

Chevron 2024 Investor Presentation

August 5, 2024

Cautionary statement

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS RELEVANT TO FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION FOR THE PURPOSE OF "SAFE HARBOR" PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995 AND OTHER IMPORTANT LEGAL DISCLAIMERS

This presentation contains forward-looking images and statements relating to Chevron's lower carbon strategy and operations that are based on management's current expectations, estimates, and projections about the petroleum, chemicals, and other energy-related industries. Words or phrases such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "forecasts," "projects," "believes," "approaches," "schedules," "estimates," "positions," "pursues," "progress," "may," "can," "could," "should," "will," "budgets," "outlook," "trends," "guidance," "focus," "on track," "goals," "objectives," "strategies," "potential," "ambitions," "aspires" and similar expressions, and variations or negatives of these words, are intended to identify such forward looking statements, but not all forward-looking statements include such words.

These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to numerous risks, uncertainties and other factors, many of which are beyond the company's control and are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual outcomes and results may differ materially from what is expressed or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. Our ability to achieve any aspiration, target or objective outlined in this presentation is subject to numerous risks, many of which are outside of our control. Examples of such risks include: (1) sufficient and substantial advances in technology, including the continuing progress of commercially viable technologies and low- or non-carbon-based energy sources; (2) laws, governmental regulation, policies, and other enabling actions, including those regarding subsidies, tax and other incentives as well as the granting of necessary permits by governing authorities; (3) the availability and acceptability of cost-effective, verifiable carbon credits; (4) the availability of suppliers that can meet our sustainability-related standards; (5) evolving regulatory requirements, including changes to IPCC's Global Warming Potentials and U.S. EPA Greenhouse Gas Reporting Program, affecting ESG standards or disclosures; (6) evolving standards for tracking and reporting on emissions and emissions reductions and removals; (7) customers' and consumers' preferences and use of the company's products or substitute products; (8) actions taken by the company's competitors in response to legislation and regulations; and (9) successful negotiations for carbon capture and storage and nature-based solutions. Further, standards of measurement and performance set forth in this presentation made in reference to our environmental, social, governance, and other substantial plans, goals and targets may be based on protocols, processes and assumptions that continue to evolve and are subject to change in the future, including due to the impact of future regulation. The reader should not place undue reliance on othe

Among the important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements are: changing crude oil and natural gas prices and demand for the company's products, and production curtailments due to market conditions; crude oil production quotas or other actions that might be imposed by the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries; technological advancements; changes to government policies in the countries in which the company operates; public health crises, such as pandemics and epidemics, and any related government policies and actions; disruptions in the company's global supply chain, including supply chain constraints and escalation of the cost of goods and services; changing economic, regulatory and political environments in the various countries in which the company operates; general domestic and international economic, market and political conditions, including the military conflict between Russia and Ukraine, the conflict in Israel and the global response to these hostilities; changing refining, marketing and chemicals margins; actions of competitors or regulators; timing of exploration expenses; timing of crude oil liftings; the competitiveness of alternate-energy sources or product substitutes; development of large carbon capture and offset markets; the results of operations and financial condition of the company's suppliers, vendors, partners and equity affiliates; the inability or failure of the company's joint venture partners to fund their share of operations and development activities; the potential failure to achieve expected net production from existing and future crude oil and natural gas development projects; potential delays in the development, construction or startup of planned projects; the potential disruption or interruption of the company's operations due to war, accidents, political events, civil unrest, severe weather, cyber threats, terrorist acts, or other natural or human causes beyond the company's control; the potential liability for remedial actions or assessments under existing or future environmental regulations and litigation; significant operational, investment, or product changes undertaken or required by existing or future environmental statutes and regulations, including international agreements and national or regional legislation and regulatory measures related to greenhouse gas emissions and climate change; the potential liability resulting from pending or future litigation; the risk that regulatory approvals with respect to the Hess Corporation (Hess) transaction are not obtained or are obtained subject to conditions that are not anticipated by the company and Hess; potential delays in consummating the Hess transaction, including as a result of regulatory proceedings or the ongoing arbitration proceedings regarding preemptive rights in the Stabroek Block joint operating agreement; risks that such ongoing arbitration is not satisfactorily resolved and the potential transaction fails to be consummated; uncertainties as to whether the potential transaction, if consummated, will achieve its anticipated economic benefits, including as a result of regulatory proceedings and risks associated with third-party contracts containing material consent, anti-assignment, transfer or other provisions that may be related to the potential transaction that are not waived or otherwise satisfactorily resolved; the company's ability to integrate Hess' operations in a successful manner and in the expected time period; the possibility that any of the anticipated benefits and projected synergies of the potential transaction will not be realized or will not be realized within the expected time period; the company's future acquisitions or dispositions of assets or shares or the delay or failure of such transactions to close based on required closing conditions; the potential for gains and losses from asset dispositions or impairments; government-mandated sales, divestitures, recapitalizations, taxes and tax audits, tariffs, sanctions, changes in fiscal terms, or restrictions on scope of company operations; foreign currency movements compared with the U.S. dollar; higher inflation and related impacts; material reductions in corporate liquidity and access to debt markets; changes to the company's capital allocation strategies; the effects of changed accounting rules under generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by rule-setting bodies; the company's ability to identify and mitigate the risks and hazards inherent in operating in the global energy industry; and the factors set forth under the heading "Risk Factors" on pages 20 through 26 of the company's 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in subsequent filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Other unpredictable or unknown factors not discussed in this presentation could also have material adverse effects on forward-looking statements.

As used in this presentation, the term "Chevron" and such terms as "the company," "the corporation," "our," "we," "us" and "its" may refer to Chevron Corporation, one or more of its consolidated subsidiaries, or to all of them taken as a whole. All of these terms are used for convenience only and are not intended as a precise description of any of the separate companies, each of which manages its own affairs.

Terms such as "resources" may be used in this presentation to describe certain aspects of Chevron's portfolio and oil and gas properties beyond the proved reserves. For definitions of, and further information regarding, this and other terms, see the "Glossary of Energy and Financial Terms" on pages 26 through 27 of Chevron's 2023 Supplement to the Annual Report available at chevron.com. Also see Appendix: slide notes at the end of this presentation for additional definitions, source information, calculations and other information.

This presentation is meant to be read in conjunction with the related transcripts posted on Chevron.com under the headings "Investors," "Events & Presentations."





Higher returns

Balanced energy framework

Economic prosperity



Affordable for customers and countries

Energy security



Reliable and diverse supply

Environmental protection



Ever-cleaner energy



Safely deliver higher returns, lower carbon

Higher returns



Advantaged portfolio

Capital and cost discipline

Growing oil and gas business

Superior distributions to shareholders

Lower carbon



Progress toward 2028 carbon intensity targets

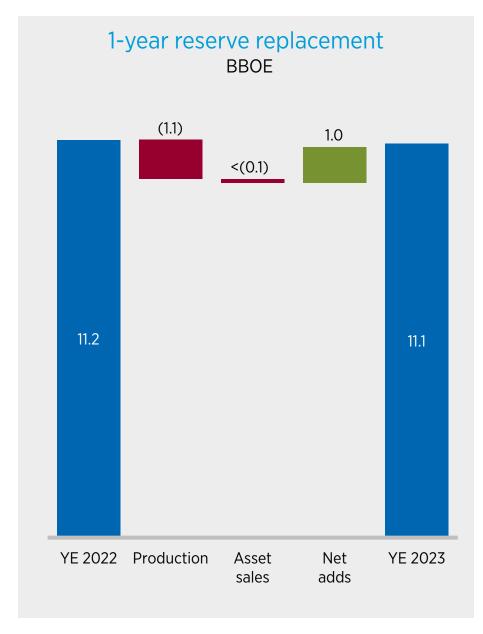
Aim to be a leader in methane management

