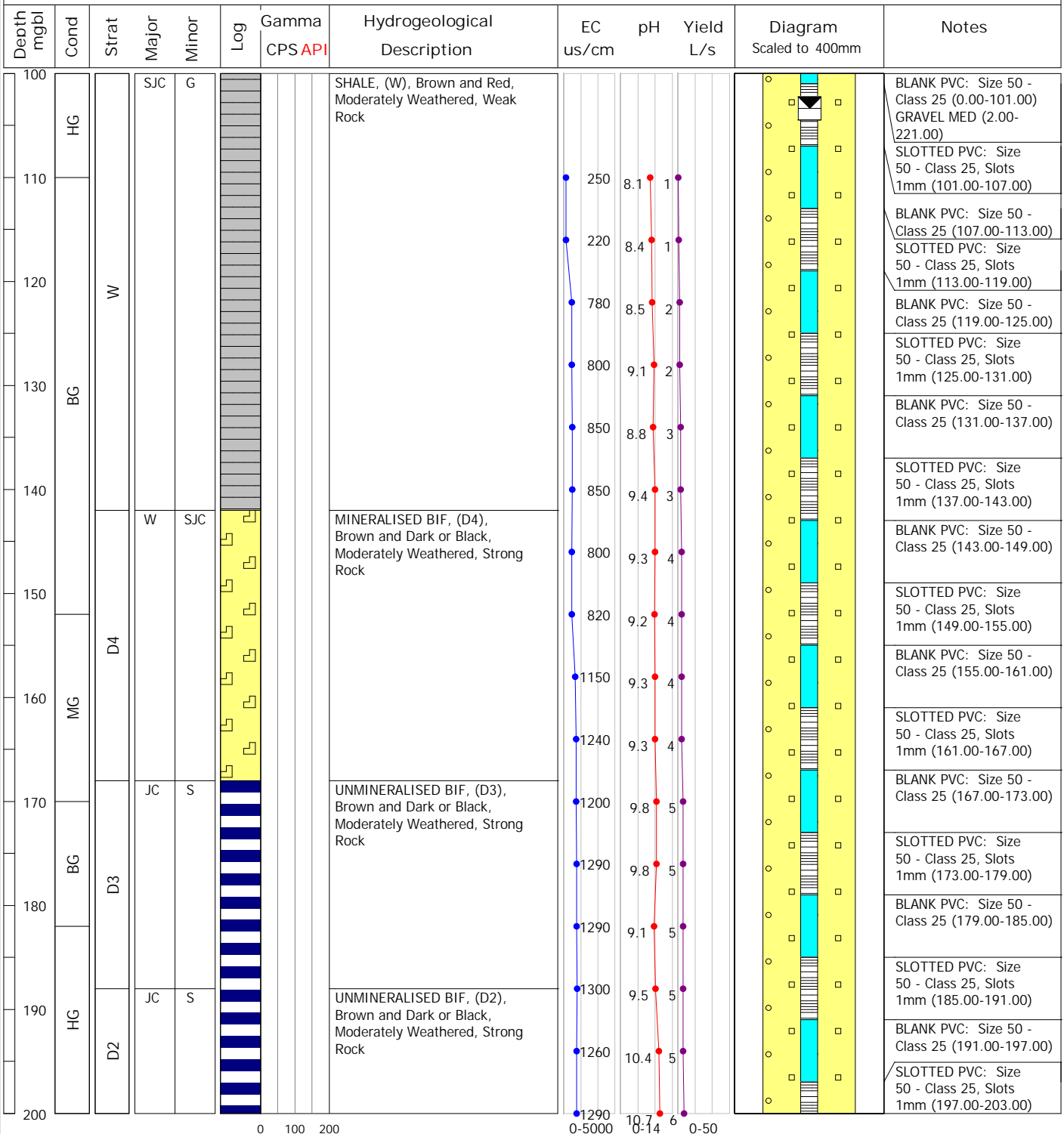
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0106 Hole Length: 242.00

Easting: 204412.42	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412134.76	0.0 - 74.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 540.14	74.0 - 242.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4, NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 30 May 23 - 01 Jun 23							
Comments: FWS at 110m. Final yield 8 L/s. Monitoring bore siting possible production bore location.							

TOC RL: 540.56 (Stickup 0.40m) (drilled) SWL: 103.34 MBTOC (02 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 540.56 (Stickup 0.40m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0106 Hole Length: 242.00

Easting: 204412.42	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412134.76	0.0 - 74.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 540.14	74.0 - 242.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4, NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 30 May 23 - 01 Jun 23							
Comments: FWS at 110m. Final yield 8 L/s. Monitoring bore siting possible production bore location.							

TOC RL: 540.56 (Stickup 0.40m) (drilled) SWL: 103.34 MBTOC (02 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 540.56 (Stickup 0.40m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
200			JC	S	[Log]		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Brown and Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	1290	10.7	6		GRAVEL MED (2.00-221.00)
210							1230	9.4	6	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (101.00-107.00)		
220	HG	D2					1260	10.1	6	BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (107.00-113.00)		
							1340	9.1	6	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (113.00-119.00)		
							1340	9.1	6	BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (119.00-125.00)		
							1340	9.1	6	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (125.00-131.00)		
							1270	10.0	8	BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (131.00-137.00)		
							1340	9.3	8	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (137.00-143.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (143.00-149.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (149.00-155.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (155.00-161.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (161.00-167.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (167.00-173.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (173.00-179.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (179.00-185.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (185.00-191.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (191.00-197.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (197.00-203.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (203.00-209.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (209.00-215.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (215.00-221.00)		
										END CAP (221.00)		

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0107 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 204561.91	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411398.81	0.0 - 110.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3, KM4
Surface RL: 547.69	110.0 - 230.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 24 Mar 23 - 24 Mar 23							
Comments: Monitoring point to test for suitable production bore location. Sticky clays caused bogging issues. Final yield 8L/s, FWS 116m.							

TOC RL: 547.96 (Stickup 0.22m) (drilled) SWL: 109.05 MBTOC (26 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.96 (Stickup 0.22m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	SF		ZJK	CXI			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT (0.00-2.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-121.00) GRAVEL MED (2.00-230.00)
10	MG											
20			ZK	J			CLAY, gravelly, (CLAY), Red and Yellow, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30		TD3										
40												
50	HG											
60			Z3	K			GRAVEL, clayey, (CALCRETE), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
70												
80		TD2	ZK	Q			CLAY, sandy, (CLAY), Brown and Red, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
90	MG											
100	D4		W				MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					

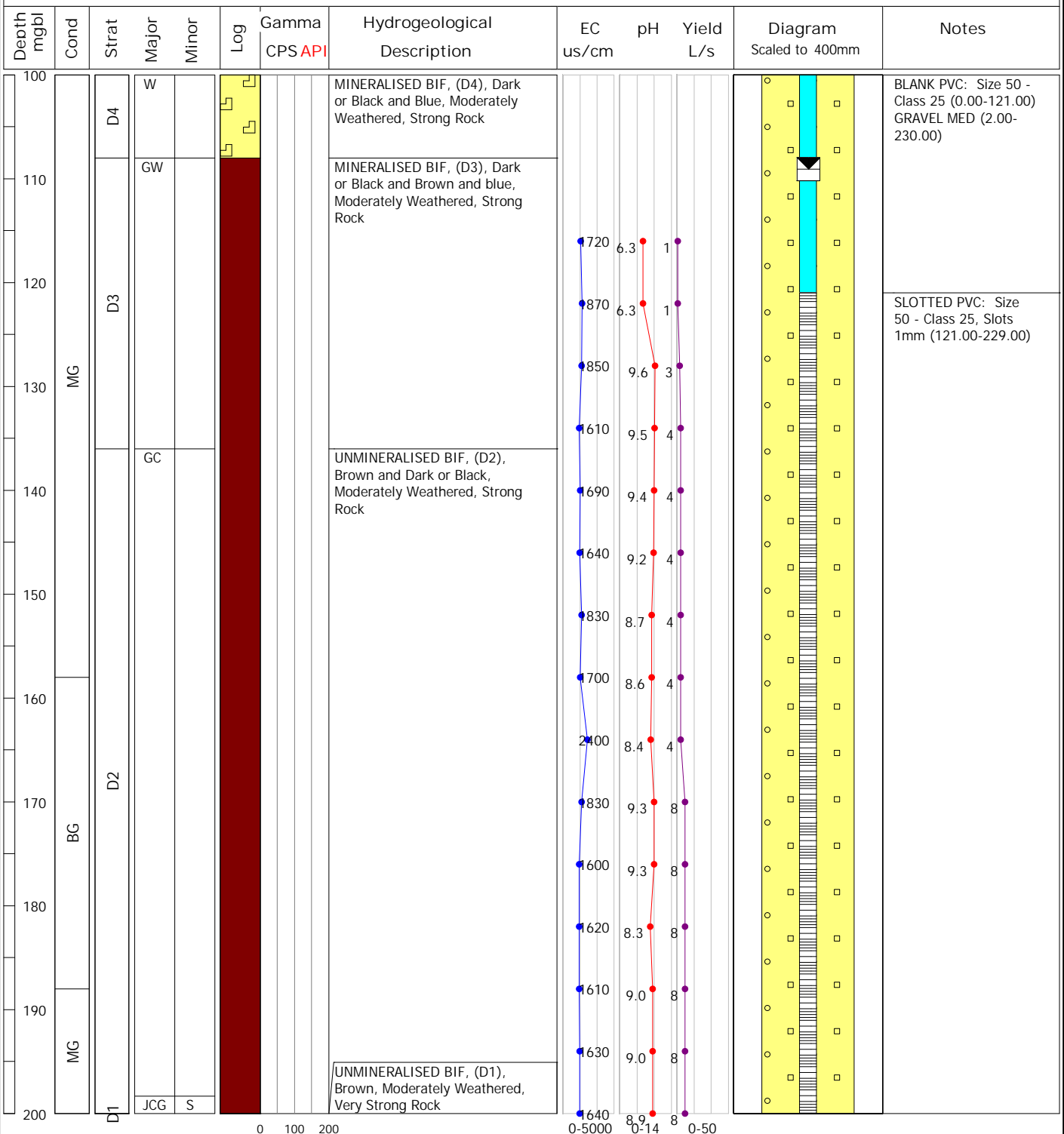
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0107 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 204561.91	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411398.81	0.0 - 110.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3, KM4
Surface RL: 547.69	110.0 - 230.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 24 Mar 23 - 24 Mar 23							
Comments: Monitoring point to test for suitable production bore location. Sticky clays caused bogging issues. Final yield 8L/s, FWS 116m.							

TOC RL: 547.96 (Stickup 0.22m) (drilled) SWL: 109.05 MBTOC (26 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.96 (Stickup 0.22m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



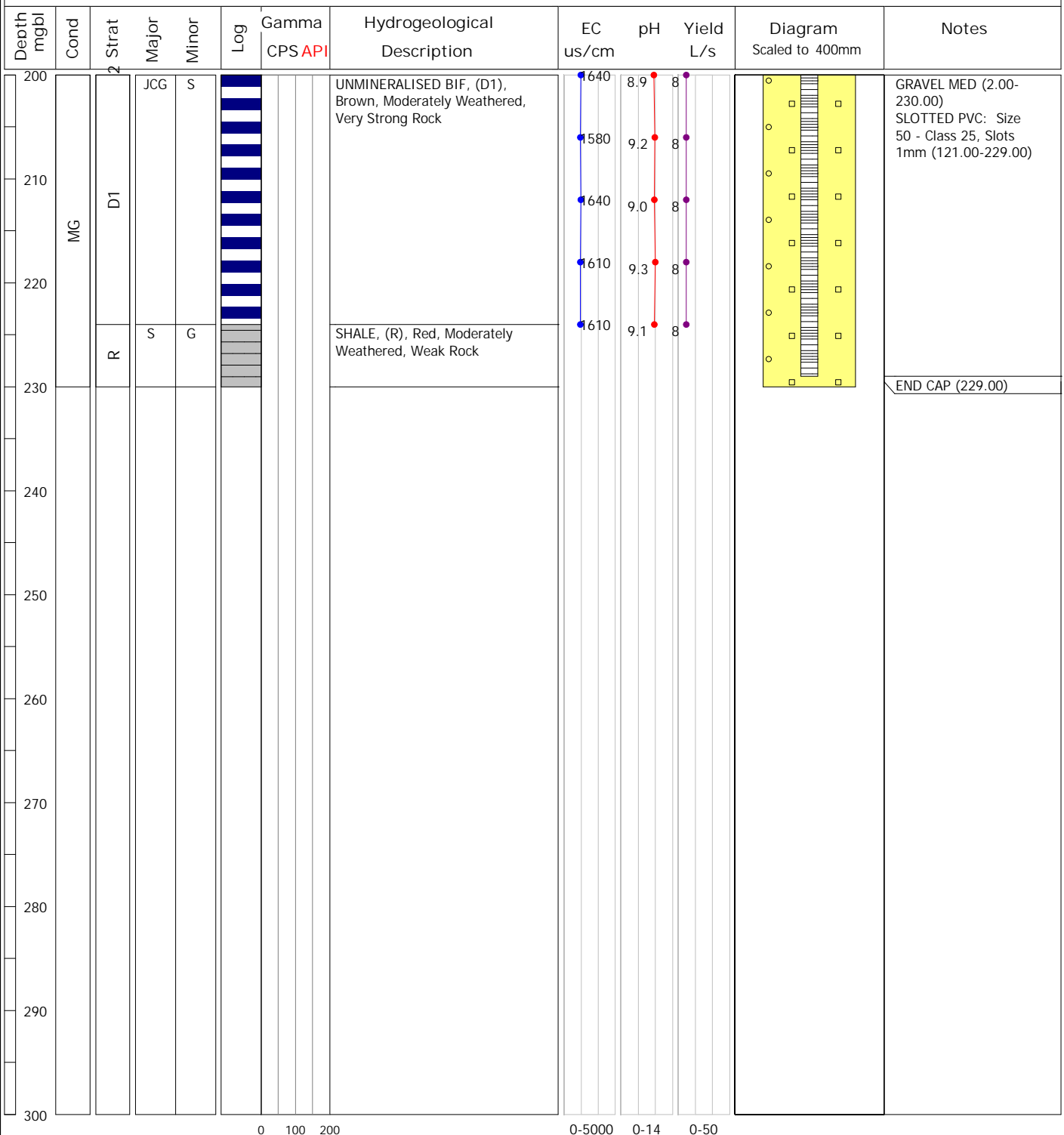
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0107 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 204561.91	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411398.81	0.0 - 110.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3, KM4
Surface RL: 547.69	110.0 - 230.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 24 Mar 23 - 24 Mar 23							
Comments: Monitoring point to test for suitable production bore location. Sticky clays caused bogging issues. Final yield 8L/s, FWS 116m.							

TOC RL: 547.96 (Stickup 0.22m) (drilled) SWL: 109.05 MBTOC (26 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.96 (Stickup 0.22m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0109 Hole Length: 248.00

Easting: 205043.95	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411957.77	0.0 - 110.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 578.91	110.0 - 248.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 17 May 23 - 20 May 23							
Comments: FWS at 134m. Monitoring bore for siting potential PB location. Final yield 8 L/s.							

TOC RL: 579.61 (Stickup 0.80m) (drilled) SWL: 141.98 MBTOC (23 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 579.61 (Stickup 0.80m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZJ	CS	██████████		COBBLE, gravelly, trace clay, (SCREE), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular UNMINERALISED BIF, (J2), Brown and Red and dark or black, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				●●●●●●	PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT (0.00-12.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-118.00)
10	SF	J2	J	SC	██████████						●●●●●●	
20	BG				██████████		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Brown and Yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				○□□□□□	GRAVEL MED (12.00-244.00)
30	SF		JS	CL	██████████						○□□□□□	
40		J1			██████████						○□□□□□	
50					██████████		SHALE, (W), Red and Yellow and brown, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock				○□□□□□	
60	BG				██████████						○□□□□□	
70			SJ	C	██████████						○□□□□□	
80	MG	W			██████████						○□□□□□	
90					██████████						○□□□□□	
100	BG				██████████						○□□□□□	

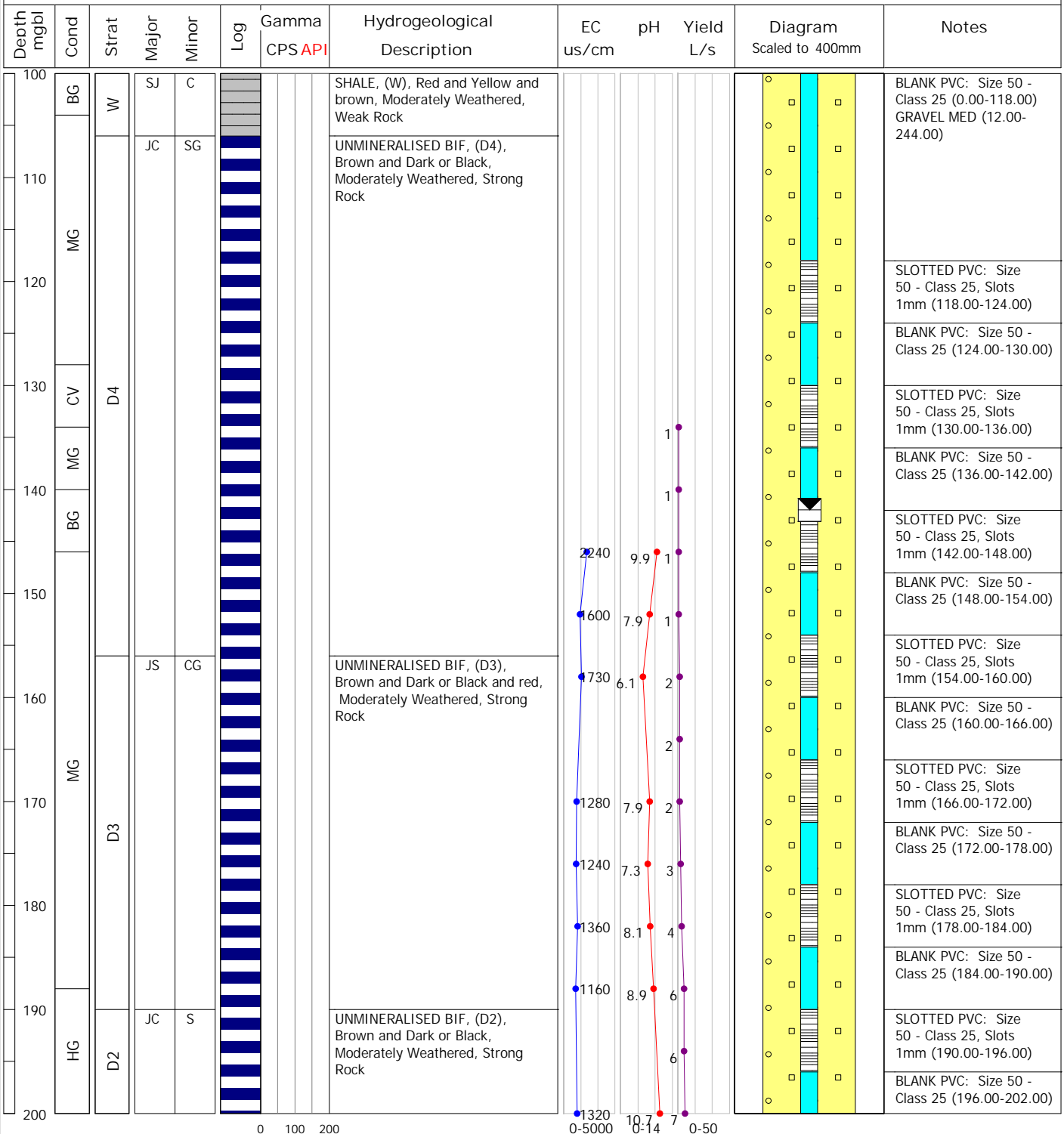
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0109 Hole Length: 248.00

Easting: 205043.95	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411957.77	0.0 - 110.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 578.91	110.0 - 248.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 17 May 23 - 20 May 23							
Comments: FWS at 134m. Monitoring bore for siting potential PB location. Final yield 8 L/s.							

TOC RL: 579.61 (Stickup 0.80m) (drilled) SWL: 141.98 MBTOC (23 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 579.61 (Stickup 0.80m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0109 Hole Length: 248.00

Easting: 205043.95	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411957.77	0.0 - 110.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 578.91	110.0 - 248.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 17 May 23 - 20 May 23							
Comments: FWS at 134m. Monitoring bore for siting potential PB location. Final yield 8 L/s.							

TOC RL: 579.61 (Stickup 0.80m) (drilled) SWL: 141.98 MBTOC (23 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 579.61 (Stickup 0.80m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
200			JC	S	D2		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Brown and Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	1320	10.7	7		GRAVEL MED (12.00-244.00)
210							1370	10.0	8	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (118.00-124.00)		
220							1110	9.4	8	BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (124.00-130.00)		
230							1440	10.1	8	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (130.00-136.00)		
240			C	JS	D1		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D1), Green and Brown, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock	1390	10.0	8		BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (136.00-142.00)
250							480	9.7	8	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (142.00-148.00)		
260							1270	9.8	8	BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (148.00-154.00)		
270							1420	9.7	8	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (154.00-160.00)		
280										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (160.00-166.00)		
290										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (166.00-172.00)		
300										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (172.00-178.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (178.00-184.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (184.00-190.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (190.00-196.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (196.00-202.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (202.00-208.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (208.00-214.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (214.00-220.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (220.00-226.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (226.00-232.00)		
										BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (232.00-238.00)		
										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (238.00-244.00)		
										END CAP (244.00)		
										FALLBACK (244.00-248.00)		

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0114 Hole Length: 180.00

Easting: 203706.90	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411369.68	0.0 - 180.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 549.44							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 31 May 23 - 31 May 23							
Comments: Installation of PVC to planned hole depth to allow future installation of pore pressure sensors McRae Shale & Sylvia.							

TOC RL: 550.06 (Stickup 0.56m) (drilled) SWL: 113.52 MBTOC (01 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 550.06 (Stickup 0.56m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 31 May 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZGY	HX			GRAVEL, sandy, trace silt, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Soil, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-90.00)
10		SZ	ZK	F			CLAY, sandy, trace gravel, (CLAY), Red, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20												
30												
40		TD3										
50	MG											
60												
70			SG	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
80		D2	GH	F			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D1), Red, Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
90		D1										
100			SG	H			SHALE, (R), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (90.00-180.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0114 Hole Length: 180.00

Easting: 203706.90	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411369.68	0.0 - 180.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 549.44							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 31 May 23 - 31 May 23							
Comments: Installation of PVC to planned hole depth to allow future installation of pore pressure sensors McRae Shale & Sylvia.							

TOC RL: 550.06 (Stickup 0.56m) (drilled) SWL: 113.52 MBTOC (01 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 550.06 (Stickup 0.56m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 31 May 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			SG	H			SHALE, (R), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (90.00-180.00)
110		R										
120			GS	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (S), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
130												
140	MG											
150		S										
160												
170												
180												END CAP (180.00)
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0115 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 203727.36	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412399.58	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 576.45							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 02 Jun 23 - 02 Jun 23							
Comments: Installation of PVC to planned hole depth to allow future installation of pore pressure sensors Mt Sylvia.							

TOC RL: 577.09 (Stickup 0.48m) (drilled) SWL: 138.31 MBTOC (03 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 577.09 (Stickup 0.48m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 02 Jun 2023 Final EC: -

Depth mglbl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		D4	J	GC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-110.00)
10	SF		SG	JC		SHALE, (D3), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
20		D3										
40			J	GS		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
50	MG	D2										
60			JG	SC		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D1), Yellow and Brown, Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
70		D1										
90		R	S	F		SHALE, (R), Pink and Light or White and grey, Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0115 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 203727.36	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412399.58	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 576.45							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 02 Jun 23 - 02 Jun 23	Comments: Installation of PVC to planned hole depth to allow future installation of pore pressure sensors Mt Sylvia.						

TOC RL: 577.09 (Stickup 0.48m) (drilled) SWL: 138.31 MBTOC (03 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 577.09 (Stickup 0.48m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 02 Jun 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			S	F			SHALE, (R), Pink and Light or White and grey, Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-110.00)
110			S	B			SHALE, (R), Dark or Black and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (110.00-200.00)
120		R										
130												
140			J	HC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (S), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
150	MG											
160												
170		S										
180												
190												
200	HG											END CAP (200.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0116 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 203946.91	Depth: 0.0 - 200.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: BF2
Northing: 7412299.54							
Surface RL: 575.77							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Jun 23 - 05 Jun 23	Comments: Installation of PVC to planned hole depth to allow future installation of pore pressure sensors into the Mt McRae.						

TOC RL: 576.41 (Stickup 0.61m) (drilled) SWL: 138.75 MBTOC (06 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 576.41 (Stickup 0.61m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 06 Jun 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	SF	W	SJ	GL			SHALE, (W), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█ █	PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-122.00)
10	MG		JG	HS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
20	MG											
30	HG	D4										
40	MG											
50	HG		SJ	L			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60												
70												
80	MG	D3										
90												
100	D2		J	GS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Dark or Black and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0116 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 203946.91	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412299.54	0.0 - 200.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 575.77							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Jun 23 - 05 Jun 23							
Comments: Installation of PVC to planned hole depth to allow future installation of pore pressure sensors into the Mt McRae.							

TOC RL: 576.41 (Stickup 0.61m) (drilled) SWL: 138.75 MBTOC (06 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 576.41 (Stickup 0.61m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 06 Jun 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100	MG	D2	J	GS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Dark or Black and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-122.00)
110	MG											
120												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (122.00-200.00)
130	HG											
140	MG	D1	JG	SC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D1), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
150												
160			S	J			SHALE, (R), Yellow and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
170	MG											
180		R										
190												
200												END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates (200.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0098 Hole Length: 194.00

Easting: 211029.91	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412754.75	0.0 - 102.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 549.46	102.0 - 194.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Jan 23 - 15 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS at 107m. Hole terminated at 194m instead of 200m due discharge management concerns regarding leaking sump.							

TOC RL: 550.26 (Stickup 0.50m) (drilled) SWL: 128.00 MBTOC (15 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 550.26 (Stickup 0.50m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	SF		G	WJ			MINERALISED BIF, (J2), Brown, Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-116.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-194.00)
10	HG											
20	BG	J2										
30	MG											
40	BG											
50	BG											
60	HG	J1	GS	WJ			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70												
80			SC	J			SHALE, (W), Brown and Red, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
90	MG	W										
100		D4	GW				MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					

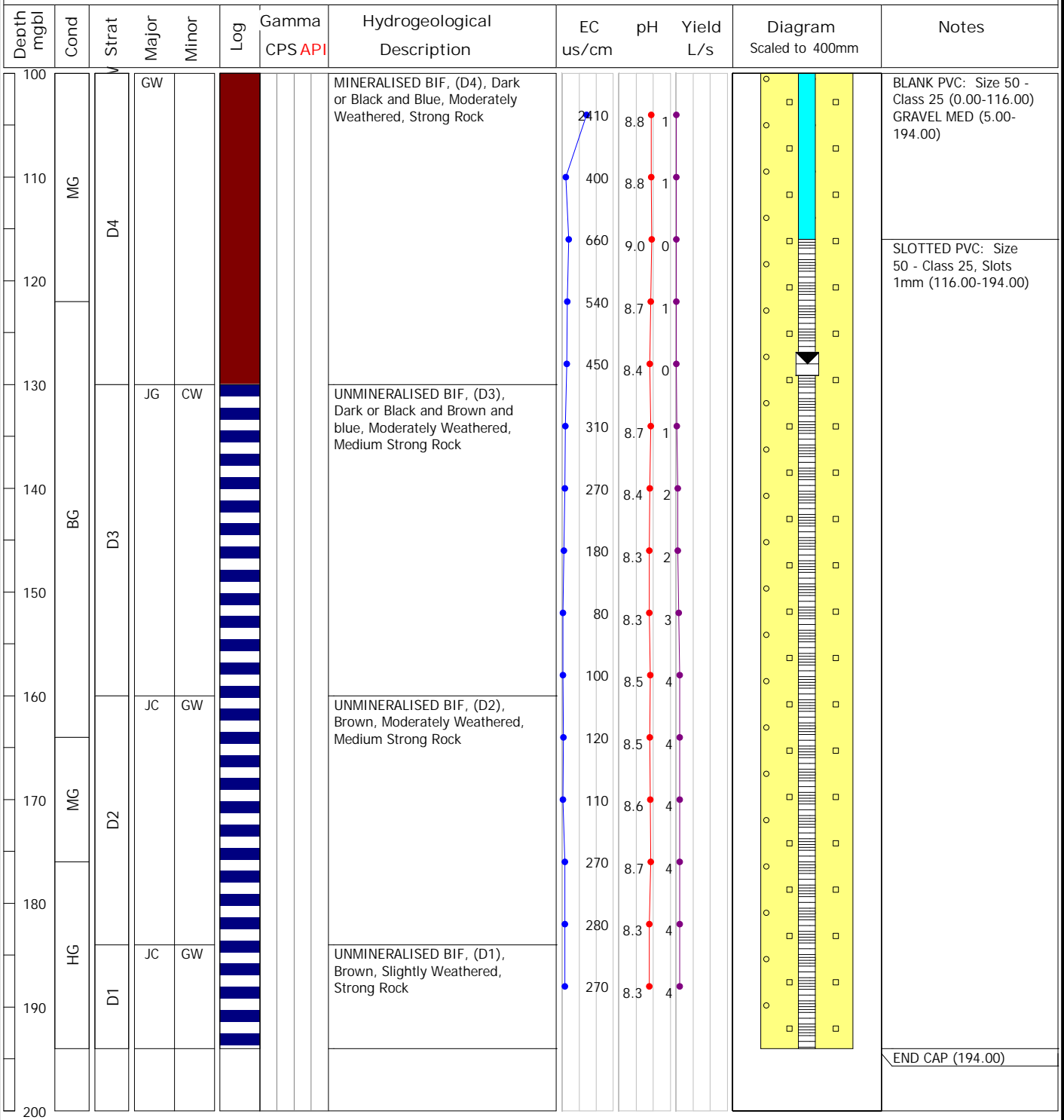
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0098 Hole Length: 194.00

Easting: 211029.91	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412754.75	0.0 - 102.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 549.46	102.0 - 194.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Jan 23 - 15 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS at 107m. Hole terminated at 194m instead of 200m due discharge management concerns regarding leaking sump.							

TOC RL: 550.26 (Stickup 0.50m) (drilled) SWL: 128.00 MBTOC (15 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 550.26 (Stickup 0.50m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2023 Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0099 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 210934.61	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412011.15	0.0 - 122.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Surface RL: 522.12	122.0 - 224.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 12 Feb 23 - 05 Mar 23							
Comments: Test Dales Gorge mineralisation flow rates. FWS @ 122m. DR casing stuck & left from 6-122m.							

TOC RL: 522.91 (Stickup 0.64m) (drilled) SWL: 95.80 MBTOC (05 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.91 (Stickup 0.64m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	MG	SZ	ZJ	HG			GRAVEL, sandy, trace silt, (SCREE), Red and Brown and grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-113.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 10" - W.T.9.27mm (0.00-122.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-179.00)
10		ST3	ZY	JG			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SILTSTONE), Red and Grey and brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
20	SF	GS3	ZY	JG			SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
30			ZG	S			CLAY, gravelly, trace silt, (CLAY), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Very Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
40	MG	CY2										
50												
60			ZK	WS			CLAY, gravelly, trace silt, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
70		VB2										
80	SF											
90			S	JW			SHALE, (W), Red, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
100	W											

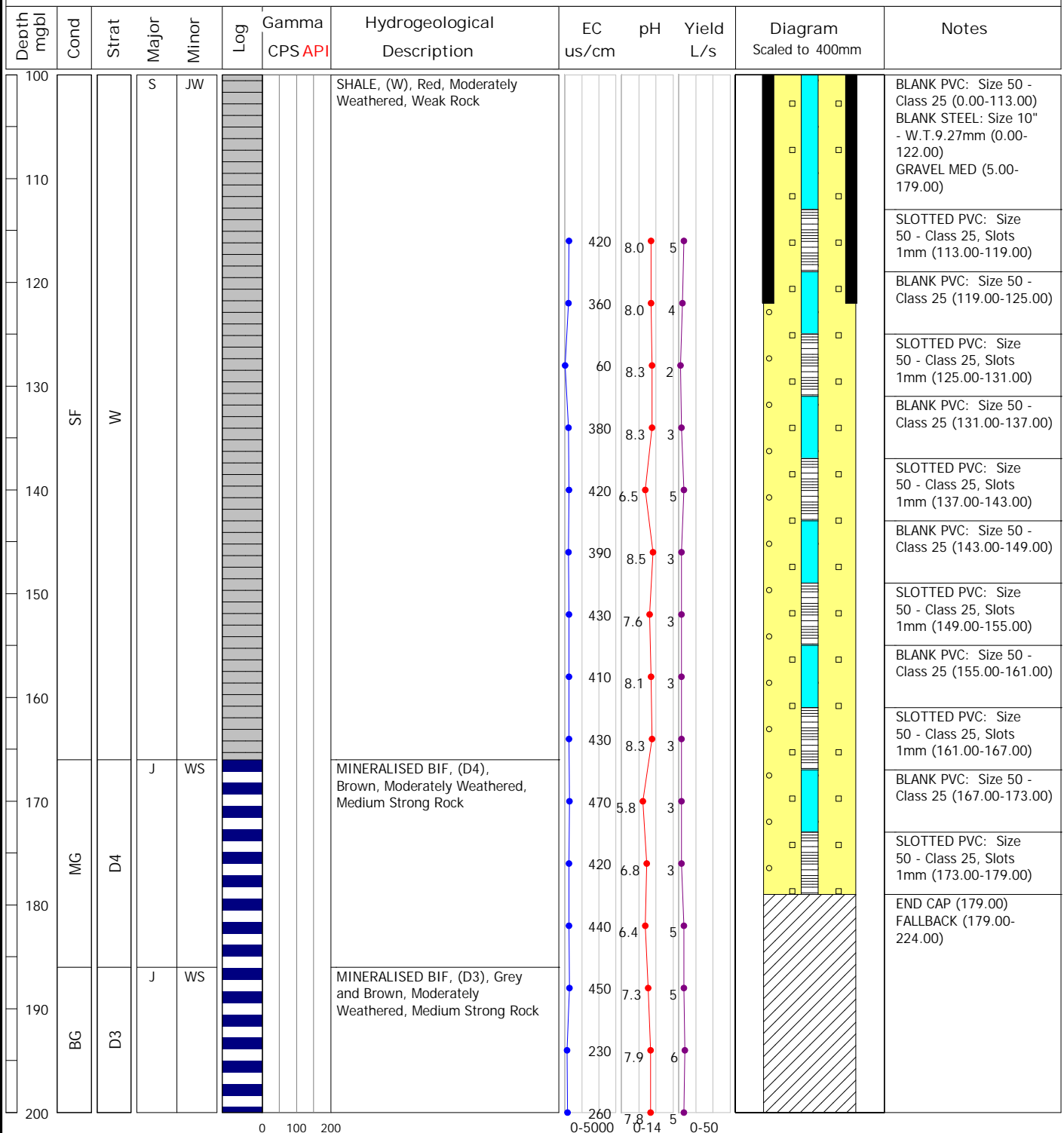
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0099 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 210934.61	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412011.15	0.0 - 122.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Surface RL: 522.12	122.0 - 224.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 12 Feb 23 - 05 Mar 23							
Comments: Test Dales Gorge mineralisation flow rates. FWS @ 122m. DR casing stuck & left from 6-122m.							

TOC RL: 522.91 (Stickup 0.64m) (drilled) SWL: 95.80 MBTOC (05 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.91 (Stickup 0.64m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2023 Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0100 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 211205.73	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411881.59	0.0 - 150.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 520.08							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -80-->91							
Construct: 22 Mar 23 - 23 Mar 23							
Comments: FWS @ 85m							

TOC RL: 520.85 (Stickup 0.71m) (drilled) SWL: 82.94 MBTOC (24 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.85 (Stickup 0.71m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		GS3	Z	JGH			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded				█	PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-1.80) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-72.00)
10		D4	J	WC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Grey and Blue and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█	
20											█	
30		D3	LJ	SW			MINERALISED BIF, (D3), Yellow and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█	
40	MG										█	
50		D2	JC	SW			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█	
60		D1	JC	L			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D1), Green and Yellow and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█	
70		RU	S				UNMINERALISED BIF, (RU), Light or White and Red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█	
80	SF	RC	C	J			UNMINERALISED BIF, (RC), Red and Brown and light or white, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock				█	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (72.00-150.00)
90		RL	SC	J			UNMINERALISED BIF, (RL), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█	
100											█	

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0100 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 211205.73	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411881.59	0.0 - 150.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 520.08							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -80-->91							
Construct: 22 Mar 23 - 23 Mar 23							
Comments: FWS @ 85m							

TOC RL: 520.85 (Stickup 0.71m) (drilled) SWL: 82.94 MBTOC (24 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.85 (Stickup 0.71m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		RL	SC	J			UNMINERALISED BIF, (RL), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (72.00-150.00)
110	SF		SC	NP			UNMINERALISED BIF, (S), Grey and Blue and light or white, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
120	MG											
130	UG	S										
140	SF											
150												END CAP (150.00)
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0101 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 211217.88	Depth: 0.0 - 162.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: LO
Northing: 7412927.00							
Surface RL: 534.35							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -80-->140							
Construct: 12 Dec 22 - 12 Dec 22							
Comments: No FWS. Installed with hanging plate. Sample pile photos not provided for database. All other photos in Imago.							

TOC RL: 535.16 (Stickup 0.75m) (drilled) SWL: 105.10 MBTOC (19 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 535.16 (Stickup 0.75m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z				GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 140mm (0.00-9.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-120.00)
10	SF	TJ3	ZYG	H		GRAVEL, sandy, trace silt, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
20		J3	G	SL		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J3), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
30	MG		G	WL		MINERALISED BIF, (J2), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
40												
50	HG	J2										
60												
70			GC	W		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J2), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
80	MG		GC	S		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
90		J1										
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0101 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 211217.88	Depth: 0.0 - 162.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: LO
Northing: 7412927.00							
Surface RL: 534.35							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -80-->140							
Construct: 12 Dec 22 - 12 Dec 22	Comments: No FWS. Installed with hanging plate. Sample pile photos not provided for database. All other photos in Imago.						

TOC RL: 535.16 (Stickup 0.75m) (drilled) SWL: 105.10 MBTOC (19 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 535.16 (Stickup 0.75m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		J1	GC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-120.00)
110			CS	GH			SHALE, (W), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
120		W										
130	MG		GC	W			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (120.00-162.00)
140		D4										
150												
160	MG											END CAP (162.00)
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0103 Hole Length: 180.00

Easting: 212046.41	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412842.59	0.0 - 180.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 552.08							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -69-->189							
Construct: 25 May 23 - 25 May 23							
Comments: Installation for pore pressure sensors in D1, Mt McRae Shale and Mt Sylvia Fm.							

TOC RL: 552.76 (Stickup 0.75m) (drilled) SWL: 117.47 MBTOC (26 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 552.76 (Stickup 0.75m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			J	WGS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Brown and Red and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-108.00)
10		D4										
20			JS	GL			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Brown and Red and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
30												
40		D3										
50	MG		JC	WHS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Red and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60												
70		D2										
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0103 Hole Length: 180.00

Easting: 212046.41	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412842.59	0.0 - 180.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 552.08							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -69-->189							
Construct: 25 May 23 - 25 May 23							
Comments: Installation for pore pressure sensors in D1, Mt McRae Shale and Mt Sylvia Fm.							

TOC RL: 552.76 (Stickup 0.75m) (drilled) SWL: 117.47 MBTOC (26 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 552.76 (Stickup 0.75m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		D2	JC	WHS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Red and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-108.00)
110		D1	JCS	GL		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D1), Yellow and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (108.00-180.00)		
120			B	CQP		SHALE, (RC), Dark or Black and Grey and pink, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock						
130												
140	MG	RC										
150												
160												
170		S	JC	SH		UNMINERALISED BIF, (S), , Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
180	HG											END CAP (180.00)
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0104 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 211033.85	Depth: 0.0 - 174.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7412657.03							
Surface RL: 542.64							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							

Construct: 25 Mar 23 - 26 Mar 23

Comments: FWS @ 120m. MB on the western berm on H1 pit for additional pit monitoring, aiming to target Dales units, designed to terminate once intersected Mt McRae or target depth.

TOC RL: 543.42 (Stickup 0.72m) (drilled) SWL: 114.01 MBTOC (27 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 543.42 (Stickup 0.72m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 26 Mar 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			JC	GS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J2), Red and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00-102.00)
10		J2										
20			JCS	G			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Pink and Yellow and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
30	MG	J1	MG	WJ			MINERALISED BIF, (J1), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
40												
50			JS	CG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (W), Red and Yellow and pink, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60												
70	SF	W										
80												
90	MG											
100		D4	JS	GWC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0104 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 211033.85	Depth: 0.0 - 174.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7412657.03							
Surface RL: 542.64							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							

Construct: 25 Mar 23 - 26 Mar 23

Comments: FWS @ 120m. MB on the western berm on H1 pit for additional pit monitoring, aiming to target Dales units, designed to terminate once intersected Mt McRae or target depth.

TOC RL: 543.42 (Stickup 0.72m) (drilled) SWL: 114.01 MBTOC (27 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 543.42 (Stickup 0.72m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 26 Mar 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			JS	GWC	█		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00-102.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (102.00-174.00)
110		D4			█						▼	
120	MG		JS	CG	█		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Yellow and Brown and light or white, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					Estimated FWS level due to no drilling return.
130		D3			█							
140			JC	GW	█		UNMINERALISED BIF, (D2), Dark or Black and Red and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
150	UG	D2			█							WELLCAP(150.00) ID: 3184
160					█							
170					█							
180					█							END CAP (174.00)
190					█							
200					█							

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0105 Hole Length: 186.00

Easting: 213397.98	Depth: 0.0 - 186.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7412499.60							
Surface RL: 509.44							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 23 May 23 - 23 May 23							
Comments: MB to target Bee Gorge unit. FWS @ 102m							

TOC RL: 509.98 (Stickup 0.57m) (drilled) SWL: 58.64 MBTOC (24 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 509.98 (Stickup 0.57m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZS	C			GRAVEL, (SCREE), Dark or Black and Red and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Angular				█ █	PERFORATED END CAP: Stickup and Hanging Plates. (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-108.00)
10		SZ	S	JG			SHALE, (S), Grey and Red and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
20		S										
30			S	CD			SHALE, (OC), Light or White and Grey and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
40												
50	Sf											
60												
70		OC										
80												
90												
100			C	S			CHERT, (OC), Dark or Black and Red and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0105 Hole Length: 186.00

Easting: 213397.98	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412499.60	0.0 - 186.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 509.44							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 23 May 23 - 23 May 23							
Comments: MB to target Bee Gorge unit. FWS @ 102m							

TOC RL: 509.98 (Stickup 0.57m) (drilled) SWL: 58.64 MBTOC (24 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 509.98 (Stickup 0.57m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			C	S			CHERT, (OC), Dark or Black and Red and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-108.00)
110			S				SHALE, (OC), Yellow and Brown and red, Highly Weathered, Extremely Weak Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (108.00-186.00)
120												
130												
140	SF	OC										
150			CS				CHERT, (OC), Dark or Black and Red and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
160			SC				SHALE, (OC), Dark or Black and Grey and blue, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
170												
180												
190												END CAP (186.00)
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0106 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 213378.20	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413516.91	0.0 - 150.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 514.49							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -71-->197							
Construct: 03 Dec 22 - 05 Dec 22							
Comments: FWS at 48mbl. Inclined, Azimuth of 195, dip of -70.							

TOC RL: 515.21 (Stickup 0.72m) (drilled) SWL: 70.83 MBTOC (05 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.21 (Stickup 0.72m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			S	JC			SHALE, (HJ), Red and Brown and yellow, Highly Weathered, Extremely Weak Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC stickup and hanging plates (0.00-78.00)
10	SF	HU										
20			J	GSC		UNMINERALISED BIF, (HJ), Red and Dark or Black and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
30	MG						UNMINERALISED BIF, (Y), Brown and Yellow and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
40			S	GLC			SHALE, (Y), Pink and Red, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
50		Y										
60			S	JC								
70	SF											
80			SJ	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (Y), Grey and Pink, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (78.00-150.00)
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0106 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 213378.20	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413516.91	0.0 - 150.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 514.49							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -71-->197							
Construct: 03 Dec 22 - 05 Dec 22							
Comments: FWS at 48mbgl. Inclined, Azimuth of 195, dip of -70.							

TOC RL: 515.21 (Stickup 0.72m) (drilled) SWL: 70.83 MBTOC (05 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.21 (Stickup 0.72m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			SJ	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (Y), Grey and Pink, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (78.00-150.00)
110	SF											
120		Y										
130	MG											
140		J6	HG	JS			MINERALISED BIF, (J6), Grey and Pink and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
150	SF											END CAP (150.00)
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0107 Hole Length: 180.00

Easting: 213799.94	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 741353.34	0.0 - 180.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 515.06							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 08 Dec 22 - 08 Dec 22							
Comments: FWS at 60mbl. Installed with hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 515.85 (Stickup 0.77m) (drilled) SWL: 62.03 MBTOC (19 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.85 (Stickup 0.77m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZSC	J			SCREE, (SZ), Yellow and Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00-108.00)
		TD3	ZKS	JLY			GRAVEL, silty, (SILTSTONE), Brown and Yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
		HJ	FC	J			SHALE, (HJ), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
10		SF	CS	J			CHERT, (Y), Yellow and Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
			C	S			CHERT, (Y), Red and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
20		MG	SC	J			SHALE, (Y), Red and Brown and grey, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
		SF										
30		MG	CS	J			CHERT, (Y), Light or White and Grey and green, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
		Y	C	SQ			CHERT, (Y), Red and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
40		SF	SC	J			SHALE, (Y), Grey and Blue and green, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					
50		MG										
60		MG										
70												
80		HG										
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0107 Hole Length: 180.00

Easting: 213799.94	Depth: 0.0 - 180.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7413533.34							
Surface RL: 515.06							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 08 Dec 22 - 08 Dec 22							
Comments: FWS at 60mbgl. Installed with hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 515.85 (Stickup 0.77m) (drilled) SWL: 62.03 MBTOC (19 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.85 (Stickup 0.77m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			SC	J			SHALE, (Y), Grey and Blue and green, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00-108.00)
110												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (108.00-180.00)
120												
130		Y										
140	HIG											
150			E	CS			DOLERITE, (Y), Blue and Grey, Fresh, Strong Rock					
160			CJ	SH			CHERT, (J3J5), Grey and Red and blue, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
170		J3J5	CJ	GS			CHERT, (J3J5), Yellow and Brown and blue, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
180												END CAP (180.00)
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0108 Hole Length: 186.00

Easting: 214578.12	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413209.69	0.0 - 186.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 521.29							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -70-->205							
Construct: 17 Dec 22 - 18 Dec 22							
Comments: FWS at 66mbl. Installed with hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 521.92 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 69.97 MBTOC (19 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.92 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZX	IY			GRAVEL, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : (0.00-10.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-96.00)
10	SF	TD3					SHALE, (HJ), Brown and Red and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
20			SC	GJQ								
30												
40		HJ										
50												
60	MG											
70			SC	JG			SHALE, (Y), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
80			CS	HJ			CHERT, (Y), Red and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
90			E	SJ			DOLERITE, (Y), Grey and Blue and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100		Y	S	C			SHALE, (Y), Brown and Yellow, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (96.00-186.00)
			D	SC			DOLERITE, (Y), Grey and Blue and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0108 Hole Length: 186.00

Easting: 214578.12	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413209.69	0.0 - 186.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 521.29							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -70-->205							
Construct: 17 Dec 22 - 18 Dec 22							
Comments: FWS at 66mbgl. Installed with hanging plates.							

TOC RL: 521.92 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 69.97 MBTOC (19 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.92 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			D	SC			DOLERITE, (Y), Grey and Blue and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (96.00-186.00)
110			CS	DG			CHERT, (Y), Yellow and Brown and blue, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
120		Y										
130			SC	GH			SHALE, (Y), Brown and Yellow and red, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
140	MG		C	SG			CHERT, (Y), Yellow and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
150			HJ	CGS			MINERALISED BIF, (J6), Grey and Red and brown, Moderately Weathered, Very Strong Rock					
160		J6										
170												
180												
190												END CAP (186.00)
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0110 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 213014.52	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413512.38	0.0 - 162.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 518.58							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 06 Dec 22 - 06 Dec 22							
Comments: FWS between 80 - 84mbgl							

TOC RL: 519.27 (Stickup 0.66m) (drilled) SWL: 73.10 MBTOC (06 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 519.27 (Stickup 0.66m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth mgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	SF		J	GHC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J6), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-82.00)
10												
20	MG											
30												
40												
50		J6										
60	HG											
70												
80												
90	MG											
100	HG	J3J5	J	SC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J3J5), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (82.00-162.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0110 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 213014.52	Depth: 0.0 - 162.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: BF2
Northing: 7413512.38							
Surface RL: 518.58							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 06 Dec 22 - 06 Dec 22							
Comments: FWS between 80 - 84m bgl							

TOC RL: 519.27 (Stickup 0.66m) (drilled) SWL: 73.10 MBTOC (06 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 519.27 (Stickup 0.66m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			J	SC	[Log]		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J3J5), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				[Diagram]	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (82.00-162.00)
110	HG											
120		J3J5										
130	MG											
140	SF											
150		J3	CJ	S	[Log]		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J3), Grey and Pink and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
160	MG											
170												END CAP (162.00)
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0112 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 214901.53	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413055.23	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 518.75							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -59-->165							
Construct: 27 May 23 - 28 May 23							
Comments: Hole was cut short to 120m due to ground condition.							

TOC RL: 519.20 (Stickup 0.87m) (drilled) SWL: 67.71 MBTOC (29 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 519.20 (Stickup 0.87m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 29 May 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z	YS			GRAVEL, clayey. (SCREE), Yellow and Brown and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-84.00)
10			S	J		SHALE, (HJ), Yellow and Brown and light or white, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock						
20												
30												
40												
50	Sf											
60			S	CGL			SHALE, (Y), Brown and Yellow and grey, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
70												
80												
90												
100												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (84.00-120.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0113 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 214660.38	Depth: 0.0 - 174.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7412173.45							
Surface RL: 511.74							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -60-->19							
Construct: 26 May 23 - 26 May 23							
Comments: Installation of PVC to planned hole depth to allow future installation of pore pressure sensors NM Shale & Sylvia.							

TOC RL: 512.38 (Stickup 0.87m) (drilled) SWL: 67.71 MBTOC (27 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 512.38 (Stickup 0.87m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZS	QG			GRAVEL, (SCREE), Brown and Red and yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup with hanging plates (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-96.00)
10	SF	SZ					SHALE, (OC), Red and Pink and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
20			S4	CJ								
30												
40												
50												
60												
70												
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0113 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 214660.38	Depth: 0.0 - 174.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7412173.45							
Surface RL: 511.74							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -60-->19							
Construct: 26 May 23 - 26 May 23							
Comments: Installation of PVC to planned hole depth to allow future installation of pore pressure sensors NM Shale & Sylvia.							

TOC RL: 512.38 (Stickup 0.87m) (drilled) SWL: 67.71 MBTOC (27 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 512.38 (Stickup 0.87m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			S4	CJ			SHALE, (OC), Red and Pink and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (96.00-174.00)
110		OC										
120			JC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (S), Grey and Brown and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
130	MG											
140		S										
150												
160												
170		RN	S	D			SHALE, (RN), Dark or Black and Grey and blue, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
180												END CAP (174.00)
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0114 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 215317.84	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412856.28	0.0 - 174.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 515.54							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -70-->160							
Construct: 06 Jan 23 - 06 Jan 23							
Comments: VWP drilled for install of pore pressure sensors. Azi 160, Dip -70. Drilled and installed to 174m.							

TOC RL: 516.25 (Stickup 0.72m) (drilled) SWL: 64.35 MBTOC (07 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.25 (Stickup 0.72m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZGI	YK			GRAVEL, clayey, trace sand, (BRECCIA), Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-98.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-174.00)
10	MG	VB2										
20			ZK				CLAY, sandy, trace gravel, (CLAY), Light or White and Red and yellow, Transported, Stiff, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30	SF	CY2										
40												
50	MG	VB2	ZLG	K			GRAVEL, clayey, (BRECCIA), Light or White and Red and yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-angular					
60			ZK	G			CLAY, gravelly, (CLAY), buff, Transported, Stiff, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					
70	SF	CY2										
80	MG											
90	SF											
100											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (98.00-174.00)	

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0115 Hole Length: 154.00

Easting: 215018.25	Depth: 0.0 - 154.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: NK3
Northing: 7412130.63							
Surface RL: 514.09							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -59-->328							
Construct: 18 Nov 22 - 19 Nov 22							
Comments: VWP. Azimuth of 325 Dip -60. FWS around 55mbgl							

TOC RL: 514.70 (Stickup 0.66m) (drilled) SWL: 69.59 MBTOC (19 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 514.70 (Stickup 0.66m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			S	JC			SHALE, (S), buff and Brown and pink, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					OPEN HOLE (0.00-154.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (82.00-154.00)
			C	SJ			CHERT, (S), Pink and buff and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
110		S	S	CJ			SHALE, (S), buff and Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
120	SF											
130			S	LJQ			SHALE, (OD), Red and Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
140	MG	OD										
150												
160												END CAP (154.00)
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0116 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 215562.66	Depth: 0.0 - 174.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: NK3
Northing: 7412678.99							
Surface RL: 515.84							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 20 Nov 22 - 22 Nov 22							
Comments: Monitoring bore. FWS around 59mbgl.							

TOC RL: 516.53 (Stickup 0.60m) (drilled) SWL: 60.89 MBTOC (22 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.53 (Stickup 0.60m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZY	J			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					END CAP (0.00) PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: surface casing (collar) (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-90.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-174.00)
10		GS3	ZY				GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and Pink, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		ST3	ZY	K			SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (SILTSTONE), buff and Red and brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30			S	J			SHALE, (Y), Red and Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
60		Y	J	SC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (Y), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100	MG											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (90.00-174.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0116 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 215562.66	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412678.99	0.0 - 174.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 515.84							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 20 Nov 22 - 22 Nov 22							
Comments: Monitoring bore. FWS around 59mbgl.							

TOC RL: 516.53 (Stickup 0.60m) (drilled) SWL: 60.89 MBTOC (22 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.53 (Stickup 0.60m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			J	SC	[Log]		UNMINERALISED BIF, (Y), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					OPEN HOLE (0.00-174.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (90.00-174.00)
110		Y										
120												
130	MG		JS	L	[Log]		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J6), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
140												
150		J6	GJ	C	[Log]		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J6), Grey and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
160	HG											
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0117 Hole Length: 126.00

Easting: 215258.28	Depth: 0.0 - 126.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: BF2
Northing: 7412145.14							
Surface RL: 521.95							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 01 Dec 22 - 02 Dec 22	Comments: Hole terminated at 126m bgl due to risk of black shales leaking out of sump. FWS at 76m.						

TOC RL: 522.66 (Stickup 0.61m) (drilled) SWL: 69.17 MBTOC (05 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.66 (Stickup 0.61m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			G	JS			MINERALISED BIF, (D3), Red and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC stickup and hanging plates (0.00-82.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-126.00)
10		D3										
20			H	J		MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Red and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
30	MG	D2										
40			H	J		MINERALISED BIF, (D1), Red and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
50		D1										
60			S	CJ		SHALE, (R), Yellow and Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock						
70	SF										Approximate FWS	
80		R										
90	MG										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (82.00-126.00)	
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0117 Hole Length: 126.00

Easting: 215258.28	Depth: 0.0 - 126.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: BF2
Northing: 7412145.14							
Surface RL: 521.95							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 01 Dec 22 - 02 Dec 22	Comments: Hole terminated at 126mbl due to risk of black shales leaking out of sump. FWS at 76m.						

TOC RL: 522.66 (Stickup 0.61m) (drilled) SWL: 69.17 MBTOC (05 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.66 (Stickup 0.61m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			S	CJ			SHALE, (R), Yellow and Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					OPEN HOLE (0.00-126.00)
110	MG	R										
120		S	SJ	C			MINERALISED BIF, (S), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
		OD	SJ	C			MINERALISED BIF, (OD), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
130												
140												
150												
160												
170												
180												Approximate FWS
190												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (82.00-126.00)
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0119 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 216076.38	Depth: 0.0 - 162.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: KM4
Northing: 7411994.54							
Surface RL: 554.04							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -69-->302							
Construct: 28 Nov 22 - 01 Dec 22							
Comments: Inclined VWP. Drilled to 162m to allow for fallback. Installed to depth.							

TOC RL: 554.89 (Stickup 0.77m) (drilled) SWL: 104.83 MBTOC (01 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 554.89 (Stickup 0.77m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			WG				MINERALISED BIF, (D), Dark or Black and Blue and brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC stickup and hanging plates (0.00-100.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-162.00)
10		D										Hydro was called and made aware
20												
30	MG											
40												
50			JWC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D1), Red and Light or White and blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
60		D1										
70			S	JC			SHALE, (R), Light or White and Red and green, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
80	HG											
90		R										
100	MG											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (100.00-159.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0119 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 216076.38	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411994.54	0.0 - 162.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	KM4
Surface RL: 554.04							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -69-->302							
Construct: 28 Nov 22 - 01 Dec 22							
Comments: Inclined VWP. Drilled to 162m to allow for fallback. Installed to depth.							

TOC RL: 554.89 (Stickup 0.77m) (drilled) SWL: 104.83 MBTOC (01 Dec 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 554.89 (Stickup 0.77m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth mgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			S	JC			SHALE, (R), Light or White and Red and green, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					OPEN HOLE (0.00-162.00)
110		R										Hydro was called and made aware SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (100.00-159.00)
120			JC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (S), Red and Pink and light or white, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
130	MG											
140		S										
150												
160												FALLBACK (159.00-162.00)
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0120 Hole Length: 204.00

Easting: 216818.24	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412145.47	0.0 - 204.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 521.28							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -89-->256							
Construct: 23 Nov 22 - 24 Nov 22							
Comments: VWP with PVC stickup and hanging plates. Vertical hole. Drilled to 204m out of planned 200m, difficulties with install; installed to 197m.							

TOC RL: 521.93 (Stickup 0.61m) (drilled) SWL: 65.68 MBTOC (26 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.93 (Stickup 0.61m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZIY	J			SILT, gravelly, (SCREE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC stickup and hanging plates (0.00-110.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-197.00)
10		TD3	ZY	J			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		J2	J				UNMINERALISED BIF, (J2), buff and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
30	MG											
40			J	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
50		J1										
60	HG											
70			JG	S			SHALE, (W), Brown, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
80		W										
90	MG		S	J			SHALE, (W), Light or White and Red, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
100												

This was written on drillers sheet but could have been left from previous hole?

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0120 Hole Length: 204.00

Easting: 216818.24	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412145.47	0.0 - 204.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 521.28							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -89-->256							
Construct: 23 Nov 22 - 24 Nov 22							
Comments: VWP with PVC stickup and hanging plates. Vertical hole. Drilled to 204m out of planned 200m, difficulties with install; installed to 197m.							

TOC RL: 521.93 (Stickup 0.61m) (drilled) SWL: 65.68 MBTOC (26 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.93 (Stickup 0.61m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100	MG	W	S	J			SHALE, (W), Light or White and Red, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18: PVC stickup and hanging plates (0.00-110.00) OPEN HOLE (0.00-197.00)
110												
120	D4	WG	J			MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock						
130												
140	HG	D3	J	CSG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock				This was written on drillers sheet but could have been left from previous hole? SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (110.00-197.00)	
150												
160	D2	WG	J	J			MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Dark or Black and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock				FALLBACK (197.00-204.00)	
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0120 Hole Length: 204.00

Easting: 216818.24	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412145.47	0.0 - 204.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	NK3
Surface RL: 521.28							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -89-->256							
Construct: 23 Nov 22 - 24 Nov 22							
Comments: VWP with PVC stickup and hanging plates. Vertical hole. Drilled to 204m out of planned 200m, difficulties with install; installed to 197m.							

TOC RL: 521.93 (Stickup 0.61m) (drilled) SWL: 65.68 MBTOC (26 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.93 (Stickup 0.61m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
200	HG	D2	WG	J	☐		MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Dark or Black and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					FALLBACK (197.00-204.00)
210												
220												
230												
240												
250												
260												
270												
280												
290												
300												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



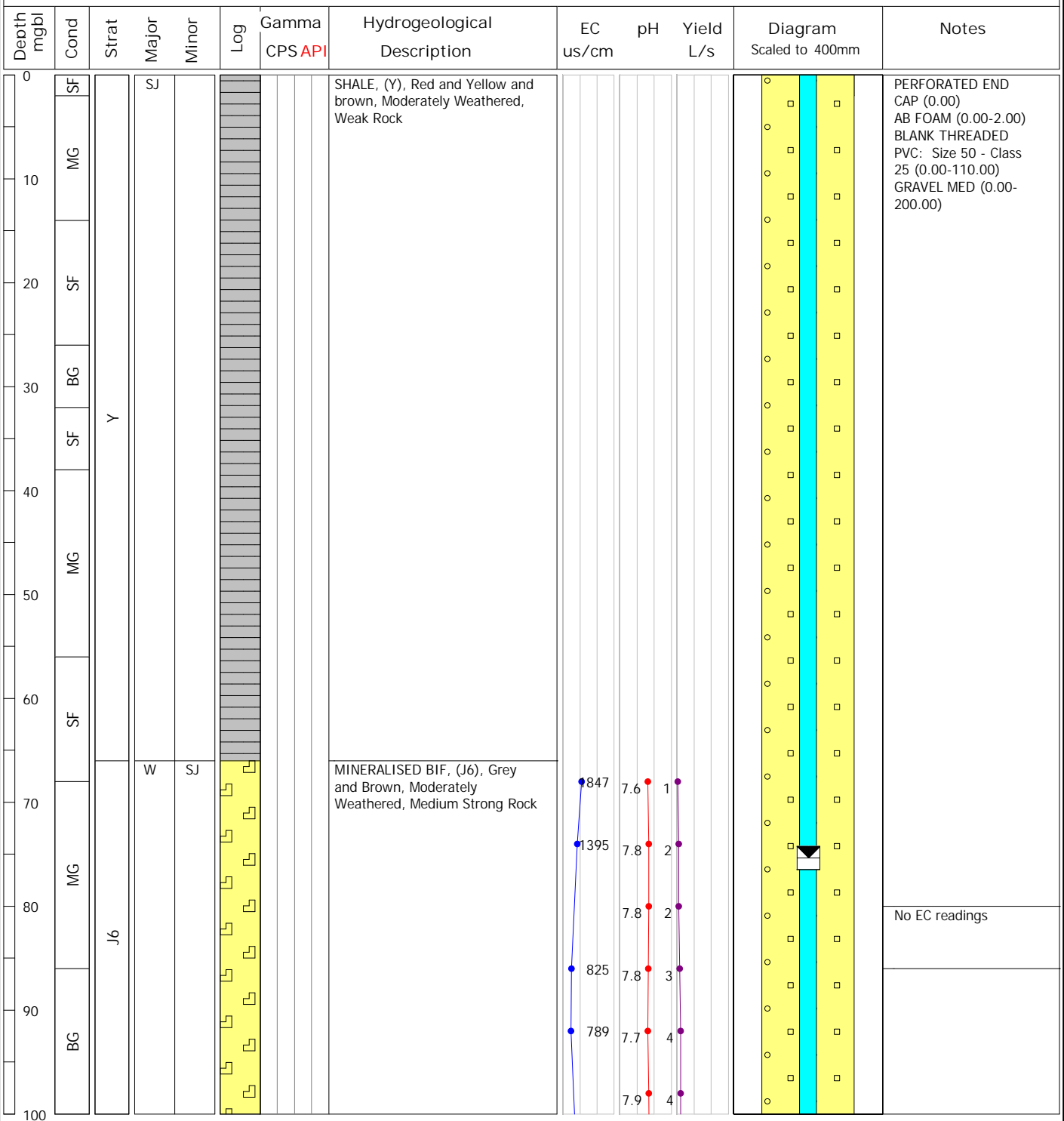
Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0121 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 213341.50	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413426.38	0.0 - 134.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 519.99	134.0 - 200.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							

Construct: 22 Jun 23 - 23 Jun 23

Comments: FWS at 68m. Pilot hole for a potential monitoring bore. Hole has been moved and pad no longer suitable for both monitoring and production bores. Gamma run and failed.

TOC RL: 520.64 (Stickup 0.63m) (drilled) SWL: 75.35 MBTOC (25 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.64 (Stickup 0.63m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



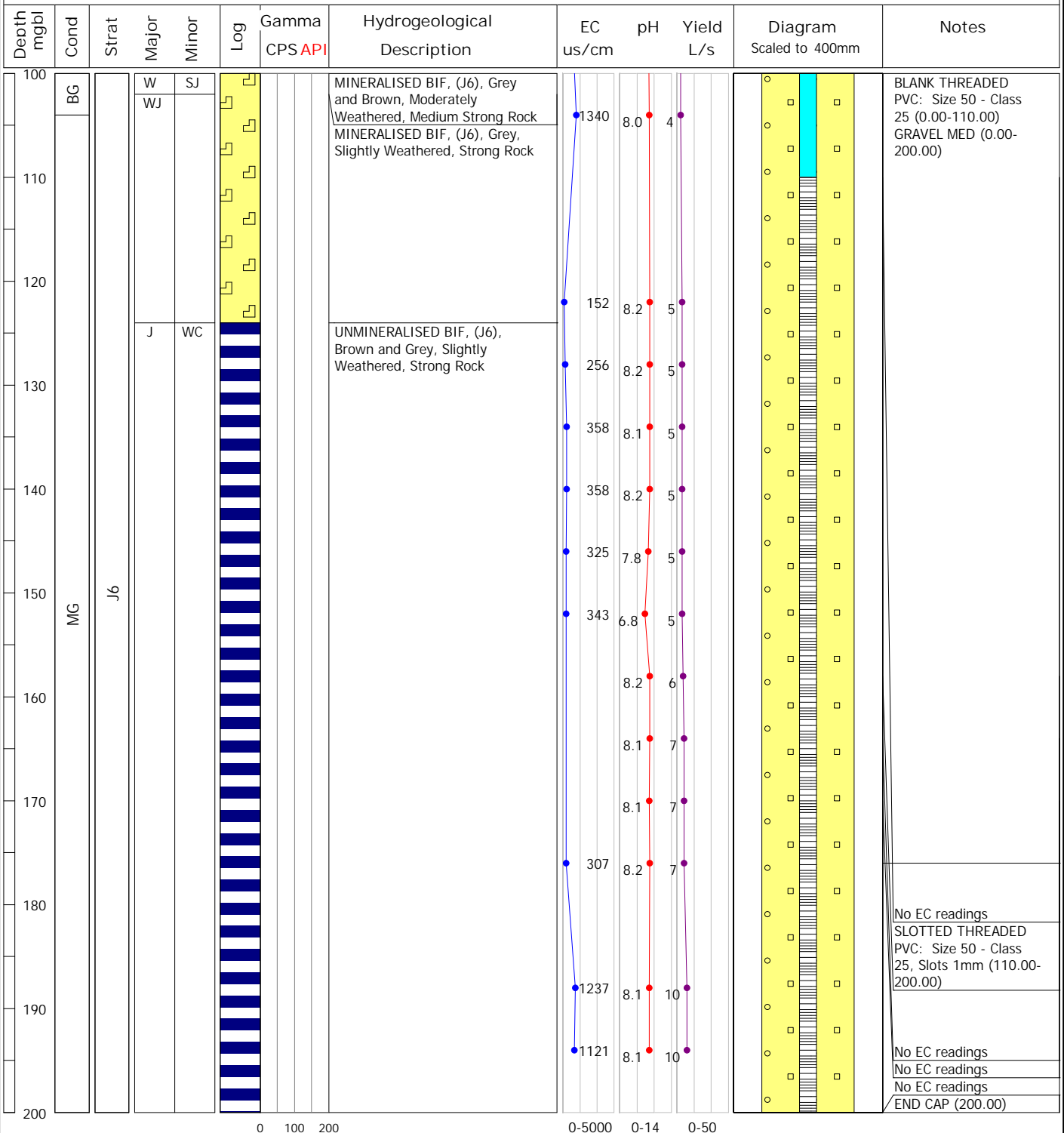
Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0121 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 213341.50	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7413426.38	0.0 - 134.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 519.99	134.0 - 200.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							

Construct: 22 Jun 23 - 23 Jun 23

Comments: FWS at 68m. Pilot hole for a potential monitoring bore. Hole has been moved and pad no longer suitable for both monitoring and production bores. Gamma run and failed.

TOC RL: 520.64 (Stickup 0.63m) (drilled) SWL: 75.35 MBTOC (25 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.64 (Stickup 0.63m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



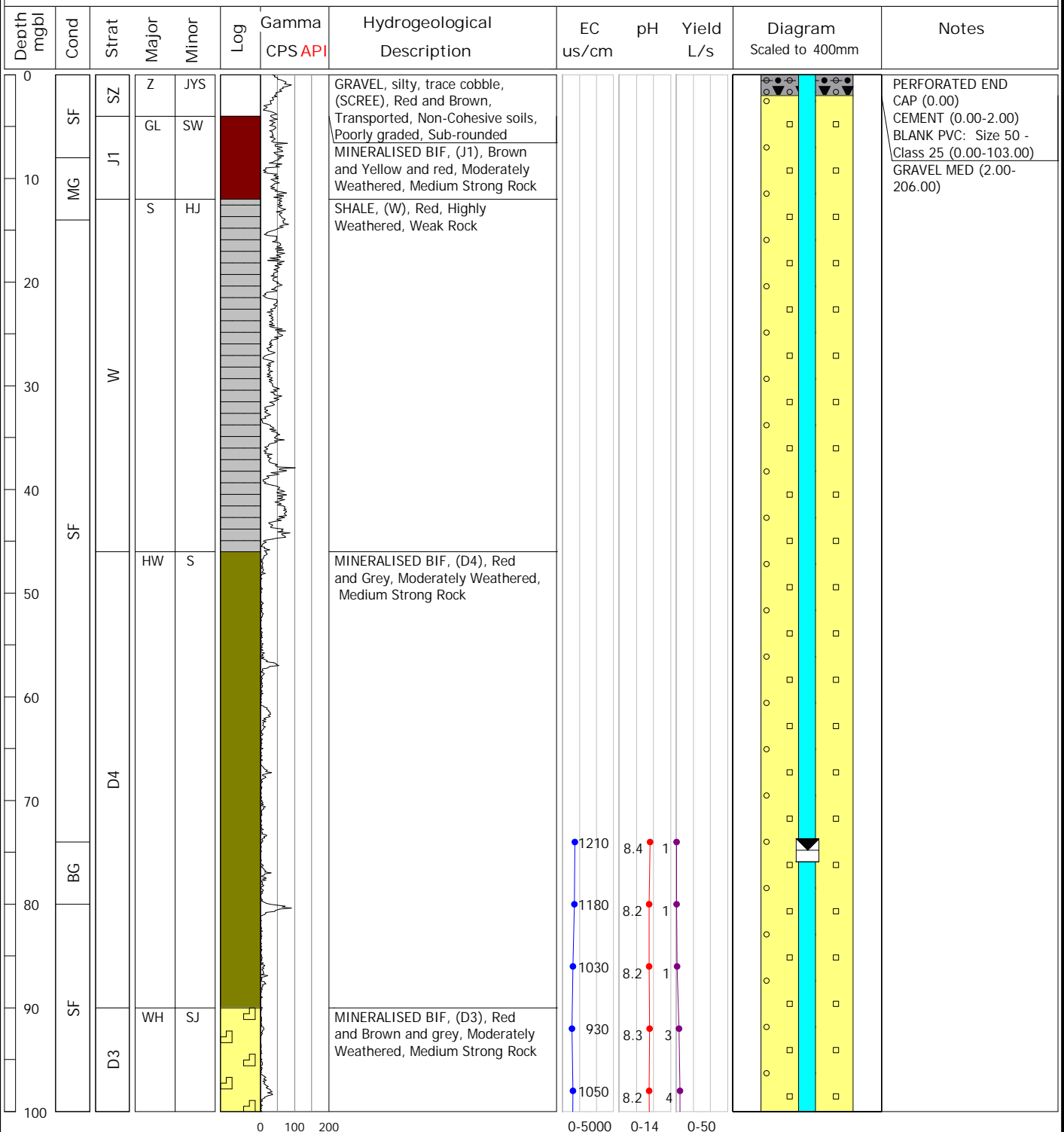
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0124 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 21544.74	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412271.63	0.0 - 114.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 527.16	114.0 - 206.0	EWMWW06	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 11 Mar 23 - 13 Mar 23							
Comments: MB to test viability for a production bore. FWS around 74mbgl. Drill extra rod to account any fallback.							