Growing renewable fuels

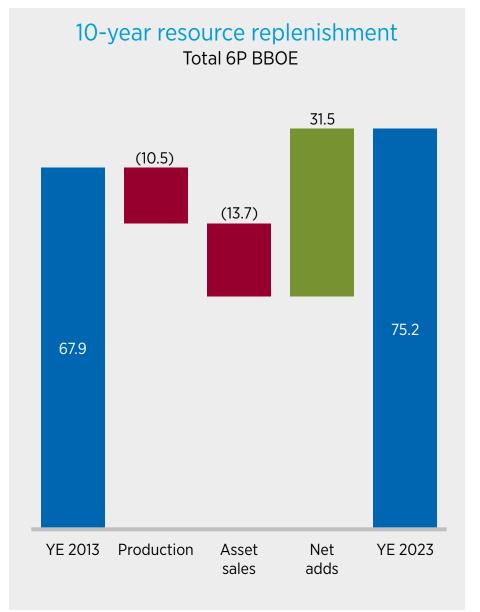
Early actions in CCUS and hydrogen



Reserves and resources

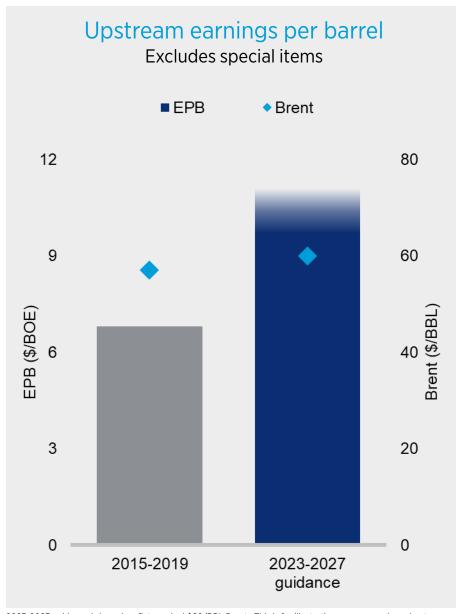




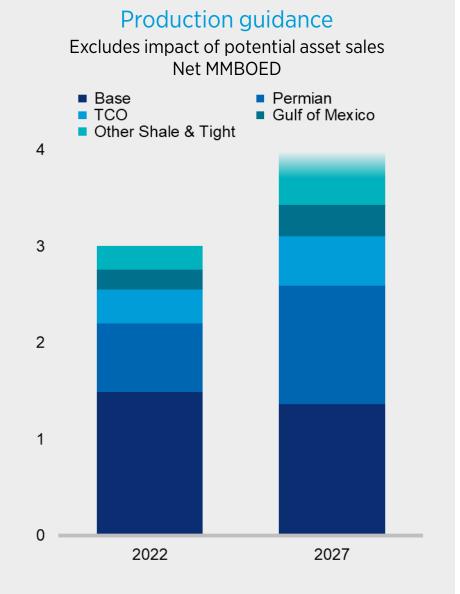




Profitably growing our upstream business







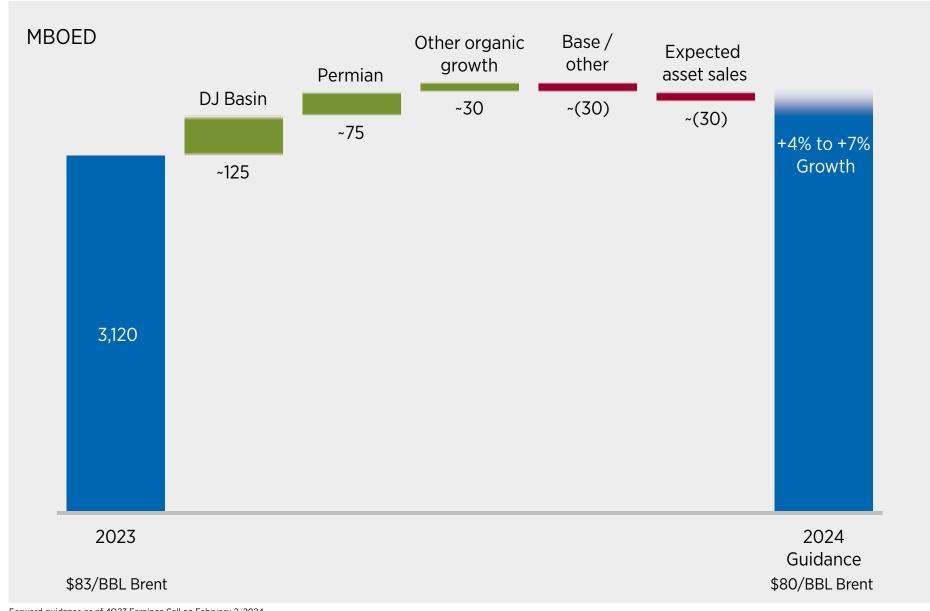
2023-2027 guidance is based on flat nominal \$60/BBL Brent. This is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.

Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.

Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 202 See Appendix for reconciliation of non-GAAP measures.



2024 production outlook



Full year of PDC Energy

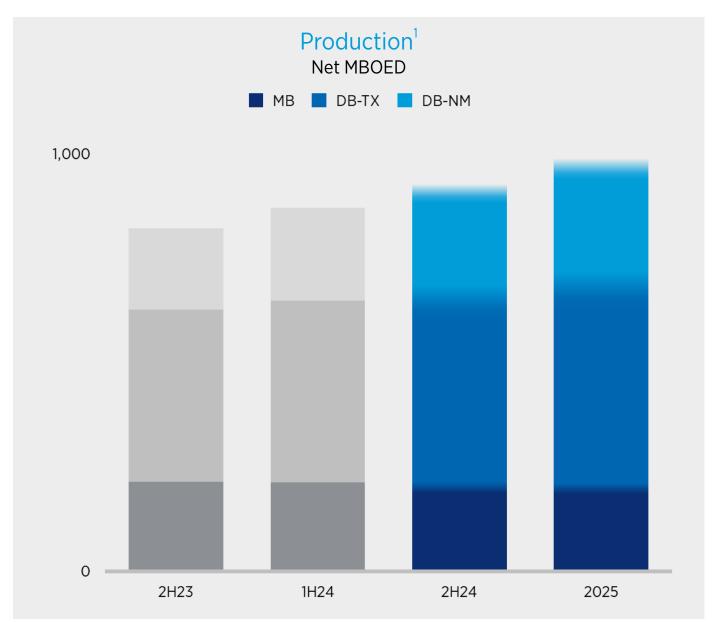
Permian growth ~10%

More asset sales

Forward guidance as of 4Q23 Earnings Call on February 2, 2024.



Execution underpins Permian 1 MMBOED in 2025



Strong base business improved reliability

Efficiency gains implementing and scaling triple-frac

COOP well performance
Delaware Basin ~10% improvement²

Forward guidance as of 2Q24 Earnings Call on August 2, 2024.

² Six-month cumulative production normalized by lateral length for wells put on production (POP) in the first half of 2024 versus full-year 2023 wells.



¹ Forecasted production includes our interest in company-operated (COOP), non-operated joint venture (NOJV) and royalty. MB – Midland Basin