TOC RL: 527.74 (Stickup 0.55m) (drilled) SWL: 74.81 MBTOC (13 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 527.74 (Stickup 0.55m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 11 Mar 2023 Final EC: -



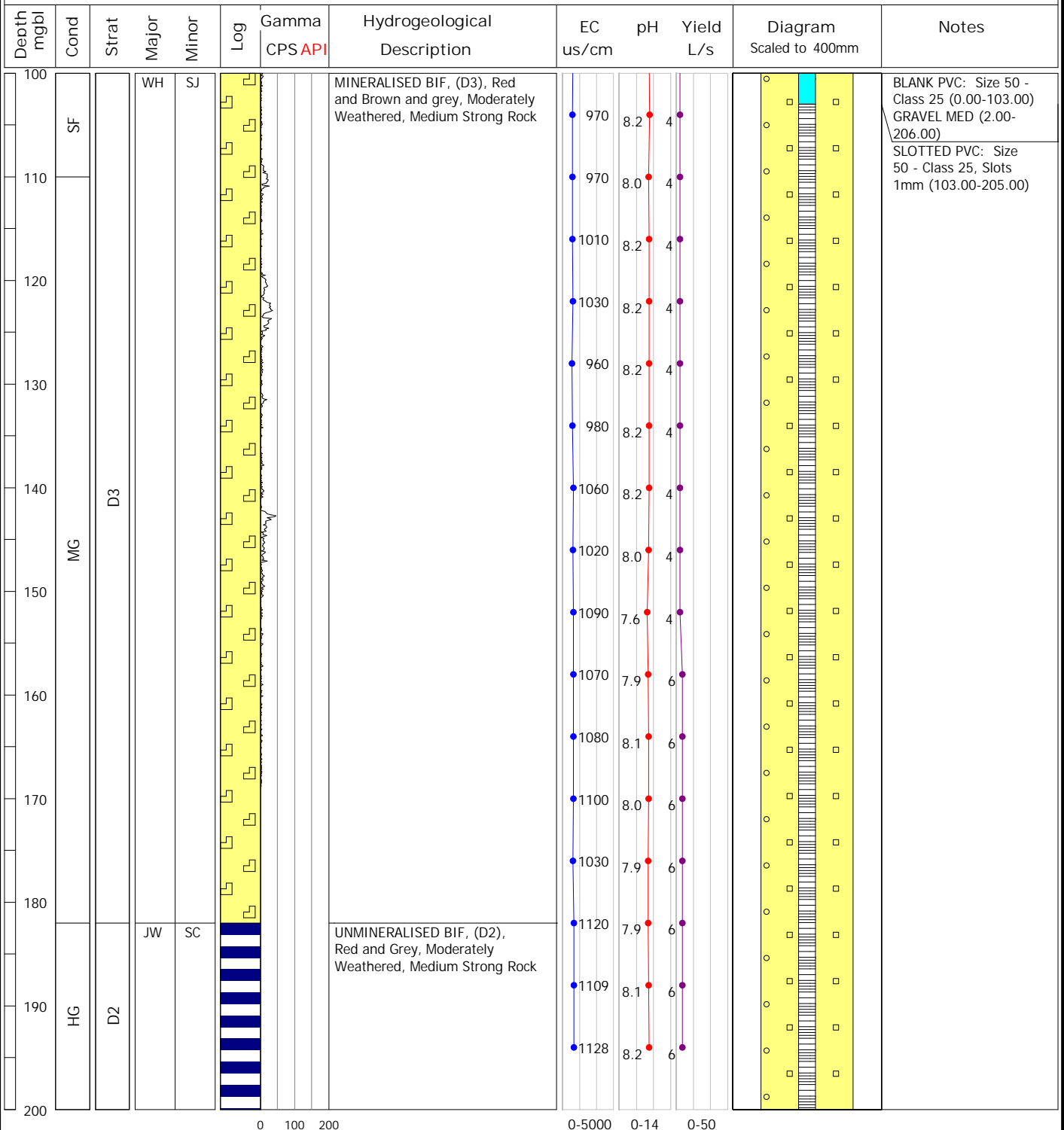
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0124 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 215544.74	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412271.63	0.0 - 114.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 527.16	114.0 - 206.0	EWMWW06	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 11 Mar 23 - 13 Mar 23							
Comments: MB to test viability for a production bore. FWS around 74mbgl. Drill extra rod to account any fallback.							

TOC RL: 527.74 (Stickup 0.55m) (drilled) SWL: 74.81 MBTOC (13 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 527.74 (Stickup 0.55m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 11 Mar 2023 Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0125 Hole Length: 216.00

Easting: 215547.02	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412579.68	0.0 - 140.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Surface RL: 515.74	140.0 - 216.0	EWMWW06	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Mar 23 - 08 Mar 23							
Comments: Monitoring bore to test location for potential production bore. FWS at 104mbgl.							

TOC RL: 516.22 (Stickup 0.44m) (drilled) SWL: 61.42 MBTOC (08 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.79 (Stickup 0.05m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100	SF BG	GS3	ZYX	IK			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown and grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-110.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-214.00)
			GH	L			MINERALISED BIF, (J6), Grey and Brown, Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0125 Hole Length: 216.00

Easting: 215547.02	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412579.68	0.0 - 140.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Surface RL: 515.74	140.0 - 216.0	EWMWW06	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Mar 23 - 08 Mar 23							
Comments: Monitoring bore to test location for potential production bore. FWS at 104mbgl.							

TOC RL: 516.22 (Stickup 0.44m) (drilled) SWL: 61.42 MBTOC (08 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 515.79 (Stickup 0.05m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
200	MG	J5	J	SC			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J5), Blue and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	970	8.1	5		GRAVEL MED (5.00-214.00)
210		J4	J	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J4), Blue and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	910	8.8	5		SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (110.00-116.00)
220											BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (116.00-122.00)	
230											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (122.00-128.00)	
240											BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (128.00-134.00)	
250											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (134.00-140.00)	
260											BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (140.00-146.00)	
270											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (146.00-152.00)	
280											BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (152.00-158.00)	
290											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (158.00-164.00)	
300											BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (164.00-170.00)	
											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (170.00-176.00)	
											BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (176.00-182.00)	
											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (182.00-188.00)	
											BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (188.00-194.00)	
											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (194.00-200.00)	
											BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (200.00-206.00)	
											SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (206.00-212.00)	
											END CAP (216.00)	

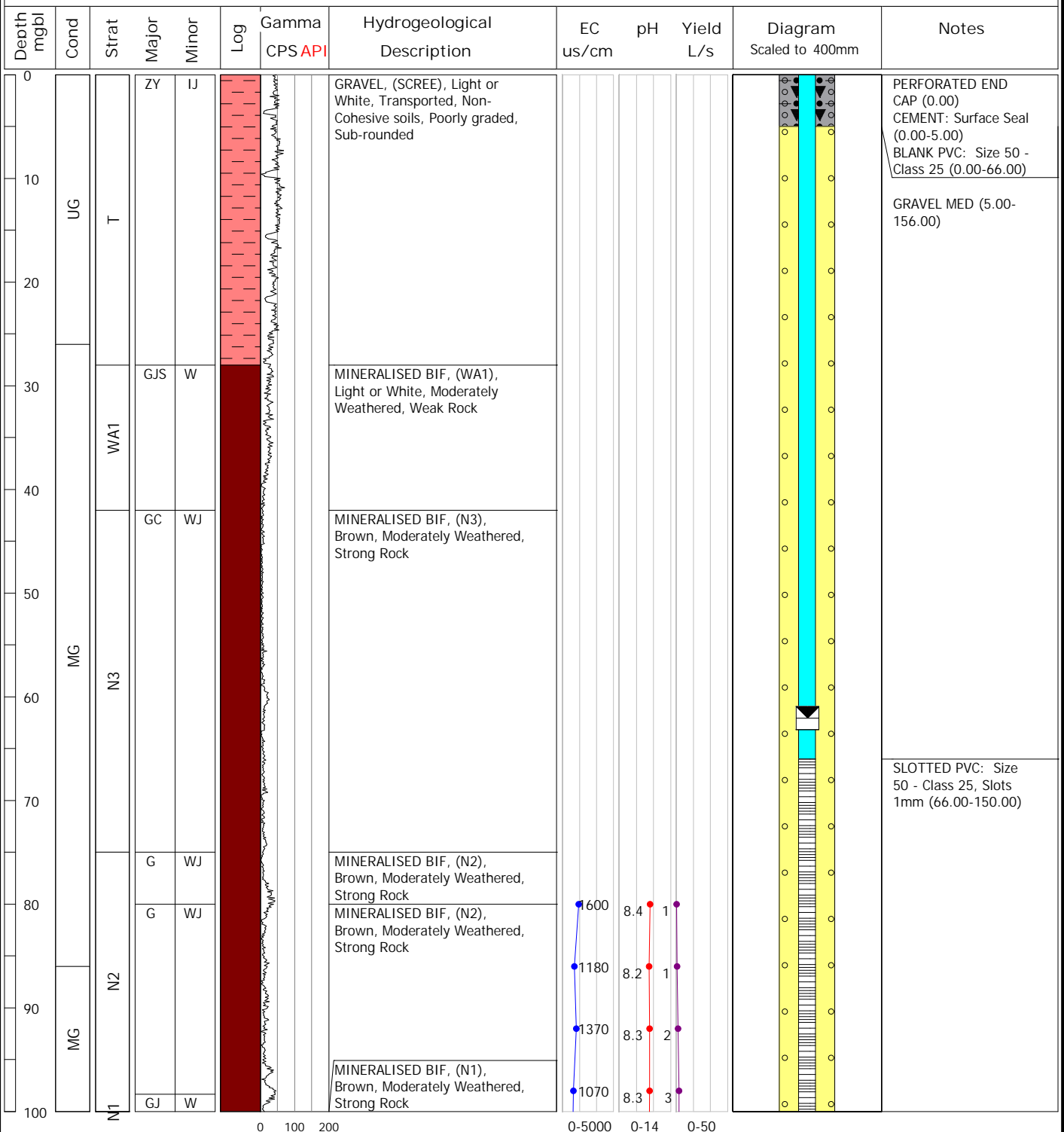
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0228 Hole Length: 156.00

Easting: 208426.87	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409724.35	0.0 - 38.0	DR3	DR	150		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 521.37	38.0 - 156.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 25 Jul 22 - 25 Jul 22							
Comments: Concrete plinth and monument cover for headworks							

TOC RL: 522.36 (Stickup 0.95m) (drilled) SWL: 62.06 MBTOC (27 Jul 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.36 (Stickup 0.95m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



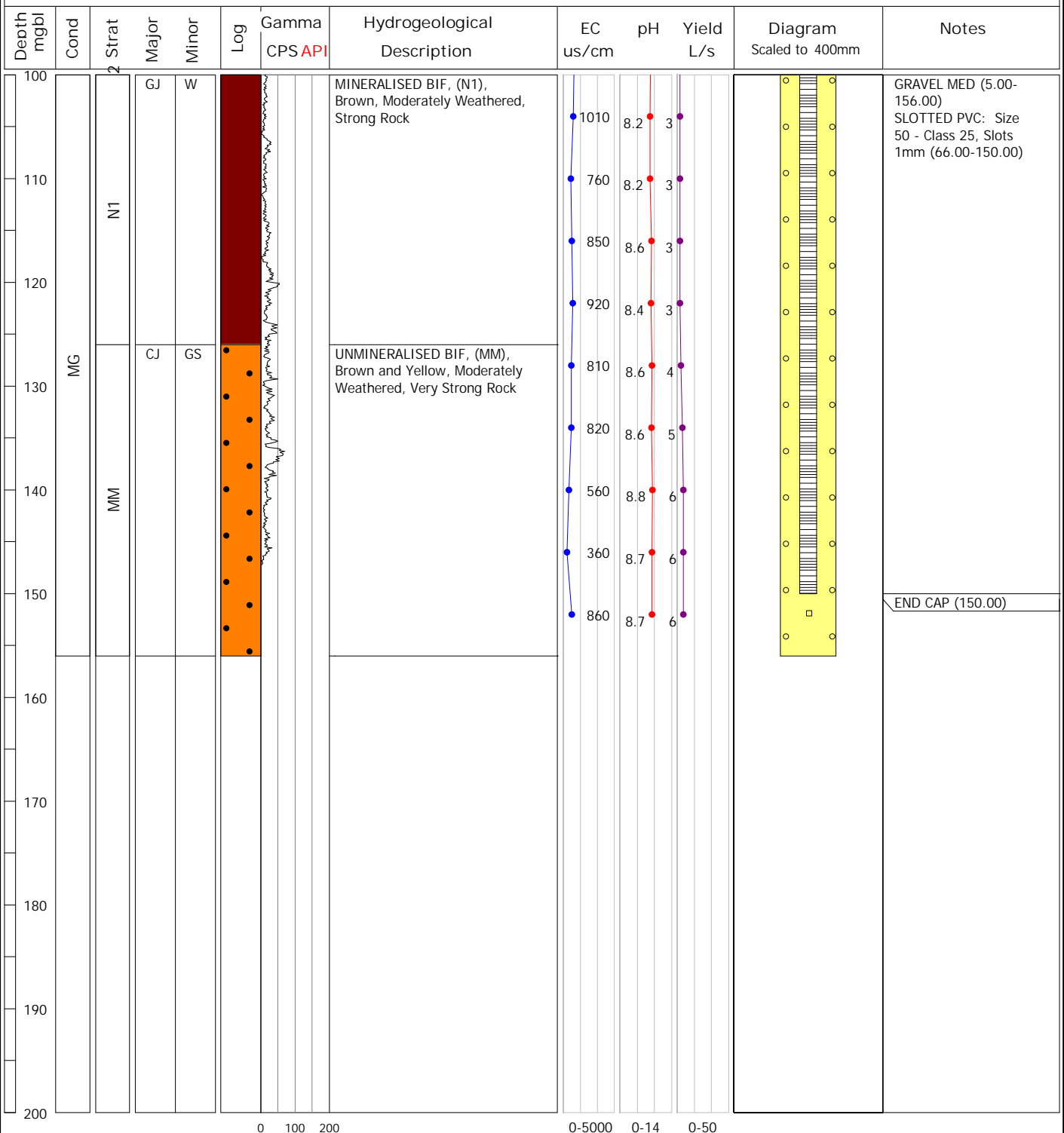
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0228 Hole Length: 156.00

Easting: 208426.87	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409724.35	0.0 - 38.0	DR3	DR	150		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 521.37	38.0 - 156.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 25 Jul 22 - 25 Jul 22							
Comments: Concrete plinth and monument cover for headworks							

TOC RL: 522.36 (Stickup 0.95m) (drilled) SWL: 62.06 MBTOC (27 Jul 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.36 (Stickup 0.95m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0229 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 208895.31	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409925.88	0.0 - 182.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 520.20	182.0 - 206.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 01 Aug 22 - 23 Aug 22							
Comments: Abandoned.PVC dropped and seperated below 50m.S/up put to make hole visible.Dip to 50mbgl.							

TOC RL: 520.90 (Stickup 0.50m) (drilled) SWL: Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.90 (Stickup 0.50m) (current) Is Live: N (23 Aug 22) Date: 02 Aug 2022 Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	SF	SZ	ZY	JS			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25: Casing has separated at 50m and dropped 5.5m (possibly into a cavity). Ventia used one extra length of PVC at the top of the hole to allow it to be visible on the pad. (0.00-70.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-196.00)
10	MG		ZY	K			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and buff and brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-angular					
20	SF	TD3					GRAVEL, silty, (CALCRETE), buff and Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					
30	MG			Z3		Y		GRAVEL, (VUGHY BRECCIA), buff and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded				
40			ZY	GH			CLAY, silty, (CLAY), buff and Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Rounded					
50	SF	TD2	ZK									
60												SLOTTED THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (70.00-76.00)
70												BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (76.00-82.00)
80												SLOTTED THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (82.00-88.00)
90												BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (88.00-94.00)
100												SLOTTED THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (94.00-100.00)
												BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (100.00-106.00)

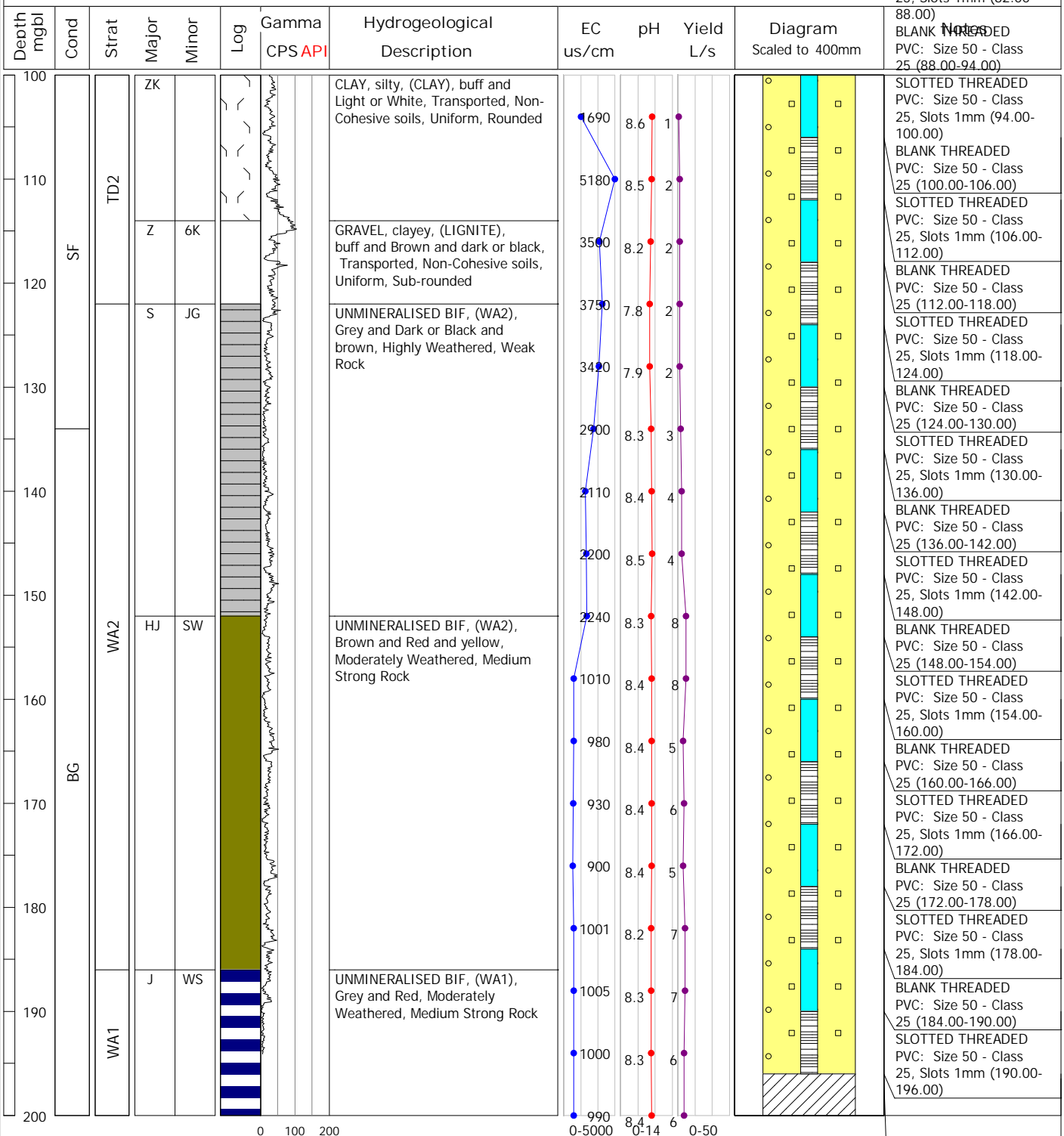
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0229 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 208895.31	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By	
Northing: 7409925.88	0.0 - 182.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3	
Surface RL: 520.20	182.0 - 206.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3	
Grid Name: MGA94_51							GRAVEL MED (5.00-196.00)	
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							SLOTTED THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (82.00-88.00)	
Construct: 01 Aug 22 - 23 Aug 22							BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (100.00-106.00)	
Comments: Abandoned.PVC dropped and seperated below 50m.S/up put to make hole visible.Dip to 50mbgl.							BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (112.00-118.00)	

TOC RL: 520.90 (Stickup 0.50m) (drilled) SWL: Dev: N ~~25 (100.00-106.00)~~
 TOC RL: 520.90 (Stickup 0.50m) (current) Is Live: N (23 Aug 22) Date: 02 Aug 2022 Final EC SLOTTED THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (82.00-88.00)



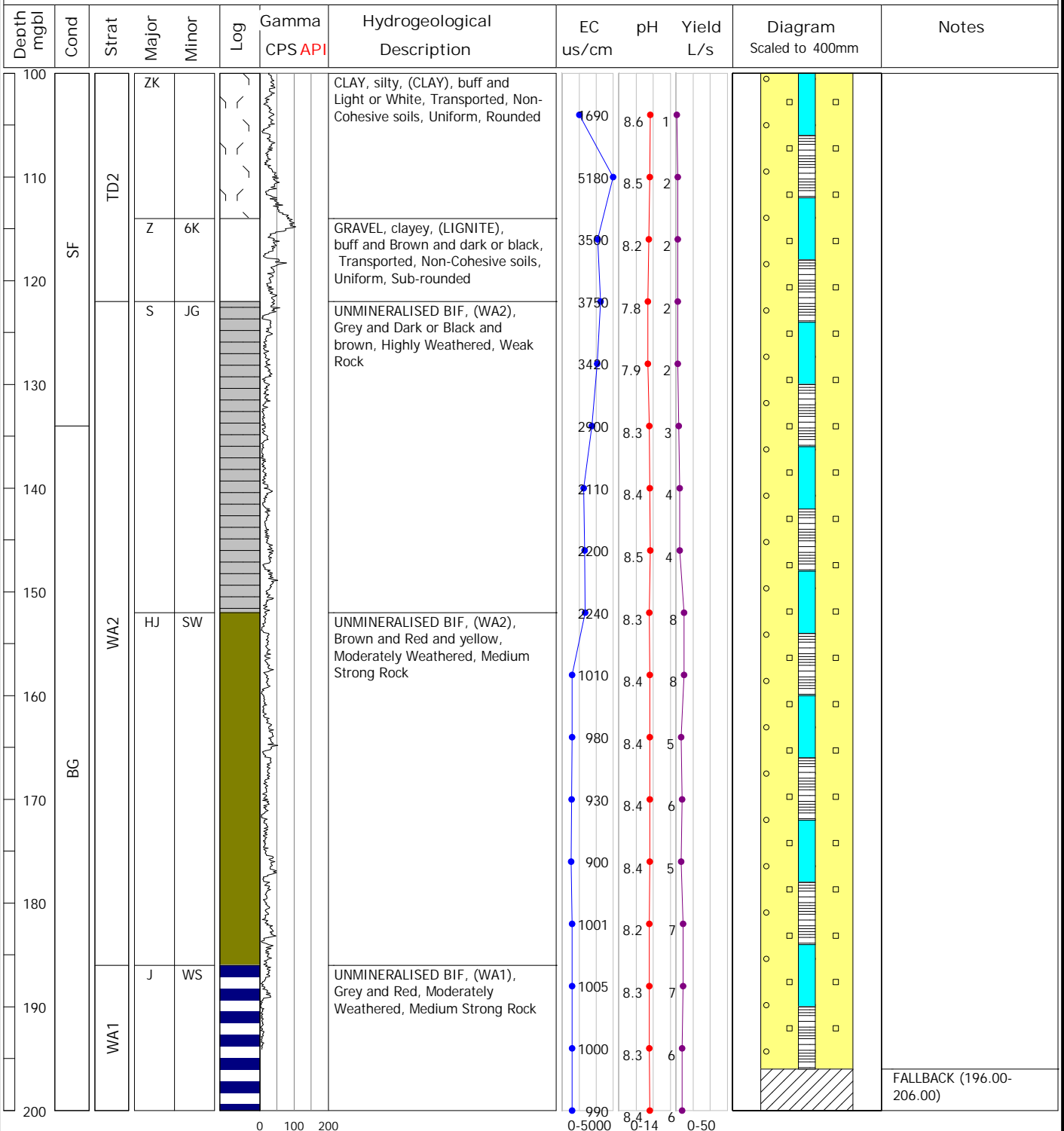
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0229 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 208895.31	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409925.88	0.0 - 182.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 520.20	182.0 - 206.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 01 Aug 22 - 23 Aug 22							
Comments: Abandoned.PVC dropped and seperated below 50m.S/up put to make hole visible.Dip to 50mbgl.							

TOC RL: 520.90 (Stickup 0.50m) (drilled) SWL: Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.90 (Stickup 0.50m) (current) Is Live: N (23 Aug 22) Date: 02 Aug 2022 Final EC: -



FALLBACK (196.00-206.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0229 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 208895.31	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409925.88	0.0 - 182.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 520.20	182.0 - 206.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 01 Aug 22 - 23 Aug 22							
Comments: Abandoned.PVC dropped and seperated below 50m.S/up put to make hole visible.Dip to 50mbgl.							

TOC RL: 520.90 (Stickup 0.50m) (drilled) SWL: Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.90 (Stickup 0.50m) (current) Is Live: N (23 Aug 22) Date: 02 Aug 2022 Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
200	BG	WA1	J	WS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Grey and Red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	990	8.4	6		FALLBACK (196.00- 206.00)
210												
220												
230												
240												
250												
260												
270												
280												
290												
300												

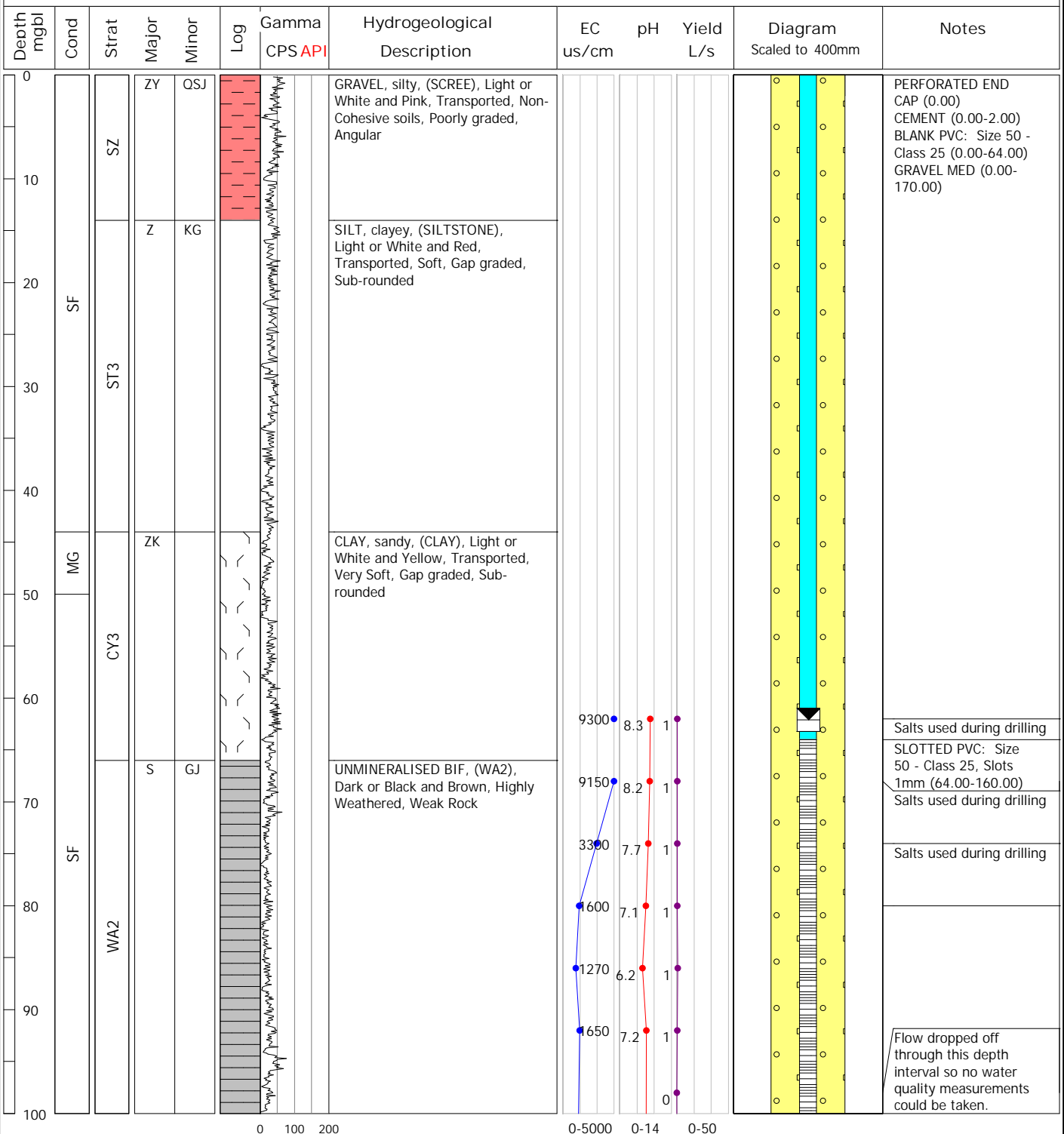
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0230 Hole Length: 170.00

Easting: 208934.90	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409853.35	0.0 - 170.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 520.57							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 13 Oct 22 - 15 Oct 22							
Comments: Terminated at 170m, upper N3, not enough rods on pad to drill extra. Soft drilling conditions.							

TOC RL: 521.42 (Stickup 0.77m) (drilled) SWL: 62.11 MBTOC (17 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.42 (Stickup 0.77m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0230 Hole Length: 170.00

Easting: 208934.90	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409853.35	0.0 - 170.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 520.57							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 13 Oct 22 - 15 Oct 22							
Comments: Terminated at 170m, upper N3, not enough rods on pad to drill extra. Soft drilling conditions.							

TOC RL: 521.42 (Stickup 0.77m) (drilled) SWL: 62.11 MBTOC (17 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.42 (Stickup 0.77m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			S	GJ			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Dark or Black and Brown, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					GRAVEL MED (0.00-170.00)
110		WA2						1320	7.2	1		
120	SF							1320	7.4	1		
130			SNG	J			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock	850	6.2	1		
140		WA1						590	5.2	1		
150								404	7.0	1		
160	MG		C	WG			MINERALISED BIF, (N3), Brown and Yellow, Slightly Weathered, Very Strong Rock	407	6.2	2		
170	HG	N3						402	6.2	3		
								930	7.7	4		
								900	7.5	5		
180											Salts used during drilling Flow dropped off through this depth interval so no water quality measurements could be taken.	
190												
200												END CAP: Concrete plinth and steel monument cover. (160.00)

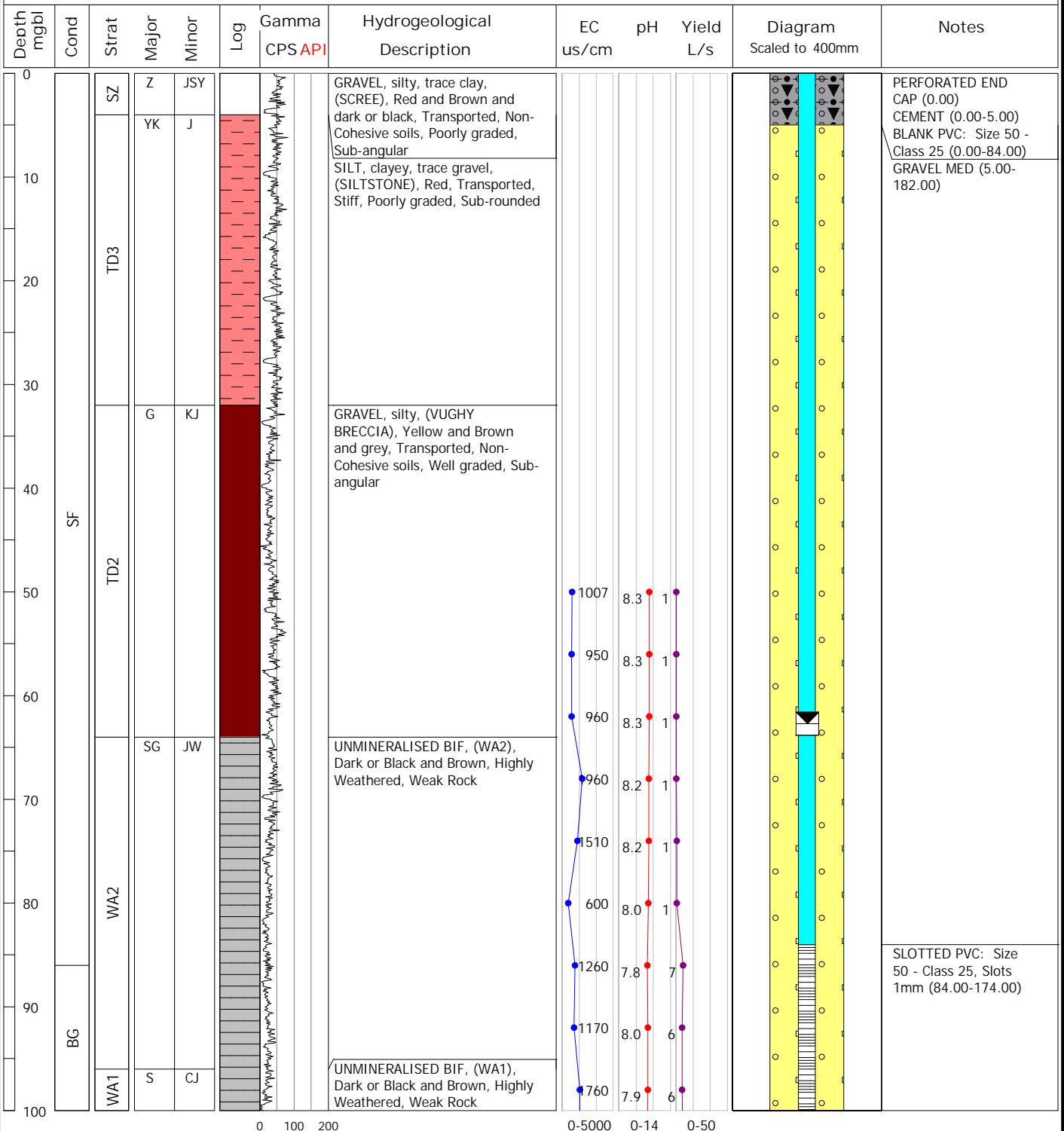
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0231 Hole Length: 182.00

Easting: 209313.21	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409842.76	0.0 - 124.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 521.42	124.0 - 182.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 24 Oct 22 - 02 Nov 22							
Comments: FWS ~ 50-56mbl. MN unit appears to be missing, inferred fault contact at 124m.							

TOC RL: 522.41 (Stickup 0.94m) (drilled) SWL: 62.72 MBTOC (02 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.41 (Stickup 0.94m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 25 Oct 2022 Final EC: -



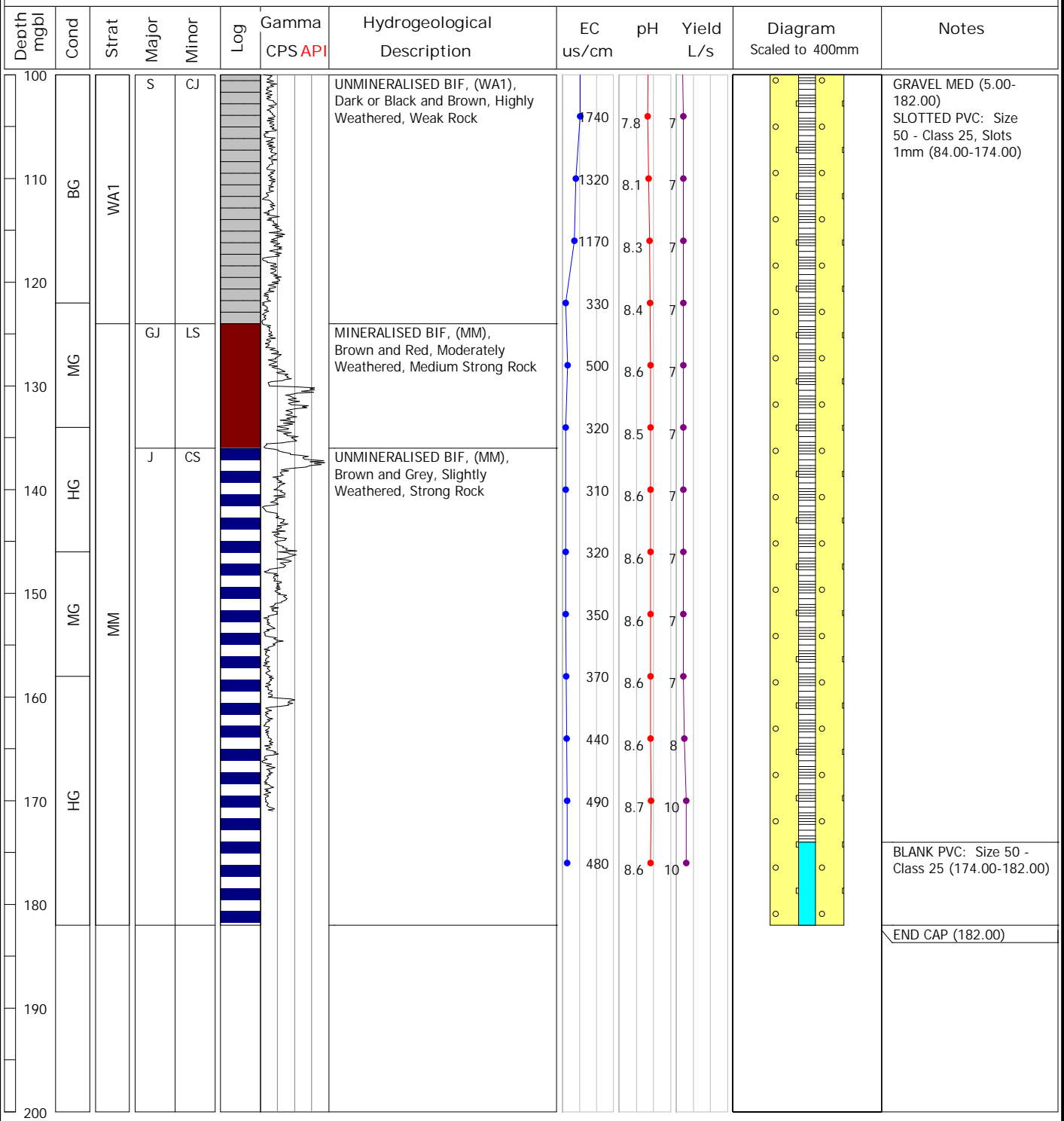
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0231 Hole Length: 182.00

Easting: 209313.21	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409842.76	0.0 - 124.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 521.42	124.0 - 182.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 24 Oct 22 - 02 Nov 22							
Comments: FWS ~ 50-56mgl. MN unit appears to be missing, inferred fault contact at 124m.							

TOC RL: 522.41 (Stickup 0.94m) (drilled) SWL: 62.72 MBTOC (02 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.41 (Stickup 0.94m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 25 Oct 2022 Final EC: -



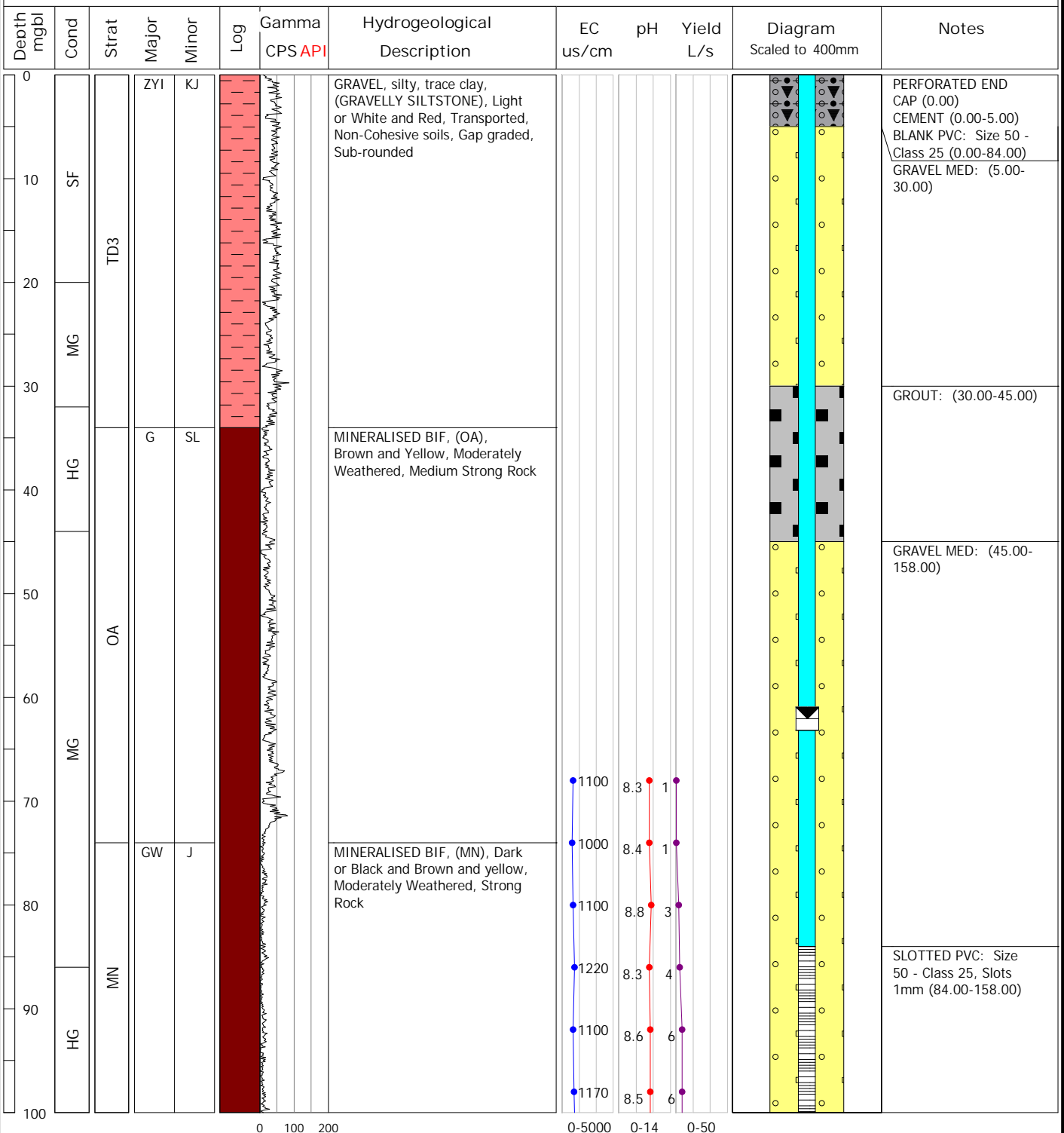
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0232 Hole Length: 158.00

Easting: 209887.62	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409863.33	0.0 - 122.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 520.91	122.0 - 158.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 02 Nov 22 - 07 Nov 22							
Comments: FWS at 70m. Drilled 8m past target depth to help with install. installed to depth.							

TOC RL: 521.83 (Stickup 0.89m) (drilled) SWL: 62.06 MBTOC (07 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.83 (Stickup 0.89m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 07 Nov 2022 Final EC: -



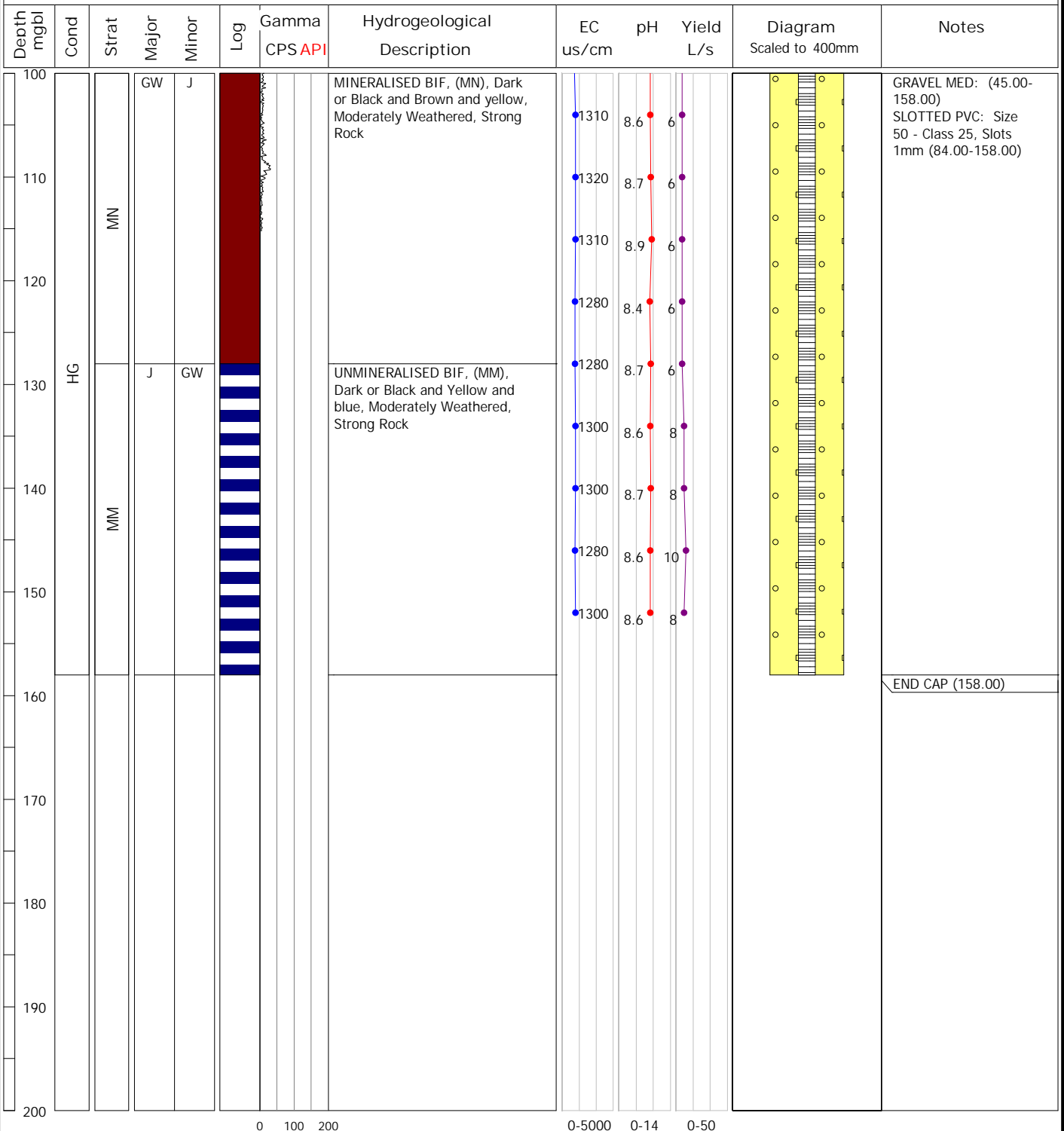
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0232 Hole Length: 158.00

Easting: 209887.62	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409863.33	0.0 - 122.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 520.91	122.0 - 158.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 02 Nov 22 - 07 Nov 22							
Comments: FWS at 70m. Drilled 8m past target depth to help with install. installed to depth.							

TOC RL: 521.83 (Stickup 0.89m) (drilled) SWL: 62.06 MBTOC (07 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.83 (Stickup 0.89m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 07 Nov 2022 Final EC: -



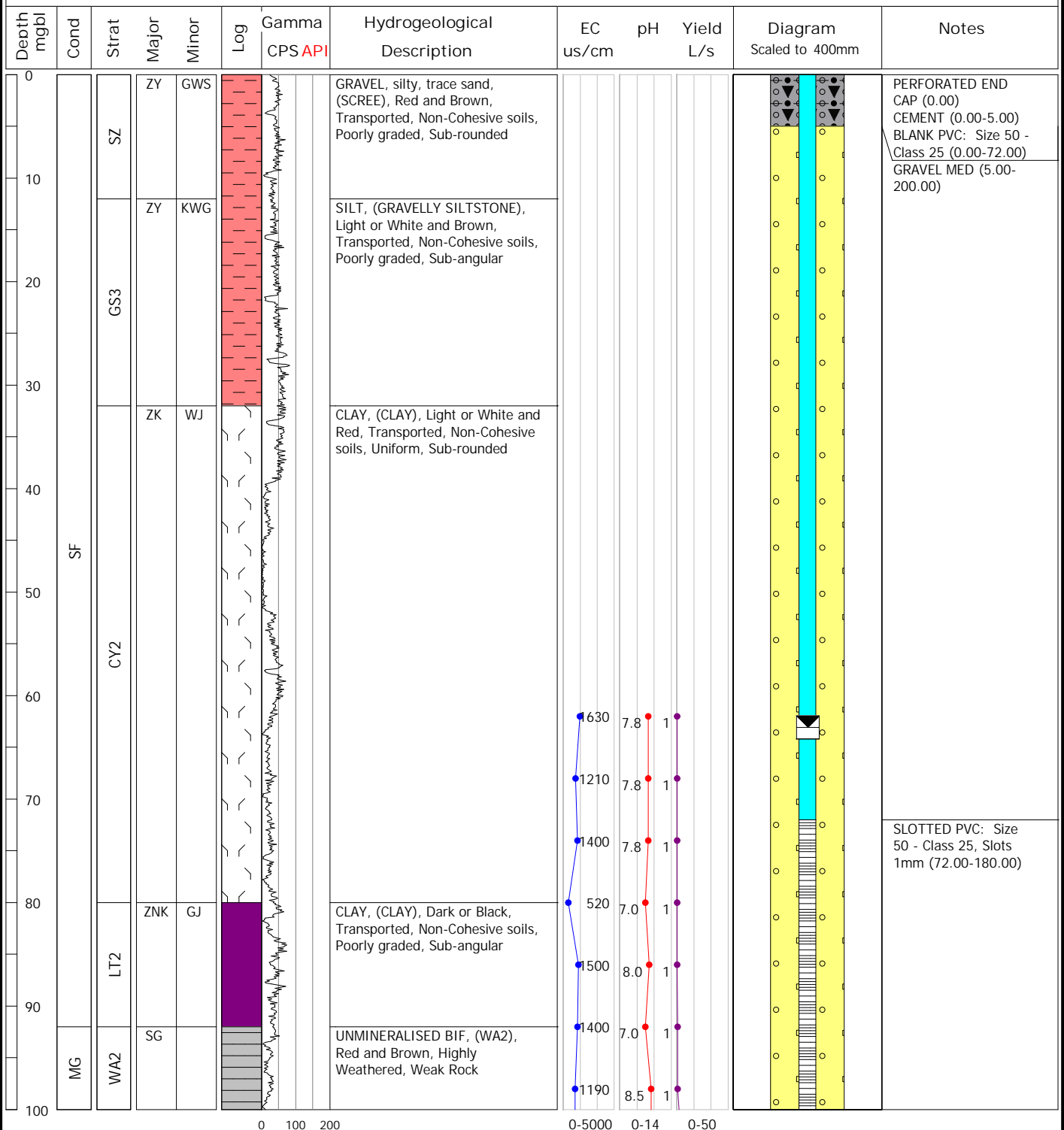
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0233 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 209356.55	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409902.75	0.0 - 116.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 521.07	116.0 - 200.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4, NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 19 Oct 22 - 23 Oct 22							
Comments: Drilled past planned depth of 180m to intersect and test Mount Newman, orebody aquifer.							

TOC RL: 521.78 (Stickup 0.61m) (drilled) SWL: 63.08 MBTOC (23 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.78 (Stickup 0.61m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 23 Oct 2022 Final EC: -



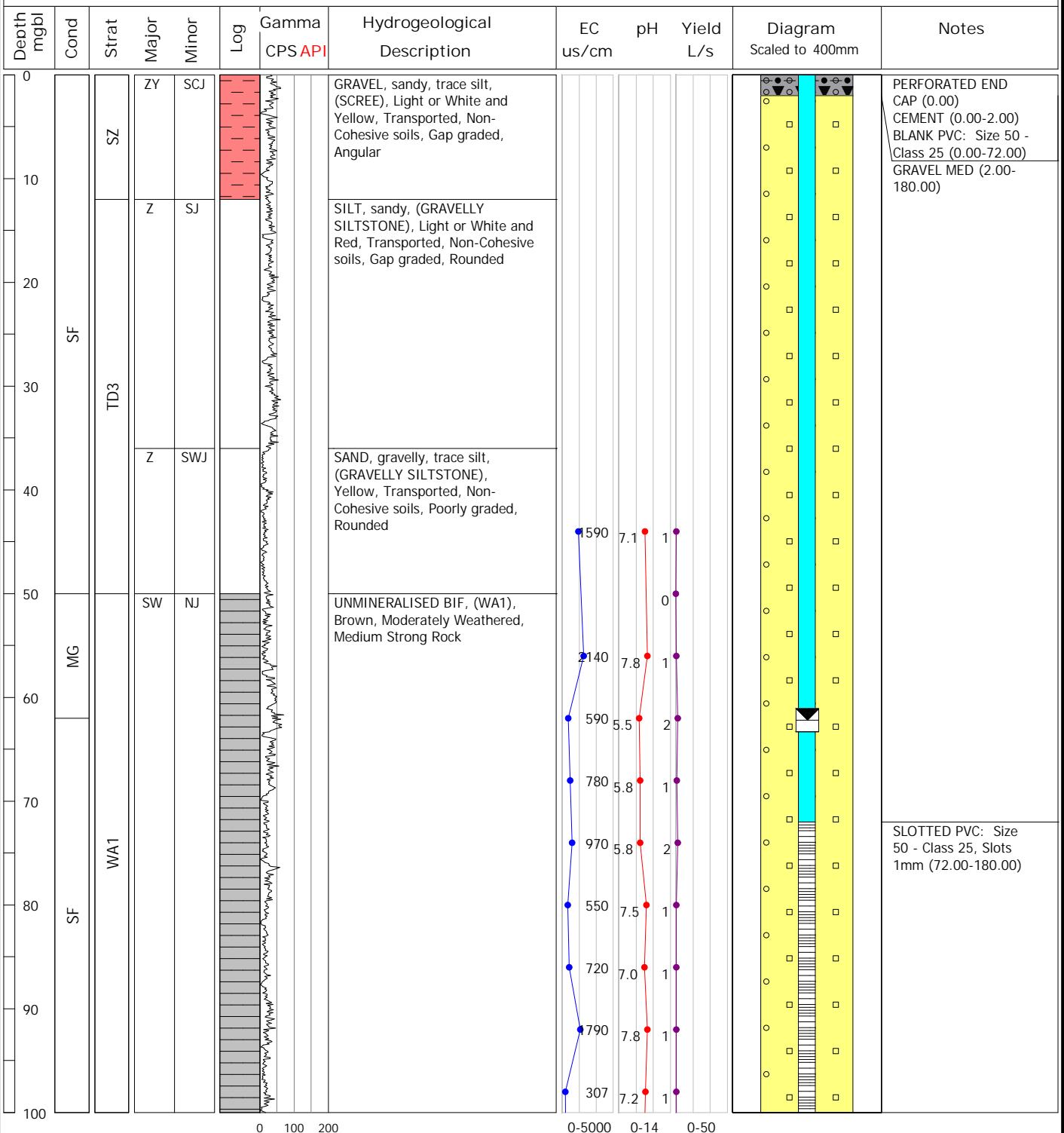
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0234 Hole Length: 194.00

Easting: 209165.92	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409854.72	0.0 - 125.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 521.37	125.0 - 194.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 16 Oct 22 - 20 Oct 22							
Comments: FWS at 48m bgl. Increase in manganiferous shales at 76-126m bgl.							

TOC RL: 521.90 (Stickup 0.47m) (drilled) SWL: 62.22 MBTOC (20 Oct 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.90 (Stickup 0.47m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 16 Oct 2022 Final EC: -



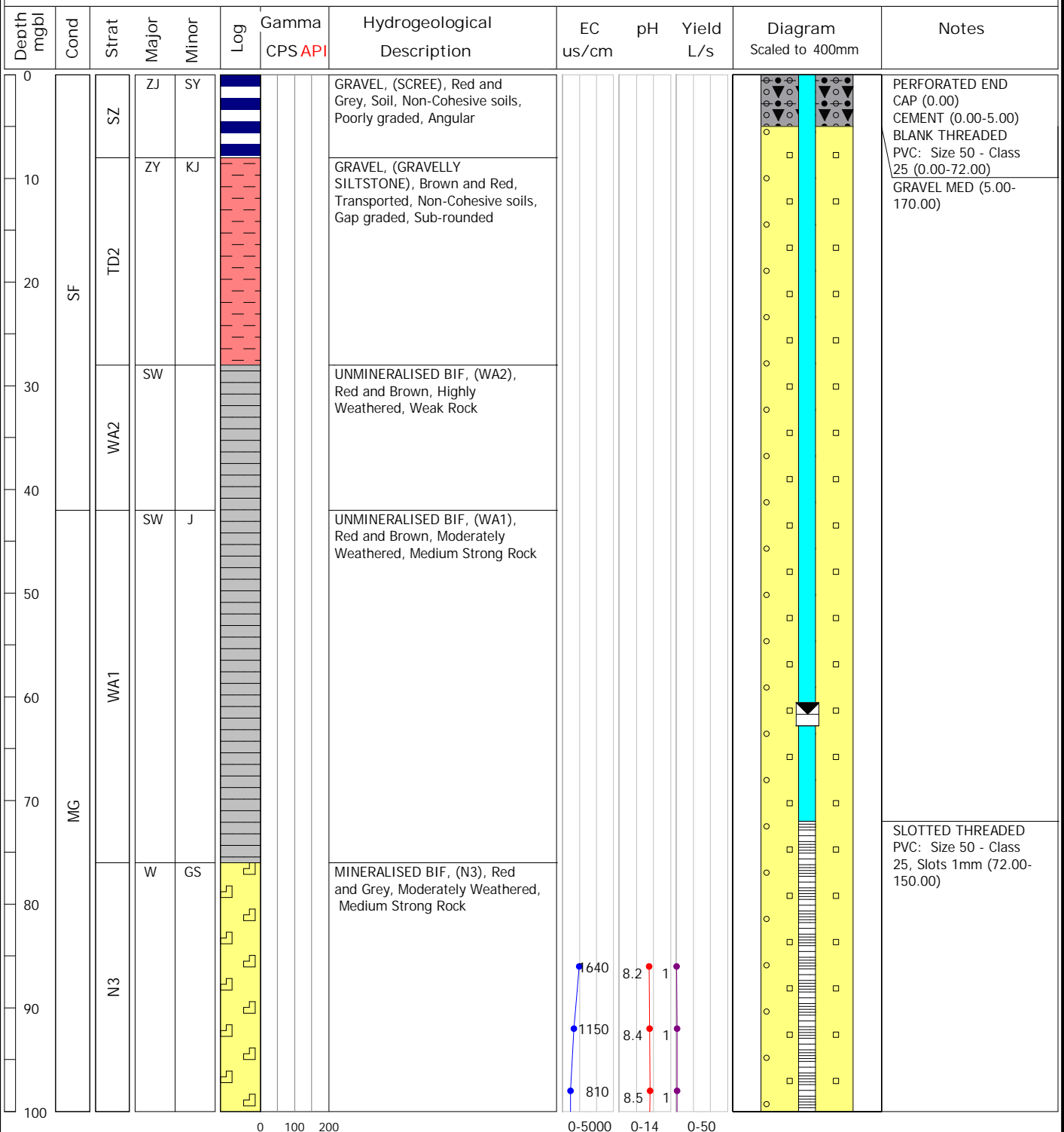
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0235 Hole Length: 170.00

Easting: 208751.95	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409761.14	0.0 - 32.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 521.20	32.0 - 170.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 26 Jul 22 - 29 Jul 22							
Comments: Concrete plinth and monument cover .							

TOC RL: 521.83 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 61.69 MBTOC (29 Jul 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.83 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 29 Jul 2022 Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0235 Hole Length: 170.00

Easting: 208751.95	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409761.14	0.0 - 32.0	DR3	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 521.20	32.0 - 170.0	DR3	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 26 Jul 22 - 29 Jul 22							
Comments: Concrete plinth and monument cover .							

TOC RL: 521.83 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 61.69 MBTOC (29 Jul 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.83 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 29 Jul 2022 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		N3	W	GS			MINERALISED BIF, (N3), Red and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	810	8.2	1		GRAVEL MED (5.00-170.00) SLOTTED THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (72.00-150.00)
110			WG	J			MINERALISED BIF, (N2), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	840	8.6	2		
120			N2						740	8.6		
130		N1	WG	JL			MINERALISED BIF, (N1), Grey and Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	720	8.4	3		
140			J	WG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Dark or Black and Red, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	700	8.3	5		
150		MM						740	8.9	5		
160			J	CW			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Dark or Black and Brown and red, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	690	8.7	5		
170								700	8.8	5		
180								640	8.5	5		
190								730	8.6	6		
200												END CAP (150.00)

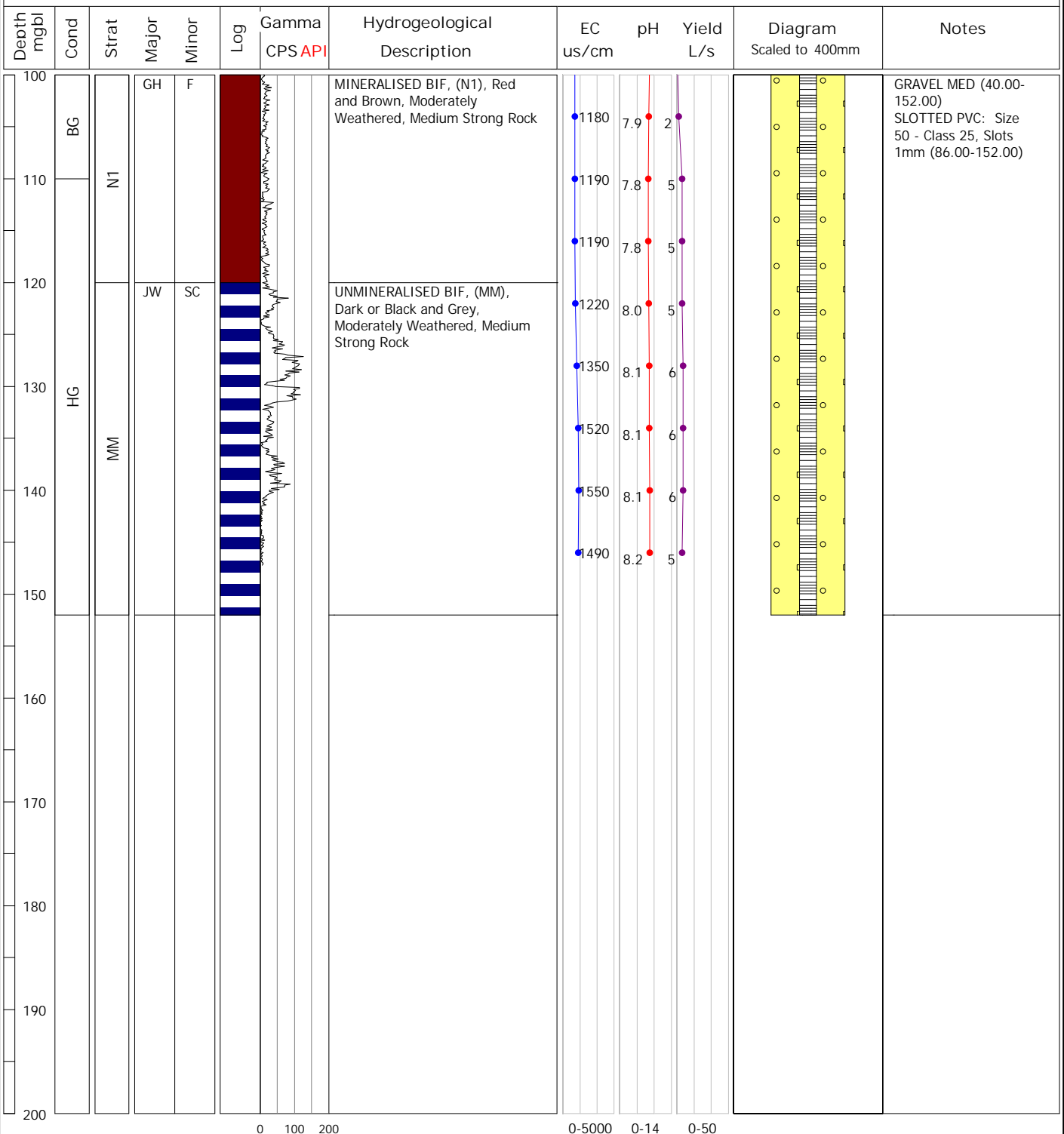
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0236 Hole Length: 152.00

Easting: 210362.93	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409887.82	0.0 - 122.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 520.28	122.0 - 152.0	DR3	CH	200		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 06 Nov 22 - 15 Nov 22							
Comments: FWS at 62m bgl. Seal installed below detritals to test orebody aquifer.							

TOC RL: 521.23 (Stickup 0.87m) (drilled) SWL: 62.45 MBTOC (15 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.23 (Stickup 0.87m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 08 Nov 2022 Final EC: -



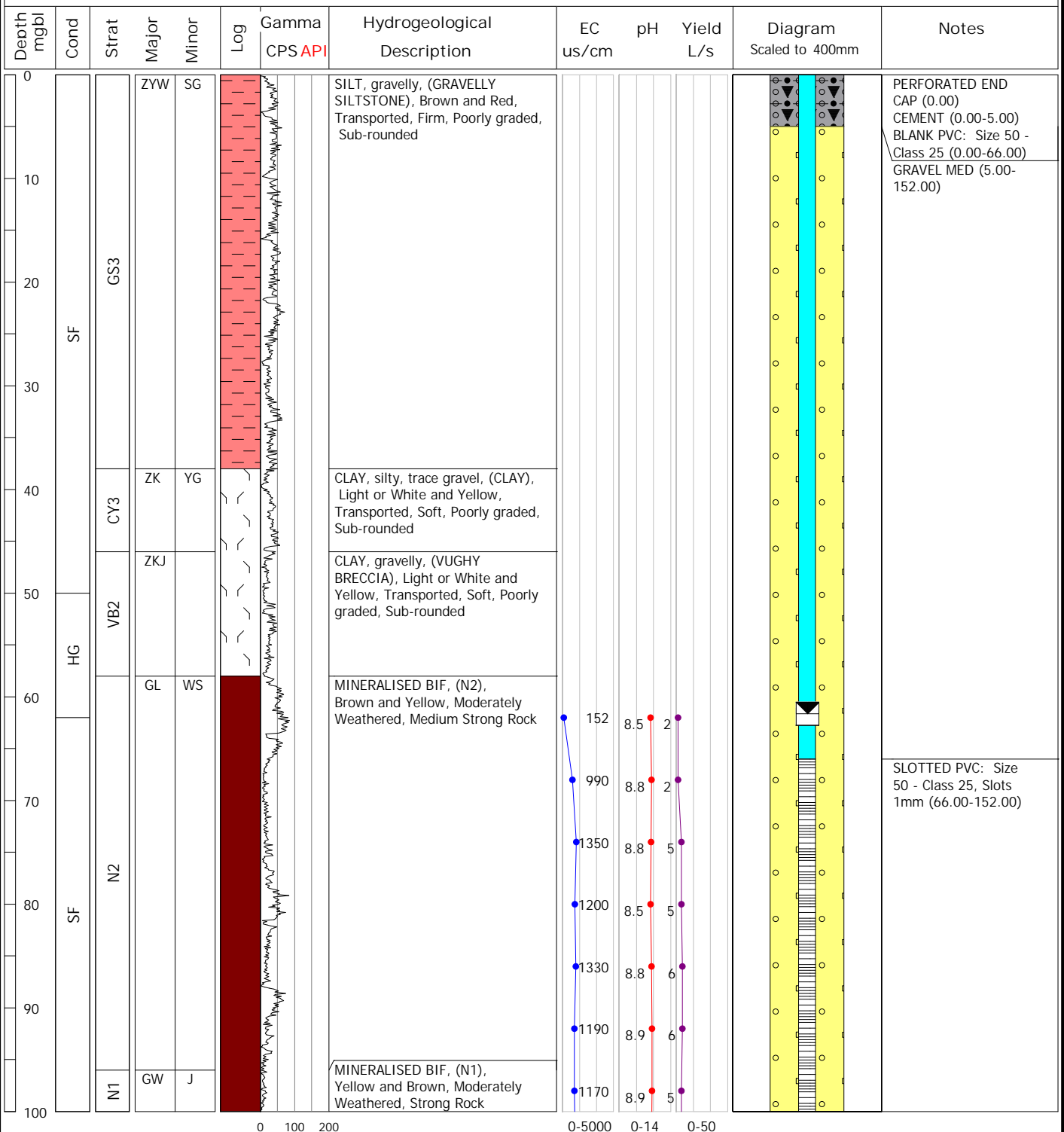
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0237 Hole Length: 152.00

Easting: 209615.12	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409816.57	0.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 520.84							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 28 Oct 22 - 05 Nov 22							
Comments: Terminated at 152m in MacLeod. FWS 64m.							

TOC RL: 521.49 (Stickup 0.62m) (drilled) SWL: 61.66 MBTOC (05 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.49 (Stickup 0.62m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 02 Nov 2022 Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0237 Hole Length: 152.00

Easting: 209615.12	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409816.57	0.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	200		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 520.84							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 28 Oct 22 - 05 Nov 22							
Comments: Terminated at 152m in MacLeod. FWS 64m.							

TOC RL: 521.49 (Stickup 0.62m) (drilled) SWL: 61.66 MBTOC (05 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.49 (Stickup 0.62m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 02 Nov 2022 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes		
100	SF		GW	J			MINERALISED BIF, (N1), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	1250	8.9	5		GRAVEL MED (5.00-152.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (66.00-152.00)		
110		N1				1240		8.9	5					
120			JC	G		UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Dark or Black, Slightly Weathered, Very Strong Rock	1240	8.8	5					
125							1220	8.9	5					
130	HG						1240	8.8	5					
135							1250	8.7	5					
140							1350	8.7	5					
145							1290	8.6	5					
150														
152.00														END CAP (152.00)

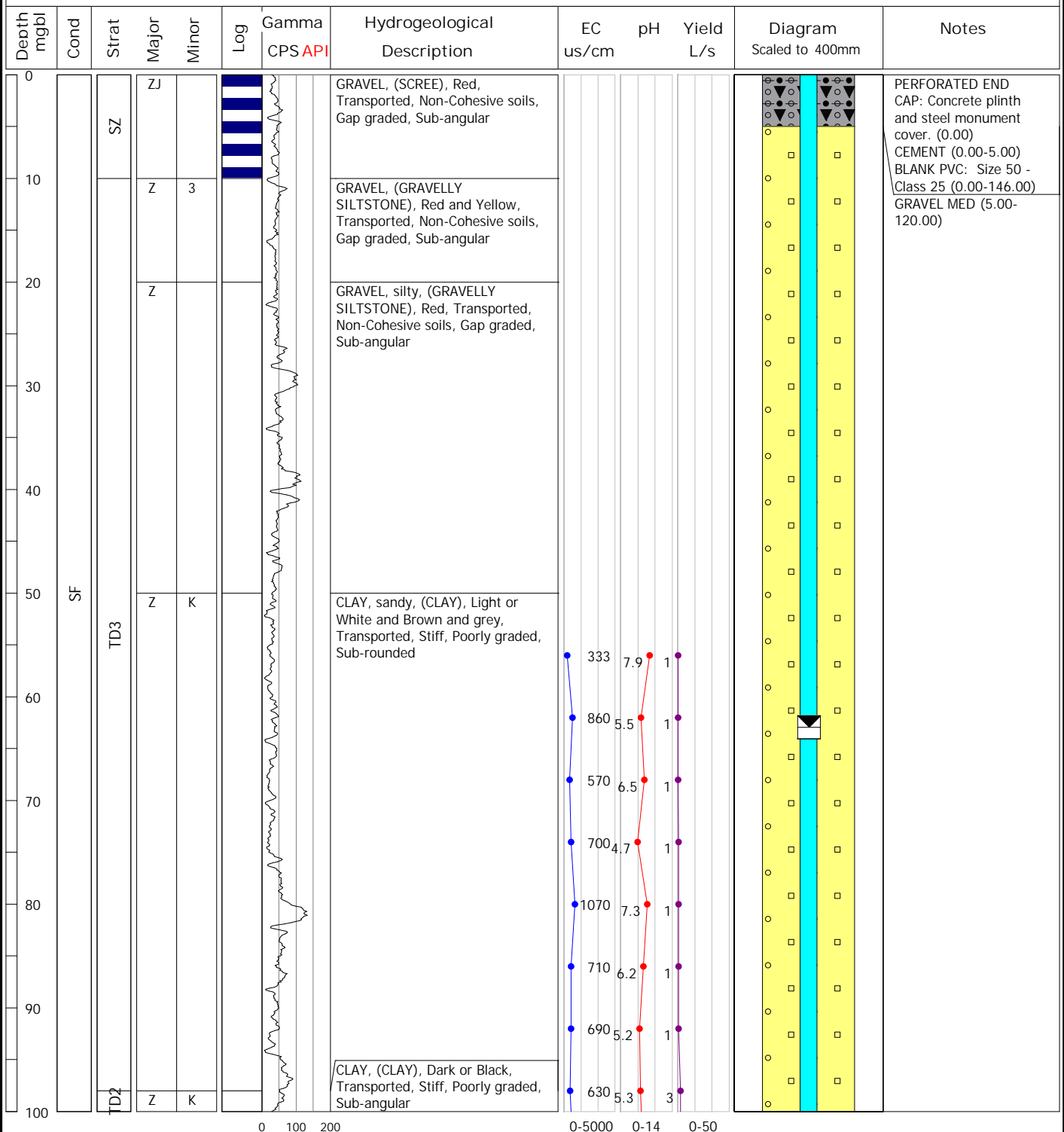
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0243 Hole Length: 170.00

Easting: 210820.68	Depth: 0.0 - 170.0	Drill Rig: DR3	Type: DR	Size: 250	Fluid:	Drilled By: EASTERNWELL	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7410030.94							
Surface RL: 519.21							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 11 Nov 22 - 15 Nov 22							
Comments: MB. FWS @62m. Drilled to 170m(20m past planned depth)to capture MN contact.							

TOC RL: 520.17 (Stickup 0.90m) (drilled) SWL: 62.92 MBTOC (15 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.17 (Stickup 0.90m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



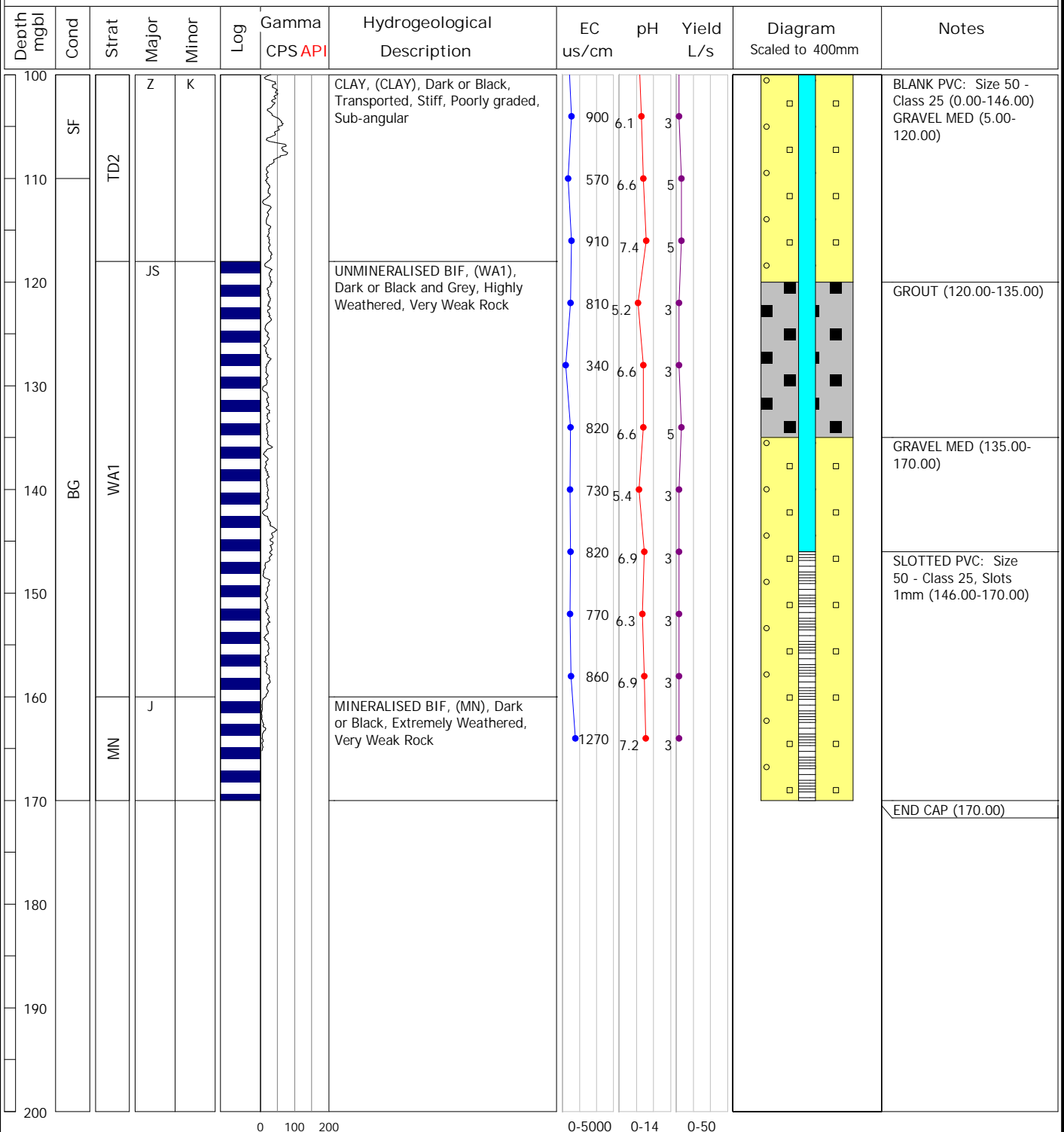
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0243 Hole Length: 170.00

Easting: 210820.68	Depth: 0.0 - 170.0	Drill Rig: DR3	Type: DR	Size: 250	Fluid:	Drilled By: EASTERNWELL	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7410030.94							
Surface RL: 519.21							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 11 Nov 22 - 15 Nov 22							
Comments: MB. FWS @62m. Drilled to 170m(20m past planned depth)to capture MN contact.							

TOC RL: 520.17 (Stickup 0.90m) (drilled) SWL: 62.92 MBTOC (15 Nov 22) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.17 (Stickup 0.90m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0246 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 214783.05	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410181.33	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 518.54							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 01 Feb 23 - 01 Feb 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Painkiller Deposit. FWS at 60m							

TOC RL: 519.35 (Stickup 0.82m) (drilled) SWL: 63.43 MBGL (03 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 519.35 (Stickup 0.82m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZK	JCI			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown and grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-60.00)
10	SF											
20		ST3										
30			Z	JL			CLAY, gravelly, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Red and Grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
40		TD2										
50			G	LJ			MINERALISED BIF, (MN), Yellow and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60	MG											
70												
80		MN										
90			JG	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MN), Yellow and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100			LG	CJ			MINERALISED BIF, (MN), Yellow and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (60.00-120.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0246 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 214783.05	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410181.33	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 518.54							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 01 Feb 23 - 01 Feb 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Painkiller Deposit. FWS at 60m							

TOC RL: 519.35 (Stickup 0.82m) (drilled) SWL: 63.43 MBGL (03 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 519.35 (Stickup 0.82m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			LG	CJ			MINERALISED BIF, (MN), Yellow and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (60.00-120.00)
110	MG	MN										
120												END CAP (120.00)
130												
140												
150												
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0247 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 215950.45	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410097.29	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 519.42							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 30 Jan 23 - 31 Jan 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Painkiller Deposit. Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates							

TOC RL: 520.12 (Stickup 0.56m) (drilled) SWL: 64.52 MBGL (31 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.12 (Stickup 0.56m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZX	JC			GRAVEL, clayey, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-60.00)
10	SF	TD3	ZX	IJ			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and Red and yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20												
30												
40												
50		TD2	ZKL	J			CLAY, gravelly, (CLAY), Yellow and Brown and red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
60	MG		G	LJS			MINERALISED BIF, (N2), Brown and Yellow and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (60.00-120.00)
70		N2										
80			CJ	SG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (N1), Yellow and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
90		N1										
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0248 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 217342.82	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410082.03	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 520.48							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 28 Jan 23 - 29 Jan 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Painkiller Deposit. Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates							

TOC RL: 521.30 (Stickup 0.75m) (drilled) SWL: 63.57 MBGL (30 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.30 (Stickup 0.75m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		TD3	ZX	JC			GRAVEL, silty, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-60.00)
10			ZX	ICJ			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown and yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		OA	GH	L			MINERALISED BIF, (OA), Brown and Red and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
40			S	JGC			SHALE, (OA), Yellow and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
50		N3	GL	HJ			MINERALISED BIF, (N3), Brown and Grey and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
60												
70		N2	G	LJ			MINERALISED BIF, (N2), Yellow and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
80												
90		N1	JC	GL			UNMINERALISED BIF, (N1), Yellow and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0249 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 218429.45	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409712.81	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 525.02							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 27 Jan 23 - 27 Jan 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Painkiller Deposit. Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates							

TOC RL: 525.71 (Stickup 0.63m) (drilled) SWL: 67.11 MBGL (28 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 525.71 (Stickup 0.63m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZJ	XHI			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-60.00)
10		TD3	ZX	J			GRAVEL, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown and yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
20			ZK	YLH			CLAY, sandy, trace gravel, (CLAY), buff and Light or White and brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-angular					
30			ZG	LK			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown and Yellow and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
40		TD2	GH	LCJ			MINERALISED BIF, (OA), Brown and Red and grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
50	MG											
60												
70												
80		OA										
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0250 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 219647.26	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409925.13	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 530.91							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 22 Jan 23 - 22 Jan 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Painkiller Deposit. Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates							

TOC RL: 532.00 (Stickup 1.13m) (drilled) SWL: 72.71 MBGL (28 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 532.00 (Stickup 1.13m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z	JT			SILT, sandy, trace gravel, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Very Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-60.00)
10		TD3										
20												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (60.00-120.00)
30	SF		Z	JS			GRAVEL, sandy, trace silt, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown and grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
40			J	GW			UNMINERALISED BIF, (N3), Grey and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
50												
60		N3										
70			J	HG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (N2), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
80	MG											
90		N2										
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0250 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 219647.26	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409925.13	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 530.91							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 22 Jan 23 - 22 Jan 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Painkiller Deposit. Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates							

TOC RL: 532.00 (Stickup 1.13m) (drilled) SWL: 72.71 MBGL (28 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 532.00 (Stickup 1.13m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			J	HG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (N2), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (60.00-120.00)
110	MG	N2	J	GL			MINERALISED BIF, (N2), Grey and Brown, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					
120												END CAP (120.00)
130												
140												
150												
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0251 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 220611.89	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410174.26	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 529.44							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 20 Jan 23 - 21 Jan 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Painkiller deposit . Headworks =PVC Stick up & Hanging plates							

TOC RL: 530.61 (Stickup 1.15m) (drilled) SWL: 65.72 MBTOC (22 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 530.61 (Stickup 1.15m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 22 Jan 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z	LIK			GRAVEL, clayey. (SCREE), Brown and Red, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded				█ █	PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-58.30)
10		GS3	Z	HKL			GRAVEL, clayey, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded				█ █	
20											█ █	
30			JS	L			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Red and Grey and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█ █	
40		WA2									█ █	
50			HG	JC			MINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Dark or Black and Yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█ █	
60		WA1									█ █	SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (58.30-118.30)
70											█ █	
80			H	1LG			MINERALISED BIF, (N3), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock				█ █	
90		N3									█ █	
100											█ █	

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0251 Hole Length: 120.00

Easting: 220611.89	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410174.26	0.0 - 120.0	WLSRC40	RHF	146		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 529.44							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 20 Jan 23 - 21 Jan 23							
Comments: MB Targeting Painkiller deposit . Headworks =PVC Stick up & Hanging plates							

TOC RL: 530.61 (Stickup 1.15m) (drilled) SWL: 65.72 MBTOC (22 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 530.61 (Stickup 1.15m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 22 Jan 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		N3	H	1LG			MINERALISED BIF, (N3), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock MINERALISED BIF, (N2), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (58.30-118.30) END CAP (118.30) FALLBACK (118.30- 120.00)
110	MG	N2	HG	1								
120												
130												
140												
150												
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0252 Hole Length: 132.00

Easting: 208703.24	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409725.19	0.0 - 132.0	WLSRC53	RHF	140		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 521.38							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -75-->180							
Construct: 02 Feb 23 - 02 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS at 84m. Targeting MM & MU for pore pressure monitoring. VWP sensors to be installed.							

TOC RL: 522.08 (Stickup 0.63m) (drilled) SWL: 65.30 MBTOC (04 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.08 (Stickup 0.63m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z	J			SILT, gravelly, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: Headworks = PVC Stick up & Hanging Plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-102.00)
10			Z	J		GRAVEL, sandy, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown and light or white, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
20			J	L		MINERALISED BIF, (MN), Grey and Yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock						
30												
40												
50												
60			J	C			MINERALISED BIF, (MM), Grey and Dark or Black and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70												
80												
90			CJ	L			MINERALISED BIF, (MU), Red and Grey, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0252 Hole Length: 132.00

Easting: 208703.24	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409725.19	0.0 - 132.0	WLSRC53	RHF	140		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 521.38							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -75-->180							
Construct: 02 Feb 23 - 02 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS at 84m. Targeting MM & MU for pore pressure monitoring. VWP sensors to be installed.							

TOC RL: 522.08 (Stickup 0.63m) (drilled) SWL: 65.30 MBTOC (04 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.08 (Stickup 0.63m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100	SF	MU	CJ	L			MINERALISED BIF, (MU), Red and Grey, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-102.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (102.00-132.00)
110	MG											
120	SF		CJ	B		UNMINERALISED BIF, (MU), Light or White and Grey, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock						
130	MG											
140												END CAP (132.00)
150												
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0253 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 208889.82	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409891.88	0.0 - 174.0	WLSRC53	RHF	140		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 520.47							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 04 Feb 23 - 04 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS at 120m. Drillers had issues with MAGSUS readings							

TOC RL: 521.32 (Stickup 0.70m) (drilled) SWL: 66.52 MBTOC (05 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.32 (Stickup 0.70m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZJ	CO			GRAVEL, clayey, (SILTSTONE), Red and Grey and brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-104.00)
10	SF	TD3										
20	MG											
30	SF											
40	MG		Z3	K			GRAVEL, clayey, (CALCRETE), Light or White and Yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
50	BG	CA2										
60	CV											
70	SF		K				CLAY, (CLAY), Light or White and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
80	MG	CY2										
90												
100	SF	WA2	SJ				UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Grey and Green, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0253 Hole Length: 174.00

Easting: 208889.82	Depth: 0.0 - 174.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC53	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7409891.88							
Surface RL: 520.47							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 04 Feb 23 - 04 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS at 120m. Drillers had issues with MAGSUS readings							

TOC RL: 521.32 (Stickup 0.70m) (drilled) SWL: 66.52 MBTOC (05 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.32 (Stickup 0.70m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			SJ				UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Grey and Green, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-104.00)
110												
120	SF											
130		WA2										
140	MG											
150	UG		SJ	L			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Grey and Green, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
160	HG	WA1										
170	SF											
180												END CAP (174.00)
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0254 Hole Length: 156.00

Easting: 209585.78	Depth: 0.0 - 156.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC53	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7409904.39							
Surface RL: 520.37							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -70-->173							
Construct: 13 Feb 23 - 13 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS @ 87m. Target West Angelas and Detritals BWT for pore pressure monitoring.							

TOC RL: 521.20 (Stickup 0.89m) (drilled) SWL: 66.08 MBTOC (14 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.20 (Stickup 0.89m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZX	YI			SILT, sandy, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Gap graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Headworks: =PVC Stickup & Hanging Plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-114.00)
10		TD3	ZX	JYC			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Yellow and grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		CY2	ZK	CS			CLAY, gravelly, (CLAY), Yellow and Brown and buff, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30		WA2	JS	G			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Light or White and buff and red, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					
40	SF		J	GL			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Brown and Blue and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
50		WA1										
60			J	GL			UNMINERALISED BIF, (N3), Blue and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
70		N3										
80			GW	LJ			MINERALISED BIF, (N2), Blue and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
90	MG	N2										
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0254 Hole Length: 156.00

Easting: 209585.78	Depth: 0.0 - 156.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC53	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: JP10
Northing: 7409904.39							
Surface RL: 520.37							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -70-->173							
Construct: 13 Feb 23 - 13 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS @ 87m. Target West Angelas and Detritals BWT for pore pressure monitoring.							

TOC RL: 521.20 (Stickup 0.89m) (drilled) SWL: 66.08 MBTOC (14 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 521.20 (Stickup 0.89m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100	MG	N2	GW	L			MINERALISED BIF, (N2), Blue and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-114.00)
110	HG		GW	L			MINERALISED BIF, (N2), Blue and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (114.00-156.00)
120	MG	N1	WJS	GL			UNMINERALISED BIF, (N1), Yellow and Brown and red, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
130												
140												
150												
160												END CAP (156.00)
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0255 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 209624.67	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409757.73	0.0 - 150.0	WLSRC53	RHF	140		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 521.88							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -75-->176							
Construct: 14 Feb 23 - 14 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS @ 87m. Target Macleod & Nammuldi BWT for pore pressure monitoring.							

TOC RL: 522.65 (Stickup 0.75m) (drilled) SWL: 64.55 MBGL (16 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.65 (Stickup 0.75m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z	Y			SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: Headworks= PVC Stickup & Hanging Plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-104.00)
10		TD3	ZX	JIC			GRAVEL, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Grey and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
20			ZX	GLJ			GRAVEL, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Grey and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
30		VB2	ZL	JCG			GRAVEL, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Yellow and Grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
40			JH	G			MINERALISED BIF, (MM), Blue and Grey and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
50		SF										
60			J	CL			MINERALISED BIF, (MM), Yellow and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70		MM										
80												
90		MG	C	JL			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Light or White and Yellow and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0255 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 209624.67	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409757.73	0.0 - 150.0	WLSRC53	RHF	140		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 521.88							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -75-->176							
Construct: 14 Feb 23 - 14 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS @ 87m. Target Macleod & Nammuldi BWT for pore pressure monitoring.							

TOC RL: 522.65 (Stickup 0.75m) (drilled) SWL: 64.55 MBGL (16 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.65 (Stickup 0.75m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			C	JL	●		UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Light or White and Yellow and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-104.00)
110		MM			●							SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (104.00-150.00)
120	MG		CS	J	●		UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Grey and Red and light or white, Highly Weathered, Very Weak Rock					
130			CJ	S	●		UNMINERALISED BIF, (MU), Grey and Red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
140		MU			●							
150	SF				●							END CAP (150.00)
160					●							
170					●							
180					●							
190					●							
200					●							

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0256 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 210520.27	Depth: 0.0 - 150.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC53	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7409967.27							
Surface RL: 519.48							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Feb 23 - 06 Feb 23	Comments: FWS at 63m. Target West Angelas and Detritals for pore pressure monitoring VWP.						

TOC RL: 520.23 (Stickup 0.57m) (drilled) SWL: 60.85 MBGL (07 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.23 (Stickup 0.57m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		ST3	ZK	JY			CLAY, gravelly, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18: Headworks: =PVC Stickup & Hanging Plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-97.00)
10		G33	ZK	JY		GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
20	SF	CA2	Z3	JG		GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (CALCRETE), Light or White and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular						
30		VB2	ZK	JG		GRAVEL, clayey, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Grey and Red and yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular						
40												
50	MG											
60	UG		S	J			SHALE, (WA2), Light or White, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70												
80	SF	WA2	JS	G			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Red and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
90												
100												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (97.00-145.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0256 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 210520.27	Depth: 0.0 - 150.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC53	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7409967.27							
Surface RL: 519.48							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 05 Feb 23 - 06 Feb 23	Comments: FWS at 63m. Target West Angelas and Detritals for pore pressure monitoring VWP.						

TOC RL: 520.23 (Stickup 0.57m) (drilled) SWL: 60.85 MBGL (07 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.23 (Stickup 0.57m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		WA2	JS	G			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Red and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (97.00-145.00)
110												
120	SF											
130		WA1	JH	GL			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Grey and Yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
140												
150												END CAP (145.00) FALLBACK (145.00- 150.00)
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0257 Hole Length: 156.00

Easting: 210373.80	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409823.59	0.0 - 156.0	WLSRC53	RHF	140		WLS	JP10
Surface RL: 521.30							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -69-->177							
Construct: 10 Feb 23 - 11 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS @ 72m. Target Macleod (MM) & Nammuldi (MU) BWT for pore pressure monitoring.							

TOC RL: 522.29 (Stickup 0.93m) (drilled) SWL: 67.02 MBGL (12 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 522.29 (Stickup 0.93m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZX	IS			GRAVEL, silty, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: 161mm : Headworks = PVC Stickup & Hanging Plates (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-102.00)
10		TD3										
20			JS	GL			MINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Red and Brown and grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
30		WA2										
40												
50	SF		GH	J			MINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Grey and Brown and blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
60		WA1										
70			GH	J			MINERALISED BIF, (MM), Dark or Black and Red and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
80		MM										
90												
100			CJ	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MU), Grey and Brown and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
		MU										

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0258 Hole Length: 156.00

Easting: 211844.85	Depth: 0.0 - 156.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC53	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7410226.00							
Surface RL: 516.62							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -80-->178							

Construct: 16 Feb 23 - 17 Feb 23

Comments: FWS @84m. Target West Angelas and Detritals for pore pressure monitoring VWP. Slotted casing 1mm @99-105m & 150-156m due to stock unavailability & to meet target criteria.

TOC RL: 517.33 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 60.10 MBTOC (19 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 517.33 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZY	CJ			SILT, gravelly, trace clay, (SCREE), Red and Yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-99.00)
10			ZJ	KCI			GRAVEL, clayey, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Red and Grey and yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30		VB2										
50	SF		ZK			CLAY, (CLAY), Light or White and Pink, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
60		TD2										
80		SD2	ZQ	C			SAND, gravelly, trace clay, (SANDSTONE), Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
90	MG											
100												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (99.00-105.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0258 Hole Length: 156.00

Easting: 211844.85	Depth: 0.0 - 156.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC53	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7410226.00							
Surface RL: 516.62							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -80-->178							
Construct: 16 Feb 23 - 17 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS @84m. Target West Angelas and Detritals for pore pressure monitoring VWP. Slotted casing 1mm @99-105m & 150-156m due to stock unavailability & to meet target criteria.							

TOC RL: 517.33 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 60.10 MBTOC (19 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 517.33 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100	MG						SAND, gravelly, trace clay, (SANDSTONE), Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular UNMINERALISED BIF, (OA), Grey and Yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (99.00-105.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (105.00-150.00)
110		SD2	ZO	C								
120			CJG	LS								
130	SF	OA										
140												
150												
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0259 Hole Length: 168.00

Easting: 211962.77	Depth: 0.0 - 168.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC53	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7410028.22							
Surface RL: 518.25							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -75-->176							

Construct: 19 Feb 23 - 19 Feb 23

Comments: FWS @ 90m. Target Macleod (MM) & Nammuldi (MU) BWT for pore pressure monitoring. 2 intervals of slotted casing used due to stock unavailability & meet target criteria.

TOC RL: 518.93 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 63.10 MBTOC (20 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 518.93 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZY	CJ			SILT, sandy, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-76.00)
10		VB2	ZCJ	H			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Grey and Light or White and red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
20			HJ	CL			MINERALISED BIF, (MN), Yellow and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
30		MN										
40												
50	Sf											
60			CJ	H			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Grey and Red and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70												
80		MM										SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (76.00-100.00)
90												
100			GC	LJ			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Yellow and Grey and green, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (100.00-154.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0259 Hole Length: 168.00

Easting: 211962.77	Depth: 0.0 - 168.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC53	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7410028.22							
Surface RL: 518.25							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -75-->176							

Construct: 19 Feb 23 - 19 Feb 23

Comments: FWS @ 90m. Target Macleod (MM) & Nammuldi (MU) BWT for pore pressure monitoring. 2 intervals of slotted casing used due to stock unavailability & meet target criteria.

TOC RL: 518.93 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 63.10 MBTOC (20 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 518.93 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			GC	L			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Yellow and Grey and green, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (100.00-154.00)
110		MM					UNMINERALISED BIF, (MU), Grey and Blue and light or white, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
120			CJ	S								
130	SF											
140												
150		MU										
160												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (154.00-166.00)
170												END CAP (166.00) FALLBACK (166.00- 168.00)
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0260 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 212422.78	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410283.74	0.0 - 162.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 516.03							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -80-->180							
Construct: 25 Feb 23 - 27 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS @ 60m. Target West Angela and Detritals for pore pressure monitoring VWP.							

TOC RL: 516.85 (Stickup 0.82m) (drilled) SWL: 61.61 MBTOC (27 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.85 (Stickup 0.82m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZY	HS			SILT, sandy, trace gravel, (SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-58.00)
10		ST3	ZK	HS			CLAY, sandy, trace gravel, (CLAY), Red and Brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20												
30		CY3										
40												
50	Sf		ZY	HS			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Very Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
60		TD2	ZG	KL			GRAVEL, clayey, trace sand, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm: Drillers screened up to the water table (58.00-160.00)
70		VB2	ZK	G3			CLAY, silty, trace sand, (CLAY), Light or White and Grey and pink, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
80												
90		CY2										
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0260 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 212422.78	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410283.74	0.0 - 162.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	BF2
Surface RL: 516.03							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -80-->180							
Construct: 25 Feb 23 - 27 Feb 23							
Comments: FWS @ 60m. Target West Angela and Detritals for pore pressure monitoring VWP.							

TOC RL: 516.85 (Stickup 0.82m) (drilled) SWL: 61.61 MBTOC (27 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 516.85 (Stickup 0.82m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		CY2	ZK	G3			CLAY, silty, trace sand, (CLAY), Light or White and Grey and pink, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-angular SHALE, (WA2), Dark or Black and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm: Drillers screened up to the water table (58.00-160.00)
110			JS	GN								
120	SF											
130		WA2										
140	MG											
150												
160		WA1	JG	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Light or White and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					END CAP (160.00) FALLBACK (160.00- 162.00)
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0261 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 212438.21	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410060.92	0.0 - 150.0	WLSRC40	RHF	140		WLS	ML4
Surface RL: 520.06							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -70-->180							
Construct: 01 Mar 23 - 01 Mar 23							
Comments: FWS @ 72m. Target Macleod and Namuldi for pore pressure monitoring VWP.							

TOC RL: 520.98 (Stickup 0.80m) (drilled) SWL: 67.10 MBTOC (01 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.98 (Stickup 0.80m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZY	HJ			SILT, sandy, trace gravel, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-108.00)
10	SF	GS3					MINERALISED BIF, (MN), Grey and Yellow and green, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
20	MG		HJ	GL								
30												
40												
50												
60	SF		LG	JS			MINERALISED BIF, (MM), Yellow and Grey, Slightly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70												
80												
90												
100												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0261 Hole Length: 150.00

Easting: 212438.21	Depth: 0.0 - 150.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC40	Type: RHF	Size: 140	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: ML4
Northing: 7410060.92							
Surface RL: 520.06							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -70-->180							
Construct: 01 Mar 23 - 01 Mar 23							
Comments: FWS @ 72m. Target Macleod and Namuldi for pore pressure monitoring VWP.							

TOC RL: 520.98 (Stickup 0.80m) (drilled) SWL: 67.10 MBTOC (01 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 520.98 (Stickup 0.80m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			LG	JS			MINERALISED BIF, (MM), Yellow and Grey, Slightly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-108.00)
110	SF	MM										
120			CJ		●		UNMINERALISED BIF, (MU), Green and Grey and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
130	MG				●							
140	BG				●							
150	HG	MU			●							
150												END CAP (150.00)
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0262 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 198392.72	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410112.25	0.0 - 200.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	JC3, KM4
Surface RL: 548.12	200.0 - 230.0	EWMWW06	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 08 Jan 23 - 10 Jan 23							
Comments: Monitoring bore to investigate potable replacement bore location.							

TOC RL: 548.90 (Stickup 0.76m) (drilled) SWL: 107.84 MBTOC (03 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 548.90 (Stickup 0.76m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes		
0	SF	SZ	ZJI	KY			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-99.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-230.00)		
10	MG		GF	LS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Light or White and Yellow and grey, Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock							
20	SF	MM	GH	SL			MINERALISED BIF, (N1), Light or White and Grey and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock							
30	MG													
40	SF													
50	MG	N1	HG	LS1			MINERALISED BIF, (N2), Yellow and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock							
60	SF													
70	MG	N2	HG	LS1										
80	SF													
90	MG	N2	HG	LS1										
100	SF													

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0262 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 198392.72	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410112.25	0.0 - 200.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	JC3, KM4
Surface RL: 548.12	200.0 - 230.0	EWMWW06	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 08 Jan 23 - 10 Jan 23							
Comments: Monitoring bore to investigate potable replacement bore location.							

TOC RL: 548.90 (Stickup 0.76m) (drilled) SWL: 107.84 MBTOC (03 Mar 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 548.90 (Stickup 0.76m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes		
200	MG	N3	GC				UNMINERALISED BIF, (N3), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	8030	8.4	3		GRAVEL MED (5.00-230.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (99.00-230.00)		
210								8010	8.4	3				
220	HG		GC	Q			UNMINERALISED BIF, (N3), Light or White and Yellow and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	900	8.2	4				
220		JN	E				DOLERITE, (JN), Light or White and Blue, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock	950	8.2	4				
230								950	8.2	4				END CAP (230.00)
240														
250														
260														
270														
280														
290														
300														

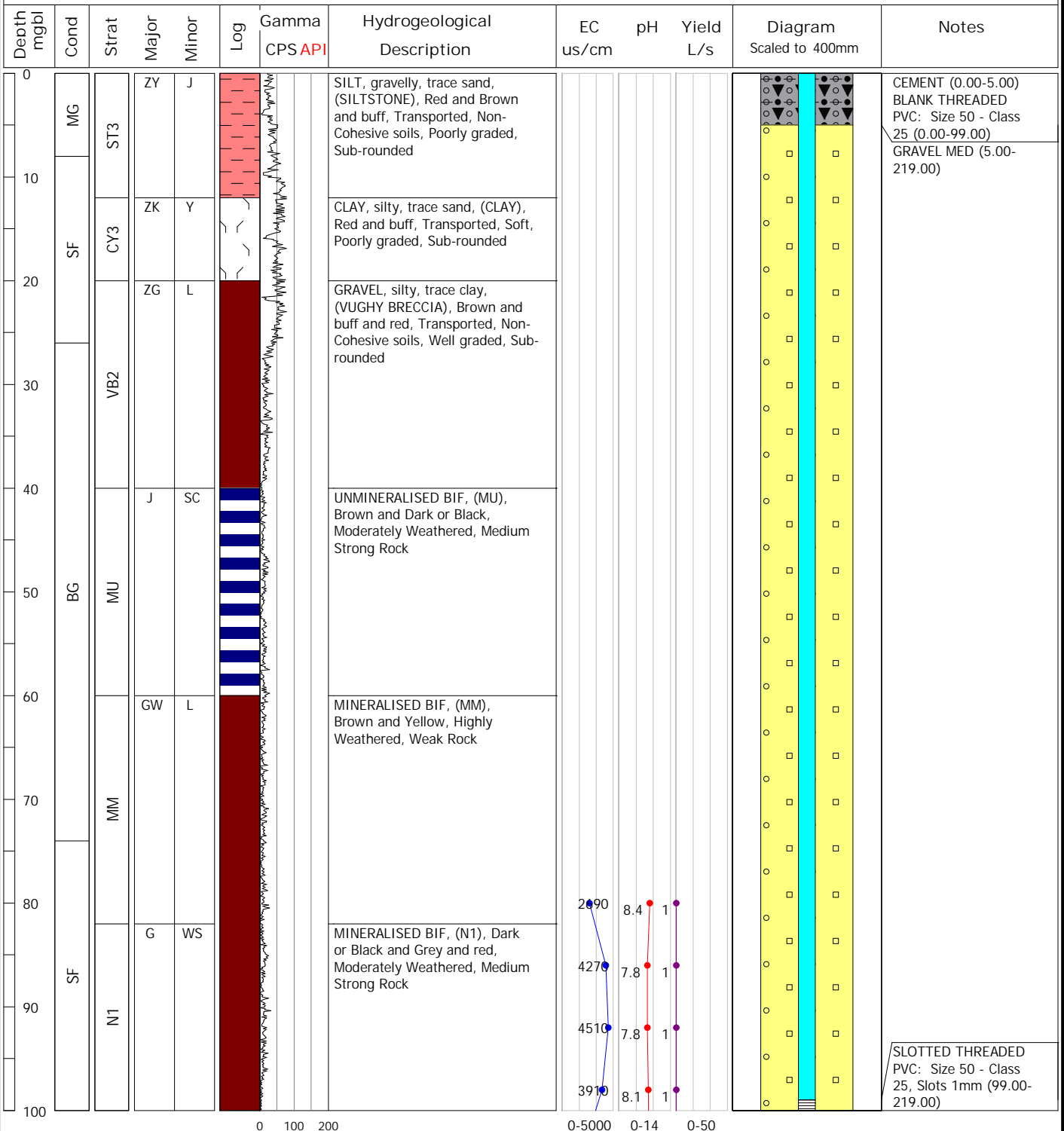
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0263 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 198546.53	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410101.57	0.0 - 182.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 547.43	182.0 - 224.0	EWMWW06	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Jan 23 - 17 Jan 23							
Comments: MB to site potable PB location. FWS @ 86m. Drilled to 224m and installed to 219m but due to broken ground unable to tag hole past 162m.							

TOC RL: 547.43 (Stickup 0.49m) (drilled) SWL: 107.03 MBTOC (17 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.43 (Stickup 0.49m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



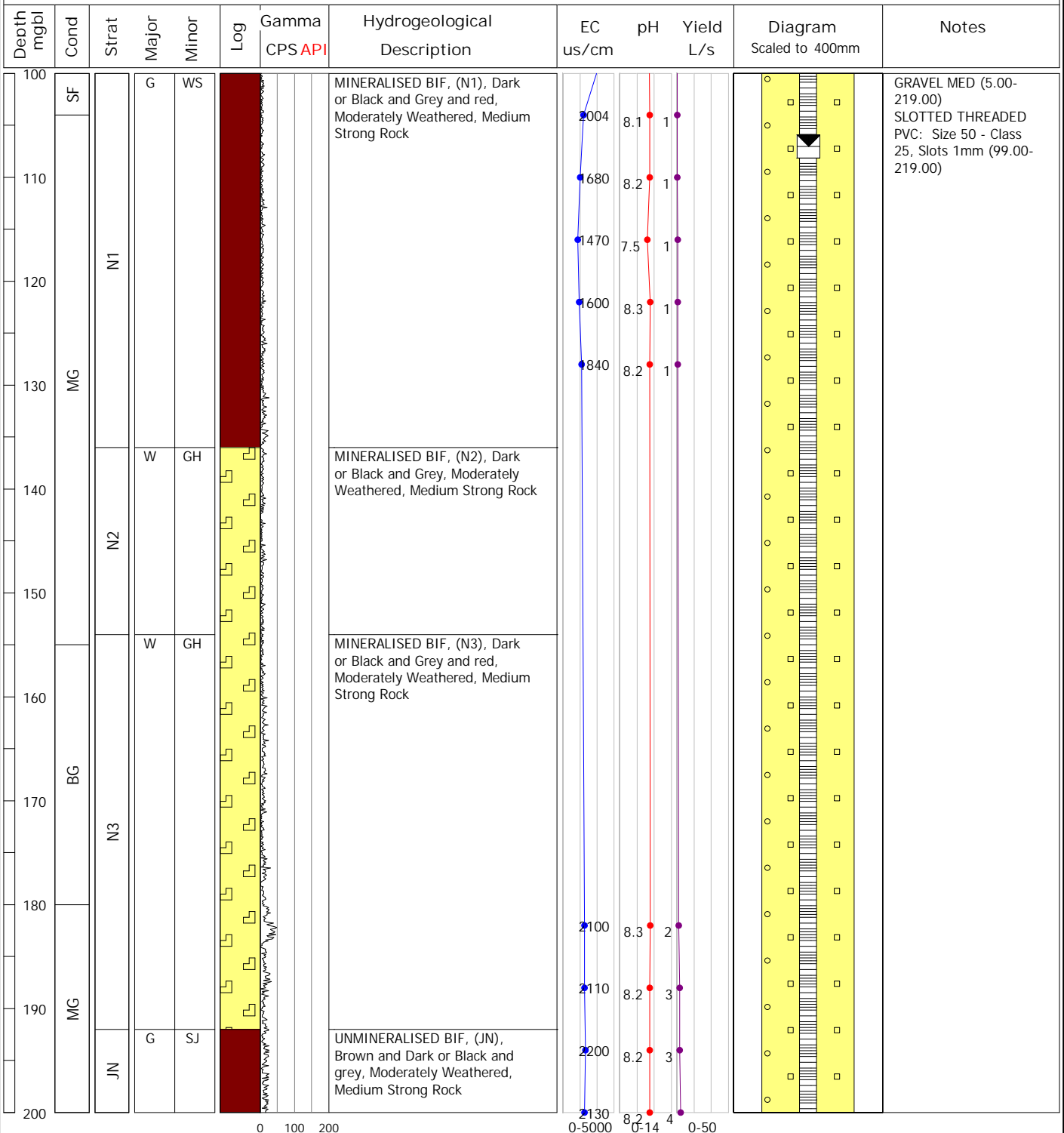
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0263 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 198546.53	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410101.57	0.0 - 182.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 547.43	182.0 - 224.0	EWMWW06	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Jan 23 - 17 Jan 23							
Comments: MB to site potable PB location. FWS @ 86m. Drilled to 224m and installed to 219m but due to broken ground unable to tag hole past 162m.							

TOC RL: 547.43 (Stickup 0.49m) (drilled) SWL: 107.03 MBTOC (17 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.43 (Stickup 0.49m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0264 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 198696.07
 Northing: 7410122.54
 Surface RL: 546.76
 Grid Name: MGA94_51
 Incl / Azm: -90-->0

Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
0.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3
146.0 - 230.0	EWMWW06	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3

Construct: 21 Jan 23 - 06 Feb 23

Comments: EC values between 110-146m are anomalous. Difficult ground conditions, hole bridging below 180m, PVC installed to 178m.

TOC RL: 547.38 (Stickup 0.54m) (drilled) SWL: 106.72 MBTOC (06 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.38 (Stickup 0.54m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth mgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0	UG	SZ	ZJ	CK			GRAVEL, clayey, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-100.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-178.00)
10	SF		ZJ	KXI			GRAVEL, clayey, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20	UG	TD3										
30												
40												
50			CJ	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Red and Light or White and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60	SF	MM										
70												
80												
90	BG		G	SL			MINERALISED BIF, (MN), Yellow and Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
100	MG	MN										SLOTTED THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25, Slots 1mm (100.00-178.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0264 Hole Length: 230.00

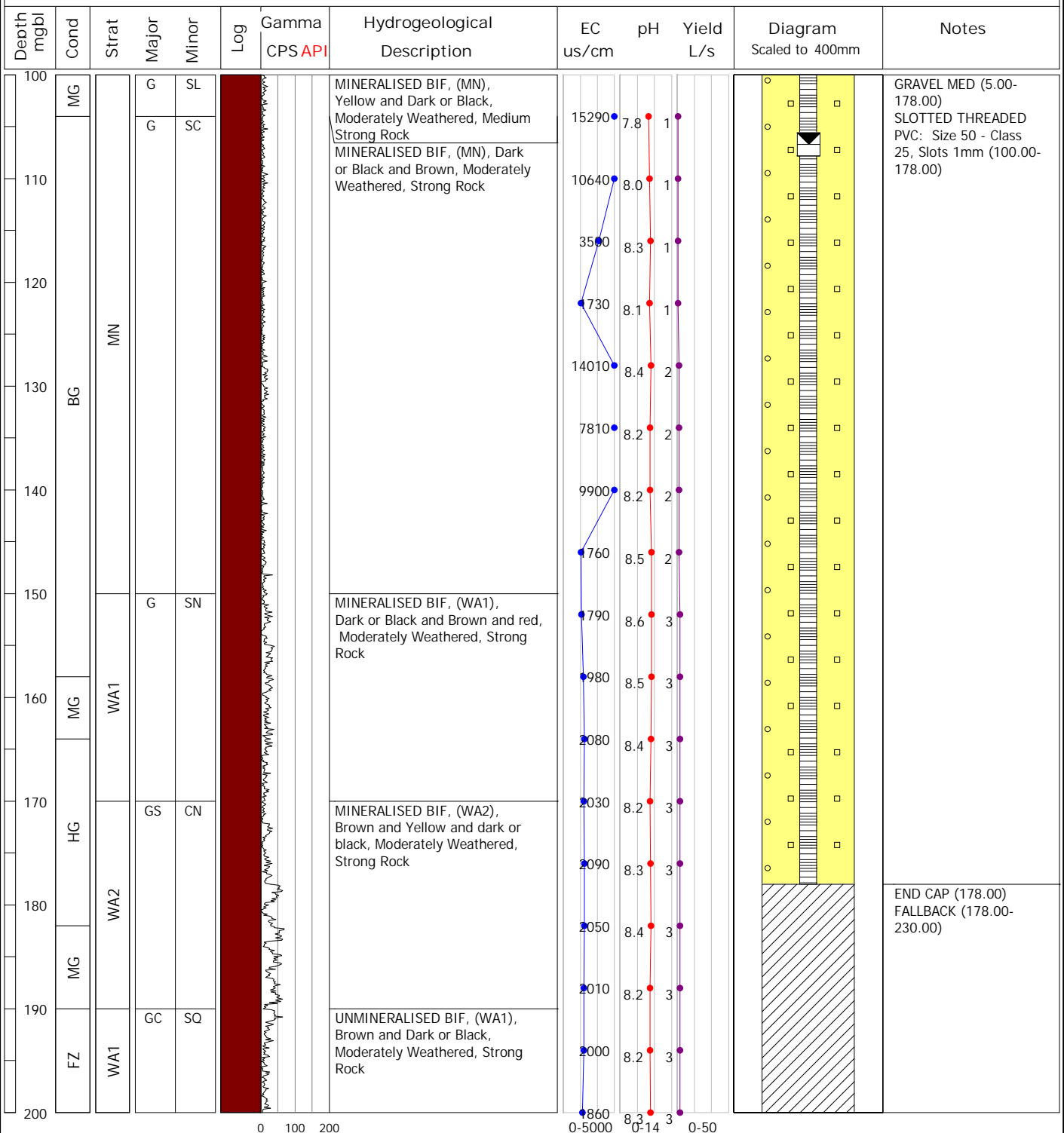
Easting: 198696.07
 Northing: 7410122.54
 Surface RL: 546.76
 Grid Name: MGA94_51
 Incl / Azm: -90-->0

Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
0.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3
146.0 - 230.0	EWMWW06	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3

Construct: 21 Jan 23 - 06 Feb 23

Comments: EC values between 110-146m are anomalous. Difficult ground conditions, hole bridging below 180m, PVC installed to 178m.

TOC RL: 547.38 (Stickup 0.54m) (drilled) SWL: 106.72 MBTOC (06 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.38 (Stickup 0.54m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0264 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 198696.07	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410122.54	0.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 546.76	146.0 - 230.0	EWMWW06	CH	250		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							

Construct: 21 Jan 23 - 06 Feb 23

Comments: EC values between 110-146m are anomalous. Difficult ground conditions, hole bridging below 180m, PVC installed to 178m.

TOC RL: 547.38 (Stickup 0.54m) (drilled) SWL: 106.72 MBTOC (06 Feb 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.38 (Stickup 0.54m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
200	FZ	VA1	GC	SQ			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Brown and Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	860	8.3	3		FALLBACK (178.00- 230.00)
210	BG	JN	CJ	E			UNMINERALISED BIF, (JN), Dark or Black and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	1020	8.0	3		
220	HG	WA1	CJ	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Dark or Black and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	990	8.2	3		
230								1020	8.0	3		
								1040	8.1	3		

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0265 Hole Length: 226.00

Easting: 198811.13	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410091.77	0.0 - 6.0	WLDRIG4	CH	300		WELLDRILL	NK3
Surface RL: 546.52	6.0 - 226.0	WLDRIG4	CH	200		WELLDRILL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 19 Dec 22 - 04 Jan 23							
Comments: 8"steel surface casing grouted in from 0-108m to close off broken material above.							

TOC RL: 547.09 (Stickup 0.55m) (drilled) SWL: 106.61 MBTOC (04 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.09 (Stickup 0.55m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 04 Jan 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZJ	KY	[Pattern]		GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Pink, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T. 6.35mm (0.00-6.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 8" - W.T. 6.35mm (0.00-108.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-111.00) GRAVEL MED (0.00-226.00)
10		GS3										
20			GZ	K	[Pattern]		GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown and Pink and grey, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
30	SF											
40		VB2										
50			ZK	Y	[Pattern]		CLAY, silty, trace gravel, (CLAY), buff and Red, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
60		CY2										
70			GJ	LS	[Pattern]		MINERALISED BIF, (MM), Brown and Yellow and grey, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
80	MG											
90		MM										
100												

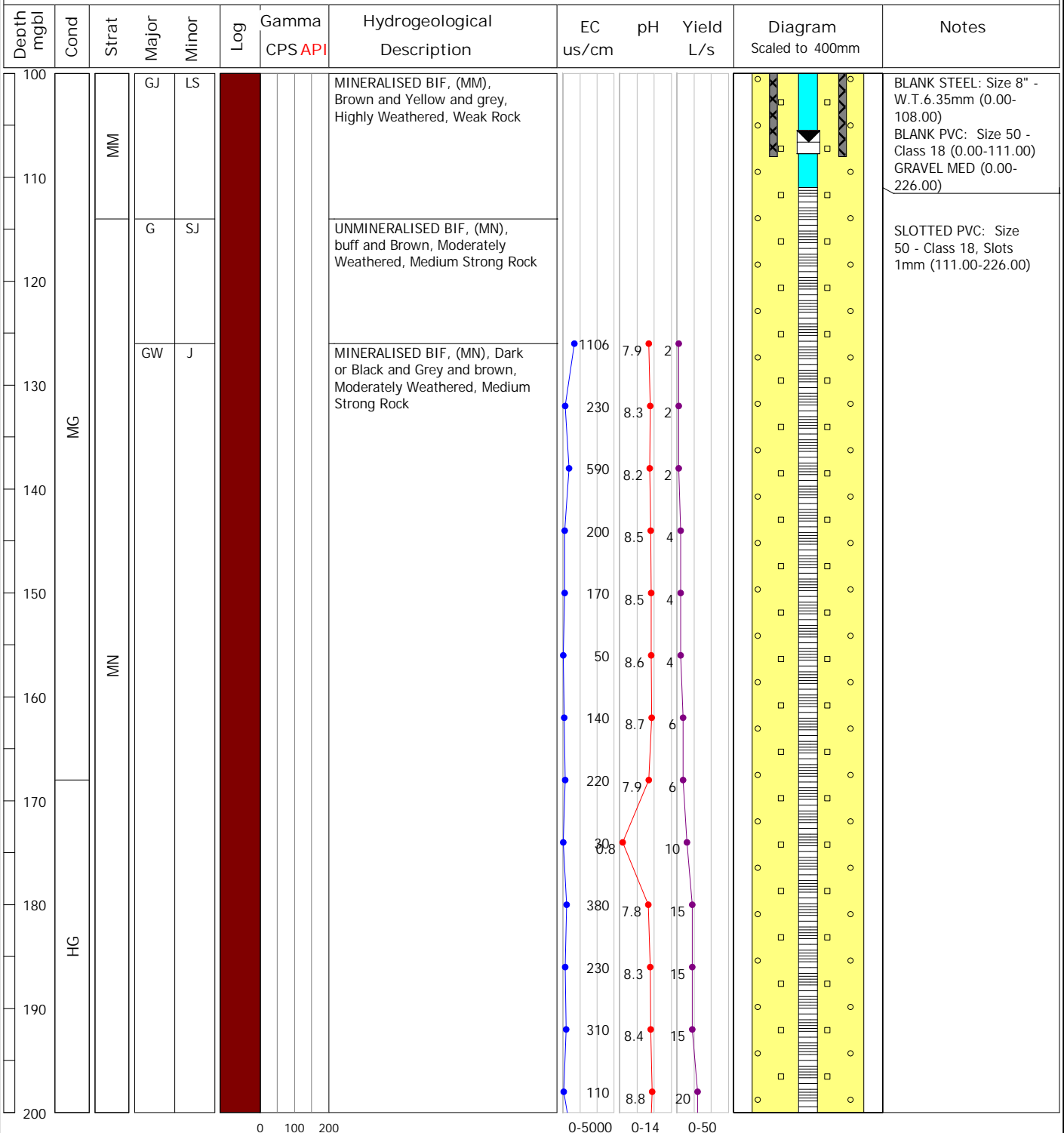
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0265 Hole Length: 226.00

Easting: 198811.13	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410091.77	0.0 - 6.0	WLDRI4	CH	300		WELLDRILL	NK3
Surface RL: 546.52	6.0 - 226.0	WLDRI4	CH	200		WELLDRILL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 19 Dec 22 - 04 Jan 23							
Comments: 8"steel surface casing grouted in from 0-108m to close off broken material above.							

TOC RL: 547.09 (Stickup 0.55m) (drilled) SWL: 106.61 MBTOC (04 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.09 (Stickup 0.55m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 04 Jan 2023 Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0265 Hole Length: 226.00

Easting: 198811.13	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410091.77	0.0 - 6.0	WLDRIG4	CH	300		WELLDRILL	NK3
Surface RL: 546.52	6.0 - 226.0	WLDRIG4	CH	200		WELLDRILL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 19 Dec 22 - 04 Jan 23							
Comments: 8"steel surface casing grouted in from 0-108m to close off broken material above.							

TOC RL: 547.09 (Stickup 0.55m) (drilled) SWL: 106.61 MBTOC (04 Jan 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 547.09 (Stickup 0.55m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 04 Jan 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
200			GW	J			MINERALISED BIF, (MN), Dark or Black and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock UNMINERALISED BIF, (JN), Brown and Dark or Black and buff, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	1150	8.1	20		GRAVEL MED (0.00-226.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (111.00-226.00)
		MN	GJ	S				1210	8.6	20		
210		JN					190	8.6	20			
220							340	8.5	20			
230											END CAP (226.00)	
240												
250												
260												
270												
280												
290												
300												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0267 Hole Length: 210.00

Easting: 200496.99	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410047.99	0.0 - 52.0	WLDRIG5	ROT	300		WELLDRILL	NS3
Surface RL: 540.74	52.0 - 210.0	WLDRIG5	CH	200		WELLDRILL	BF2
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 19 Jun 23 - 20 Jun 23							
Comments: FWS at 128 mdbl. Final yield of 1 L/s. Unable to reach TD of 220m due to fallback. Final install 210m.							

TOC RL: 541.68 (Stickup 0.94m) (drilled) SWL: 115.99 MBTOC (23 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 541.68 (Stickup 0.94m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth mdbl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZJ	C	C		GRAVEL, clayey, trace cobble, (SCREE), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) BLANK THREADED STEEL: 324mm (0.00-52.00) BLANK THREADED PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-126.00) GRAVEL MED (0.00-210.00)
10			ZK	J	J		CLAY, gravelly, trace silt, (CLAY), Red, Transported, Soft, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		CY3			J							
30			ZJ	KC	KC		GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
40		GS3			KC							
50	MG		JS	C	C		UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Brown and Red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60		WA1			C							
70			G	WS	WS		UNMINERALISED BIF, (N3), Brown and Grey and yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
80		N3			WS							
90					WS							
100					WS							

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



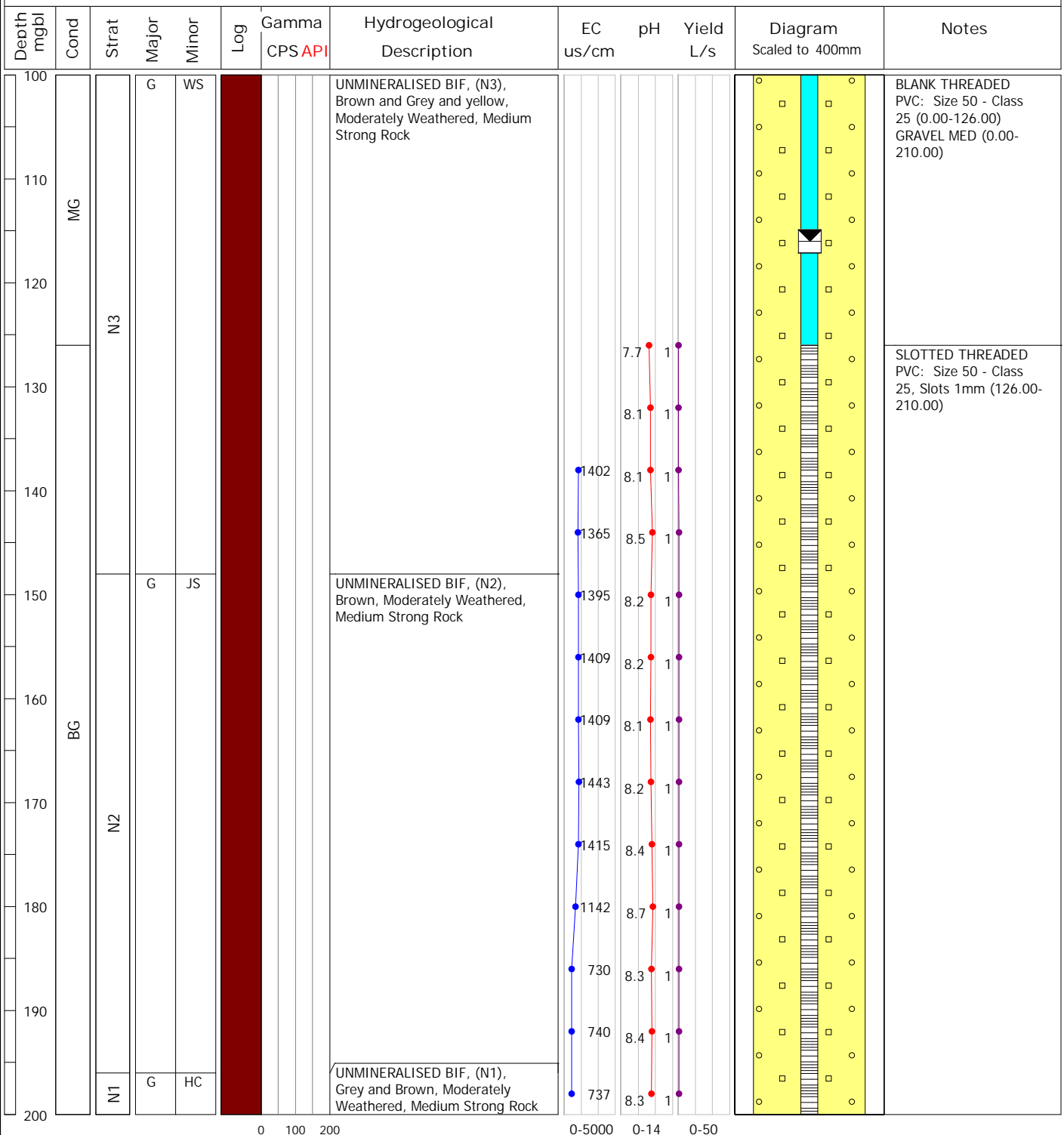
Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0267 Hole Length: 210.00

Easting: 200496.99	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410047.99	0.0 - 52.0	WLDRI5	ROT	300		WELLDRILL	NS3
Surface RL: 540.74	52.0 - 210.0	WLDRI5	CH	200		WELLDRILL	BF2
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							

Construct: 19 Jun 23 - 20 Jun 23

Comments: FWS at 128 mbgl. Final yield of 1 L/s. Unable to reach TD of 220m due to fallback. Final install 210m.

TOC RL: 541.68 (Stickup 0.94m) (drilled) SWL: 115.99 MBTOC (23 Jun 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 541.68 (Stickup 0.94m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0273 Hole Length: 252.00

Easting: 201673.20
 Northing: 7409779.42
 Surface RL: 536.77
 Grid Name: MGA94_51
 Incl / Azm: -90-->0

Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
0.0 - 129.0	WLDRIG5	ROT	300		WELLDRIILL	NS3
129.0 - 252.0	WLDRIG5	CH	200		WELLDRIILL	NS3

Construct: 27 May 23 - 28 May 23

Comments: FWS at 138m. Max yield of 7 L/s. Drilled mud rotary to base of detritals to install surface casing, then CH to target depth.

TOC RL: 537.68 (Stickup 0.84m) (drilled) SWL: 82.30 MBTOC (30 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 537.68 (Stickup 0.84m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZJK	XI			GRAVEL, clayey, trace cobble, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT: PVC stickup headworks. (0.00-5.00) BLANK STEEL: 219mm (0.00-124.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-138.00)
5	SF	TD2	ZJ	XI			GRAVEL, clayey, trace silt, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
10			ZK	JXI			CLAY, gravelly, trace sand, (CLAY), Red and Brown, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					GRAVEL MED (5.00-129.00)
20												
30												
40												
50												
60												
70												
80												
90			ZK6	J			CLAY, sandy, trace gravel, (CLAY), Dark or Black, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
95							CLAY, gravelly, trace sand, (CLAY), Light or White and Brown, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
100			ZK	J								

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0273 Hole Length: 252.00

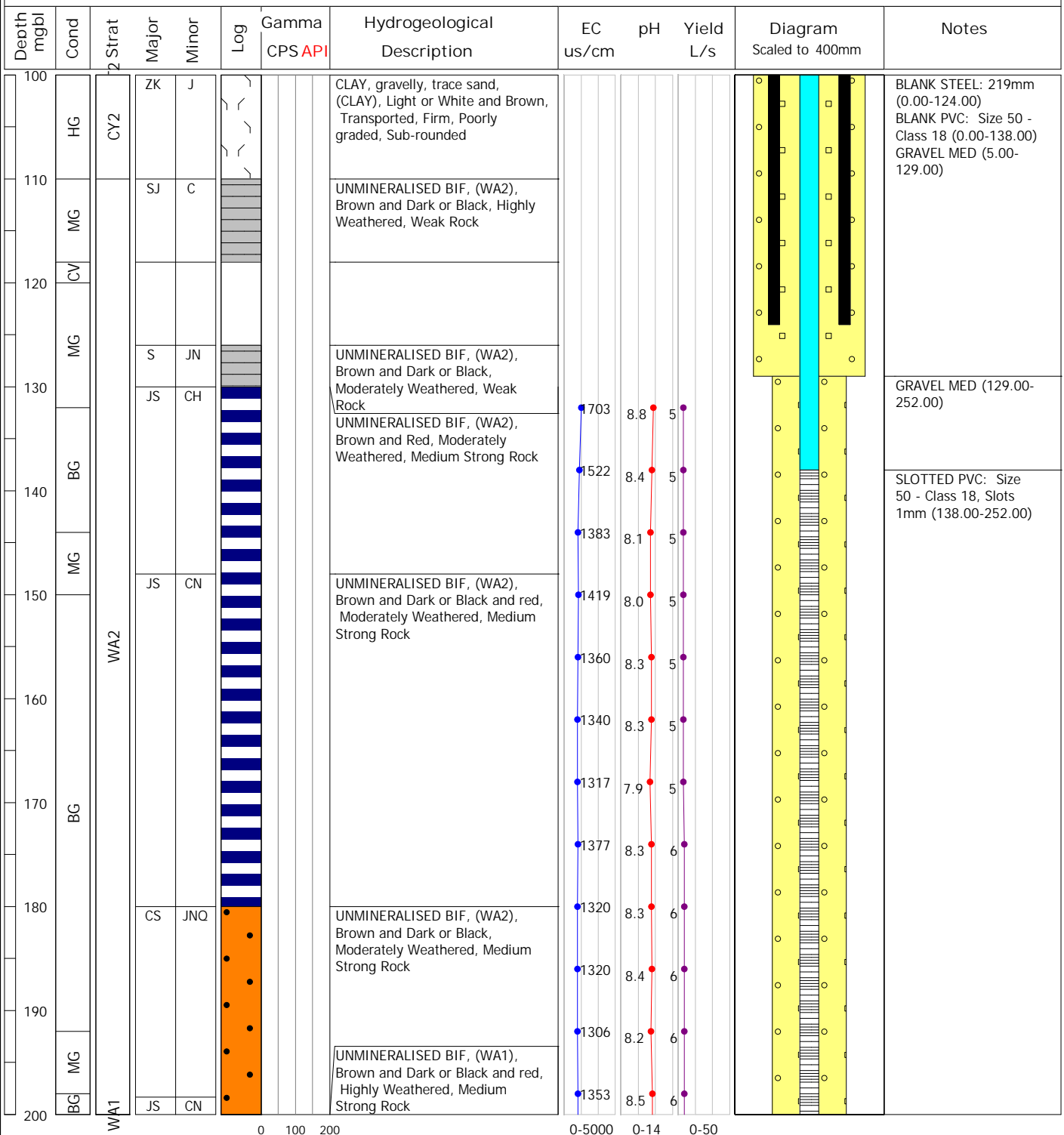
Easting: 201673.20
 Northing: 7409779.42
 Surface RL: 536.77
 Grid Name: MGA94_51
 Incl / Azm: -90-->0

Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
0.0 - 129.0	WLDRIG5	ROT	300		WELLDRILL	NS3
129.0 - 252.0	WLDRIG5	CH	200		WELLDRILL	NS3

Construct: 27 May 23 - 28 May 23

Comments: FWS at 138m. Max yield of 7 L/s. Drilled mud rotary to base of detritals to install surface casing, then CH to target depth.

TOC RL: 537.68 (Stickup 0.84m) (drilled) SWL: 82.30 MBTOC (30 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 537.68 (Stickup 0.84m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



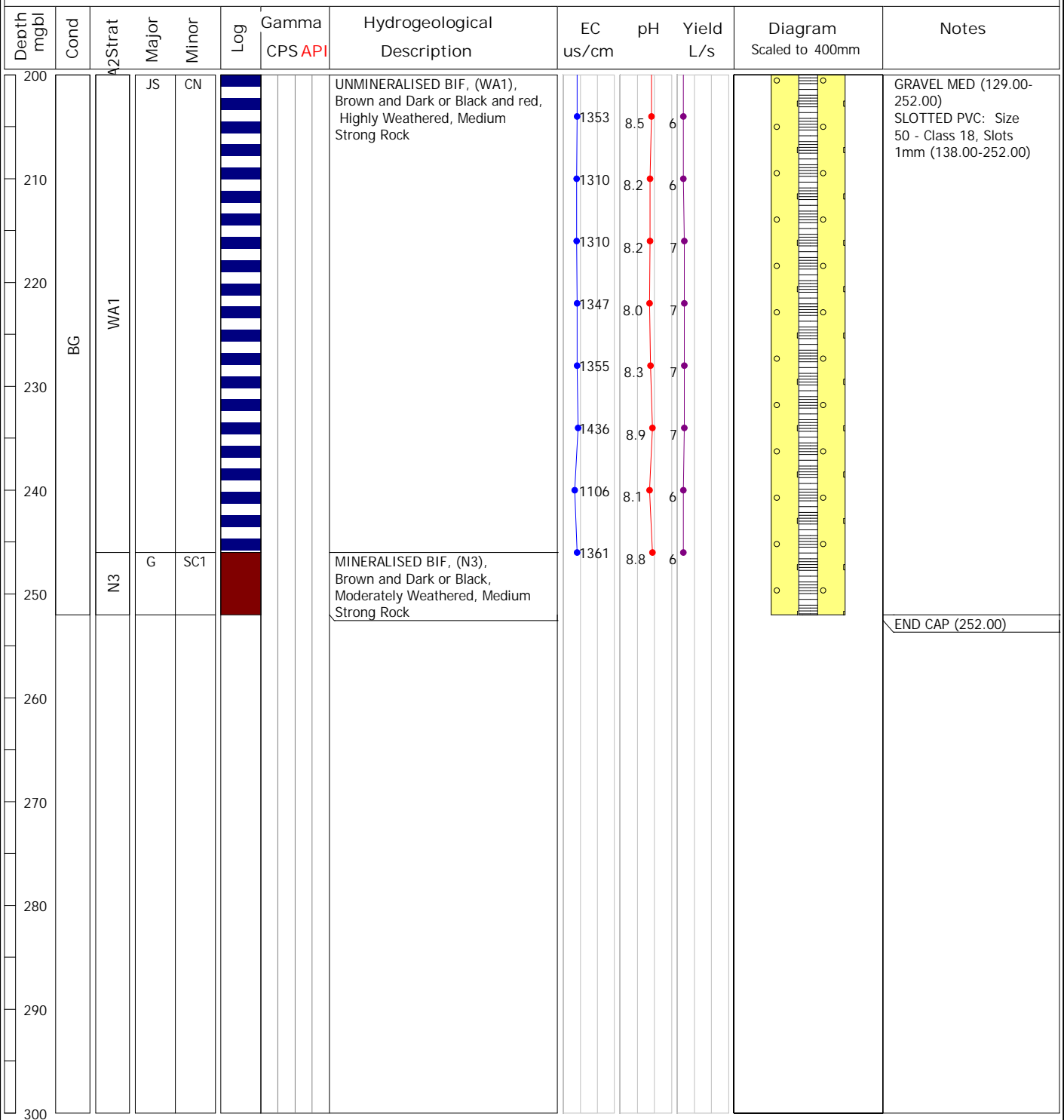
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0273 Hole Length: 252.00

Easting: 201673.20	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409779.42	0.0 - 129.0	WLDRIG5	ROT	300		WELLDRILL	NS3
Surface RL: 536.77	129.0 - 252.0	WLDRIG5	CH	200		WELLDRILL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 27 May 23 - 28 May 23							
Comments: FWS at 138m. Max yield of 7 L/s. Drilled mud rotary to base of detritals to install surface casing, then CH to target depth.							

TOC RL: 537.68 (Stickup 0.84m) (drilled) SWL: 82.30 MBTOC (30 May 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 537.68 (Stickup 0.84m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: - Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0275 Hole Length: 192.00

Easting: 199555.57	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409975.01	0.0 - 12.0	WLDWW07	CH	300		WELLDRILL	JP10
Surface RL: 544.53	12.0 - 192.0	WLDWW07	CH	200		WELLDRILL	JP10
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 20 Aug 23 - 21 Aug 23							
Comments: Hole terminated @ 192m due to unstable ground & potential for hole to be compromised. FWS @ 126 mngl. Drilled to N2 strat.							