DB-TX – Delaware Basin – Texas DB-NM – Delaware Basin – New Mexico

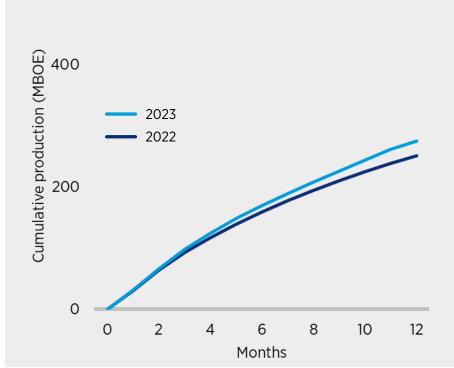
Permian 2023 well performance update



53 POPs in 2023

MB well performance

Produced volume per 2 mile well

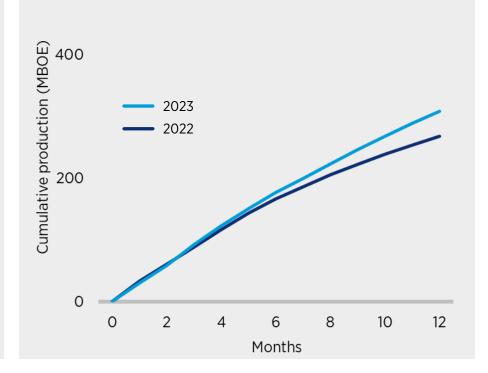


Delaware Basin - Texas

93 POPs in 2023

DB-TX well performance

Produced volume per 2 mile well

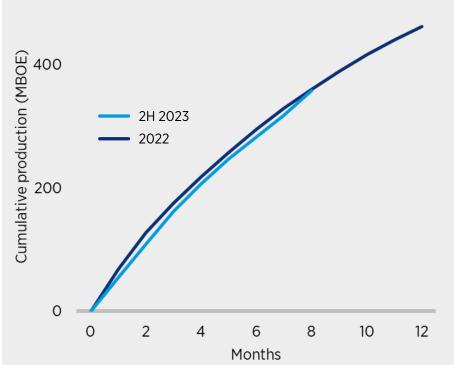


Delaware Basin - New Mexico

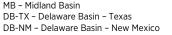
49 of 59 2023 POPs in 2H

DB-NM well performance

Produced volume per 2 mile well

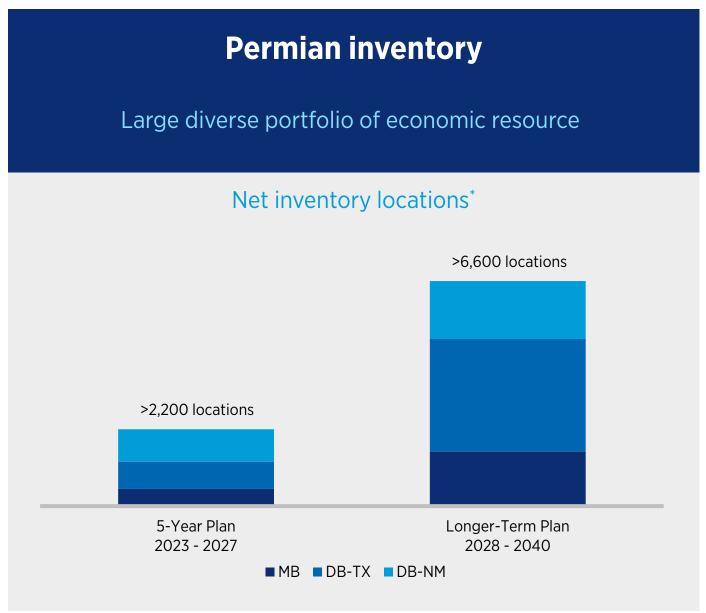


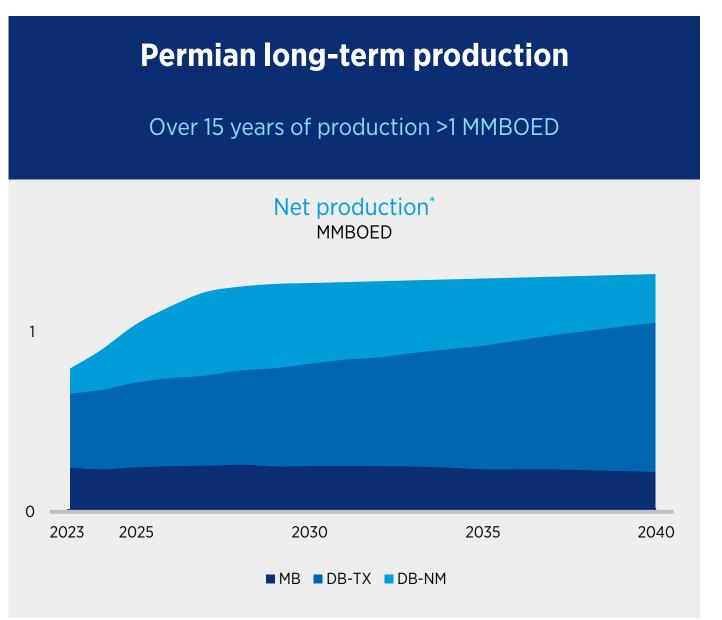






High quality, long duration resource





DB-NM - Delaware Basin - New Mexico

Forward guidance as of 2Q23 Earnings Call on July 28, 2023.



^{*} Projected; inventory and production include our interests in company-operated (COOP), non-operated joint venture (NOJV) and royalty.

MB - Midland Basin

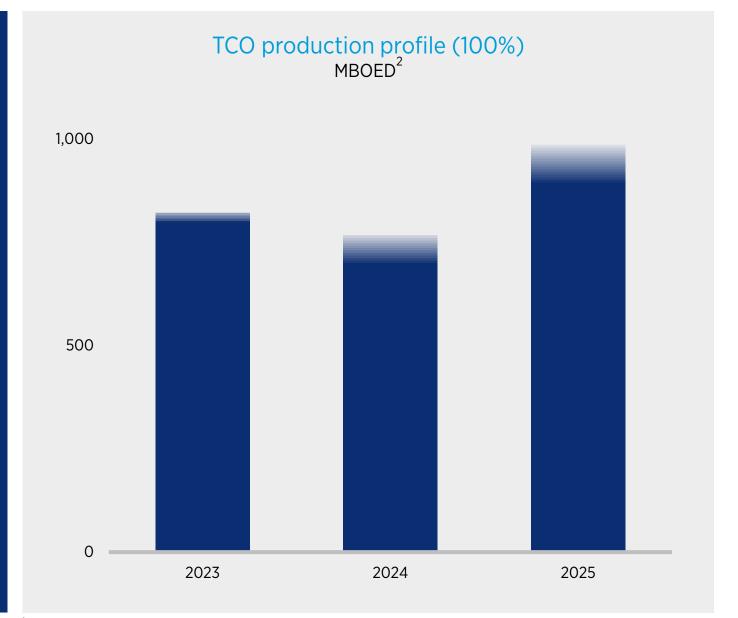
DB-TX - Delaware Basin - Texas

FGP-WPMP outlook

WPMP field conversion started in 1H 2024

First oil from FGP in 1H 2025

3 - 5% increase in cost estimate¹



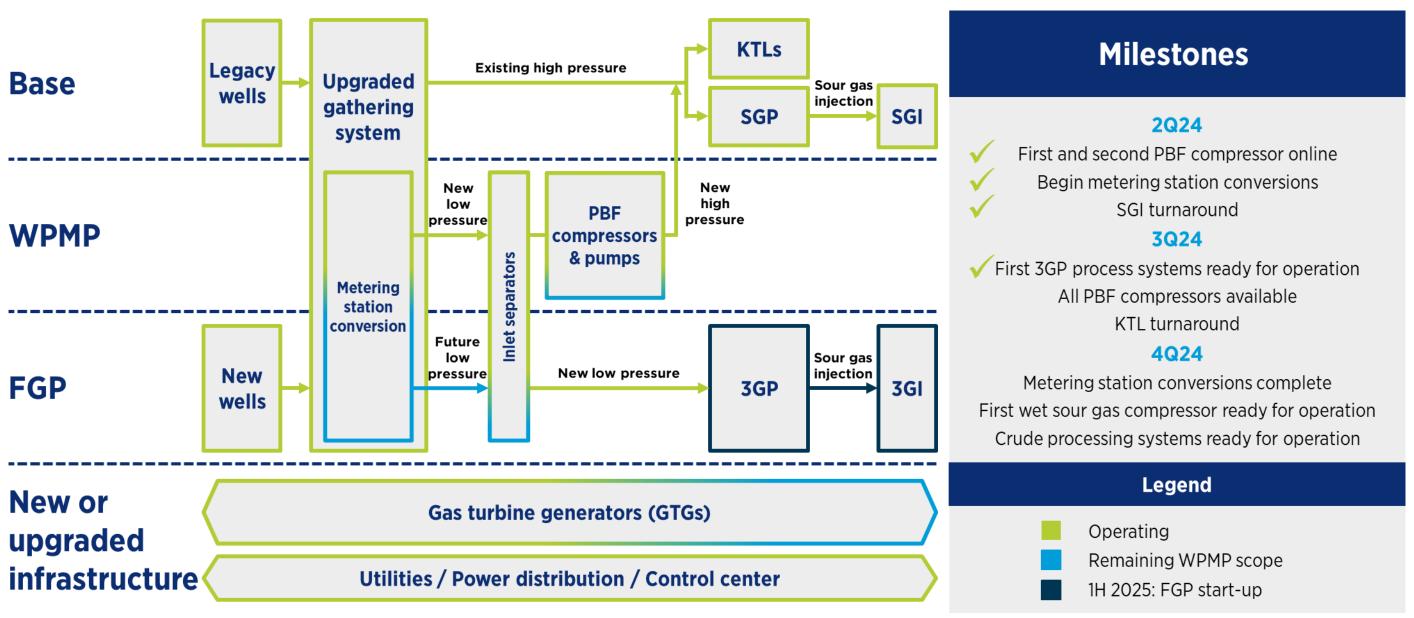
Forward guidance as of 3Q23 Earnings Call on October 27, 2023; updated April 26, 2024 to reflect start-up of WPMP in April 2024. FGP - Future Growth Project
WPMP - Wellhead Pressure Management Project

² Based on \$60/BBL Brent. This is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.



¹ Chevron's view of FGP-WPMP based on an independent cost and schedule review.

TCO update July 2024



Forward guidance as of 2Q24 Earnings Call on August 2, 2024.

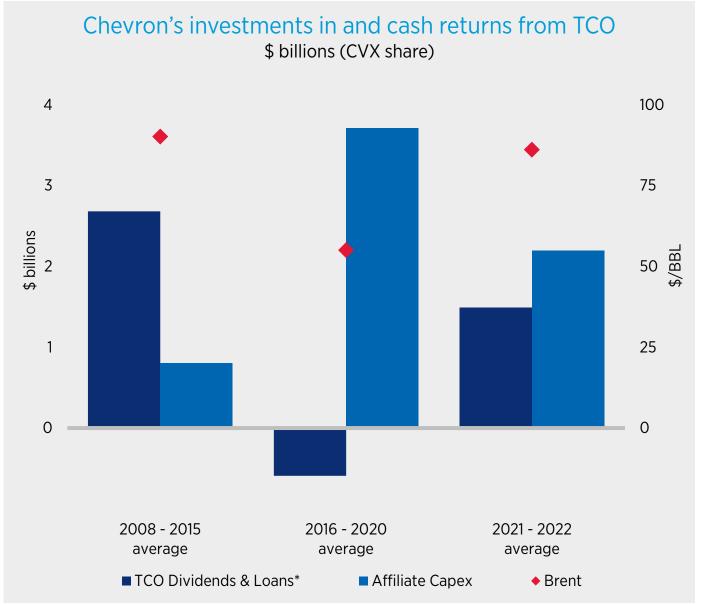


TCO cash generation

TCO base business generates significant cash

Higher cash returns to shareholders as capex declines

FGP oil production expected to further increase TCO cash generation



* Dividends include the impact of 15% withholding tax.



Forward guidance as of Barclays CEO Energy-Power Conference on September 6, 2023.

Continuing deepwater excellence

Gulf of Mexico

Expect 300 MBOED in 2026

Anchor, Whale, Ballymore, Mad Dog 2



Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.

West Africa

Supporting base business

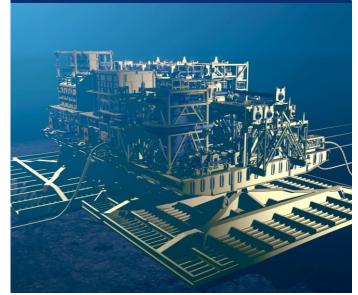
Nigeria lease renewals



Australia

Record 2023 cargoes

Advancing backfill projects



Eastern Med

99% reliability

Tamar expansion





Advancing our Gulf of Mexico portfolio

Anchor first oil this month under budget

~50% increase in production 300 MBOED by 2026¹

Optimizing development spend ~30% reduction in unit drilling costs²

Replenishing the portfolio ~40% increase in lease position³



Forward guidance as of 2Q24 Earnings Call on August 2, 2024.

¹Forecasted production



² Jun 2024 year-to-date drilling costs per foot versus 2022 full-year drilling costs per foot.

³ Leases as of Jul 2024 compared to Jan 2023.

Gulf of Mexico projects



Major capital projects

Operator	Ownership percentage	Liquids capacity (MBD, 100%)	Gas capacity (MMCFD, 100%)	Start- up ¹
Other	15.6	140	75	2023
Chevron	75.4 / 62.9 ²	75	28	2024
Chevron	51	Maintain capacity	Maintain capacity	2024
Other	40	100	200	2024
Chevron	60	86 ³	61 ³	2025
	Other Chevron Other	Operator percentage Other 15.6 Chevron 75.4 / 62.9 ² Chevron 51 Other 40	OperatorOwnership percentagecapacity (MBD, 100%)Other15.6140Chevron75.4 / 62.9275Chevron51Maintain capacityOther40100	OperatorOwnership percentagecapacity (MBD, 100%)capacity (MMCFD, 100%)Other15.614075Chevron75.4 / 62.9²7528Chevron51Maintain capacityMaintain capacityOther40100200

¹ Projected start-up timing for non-operated projects per operator's estimate.

² Represents 75.4% interest in the northern unit area and 62.9% interest in the southern unit area.

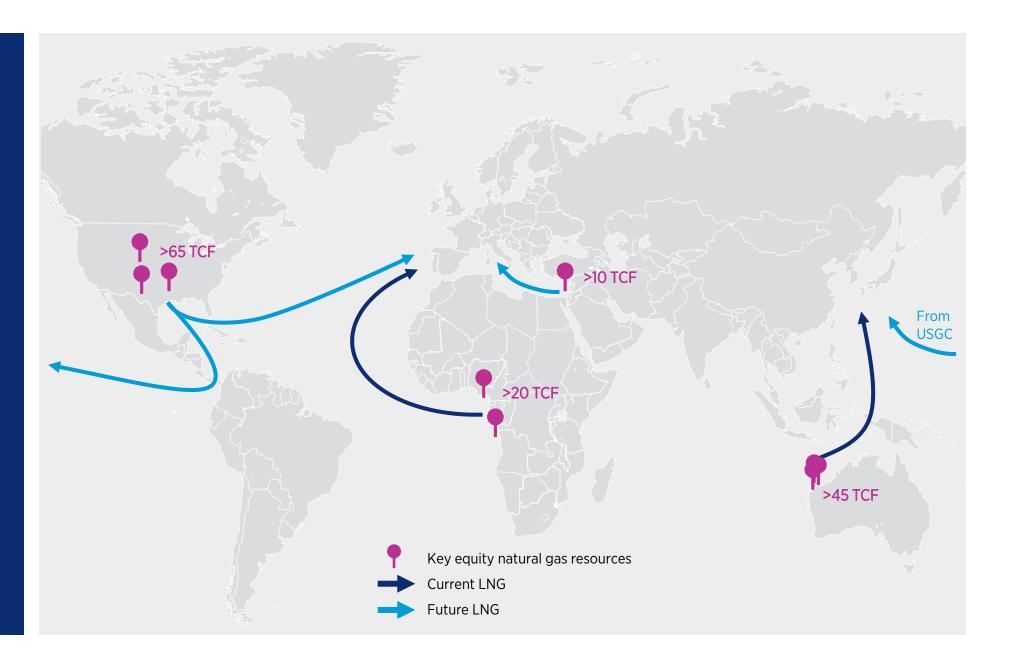
³ Blind Faith facility original capacity to be upgraded from 65MBPD and 45MMCFPD. Allocated design capacity for the Ballymore Project is 75MBPD of crude oil and 50MMCFD of natural gas.

Connecting our natural gas resources to demand

Large gas resource >175 net TCF

Optimizing portfolio

Accessing demand



All resource figures are net unrisked resource as of December 31, 2022.