TOC RL: 545.50 (Stickup 0.93m) (drilled) SWL: 118.03 MBTOC (22 Aug 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 545.50 (Stickup 0.93m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 23 Aug 2023 Final EC: -

Depth mngl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			J	GLC	N1		UNMINERALISED BIF, (N1), Brown and Yellow and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					PERFORATED END CAP (0.00) CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK STEEL: 219mm (0.00-12.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 25 (0.00-137.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00- 12.00) GRAVEL MED: 6T (12.00-191.00)
10		SF			N1							
20					N1							
30			JG	SL	N2		UNMINERALISED BIF, (N2), Yellow and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
40		BG			N2							
50		SF			N2							
60		MG			N2							
70			J	GSL	N2		UNMINERALISED BIF, (N2), Brown and Yellow and grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
80		BG			N2							
90					N2							
100					N2							

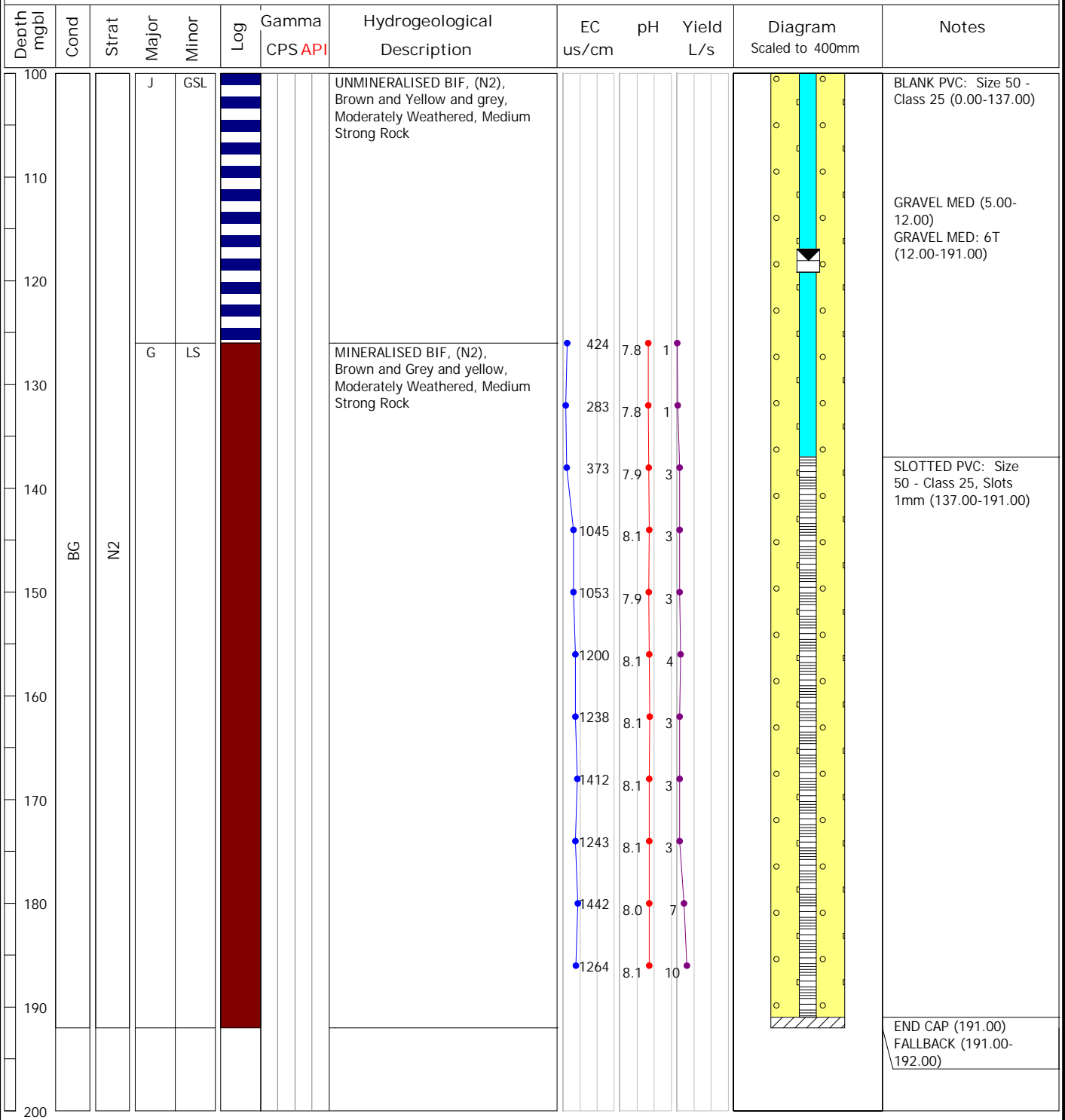
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0275 Hole Length: 192.00

Easting: 199555.57	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409975.01	0.0 - 12.0	WLDWW07	CH	300		WELLDRIILL	JP10
Surface RL: 544.53	12.0 - 192.0	WLDWW07	CH	200		WELLDRIILL	JP10
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 20 Aug 23 - 21 Aug 23							
Comments: Hole terminated @ 192m due to unstable ground & potential for hole to be compromised. FWS @ 126 mngbl. Drilled to N2 strat.							

TOC RL: 545.50 (Stickup 0.93m) (drilled) SWL: 118.03 MBTOC (22 Aug 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 545.50 (Stickup 0.93m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 23 Aug 2023 Final EC: -



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0283 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 203155.46	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410106.28	0.0 - 162.0	WLSRC45	RHF	146		WLS	FH
Surface RL: 534.19							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -60-->199							
Construct: 23 Sep 23 - 27 Sep 23							
Comments: FWS @ 84mbgl with VB2 from 102 - 160m. The expected LT2 was not intersected.							

TOC RL: 534.73 (Stickup 0.62m) (drilled) SWL: 93.73 MBTOC (27 Sep 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 534.73 (Stickup 0.62m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 26 Sep 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			ZHJ	C			GRAVEL, silty, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup and hanging plates (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-88.00)
10		TD3	ZKH	Y		GRAVEL, clayey, (SILTSTONE), buff and Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular						
20			Z			CLAY, (CLAY), Red and Light or White and brown, Transported, Stiff, Uniform, Rounded						
30												
40												
50												
60												
70												
80			Z				CLAY, trace gravel, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow and red, Transported, Stiff, Uniform, Rounded					
90												
100												SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (88.00-160.00)

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0283 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 203155.46	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410106.28	0.0 - 162.0	WLSRC45	RHF	146		WLS	FH
Surface RL: 534.19							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -60-->199							
Construct: 23 Sep 23 - 27 Sep 23							
Comments: FWS @ 84mbgl with VB2 from 102 - 160m. The expected LT2 was not intersected.							

TOC RL: 534.73 (Stickup 0.62m) (drilled) SWL: 93.73 MBTOC (27 Sep 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 534.73 (Stickup 0.62m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 26 Sep 2023 Final EC: -

Depth mgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100		CY2	Z	KW			CLAY, trace gravel, (CLAY), Light or White and Yellow and red, Transported, Stiff, Uniform, Rounded					SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (88.00-160.00)
110			ZG			CLAY, gravelly, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Dark or Black, Transported, Stiff, Uniform, Rounded						
120												
130	MG	TD2										
140												
150												
160												END CAP (160.00) FALLBACK (160.00-162.00)
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0287 Hole Length: 183.00

Easting: 206448.51	Depth: 0.0 - 183.0	Drill Rig: WLSRC45	Type: RHF	Size: 146	Fluid:	Drilled By: WLS	Logged By: FH
Northing: 7410012.73							
Surface RL: 525.42							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -89-->85							

Construct: 30 Sep 23 - 30 Sep 23

Comments: FWS not recorded as driller could not estimate a depth given the thick clay interval being drilled. Hole deviated from 100-150m?

TOC RL: 525.96 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 98.19 MBTOC (01 Oct 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 525.96 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 30 Sep 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0		SZ	ZJG	HQ			GRAVEL, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					PERFORATED END CAP: PVC stickup and hanging plates (0.00) BLANK PVC: Size 150 - Class 9 (B/C) (0.00-6.00) BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-102.00)
10	SF		ZIK	GQ			GRAVEL, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown and light or white, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
20		TD3										
30												
40	SF											
50			Z3	K			GRAVEL, (CALCRETE), Red and Light or White, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
60												
70		TD2	ZG	LK			GRAVEL, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Brown and Yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
80			ZK				CLAY, (CLAY), buff and Light or White and pink, Transported, Stiff, Uniform, Rounded					
90	MG											
100		WA2	JC	N			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Yellow and Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0287 Hole Length: 183.00

Easting: 206448.51	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410012.73	0.0 - 183.0	WLSRC45	RHF	146		WLS	FH
Surface RL: 525.42							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -89-->85							

Construct: 30 Sep 23 - 30 Sep 23

Comments: FWS not recorded as driller could not estimate a depth given the thick clay interval being drilled. Hole deviated from 100-150m?

TOC RL: 525.96 (Stickup 0.65m) (drilled) SWL: 98.19 MBTOC (01 Oct 23) Dev: N Final pH: -
 TOC RL: 525.96 (Stickup 0.65m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 30 Sep 2023 Final EC: -

Depth m/bl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
100			JC	N			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), Yellow and Dark or Black, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK PVC: Size 50 - Class 18 (0.00-102.00) SLOTTED PVC: Size 50 - Class 18, Slots 1mm (102.00-180.00)
110		WA2										
120			G	JLS			MINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
130												
140	MG											
150		WA1										
160			C	JL			CHERT, (N3), Brown and Yellow and blue, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					
170												
180		N3										
183												END CAP (180.00) FALLBACK (180.00-183.00)
190												
200												

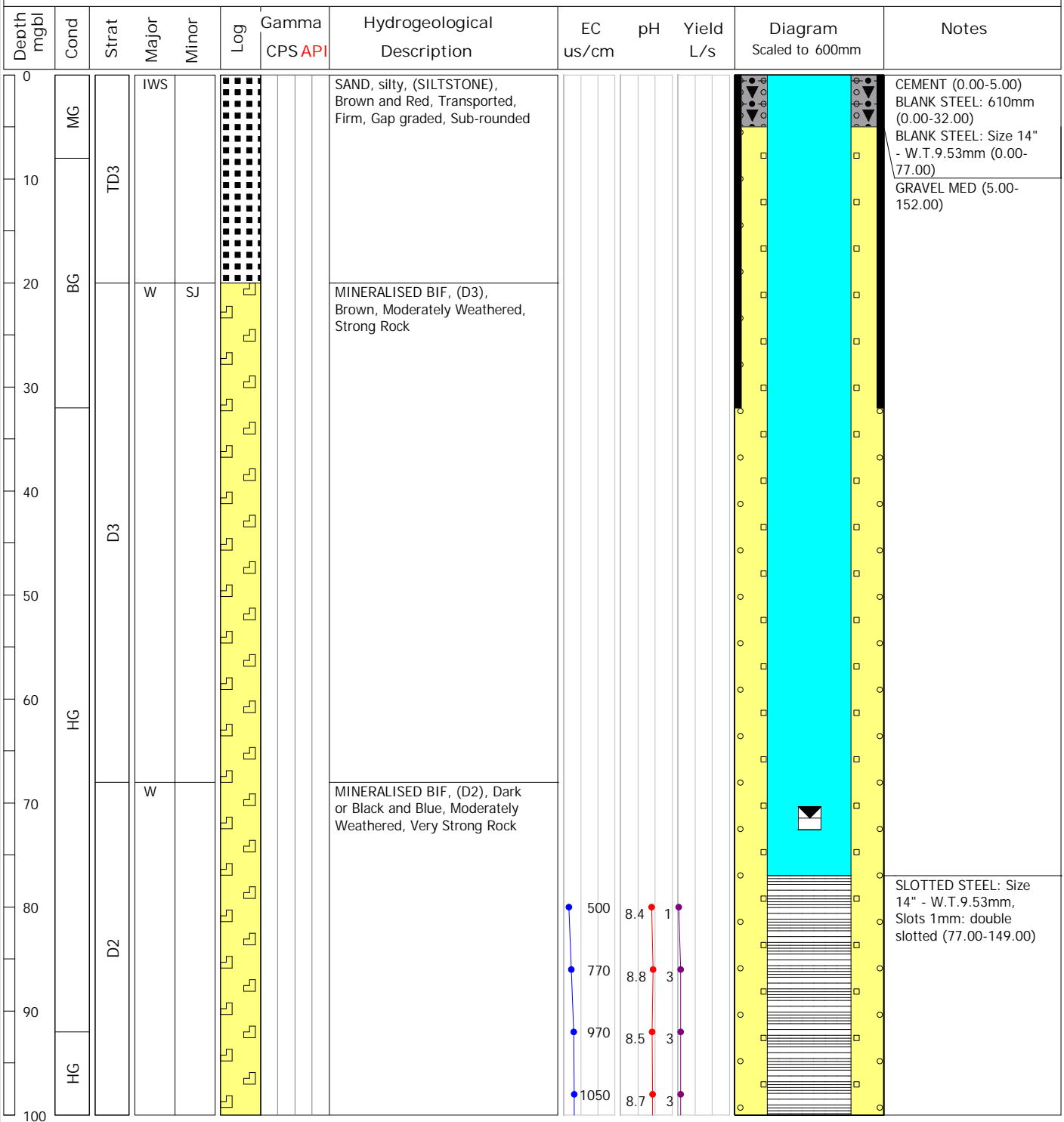
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0057 Hole Length: 152.00

Easting: 218640.33	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411616.97	0.0 - 32.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 529.17	32.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 01 Oct 22 - 12 Oct 22							License: CAW205880
Comments: Terminated @152m,risk of hitting Mt McRae Shales & DR casing getting tight. FWS at 80mbgl.							

TOC RL: 529.49 (Stickup 0.37m) (drilled) SWL: 71.46 MBTOC (12 Oct 22) Dev: Y: 10.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.5
 TOC RL: 529.49 (Stickup 0.37m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 10 Oct 2022 Final EC: 1005.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0057 Hole Length: 152.00

Easting: 218640.33	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By	
Northing: 7411616.97	0.0 - 32.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4	
Surface RL: 529.17	32.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4	
Grid Name: MGA94_51								
Incl / Azm: -90-->0								
Construct: 01 Oct 22 - 12 Oct 22	License: CAW205880							
Comments: Terminated @152m,risk of hitting Mt McRae Shales & DR casing getting tight. FWS at 80mbgl.								

TOC RL: 529.49 (Stickup 0.37m) (drilled) SWL: 71.46 MBTOC (12 Oct 22) Dev: Y: 10.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.5
 TOC RL: 529.49 (Stickup 0.37m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 10 Oct 2022 Final EC: 1005.00

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
100			W		[Log symbols]		MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Dark or Black and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Very Strong Rock	1050	8.7	3		GRAVEL MED (5.00-152.00) SLOTTED STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm, Slots 1mm: double slotted (77.00-149.00)
110	HG						1050	8.4	2			
120		D2					1040	8.7	2			
130							1060	8.6	3			
140	HG		WGS				1000	8.6	4			
150		D1					1010	8.6	4			
160							1010	8.4	4			
170												
180												
190												
200												

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log

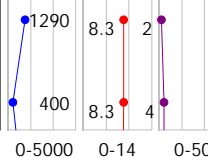


Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0058 Hole Length: 122.00

Easting: 218952.94	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411763.46	0.0 - 37.0	DR5	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 544.42	37.0 - 85.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4, NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	85.0 - 122.0	DR5	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 25 Sep 22 - 01 Oct 22	License: CAW205880						
Comments: Terminated at 122m in McRae shales, meeting termination criteria. FWS at 92 mbgl.							

TOC RL: 544.68 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 86.62 MBGL (01 Oct 22) Dev: Y: 15.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 544.68 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 27 Sep 2022 Final EC: 991.00

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0			GW				MINERALISED BIF, (J1), Blue and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 24" - W.T.9.53mm: 24 inch surface casing left in ground (0.00-24.00)
10		J1										BLANK STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-89.00)
20	MG		SG	J			UNMINERALISED BIF, (W), Light or White and Pink, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					GRAVEL MED (5.00-122.00)
30		W										BLANK STEEL: Size 20" - W.T.9.53mm: 20 inch casing left in ground 0-85m (24.00-85.00)
40	HG		W	SG			MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Extremely Strong Rock					
50	MG											
60	MG	D4										
70	MG		W	CS			MINERALISED BIF, (D3), Brown and Yellow, Slightly Weathered, Extremely Strong Rock					
80	HG	D3										
90	BG		GH	CS			MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Brown and Grey and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					SLOTTED STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm, Slots 1mm (89.00-119.00)
100		D2										



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0058 Hole Length: 122.00

Easting: 218952.94	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411763.46	0.0 - 37.0	DR5	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 544.42	37.0 - 85.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4, NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	85.0 - 122.0	DR5	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 25 Sep 22 - 01 Oct 22	License: CAW205880						
Comments: Terminated at 122m in McRae shales, meeting termination criteria. FWS at 92 mbgl.							

TOC RL: 544.68 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 86.62 MBGL (01 Oct 22) Dev: Y: 15.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 544.68 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 27 Sep 2022 Final EC: 991.00

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
100	BG	D2	GH	CS			MINERALISED BIF, (D2), Brown and Grey and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	1014	8.2	4		GRAVEL MED (5.00-122.00)
110	MG	D1	CS	WG			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D1), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	1022	8.3	3		
120	SF	RU	S	JF			SHALE, (RU), Dark or Black and Pink, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock	1050	8.7	2		
130												BLANK STEEL: Size 20" - W.T.9.53mm: 20 inch casing left in ground 0- 85m (24.00-85.00)
140												SLOTTED STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm, Slots 1mm (89.00- 119.00)
150												3-4L/s
160												BLANK STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm (119.00- 122.00)
170												END CAP (122.00)
180												
190												
200												

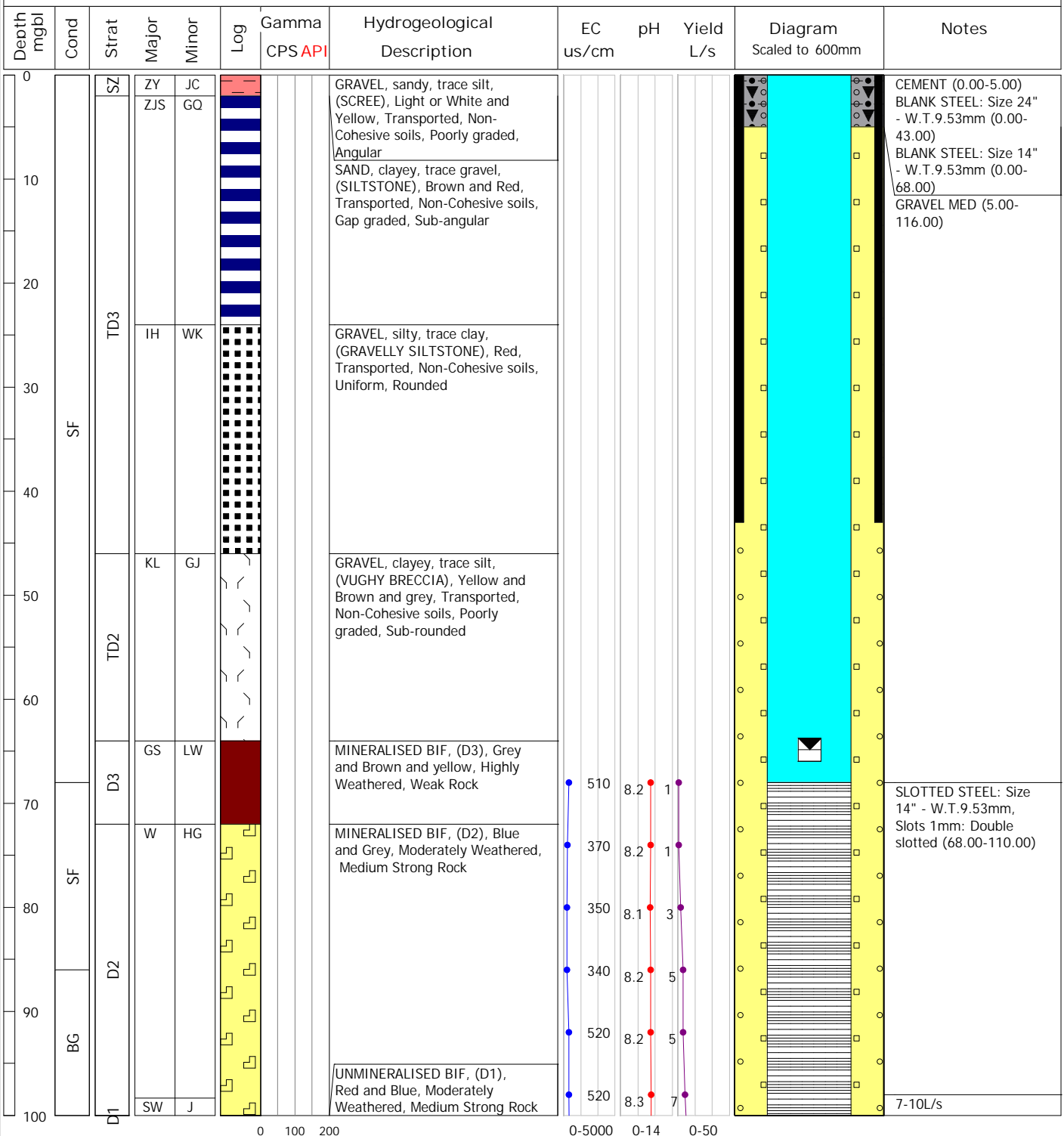
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0059 Hole Length: 116.00

Easting: 219568.33	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411369.48	0.0 - 44.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4, NK3
Surface RL: 524.16	44.0 - 116.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 23 Sep 22 - 28 Sep 22							
Comments: Terminated at 116m in McRae shales, meeting termination criteria for hole. FWS at 72 mbgl.						License: CAW205880	

TOC RL: 524.36 (Stickup 0.21m) (drilled) SWL: 64.84 MBTOC (28 Sep 22) Dev: Y: 22.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 524.36 (Stickup 0.21m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 26 Sep 2022 Final EC: 786.00



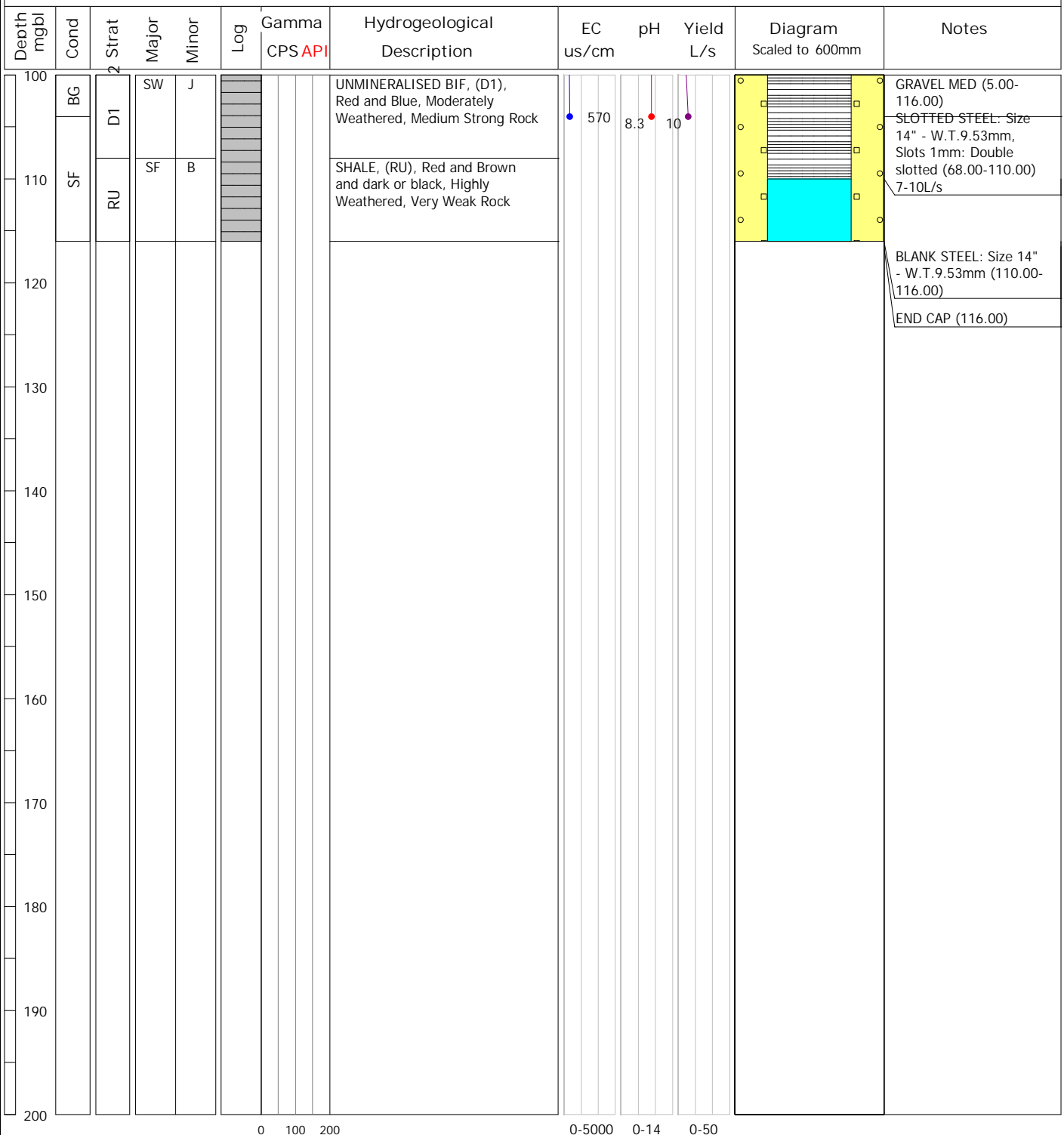
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0059 Hole Length: 116.00

Easting: 219568.33	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411369.48	0.0 - 44.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4, NK3
Surface RL: 524.16	44.0 - 116.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 23 Sep 22 - 28 Sep 22	License: CAW205880						
Comments: Terminated at 116m in McRae shales, meeting termination criteria for hole. FWS at 72 mbgl.							

TOC RL: 524.36 (Stickup 0.21m) (drilled) SWL: 64.84 MBTOC (28 Sep 22) Dev: Y: 22.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 524.36 (Stickup 0.21m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 26 Sep 2022 Final EC: 786.00



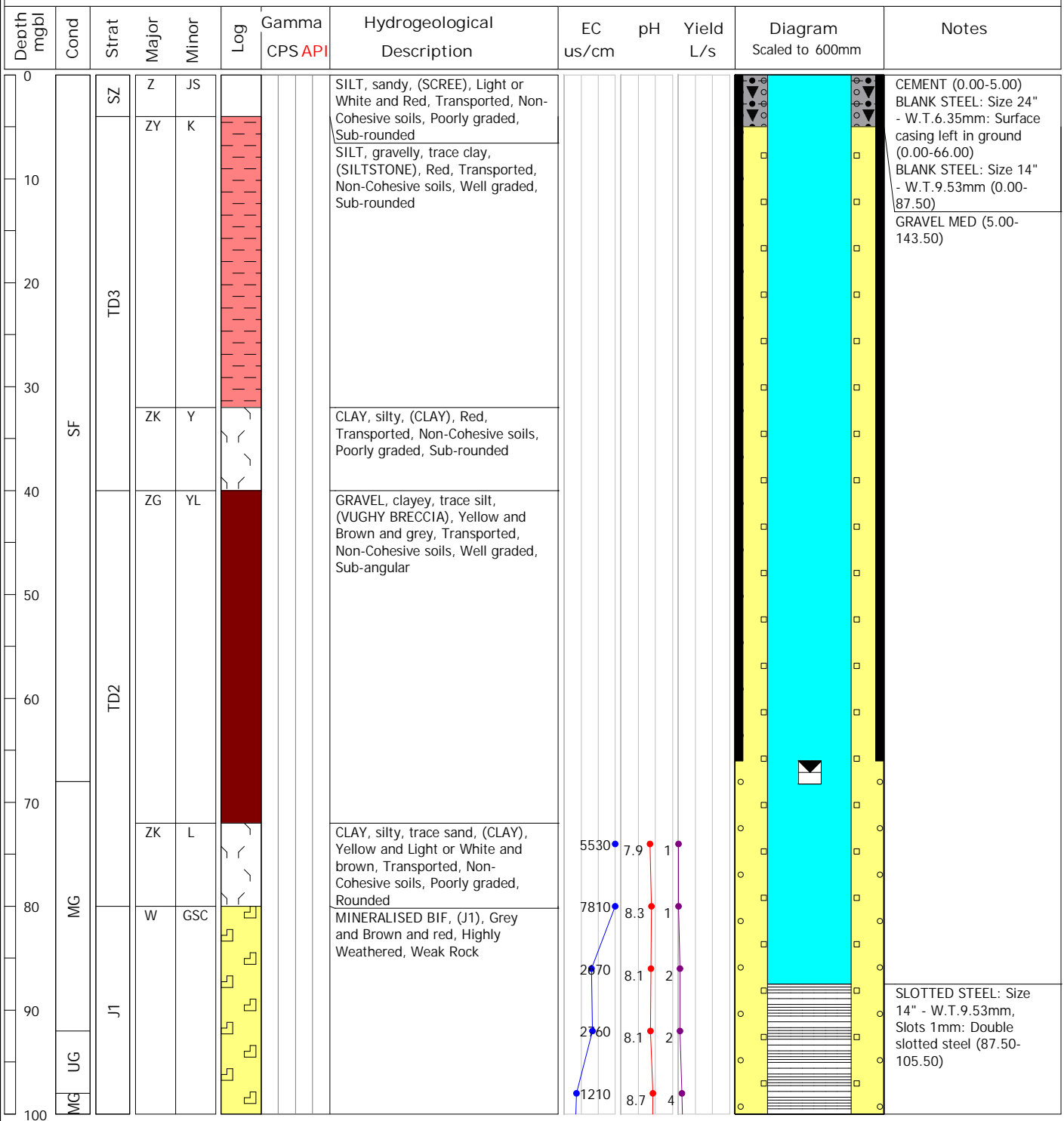
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0060 Hole Length: 152.00

Easting: 219500.90	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412138.68	0.0 - 66.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 525.20	66.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 13 Sep 22 - 18 Sep 22							
Comments: Terminated at 152m. Difficulty due to broken heaving ground & Martite sands @ 128-152mbgl.						License: CAW205880	

TOC RL: 525.50 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 67.15 MBGL (21 Sep 22) Dev: Y: 41.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.0
 TOC RL: 525.50 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 18 Sep 2022 Final EC: 1343.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0060 Hole Length: 152.00

Easting: 219500.90	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412138.68	0.0 - 66.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 525.20	66.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 13 Sep 22 - 18 Sep 22	License: CAW205880						
Comments: Terminated at 152m. Difficulty due to broken heaving ground & Martite sands @ 128-152mbgl.							

TOC RL: 525.50 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 67.15 MBGL (21 Sep 22) Dev: Y: 41.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.0
 TOC RL: 525.50 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 18 Sep 2022 Final EC: 1343.00

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
100		J1	W	GSC			MINERALISED BIF, (J1), Grey and Brown and red, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock	1020	8.6	5		GRAVEL MED (5.00-143.50) SLOTTED STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm, Slots 1mm: Double slotted steel (87.50-105.50)
110		W	SJ	WC		UNMINERALISED BIF, (W), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock		970	8.7	5		
120		D4	W	H			MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Grey and Dark or Black and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	850	8.1	5		BLANK STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm (105.50-117.50)
130		D3	W	HS			MINERALISED BIF, (D3), Grey and Dark or Black and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock	3200	8.4	5		
140								1150	8.7	4		SLOTTED STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm, Slots 1mm: Double slotted steel (117.50-141.50)
150							1010	8.6	5			
160							1110	8.1	5			
170								1090	8.4	5		BLANK STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm (141.50-143.50) FALLBACK (143.50-152.00)
180												
190												
200												

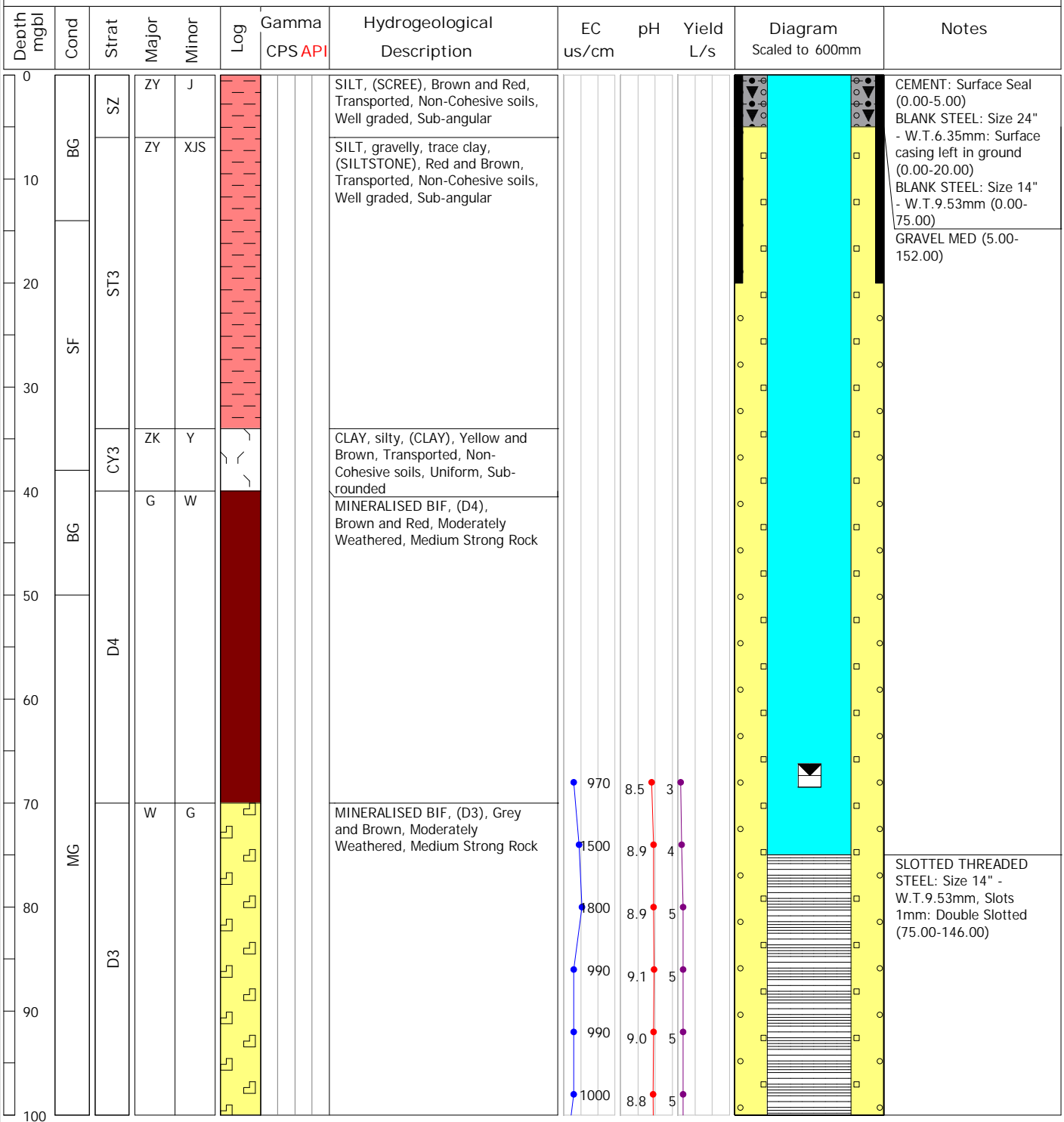
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0061 Hole Length: 152.00

Easting: 219890.09	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411904.30	0.0 - 20.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 524.42	20.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	JC3, KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 27 Aug 22 - 06 Sep 22							License: CAW205880
Comments: PB took 50hrs to develop due to high sediment fines. 0.28 Steel cap stick up.							

TOC RL: 524.72 (Stickup 0.26m) (drilled) SWL: 67.35 MBTOC (06 Sep 22) Dev: Y: 48.2 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 524.72 (Stickup 0.26m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 04 Sep 2022 Final EC: 1267.00



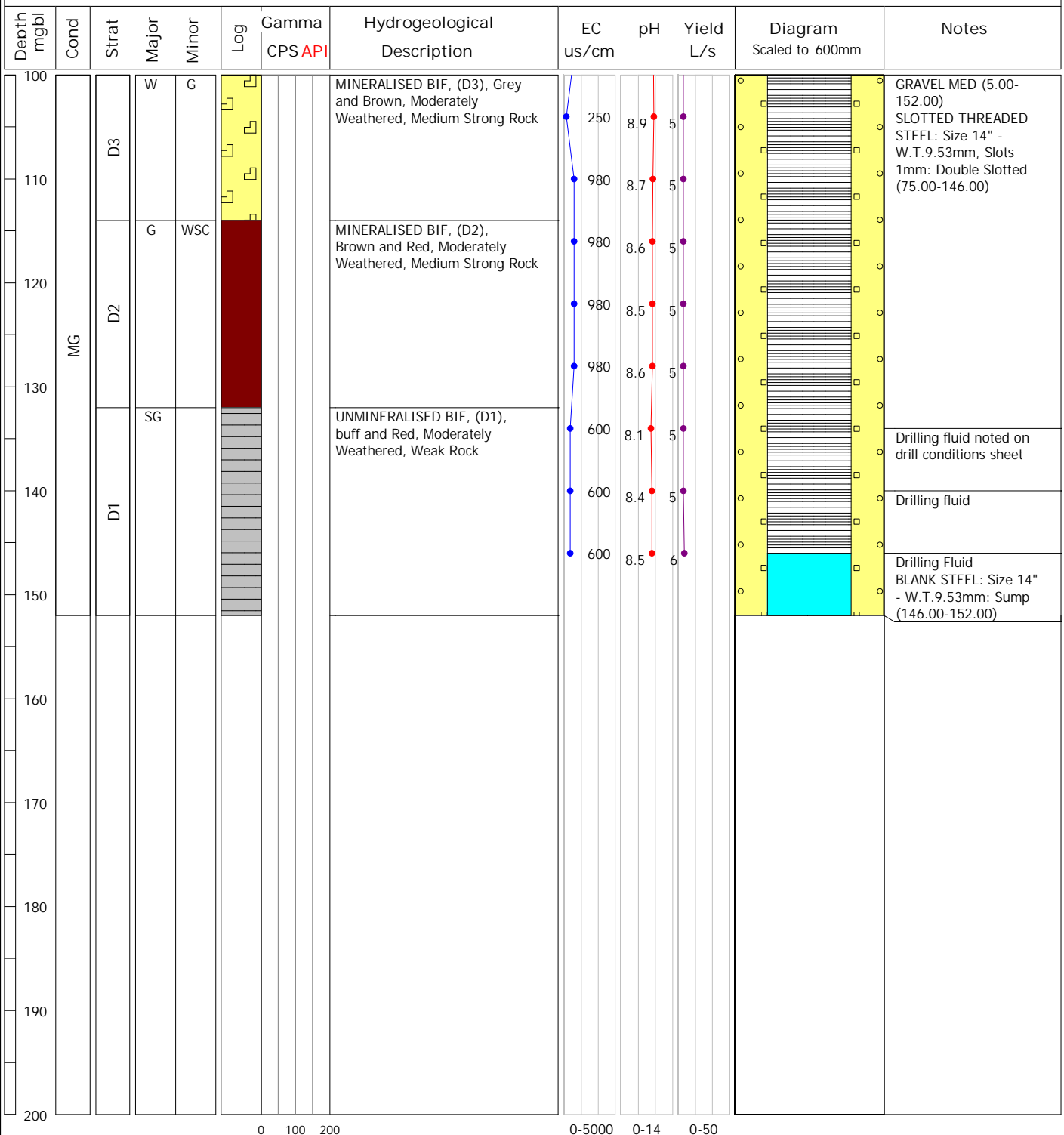
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HEJ0061 Hole Length: 152.00

Easting: 219890.09	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411904.30	0.0 - 20.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 524.42	20.0 - 152.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	JC3, KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 27 Aug 22 - 06 Sep 22							License: CAW205880
Comments: PB took 50hrs to develop due to high sediment fines. 0.28 Steel cap stick up.							

TOC RL: 524.72 (Stickup 0.26m) (drilled) SWL: 67.35 MBTOC (06 Sep 22) Dev: Y: 48.2 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 524.72 (Stickup 0.26m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 04 Sep 2022 Final EC: 1267.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0111 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 204245.09	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411593.73	0.0 - 86.0	DR5	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 551.55	86.0 - 176.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	176.0 - 230.0	DR5	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Apr 23 - 20 Apr 23	License: CAW207661						
Comments: FWS at 128 mbgl. Yield of 20 L/s encountered at 200 mbgl. Pilot hole HFG0092.							

TOC RL: 551.94 (Stickup 0.31m) (drilled) SWL: 113.47 MBTOC (22 Apr 23) Dev: Y: 20.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.8
 TOC RL: 551.94 (Stickup 0.31m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 20 Apr 2023 Final EC: 1590.00

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z				GRAVEL, sandy, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular SAND, silty, trace gravel, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Brown and Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					BLANK STEEL: 610mm (0.00-86.00) GRAVEL MED (0.00-86.00) BLANK THREADED STEEL: 356mm (0.00-115.50)
10			ZI	YK								
20												
30												
40												
50												
60												
70												
80												
90							MINERALISED BIF, (J2), Brown and Red, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					GRAVEL MED (86.00-223.50)
100							MINERALISED BIF, (J1), Brown and Red, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					

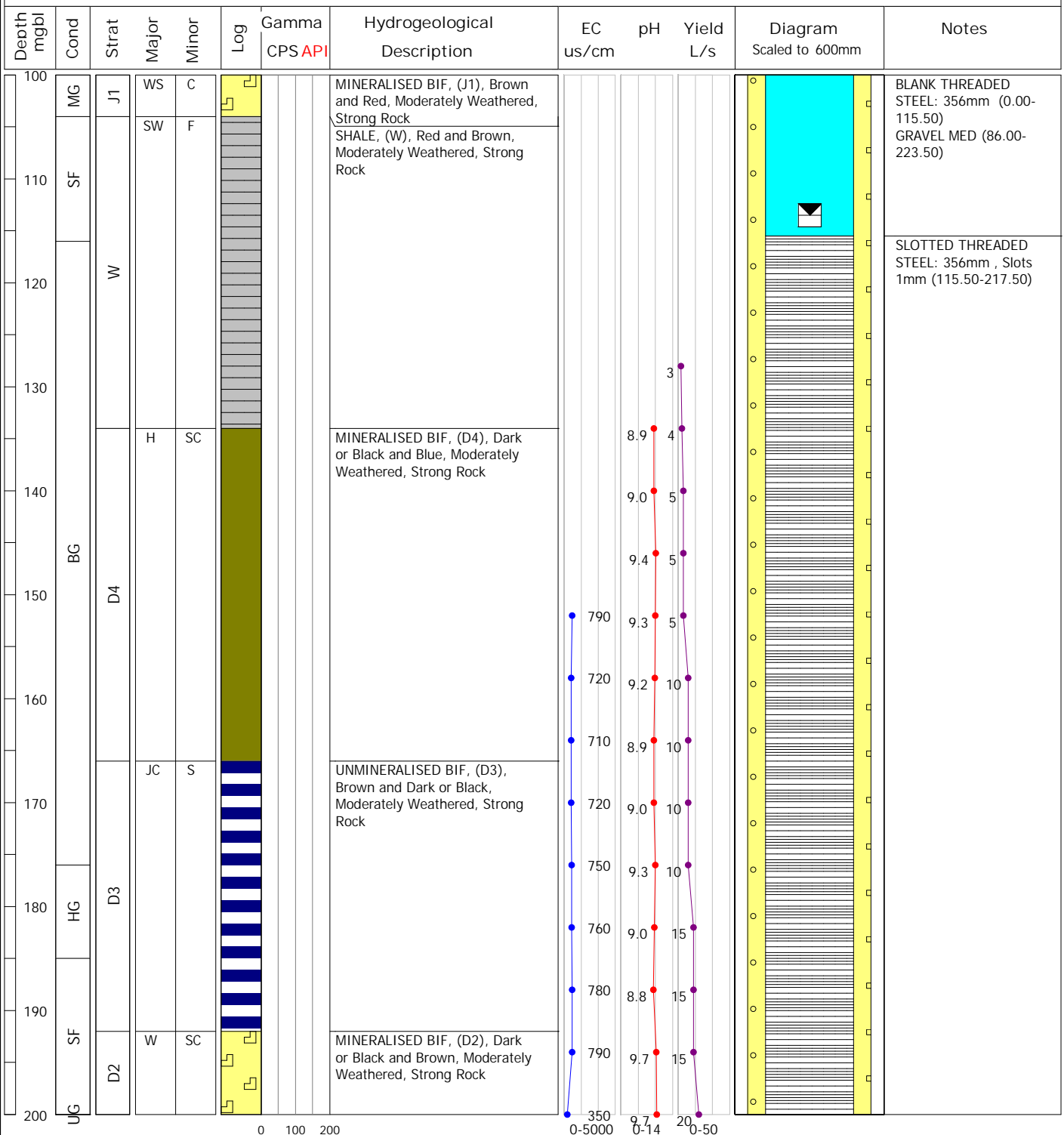
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0111 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 204245.09	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411593.73	0.0 - 86.0	DR5	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 551.55	86.0 - 176.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	176.0 - 230.0	DR5	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Apr 23 - 20 Apr 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: FWS at 128 mbgl. Yield of 20 L/s encountered at 200 mbgl. Pilot hole HFG0092.							

TOC RL: 551.94 (Stickup 0.31m) (drilled) SWL: 113.47 MBTOC (22 Apr 23) Dev: Y: 20.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.8
 TOC RL: 551.94 (Stickup 0.31m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 20 Apr 2023 Final EC: 1590.00



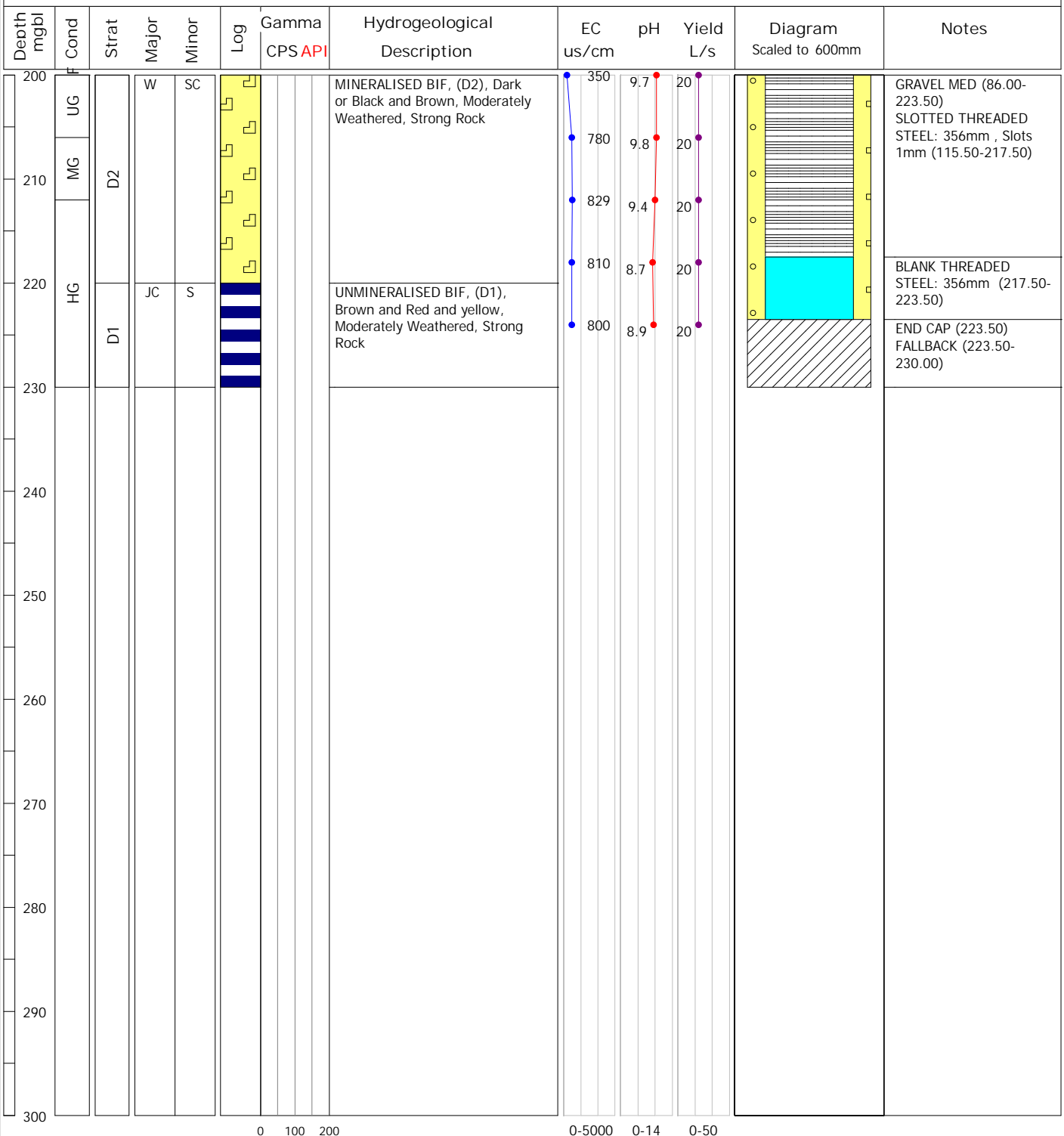
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0111 Hole Length: 230.00

Easting: 204245.09	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411593.73	0.0 - 86.0	DR5	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 551.55	86.0 - 176.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	176.0 - 230.0	DR5	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Apr 23 - 20 Apr 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: FWS at 128 mbgl. Yield of 20 L/s encountered at 200 mbgl. Pilot hole HFG0092.							

TOC RL: 551.94 (Stickup 0.31m) (drilled) SWL: 113.47 MBTOC (22 Apr 23) Dev: Y: 20.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.8
 TOC RL: 551.94 (Stickup 0.31m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 20 Apr 2023 Final EC: 1590.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0112 Hole Length: 248.00

Easting: 204837.83	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411755.75	0.0 - 9.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 566.40	9.0 - 85.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	85.0 - 248.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3, KM4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Jun 23 - 18 Jun 23	License: CAW207661						
Comments: FWS at 134m. Final yield 7L/s during drilling, 10L/s during airlift.							

TOC RL: 566.68 (Stickup 0.26m) (drilled) SWL: 129.39 MBTOC (19 Jun 23) Dev: Y: 14.5 hour(s) Final pH: 7.5
 TOC RL: 566.68 (Stickup 0.26m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 18 Jun 2023 Final EC: 1471.00

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0	MGMG	W	SGJ				SHALE, (W), Light or White and Red and brown, Moderately Weathered, Weak Rock					BLANK STEEL: Size 24" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-9.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-151.00) GRAVEL MED (0.00-247.00)
10			WG			MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Brown and blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock						
20	HG											
30		D4										
40												
50	BG		JC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Brown and red, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
60												
70												
80	HG		JC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (D3), Dark or Black and Brown and red, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
90		D3										
100												

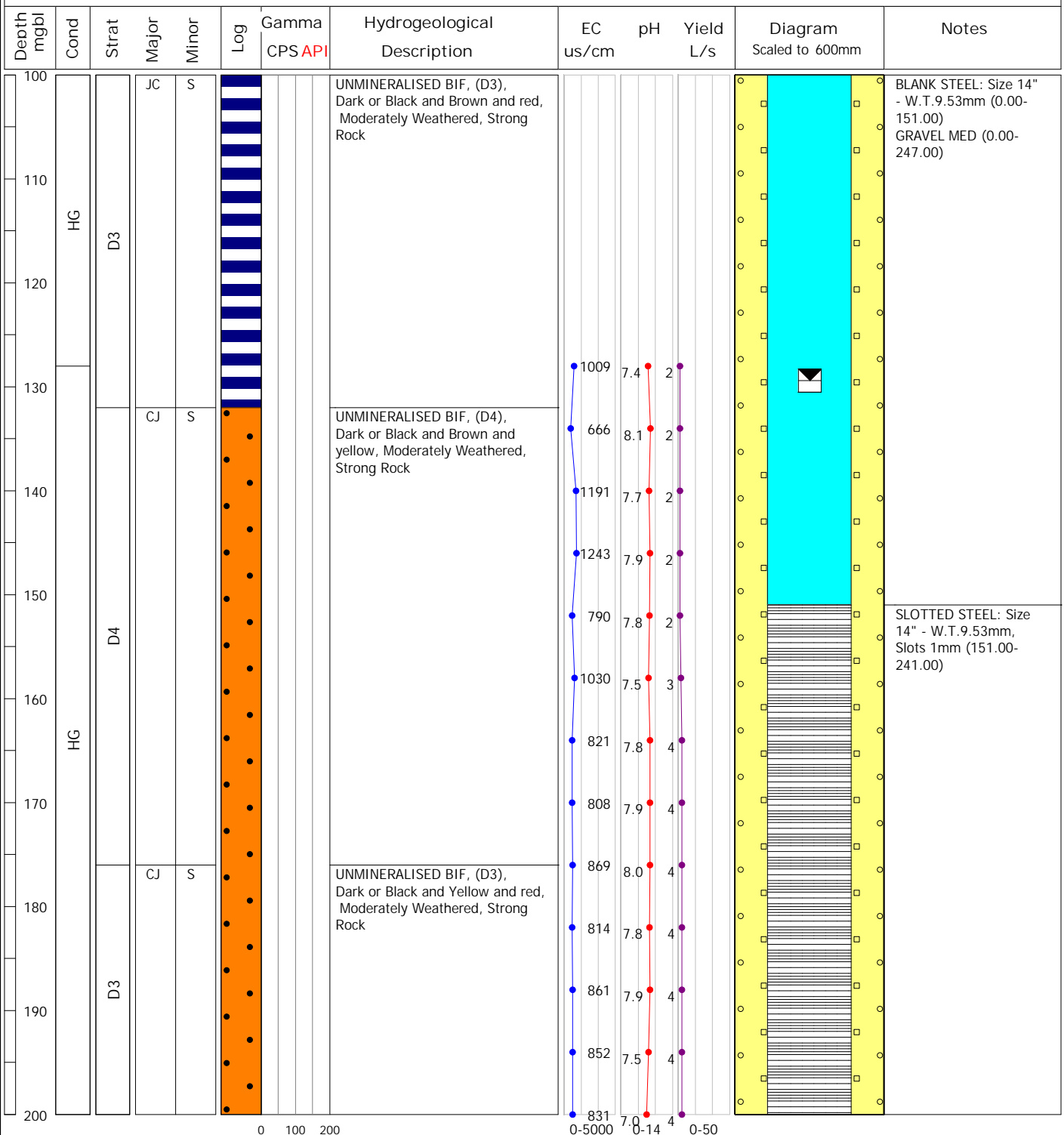
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0112 Hole Length: 248.00

Easting: 204837.83	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411755.75	0.0 - 9.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 566.40	9.0 - 85.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	85.0 - 248.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3, KM4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Jun 23 - 18 Jun 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: FWS at 134m. Final yield 7L/s during drilling, 10L/s during airlift.							

TOC RL: 566.68 (Stickup 0.26m) (drilled) SWL: 129.39 MBTOC (19 Jun 23) Dev: Y: 14.5 hour(s) Final pH: 7.5
 TOC RL: 566.68 (Stickup 0.26m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 18 Jun 2023 Final EC: 1471.00



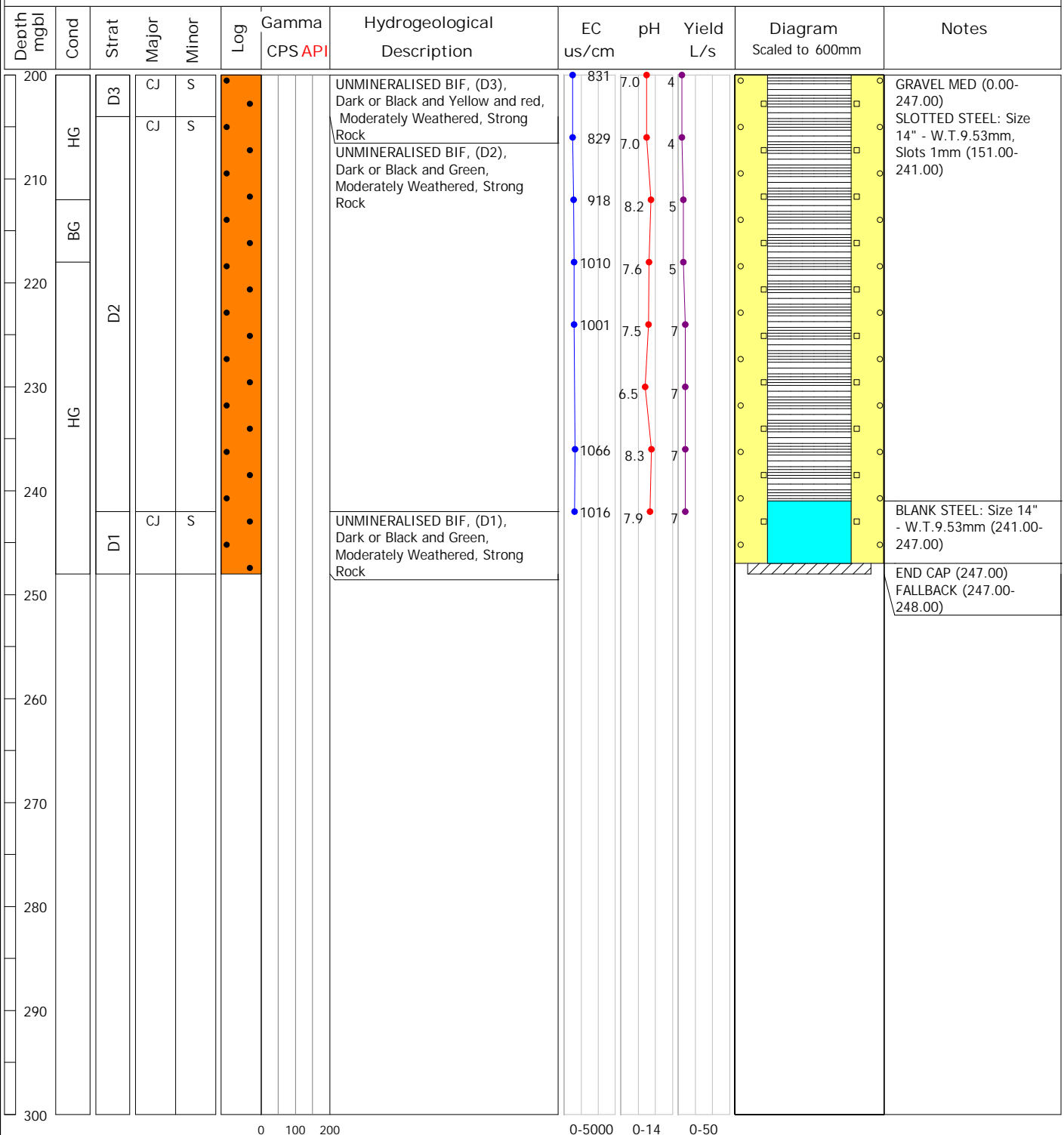
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0112 Hole Length: 248.00

Easting: 204837.83	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411755.75	0.0 - 9.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 566.40	9.0 - 85.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	85.0 - 248.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3, KM4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Jun 23 - 18 Jun 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: FWS at 134m. Final yield 7L/s during drilling, 10L/s during airlift.							

TOC RL: 566.68 (Stickup 0.26m) (drilled) SWL: 129.39 MBTOC (19 Jun 23) Dev: Y: 14.5 hour(s) Final pH: 7.5
 TOC RL: 566.68 (Stickup 0.26m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 18 Jun 2023 Final EC: 1471.00



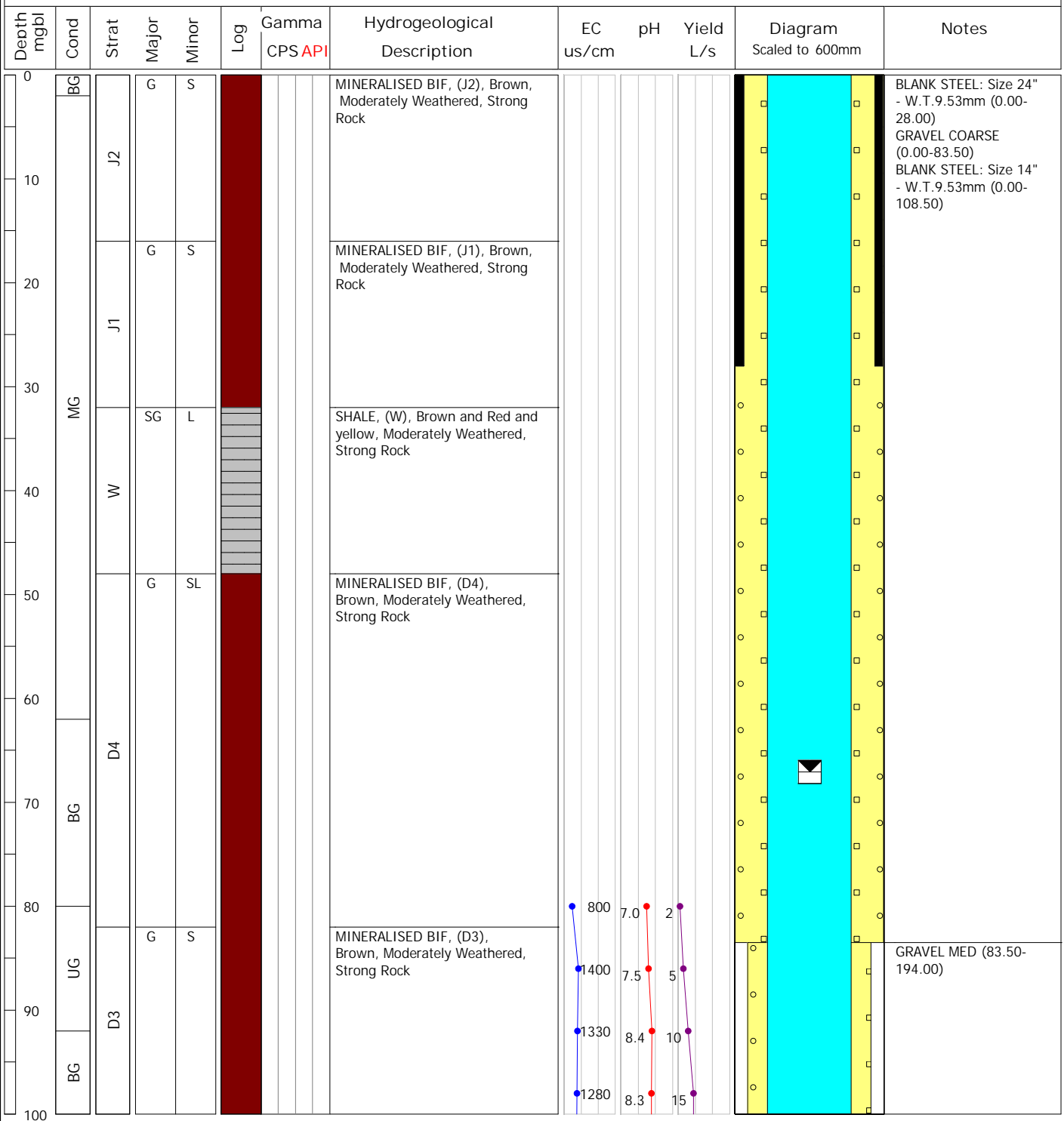
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0117 Hole Length: 194.00

Easting: 204036.94	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411762.68	0.0 - 28.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 504.10	28.0 - 176.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	176.0 - 194.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 02 May 23 - 06 May 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: FWS at 80m. Final yield of 40 L/s. Carbonaceous shale & pyrite intersected at 162 -194m.							

TOC RL: 504.40 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 67.10 MBTOC (08 May 23) Dev: Y: 16.8 hour(s) Final pH: 9.2
 TOC RL: 504.40 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 06 May 2023 Final EC: 1320.00



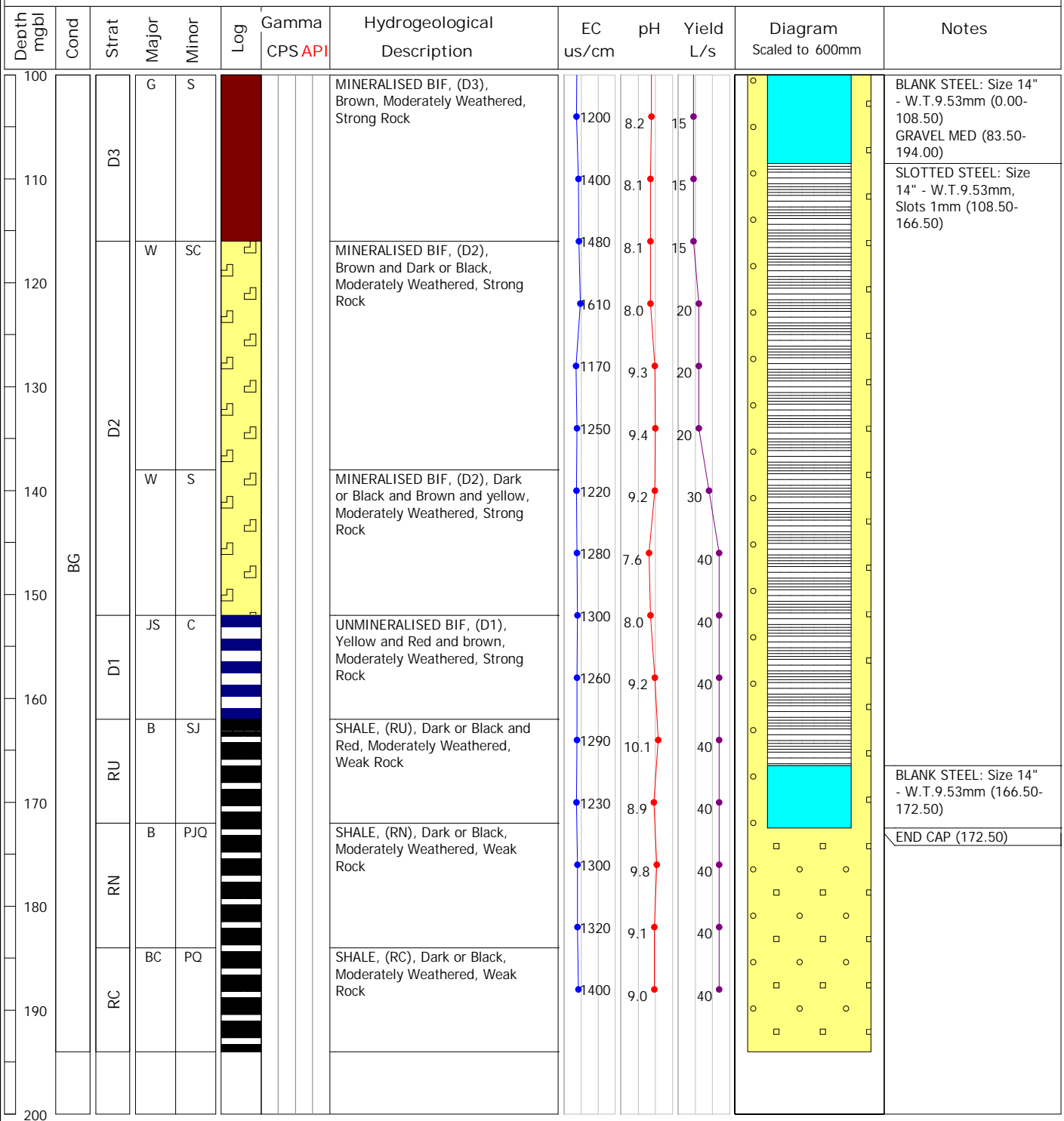
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0117 Hole Length: 194.00

Easting: 204036.94	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411762.68	0.0 - 28.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 504.10	28.0 - 176.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	176.0 - 194.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 02 May 23 - 06 May 23	License: CAW207661						
Comments: FWS at 80m. Final yield of 40 L/s. Carbonaceous shale & pyrite intersected at 162 -194m.							

TOC RL: 504.40 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 67.10 MBTOC (08 May 23) Dev: Y: 16.8 hour(s) Final pH: 9.2
 TOC RL: 504.40 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 06 May 2023 Final EC: 1320.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0097 Hole Length: 170.00

Easting: 213470.63	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412977.80	0.0 - 170.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	KM4, NK3
Surface RL: 527.85							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Aug 22 - 21 Aug 22							License: CAW205880
Comments: In-pit production bore to replace failed bore HHH0068. Broken ground from 146 - 170m with flows of 30-40L/s.							

TOC RL: 528.33 (Stickup 0.43m) (drilled) SWL: 77.29 MBTOC (23 Aug 22) Dev: Y: 18.0 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 528.33 (Stickup 0.43m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 21 Aug 2022 Final EC: 543.00

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0	BG		GW	C			MINERALISED BIF, (J2), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					BLANK STEEL: Size 24" - W.T.9.53mm: Surface casing left in ground (0.00-8.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-122.00) GRAVEL MED (0.00-170.00)
10		J2										
20	MG		GWS	C		MINERALISED BIF, (J1), Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock						
30		J1										
40	SF	W	SG	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (W), Pink and Red, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					
50			W	G			MINERALISED BIF, (D4), Dark or Black and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
60		D4										
70	HG											
80			WS	GC			MINERALISED BIF, (D3), Brown and Blue, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
90		D3										
100												

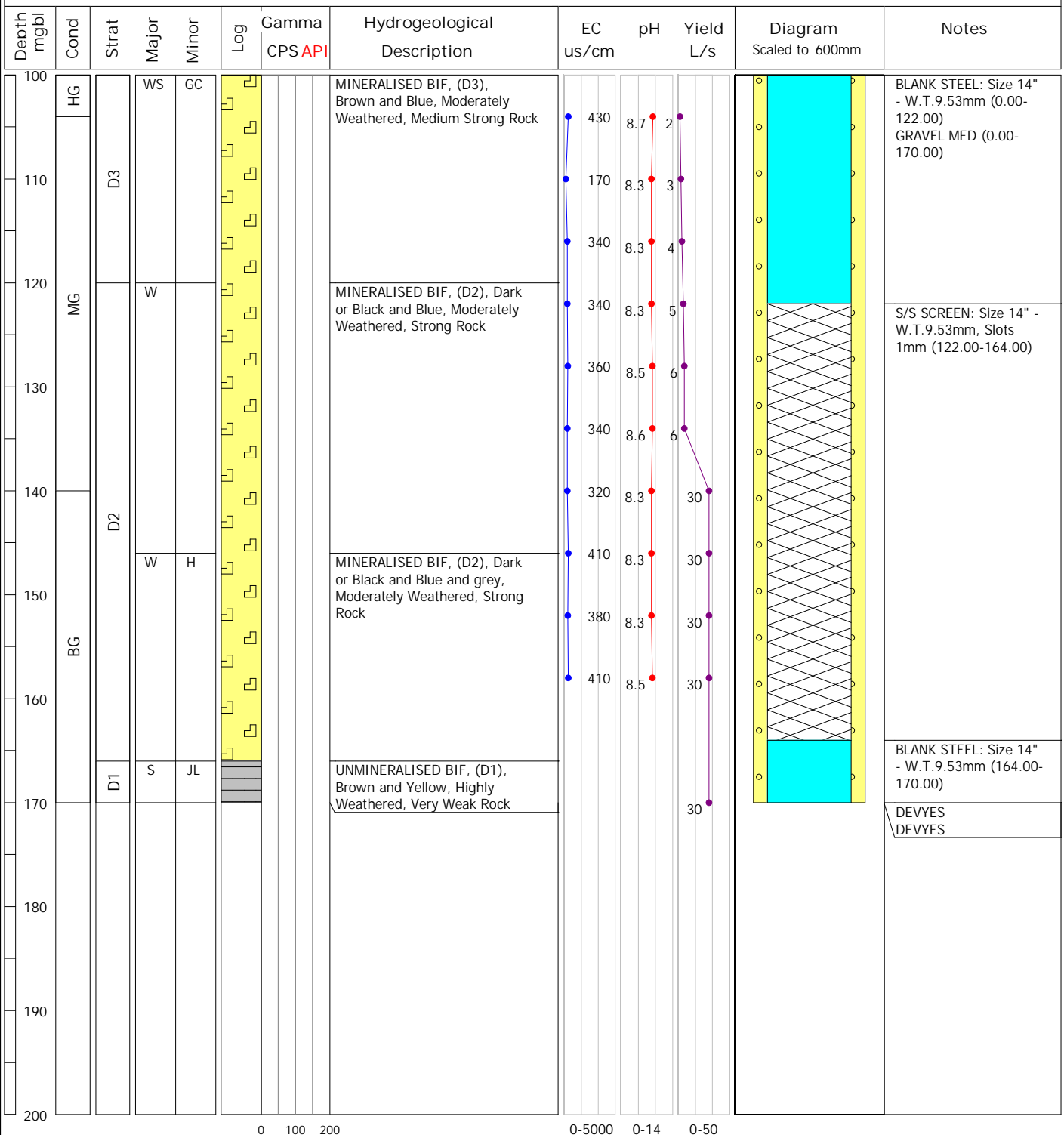
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0097 Hole Length: 170.00

Easting: 213470.63	Depth: 0.0 - 170.0	Drill Rig: DR3	Type: DR	Size: 450	Fluid:	Drilled By: EASTERNWELL	Logged By: KM4, NK3
Northing: 7412977.80							
Surface RL: 527.85							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 15 Aug 22 - 21 Aug 22	License: CAW205880						
Comments: In-pit production bore to replace failed bore HHH0068. Broken ground from 146 - 170m with flows of 30-40L/s.							