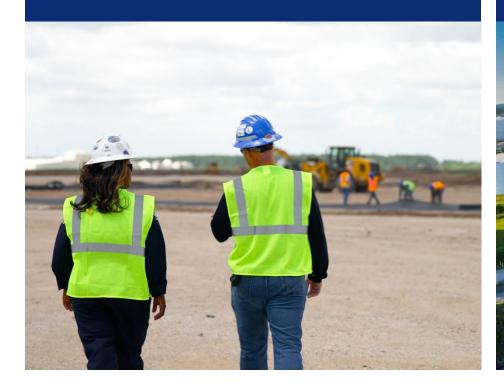


Competitive chemical and downstream projects

CPChem projects

Advantaged ethane feedstock

2 MMTPA crackers (USGC, Qatar)



Refining evolution

Pasadena LTO integration

Renewable hydroprocessing



Geismar expansion

Adds ~15 MBD of RD capacity

Expected start-up in 2024



Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.





Lower carbon

Advancing our lower carbon future

Lower carbon intensity



Upstream oil & gas 24 kg CO₂e/BOE CO₂ intensity targets

by 2028



Net Zero Upstream Scope 1 & 2 aspiration*

By 2050



PCI target Scope 1, 2 & 3 $71 g CO_2 e/MJ$ by 2028

Grow new energies

2030 targets



Renewable fuels

100 MBD



Offsets business & CCUS 25 MMTPA



Hydrogen

150 MTPA

Chevron's ability to achieve any goal, target or aspiration, including with respect to climate-related initiatives, our lower carbon strategy and any lower carbon new energy businesses, is subject to numerous risks, many of which are outside of our control. Chevron regularly evaluates its goals, targets and aspirations and may eliminate, increase or decrease them for various reasons, including market conditions; changes in its portfolio; and financial, operational, regulatory, reputational, legal and other factors. For more information, see the Cautionary statement on slide 2.

^{*} The company believes accomplishing this aspiration depends on, among other things, sufficient and substantial advances in technology, including the continuing progress of commercially viable technologies and low- or non-carbon-based energy sources; enabling policies and other actions by governing authorities, including those regarding subsidies, tax and other incentives as well as the granting of necessary permits; successful negotiations for carbon capture and storage and nature-based **Chevron** solutions; and availability and acceptability of cost-effective, verifiable carbon credits

Carbon efficient supplier of energy

Lowering upstream carbon intensity Chevron's oil and gas production carbon intensity 50 Carbon intensity (kg CO₂e / BOE) 2028 Gas targets 10 2016 2018 2020 2022 2028

Keeping methane in the pipe



14 advanced detection technologies trialed since 2016



>1,900 methane detection flyovers completed in 2023¹



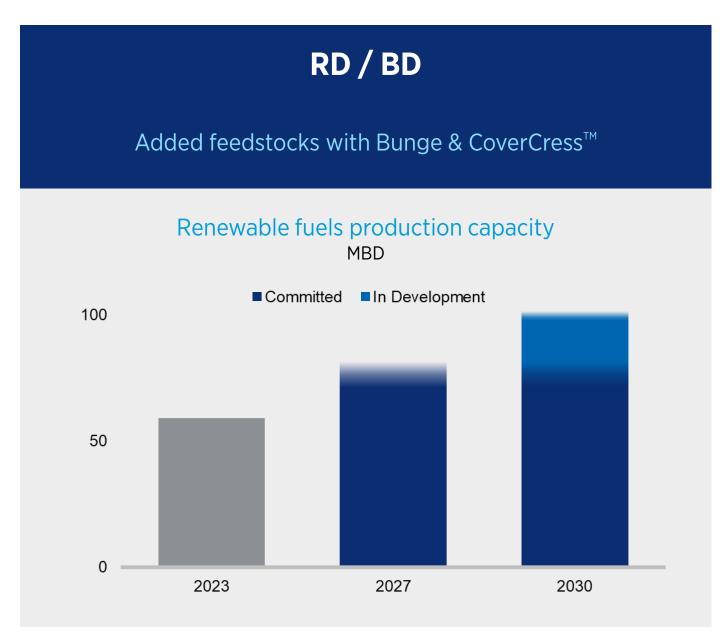
>13 million component inspections conducted in 2022²

Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023; updated August 5, 2024 to reflect progress updates through 2023.

¹ Permian only. ² At our Colorado operations.

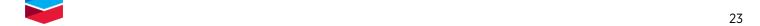


Integrating renewables into our business



RNG / CNG Expanded production with CalBio & Brightmark Renewable natural gas production MMBTU/D ■In Development Committed 40,000 20,000 2023 2027 2030

Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023; updated August 5, 2024 to reflect progress updates through 2023.

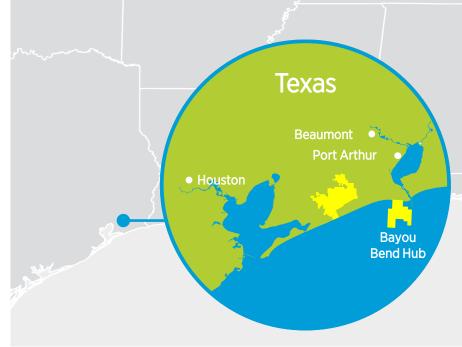


Developing CCUS value chains

U.S. Gulf Coast

Early mover ~140,000 acres¹

Drilled onshore and offshore stratigraphic wells

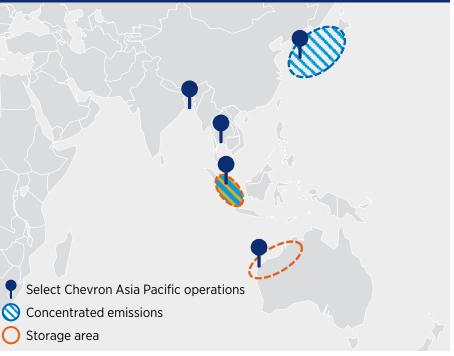


¹ Combined offshore and onshore gross acreage.