TOC RL: 528.33 (Stickup 0.43m) (drilled) SWL: 77.29 MBTOC (23 Aug 22) Dev: Y: 18.0 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 528.33 (Stickup 0.43m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 21 Aug 2022 Final EC: 543.00



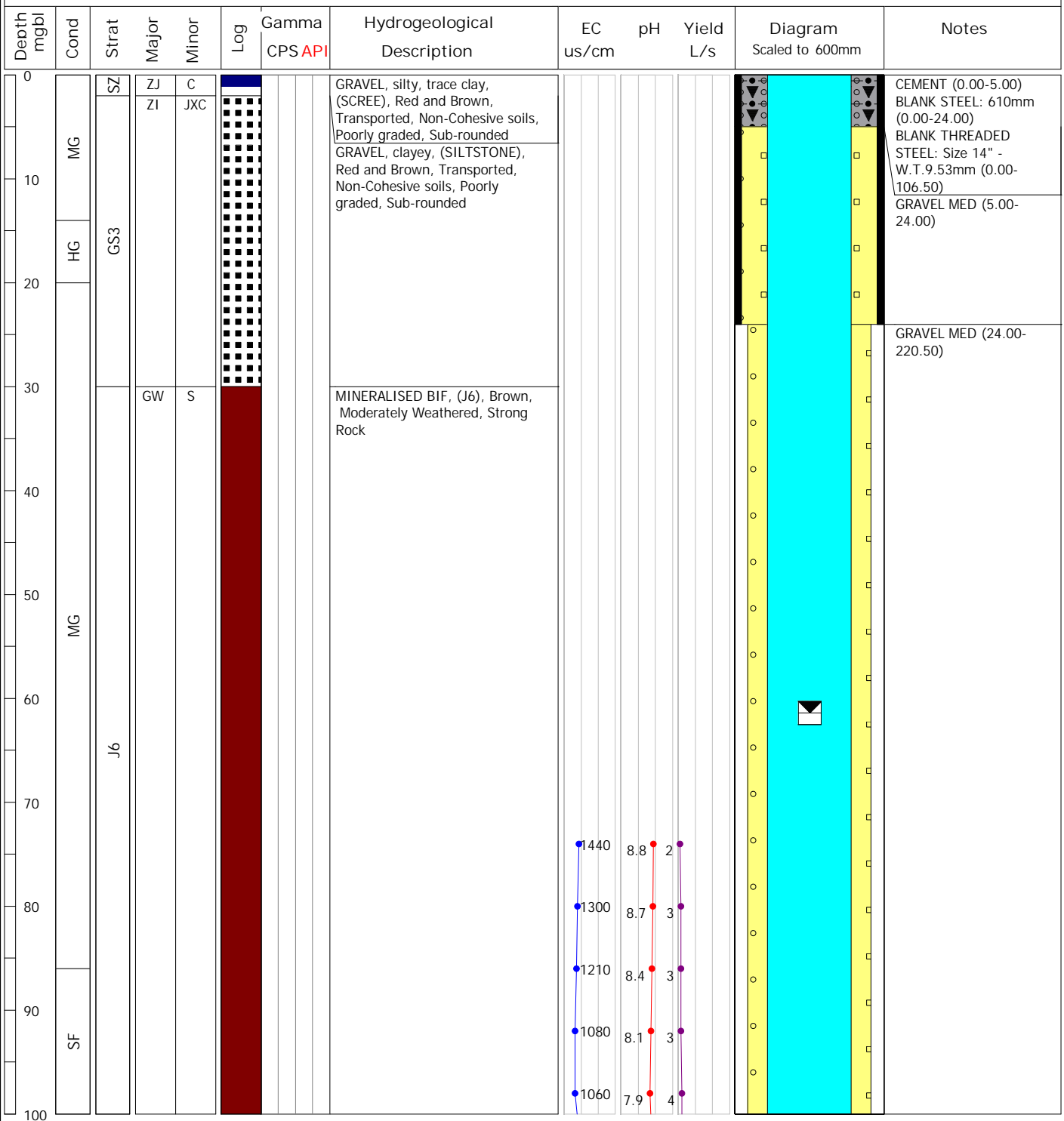
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0128 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 215542.02	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412576.19	0.0 - 24.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 515.79	24.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3, KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	146.0 - 224.0	EWMWW06	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 29 Mar 23 - 14 Apr 23	License: CAW205880						
Comments: FWS at 74m. Nearby monitoring bore HHH0125 intersected from 114-128m. Chips below 182m washed away by rain.							

TOC RL: 516.13 (Stickup 0.45m) (drilled) SWL: 61.42 MBTOC (17 Apr 23) Dev: Y: 29.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.0
 TOC RL: 516.13 (Stickup 0.45m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 08 Apr 2023 Final EC: 1183.00



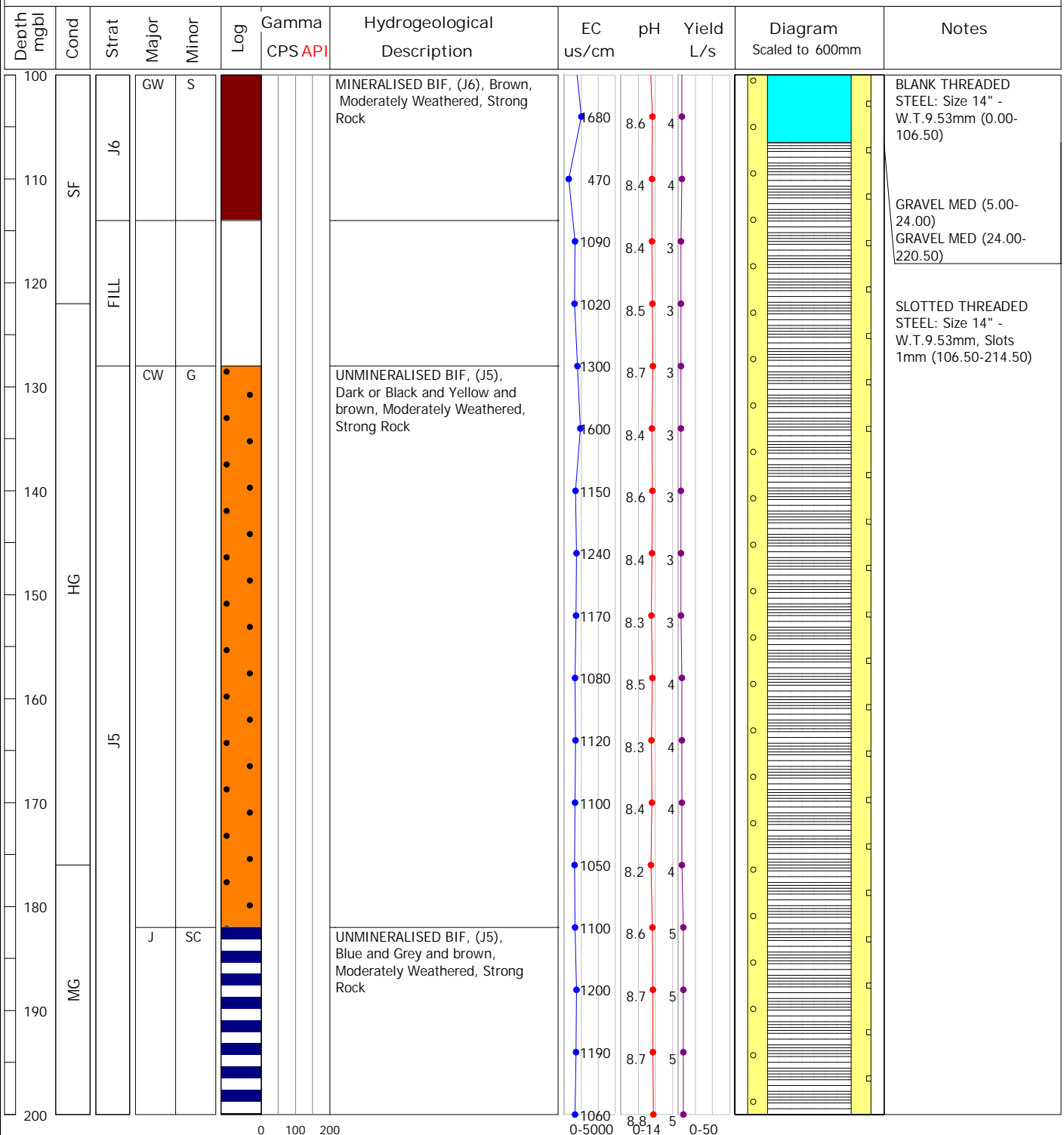
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0128 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 215542.02	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412576.19	0.0 - 24.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 515.79	24.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3, KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	146.0 - 224.0	EWMWW06	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 29 Mar 23 - 14 Apr 23	License: CAW205880						
Comments: FWS at 74m. Nearby monitoring bore HHH0125 intersected from 114-128m. Chips below 182m washed away by rain.							

TOC RL: 516.13 (Stickup 0.45m) (drilled) SWL: 61.42 MBTOC (17 Apr 23) Dev: Y: 29.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.0
 TOC RL: 516.13 (Stickup 0.45m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 08 Apr 2023 Final EC: 1183.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0128 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 215542.02	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412576.19	0.0 - 24.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 515.79	24.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3, KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	146.0 - 224.0	EWMWW06	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 29 Mar 23 - 14 Apr 23	License: CAW205880						
Comments: FWS at 74m. Nearby monitoring bore HHH0125 intersected from 114-128m. Chips below 182m washed away by rain.							

TOC RL: 516.13 (Stickup 0.45m) (drilled) SWL: 61.42 MBTOC (17 Apr 23) Dev: Y: 29.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.0
 TOC RL: 516.13 (Stickup 0.45m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 08 Apr 2023 Final EC: 1183.00

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
200		J5	J	SC	█		UNMINERALISED BIF, (J5), Blue and Grey and brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	1060	8.8	5		GRAVEL MED (24.00-220.50) SLOTTED THREADED STEEL: Size 14" - W.T. 9.53mm, Slots 1mm (106.50-214.50) BLANK THREADED STEEL: Size 14" - W.T. 9.53mm (214.50- 220.50) END CAP (220.50) FALLBACK (220.50- 224.00)
		J4	J	C	█			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J4), Blue and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock	700	8.5		
210					█			1170	8.3	5		
220					█			1100	8.1	6		
230					█							
240					█							
250					█							
260					█							
270					█							
280					█							
290					█							
300					█							

BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0129 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 211026.41	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412776.07	0.0 - 14.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 549.37	14.0 - 114.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	114.0 - 164.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0	164.0 - 206.0	DR3	CH	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Construct: 01 Feb 23 - 12 Feb 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: Pilote Hole HHH0098. FWS at 122m. Lockable steel cover for headworks							

TOC RL: 549.71 (Stickup 0.29m) (drilled) SWL: 119.87 MBTOC (12 Feb 23) Dev: Y: 12.5 hour(s) Final pH: 8.2
 TOC RL: 549.71 (Stickup 0.29m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 05 Feb 2023 Final EC: 850.00

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0	SF	J3	JS	G			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J3), Red and Brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					BLANK STEEL: 610mm (0.00-14.00) BLANK THREADED STEEL: Size 14" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-104.00) GRAVEL MED (0.00-198.00)
10	MG		WH	S			MINERALISED BIF, (J3), Grey and Red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
20	HG	HW	JS	UNMINERALISED BIF, (J2), Dark or Black and Red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock								
30	MG	J2	J	CS			UNMINERALISED BIF, (J1), Grey and Brown and red, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
40	HG											
50	MG	J1	JC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (W), buff and Red and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60	HG											
70	SF	W										
80												
90												
100												

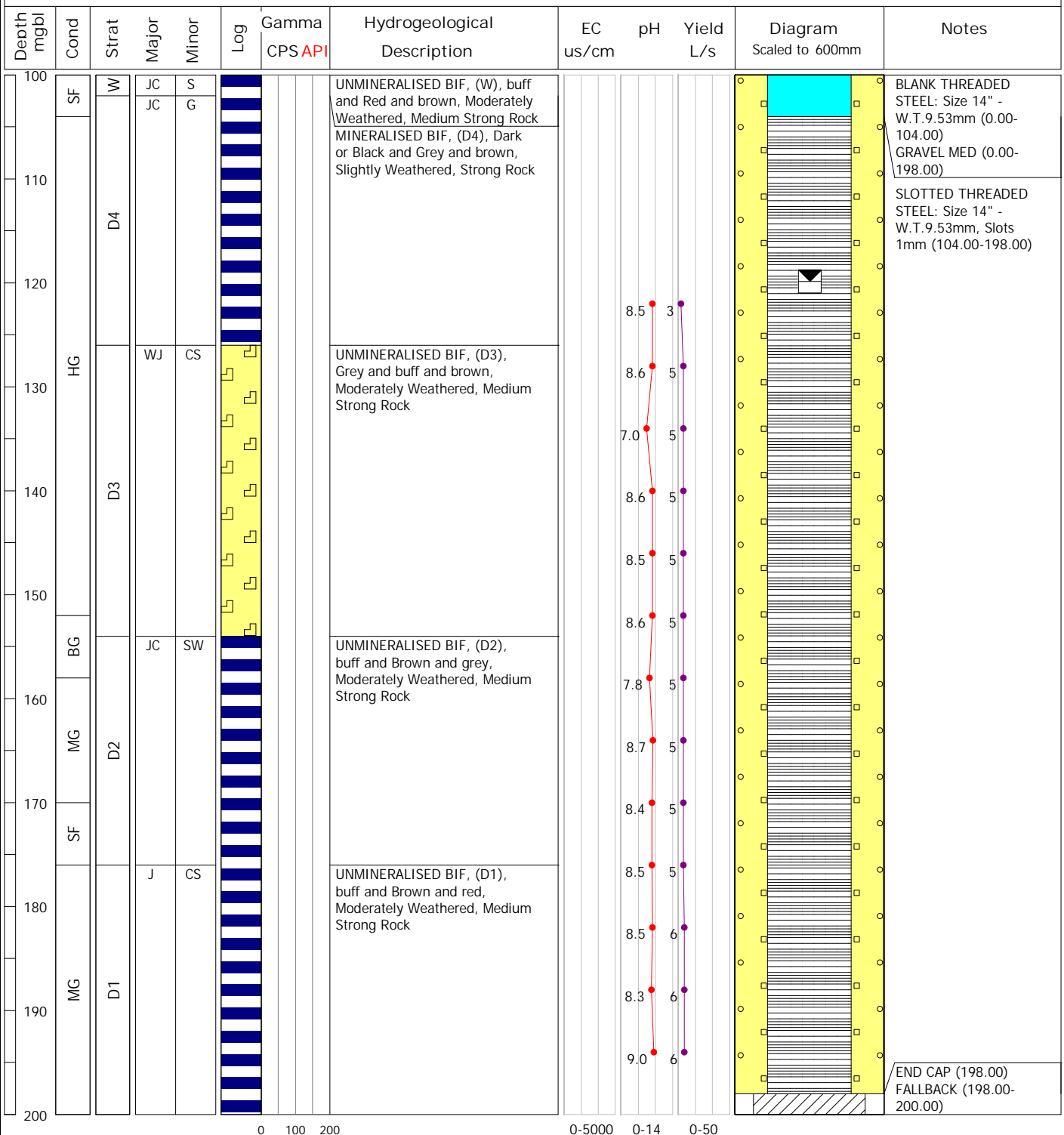
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0129 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 211026.41	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412776.07	0.0 - 14.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 549.37	14.0 - 114.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	114.0 - 164.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0	164.0 - 206.0	DR3	CH	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Construct: 01 Feb 23 - 12 Feb 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: Pilote Hole HHH0098. FWS at 122m. Lockable steel cover for headworks							

TOC RL: 549.71 (Stickup 0.29m) (drilled) SWL: 119.87 MBTOC (12 Feb 23) Dev: Y: 12.5 hour(s) Final pH: 8.2
 TOC RL: 549.71 (Stickup 0.29m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 05 Feb 2023 Final EC: 850.00



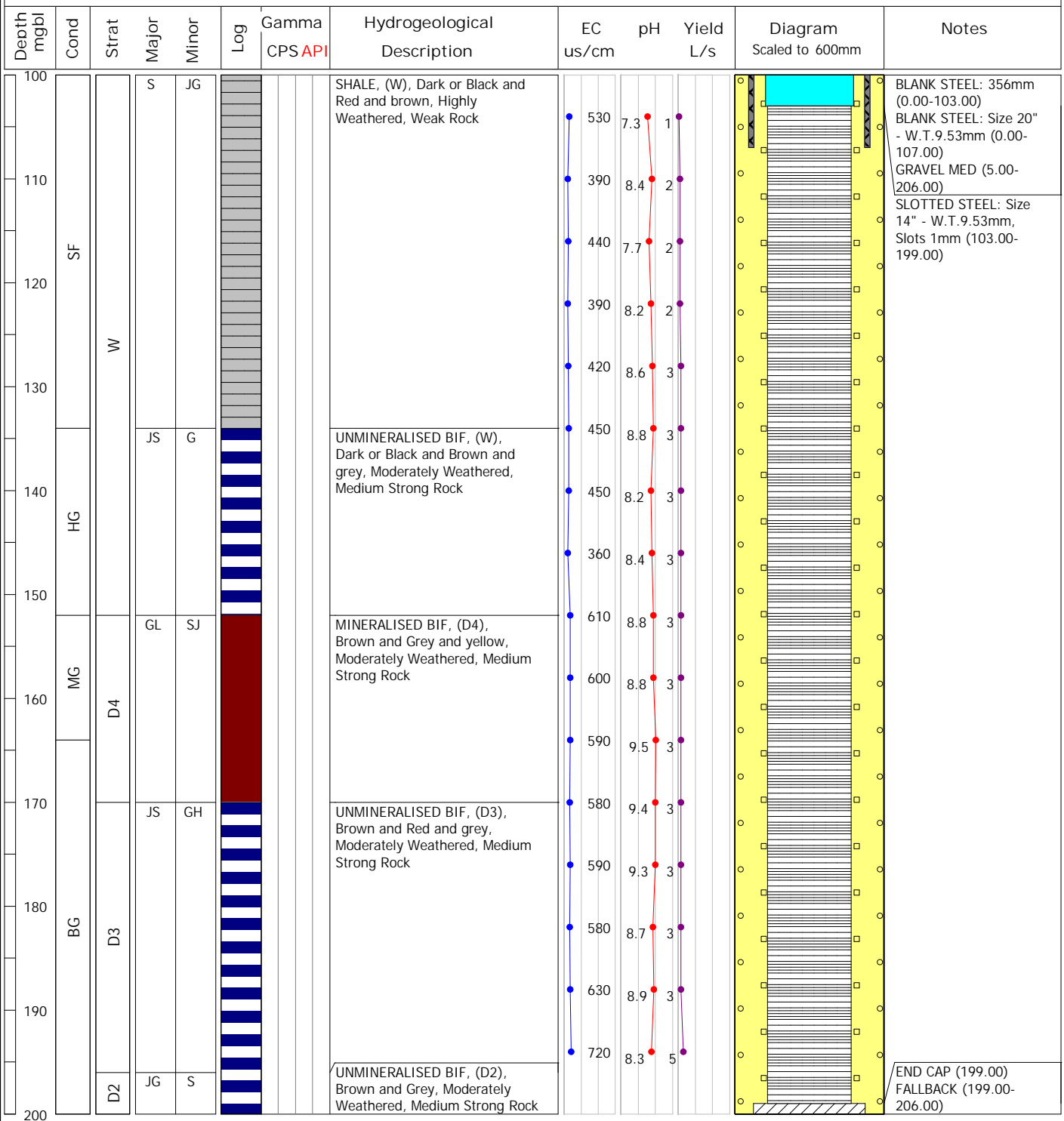
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: HASHIMOTO Hole Name: HHH0130 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 210927.52	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7412017.07	0.0 - 50.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 522.17	50.0 - 122.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	MM9
Grid Name: MGA94_51	122.0 - 206.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	MM9, NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 24 Feb 23 - 02 Mar 23	License: CAW207661						
Comments: FWS at 104mbgl. Issues with heaving ground resulting in hole terminating at 206m. 20" DR casing stuck & left in hole to 107m.							

TOC RL: 522.57 (Stickup 0.38m) (drilled) SWL: 95.40 MBTOC (05 Mar 23) Dev: Y: 46.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.7
 TOC RL: 522.57 (Stickup 0.38m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 02 Mar 2023 Final EC: 690.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HNPI SJ0001 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 198797.02	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410072.30	0.0 - 38.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Surface RL: 546.62	38.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	BF2, KM4, BF2
Grid Name: MGA94_51	146.0 - 188.0	EWMWW06	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Incl / Azm: -90-->0	188.0 - 224.0	EWMWW06	CH	450		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Construct: 09 Feb 23 - 15 Feb 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: FWS@105mbgl.Sediment in casing @208.5-216m after install.Disseminated Pyrite @214-218m							

TOC RL: 546.90 (Stickup 0.22m) (drilled) SWL: 106.99 MBTOC (17 Feb 23) Dev: Y: 22.8 hour(s) Final pH: 7.9
 TOC RL: 546.90 (Stickup 0.22m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2023 Final EC: 2054.00

Depth m/bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0	SF	SZ	Z	JY			SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 24" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-38.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-104.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-224.00)
10			Z	J		SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded						
20			Z	GJ		SILT, gravelly, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Well graded, Sub-rounded						
30		GS3										
40			Z	GF			CLAY, gravelly, trace sand, (VUGHY BRECCIA), Yellow and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
50	MG	VB2	Z	SG			CLAY, gravelly, trace sand, (CLAY), Grey and Brown and pink, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					
60		CY2					UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Brown and Yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70			GL	JS								
80		MM										
90												
100	MG	SF										

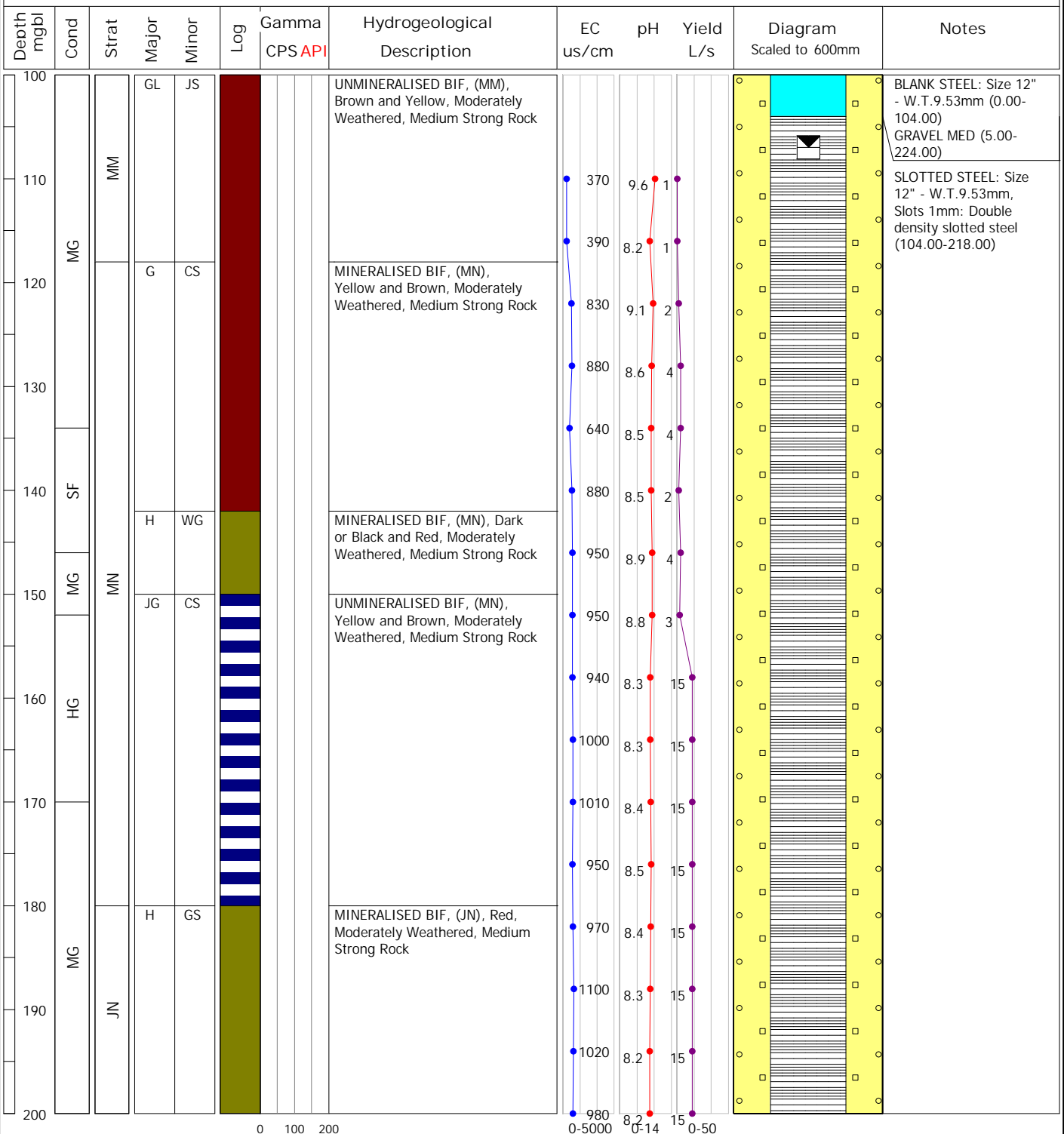
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HNPI SJ0001 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 198797.02	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410072.30	0.0 - 38.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Surface RL: 546.62	38.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	BF2, KM4, BF2
Grid Name: MGA94_51	146.0 - 188.0	EWMWW06	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Incl / Azm: -90-->0	188.0 - 224.0	EWMWW06	CH	450		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Construct: 09 Feb 23 - 15 Feb 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: FWS@105mbl.Sediment in casing @208.5-216m after install.Disseminated Pyrite @214-218m							

TOC RL: 546.90 (Stickup 0.22m) (drilled) SWL: 106.99 MBTOC (17 Feb 23) Dev: Y: 22.8 hour(s) Final pH: 7.9
 TOC RL: 546.90 (Stickup 0.22m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2023 Final EC: 2054.00



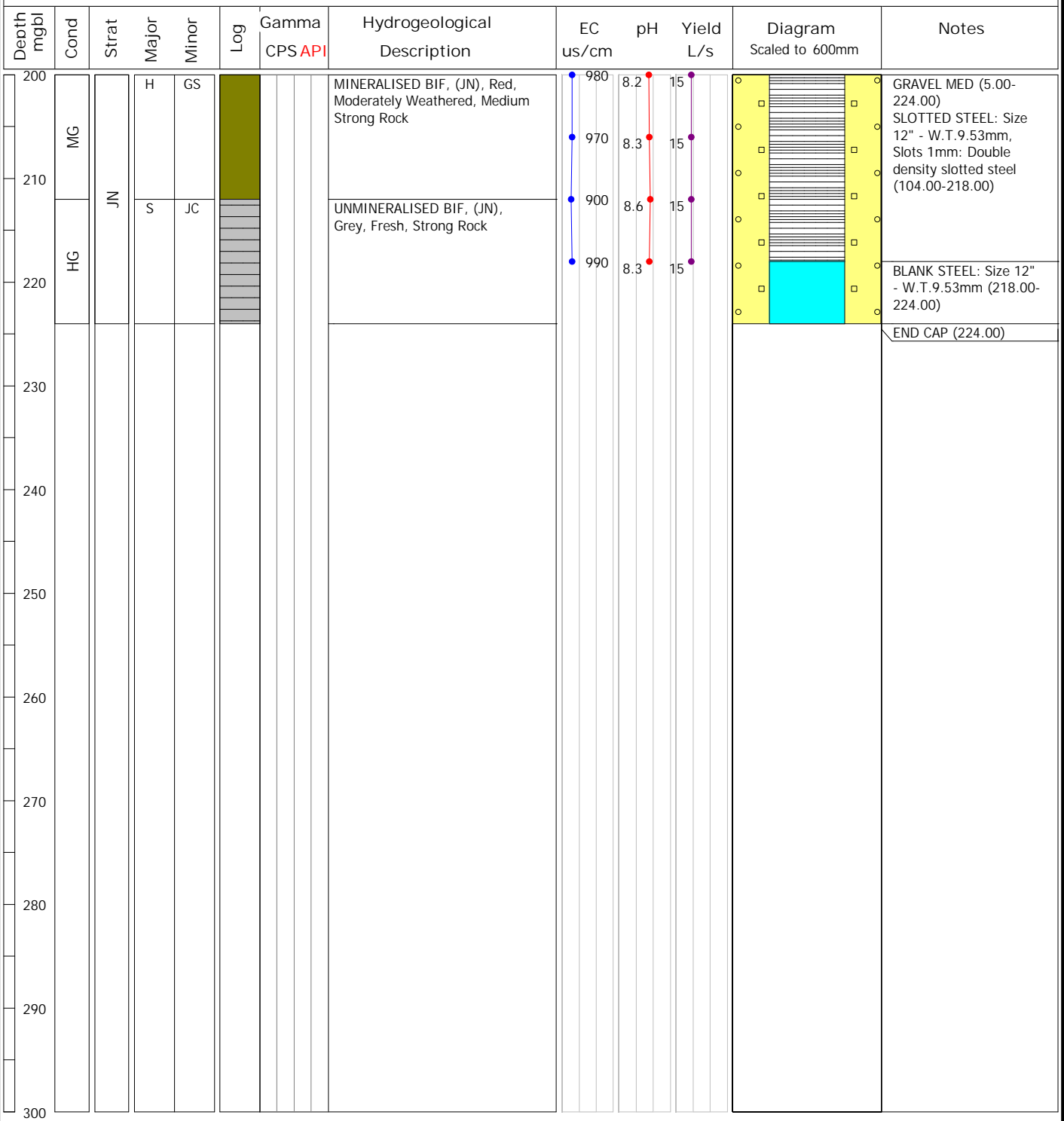
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HNPI SJ0001 Hole Length: 224.00

Easting: 198797.02	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410072.30	0.0 - 38.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Surface RL: 546.62	38.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	BF2, KM4, BF2
Grid Name: MGA94_51	146.0 - 188.0	EWMWW06	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Incl / Azm: -90-->0	188.0 - 224.0	EWMWW06	CH	450		EASTERNWELL	BF2
Construct: 09 Feb 23 - 15 Feb 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: FWS@105mbl.Sediment in casing @208.5-216m after install.Disseminated Pyrite @214-218m							

TOC RL: 546.90 (Stickup 0.22m) (drilled) SWL: 106.99 MBTOC (17 Feb 23) Dev: Y: 22.8 hour(s) Final pH: 7.9
 TOC RL: 546.90 (Stickup 0.22m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2023 Final EC: 2054.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HNPI SJ0002 Hole Length: 194.00

Easting: 198368.13	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7410091.50	0.0 - 194.0	EWMWW06	DR	300		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 548.41							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 25 Feb 23 - 01 Mar 23							License: CAW207661
Comments: Pilot Hole HSJ0262. FWS @ 107m .Hole terminated at 194mbgl due to Carbonaceous Shales.							

TOC RL: 548.87 (Stickup 0.44m) (drilled) SWL: 107.52 MBTOC (03 Mar 23) Dev: Y: 15.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.0
 TOC RL: 548.87 (Stickup 0.44m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 28 Feb 2023 Final EC: 2280.00

Depth mgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 400mm	Notes
0			Z	JY			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					END CAP: Lockable steel cover (0.00) CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 24" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-20.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-104.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-194.00)
10		SZ	GJ	S			MINERALISED BIF, (MM), Brown and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
50	MG											
60		MM										
70												
80												
90												
100												

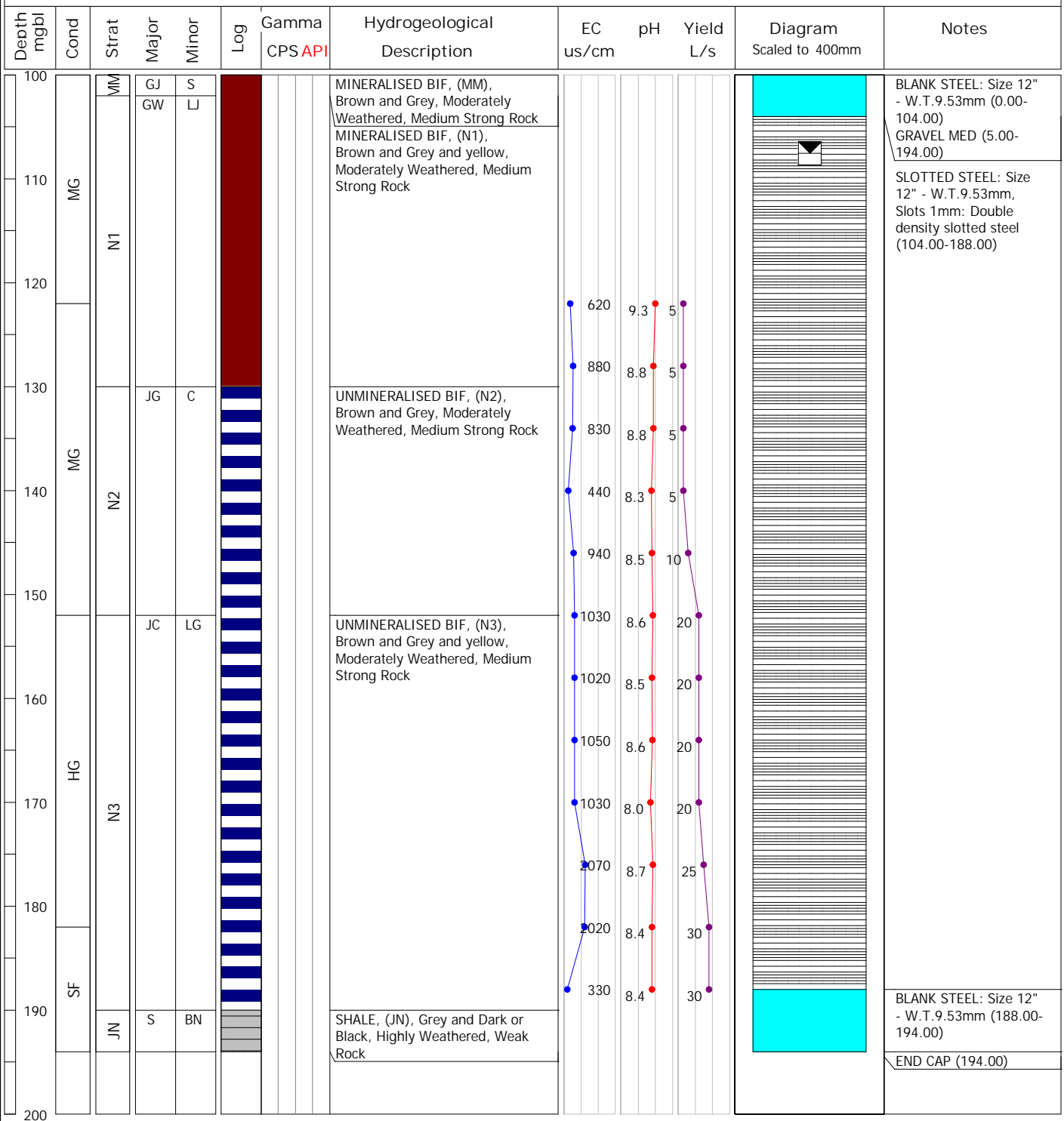
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HNPI SJ0002 Hole Length: 194.00

Easting: 198368.13	Depth: 0.0 - 194.0	Drill Rig: EMMWW06	Type: DR	Size: 300	Fluid:	Drilled By: EASTERNWELL	Logged By: NK3
Northing: 7410091.50							
Surface RL: 548.41							
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 25 Feb 23 - 01 Mar 23	License: CAW207661						
Comments: Pilot Hole HSJ0262. FWS @ 107m .Hole terminated at 194mbgl due to Carbonaceous Shales.							

TOC RL: 548.87 (Stickup 0.44m) (drilled) SWL: 107.52 MBTOC (03 Mar 23) Dev: Y: 15.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.0
 TOC RL: 548.87 (Stickup 0.44m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 28 Feb 2023 Final EC: 2280.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0220 Hole Length: 252.00

Easting: 201202.07	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409852.84	0.0 - 90.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Surface RL: 538.10	90.0 - 198.0	DR5	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	MF3, NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	198.0 - 252.0	DR5	CH	400		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 28 Feb 22 - 05 Mar 22							License: CAW204608
Comments: TOC = 0.40m							

TOC RL: 538.63 (Stickup 0.40m) (drilled) SWL: Dev: Y: 18.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.5
 TOC RL: 538.63 (Stickup 0.40m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 05 Mar 2022 Final EC: 1451.00

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0			ZSK	OY								AB FOAM (0.00-2.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 20" - W.T.12.7mm (0.00-90.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-164.00) GRAVEL MED (2.00-248.00)
10		TD3										
20			ZK	I								
30		TD2										
40	SF		Z	K								
50		TD1										
60			JH				MINERALISED BIF, (MM), , Highly Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
70		MM	JH				MINERALISED BIF, (MM), , Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock					
80			JH				MINERALISED BIF, (N1), , Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
90	BG											
100		N1										

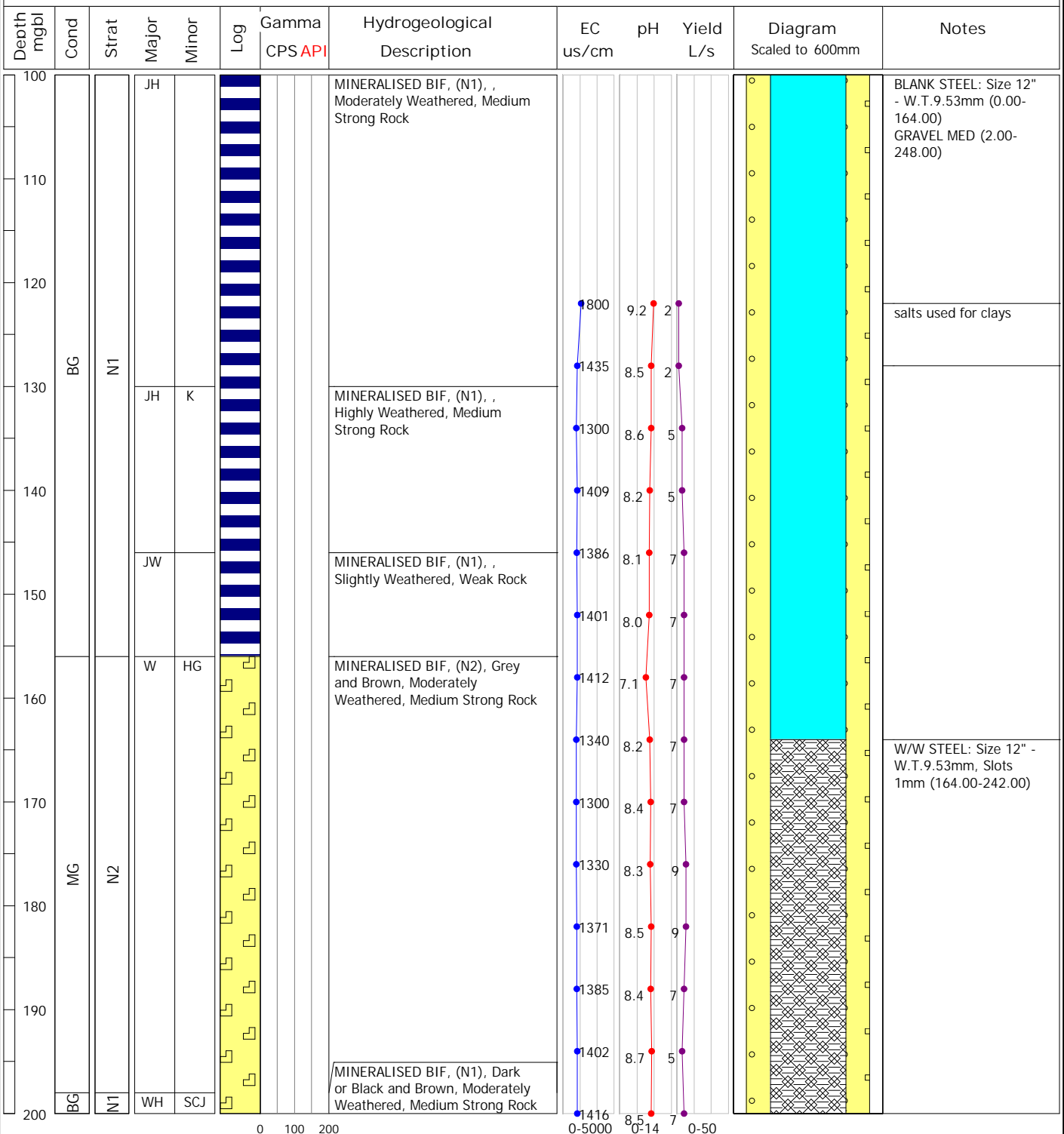
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0220 Hole Length: 252.00

Easting: 201202.07	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409852.84	0.0 - 90.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Surface RL: 538.10	90.0 - 198.0	DR5	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	MF3, NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	198.0 - 252.0	DR5	CH	400		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 28 Feb 22 - 05 Mar 22	License: CAW204608						
Comments: TOC = 0.40m							

TOC RL: 538.63 (Stickup 0.40m) (drilled) SWL: Dev: Y: 18.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.5
 TOC RL: 538.63 (Stickup 0.40m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 05 Mar 2022 Final EC: 1451.00



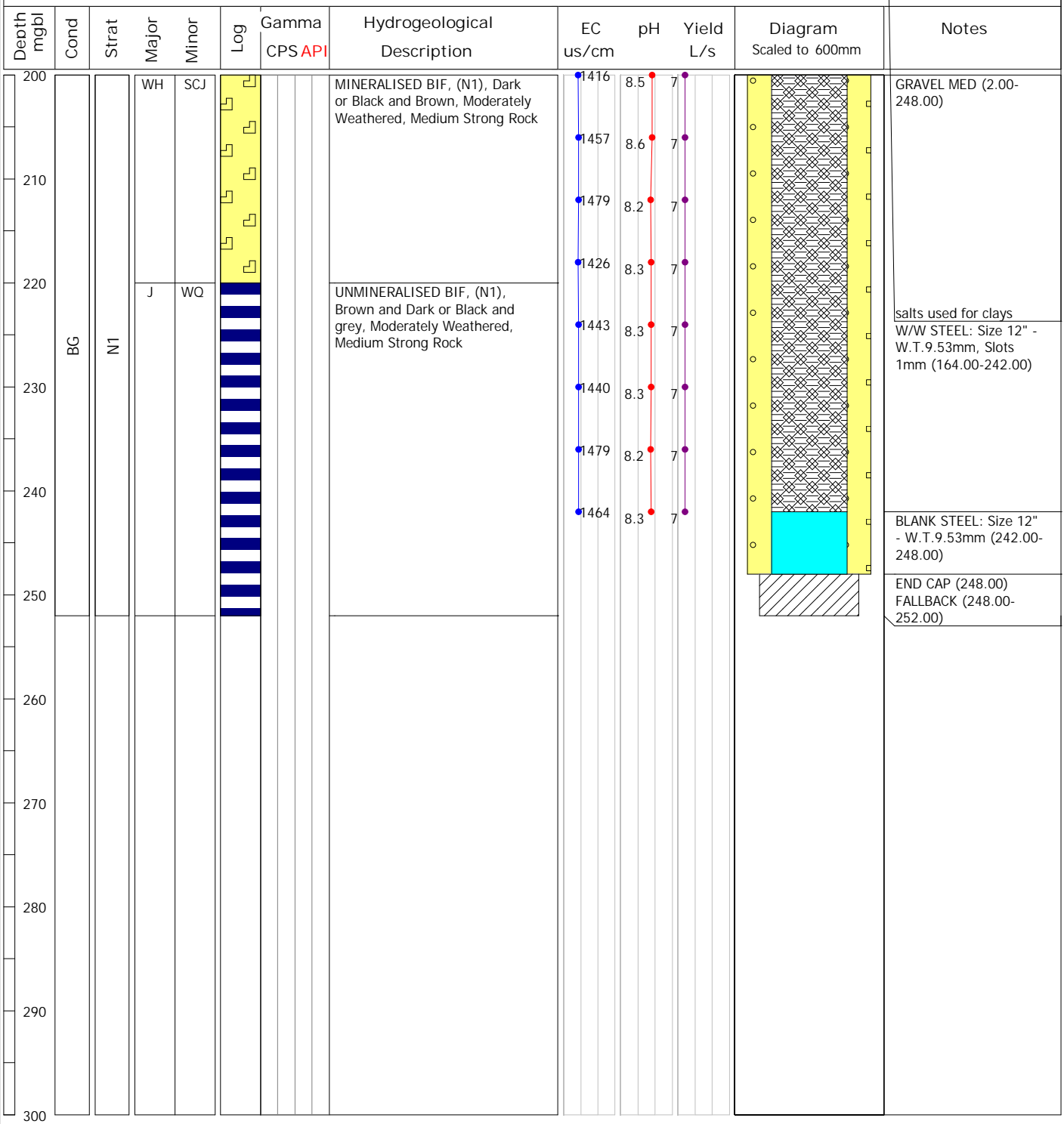
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0220 Hole Length: 252.00

Easting: 201202.07	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
	0.0 - 90.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Northing: 7409852.84	90.0 - 198.0	DR5	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	MF3, NK3
Surface RL: 538.10	198.0 - 252.0	DR5	CH	400		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 28 Feb 22 - 05 Mar 22	License: CAW204608						
Comments: TOC = 0.40m							

TOC RL: 538.63 (Stickup 0.40m) (drilled) SWL: Dev: Y: 18.8 hour(s) Final pH: 8.5
 TOC RL: 538.63 (Stickup 0.40m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 05 Mar 2022 Final EC: 1451.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0222 Hole Length: 242.00

Easting: 201808.12	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409745.48	0.0 - 80.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 536.17	80.0 - 140.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	140.0 - 206.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0	206.0 - 242.0	DR5	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3, MM9
Construct: 03 Feb 22 - 15 Feb 22							License: CAW204608
Comments: Water not clear of fines. Development yield low- West Ang acting as constraint.							

TOC RL: 536.59 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 112.95 MBTOC (18 Feb 22) Dev: Y: 81.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.2
 TOC RL: 536.59 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2022 Final EC: 1144.00

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0		SZ	Z	YQJ			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Well graded, Sub-angular					AB FOAM (0.00-2.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 24" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-80.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-160.00) GRAVEL MED (0.00-232.00)
10			Z	XJK			GRAVEL, silty, trace clay, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Pink and Light or White, Transported, Firm, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
20		TD3										
30												
40												
50	Sf											
60												
70			S	J			SHALE, (WA2), , Extremely Weathered, Extremely Weak Rock					
80		WA2										
90			J	SK			UNMINERALISED BIF, (WA2), , Moderately Weathered, Strong Rock					
100												

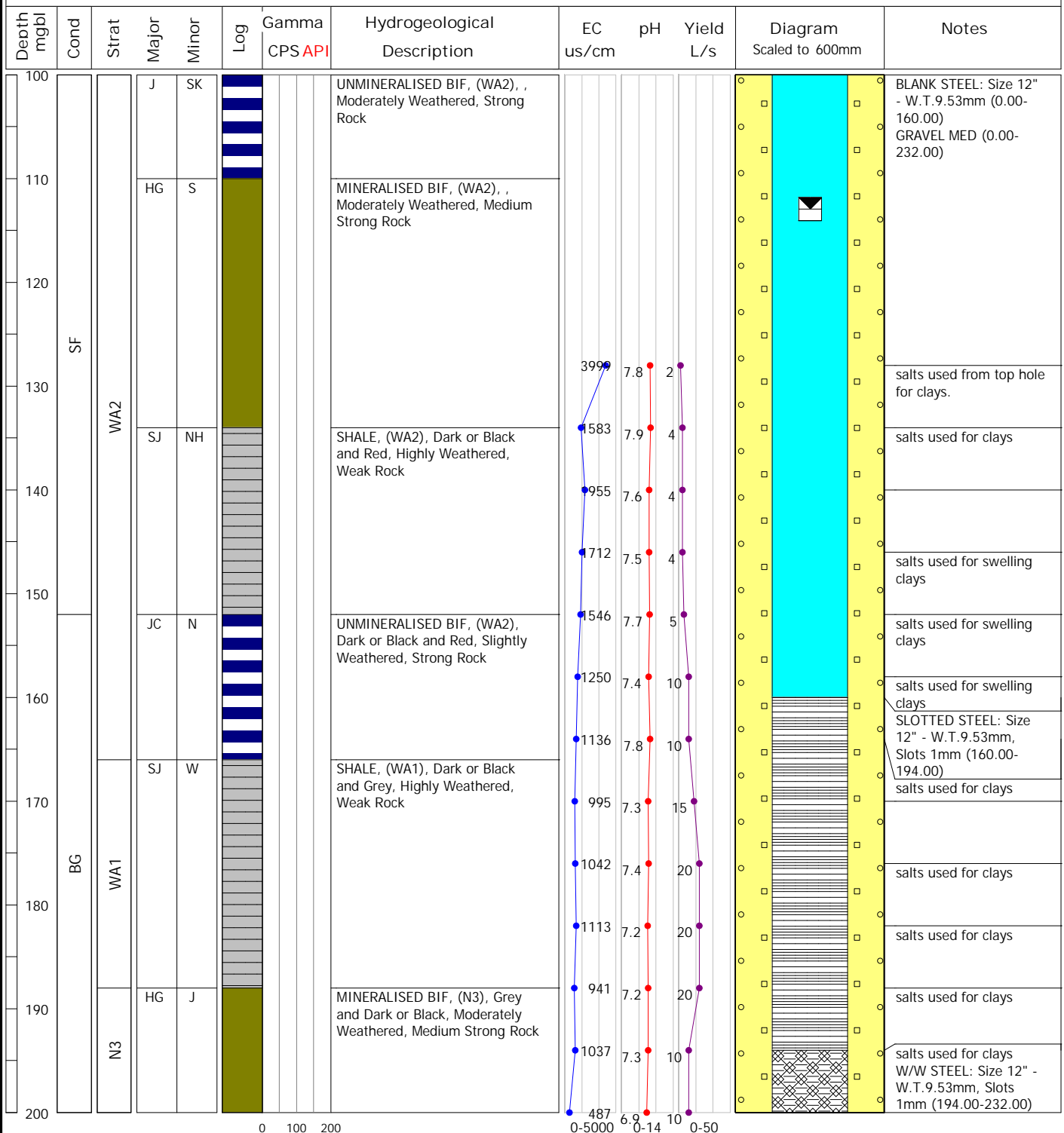
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0222 Hole Length: 242.00

Easting: 201808.12	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
	0.0 - 80.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Northing: 7409745.48	80.0 - 140.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Surface RL: 536.17	140.0 - 206.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	206.0 - 242.0	DR5	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3, MM9
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 03 Feb 22 - 15 Feb 22	License: CAW204608						
Comments: Water not clear of fines. Development yield low- West Ang acting as constraint.							

TOC RL: 536.59 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 112.95 MBTOC (18 Feb 22) Dev: Y: 81.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.2
 TOC RL: 536.59 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2022 Final EC: 1144.00



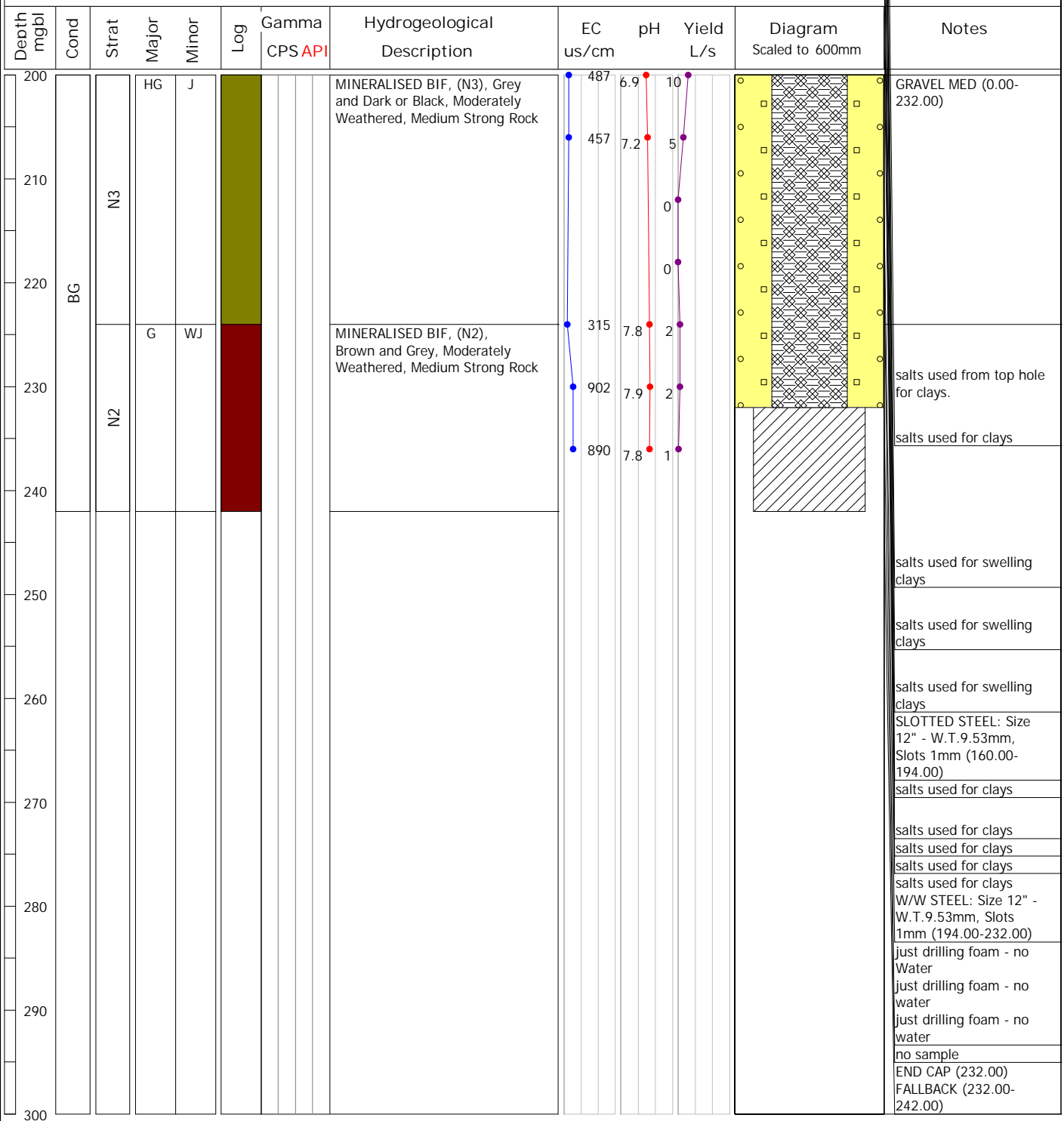
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0222 Hole Length: 242.00

Easting: 201808.12	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409745.48	0.0 - 80.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 536.17	80.0 - 140.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	140.0 - 206.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0	206.0 - 242.0	DR5	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3, MM9
Construct: 03 Feb 22 - 15 Feb 22							License: CAW204608
Comments: Water not clear of fines. Development yield low- West Ang acting as constraint.							

TOC RL: 536.59 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 112.95 MBTOC (18 Feb 22) Dev: Y: 81.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.2
 TOC RL: 536.59 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 15 Feb 2022 Final EC: 1144.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0223 Hole Length: 218.00

Easting: 201543.71
 Northing: 7409718.94
 Surface RL: 536.94
 Grid Name: MGA94_51
 Incl / Azm: -90-->0

Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
0.0 - 50.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
50.0 - 92.0	DR3	DR	550		EASTERNWELL	NK3
92.0 - 176.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	JK3
176.0 - 218.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	JG6

Construct: 03 Jan 22 - 10 Jan 22 License: CAW204608
 Comments: Overdrilled 8m to account for potential fallback. Attempt install to depth. Dipped @ 214.5m

TOC RL: 537.38 (Stickup 0.40m) (drilled) SWL: 112.02 MBTOC (13 Jan 22) Dev: Y: 29.8 hour(s) Final pH: 7.4
 TOC RL: 537.38 (Stickup 0.40m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 10 Jan 2022 Final EC: 1300.00

Depth mglbl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0			Z	YX			GRAVEL, silty, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					CEMENT (0.00-2.00) BLANK STEEL: 610mm (0.00-50.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T. 9.53mm (0.00-175.50) GRAVEL MED (2.00-214.50)
10		SZ										
20	SF	TD3	ZF	GX			SILT, gravelly, (SILTSTONE), Red, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Well graded, Sub-angular					
30			Z	XGO			SAND, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Uniform, Sub-rounded					
40		TD2										
50			GW	SX			MINERALISED BIF, (WA1), Brown and Yellow, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
60		WA1										
70	SF		HW	FS			MINERALISED BIF, (N3), Red and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					
80												
90		N3										
100			HG				MINERALISED BIF, (N3), Blue and Grey, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					

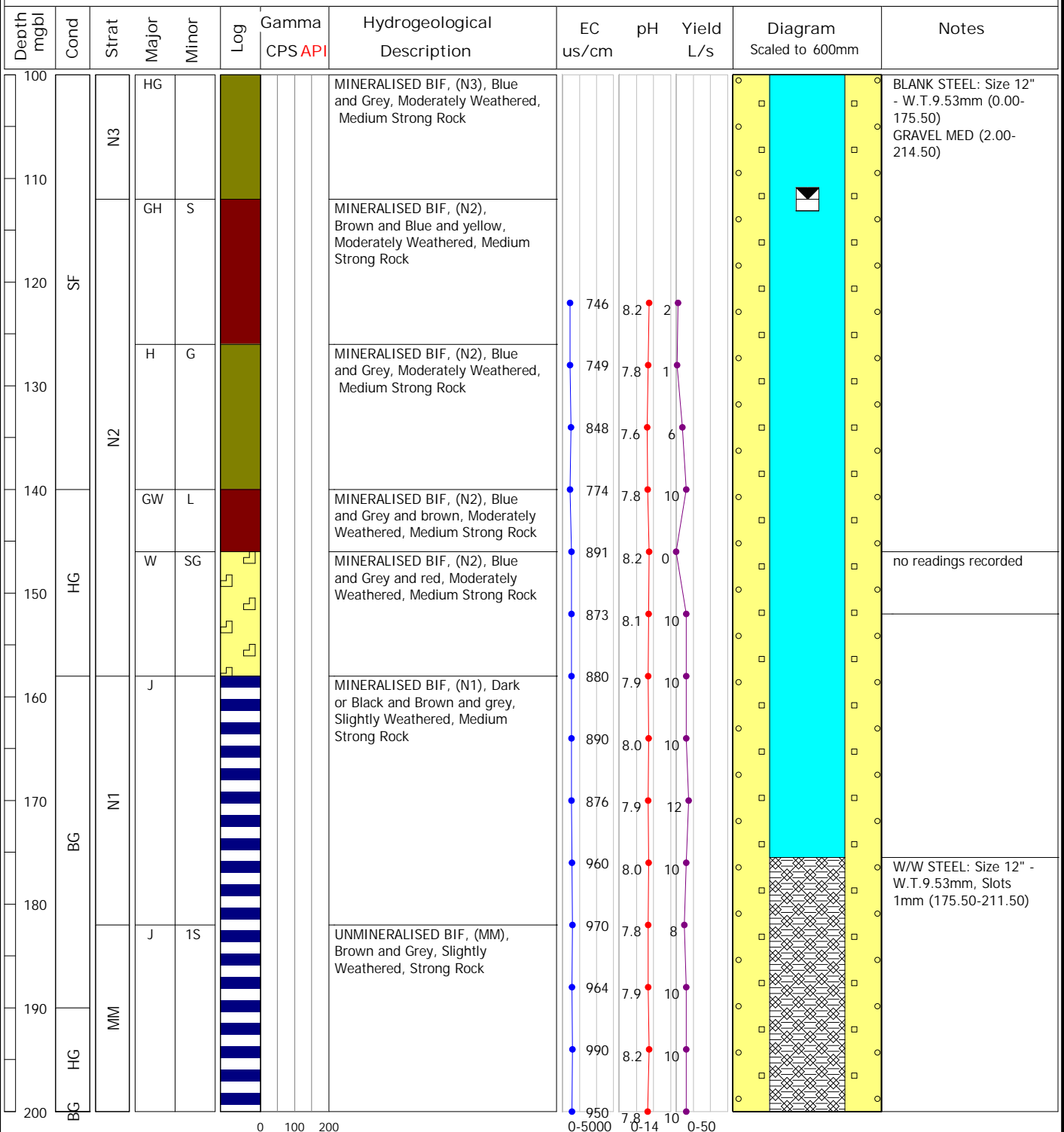
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0223 Hole Length: 218.00

Easting: 201543.71	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409718.94	0.0 - 50.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 536.94	50.0 - 92.0	DR3	DR	550		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	92.0 - 176.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	JK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0	176.0 - 218.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	JG6
Construct: 03 Jan 22 - 10 Jan 22							License: CAW204608
Comments: Overdrilled 8m to account for potential fallback. Attempt install to depth. Dipped @ 214.5m							

TOC RL: 537.38 (Stickup 0.40m) (drilled) SWL: 112.02 MBTOC (13 Jan 22) Dev: Y: 29.8 hour(s) Final pH: 7.4
 TOC RL: 537.38 (Stickup 0.40m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 10 Jan 2022 Final EC: 1300.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0223 Hole Length: 218.00

Easting: 201543.71	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
	0.0 - 50.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
	50.0 - 92.0	DR3	DR	550		EASTERNWELL	NK3
	92.0 - 176.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	JK3
	176.0 - 218.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	JG6

Northing: 7409718.94
 Surface RL: 536.94
 Grid Name: MGA94_51
 Incl / Azm: -90-->0
 Construct: 03 Jan 22 - 10 Jan 22
 License: CAW204608
 Comments: Overdrilled 8m to account for potential fallback. Attempt install to depth. Dipped @ 214.5m

TOC RL: 537.38 (Stickup 0.40m) (drilled) SWL: 112.02 MBTOC (13 Jan 22) Dev: Y: 29.8 hour(s) Final pH: 7.4
 TOC RL: 537.38 (Stickup 0.40m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 10 Jan 2022 Final EC: 1300.00

Depth m/ft	G Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
200	BG		J	1S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MM), Brown and Grey, Slightly Weathered, Strong Rock	950	7.8	10		GRAVEL MED (2.00-214.50)
210	BG	MM						1011	8.0	10		
220								750	7.7	10		
230												
240												
250												no readings recorded W/W STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.9.53mm, Slots 1mm (175.50-211.50)
260												BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.9.53mm: 3m sump as per draft bore plan requirements. (211.50-214.50)
270												END CAP (214.50) FALLBACK (214.50- 218.00)
280												
290												
300												

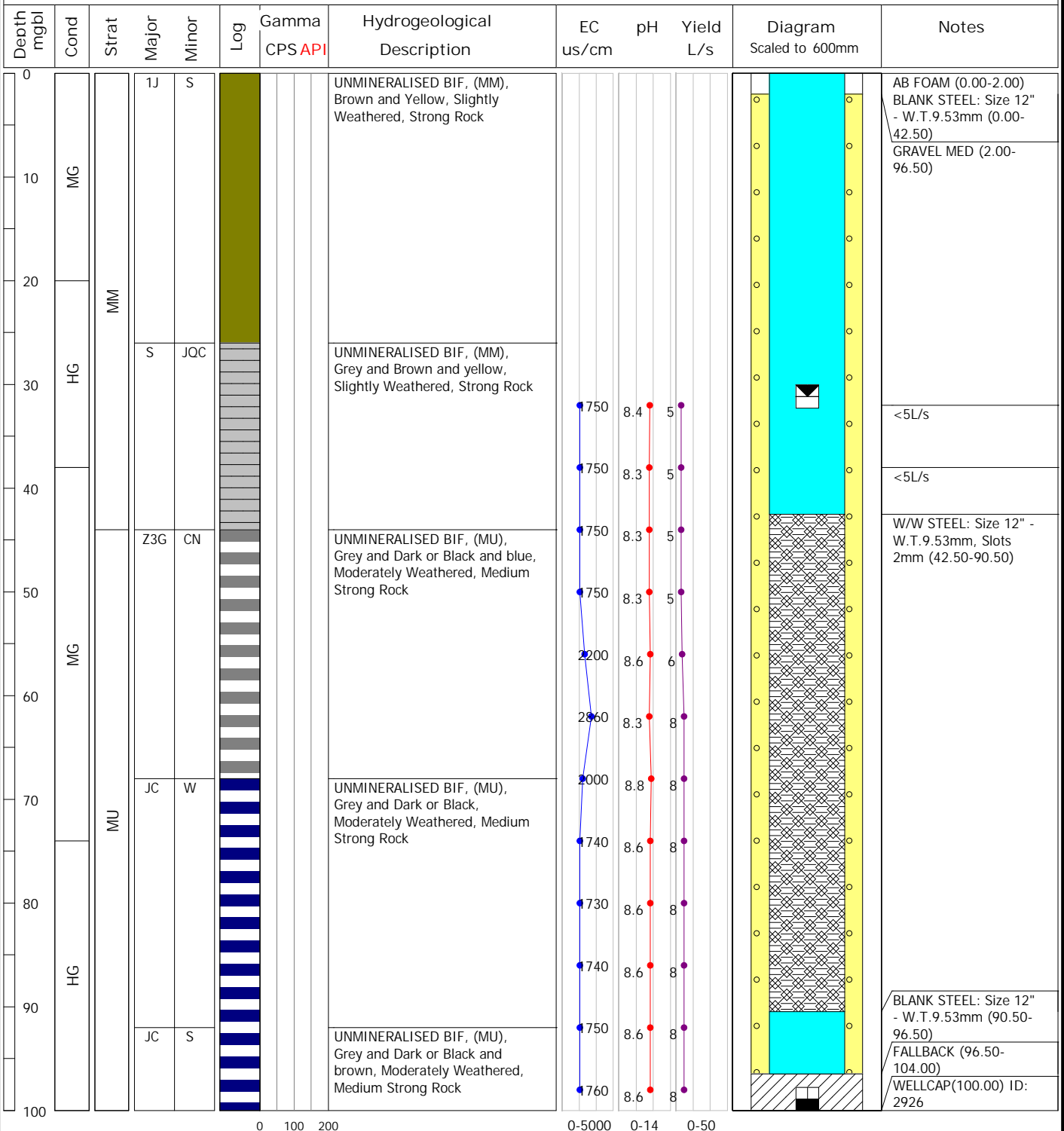
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0224 Hole Length: 104.00

Easting: 204187.71	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409886.76	0.0 - 80.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	MM9, NK3
Surface RL: 451.98	80.0 - 104.0	DR3	CH	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 06 May 22 - 12 May 22							License: CAW204608
Comments: Install to 96.5mbgl - fallback. High sediment load, development longer than usual.							

TOC RL: 452.36 (Stickup 0.20m) (drilled) SWL: 31.15 MBTOC (14 May 22) Dev: Y: 47.0 hour(s) Final pH: 8.6
 TOC RL: 452.36 (Stickup 0.20m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 12 May 2022 Final EC: 1680.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0224 Hole Length: 104.00

Easting: 204187.71	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409886.76	0.0 - 80.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	MM9, NK3
Surface RL: 451.98	80.0 - 104.0	DR3	CH	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 06 May 22 - 12 May 22							License: CAW204608
Comments: Install to 96.5mbgl - fallback. High sediment load, development longer than usual.							

TOC RL: 452.36 (Stickup 0.20m) (drilled) SWL: 31.15 MBTOC (14 May 22) Dev: Y: 47.0 hour(s) Final pH: 8.6
 TOC RL: 452.36 (Stickup 0.20m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 12 May 2022 Final EC: 1680.00

Depth mgbl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
100	HG	MU	JC	S			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MU), Grey and Dark or Black and brown, Moderately Weathered, Medium Strong Rock					FALLBACK (96.50- 104.00)
110												
120												
130												
140												
150												
160												
170												
180												
190												
200												

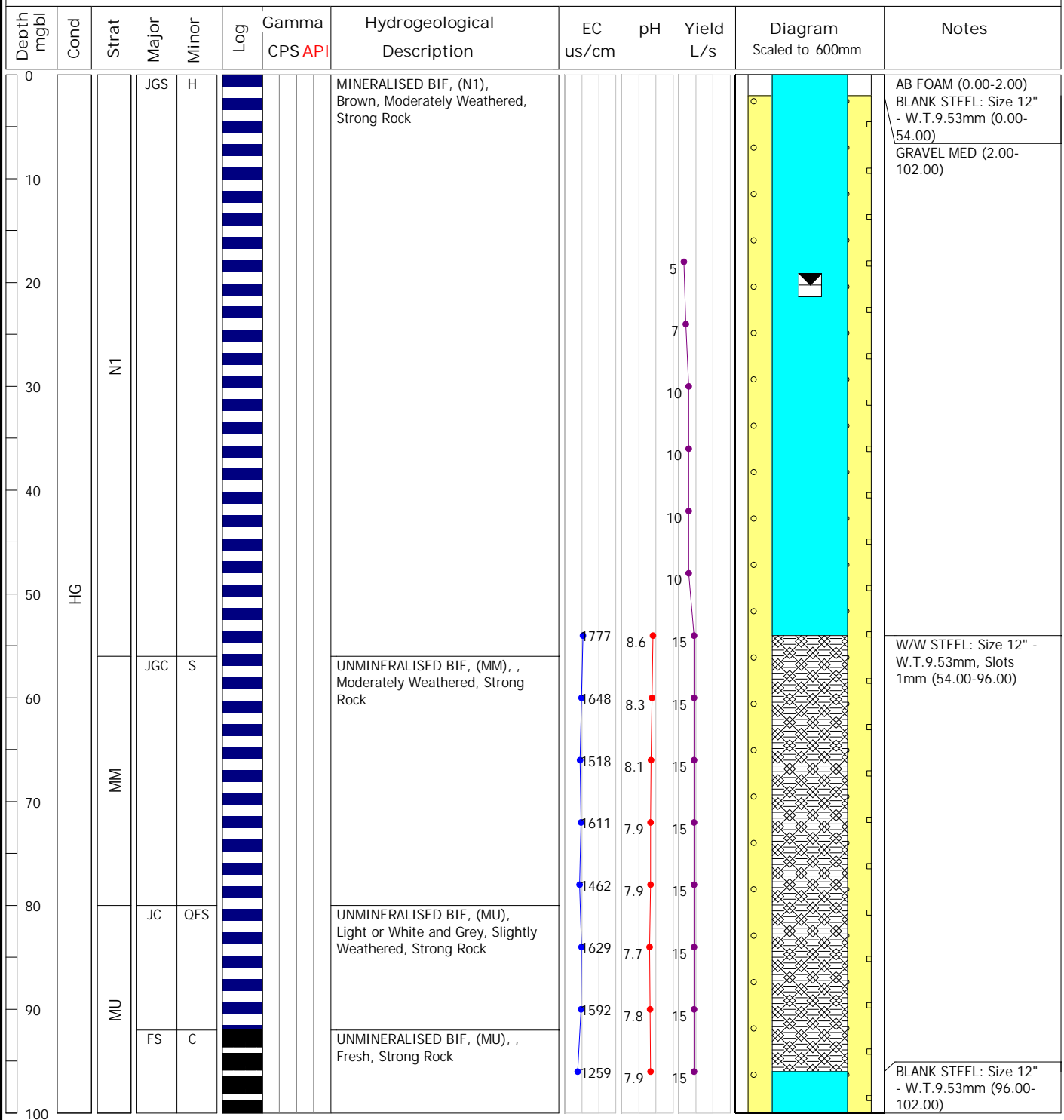
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0225 Hole Length: 104.00

Easting: 204315.51	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
	0.0 - 9.5	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Northing: 7409960.12	9.5 - 56.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Surface RL: 441.12	56.0 - 104.0	DR3	CH	400		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 17 Apr 22 - 23 Apr 22	License: CAW204608						
Comments: Over drill to 104m to end of rod also to account for any fallback.							