Asia Pacific

3 permits to assess CO_2 storage²

Advancing regional emissions hub



² Offshore western Australia

Technology

Investments in Svante, Carbon Clean and Ion Clean Energy

MOU with JX to evaluate export of CO₂ from Japan to storage projects



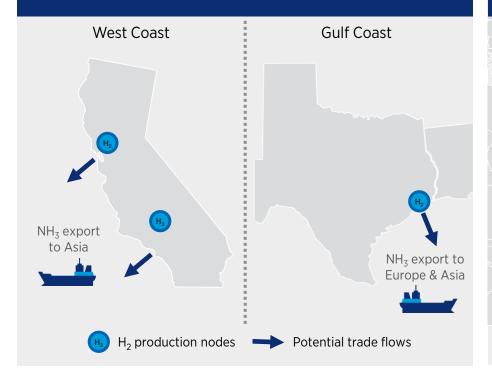


Developing hydrogen value chains

United States

Advancing Gulf Coast hubs with CCUS

Establishing West Coast value chains



Asia Pacific

Exploring low CI fuels
Australia to Japan

Studying H₂ & NH₃ from geothermal



Technology

H₂ transport and storage projects

Investments in Raven and Aurora





Technology powering today's businesses

Safety

Scalable robotic tank inspection

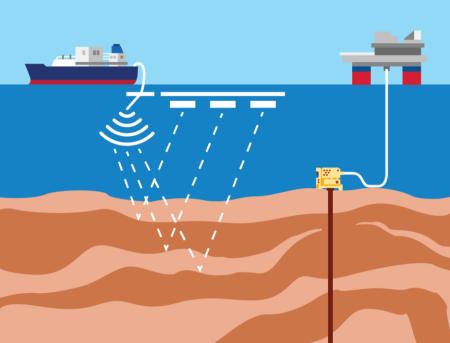
Eliminates worker risk & reduces costs



Higher returns

Optimizing field development

Reduces cycle time & unlocks resources



Lower carbon

Preventing & detecting emissions

Real-time identification & mitigation





Technology building tomorrow's businesses

Enhance reservoir recoveries



Convert challenged feedstocks



Automate facilities and operations



Reduce costs across the value chain

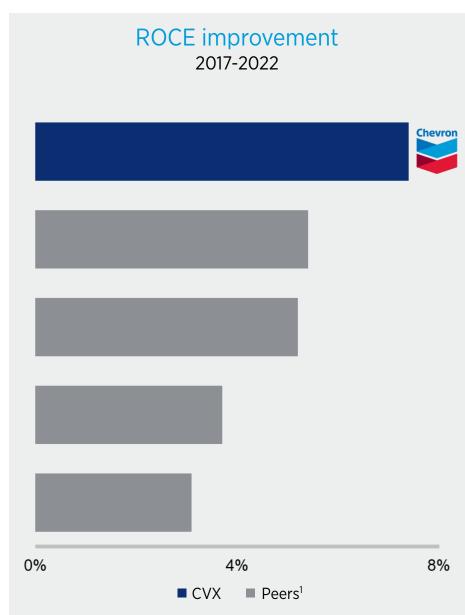


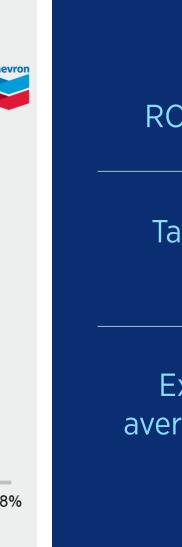




Winning combination

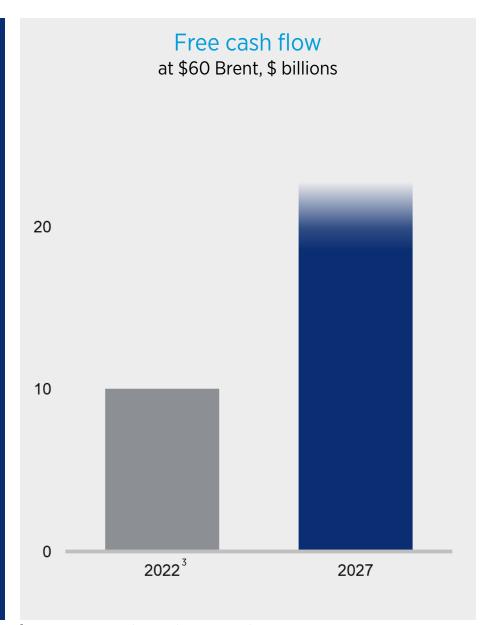
Delivering higher returns











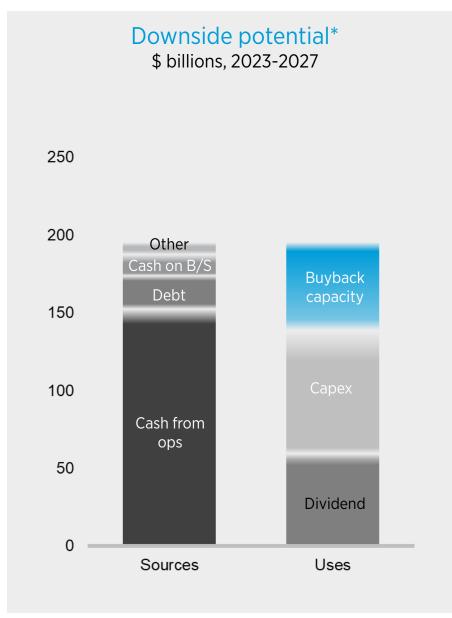
³2022 FCF is normalized to \$60 Brent, \$4.50 Henry Hub, \$13.50 international LNG, mid-cycle refining and chemical margins, and excludes working capital. Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day on February 28, 2023.



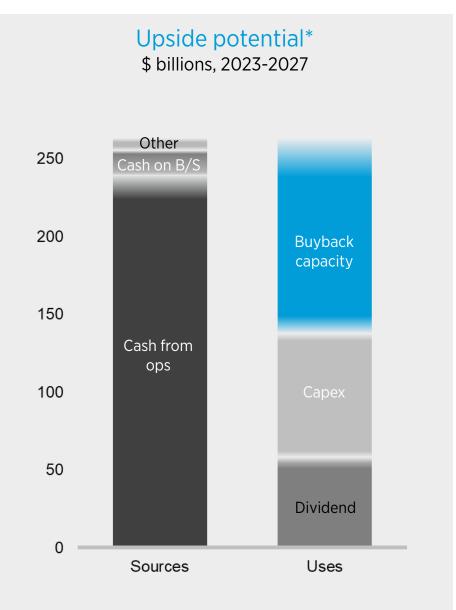
See Appendix for ROCE calculation and reconciliation of non-GAAP measures.

¹ Peers include BP, SHEL, TTE, and XOM.

Upside leverage and downside resilience



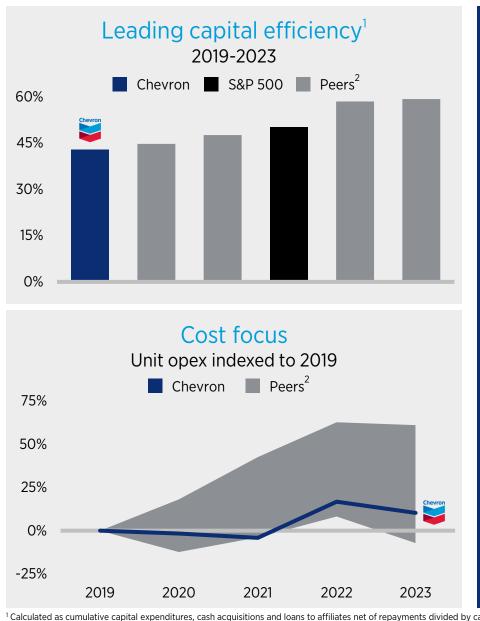






^{*} Each case assumes a transition during 2023-24 from higher nominal prices to a lower flat nominal price for the subsequent three years. The Downside case assumes \$50 flat nominal for 2025-2027, resulting in \$60 Brent average 2023-2027. The Upside case assumes \$70 flat nominal for 2025-2027, resulting in \$85 Brent average 2023-2027. Forward guidance as of Chevron Investor Day February 28, 2023.

Delivering unmatched value to shareholders





Leading dividend per share growth

Steady cash returns through the cycle







¹ Calculated as cumulative capital expenditures, cash acquisitions and loans to affiliates net of repayments divided by cash flow from operations (CFFO).

² Peers include BP, XOM, SHEL and TTE.

³ Calculated as cumulative dividends and gross share repurchases divided by CFFO.

Winning combination in 2Q24

Higher returns

H₂

Lower carbon



\$6 billion cash returned to shareholders

Advancing ACES hydrogen project



Record Permian production



Commissioning Geismar renewable diesel plant expansion



Hess merger shareholder approval



> 100 GHG abatement projects in progress

ACES - Advanced Clean Energy Storage GHG - Greenhouse gas



Financial highlights

2Q24

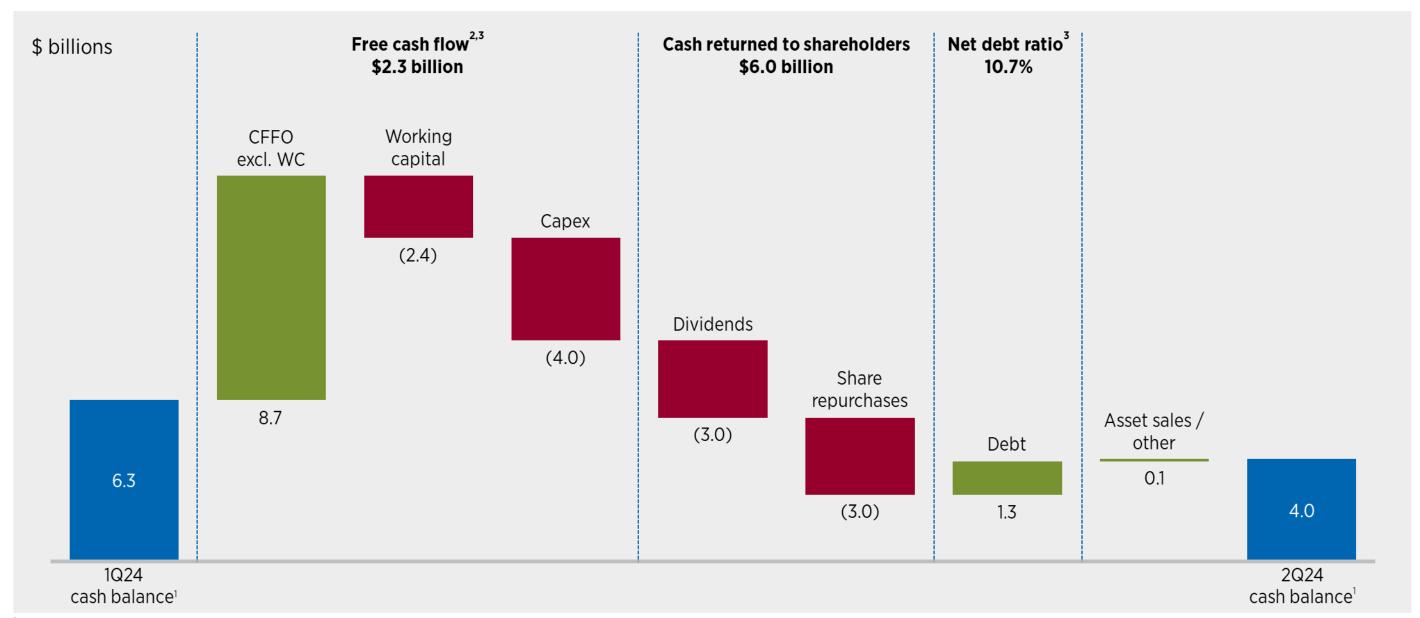
Earnings / Earnings per diluted share	\$4.4 billion / \$2.43
Adjusted earnings / EPS ¹	\$4.7 billion / \$2.55
Cash flow from operations / excl. working capital ¹	\$6.3 billion / \$8.7 billion
Total capex / Organic capex	\$4.0 billion / \$3.9 billion
ROCE / Adjusted ROCE ^{1,2}	9.9% / 10.4%
Dividends paid	\$3.0 billion
Share repurchases	\$3.0 billion
Debt ratio / Net debt ratio ^{1,3}	12.7% / 10.7%