TOC RL: 441.77 (Stickup 0.60m) (drilled) SWL: 20.25 MBTOC (28 Apr 22) Dev: Y: 10.1 hour(s) Final pH: 7.9
 TOC RL: 441.77 (Stickup 0.60m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 23 Apr 2022 Final EC: 1669.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0225 Hole Length: 104.00

Easting: 204315.51	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409960.12	0.0 - 9.5	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Surface RL: 441.12	9.5 - 56.0	DR3	DR	450		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	56.0 - 104.0	DR3	CH	400		EASTERNWELL	MF3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 17 Apr 22 - 23 Apr 22							License: CAW204608
Comments: Over drill to 104m to end of rod also to account for any fallback.							

TOC RL: 441.77 (Stickup 0.60m) (drilled) SWL: 20.25 MBTOC (28 Apr 22) Dev: Y: 10.1 hour(s) Final pH: 7.9
 TOC RL: 441.77 (Stickup 0.60m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 23 Apr 2022 Final EC: 1669.00

Depth m/ft	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
100	HG	MU	FS	C			UNMINERALISED BIF, (MU), , Fresh, Strong Rock					GRAVEL MED (2.00-102.00)
110												
120												
130												
140												
150												
160												W/W STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.9.53mm, Slots 1mm (54.00-96.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.9.53mm (96.00- 102.00) END CAP (102.00) FALLBACK (102.00- 104.00)
170												
180												
190												
200												

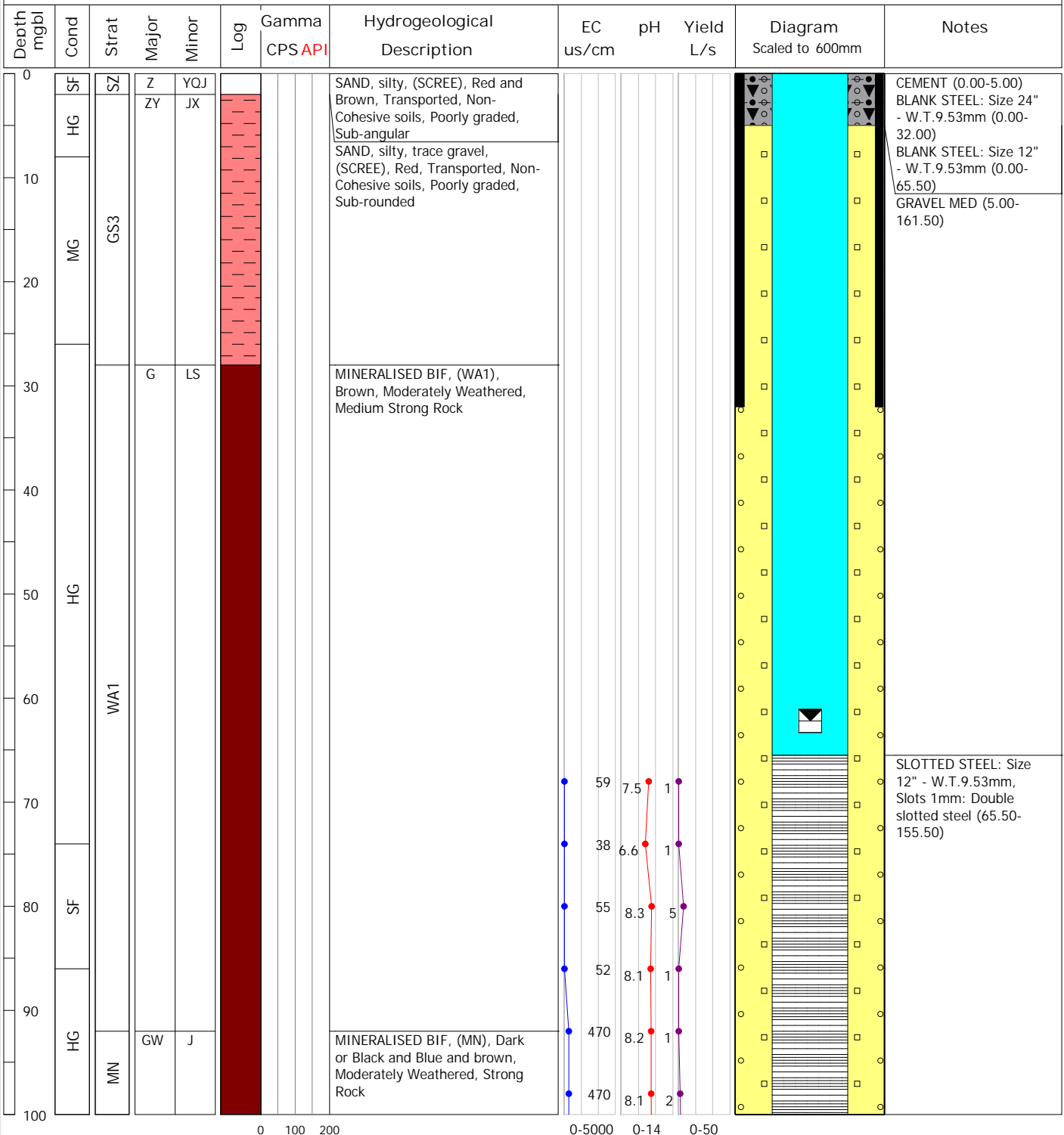
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0238 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 209456.50	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409817.68	0.0 - 32.0	DR5	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 520.96	32.0 - 122.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	122.0 - 162.0	DR5	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 14 Nov 22 - 19 Nov 22	License: CAW207661						
Comments: FWS at approx. 69m. DR24" Casing left in ground from 0-32m							

TOC RL: 521.43 (Stickup 0.43m) (drilled) SWL: 62.21 MBTOC (24 Nov 22) Dev: Y: 8.0 hour(s) Final pH: 8.2
 TOC RL: 521.43 (Stickup 0.43m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 19 Nov 2022 Final EC: 1640.00



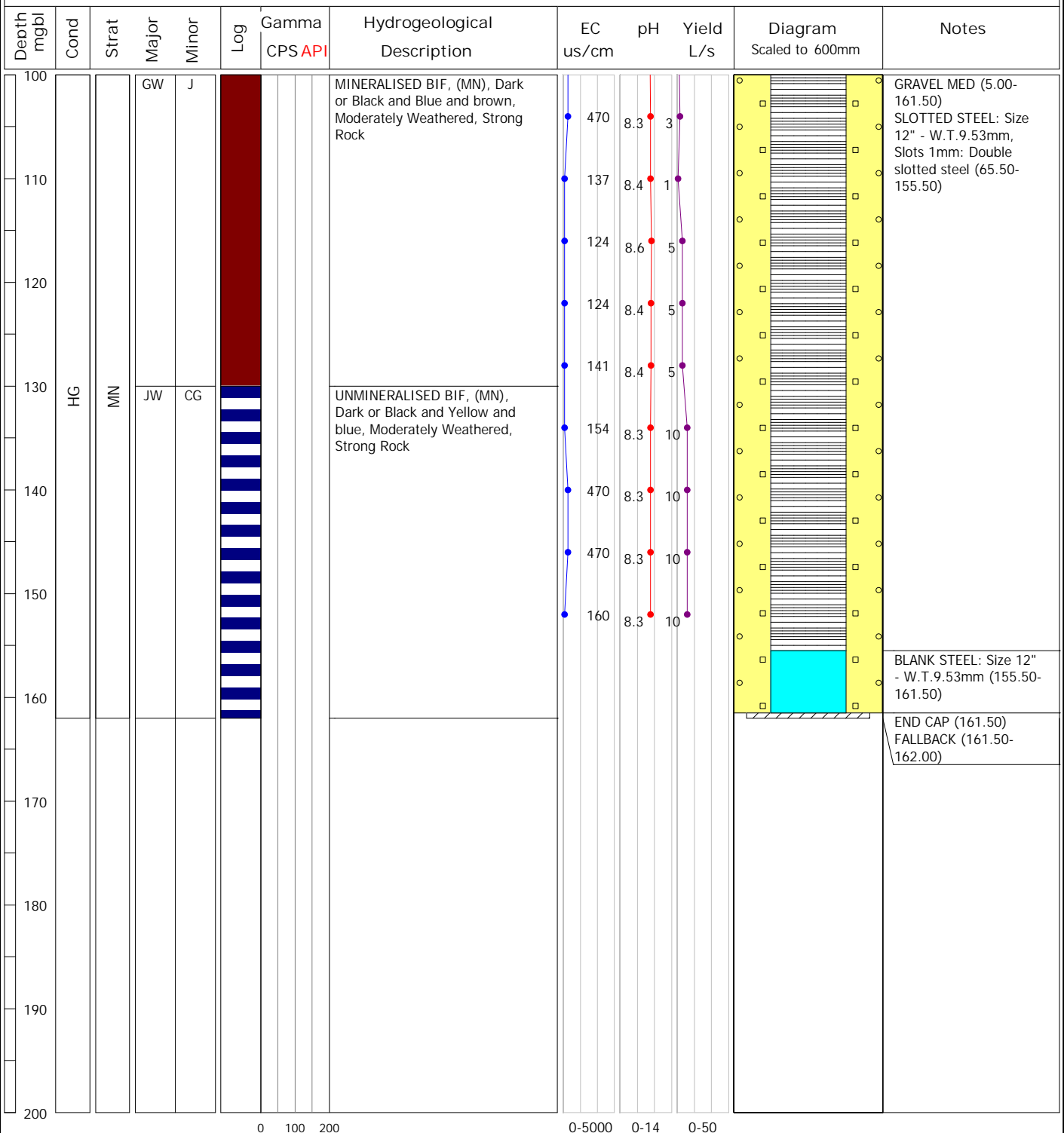
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0238 Hole Length: 162.00

Easting: 209456.50	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409817.68	0.0 - 32.0	DR5	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 520.96	32.0 - 122.0	DR5	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	122.0 - 162.0	DR5	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 14 Nov 22 - 19 Nov 22							License: CAW207661
Comments: FWS at approx. 69m. DR24" Casing left in ground from 0-32m							

TOC RL: 521.43 (Stickup 0.43m) (drilled) SWL: 62.21 MBTOC (24 Nov 22) Dev: Y: 8.0 hour(s) Final pH: 8.2
 TOC RL: 521.43 (Stickup 0.43m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 19 Nov 2022 Final EC: 1640.00



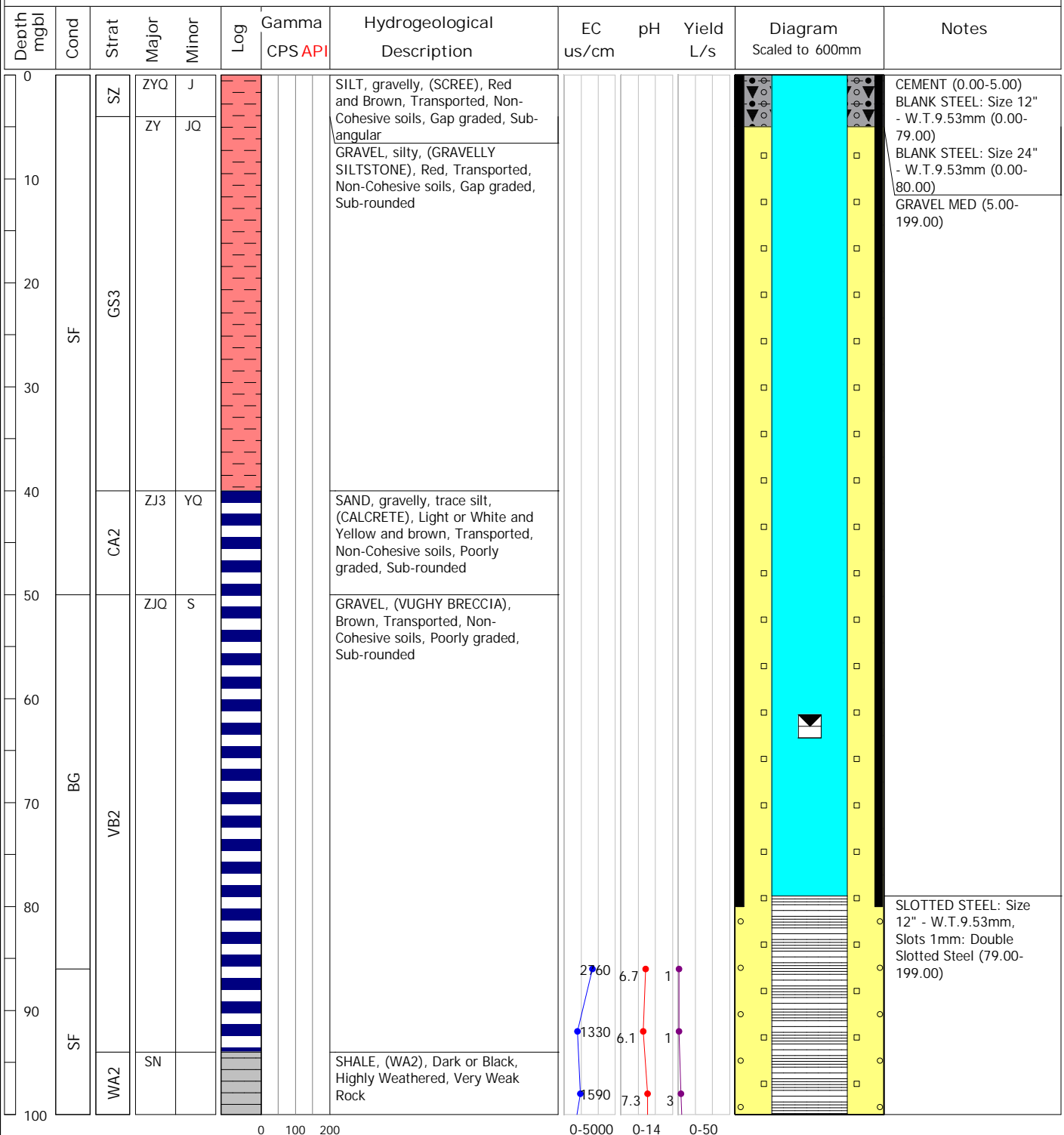
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0239 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 209143.87	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409834.00	0.0 - 80.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 521.25	80.0 - 200.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 16 Nov 22 - 21 Nov 22							
Comments: Production bore. Drilled to 200m, installed to 199m. FWS at 60mbgl.						License: CAW207661	

TOC RL: 521.76 (Stickup 0.45m) (drilled) SWL: 62.64 MBTOC (25 Nov 22) Dev: Y: 38.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.1
 TOC RL: 521.76 (Stickup 0.45m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 21 Nov 2022 Final EC: 639.00



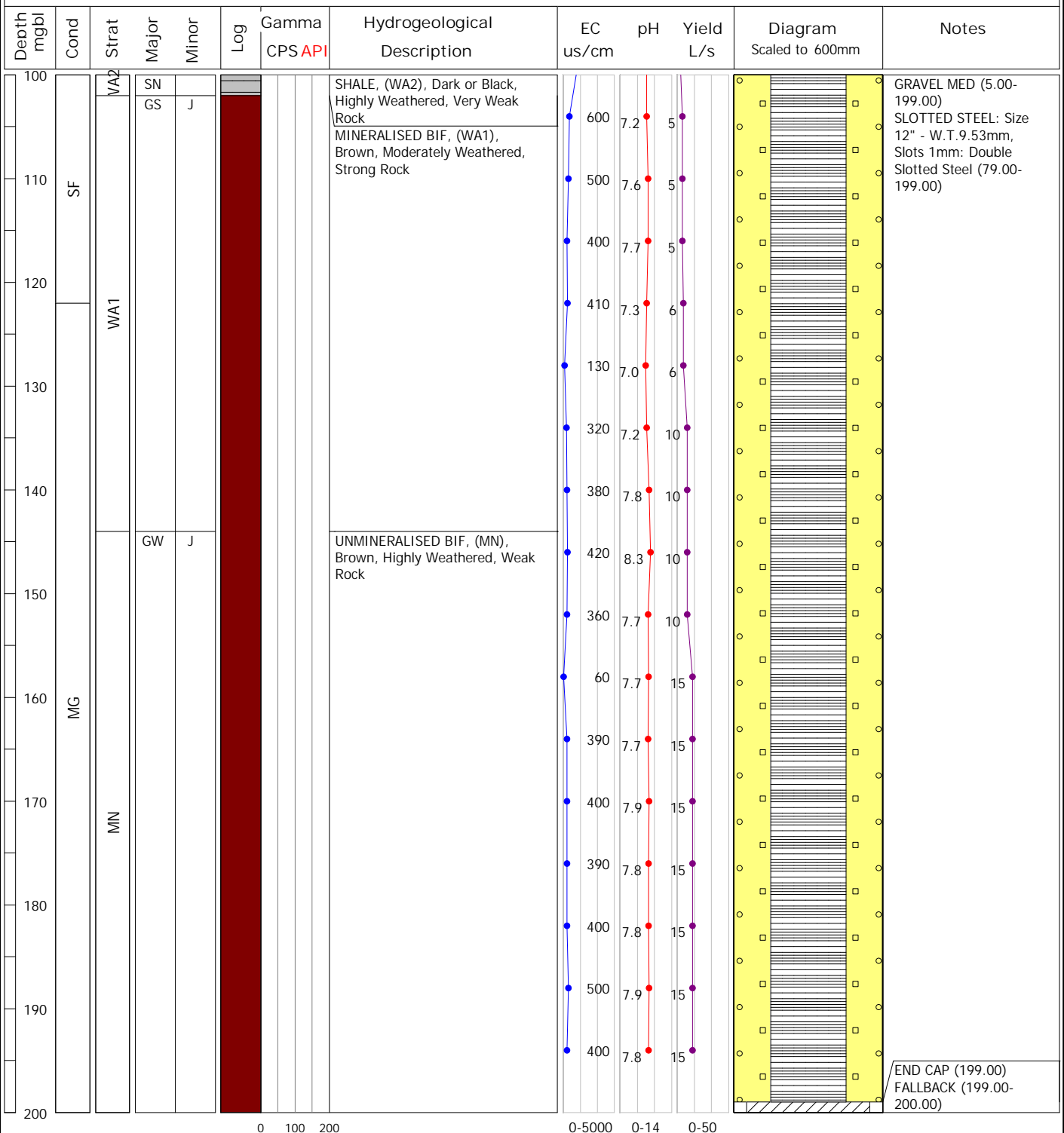
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0239 Hole Length: 200.00

Easting: 209143.87	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409834.00	0.0 - 80.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 521.25	80.0 - 200.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 16 Nov 22 - 21 Nov 22	License: CAW207661						
Comments: Production bore. Drilled to 200m, installed to 199m. FWS at 60m bgl.							

TOC RL: 521.76 (Stickup 0.45m) (drilled) SWL: 62.64 MBTOC (25 Nov 22) Dev: Y: 38.3 hour(s) Final pH: 8.1
 TOC RL: 521.76 (Stickup 0.45m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 21 Nov 2022 Final EC: 639.00



END CAP (199.00)
FALLBACK (199.00-200.00)

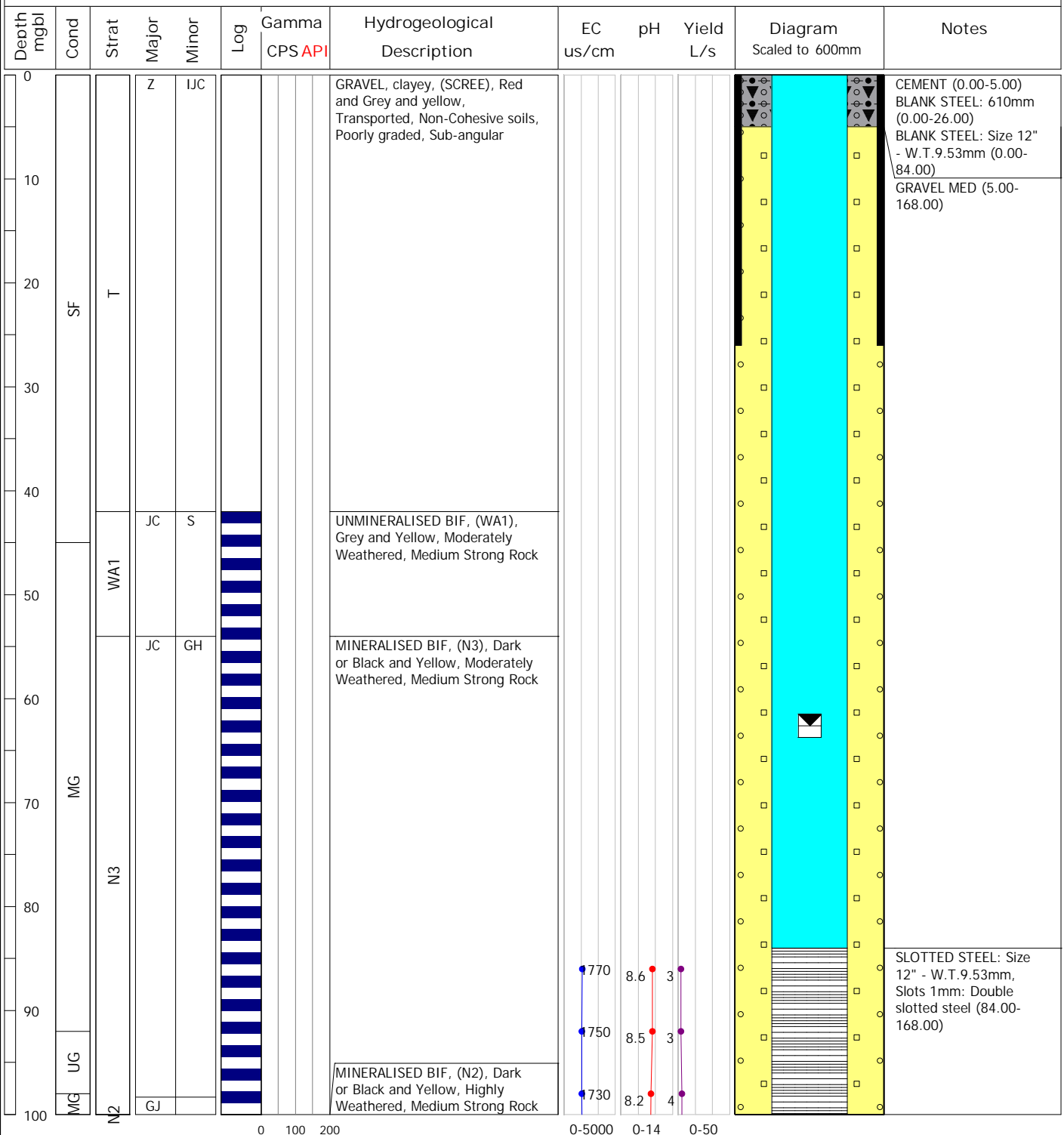
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0240 Hole Length: 172.00

Easting: 208445.41	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409743.62	0.0 - 32.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Surface RL: 521.21	32.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	146.0 - 172.0	EWMWW06	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 11 Dec 22 - 15 Dec 22	License: CAW207661						
Comments: FWS at 92mbl. Pilot Hole HSJ0228M. Concrete Plinth and lockable steel cover							

TOC RL: 521.57 (Stickup 0.25m) (drilled) SWL: 62.61 MBTOC (15 Dec 22) Dev: Y: 8.0 hour(s) Final pH: 7.8
 TOC RL: 521.57 (Stickup 0.25m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 14 Dec 2022 Final EC: 1070.00



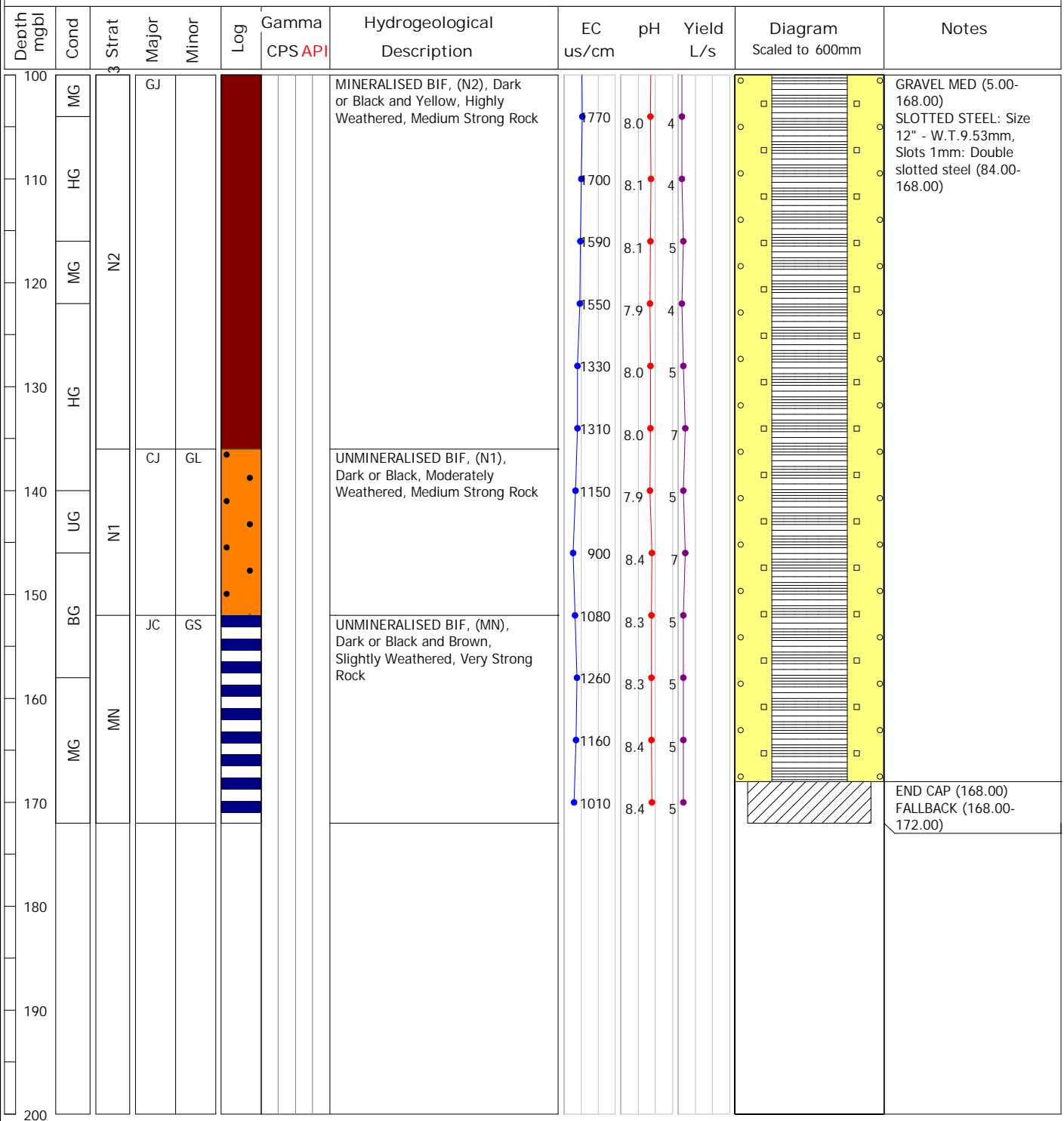
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0240 Hole Length: 172.00

Easting: 208445.41	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409743.62	0.0 - 32.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Surface RL: 521.21	32.0 - 146.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Grid Name: MGA94_51	146.0 - 172.0	EWMWW06	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	ML4
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 11 Dec 22 - 15 Dec 22	License: CAW207661						
Comments: FWS at 92mbl. Pilot Hole HSJ0228M. Concrete Plinth and locakable steel cover							

TOC RL: 521.57 (Stickup 0.25m) (drilled) SWL: 62.61 MBTOC (15 Dec 22) Dev: Y: 8.0 hour(s) Final pH: 7.8
 TOC RL: 521.57 (Stickup 0.25m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 14 Dec 2022 Final EC: 1070.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0241 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 208894.47	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By	
Northing: 7409931.22	0.0 - 74.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4	
Surface RL: 520.09	74.0 - 206.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4	
Grid Name: MGA94_51								
Incl / Azm: -90-->0								
Construct: 01 Dec 22 - 06 Dec 22	License: CAW207661							
Comments: Difficult drilling, issues with broken heaving ground at 128-206m. Install to 180m due to fallback. FWS at 112m bgl.								

TOC RL: 520.58 (Stickup 0.49m) (drilled) SWL: 64.72 MBTOC (12 Dec 22) Dev: Y: 36.0 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 520.58 (Stickup 0.49m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 09 Dec 2022 Final EC: 910.00

Depth m bgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
0	SF	SZ	ZY	J			SAND, silty, (SCREE), Red and Brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					CEMENT (0.00-5.00) BLANK STEEL: Size 24" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-74.00)
10			ZJY	3Q			GRAVEL, silty, trace sand, (GRAVELLY SILTSTONE), buff and Red and brown, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-rounded					BLANK STEEL: Size 12" - W.T.9.53mm (0.00-120.00) GRAVEL MED (5.00-180.00)
20	MG	GS3										
30												
40	HG		Z3C	J			SAND, (CALCRETE), Light or White and Yellow, Transported, Non-Cohesive soils, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
50		CA2										
60												
70	SF		ZK	J			CLAY, (CLAY), Pink and Grey, Transported, Stiff, Poorly graded, Sub-angular					
80		CY2										
90												
100												

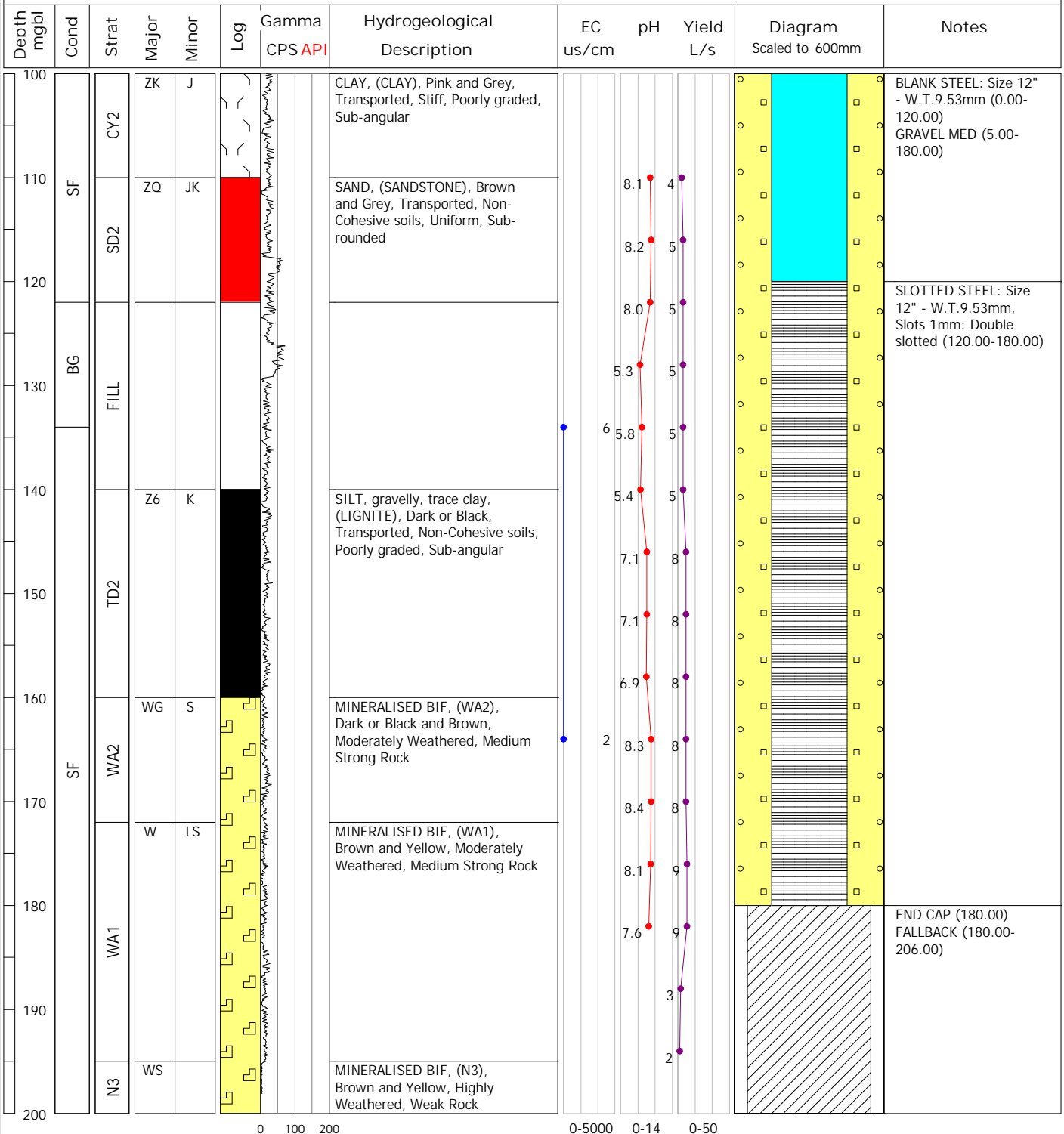
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0241 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 208894.47	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409931.22	0.0 - 74.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Surface RL: 520.09	74.0 - 206.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4
Grid Name: MGA94_51							
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 01 Dec 22 - 06 Dec 22	License: CAW207661						
Comments: Difficult drilling, issues with broken heaving ground at 128-206m. Install to 180m due to fallback. FWS at 112mgl.							

TOC RL: 520.58 (Stickup 0.49m) (drilled) SWL: 64.72 MBTOC (12 Dec 22) Dev: Y: 36.0 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 520.58 (Stickup 0.49m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 09 Dec 2022 Final EC: 910.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0241 Hole Length: 206.00

Easting: 208894.47	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By	
Northing: 7409931.22	0.0 - 74.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	KM4	
Surface RL: 520.09	74.0 - 206.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	KM4	
Grid Name: MGA94_51								
Incl / Azm: -90-->0								
Construct: 01 Dec 22 - 06 Dec 22	License: CAW207661							
Comments: Difficult drilling, issues with broken heaving ground at 128-206m. Install to 180m due to fallback. FWS at 112mbgl.								

TOC RL: 520.58 (Stickup 0.49m) (drilled) SWL: 64.72 MBTOC (12 Dec 22) Dev: Y: 36.0 hour(s) Final pH: 8.3
 TOC RL: 520.58 (Stickup 0.49m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 09 Dec 2022 Final EC: 910.00

Depth mgl	Cond	Strat	Major	Minor	Log	Gamma CPS API	Hydrogeological Description	EC us/cm	pH	Yield L/s	Diagram Scaled to 600mm	Notes
200	SF	N3	WS		☐		MINERALISED BIF, (N3), Brown and Yellow, Highly Weathered, Weak Rock					FALLBACK (180.00- 206.00)
210												
220												
230												
240												
250												
260												
270												
280												
290												
300												

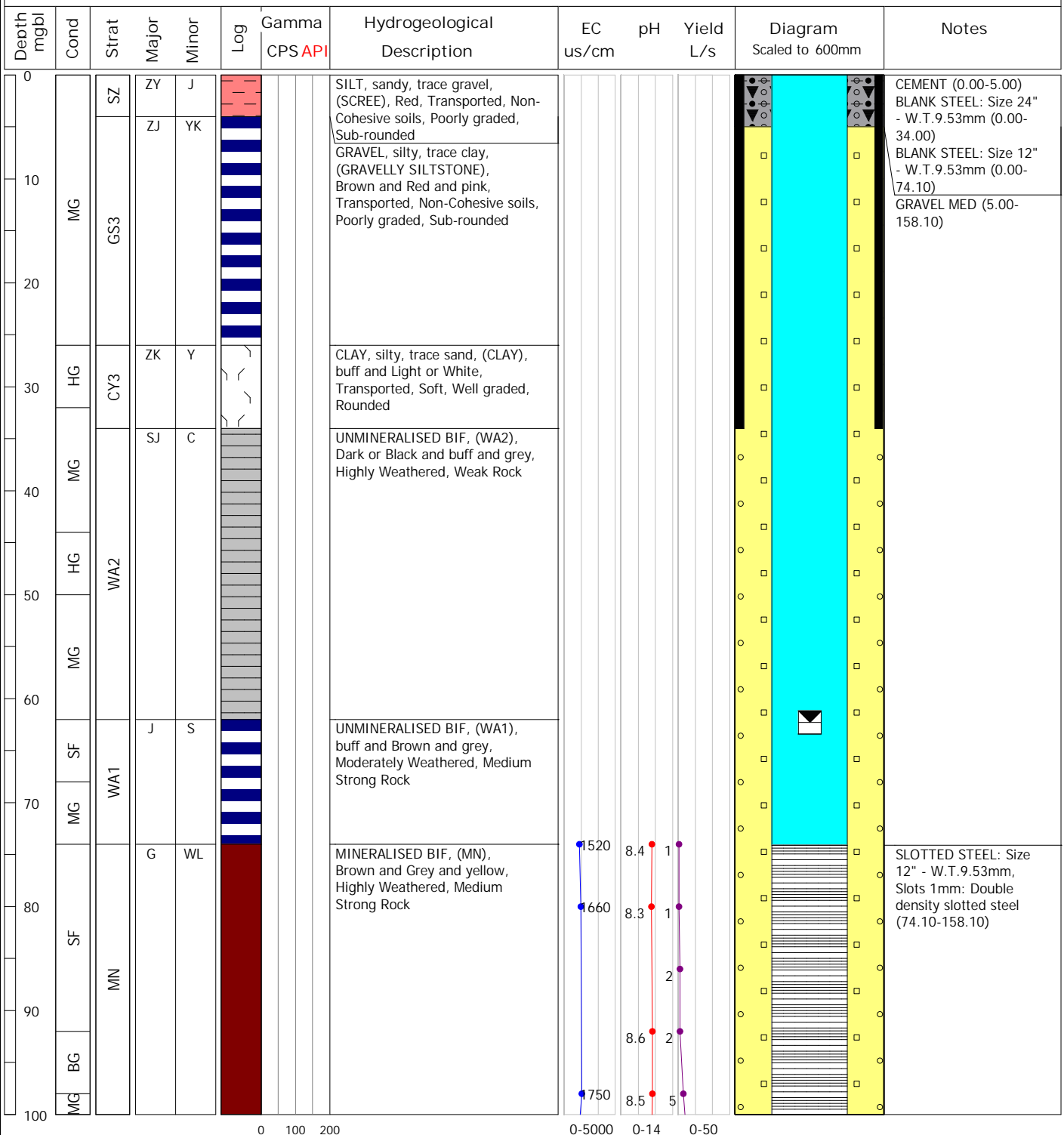
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0242 Hole Length: 159.50

Easting: 209868.84	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409847.21	0.0 - 34.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 520.95	34.0 - 133.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	133.0 - 159.5	EWMWW06	CH	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 21 Dec 22 - 25 Dec 22							License: CAW207661
Comments: Hole terminated @159.5m due to V/hard ground.Met Tech.Objective. Drill bit lost @159.5m.							

TOC RL: 521.18 (Stickup 0.26m) (drilled) SWL: 62.30 MBTOC (26 Dec 22) Dev: Y: 9.5 hour(s) Final pH: 8.0
 TOC RL: 521.18 (Stickup 0.26m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 25 Dec 2022 Final EC: 1656.00



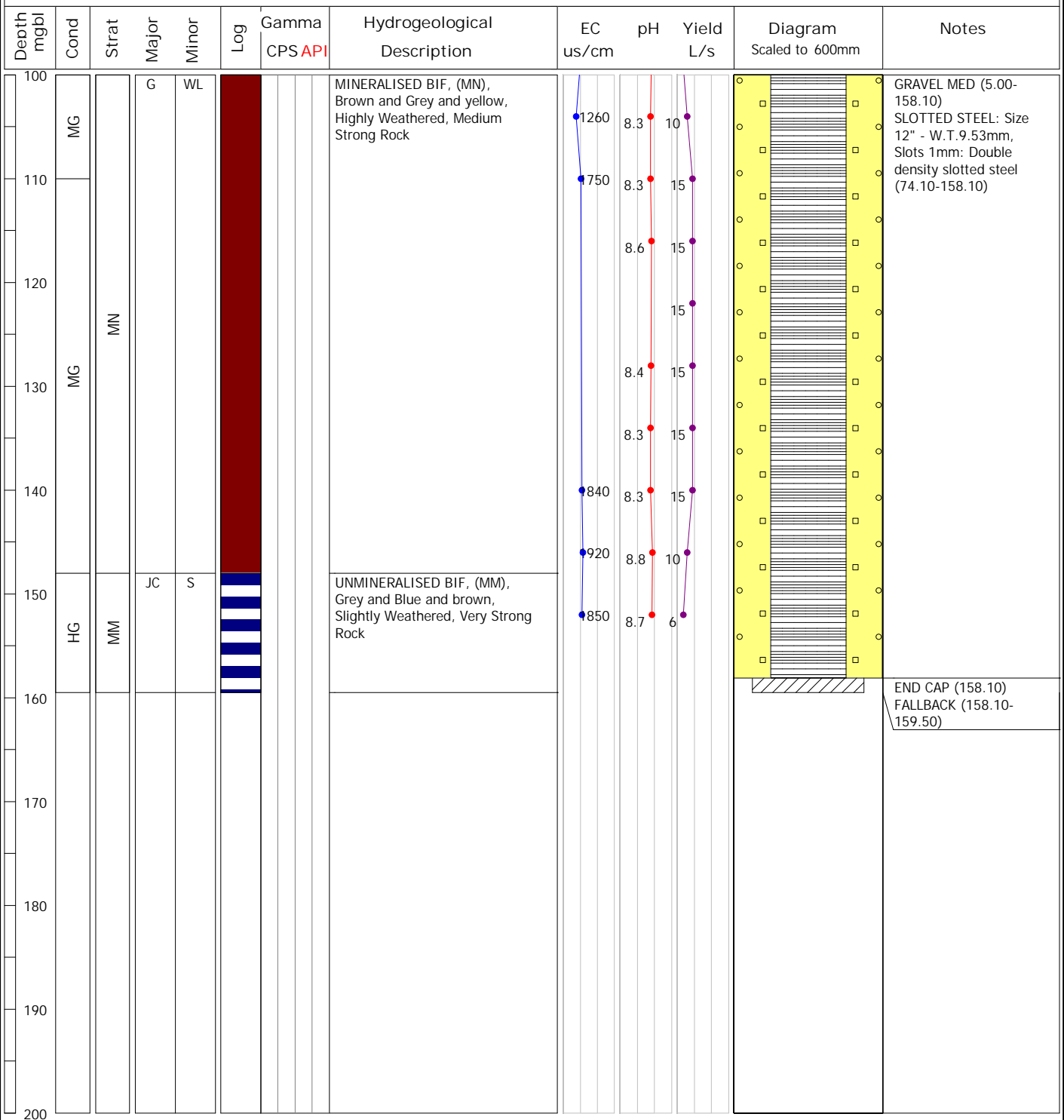
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: SOUTH JIMBLEBAR Hole Name: HSJ0242 Hole Length: 159.50

Easting: 209868.84	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7409847.21	0.0 - 34.0	EWMWW06	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Surface RL: 520.95	34.0 - 133.0	EWMWW06	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	133.0 - 159.5	EWMWW06	CH	450		EASTERNWELL	NK3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 21 Dec 22 - 25 Dec 22	License: CAW207661						
Comments: Hole terminated @159.5m due to V/hard ground.Met Tech.Objective. Drill bit lost @159.5m.							

TOC RL: 521.18 (Stickup 0.26m) (drilled) SWL: 62.30 MBTOC (26 Dec 22) Dev: Y: 9.5 hour(s) Final pH: 8.0
 TOC RL: 521.18 (Stickup 0.26m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 25 Dec 2022 Final EC: 1656.00



17 Appendix C: Groundwater Chemistry

JIMBLEBAR BOREFIELDS

Contact: Annabelle Blom – General Manager Jimblebar

Contents

JIMBLEBAR BOREFIELDS	1
7.1 Introduction	3
Outline of licensed operation	3
Location of operation.....	3
FY23 events	3
7.2 Climate and rainfall	3
7.3 Geology and hydrogeology	4
Geology.....	4
Hydrogeology	4
7.4 Borefields description	5
7.5 Groundwater abstraction and water use	5
7.6 Monitoring results	6
Groundwater levels.....	6
Water quality.....	6
7.7 Assessment of impacts	8
7.8 Recommendations	9
7.9 References.....	10

Tables

Table 7.1: Monthly rainfall

Table 7.2: Summary of Jimblebar Borefields' compliance performance

Table 7.3: Licence abstraction details

Table 7.4: Abstraction/Reinjection

Table 7.5: Water Levels from Monitoring and Production Bores

Table 7.6: Field pH from Production Bores and Sumps

Table 7.7: Field EC from Production Bores and Sumps

Table 7.8: Laboratory Chemistry Results from Production Bores

Figures

Figure 7.1: Regional map

Figure 7.2: Jimblebar Borefields South Jimblebar and Wheelarra Borefield map

Figure 7.3: Jimblebar Borefields Wheelarra, Hashimoto & South Jimblebar map

Figure 7.4: Jimblebar and Shovelanna Borefields Water Balance FY23

Figure 7.5: Monitoring summary: Hashimoto Hydrographs

Figure 7.6: Monitoring summary: Operations South Jimblebar Hydrographs

Figure 7.7: Monitoring summary: Regional West Hydrographs

Figure 7.8: Monitoring summary: Wheelarra Hill Hydrographs

Figure 7.9: Monitoring summary: Reinjection Hydrographs

Figure 7.10: Monitoring summary: Caramulla MAR Hydrographs

Figure 7.11: Monitoring summary: Hashimoto Production Boreholes

Figure 7.12: Monitoring summary: Operations South Jimblebar Production Boreholes

Figure 7.13: Monitoring summary: Regional West Production Boreholes

Figure 7.14: Monitoring summary: Wheelarra Hill Production Boreholes

Figure 7.15: Monitoring summary: South Jimblebar MAR Production Boreholes

Figure 7.16: Monitoring summary: Caramulla Discharge Production Boreholes

Figure 7.17: Monitoring summary: Caramulla MAR Production Boreholes

Figure 7.18: Piper Diagram

Appendices

Appendix 7.1: Licence

Appendix 7.2: Borehole details

Appendix 7.3: Borehole logs

7.1 Introduction

Outline of licensed operation

This Annual Aquifer Review (AAR) report is for the borefields of the Jimblebar Mining Operations. It covers the review period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023 (FY2022-2023). Groundwater abstraction at Jimblebar Operation is regulated through a 5C Licence to Take Water issued under the *Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914* (the Act). The Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) is responsible for administering the Act via the licence instruments outlined in Appendix 0.1. Licence commitments are outlined in the GWL Operating Strategy for Jimblebar (GWOS) (BHP 2018).

The Jimblebar Operation has the following licence and annual water entitlement:

- GWL158795 - 26,300,000 kL.

This water is authorised to be used for dust suppression, earthworks / construction, mineral ore processing, mine dewatering, exploratory drilling, geotechnical investigations, campsite purposes and injection.

Discharge of surplus water to creeks and MAR are undertaken at Jimblebar under the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* Part V Environmental Licence (L5415/1988/9). The licence permits discharge to Jimblebar Creek, Jimblebar West Branch, Caramulla Creek and injection to Caramulla MAR.

Jimblebar previously operated under *Environmental Protection Act 1986* Part IV Ministerial Statements 683, 809 and 857 (as amended by 1037). From 17 March 2020, these Statements have been replaced by Ministerial Statement 1126. These Statements contain conditions or commitments relating to groundwater receptors. As discussed in Section 1, compliance against *Environmental Protection Act 1986* requirements is addressed separately in Annual Environmental Reports.

Location of operation

The Jimblebar Mining Operations (Figure 7.1–Figure 7.3) are located approximately 40 km east of Newman at the eastern end of the Ophthalmia Range in the Pilbara region of Western Australia. The deposits are situated in a fractured-rock aquifer in the East Pilbara subarea of the DWER Pilbara Groundwater Allocation Plan (Department of Water, 2013).

FY23 events

The following activities took place at Jimblebar during the review period:

- Continued dewatering in Wheelarra Hill, South Jimblebar and Hashimoto
- No dewatering in South Jimblebar Stage 1 pit as mining is completed
- Test pumping of bores in South Jimblebar
- Additional bores commissioned in South Jimblebar
- Drilling, construction and testing of new monitoring and production bores in Hashimoto, Wheelarra
- New potable bores drilled and test pumped to replace existing potable bores in South Jimblebar.

7.2 Climate and rainfall

The Pilbara region of Western Australia is within 'arid, desert, hot' and 'arid, steppe, hot' climate zones, based on the Köppen-Geiger climate zonation (Charles et al. 2013). Rainfall and temperature exhibit high variability between seasons, with occasional intense rainfall and consistently high temperatures in summer (December through to February), an autumn (March to May) transition to dry and warm conditions throughout winter (June to August) and spring (September to November), with the southern Pilbara sometimes receiving rain in winter from southern sources. The Pilbara often records temperatures of $\geq 43^{\circ}\text{C}$ in summer months. There is large rainfall variation between years as well as large spatial heterogeneity. Combined with consistently high potential evaporation, this results in significant hydrological variability.

Long term Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) climate records show average annual rainfall of 324 mm (Newman Aero rainfall station 007176 [1971–present]). Annual average evaporation is about 3,274 mm/year. Local weather station (WFG001) data (Table 7.1) show that the total rainfall during FY23 was 394.6 mm. The distribution and intensity of rainfall during FY23 was spread across seasons more so than in FY21 and FY22. September and March recorded significantly more rainfall than previous years. Groundwater monitoring graphs (Figure 7.5–Figure 7.10) include monthly rainfall for comparison.

Table 7.1: Monthly rainfall

Month	Rainfall ¹ (mm)		
	FY21	FY22	FY23
July	2.2	0.0	0.0
August	3.0	0.0	2.0
September	0.0	0.0	60.0
October	5.8	0.4	0.4
November	10.2	12.0	0.0
December	119.0	0.2	14.2
January	138.2	31.2	62.4
February	192.6	81.4	39.4
March	12.4	41.4	158.0
April	36.8	2.2	49.6
May	2.2	67.4	0.0
June	8.0	1.0	8.6
TOTAL	530.4	237.2	394.6

1. Source: BHP's Jimblebar Mine weather station (WFG001).

7.3 Geology and hydrogeology

Geology

Jimblebar mining operation are located at the eastern end of the Ophthalmia Range within the Ophthalmia Fold Belt, which overlies Precambrian basement and abuts the granitic Sylvania Inlier. The basement stratigraphic sequence, from top to bottom, comprises the Brockman Iron Formation (found in the north of Jimblebar, including the Wheelarra and Hashimoto orebodies), the Mt McRae Shale, the Mt Sylvia Formation, the Wittenoom Formation, and the Marra Mamba Iron Formation (found in South Jimblebar orebodies). The rock units tend to be inclined to the north.

Cenozoic alluvial sediments overlie Precambrian units in the valley south of Wheelarra Hill, occupying an East-West oriented palaeovalley that is eroded into the Wittenoom Formation. The Cenozoic alluvial sediments are predominantly gravels, silts, clays, and detritals.

Key structures include a series of northeast-southwest striking faults. The Wheelarra Fault bounds the western side of the Jimblebar Operation. The Central Fault extends from the west side of Wheelarra 5 pit to the eastern side of South Jimblebar Stage 1 (Mindooona deposit).

Hydrogeology

The greater Jimblebar region's main aquifer types include:

- Regional aquifers associated with the dolomitic Paraburdoo Member of the Wittenoom Formation and overlying Cenozoic detrital sequence. These units are generally in hydraulic connection and form an integrated aquifer system.
- Orebody aquifer associated with iron ore mineralisation of the Brockman Iron Formation and the Marra Mamba Iron Formation.

Orebody aquifers in the Marra Mamba Iron Formation (South Jimblebar orebodies) and Brockman Iron Formation (Wheelarra and Hashimoto orebodies) are characterised by secondary permeability and porosity associated with zones of mineralisation. Aquifer storage and interconnectivity along strike is limited. The spatial extents (and associated aquifer storage) are variable and correlate with the size and interconnectivity of permeability zones.

The Jimblebar groundwater system is generally east-west oriented, bounded to the north by low-permeability Yandicoogina Shale and Weeli Wolli formations, and bounded to the south by shales and dolerites of the Jeerinah Formation and granites

of the Sylvania Inlier.

The regional-scale, northeast-southwest trending Wheelarra Fault forms the western boundary of the Jimblebar system, while the Khyber Fault forms the eastern boundary. These juxtapose high-permeability aquifers against lower-permeability units and act as barriers to groundwater flow. The Central Fault divides the aquifer system into east and west compartments, with very little groundwater flow across the fault. The Marra Mamba Iron Formation orebody aquifer at South Jimblebar comprises the west compartment and the Brockman orebody aquifer of the Wheelarra Hills deposits make up the east compartment. Mt McRae Shale and Mount Sylvia formations, as well as shale members within the Wittenoom and Brockman formations, act as aquitards/flow barriers that separate the regional and orebody aquifers.

The Marra Mamba Iron Formation orebody aquifer typically exhibits a (pre-mining) west to east, low-relief hydraulic gradient, and the degree of west to east interconnectivity is variable due to the influence of cross-cutting faults. Hydraulic gradients in the Brockman Iron Formation orebody aquifer are also mostly west to east.

The regional dolomite aquifer exhibits a similar west to east hydraulic gradient and appears to be laterally continuous. Structural features connect the dolomite aquifer with the Marra Mamba orebody aquifer to the south. The Cenozoic detritals aquifer appears to be variably connected to the underlying dolomite aquifer and Marra Mamba orebody aquifer.

Surface water drainages in the vicinity of the Jimblebar Borefields are generally in poor hydraulic connection with groundwater systems, due to groundwater levels ranging between 50 to 100 m below surface and recharge responses only observed after significant rainfall and runoff events.

Recharge to the aquifers is typically via infiltration where the host rocks are exposed, or via intermediary detrital systems associated with surface drainage. Leakage from the overlying Copper Creek into the Cenozoic detritals aquifer is likely to be low and variable, due to the deposition of a low-permeability clayey unit underlying most of the creek bed.

Groundwater chemistry data suggests pH values generally 7–8 pH units, with some data in the range of 6–10 pH units. Electrical conductivity data are generally in the range of 250–2,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ (fresh to brackish). Fresh groundwater (250 – 750 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$) is generally in the western region of the Capricorn orebody, in close proximity to Copper Creek. This may be an indication of enhanced rainfall recharge (via Copper Creek) at this location compared to elsewhere in Jimblebar. Brackish groundwater (>1000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$) is generally found in all other locations within the Jimblebar groundwater system.

7.4 Borefields description

During the FY23 review period, the Jimblebar Borefields included:

South Jimblebar:

- 8 operational production bores
- 3 operational injection bores
- 7 associated monitoring bores.

Wheelarra Hill and Regional West:

- 7 operational production bores
- 7 associated monitoring bores.

Hashimoto and Regional East:

- 6 operational production bores
- 6 associated monitoring bores.

Details of these bores are provided in Appendix 7.2 and bore logs for new production bores drilled during FY23 are provided in Appendix 7.3.

7.5 Groundwater abstraction and water use

The abstraction and injection volumes for each bore over the review period are shown in Table 7.4. The current annual water entitlement (allocation) for the Jimblebar Borefields is 26,300,000 kL.

- During FY23, the total groundwater abstracted was 15,026,649 kL.

There are multiple MAR schemes in operation with the objective of returning surplus water to local aquifers.

- During YF23, South Jimblebar MAR reinjected a total of 26,040 kL into HSJ0003P, HSJ0069P and HSJ0076P

- During FY23, 3,095,350 kL was reinjected at Caramulla MAR into bores HCM0026P, HCM0027P and HCM0028P.

The water balance diagrams illustrating the groundwater usage estimates for the review period are shown in Figure 7.4. Monthly abstraction for each production bore during FY23 is included in the monitoring summaries in Figure 7.5–Figure 7.10.

7.6 Monitoring results

The locations of monitoring and production bores are provided in Figure 7.2 and Figure 7.3. Monitoring results for water levels and water quality for the review period are discussed in this section. A summary of the findings is discussed in Section 7.8.

Groundwater levels

Groundwater level responses during the review period are summarised below by region. Hydrographs for the review period are shown in Figure 7.5–Figure 7.10.

Wheellarra Hill

- Decreasing at the 3 monitoring bores. HFG0006M 436.11 m RL to 428.76 mRL, HFG0068M 458.61 mRL to 455.46 m RL and HFG0092M 443.30 mRL to 438.03 mRL (Figure 7.8).

Regional West

- HFG0042M, HSJ0104M and HSJ0173M decreasing (~1–2 m in drawdown) (Figure 7.7))
- HFG0035M increasing from 543.05 m RL to 547.26 mRL.

South Jimblebar

- Decreasing by ~1 m at HSJ0018M, HSJ0104M, HSJ0133M and HSJ0159M (Figure 7.6)
- Decreasing from 431.36 mRL to 419.80 mRL at HSJ0150M.

South Jimblebar MAR

- Decreasing production bore trend. Drawdown at HSJ0076P and HSJ0069P ~14 m. Monitoring bores more stable with levels dropping by ~0–2 m. Sump levels decreased by ~3–5 m (Figure 7.9).

Caramulla MAR

- Stable at all four monitoring bores. Levels at HCM0019M and HCM0047M ~461 mRL, HCM0043M (509 mRL) and HCM0044M (506 mRL)

Hashimoto

- Decreasing at all monitoring bores. HHH0024M from 443.34 mRL to 437.44 mRL (Figure 7.5).

Water quality

Field chemistry is shown in Table 7.6 and Table 7.7 respectively and results for field pH and EC for the review period are illustrated in Figure 7.11–Figure 7.17. Piper format major ion data (Figure 7.18) suggest generally coincident water types (dissolution/mixing) for mineralisation and carbonate aquifers (carbonate precipitation), with some outlier data. Laboratory chemistry results are shown in Table 7.8 with Site Specific Trigger Value (SSTV) exceedances highlighted red.

Groundwater quality from field measurements and laboratory analysis is summarised below.

Wheellarra Hill

- Circumneutral pH across all bores (6.9–7.8)
- Stable mainly brackish EC (917–1,276 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$) at all bores except HFG0014P which had consistently fresh EC (<1,000 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$) (Figure 7.14)
- SSTV exceedance of barium (0.019 mg/L) in April 2023 at HFG0064P. No other exceedances for reporting period.

Regional West

- Stable neutral pH (7.3–7.6)
- Stable brackish EC (1,500–1,600 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$) (Figure 7.13)
- SSTV exceedances include barium (total and filtered) in December 2022 and June 2023. Boron concentrations also exceeded SSTV in June 2023 and nitrate as N concentrations exceeded the SSTV in December 2022.

South Jimblebar

- Stable circumneutral pH (6.6–7.7)
- Fresh to brackish EC (955–1,700 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$) (Figure 7.12)
- SSTV exceedances include barium, boron and nitrate as N. Exceedances were observed for all 3 analytes at HSJ0207P and just a nitrate exceedance at HSJ0008P.

South Jimblebar MAR

- Stable circumneutral pH (6.5–7.3) (Figure 7.15)
- Stable brackish EC (1,212–1,800 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$)
- Minor SSTV exceedances include barium, boron, nitrate as N and zinc at multiple bores (HSJ0003P, HSJ0069P, HSJ0076P and HSJ0003P).

Hashimoto

- Circumneutral pH across all bores (6.8–7.8) (Figure 7.11)
- Fresh to brackish EC (603–1,338 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$)
- Minor SSTV exceedances for barium (including total) and nickel.

Caramulla Creek discharge

- Minor SSTV exceedances for barium (including total) and nickel (Figure 7.16)
- Neutral to slight alkaline pH (7.4–8.1)
- Stable brackish EC (1,400 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ for all three recordings).

Caramulla MAR

- Neutral pH (6.9–7) in Aug 22 and Jan 23 (only recordings)
- Brackish EC (1,400 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$ and 1500 $\mu\text{S}/\text{cm}$) (Figure 7.17)
- Minor SSTV exceedances for aluminium (including total), barium (including total), manganese (including total in Jan 23).

7.7 Compliance

A summary of the Jimblebar Borefields' compliance with GWL requirements is provided in Table 7.2. Most of the compliance sample points that were missed were due to operational issues such as no access to sites, and bores not being operational at time of sampling. The compliance figures for Jimblebar include compliance for the Shovelanna operations.

Table 7.2: Summary of Jimblebar Borefields' compliance performance

Compliance category	Measure	Activity based compliance
		FY23
Allocation	GWL annual allocation	100%
Abstraction	Monthly measurements per production bores	100%
Water level monitoring	Monthly water level from identified monitoring bores	99%
Field chemistry	Monthly production bore pH and EC measurements	95%
Lab chemistry	Quarterly production bore measurements	79%
	Bi-annual	92%
Rainfall	Monthly measurements	100%

Table 7.3 shows the percentage of the GWL allocation used over the review period.

Table 7.3: Licence abstraction details

Licence No.	Allocation (kL)	Percent used (%)
	FY23	FY23
GWL158795(11)	26,300,000	57%

In addition to abstraction and injection conditions under GWL158795(11), there is recourse for Jimblebar operations to allow surface discharge into Copper Creek and Jimblebar Creek to manage short-term dewatering issues.

7.7 Assessment of impacts

Pit-proximal groundwater drawdown

General declining trends are observed in groundwater levels associated with dewatering, as may be expected from an actively dewatered mine. Major declines in groundwater levels are closely constrained to the orebody aquifers (Marra Mamba and Brockman) and tend to extend east and west. Groundwater levels across the reporting period at Hashimoto, South Jimblebar and Wheelarra Hill continued to present a long-term decreasing trend in line with historical responses to abstraction at orebody aquifers (Marra Mamba and Brockman). In some areas, the drawdown effects of abstraction have been offset by injection.

Mesa-scale groundwater drawdown

The 'Regional West' grouping of groundwater monitoring data show a minor gradual decline in groundwater levels for the reporting period. Injection-proximal groundwater levels continue to respond (increase and decrease) in response to changes in injection volume throughout the reporting period, with an overall slight declining trend.

Groundwater levels in the Caramulla MAR borefield were generally stable, due to high transmissivities and dewatering-interference impacts.

Groundwater quality

For the reporting period pH and EC have remained relatively stable and circumneutral (pH) and generally brackish and stable (EC). Marginal exceedances SSTV exceedances (barium, boron, manganese, and zinc) were recorded.

Monitoring bore HNPISJ0129P (Regional West) showed SSTV nitrate exceedances of up to 13.0 mg/L (compared to guideline value of 0.7mg/L). HNPISJ0129P also had SSTV exceedances of barium (0.032 mg/L compared to trigger value of 0.01 mg/L).

7.8 Recommendations

Based on the data provided:

- Some chemical analytes have exceeded our internal guideline values during the reporting period. BHP will continue monitoring and analysis of these to understand the sources and any potential impacts.

7.9 References

BHP Billiton Iron Ore, 2018. GWL Operating Strategy for Jimblebar. Document ID 0019543 Version 4.0. BHP Billiton Iron Ore Pty Ltd, Perth, Western Australia.

Charles SP, Fu G, Silberstein RP, Mpelasoka F, McFarlane D, Hodgson G, Teng J, Gabrovsek C, Ali R, Barron O, Aryal SK, Dawes W, van Niel T, Chiew FHS (2013) Interim report on the hydroclimate of the Pilbara past, present and future. A report to the West Australian Government and industry partners from the CSIRO Pilbara Water Resource Assessment, CSIRO Water for a Healthy Country, Australia.

Department of Water, 2013. Pilbara Groundwater Allocation Plan, October 2013. Department of Water, Perth, Western Australia.

**Jimblebar Borefields
Annual Reporting
Acknowledgement Slip**



I have reviewed the site Annual Aquifer Review and accept the information provided is an accurate account of site compliance with Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER) conditions for the period 1 July 2022 to 30 June 2023.

SIGNATURE: **Blom, Annabelle** Digitally signed by Blom, Annabelle
DN: cn=Blom, Annabelle, o=BHP
Billiton Group Operations Pty Ltd,
ou=MULTI-ALLOWED
Date: 2023.09.19.07:34:47 +08:00 _____ DATE: _____

ANNABELLE BLOM
GENERAL MANAGER
JIMBLEBAR AND SHOVELANNA

Tables

Table 7.4: Abstraction

Sample Point ID	Hashimoto												
	FY23 (kL)												
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	TOTAL
HHH0022P	4,590	6,195	6,754	2,324									19,863
HHH0039P	37,268	36,696	33,395	35,943	27,072	22,990	26,013	22,159	25,623	830			267,989
HHH0040P	133,873	87,818	19,284	35,486	153,928	160,630	170,921	156,299	171,105	160,492	170,756	161,127	1,581,719
HHH0042P	7,788				116,288	142,483	151,747	131,344	41,742				591,392
HHH0065P	13,659	8,158	523	227									22,567
HHH0066P									18,198	46,724	57,205	55,755	177,882
TOTAL	197,178	138,867	59,956	73,980	297,288	326,103	348,681	309,802	256,668	208,046	227,961	216,882	2,661,412

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. '0' indicates no abstraction.

Sample Point ID	Operations South Jimblebar												
	FY23 (kL)												
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	TOTAL
HSJ0008P				39,469	32,409	32,093	31,870	32,201	23,173				191,215
HSJ0063P	29,802	27,055	22,712	25,434	25,105	21,128	29,235	27,215	22,661		23,072	22,516	275,935
HSJ0125P	67,943							49,808	70,704	22,540	72,299	67,884	351,178
HSJ0180P	99,983	94,229	89,642	89,464	74,462	21,386	47,689	29					516,884
HSJ0182P	82,703	79,802	77,210	77,458	69,081	41,647	62,995	56,569	64,587	73,510	79,740	74,985	840,287
HSJ0184P	38,794	39,535	18,346									15,420	112,095
HSJ0207P	54,719	53,119	50,748	52,533	43,201	27,553	38,752	41,151	45,419	50,307	52,142	49,810	559,454
HSJ0219P										35,478	74,332	74,840	184,650
TOTAL	373,944	293,740	258,658	284,358	244,258	143,807	210,541	206,973	226,544	181,835	301,585	305,455	3,031,698

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. '0' indicates no abstraction.

Sample Point ID	Wheellarra Hill												
	FY23 (kL)												
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	TOTAL
HFG0012P	150,845	90,560	112,492	183,958	168,053	185,696	190,441	168,713	190,194	183,157	191,626	172,414	1,988,149
HFG0014P	53,594	59,783	70,868	70,751	56,362	38,592	68,804	55,662	65,197	59,573	60,115	51,932	711,233
HFG0064P	137,242	133,105	128,928	132,319	114,844	119,469	121,708	109,089	131,895	110,719	128,506	63,983	1,431,807
HFG0087P	178,475	173,307	168,703	171,126	161,488	161,540	151,981	142,983	144,623	96,418	157,912	11,463	1,720,019
HFG0088P	103,699	106,291	100,344	108,170	114,250	110,695	124,614	102,171	120,983	113,774	119,519	113,962	1,338,472
HFG0094P	160,907	158,996	153,474	159,975	128,685	156,204	158,260	139,241	158,614	154,151	159,868	152,744	1,841,119
TOTAL	784,762	722,042	734,809	826,299	743,682	772,196	815,808	717,859	811,506	717,792	817,546	566,498	9,030,799

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. '0' indicates no abstraction.

Table 7.4: Abstraction (cont'd)

Sample Point ID	Regional West												
	FY23 (kL)												
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	TOTAL
HNPISJ0129P	43,363	43,109	28,017	37,795	39,494	32,181	21,652	8,563	20,767	11,327	5,545	10,927	302,740
TOTAL	43,363	43,109	28,017	37,795	39,494	32,181	21,652	8,563	20,767	11,327	5,545	10,927	302,740

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. '0' indicates no abstraction.

Sample Point ID	Caramulla Discharge												
	FY23 (kL)												
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	TOTAL
FJB0016	804,337	669,662	534,558	676,496	588,454	403,856	389,463	315,797	296,082	239,973	221,214	201,816	5,341,708
FJB0017	345,377	362,232	311,857	315,000	400,468							121	1,735,055
FJB0018	84,710	31,799	15,538	22,613	62,736							507	217,903
TOTAL	1,234,424	1,063,693	861,953	1,014,109	1,051,658	403,856	389,463	315,797	296,082	239,973	221,214	202,444	7,294,666

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. '0' indicates no abstraction.

Table 7.4: Reinjection

Sample Point ID	Caramulla MAR												
	FY23 (kL)												
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	TOTAL
HCM0026P	139,124	71,656	32,325	39,156	58,528	148,632	167,817	129,286	127,794	106,769	110,844	82,850	1,214,781
HCM0027P	35,191	25,172	16,083	23,697	24,195	23,727	25,029	18,638	17,927	14,960	16,650	11,898	253,167
HCM0028P	162,314	150,175	139,079	163,615	148,181	158,915	160,702	124,170	122,769	103,679	113,013	80,790	1,627,402
TOTAL	336,629	247,003	187,487	226,468	230,904	331,274	353,548	272,094	268,490	225,408	240,507	175,538	3,095,350

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. '0' indicates no abstraction.

Sample Point ID	South Jimblebar MAR												
	FY23 (kL)												
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23	TOTAL
HSJ0003P	18												18
HSJ0069P	4,373	4,610	4,778	6,002									19,763
HSJ0076P	1,371	1,237	1,273	1,192	741	445							6,259
TOTAL	5,762	5,847	6,051	7,194	741	445	0	0	0	0	0	0	26,040

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. '0' indicates no abstraction.

Table 7.5: Field EC from Production Bores and Sumps

Sample Point ID	Hashimoto											
	FY23 (µS/cm)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HHH0022P												
HHH0039P	648	659	652	664	678	698	646	603	659			
HHH0040P	1,229	1,295			1,293	1,333	1,196	1,092	1,113	1,224	1,080	961
HHH0042P					1,338	1,381	1,335	1,135				
HHH0065P												
HHH0066P										1,033	1,134	973

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. EC values are in uS/cm

Sample Point ID	Operations South Jimblebar											
	FY23 (µS/cm)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HSJ0008P				1,499	1,435	1,700	1,546	1,219	1,358			
HSJ0063P	1,501	1,502	1,382	1,481			1,496	1,489	1,361		955	1,124
HSJ0125P	1,502							1,206	1,386		1,205	1,129
HSJ0180P	1,501	1,466	1,395	1,473	1,410	1,411		1,228	1,240	1,259		
HSJ0182P	1,540	1,547	1,432	1,533	1,450	1,399	1,569		1,357	1,566	1,224	1,122
HSJ0184P	1,570	1,500	1,408									
HSJ0207P	1,480	1,472	1,388	1,482	1,414	1,426	1,488	1,232	1,381	1,514	1,166	1,130
HSJ0219P											1,249	1,164

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. EC values are in uS/cm

Sample Point ID	Regional West											
	FY23 (µS/cm)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HNPISJ0129P	1,600	1,500	1,600	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,600	1,500	1,500	1,600	1,500	1,500

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. EC values are in uS/cm

Table 7.5: Field EC from Production Bores and Sumps (cont'd)

Sample Point ID	Wheellarra Hill											
	FY23 (µS/cm)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HFG0012P	1,181	1,198	1,096	1,190	1,200	1,263	1,274		1,152	1,212	1,156	988
HFG0014P	920	923	887	932	960	978	980	847	892	971	942	789
HFG0064P	1,176	1,188	1,107	1,200	1,181	1,242	1,258	1,034	1,141	1,188	1,155	
HFG0087P	1,207	1,223	1,102	1,220	1,211	1,276	1,269	1,049	1,152	1,125	1,144	
HFG0088P	1,144	1,192	1,103	1,180	1,195	1,201	1,218	1,025	1,116	1,139	1,116	917
HFG0094P	1,138	1,167	1,076	1,161	1,123	1,124	1,098	1,116	1,047	1,172	1,115	930

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. EC values are in uS/cm

Sample Point ID	South Jimblebar MAR											
	FY23 (µS/cm)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HSJ0003P		1,429	1,260	1,457	1,439	1,212	1,700					
HSJ0069P	1,485	1,512	1,360	1,537	1,390	1,380	1,401	1,401				
HSJ0076P	1,497	1,512	1,292	1,570	1,800	1,279	1,800	1,307		1,700		

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. EC values are in uS/cm

Sample Point ID	Caramulla Discharge											
	FY23 (µS/cm)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
FJB0016		1,400					1,400				1,400	

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. EC values are in uS/cm

Sample Point ID	Caramulla MAR											
	FY23 (µS/cm)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HCM0008M		1,500		1,400			1,400			1,300		
HCM0017M		1,500		1,500			1,400				1,500	

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken. EC values are in uS/cm

Table 7.5: Water Levels from Monitoring and Production Bores

Sample Point ID	Hashimoto											
	FY23 (mRL)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HH1872RM	454.95											
HH1977RM	456.44	456.28	456.08	455.95	455.79	455.63	455.53	455.40	455.22	455.20	455.01	455.00
HHH0009M	447.34	446.73	446.43	446.17	445.97	445.42	444.56	443.98	443.46	443.21	442.90	442.73
HHH0024M	443.34	442.74	442.22	441.66	441.37	440.74	439.11	438.43	437.75	437.89	437.68	437.47
HHH0076M	456.53					455.72	455.56	455.44	455.25	455.15	455.09	454.89
HHH0078M			457.26	457.17	457.07	457.01	456.95	456.86	456.69	456.57	456.48	456.29

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Sample Point ID	Operations South Jimblebar											
	FY23 (mRL)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HSJ0018M	518.71	518.64	518.60	518.60	518.55		518.50	518.44	518.60	518.48	518.38	518.32
HSJ0104M	421.81	421.87	422.13	421.63	422.28	422.56	422.28	422.37	422.08	421.84	421.37	421.00
HSJ0133M	445.73	445.30	445.14	444.85	444.57	443.48	442.83	442.25	441.86	441.62	441.27	
HSJ0148M				430.91								430.27
HSJ0150M	431.36	419.89	419.86	419.83	419.81	419.80						
HSJ0154M						429.45						
HSJ0159M	444.86	444.69	444.47	444.24	444.08	444.11	444.07	443.88	443.98	443.96	443.95	

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Sample Point ID	Regional West											
	FY23 (mRL)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HFG0035M	543.05	543.29	543.97	544.86	545.01	545.24					547.64	547.26
HFG0042M	430.32	430.06	429.86	429.67	429.45	429.41	429.35	429.27	429.13	429.25	429.14	428.91
HSJ0104M	421.81	421.87	422.13	421.63	422.28	422.56	422.28	422.37	422.08	421.84	421.37	421.00
HSJ0173M	442.33	442.16	441.95	441.77	441.65	441.50	441.38					440.74

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Sample Point ID	Wheellarra Hill											
	FY23 (mRL)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HFG0006M	436.11	435.77	435.73	435.11	433.55	432.53	431.25	430.25	429.96	429.73	429.03	428.76
HFG0068M				458.61	458.45	458.37	458.34	458.08			455.58	455.46
HFG0092M	443.30	442.68	442.04	441.44	441.11	440.46	439.91	439.40	438.93	438.45	438.03	

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Table 7.5: Water Levels from Monitoring and Production Bores (cont'd)

Sample Point ID	Reinjection											
	FY23 (mRL)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HSJ0003P	470.79	469.84	469.31	469.84	469.39	469.09	468.82	467.55	467.61	467.37	463.06	463.06
HSJ0069P	471.74	472.13	473.88	471.84	458.14	457.34	457.21	457.25	456.91	456.63	457.04	457.54
HSJ0073M	457.26		457.25	456.97	456.48	456.36	456.26	456.15	456.00	456.25	457.16	457.15
HSJ0076P	471.87	471.54	472.37	470.04	468.57	456.27	465.27	465.06	464.65	464.66	458.27	458.65
HSJ0081M	456.65	456.77	456.27	456.04	455.82	455.65	455.65	455.44	455.33	455.39	455.65	454.25
HSJ0083M	455.76	455.40	455.27	454.93	455.42	455.75	456.09	456.25	455.08	454.52	454.26	455.04
HSJ0115M								458.06	457.84	457.67	457.53	457.45
HSJ0117M	457.81	457.29	457.26	457.24	457.21	456.61	456.41	456.39	456.34	456.30	456.51	455.41
SJ0435RM	462.69	461.90	461.26	460.62			458.94	460.98	458.36	457.76	457.74	457.44
SJ0571RM	460.51	460.14	459.82	459.56	459.28	458.99	458.88	458.49	458.05	460.56	458.31	457.39

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Sample Point ID	Caramulla MAR											
	FY23 (mRL)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HCM0019M	461.05	461.25	461.30	461.34	461.41	461.44	461.53	461.35	461.34	461.30	461.42	461.36
HCM0043M	508.90	508.57	509.25	508.89	508.74	508.65	508.57	509.03	508.90	510.22	510.18	509.91
HCM0044M	505.72	505.74	505.64	505.60	505.56	505.54	505.50	505.43	505.38	507.25	506.84	506.54
HCM0045M												
HCM0046M												
HCM0047M	461.57	461.65	461.77	461.84	461.92	461.96	462.16	462.18	462.02	461.91	461.90	461.81
HCM0059M												

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Table 7.6: Field pH from Production Bores and Sumps

Sample Point ID	Hashimoto											
	FY23 (pH)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HHH0022P												
HHH0039P	7.6	7.5	7.2	7.7	7.6	7.8	7.7	7.6	6.8			
HHH0040P	7.5	7.0			7.4	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.2	7.5	7.4	7.6
HHH0042P					7.6	7.8	7.6	7.8				
HHH0065P												
HHH0066P										7.6	7.4	7.2

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Sample Point ID	Operations South Jimblebar											
	FY23 (pH)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HSJ0008P				7.3	7.3	6.8	7.3	7.7	7.4			
HSJ0063P	7.2	7.5	7.3	7.5			7.4	7.5	7.4		7.3	7.0
HSJ0125P	6.8							7.7	7.4		7.7	7.5
HSJ0180P	7.5	7.6	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.3		7.1	7.2	7.0		
HSJ0182P	7.3	7.4	7.3	7.6	7.3	7.4	7.7		7.5	7.3	7.7	7.4
HSJ0184P	7.0	7.2	6.6									
HSJ0207P	7.0	7.0	6.8	7.3	7.2	6.9	7.1	7.4	7.3	7.0	6.8	7.0
HSJ0219P											7.4	6.9

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Sample Point ID	Regional West											
	FY23 (pH)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HNPISJ0129P	7.3	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.3	7.4	7.5	7.4	7.5	7.4	7.6	7.3

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Table 7.6: Field pH from Production Bores and Sumps (cont'd)

Sample Point ID	Wheellarra Hill											
	FY23 (pH)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HFG0012P	7.7	7.7	7.3	7.7	7.4	7.6	7.4		7.4	7.5	7.6	7.2
HFG0014P	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.7	7.5	7.7	7.5	7.7	7.5	7.5	7.1	7.5
HFG0064P	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.7	7.5	7.7	7.6	7.7	7.2	7.4	7.8	
HFG0087P	7.5	7.1	7.4	7.5	7.5	7.4	7.4	7.7	7.2	7.7	7.7	
HFG0088P	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.3	6.9	7.3	7.0	7.3	7.1	7.2	7.1	6.9
HFG0094P	7.5	7.2	7.4	7.5	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.7	7.4

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Sample Point ID	South Jimblebar MAR											
	FY23 (pH)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HSJ0003P		7.1	6.5	7.0	6.7	6.9	7.0					
HSJ0069P	6.9	6.8	6.7	7.0	7.0	6.7	7.2	7.3				
HSJ0076P	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.9	6.7	6.8	6.9	7.1		7.0		

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Sample Point ID	Caramulla Discharge											
	FY23 (pH)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
FJB0016		7.4					8.1				7.9	

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Sample Point ID	Caramulla MAR											
	FY23 (pH)											
	Jul-22	Aug-22	Sep-22	Oct-22	Nov-22	Dec-22	Jan-23	Feb-23	Mar-23	Apr-23	May-23	Jun-23
HCM0008M		6.9		7.1			7.0			6.5		
HCM0017M		6.9		6.9			6.9				6.7	

Note: A blank cell indicates that no reading was taken.

Table 7.8: Laboratory Chemistry Results from Production Bores

Recording Type Name	Unit	Trigger Values	Hashimoto			
			HHH0040P		HHH0042P	HHH0066P
			Dec - 22	Apr - 23	Dec - 22	Apr - 23
Aluminium	mg/L	0.055	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Arsenic	mg/L	0.013	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.012
Barium	mg/L	0.01	0.028	0.023	0.024	0.015
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as HCO ₃	mg/L		390	340	360	370
Boron	mg/L	0.61	0.380	0.380	0.360	0.390
Cadmium	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Calcium	mg/L		59.0	58.0	56.0	56.0
Chloride	mg/L		230	200	210	210
Chromium	mg/L	0.01	0.004	0.002	0.002	<0.001
Copper	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Electrical Conductivity at 25°C	µS/cm	670-1880	1500	1400	1400	1500
Fluoride	mg/L		0.9	0.7	0.7	1.0
Iron Sol.	mg/L	0.1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Lead	mg/L	0.0034	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Magnesium	mg/L		53.0	56.0	52.0	55.0
Manganese	mg/L	1.9	0.003	<0.001	<0.001	0.068
Mercury	mg/L	0.0006	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Nickel	mg/L	0.011	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Nitrate as N	mg/L	0.7	1.300		0.660	
pH	pH	6.0-8.5	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.1
Potassium	mg/L		8.2	9.5	8.7	8.7
Reactive Silica as SiO ₂	mg/L		20.00	16.00	17.00	15.00
Selenium	mg/L	0.011	0.001	0.001	<0.001	0.001
Silica	mg/L		18.00	16.00	15.00	15.00
Sodium	mg/L		160.0	140.0	140.0	160.0
Sulphate as SO ₄ 2-	mg/L		150	140	140	160
Suspended Solids (SS)	mg/L		<5	<5	<5	<5
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/L		320	280	290	300
Total Dissolved Solids at 180°C	mg/L		880	800	810	850
Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L		370	380	350	370
Zinc	mg/L	0.024	<0.005	<0.005	0.017	0.012

A blank cell indicates not analysed. Values in red indicate that it exceeded the site-specific trigger values. (Golder, 2015)

Table 7.8: Laboratory Chemistry Results from Production Bores (cont'd)

Recording Type Name	Unit	Trigger Values	Operations South Jimblebar			
			HSJ0008P	HSJ0182P	HSJ0207P	
			Dec - 22	Apr - 23	Dec - 22	Apr - 23
Aluminium	mg/L	0.055	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Arsenic	mg/L	0.013	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Barium	mg/L	0.01	0.002	0.001	0.018	0.020
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as HCO ₃	mg/L		320	310	340	330
Boron	mg/L	0.61	0.600	0.610	0.600	0.640
Cadmium	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Calcium	mg/L		69.0	69.0	66.0	66.0
Chloride	mg/L		280	290	260	260
Chromium	mg/L	0.01	0.003	<0.001	<0.001	0.003
Copper	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Electrical Conductivity at 25°C	µS/cm	670-1880	1700	1800	1700	1700
Fluoride	mg/L		0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Iron Sol.	mg/L	0.1	<0.005	0.013	0.013	<0.005
Lead	mg/L	0.0034	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Magnesium	mg/L		69.0	73.0	67.0	70.0
Manganese	mg/L	1.9	<0.001	0.002	0.120	0.003
Mercury	mg/L	0.0006	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001
Nickel	mg/L	0.011	0.001	0.001	0.002	<0.001
Nitrate as N	mg/L	0.7	1.600		1.800	
pH	pH	6.0-8.5	7.9	8.0	7.9	7.7
Potassium	mg/L		9.8	9.4	8.9	9.2
Reactive Silica as SiO ₂	mg/L		15.00	16.00	17.00	16.00
Selenium	mg/L	0.011	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.001
Silica	mg/L		15.00	15.00	15.00	16.00
Sodium	mg/L		170.0	170.0	170.0	170.0
Sulphate as SO ₄ 2-	mg/L		220	230	210	210
Suspended Solids (SS)	mg/L		<5	<5	11	<5
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/L		260	260	280	270
Total Dissolved Solids at 180°C	mg/L		1000	1100	990	1000
Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L		460	470	440	450
Zinc	mg/L	0.024	0.013	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005

A blank cell indicates not analysed. Values in red indicate that it exceeded the site-specific trigger values. (Golder, 2015)

Table 7.8: Laboratory Chemistry Results from Production Bores (cont'd)

			Regional West	
			HNPIJ0129P	
Recording Type Name	Unit	Trigger Values	Dec - 22	Jun - 23
Barium	mg/L	0.01	0.028	
Boron	mg/L	0.61	0.570	
Calcium	mg/L		48.0	48.0
Chloride	mg/L		220	220
Chromium	mg/L	0.01	0.007	0.006
Fluoride	mg/L		0.6	0.6
Iron Sol.	mg/L	0.1	<0.005	<0.005
Magnesium	mg/L		50.0	50.0
Nitrate as N	mg/L	0.7	13.000	10.000
Potassium	mg/L		9.3	9.5
Reactive Silica as SiO2	mg/L		18.00	18.00
Silica	mg/L		17.00	17.00
Sodium	mg/L		180.0	180.0
Sulphate as SO4 2-	mg/L		170	180
Suspended Solids (SS)	mg/L		<5	<5
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L		240	240
Total Aluminium	mg/L	0.055	0.006	<0.005
Total Arsenic	mg/L	0.013	<0.001	<0.001
Total Barium	mg/L	0.01	0.032	0.031
Total Boron	mg/L	0.61	0.610	0.670
Total Cadmium	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0001	<0.0001
Total Copper	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	<0.001
Total Dissolved Solids at 180°C	mg/L		900	910
Total Hardness as CaCO3	mg/L		330	330
Total Lead	mg/L	0.0034	<0.001	<0.001
Total Manganese	mg/L	1.9	0.001	0.002
Total Mercury	mg/L	0.0006	<0.00005	<0.00005
Total Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	0.002	0.002
Total Nickel	mg/L	0.011	<0.001	0.002
Total Selenium	mg/L	0.011	0.004	0.003
Total Zinc	mg/L	0.024	<0.005	<0.005
Zinc	mg/L	0.024	<0.005	

A blank cell indicates not analysed. Values in red indicate that it exceeded the site-specific trigger values. (Golder, 2015)

Jimblebar Borefields

Annual Aquifer Review 2023



Table 7.8: Laboratory Chemistry Results from Production Bores (cont'd)

Recording Type Name	Unit	Trigger Values	Wheellarra Hill		
			HFG0064P	HFG0088P	
			Apr - 23	Dec - 22	Apr - 23
Aluminium	mg/L	0.055	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Arsenic	mg/L	0.013	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Barium	mg/L	0.01	0.019	0.009	0.008
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as HCO ₃	mg/L		320	300	310
Boron	mg/L	0.61	0.370	0.350	0.360
Cadmium	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Calcium	mg/L		56.0	58.0	57.0
Chloride	mg/L		200	200	200
Chromium	mg/L	0.01	0.002	<0.001	<0.001
Copper	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Electrical Conductivity at 25°C	µS/cm	670-1880	1300	1300	1300
Fluoride	mg/L		0.6	0.5	0.5
Iron Sol.	mg/L	0.1	0.005	<0.005	0.005
Lead	mg/L	0.0034	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Magnesium	mg/L		52.0	56.0	56.0
Manganese	mg/L	1.9	<0.001	0.005	<0.001
Mercury	mg/L	0.0006	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Nickel	mg/L	0.011	<0.001	0.001	<0.001
Nitrate as N	mg/L	0.7		0.092	
pH	pH	6.0-8.5	8.0	7.6	7.6
Potassium	mg/L		9.4	11.0	11.0
Reactive Silica as SiO ₂	mg/L		16.00	16.00	15.00
Selenium	mg/L	0.011	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Silica	mg/L		15.00	15.00	14.00
Sodium	mg/L		130.0	120.0	120.0
Sulphate as SO ₄ 2-	mg/L		140	120	140
Suspended Solids (SS)	mg/L		<5	<5	<5
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/L		260	240	250
Total Dissolved Solids at 180°C	mg/L		780	720	770
Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L		360	370	370
Zinc	mg/L	0.024	0.008	0.017	0.007

A blank cell indicates not analysed. Values in red indicate that it exceeded the site-specific trigger values. (Golder, 2015)

Jimblebar Borefields

Annual Aquifer Review 2023



Table 7.8: Laboratory Chemistry Results from Production Bores (cont'd)

			South Jimblebar MAR								
			HSJ0003P				HSJ0069P	HSJ0076P			
Recording Type Name	Unit	Trigger Values	Aug - 22	Nov - 22	Jan - 23	Apr - 23	Aug - 22	Aug - 22	Nov - 22	Jan - 23	Apr - 23
Aluminium	mg/L	0.055	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Arsenic	mg/L	0.013	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Barium	mg/L	0.01	0.022	0.014	0.009	0.007	0.020	0.022	0.021	0.010	0.009
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as HCO ₃	mg/L		290	280	310	340	290	290	270	330	320
Boron	mg/L	0.61	0.640	0.580	0.520	0.580	0.660	0.650	0.610	0.540	0.560
Cadmium	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0001	0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Calcium	mg/L		69.0	69.0	67.0	68.0	71.0	70.0	72.0	65.0	65.0
Chloride	mg/L		290	290	260	260	290	290	290	260	270
Chromium	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.002	0.003
Copper	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Electrical Conductivity at 25°C	µS/cm	670-1880	1700	1700	1600	1700	1700	1700	1700	1700	1700
Fluoride	mg/L		0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.7
Iron Sol.	mg/L	0.1	0.010	<0.005	0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0.006
Lead	mg/L	0.0034	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Magnesium	mg/L		72.0	72.0	67.0	75.0	74.0	73.0	75.0	65.0	71.0
Manganese	mg/L	1.9	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.004	0.013	0.085	0.095	0.001	0.002
Mercury	mg/L	0.0006	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	0.004	0.006	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.001	<0.001
Nickel	mg/L	0.011	0.003	0.007	<0.001	<0.001	0.001	0.002	0.003	<0.001	<0.001
Nitrate as N	mg/L	0.7	0.110	<0.005	0.022	0.860	0.110	0.110	0.032	1.100	1.600
pH	pH	6.0-8.5	7.4	7.5	7.8	7.7	7.4	7.3	7.5	7.7	7.5
Potassium	mg/L		10.0	10.0	11.0	9.4	10.0	10.0	10.0	9.7	8.9
Reactive Silica as SiO ₂	mg/L		17.00	15.00	14.00	14.00	16.00	17.00	17.00	15.00	15.00
Selenium	mg/L	0.011	<0.001	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Silica	mg/L		15.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	14.00	15.00
Sodium	mg/L		170.0	180.0	150.0	170.0	170.0	170.0	180.0	150.0	170.0
Sulphate as SO ₄ 2-	mg/L		230	220	190	210	230	220	220	210	220
Suspended Solids (SS)	mg/L		<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5	<5
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/L		240	230	250	280	240	240	220	270	260
Total Dissolved Solids at 180°C	mg/L		1000	1000	960	980	1000	1000	1000	970	1000
Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L		470	470	440	480	480	470	490	430	460
Zinc	mg/L	0.024	0.084	0.150	0.074	0.056	0.049	0.067	0.082	0.013	0.009

A blank cell indicates not analysed. Values in red indicate that it exceeded the site-specific trigger values. (Golder, 2015)

Table 7.8: Laboratory Chemistry Results from Production Bores (cont'd)

			Caramulla Discharge		
			FJB0016		
Recording Type Name	Unit	Trigger Values	Aug - 22	Jan - 23	May - 23
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as HCO ₃	mg/L		320	330	320
Calcium	mg/L		59.0	56.0	62.0
Chloride	mg/L		190	200	210
Chromium	mg/L	0.01	0.001	0.002	0.002
Fluoride	mg/L		0.6	0.3	0.6
Iron Sol.	mg/L	0.1	<0.005	<0.005	0.011
Magnesium	mg/L		56.0	53.0	63.0
Potassium	mg/L		10.0	9.7	10.0
Reactive Silica as SiO ₂	mg/L		16.00	16.00	15.00
Silica	mg/L				16.00
Sodium	mg/L		120.0	120.0	140.0
Sulphate as SO ₄ 2-	mg/L		140	130	150
Suspended Solids (SS)	mg/L		<5	<5	
Total Alkalinity as CaCO ₃	mg/L		260	270	260
Total Aluminium	mg/L	0.055	0.005	0.006	0.012
Total Arsenic	mg/L	0.013	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Total Barium	mg/L	0.01	0.014	0.019	0.017
Total Boron	mg/L	0.61	0.380	0.410	0.450
Total Cadmium	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Total Copper	mg/L	0.01	0.002	<0.001	<0.001
Total Hardness as CaCO ₃	mg/L		380	360	410
Total Lead	mg/L	0.0034	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Total Manganese	mg/L	1.9	0.003	0.005	0.019
Total Mercury	mg/L	0.0006	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005
Total Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Total Nickel	mg/L	0.011	<0.001	<0.001	0.020
Total Selenium	mg/L	0.011	<0.001	0.001	<0.001
Total Zinc	mg/L	0.024	0.011	0.007	0.018

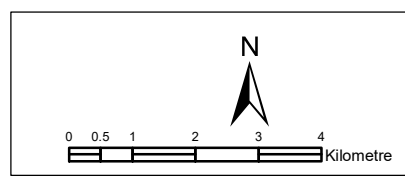
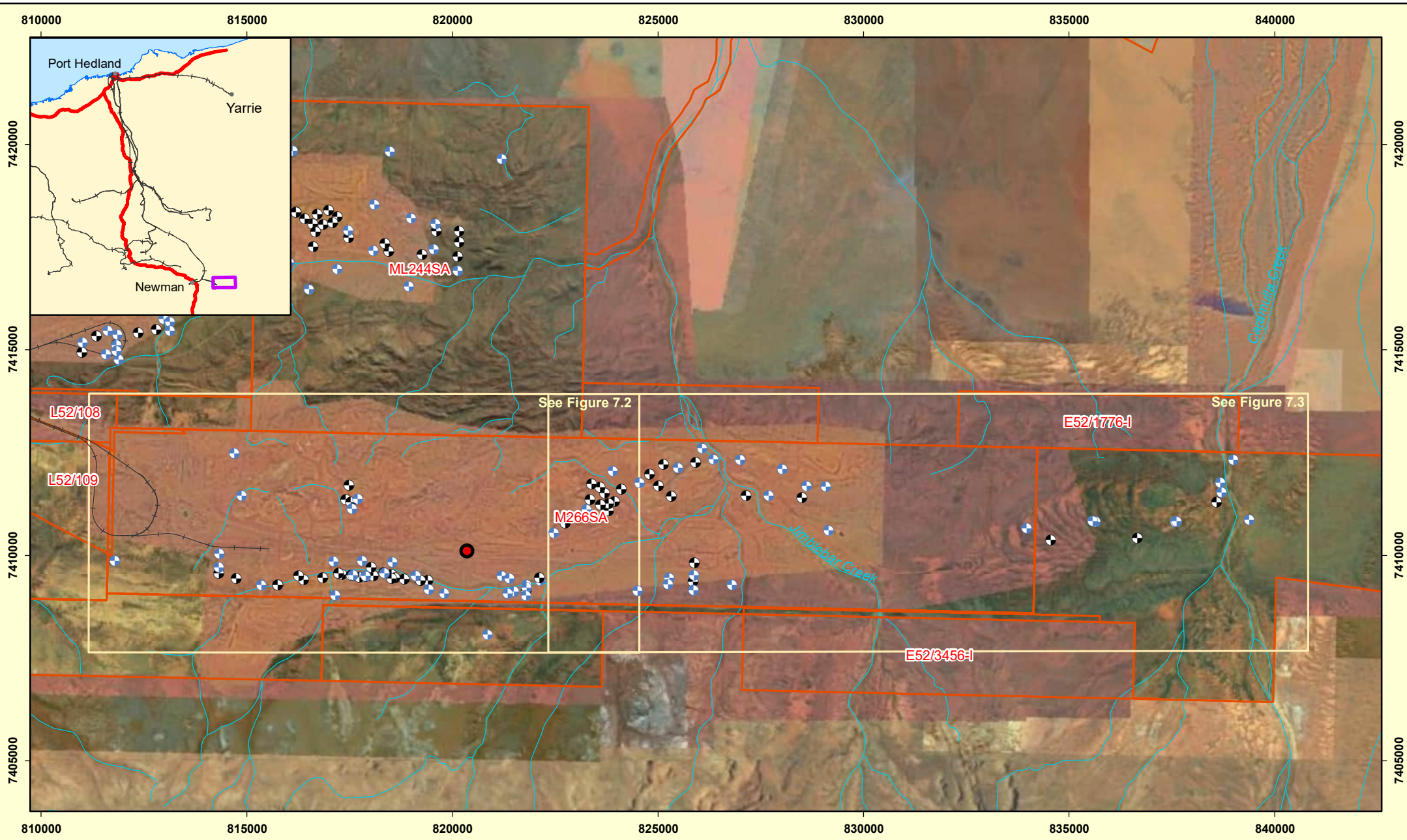
A blank cell indicates not analysed. Values in red indicate that it exceeded the site-specific trigger values. (Golder, 2015)

Table 7.8: Laboratory Chemistry Results from Production Bores (cont'd)

			Caramulla MAR							
			HCM0008M				HCM0017M			
Recording Type Name	Unit	Trigger Values	Aug - 22	Oct - 22	Jan - 23	Apr - 23	Aug - 22	Oct - 22	Jan - 23	May - 23
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as HCO3	mg/L		370	350	360	350	410	390	380	380
Calcium	mg/L		67.0	61.0	58.0	60.0	62.0	58.0	57.0	58.0
Chloride	mg/L		200	200	210	200	190	200	200	200
Chromium	mg/L	0.01	0.004	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.003	<0.001	0.002
Fluoride	mg/L		0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8
Iron Sol.	mg/L	0.1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005
Magnesium	mg/L		66.0	59.0	55.0	60.0	66.0	61.0	58.0	65.0
Potassium	mg/L		13.0	12.0	11.0	12.0	8.8	8.8	8.6	9.0
Reactive Silica as SiO2	mg/L		27.00	23.00	18.00	<0.1	21.00	23.00	21.00	20.00
Sodium	mg/L		140.0	130.0	120.0	130.0	150.0	140.0	130.0	150.0
Sulphate as SO4 2-	mg/L		130	150	130	150	140	150	140	140
Suspended Solids (SS)	mg/L		19	41	67	<5	<5	<5	<5	5
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L		300	290	290	290	330	320	310	320
Total Aluminium	mg/L	0.055	1.100	1.200	0.350	0.150	0.063	0.057	0.006	0.046
Total Arsenic	mg/L	0.013	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Total Barium	mg/L	0.01	0.033	0.040	0.058	0.029	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.004
Total Boron	mg/L	0.61	0.330	0.350	0.390	0.400	0.360	0.370	0.380	0.420
Total Cadmium	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001
Total Copper	mg/L	0.01	0.002	0.002	<0.001	<0.001	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.001
Total Dissolved Solids at 180°C	mg/L		830	810	790	810	850	840	810	810
Total Hardness as CaCO3	mg/L		440	390	370	400	430	390	380	410
Total Lead	mg/L	0.0034	<0.001	<0.001	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Total Manganese	mg/L	1.9	1.600	1.500	2.600	0.540	0.081	0.078	0.097	0.067
Total Mercury	mg/L	0.0006	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005	0.00009	<0.00005	<0.00005	<0.00005
Total Molybdenum	mg/L	0.01	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002
Total Nickel	mg/L	0.011	0.003	0.002	0.002	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001
Total Selenium	mg/L	0.011	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.001
Total Zinc	mg/L	0.024	0.011	0.008	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	0.007	<0.005	<0.005

A blank cell indicates not analysed. Values in red indicate that it exceeded the site-specific trigger values. (Golder, 2015)

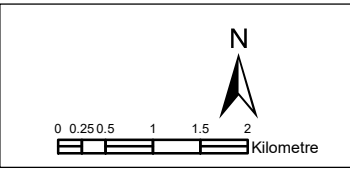
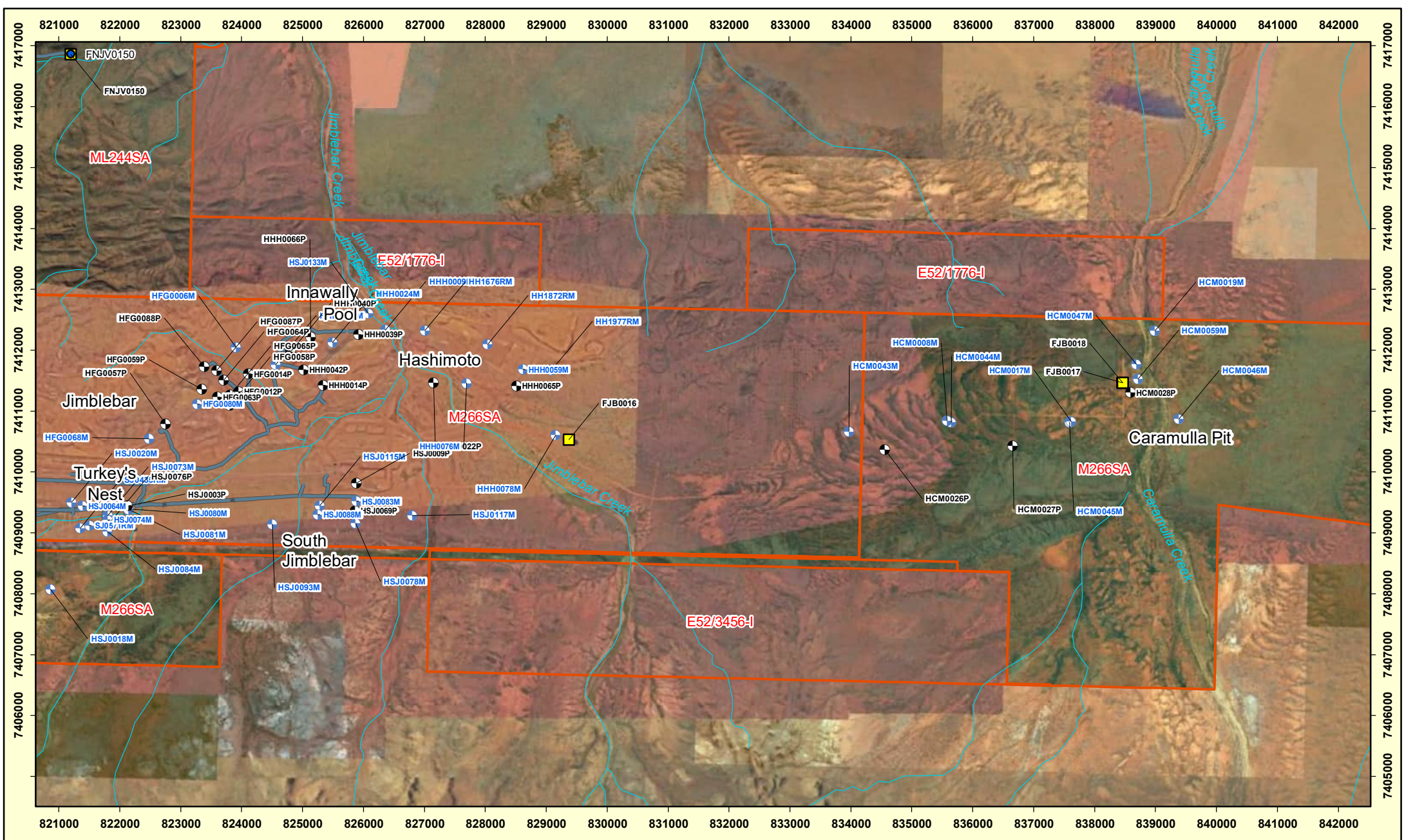
Figures



LEGEND

Monitoring Borehole	Rail
Production Borehole	Watercourse
Weather station	BHP Iron Ore Tenement

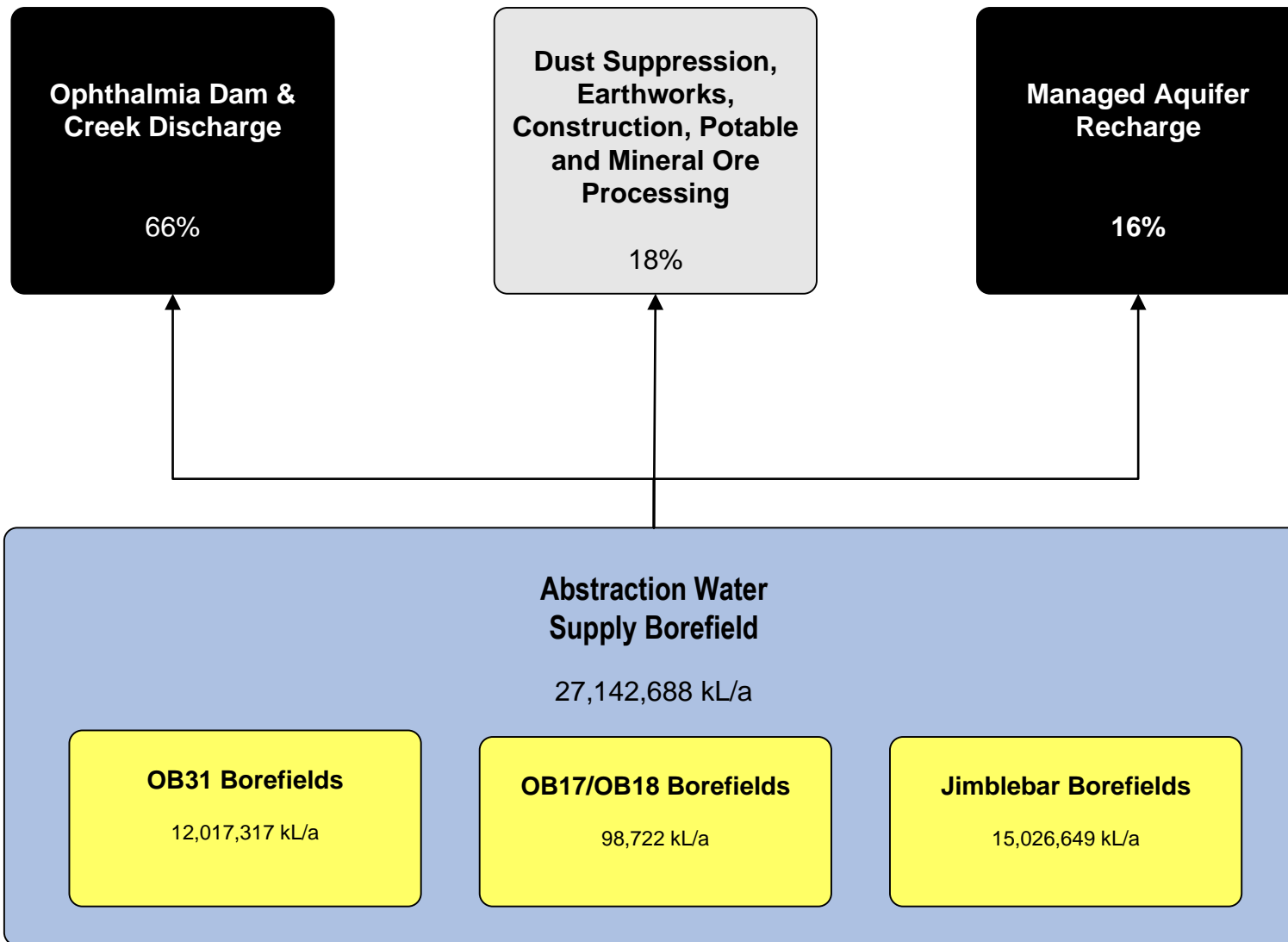
BHP			Annual Aquifer Review 2023 Jimlebar Borefields Regional Map		
Scale: 1:120,000	Plotted: 27/09/2023	FIGURE 7.1			
DATUM: GDA94	Revised: 8/09/2023				
Projection: MGA50	File Name: \\...RegionalMap_Landscape.mxd				



LEGEND

Flowmeter	Watercourse
Monitoring Borehole	Pipeline
Production Borehole	BHP Iron Ore Tenement
Dewatering Discharge Point	

Annual Aquifer Review 2023 Jimlebar Borefields Wooly Creek, Caramulla, Hashimoto & South Jimlebar Borefields Map		
DATUM: GDA94	Revised: 8/09/2023	7.3
Projection: MGA50	File Name: \\...RegionalMap_Landscape.mxd	



Activity Type

- Discharge – with portion as % of total abstraction
- Consumption – with portion as % of total abstraction
- Abstraction – with abstraction from borefield subareas

KEY

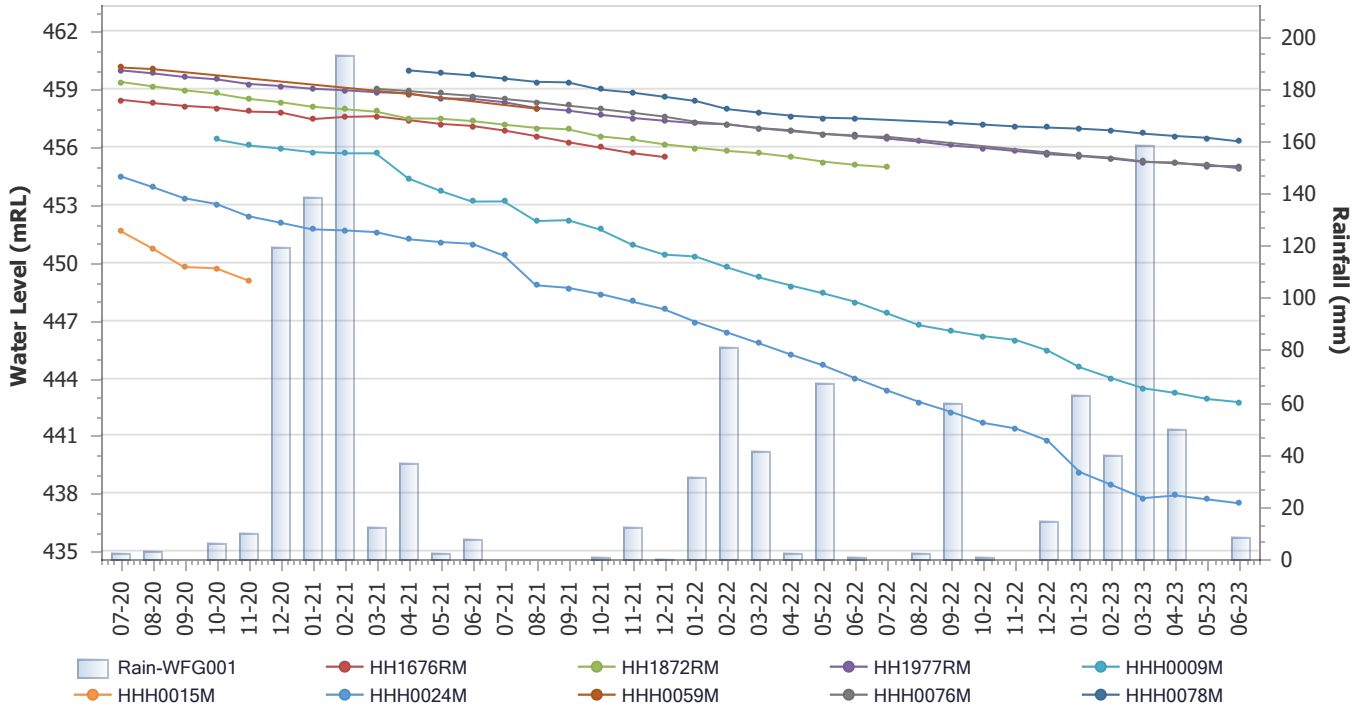
Borefield Type

- Dewatering / Supply

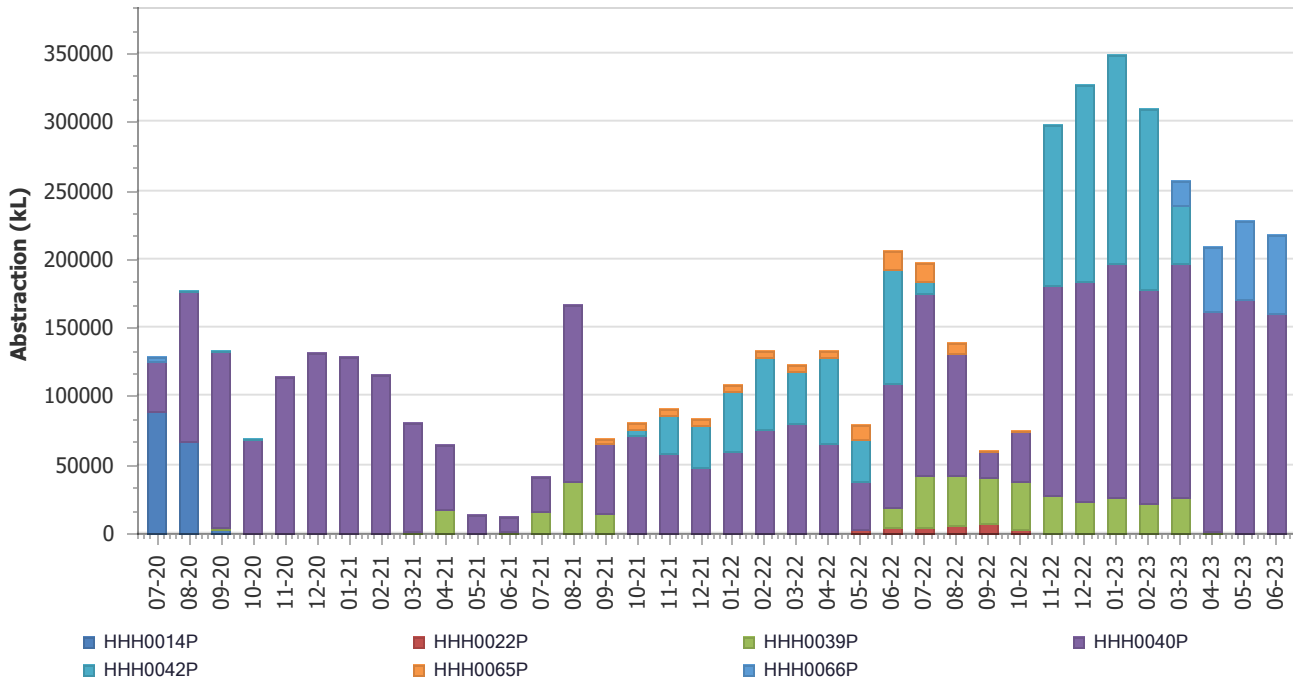
Annual Aquifer Review 2023
Jimblebar & Shovelanna Borefields
Water Balance FY23
 Figure 7.4



Hashimoto Hydrographs



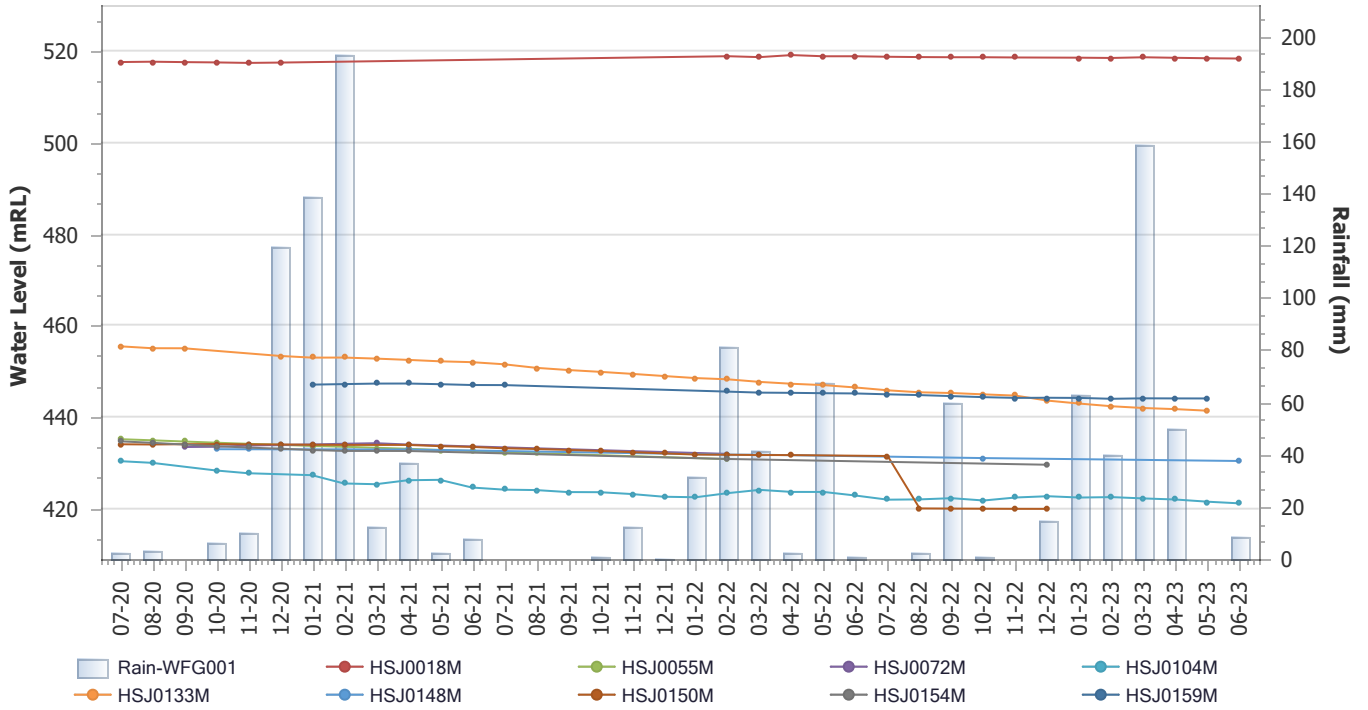
Hashimoto Abstraction



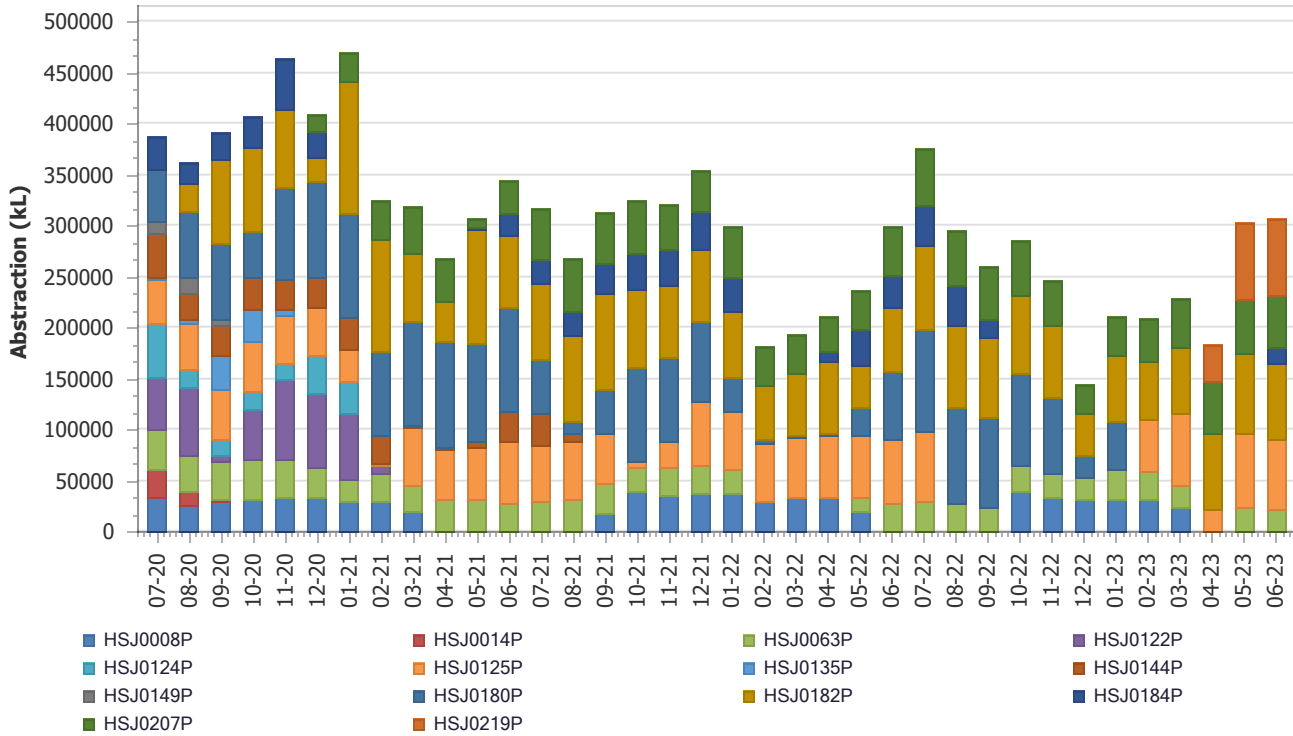
Monitoring summary: Hashimoto Hydrographs

Figure 7.5

Operations South Jimblebar Hydrographs



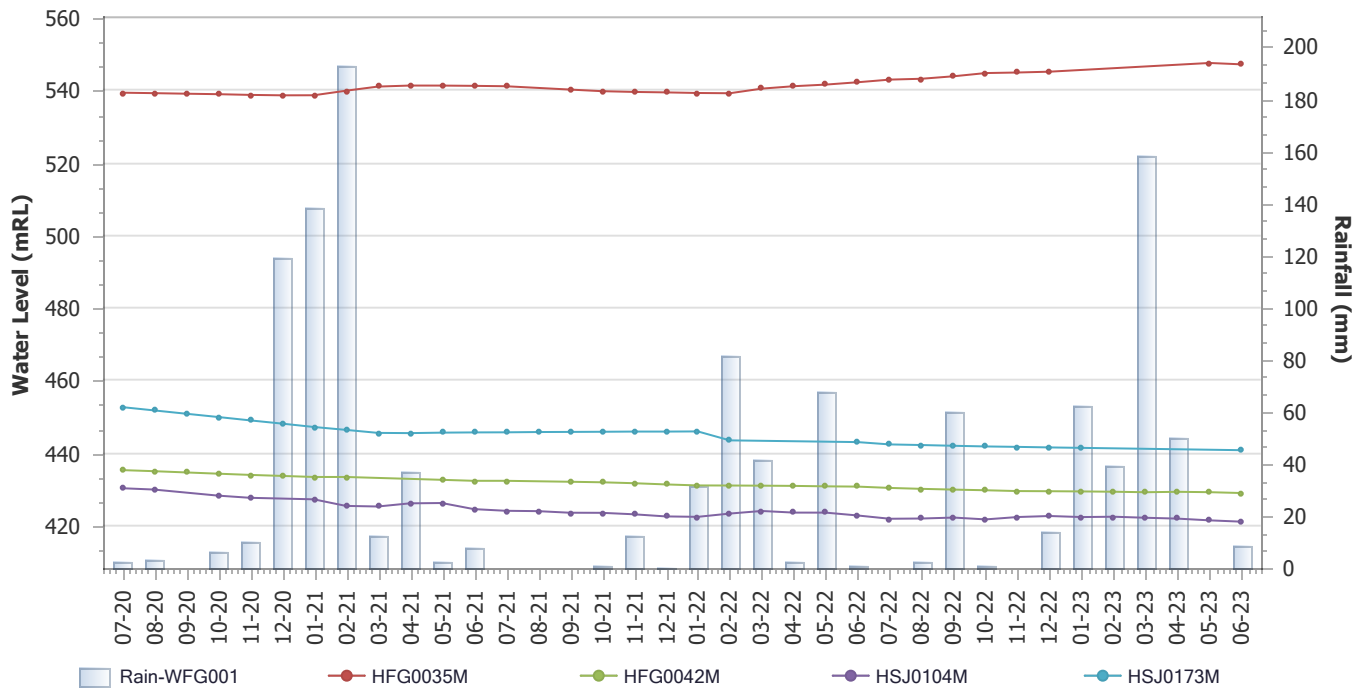
Operations South Jimblebar Abstraction



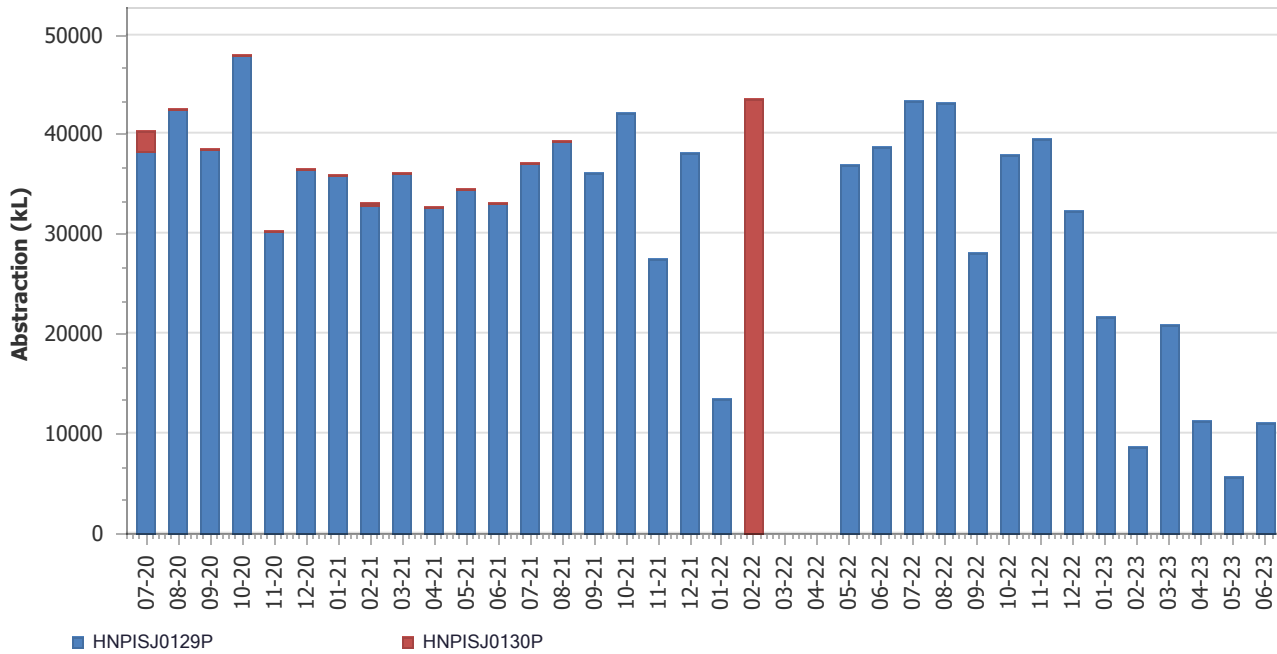
Monitoring summary: Operations South Jimblebar Hydrographs

Figure 7.6

Regional West Hydrographs



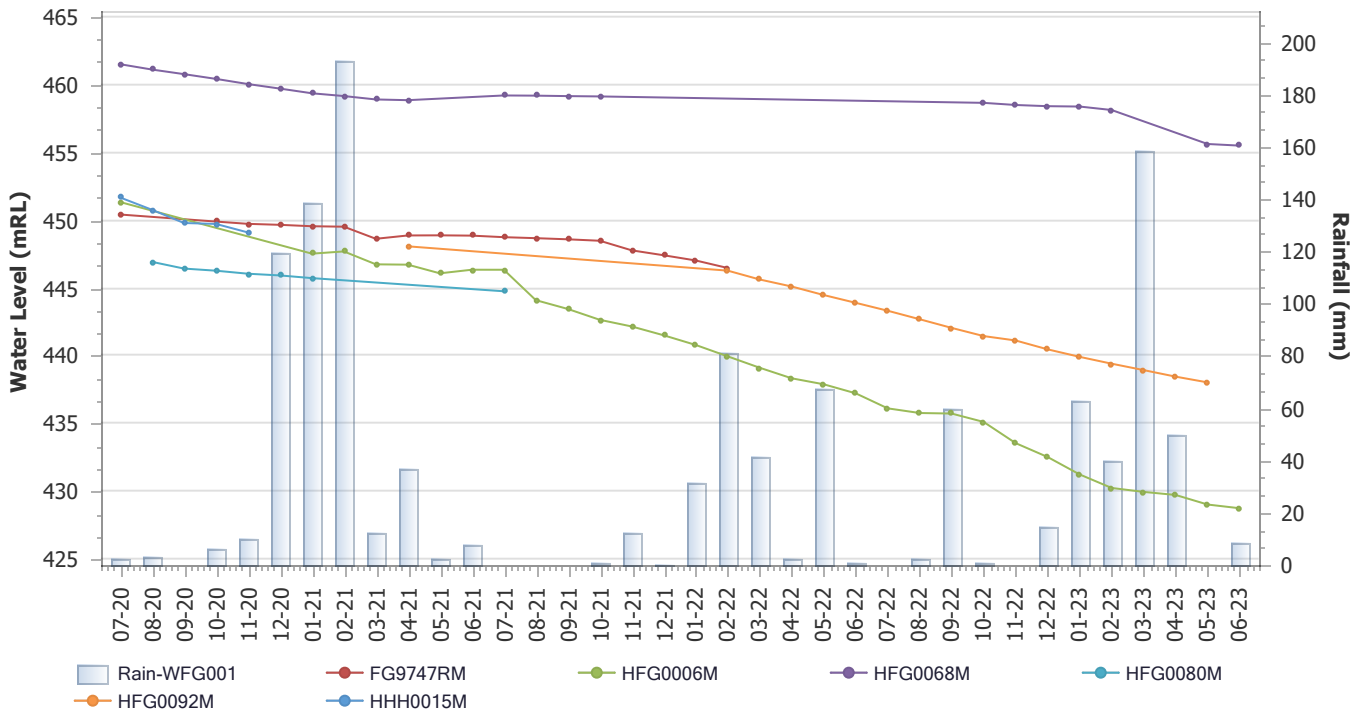
Regional West Abstraction



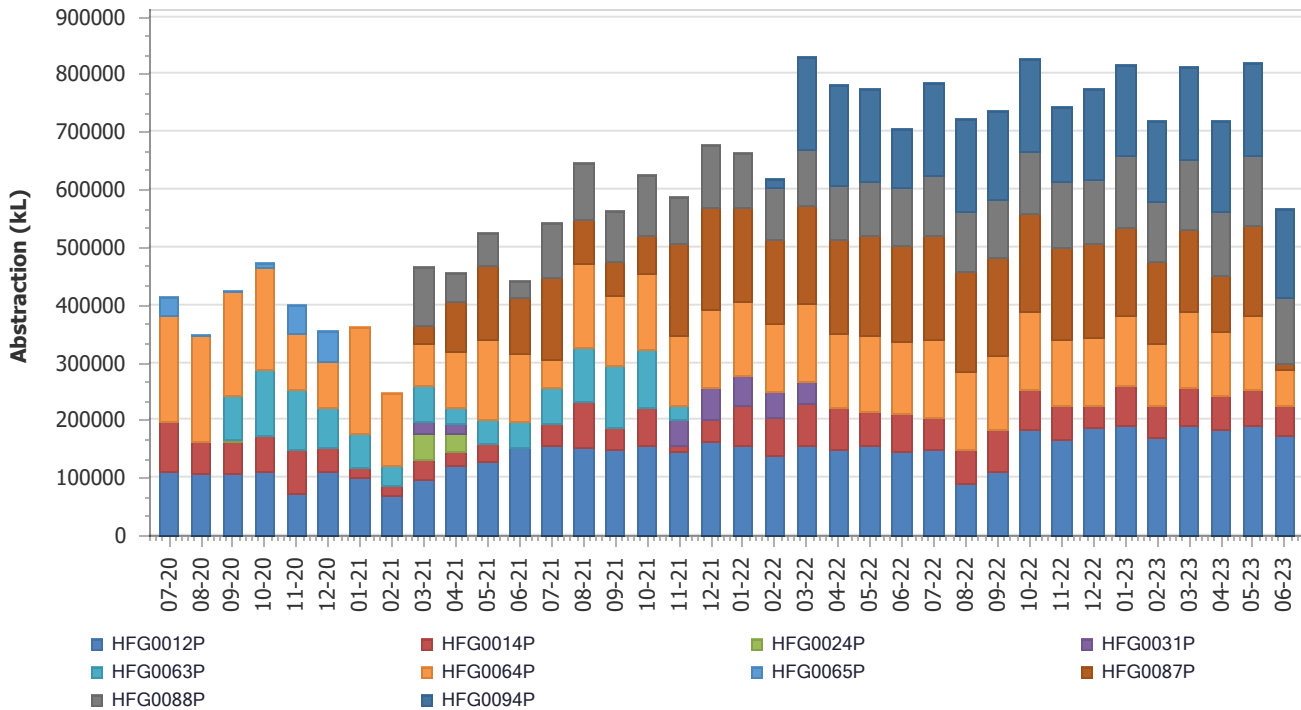
Monitoring summary: Regional West Hydrographs

Figure 7.7

Wheellarra Hill Hydrographs



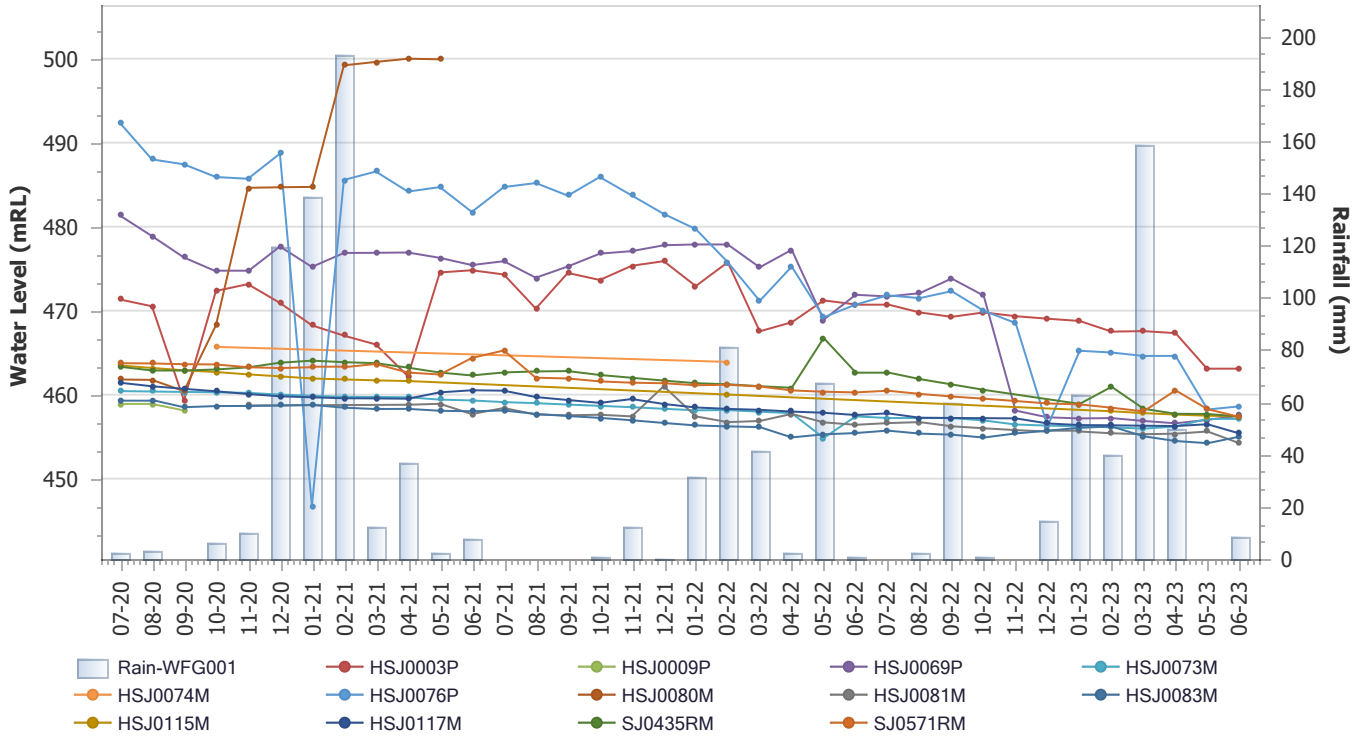
Wheellarra Hill Abstraction



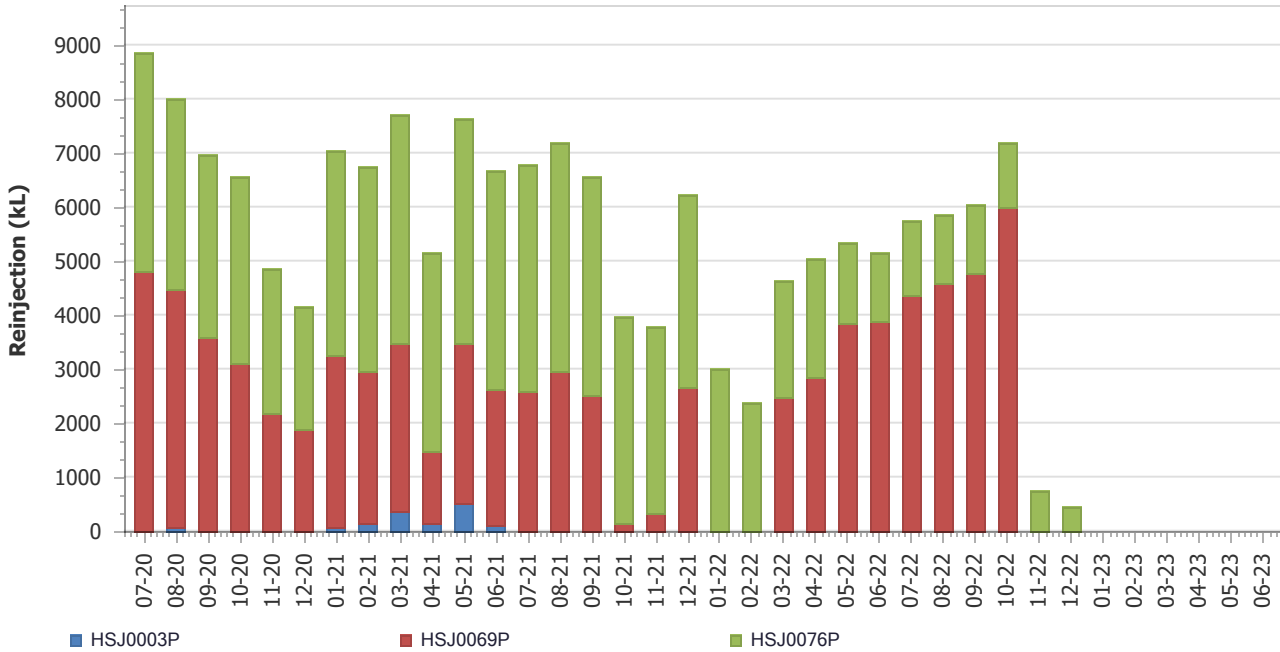
Monitoring summary: Wheellarra Hill Hydrographs

Figure 7.8

Reinjection Hydrographs



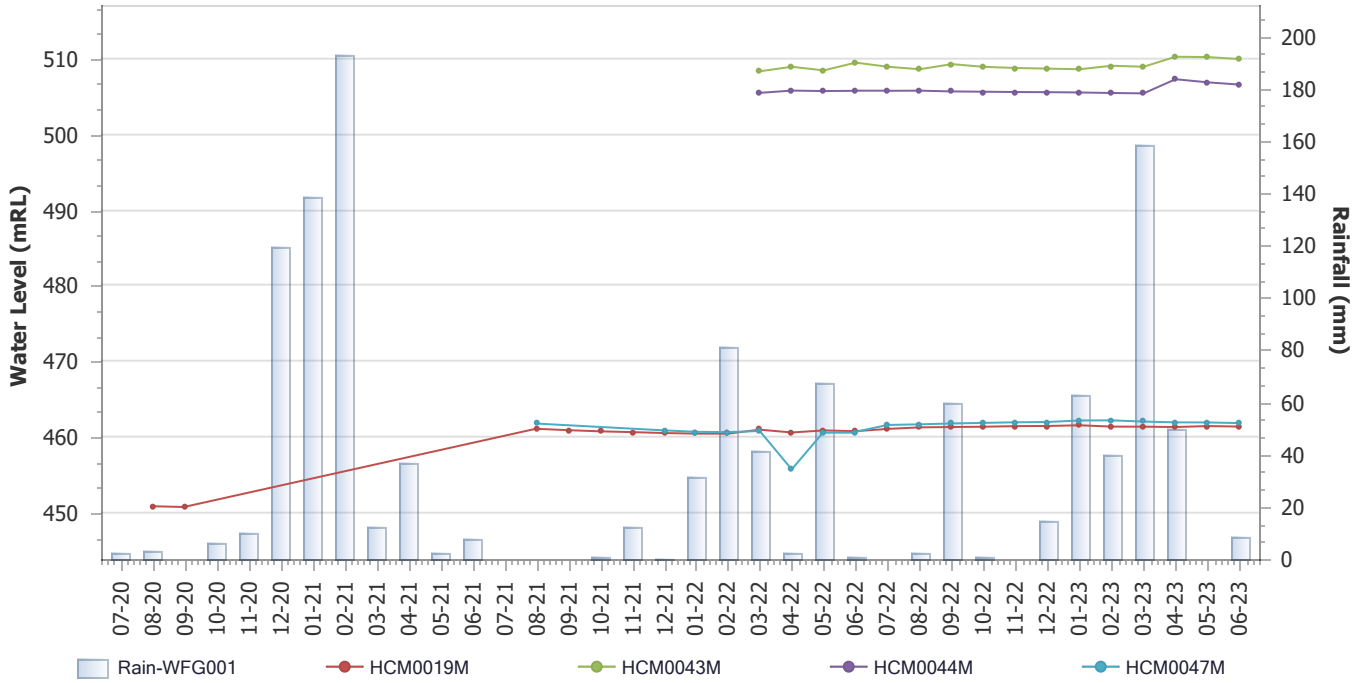
South Jimblebar MAR Reinjection



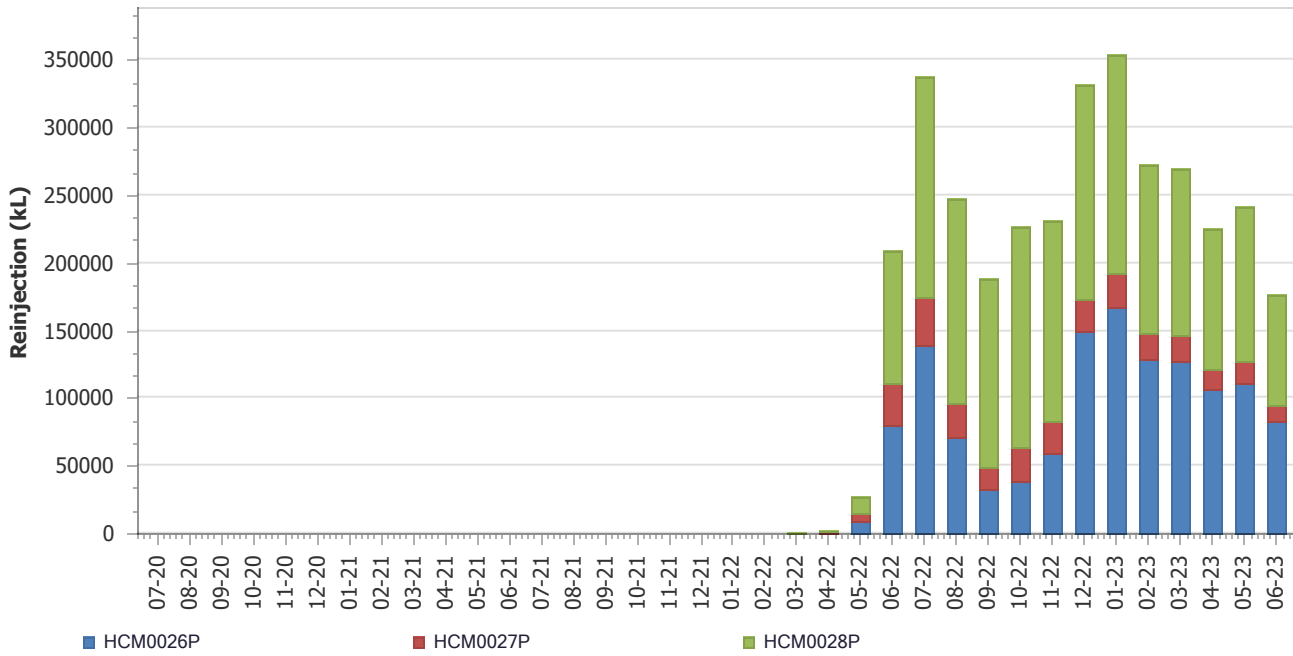
Monitoring summary: Reinjection Hydrographs