¹Reconciliation of special items, FX, and other non-GAAP measures can be found in the appendix.

² Calculations of ROCE and Adjusted ROCE can be found in the appendix.

³ As of 6/30/2024. Net debt ratio is defined as debt less cash equivalents and marketable securities divided by debt less cash equivalents and marketable securities plus stockholders' equity.

Cash flow



¹ Includes cash, cash equivalents, marketable securities. Excludes restricted cash.



² Free cash flow is defined as cash flow from operations less capital expenditures.

³ Reconciliation of non-GAAP measures can be found in the appendix. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.

Forward guidance

3Q24 outlook			Full year 2024 outlook		
UPSTREAM	Turnarounds & downtime: Discontinued operations payment:	~(130) MBOED \$(600)MM	Production outlook: (incl. expected 2024 asset sales)	+4% to +7%	
DOWNSTREAM	Turnarounds (A/T earnings):	\$(150) - \$(250)MM			
CORPORATE	Affiliate dividends: Share repurchases:	~\$1B \$4 - \$4.75B	Adjusted "All Other" segment earnings ¹ : Affiliate dividends ² : Distributions more (less) than income from equity affiliates: B/T asset sales proceeds: Capex (organic): Affiliate Capex: DD&A ³ : Sensitivities: ~10 MBOED per \$10 change in Brent \$425 MM A/T earnings per \$1 change in Brent \$550 MM A/T earnings per \$1 change in Henry Hub \$150 MM A/T earnings per \$1 change in Int'l spot LNG	~\$(2.2)B ~\$4B ~\$(1)B \$1 - \$2B \$15.5 - \$16.5B ~\$3B \$16 - \$17B	

¹ Excludes foreign exchange and special items. Due to the forward-looking nature, management cannot reliably predict certain components of the most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP measure and is therefore unable to provide a quantitative reconciliation.

² Affiliate dividends at \$80/BBL Brent.

³ Excludes equity affiliate depreciation, depletion, and amortization (DD&A), which is recorded within "Income (loss) from equity affiliates" on the Consolidated Statement of Income. Affiliate DD&A will increase after TCO's WPMP comes online. Forward guidance as of 4Q23 Earnings Call on February 2, 2024 and 2Q24 Earnings Call on August 2, 2024.

Reconciliation of non-GAAP measures appendix



Upstream earnings per barrel excluding special items

	TOTAL UPSTREAM						TOTAL UPSTREAM
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019		2015 - 2019
Earnings (\$MM)	\$(1,961)	\$(2,537)	\$8,150	\$13,316	\$2,576	Earnings (\$MM)	\$19,544
Adjustment items:						Adjustment items:	
Asset dispositions	310	(70)	760	0	1,200	Asset dispositions	2,200
Other special items ¹	(4,180)	(2,915)	2,750	(1,590)	(10,170)	Other special items ¹	(16,105)
Total adjustment items	(3,870)	(2,985)	3,510	(1,590)	(8,970)	Total adjustment items	(13,905)
Earnings Excluding Special Items (\$MM) ²	\$1,909	\$448	\$4,640	\$14,906	\$11,546	Earnings Excluding Special Items (\$MM) ²	33,449
Net production volume (MBOED) ³	2,539	2,513	2,634	2,827	2,952	Net production volume (MMBOE) ³	4,917
Earnings per barrel	\$(2.12)	\$(2.76)	\$8.48	\$12.90	\$2.39	Earnings per barrel	\$3.97
Earnings per Barrel Excluding Special Items	\$2.06	\$0.49	\$4.83	\$14.45	\$10.72	Earnings per Barrel Excluding Special Items	\$6.80

¹Includes asset impairments & revaluations, certain non-recurring tax adjustments & environmental remediation provisions, severance accruals, and any other special items.



² Earnings excluding special items = Reported earnings less adjustments for asset dispositions and other special items, except foreign exchange.

³ Excludes own use fuel (natural gas consumed in operations).

Free cash flow

\$MM	FY 2022
Net cash provided by operating activities	49,602
Net decrease (Increase) in operating working capital	2,125
Cash Flow from Operations Excluding Working Capital	47,477
Net cash provided by operating activities	49,602
Less: capital expenditures	11,974
Free Cash Flow	37,628
Price normalization*	(19,941)
Mid-cycle downstream & chemicals margins	(5,500)
Less: change in operating working capital	(2,125)
Normalized Free Cash Flow Excluding Working Capital	10,062
* Normalized to \$60 Bront \$4.50 Honey High \$17.50 international LNC	

^{*} Normalized to \$60 Brent, \$4.50 Henry Hub, \$13.50 international LNG.



Reported earnings to adjusted earnings

	1Q23	2Q23	3Q23	4Q23	FY 2023	1Q24	2Q24	YTD 2024
Reported earnings (\$ millions)								_
Upstream	5,161	4,936	5,755	1,586	17,438	5,239	4,470	9,709
Downstream	1,800	1,507	1,683	1,147	6,137	783	597	1,380
All Other	(387)	(433)	(912)	(474)	(2,206)	(521)	(633)	(1,154)
Total reported earnings	6,574	6,010	6,526	2,259	21,369	5,501	4,434	9,935
Diluted weighted avg. shares outstanding ('000)	1,900,785	1,875,508	1,877,104	1,868,101	1,880,307	1,849,116	1,833,431	1,841,274
Reported earnings per share	\$3.46	\$3.20	\$3.48	\$1.22	\$11.36	\$2.97	\$2.43	\$5.40
Special items (\$ millions)								
UPSTREAM								
Asset dispositions	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Pension settlement & curtailment costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairments and other*	(130)	225	560	(3,715)	(3,060)	-	-	-
Subtotal	(130)	225	560	(3,715)	(3,060)	-	-	-
DOWNSTREAM								
Asset dispositions	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Pension settlement & curtailment costs	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Impairments and other*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ALL OTHER								
Pension settlement & curtailment costs	-	-	(40)	-	(40)	-	-	-
Impairments and other*	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Subtotal	_	-	(40)	-	(40)	-	-	-
Total special items	(130)	225	520	(3,715)	(3,100)	-	-	-
Foreign exchange (\$ millions)								
Upstream	(56)	10	584	(162)	376	22	(237)	(215)
Downstream	18	4	24	(58)	(12)	56	(1)	55
All other	(2)	(4)	(323)	(259)	(588)	7	(5)	2
Total FX	(40)	10	285	(479)	(224)	85	(243)	(158)
Adjusted earnings (\$ millions)								
Upstream	5,347	4,701	4,611	5,463	20,122	5,217	4,707	9,924
Downstream	1,782	1,503	1,659	1,205	6,149	727	598	1,325
All Other	(385)	(429)	(549)	(215)	(1,578)	(528)	(628)	(1,156)
Total adjusted earnings (\$ millions)	6,744	5,775	5,721	6,453	24,693	5,416	4,677	10,093
Adjusted earnings per share	\$3.55	\$3.08	\$3.05	\$3.45	\$13.13	\$2.93	\$2.55	\$5.48
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^{*} Includes impairment charges, write-offs, decommissioning obligations from previously sold assets, severance costs, unusual tax items, and other special items.

Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measuresAdjusted ROCE

\$ millions	2Q24	\$ millions	2Q24
Total reported earnings	4,434	Adjusted earnings	4,677
Non-controlling interest	9	Non-controlling interest	9
Interest expense (A/T)	103	Interest expense (A/T)	103
ROCE earnings	4,546	Adjusted ROCE earnings	4,789
Annualized ROCE earnings	18,184	Annualized adjusted ROCE earnings	19,156
Average capital employed*	183,469	Average capital employed*	183,469
ROCE	9.9%	Adjusted ROCE	10.4%

^{*} Capital employed is the sum of Chevron Corporation stockholders' equity, total debt and non-controlling interests. Average capital employed is computed by averaging the sum of capital employed at the beginning and the end of the period. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



Cash flow from operations excluding working capital Free cash flow Free cash flow excluding working capital

\$ millions	2Q24
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,295
Less: Net decrease (increase) in operating working capital	(2,431)
Cash Flow from Operations Excluding Working Capital	8,726
Net cash provided by operating activities	6,295
Less: Capital expenditures	3,966
Free Cash Flow	2,329
	(0.471)
Less: Net decrease (increase) in operating working capital	(2,431)
Free Cash Flow Excluding Working Capital	4,760
Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.	



Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures Net debt ratio

\$ millions	2Q24
Short term debt	1,735
Long term debt*	21,449
Total debt	23,184
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	4,008
Less: Marketable securities	
Total adjusted debt	19,176
Total Chevron Corporation Stockholders' Equity	159,233
Total adjusted debt plus total Chevron Stockholders' Equity	178,409
Net debt ratio	10.7%

^{*} Includes capital lease obligations / finance lease liabilities. Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding.



Slide notes appendix



Appendix: slide notes

Safely deliver higher returns, lower carbon

- Please see Advancing our lower carbon future slide regarding 2028 carbon intensity targets.
- For additional detail, see our 2023 Climate Change Resilience Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/chevron/sustainability/documents/climate-change-resilience-report.pdf
- For additional detail, see our 2022 Methane Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/shared-media/documents/chevron-methane-report.pdf

Reserves and resources

- BBOE Billion barrels of oil equivalent
- RRR Reserve replacement ratio

Profitably growing our upstream business

- BOE Barrel of oil equivalent
- EPB Earnings per barrel
 - Upstream earnings per barrel excludes special items. See Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures.
 - 2023-2027 is based on flat nominal \$60/BBL Brent. This is for illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.
- MMBOED Millions of barrels of oil equivalent per day
- CAGR Compound annual growth rate

2024 production outlook

• MBOED - Thousands of barrels of oil equivalent per day

FGP-WPMP outlook

- FGP Future Growth Project
- WPMP Wellhead Pressure Management Project

TCO update

- WPMP Wellhead Pressure Management Project
- FGP Future Growth Project
- KTL Komplex Technology Line (includes 5 trains)
- GTG Gas Turbine Generator (includes 5 generators)
- SGP Second-Generation Plant (includes 1 train)
- SGI Second-Generation Injection
- 3GP Third-Generation Plant (includes 1 train)
- 3GI Third-Generation Injection
- PBF Pressure Boost Facility (includes 4 PBF compressors)
- Inlet Separators (includes 4 trains)
- WSG Wet Sour Gas (includes 5 compressors)

Connecting our natural gas resources to demand

- Resources Net unrisked resource as defined in the 2022 Supplement to the Annual Report
- TCF Trillion cubic feet
- LNG Liquified natural gas

<u>Competitive chemical and downstream projects</u>

- MMTPA Millions of tonnes per annum
- USGC United States Gulf Coast
- LTO Light tight oil
- RD Renewable diesel



Appendix: slide notes

Advancing our lower carbon future

- For additional detail, see our 2023 Climate Change Resilience Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/chevron/sustainability/documents/climate-change-resilience-report.pdf
- Carbon intensity Amount of carbon dioxide or carbon dioxide equivalent per unit of measure
- CO₂ Carbon dioxide
- PCI Representation of the estimated energy-weighted average greenhouse gas emissions intensity from a simplified value chain from the production, refinement, distribution and end use of marketed energy products per unit of energy delivered.
- MJ Megajoule
- MBD Thousands of barrels per day
- CCUS Carbon capture, utilization and storage
- MMTPA Millions of tonnes per annum
- MTPA Thousands of tonnes per annum

Carbon efficient supplier of energy

- For additional detail, see our 2023 Climate Change Resilience Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/chevron/sustainability/documents/climate-change-resilience-report.pdf
- For additional detail, see our 2022 Methane Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/shared-media/documents/chevron-methane-report.pdf

Integrating renewables into our business

- RD Renewable diesel
- BD Biodiesel
- RNG Renewable natural gas
- CNG Compressed natural gas
- MMBTU/D Millions of British thermal units per day

Developing hydrogen value chains

- Chevron's target for hydrogen production capacity includes hydrogen created from a variety of feedstocks, including renewable power or fossil fuels with carbon capture and storage.
- CI Carbon intensity
- H₂ Hydrogen
- NH₃ Ammonia

Technology powering today's businesses

• For additional detail, see our 2022 Methane Report, available at https://www.chevron.com/-/media/shared-media/documents/chevron-methane-report.pdf

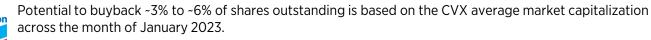
Delivering higher returns

- ROCE improvement 2017-2022 ROCE improvement is based on a rolling 3-year average for each of the 5 years and excludes special items. All figures are based on published financial reports for each peer company and are preliminary subject to 20-F/10-K filings.
- FCF excluding working capital FCF excluding working capital is defined as net cash provided by operating activities excluding working capital less capital expenditures and generally represents the cash available to creditors and investors after investing in the business excluding the timing impacts of working capital. 2022 FCF is normalized to \$60 Brent, \$4.50 Henry Hub, \$13.50 international LNG and mid-cycle refining and chemical margins.
- \$5.5 billion refining mid-cycle margin normalization in 2022 is based on 2013-2019 refining margins and assumed 2027 chemical margins.
- See Appendix: reconciliation of non-GAAP measures.

Upside leverage and downside resilience

- Brent pricing is illustrative purposes only and not necessarily indicative of Chevron's price forecast.
- Each case assumes a transition during 2023-24 from higher nominal prices to a lower flat nominal price for the subsequent three years. The Downside case assumes \$50 flat nominal for 2025-2027, resulting in \$60 Brent average 2023-2027. The Upside case assumes \$70 flat nominal for 2025-2027, resulting in \$85 Brent average 2023-2027.

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Appendix: slide notes

Delivering unmatched value to shareholders

- 3Q 2023 YTD data are used for all charts except dividend per share growth where full-year 2023 data were available and used.
- Capital efficiency Calculated as cumulative capital expenditures, cash acquisitions and loans to affiliates net of repayments divided by cash flow from operations (CFFO).
- Unit opex Calculated as the sum of operating expenses and selling, general and administrative expenses from the Consolidated Statement of Income, divided by corresponding estimated volumes that include Upstream net production, Refinery throughput and oil-equivalent Chemicals production.
- Dividends & buybacks % of CFFO Calculated as cumulative dividends and gross share repurchases divided by CFFO.
- Dividend growth per share Five-year compound annual growth rate from 2018 to 2023. All figures are based on published financial reports for each peer company. TTE dividends are calculated in Euros to avoid FX impacts.