Figure 7.9

Caramulla MAR Hydrographs



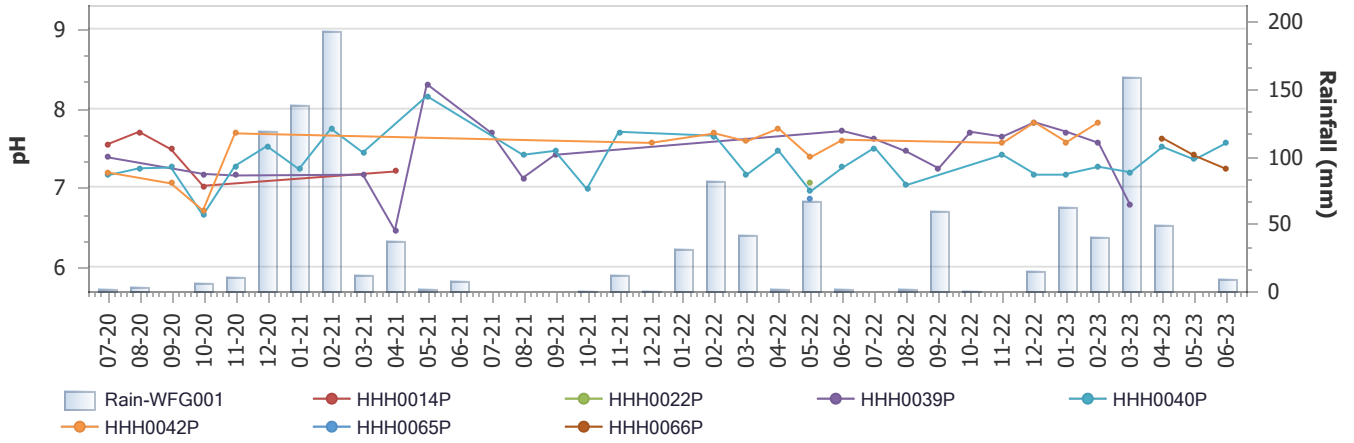
Caramulla MAR ReInjection



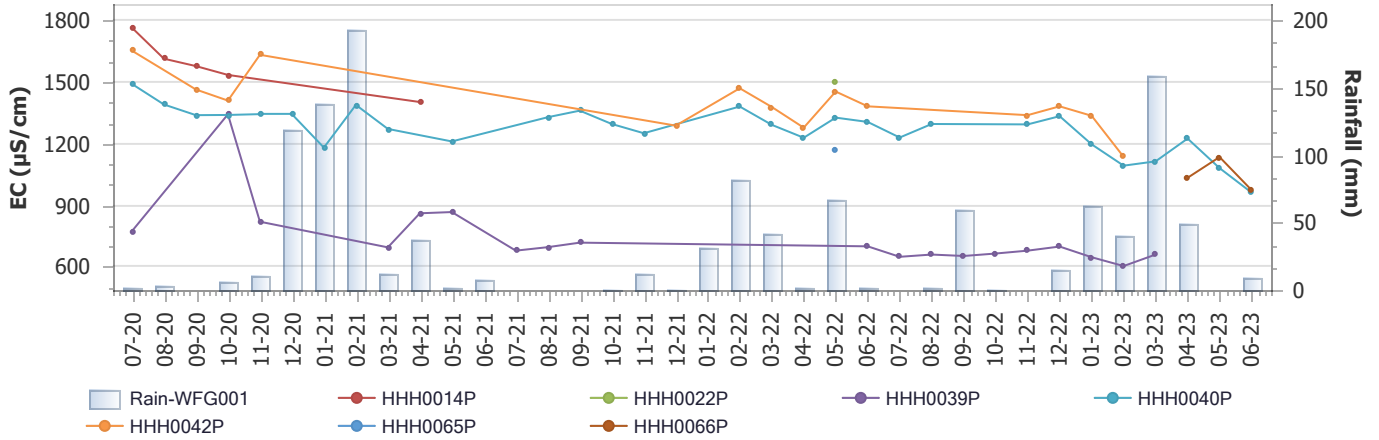
Monitoring summary: Caramulla MAR Hydrographs

Figure 7.10

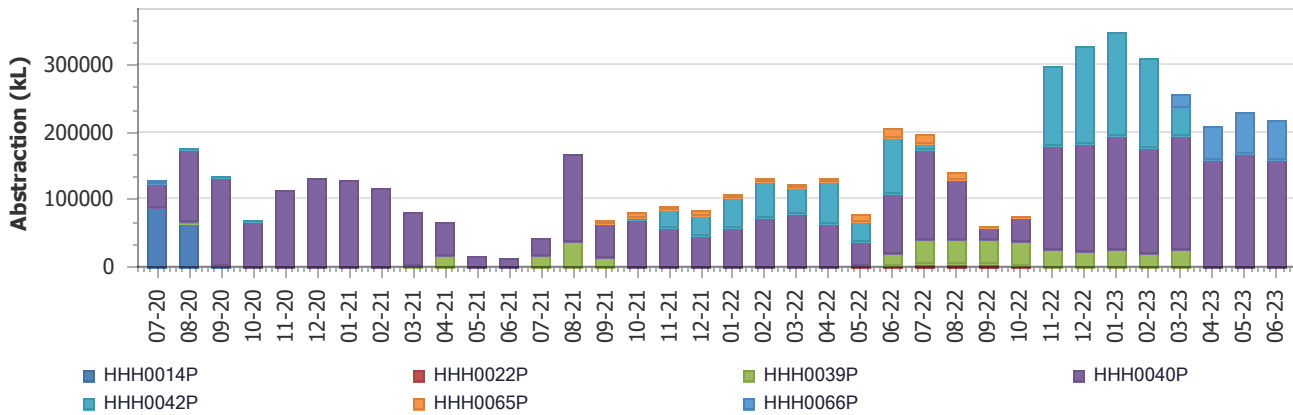
Hashimoto Production Boreholes pH



Hashimoto Production Boreholes EC



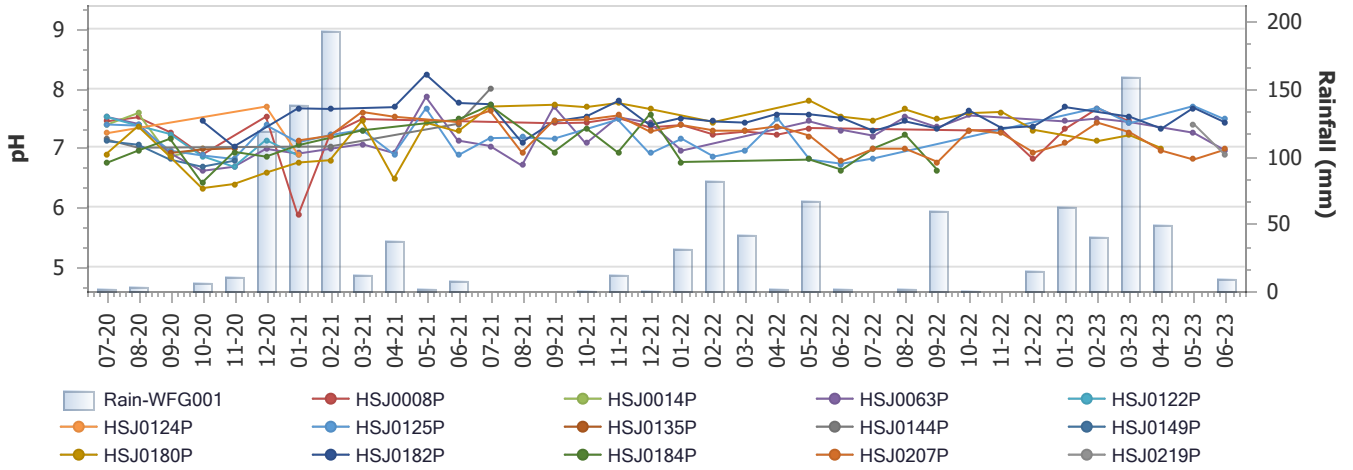
Hashimoto Abstraction



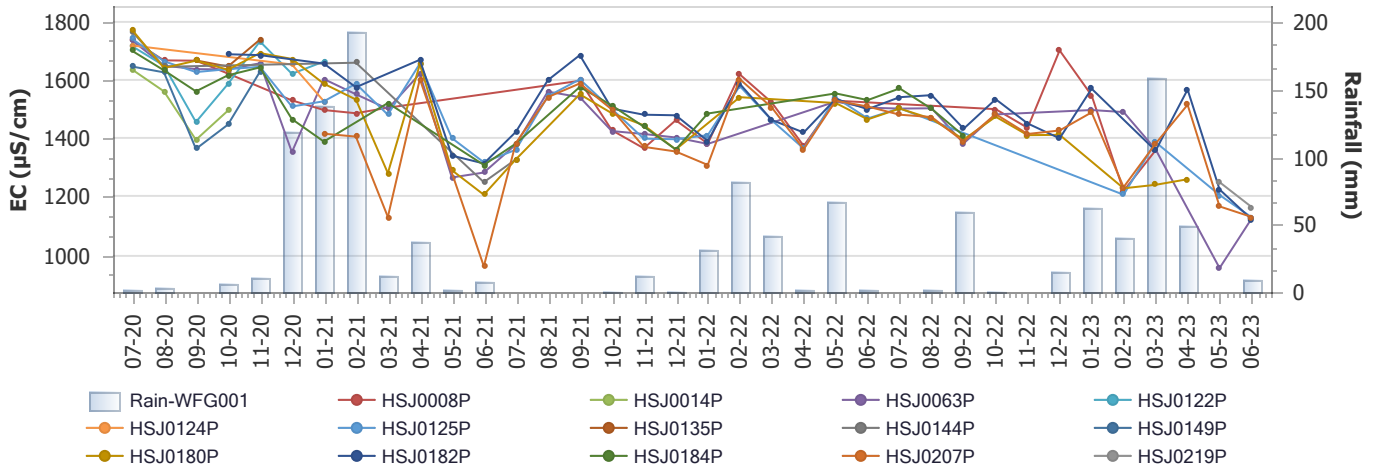
Monitoring summary: Hashimoto Production Boreholes

Figure 7.11

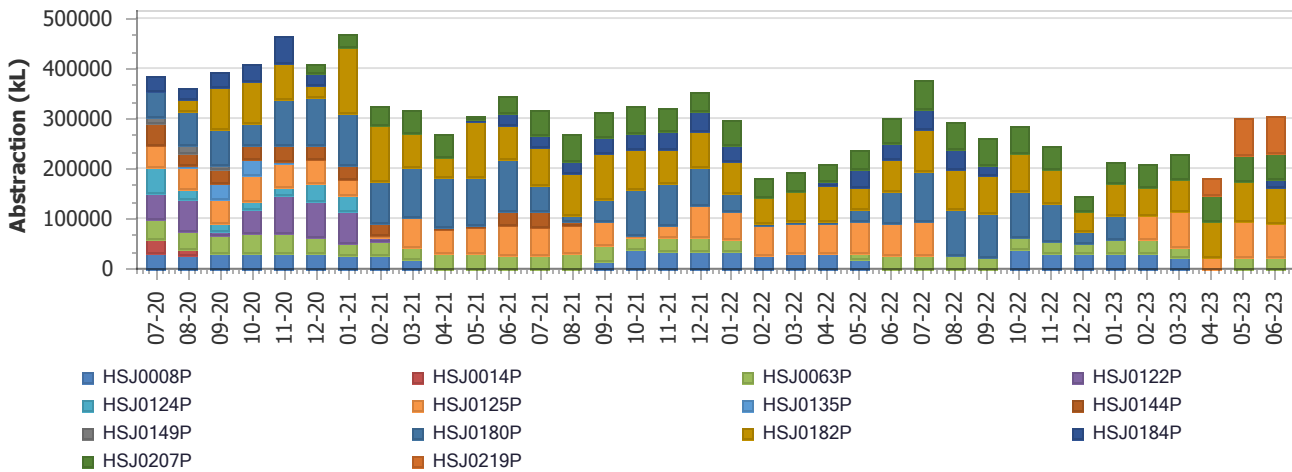
Operations South Jimblebar Production Boreholes pH



Operations South Jimblebar Production Boreholes EC



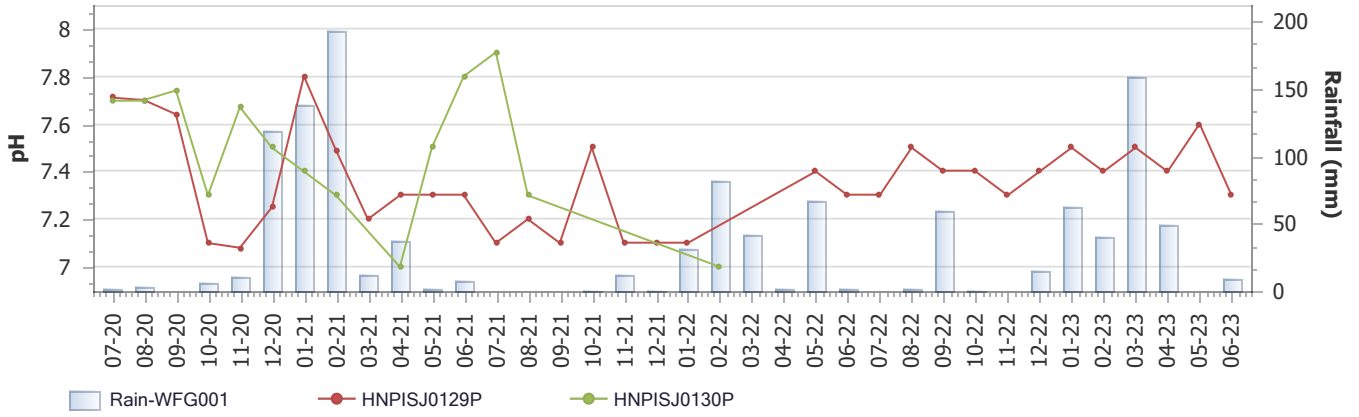
Operations South Jimblebar Abstraction



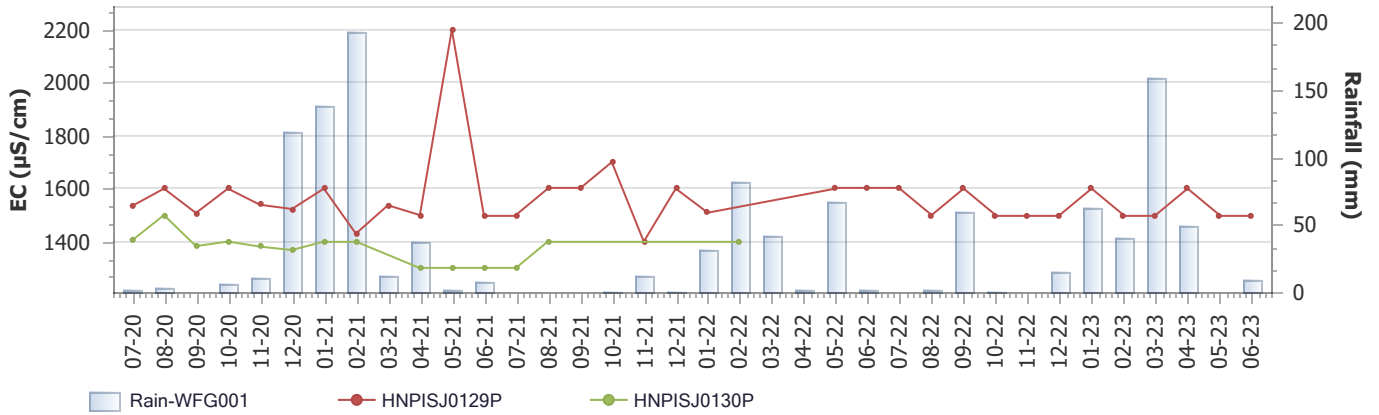
Monitoring summary: Operations South Jimblebar Production Boreholes

Figure 7.12

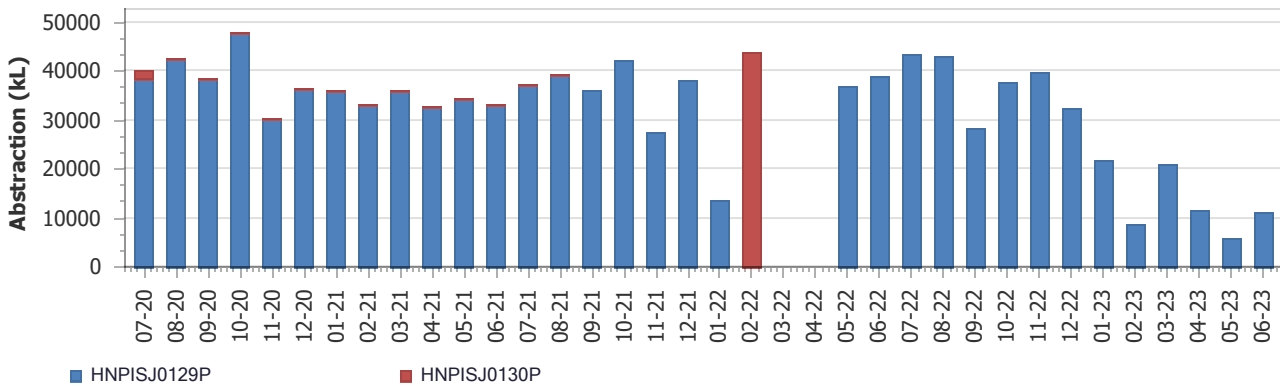
Regional West Production Boreholes pH



Regional West Production Boreholes EC



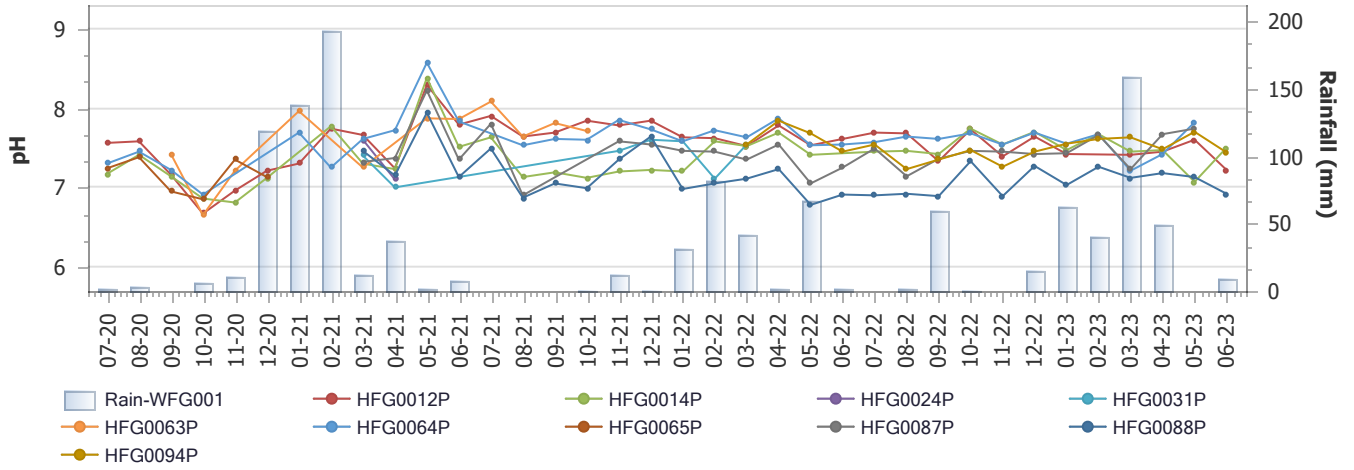
Regional West Abstraction



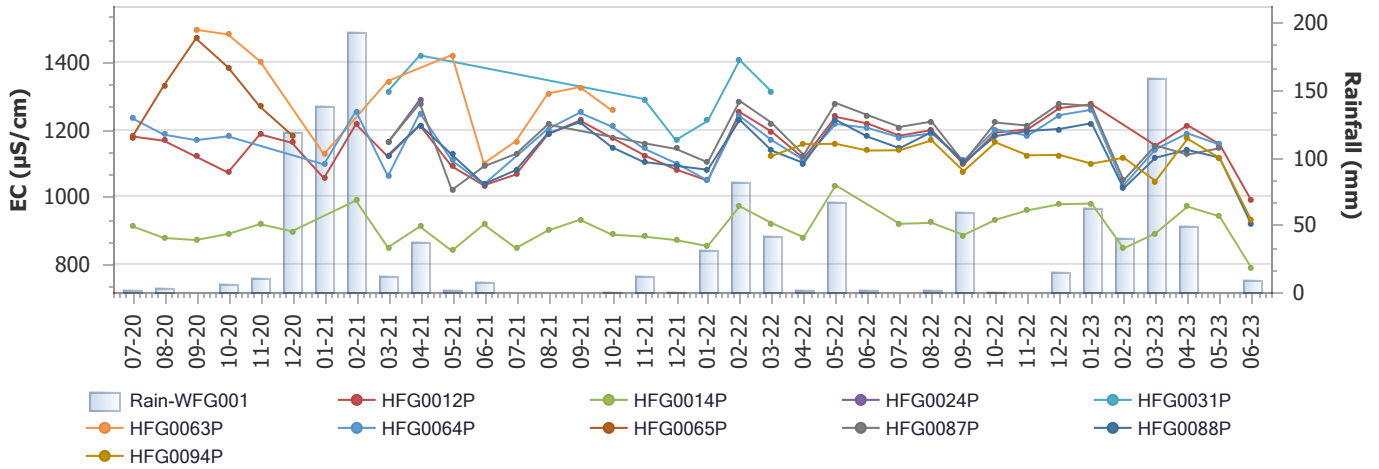
Monitoring summary: Regional West Production Boreholes

Figure 7.13

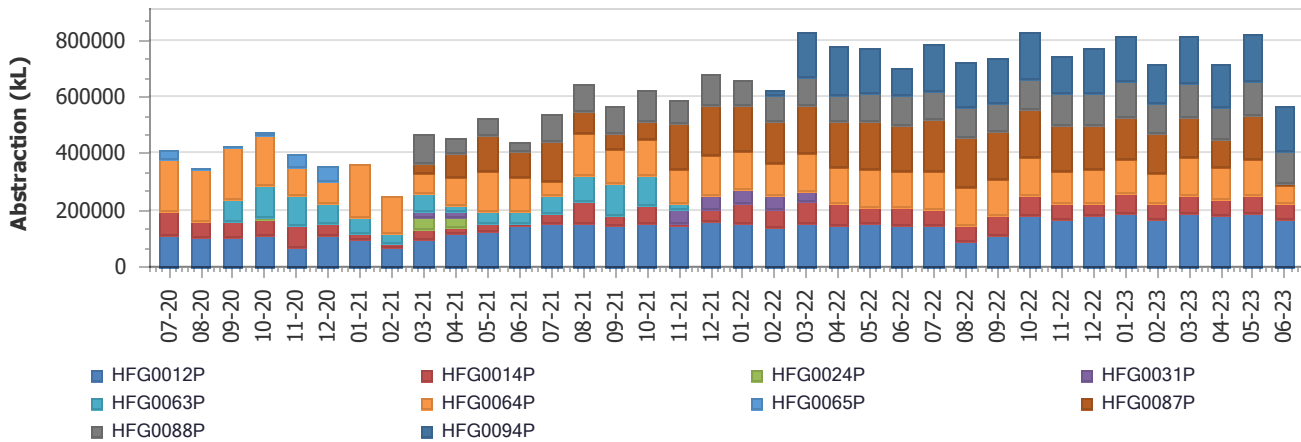
Wheellarra Hill Production Boreholes pH



Wheellarra Hill Production Boreholes EC



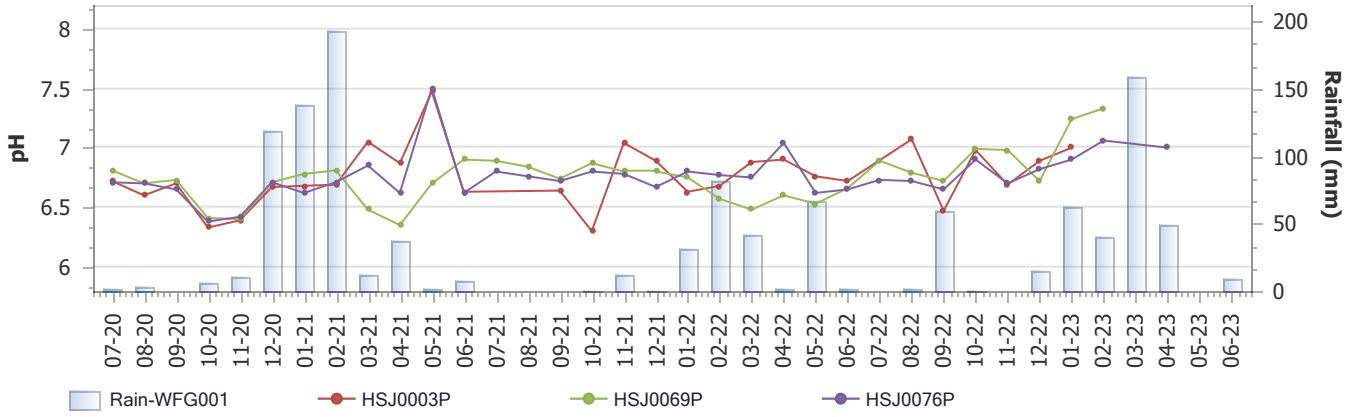
Wheellarra Hill Abstraction



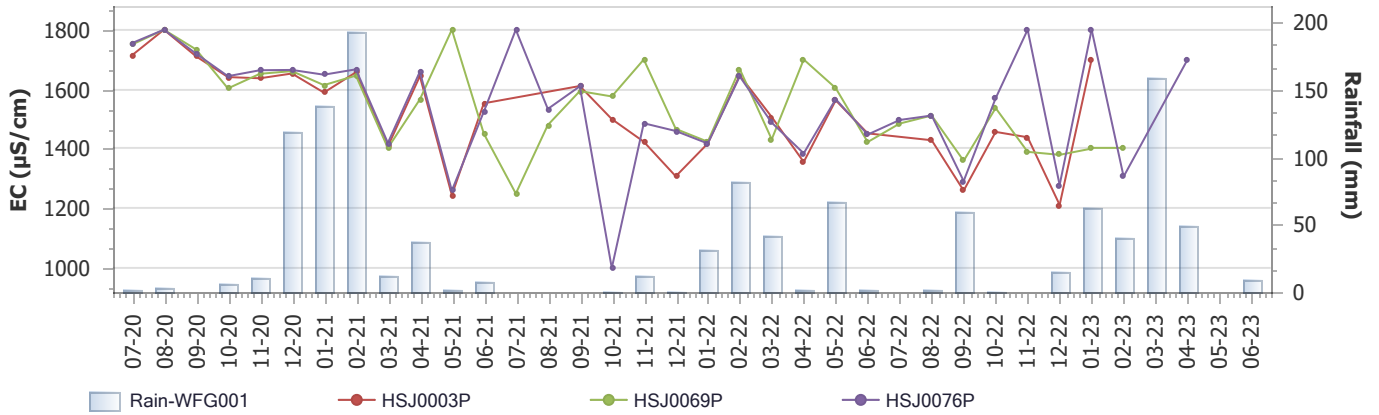
Monitoring summary: Wheellarra Hill Production Boreholes

Figure 7.14

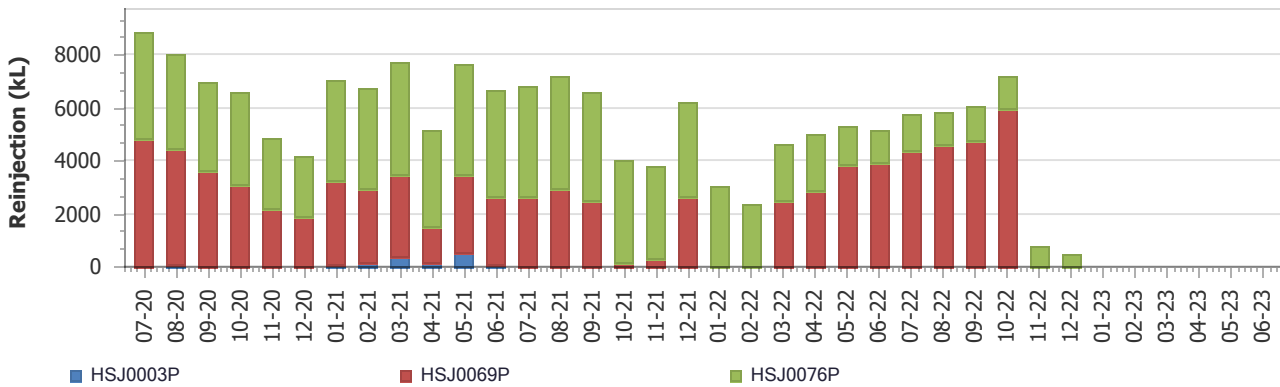
South Jimblebar MAR Production Boreholes pH



South Jimblebar MAR Production Boreholes EC



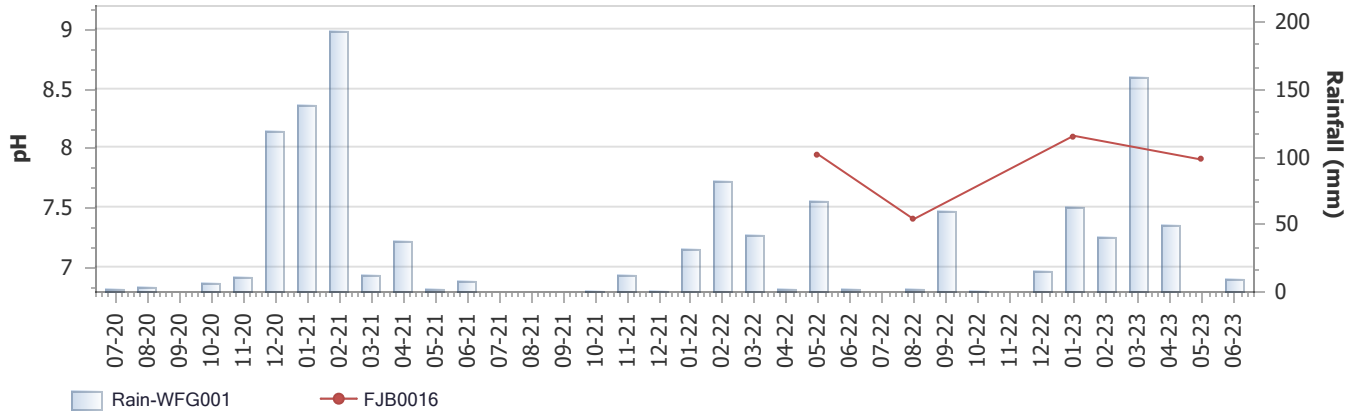
South Jimblebar MAR ReInjection



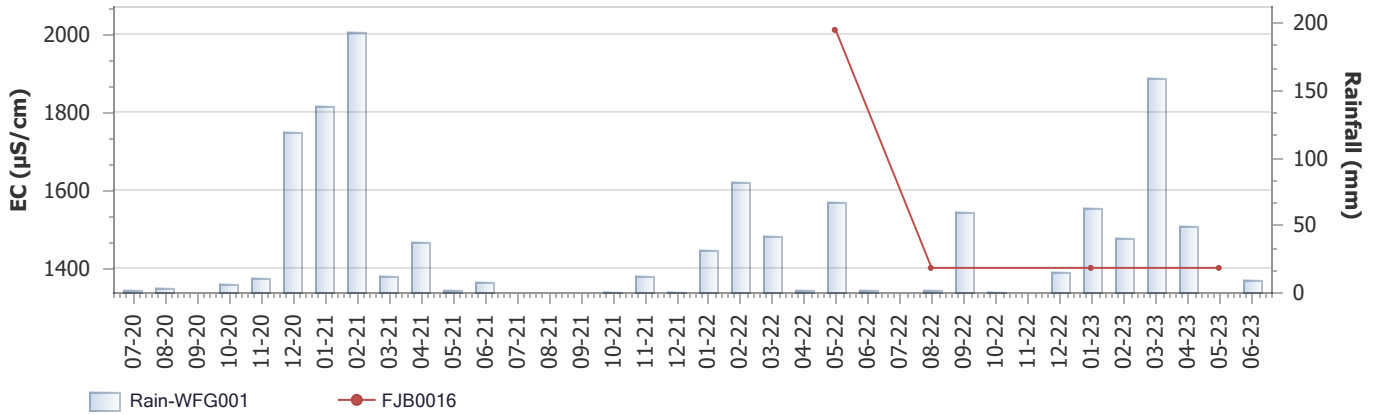
Monitoring summary: South Jimblebar MAR Production Boreholes

Figure 7.15

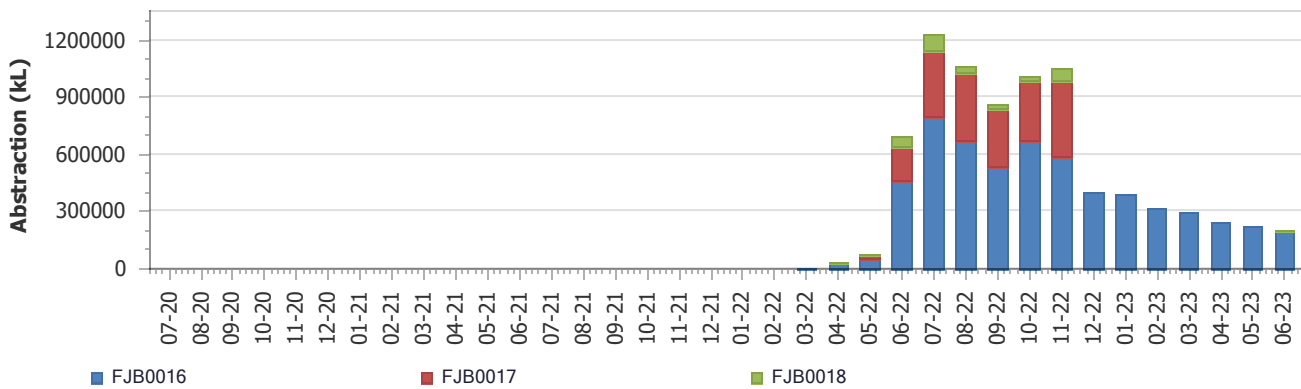
Caramulla Discharge Production Boreholes pH



Caramulla Discharge Production Boreholes EC



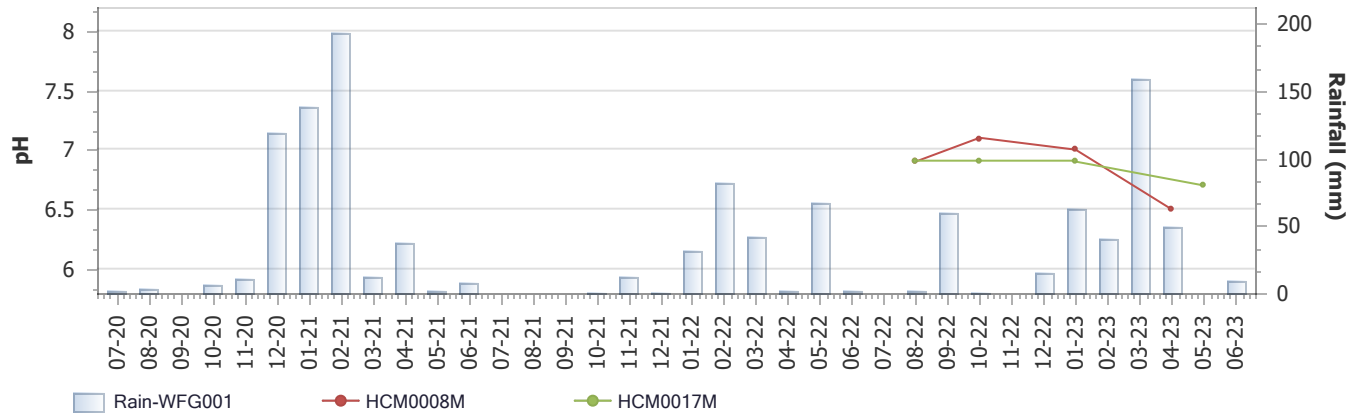
Caramulla Discharge Abstraction



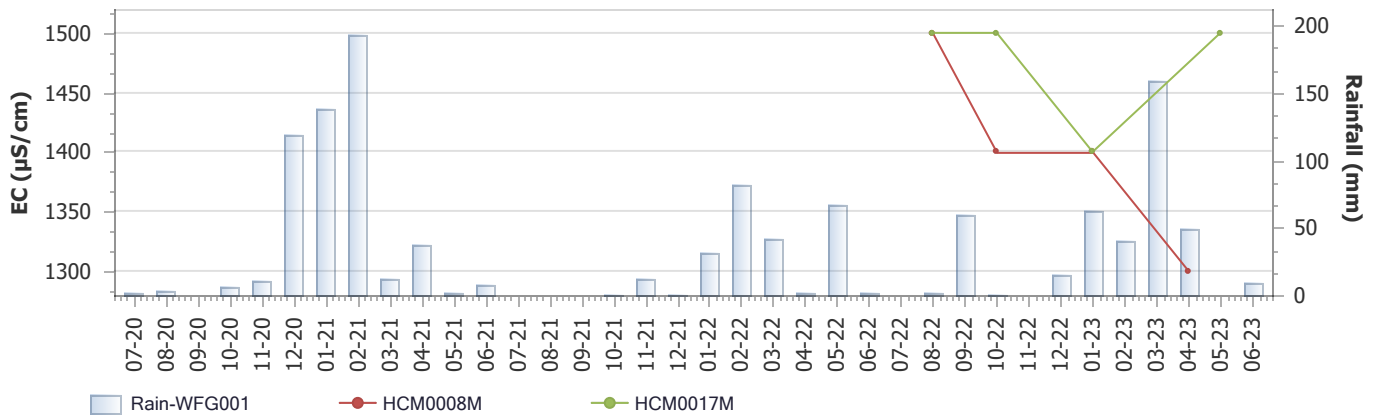
Monitoring summary: Caramulla Discharge Production Boreholes

Figure 7.16

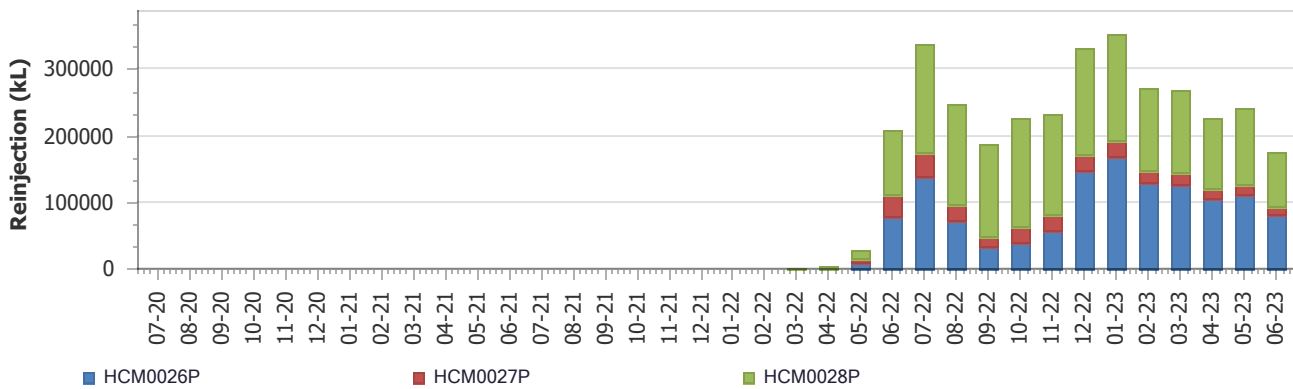
Caramulla MAR Production Boreholes pH



Caramulla MAR Production Boreholes EC



Caramulla MAR Reinjection



Monitoring summary: Caramulla MAR Production Boreholes

Figure 7.17

Jimblebar

Caramulla MAR

HCM008M
 HCM0017M
 HCM0019M
 HCM0043M
 HCM0044M

Hashimoto

HHH0014P
 HHH0039P
 HHH0040P
 HHH0042P
 HHH0066P

Wheellarra Hill

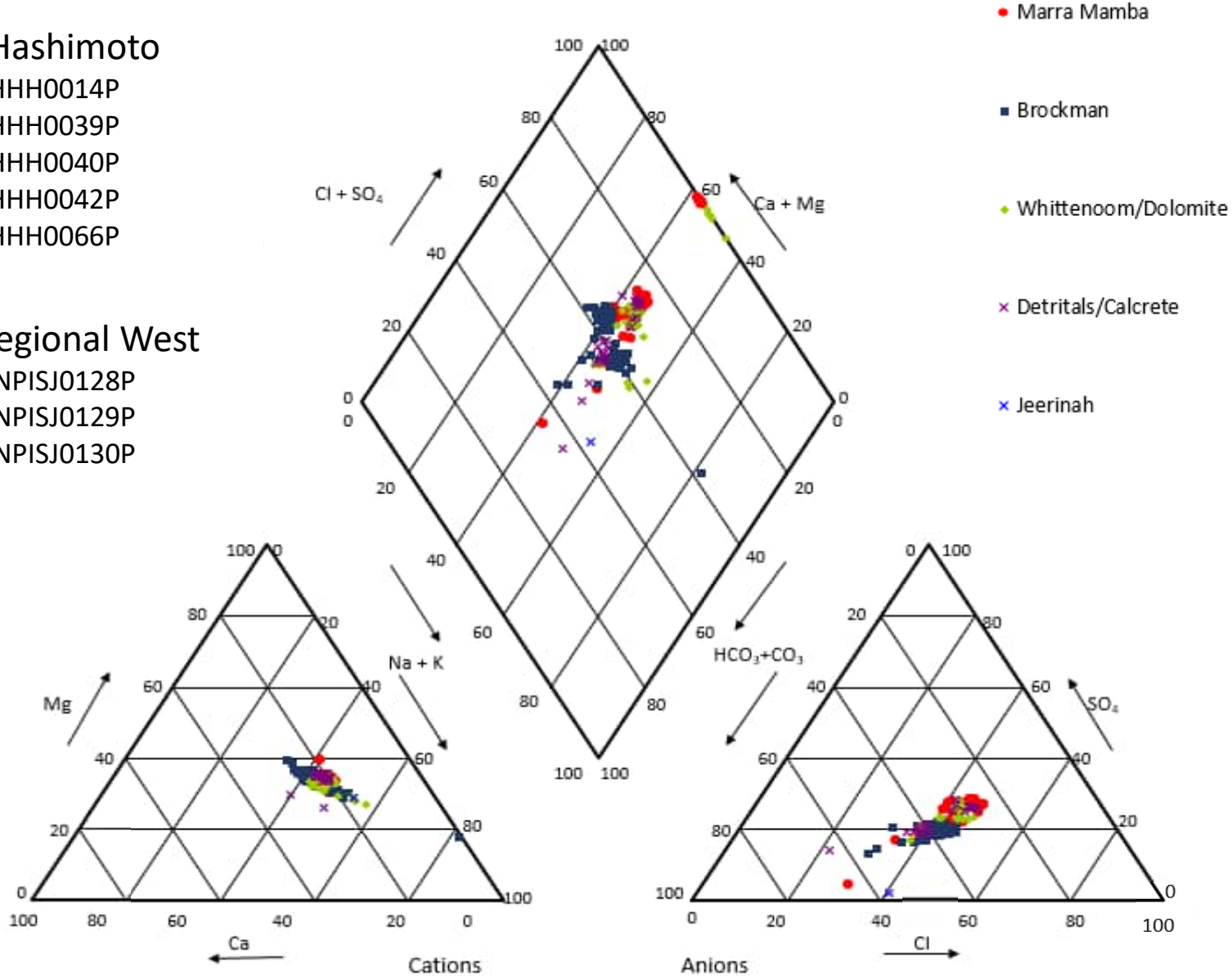
HFG0012P HFG0063P
 HFG0014P HFG0064P
 HFG0024P HFG0088P
 HFG0031P HFG0094P

Regional West

HNPISJ0128P
 HNPISJ0129P
 HNPISJ0130P

Operations South

HSJ0008P HSJ0125P
 HSJ0014P HSJ0142P
 HSJ0063P HSJ0143P
 HSJ0122P HSJ0149P



Jimblebar Borefields

Annual Aquifer Review 2023

Piper Diagram
 Figure 7.18

Appendices



LICENCE TO TAKE WATER

Granted by the Minister under section 5C of the Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914

Licensee(s)	BHP Iron Ore Pty Ltd		
Description of Water Resource	Pilbara Hamersley - Fractured Rock	Annual Water Entitlement	26,300,000kL
Location of Water Source	M266SA		

Authorised Activities	Taking of water for	Location of Activity
	Dewatering for mining purposes	GENERAL LEASE I126948 M266SA ML244SA
	Dust Suppression for mining purposes	GENERAL LEASE I126948 M266SA ML244SA
	Earthwork and construction purposes	GENERAL LEASE I126948 M266SA ML244SA
	Exploratory drilling operations	GENERAL LEASE I126948 M266SA ML244SA
	Geotechnical Investigation purposes	GENERAL LEASE I126948 M266SA ML244SA
	Mineral ore processing and other mining purposes	GENERAL LEASE I126948 M266SA ML244SA
	Mining camp purposes	GENERAL LEASE I126948 M266SA ML244SA
	Reinjection of groundwater	GENERAL LEASE I126948 M266SA

This Licence is granted subject to the Rights in Water and Irrigation Regulations 2000.



LICENCE TO TAKE WATER

Granted by the Minister under section 5C of the Rights in Water and Irrigation Act 1914

		ML244SA
	Well construction and Supply (pump) testing	GENERAL LEASE I126948 M266SA ML244SA
Duration of Licence	From 26 November 2021 to 25 June 2028	

This Licence is subject to the following terms, conditions and restrictions:

1. The annual water year for water taken under this licence is defined as 1 July to 30 June.
2. The licensee shall submit abstraction data within the annual report that is due 30 Sept each year.
3. Every 1 Years the licensee shall provide to the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation a Groundwater Monitoring Summary for the preceding water year. The first report is due 30/09/2023.
4. Every 3 Years the licensee shall provide to the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation a Groundwater Monitoring Review. The first report is due 30/09/2022. A Groundwater Monitoring Summary need not be submitted in a year in which a Groundwater Monitoring Review is due.
5. The licensee shall comply with the commitments of the operating strategy "BHP GWL Operating Strategy for Jimblebar Document Number: 0019543 Version: 4.0 dated 15/2/2018", as prepared by the licensee and approved by the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation on 19/06/2018 including any modifications to the commitments as approved during the term of the licence.

End of terms, conditions and restrictions

Jimblebar Borefields production borehole details

Area	Sample Point ID	Easting (MGA94)	Northing (MGA94)	TOC (m RL)	Construction Date	Depth (m bgl)	SWL (m bTOC)	SWL (m RL)	Screen Interval/Target Geology	Purpose
Caramulla Discharge	FJB0016	216025.5	7411472.1	518.60					NA	
Caramulla Discharge Abstraction	FJB0016	216025.5	7411472.1	518.60					NA	
	FJB0017	225065.7	7412788.3	515.00					NA	
	FJB0018	225069.4	7412788.3	515.00					NA	
Caramulla MAR	HCM0026P	221214.8	7411530.7	521.25	14-Sep-19	188			Vuggy Breccia	Injection
	HCM0027P	223312.0	7411675.4	517.22	20-Aug-19	164			Wittenoom Formation	Injection
	HCM0028P	225207.2	7412627.1	514.65	22-Nov-19	170			Wittenoom Formation	Injection
Caramulla MAR WL	HCM0019M	225566.3	7413660.7	512.55	25-Mar-19	84			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HCM0043M	220614.6	7411804.0	522.18	08-May-21	35			Clay in TD3	Monitoring
	HCM0044M	222285.7	7412022.7	518.18	24-Aug-21	35			Gravelly Siltstone	Monitoring
	HCM0045M	224225.7	7412103.0	515.53	22-Apr-21	35			Clay	Monitoring
	HCM0046M	226012.5	7412227.0	515.19	12-May-21	35			Sand	Monitoring
	HCM0047M	225279.4	7413102.8	512.27	11-May-21	84			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HCM0059M	225316.5	7412856.8	513.65	10-May-21	35			Clay in TD3	Monitoring
Caramulla MAR WQ	HCM0008M	222216.5	7412042.7	518.18	25-Apr-19	116			Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HCM0017M	224254.7	7412117.3	515.54	24-Jan-19	156			Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
Hashimoto	HHH0014P	211959.2	7412202.1	522.27	19-Apr-13	207	60.90	460.92	Wittenoom Formation	Production
	HHH0022P	213771.9	7412313.0	512.06	03-Dec-15	167			Vuggy Breccia	Production
	HHH0039P	212509.4	7413056.7	492.50	14-Jun-19	122	55.45	459.79	Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HHH0040P	211403.8	7412726.3	516.00	28-Aug-19	254			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HHH0042P	211632.2	7412446.5	504.30	07-Jun-19	230			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HHH0065P	215132.6	7412318.6	524.38	16-Mar-20	248			Mt. McRae Shale	Production
	HHH0066P	211726.0	7412983.3	504.00	07-Feb-20	152			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
Hashimoto WL	HH1676RM	213591.9	7413168.2	520.70	12-Nov-16	81			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HH1872RM	214628.0	7412983.1	524.94	12-Nov-16	177			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HH1977RM	215699.8	7412606.3	517.35	12-Nov-16	105			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HHH0009M	212946.0	7413148.9	512.27	07-Feb-13	130			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring

Jimblebar Borefields production borehole details (cont'd)

Area	Sample Point ID	Easting (MGA94)	Northing (MGA94)	TOC (m RL)	Construction Date	Depth (m bgl)	SWL (m bTOC)	SWL (m RL)	Screen Interval/Target Geology	Purpose
	HHH0015M	211170.1	7412507.7	541.35	02-Apr-15	204	78.80	461.46	Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HHH0024M	212084.8	7412908.0	546.21	07-Sep-18	120	84.32	461.04	Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HHH0059M	215227.9	7412597.1	515.14	08-Nov-19	224			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HHH0076M	214312.8	7412332.1	512.20	27-Nov-20	122	49.57	461.74	Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HHH0078M	215808.9	7411540.8	517.72	07-Dec-20	152	56.63	460.19	Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
Operations South Jimblebar	HSJ0008P	203104.6	7409809.7	512.00		206			Unknown stratigraphy	Production
	HSJ0014P	206126.2	7409922.3	526.89	22-Apr-10	232			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0063P	204031.3	7409971.0	512.50	28-Jul-10	190			Wittenoom Formation	Production
	HSJ0122P	205541.1	7409926.9	452.70	06-Nov-17	212	78.33	452.25	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0124P	204309.6	7409965.0	452.50		194	77.52	454.28	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0125P	203565.8	7409881.2	512.00		202			Wittenoom Formation	Production
	HSJ0135P	204796.5	7409973.3	488.50	01-Nov-17	176			Wittenoom Formation	Production
	HSJ0144P	204453.3	7409926.0	440.50	13-Jan-14	166			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0149P	205945.3	7409919.9	527.70	13-Jul-14	214			Tertiary Detritals 3	Production
	HSJ0180P	205244.2	7409929.6	453.15	29-Nov-17	104			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0182P	204729.2	7410174.8	529.92	28-Mar-18	260	100.00	429.31	Tertiary Detritals 2	Production
	HSJ0184P	203944.5	7410002.8	524.50	23-Nov-17	233			Wittenoom Formation	Production
	HSJ0207P	202475.6	7409665.5	535.38	18-Oct-20	193	107.50	427.34	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0219P	202974.3	7409909.0	512.00	16-Nov-21	278			Wittenoom Formation/West Angela	Production
Operations WL	HSJ0018M	207626.4	7408663.3	529.92	01-Jan-70	77			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0055M	205247.1	7410327.8	530.12	01-May-10	196			Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0072M	205826.3	7410025.2	528.09	08-Aug-10	200			Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0104M	202086.5	7409639.0	536.47	06-Mar-12	234	76.74	458.92	Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0133M	212653.2	7413409.8	509.49	05-Aug-12	102	48.00	460.82	Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0148M	206151.3	7409704.8	529.04	27-Feb-14	142			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0150M	206538.8	7409625.6	531.45	01-Mar-14	150			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0154M	203814.1	7410291.3	533.80	19-Apr-14	214	79.44	453.23	Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0159M	203891.8	7409471.6	536.51		148			Jeerinah Formation	Monitoring

Jimblebar Borefields

Annual Aquifer Review 2023



Jimblebar Borefields production borehole details (cont'd)

Area	Sample Point ID	Easting (MGA94)	Northing (MGA94)	TOC (m RL)	Construction Date	Depth (m bgl)	SWL (m bTOC)	SWL (m RL)	Screen Interval/Target Geology	Purpose
Rainfall	WFG001	207046.0	7410672.0	0.00					NA	Weather station
Regional East WL	FG4610RM	208393.9	7412668.0	598.74	15-Jul-14	189	126.13	474.84	Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HH2080RM	216878.4	7413606.4	546.46	12-Nov-16	129			Stratigraphy to be confirmed	Monitoring
	HHH0028M	213972.4	7410728.3	516.82	25-Aug-18	170	53.08	463.07	Stratigraphy to be confirmed	Monitoring
	HHH0078M	215808.9	7411540.8	517.72	07-Dec-20	152	56.63	460.19	Stratigraphy to be confirmed	Monitoring
	HSJ0018M	207626.4	7408663.3	529.92	01-Jan-70	77			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0074M	208525.2	7409843.3	521.73	16-Aug-10	198			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0077M	208847.9	7409861.5	521.93	24-Aug-10	152			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0084M	208524.2	7409650.6	525.37	15-Sep-10	105			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0133M	212653.2	7413409.8	509.49	05-Aug-12	102	48.00	460.82	Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	SJ0560RM	208525.7	7409796.9	522.32	17-Sep-10	201			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	SJ0571RM	208225.2	7409742.1	523.27	22-Jul-10	189			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
Regional West	HNPISJ0128P	202475.8	7409660.3	535.21		195	77.70	457.06	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HNPISJ0129P	201030.9	7409891.1			214			Unknown Stratigraphy	Production
	HNPISJ0130P	201470.1	7409777.5			184	79.50	458.00	Wittenoom Formation	Production
Regional West WL	HFG0035M	201289.3	7412818.8	574.42	07-Nov-14	204			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HFG0042M	201516.9	7411796.5	580.48	22-Feb-15	216			Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0104M	202086.5	7409639.0	536.47	06-Mar-12	234	76.74	458.92	Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0173M	198494.0	7410082.7	548.83	11-Apr-17	135	93.86	453.99	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
Reinjection	HSJ0003P	208836.7	7410088.2	521.36	24-May-04	172			Tertiary Alluvium	Injection
	HSJ0009P	212576.0	7410619.9	516.23		136			Unknown Stratigraphy	Injection
	HSJ0069P	212572.5	7410160.1	517.94	17-Aug-10	210			West Angela	Injection
	HSJ0076P	208524.0	7409760.0	521.77	08-Sep-10	215			West Angela	Injection
Reinjection WL	HSJ0003P	208836.7	7410088.2	521.36	24-May-04	172			Unknown Stratigraphy	Production
	HSJ0009P	212576.0	7410619.9	516.23		136			Unknown Stratigraphy	Production
	HSJ0020M	207913.8	7410106.6	524.65	01-Jan-70	83			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0064M	208101.9	7410053.6	523.17	19-Jul-10	168			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0069P	212572.5	7410160.1	517.94	17-Aug-10	210			Unknown Stratigraphy	Production

Jimblebar Borefields

Annual Aquifer Review 2023



Jimblebar Borefields production borehole details (cont'd)

Area	Sample Point ID	Easting (MGA94)	Northing (MGA94)	TOC (m RL)	Construction Date	Depth (m bgl)	SWL (m bTOC)	SWL (m RL)	Screen Interval/Target Geology	Purpose
	HSJ0073M	208521.0	7409913.3	522.26	14-Aug-10	230			Stratigraphy to be confirmed	Monitoring
	HSJ0074M	208525.2	7409843.3	521.73	16-Aug-10	198			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0076P	208524.0	7409760.0	521.77	08-Sep-10	215			Unknown Stratigraphy	Production
	HSJ0080M	208851.7	7410039.0	521.38	03-Sep-10	174			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0081M	208850.5	7410028.1	521.45	05-Sep-10	126			Stratigraphy to be confirmed	Monitoring
	HSJ0083M	212585.4	7410322.0	517.16	09-Sep-10	188			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0115M	211985.8	7410221.9	518.55		192	57.17	460.41	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0117M	213510.0	7410120.6	519.51		154	57.69	460.88	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	SJ0435RM	208075.5	7409689.3	523.69	21-Jul-10	108			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	SJ0571RM	208225.2	7409742.1	523.27	22-Jul-10	189			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
South Jimblebar	HNPISJ0128P	202475.8	7409660.3	535.21		195	77.70	457.06	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HNPISJ0129P	201030.9	7409891.1			214			Unknown Stratigraphy	Production
	HNPISJ0130P	201470.1	7409777.5			184	79.50	458.00	Wittenoom Formation	Production
	HSJ0008P	203104.6	7409809.7	512.00		206			Unknown Stratigraphy	Production
	HSJ0014P	206126.2	7409922.3	526.89	22-Apr-10	232			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0063P	204031.3	7409971.0	512.50	28-Jul-10	190			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0122P	205541.1	7409926.9	452.70	06-Nov-17	212	78.33	452.25	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0123P	205239.1	7410030.1	488.19	10-Oct-12	190	77.41	451.78	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0124P	204309.6	7409965.0	452.50		194	77.52	454.28	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0125P	203565.8	7409881.2	512.00		202			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0135P	204796.5	7409973.3	488.50	01-Nov-17	176			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0142P	205319.6	7409955.6	452.75	29-Nov-13	136			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0143P	205040.7	7410061.4	531.11	08-Feb-14	172			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0144P	204453.3	7409926.0	440.50	13-Jan-14	166			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
	HSJ0149P	205945.3	7409919.9	527.70	13-Jul-14	214			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Production
HSJ0207P	202475.6	7409665.5	535.38	18-Oct-20	193	107.50	427.34	Unknown Stratigraphy	Production	
South Jimblebar WL	HSJ0003P	208836.7	7410088.2	521.36	24-May-04	172			Quaternary, TD3-TD2-TD1	Production
	HSJ0009P	212576.0	7410619.9	516.23		136			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring

Jimblebar Borefields

Annual Aquifer Review 2023



Jimblebar Borefields production borehole details (cont'd)

Area	Sample Point ID	Easting (MGA94)	Northing (MGA94)	TOC (m RL)	Construction Date	Depth (m bgl)	SWL (m bTOC)	SWL (m RL)	Screen Interval/Target Geology	Purpose
	HSJ0018M	207626.4	7408663.3	529.92	01-Jan-70	77			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0020M	207913.8	7410106.6	524.65	01-Jan-70	83			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0023M1	201029.0	7410363.0	542.50		194			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0024M	201028.3	7410029.9	540.19		248			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0055M	205247.1	7410327.8	530.12	01-May-10	196			Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0069P	212572.5	7410160.1	517.94	17-Aug-10	210			Unknown Stratigraphy	Production
	HSJ0072M	205826.3	7410025.2	528.09	08-Aug-10	200			Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0074M	208525.2	7409843.3	521.73	16-Aug-10	198			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0076P	208524.0	7409760.0	521.77	08-Sep-10	215			Unknown Stratigraphy	Production
	HSJ0077M	208847.9	7409861.5	521.93	24-Aug-10	152			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0078M	212588.0	7409953.5	526.11	27-Aug-10	92			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0080M	208851.7	7410039.0	521.38	03-Sep-10	174			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0083M	212585.4	7410322.0	517.16	09-Sep-10	188			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0084M	208524.2	7409650.6	525.37	15-Sep-10	105			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0088M	211963.1	7410074.3	519.05	26-Oct-10	136			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0093M	211225.1	7409888.7	525.73	16-Dec-10	80			Unknown Stratigraphy	Monitoring
	HSJ0104M	202086.5	7409639.0	536.47	06-Mar-12	234	76.74	458.92	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0115M	211985.8	7410221.9	518.55		192	57.17	460.41	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0117M	213510.0	7410120.6	519.51		154	57.69	460.88	Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0145M	205062.9	7410056.5	531.22		150			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0148M	206151.3	7409704.8	529.04	27-Feb-14	142			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0150M	206538.8	7409625.6	531.45	01-Mar-14	150			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0153M	204506.5	7410324.7	532.45	09-Apr-14	250	79.89	451.62	Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0154M	203814.1	7410291.3	533.80	19-Apr-14	214	79.44	453.23	Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HSJ0159M	203891.8	7409471.6	536.51		148			Jeerinah Formation	Monitoring
	SJ0435RM	208075.5	7409689.3	523.69	21-Jul-10	108			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring
SJ0560RM	208525.7	7409796.9	522.32	17-Sep-10	201			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring	
SJ0571RM	208225.2	7409742.1	523.27	22-Jul-10	189			Marra Mamba Iron Formation	Monitoring	

Jimblebar Borefields

Annual Aquifer Review 2023



Jimblebar Borefields production borehole details (cont'd)

Area	Sample Point ID	Easting (MGA94)	Northing (MGA94)	TOC (m RL)	Construction Date	Depth (m bgl)	SWL (m bTOC)	SWL (m RL)	Screen Interval/Target Geology	Purpose
Wheellarra	HFG0012P	210578.2	7412037.2	525.74	23-Mar-13	250			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0014P	210726.0	7412337.1	525.69	30-Apr-13	207	64.48	460.56	Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0024P	204046.8	7411807.2	504.00	02-Jun-13	203			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0031P	204173.4	7411744.1	528.50	20-Jun-13	208	92.67	461.15	Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0057P	209400.4	7411454.8	540.50	20-Oct-16	200			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0058P	210445.8	7411802.0	517.61	04-Feb-17	110			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0059P	209977.0	7412052.4	456.00	05-Mar-17	176			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
Wheellarra Hill	HFG0012P	210578.2	7412037.2	525.74	23-Mar-13	250			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0014P	210726.0	7412337.1	525.69	30-Apr-13	207	64.48	460.56	Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0024P	204046.8	7411807.2	504.00	02-Jun-13	203			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0031P	204173.4	7411744.1	528.50	20-Jun-13	208	92.67	461.15	Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0063P	210236.9	7411931.7	456.00	12-Apr-19	140			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0064P	210328.2	7412214.4	534.33	11-Jun-18	222	72.00	461.83	Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0065P	210444.3	7411982.8	504.44	13-Sep-18	242	42.55	461.42	Tertiary Detritals 2	Production
	HFG0087P	210207.3	7412369.9	540.53	07-Apr-20	200			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0088P	210003.4	7412423.2	540.39	17-May-20	210			Brockman Iron Formation	Production
	HFG0094P	204109.7	7412153.0	552.22	22-Sep-20	210	101.57	450.03	Brockman Iron Formation	Production
Wheellarra Hill WL	FG9747RM	204341.2	7411833.7	558.65	27-May-20	174			Brockman Iron Formation/Whaleback Shale	Monitoring
	HFG0006M	210507.2	7412765.7	529.92	15-Nov-12	152			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HFG0068M	209145.2	7411205.6	564.56	07-Nov-18	212	100.35	463.47	Wittenoom Formation	Monitoring
	HFG0080M	209911.5	7411803.5	480.50	22-Feb-19	63	20.75	459.24	Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HFG0092M	204209.4	7411590.8	551.55	24-Jun-20	224			Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring
	HHH0015M	211170.1	7412507.7	541.35	02-Apr-15	204	78.80	461.46	Brockman Iron Formation	Monitoring

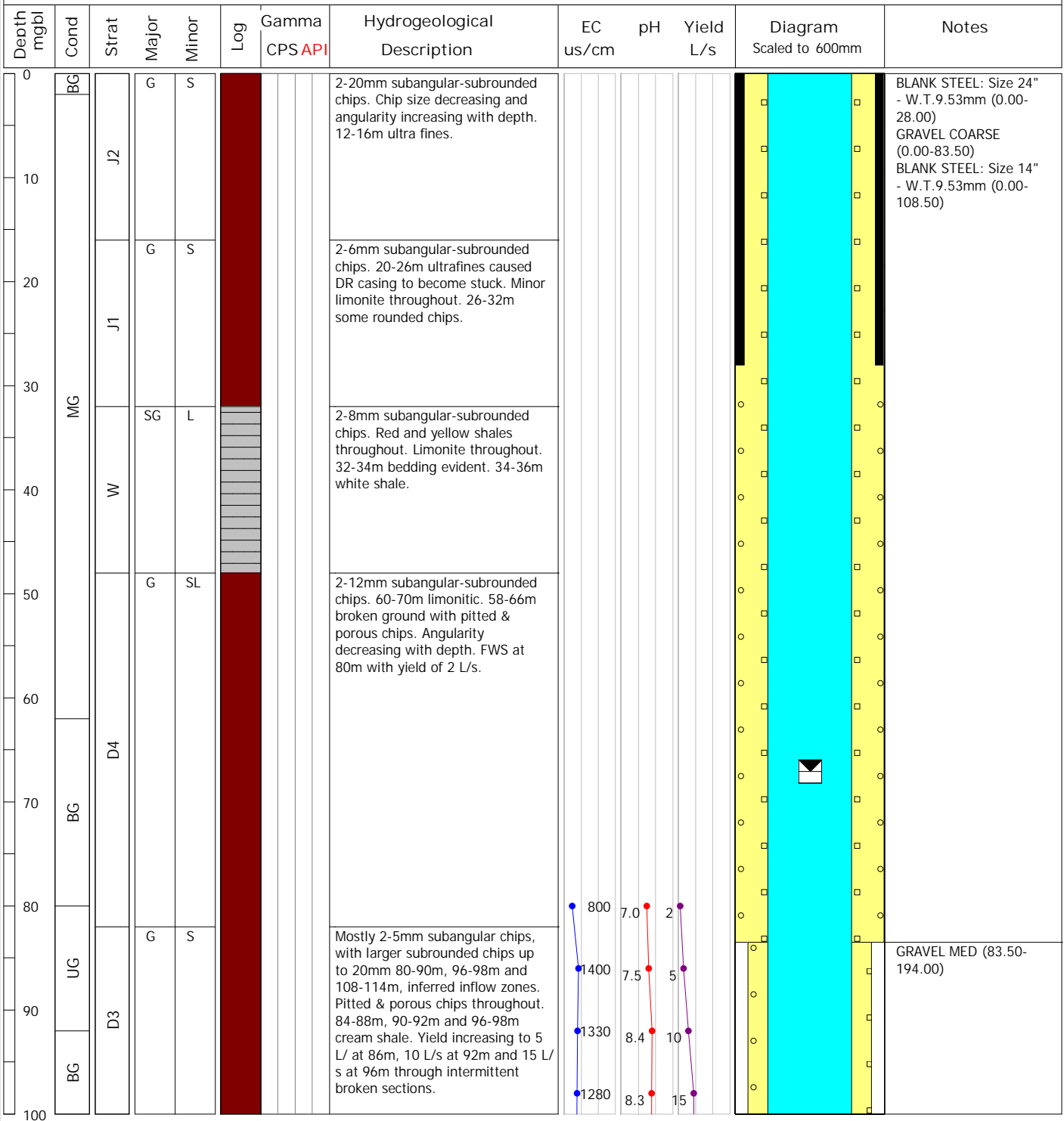
BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0117 Hole Length: 194.00

Easting: 204036.94	Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
Northing: 7411762.68	0.0 - 28.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Surface RL: 504.10	28.0 - 176.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Grid Name: MGA94_51	176.0 - 194.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
Incl / Azm: -90-->0							
Construct: 02 May 23 - 06 May 23	License: CAW207661						
Comments: FWS at 80m. Final yield of 40 L/s. Carbonaceous shale & pyrite intersected at 162 -194m.							

TOC RL: 504.40 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 67.10 MBTOC (08 May 23) Dev: Y: 16.8 hour(s) Final pH: 9.2
 TOC RL: 504.40 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 06 May 2023 Final EC: 1320.00



BHPIO - Hydrogeology Log



Project: WHEELARRA Hole Name: HFG0117 Hole Length: 194.00

Easting: 204036.94
 Northing: 7411762.68
 Surface RL: 504.10
 Grid Name: MGA94_51
 Incl / Azm: -90-->0

Depth	Drill Rig	Type	Size	Fluid	Drilled By	Logged By
0.0 - 28.0	DR3	DR	600		EASTERNWELL	NS3
28.0 - 176.0	DR3	DR	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3
176.0 - 194.0	DR3	CH	500		EASTERNWELL	NS3

Construct: 02 May 23 - 06 May 23

License: CAW207661

Comments: FWS at 80m. Final yield of 40 L/s. Carbonaceous shale & pyrite intersected at 162 -194m.

TOC RL: 504.40 (Stickup 0.30m) (drilled) SWL: 67.10 MBTOC (08 May 23) Dev: Y: 16.8 hour(s) Final pH: 9.2
 TOC RL: 504.40 (Stickup 0.30m) (current) Is Live: Y (-) Date: 06 May 2023 Final EC: 1320.00

