



FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This presentation contains statements, estimates or projections that constitute "forward-looking statements" as defined under U.S. federal securities laws. Generally, the words "believe," "opportunity," "ahead," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "project," "will" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements, which generally are not historical in nature. Forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause The Coca-Cola Company's actual results to differ materially from its historical experience and our present expectations or projections. These risks include, but are not limited to, unfavorable economic and geopolitical conditions, including the direct or indirect negative impacts of the conflict between Russia and Ukraine and conflicts in the Middle East; increased competition; an inability to be successful in our innovation activities; changes in the retail landscape or the loss of key retail or foodservice customers; an inability to expand our business in emerging and developing markets; an inability to successfully manage the potential negative consequences of our productivity initiatives; an inability to attract or retain a highly skilled and diverse workforce; disruption of our supply chain, including increased commodity, raw material, packaging, energy, transportation and other input costs; an inability to successfully integrate and manage our acquired businesses, brands or bottling operations or an inability to realize a significant portion of the anticipated benefits of our joint ventures or strategic relationships; failure by our third-party service providers and business partners to satisfactorily fulfill their commitments and responsibilities; an inability to renew collective bargaining agreements on satisfactory terms, or we or our bottling partners experience strikes, work stoppages, labor shortages or labor unrest; obesity and other health-related concerns; evolving consumer product and shopping preferences; product safety and quality concerns; perceived negative health consequences of certain ingredients, such as non-nutritive sweeteners and biotechnology-derived substances, and of other substances present in our beverage products or packaging materials; failure to digitalize the Coca-Cola system; damage to our brand image, corporate reputation and social license to operate from negative publicity, whether or not warranted, concerning product safety or quality, workplace and human rights, obesity or other issues; an inability to successfully manage new product launches; an inability to maintain good relationships with our bottling partners; deterioration in our bottling partners' financial condition; an inability to successfully manage our refranchising activities; increases in income tax rates, changes in income tax laws or the unfavorable resolution of tax matters, including the outcome of our ongoing tax dispute or any related disputes with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS"); the possibility that the assumptions used to calculate our estimated aggregate incremental tax and interest liability related to the potential unfavorable outcome of the ongoing tax dispute with the IRS could significantly change; increased or new indirect taxes; changes in laws and regulations relating to beverage containers and packaging; significant additional labeling or warning requirements or limitations on the marketing or sale of our products; litigation or legal proceedings; conducting business in markets with high-risk legal compliance environments; failure to adequately protect, or disputes relating to, trademarks, formulas and other intellectual property rights; changes in, or failure to comply with, the laws and regulations applicable to our products or our business operations; fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates; interest rate increases; an inability to achieve our overall long-term growth objectives; default by or failure of one or more of our counterparty financial institutions; impairment charges; an inability to protect our information systems against service interruption, misappropriation of data or cybersecurity incidents; failure to comply with privacy and data protection laws; evolving sustainability regulatory requirements and expectations; increasing concerns about the environmental impact of plastic bottles and other packaging materials; water scarcity and poor quality; increased demand for food products, decreased agricultural productivity and increased regulation of ingredient sourcing due diligence; climate change and legal or regulatory responses thereto; adverse weather conditions; and other risks discussed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 and our subsequently filed Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, which filings are available from the SEC. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they are made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements.

RECONCILIATION TO U.S. GAAP FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following presentation includes certain "non-GAAP financial measures" as defined in Regulation G under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. A schedule which reconciles our results as reported under Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and the non-GAAP financial measures included in the following presentation is attached as an appendix hereto. The 2024 outlook information provided in this presentation includes forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures, which management uses in measuring performance. The company is not able to reconcile full year 2024 projected organic revenues (non-GAAP) to full year 2024 projected reported EPS, or full year 2024 projected comparable EPS (non-GAAP) to full year 2024 projected reported EPS without unreasonable efforts because it is not possible to predict with a reasonable degree of certainty the exact impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates throughout 2024; the exact timing and exact amount of items impacting comparability throughout 2024.

KEY THEMES FOR TODAY



ALL WEATHER	PORTFOLIO	AGILE	SUSTAINED PERFORMANCE	OVERVIEW
	02	03	04	05

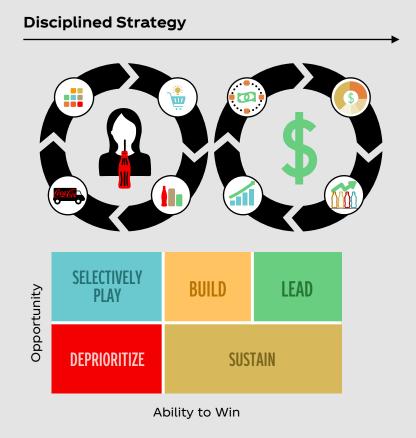


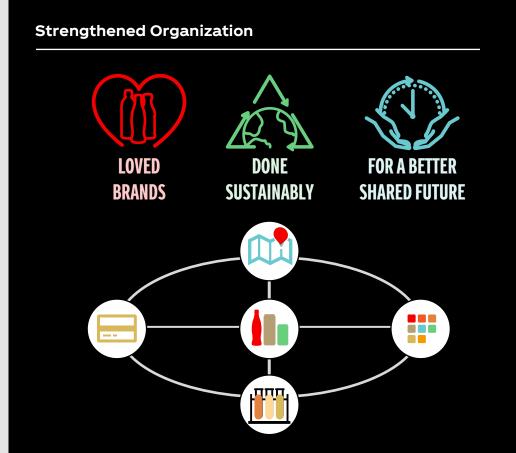
Prepared for ALL WEATHER

REFLECTING ON OUR JOURNEY











COCA GOLA

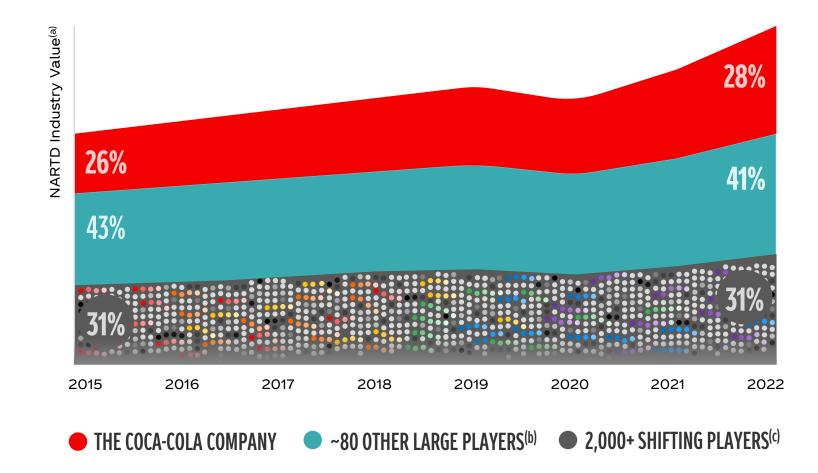
DEMONSTRATING OUR STAYING POWER

Scale

- ENDURING BRANDS
- **✓** ESTABLISHED RELATIONSHIPS
- ✓ SUPPLY CHAIN REACH
- GLOBAL FOOTPRINT
- AMPLE RESOURCES

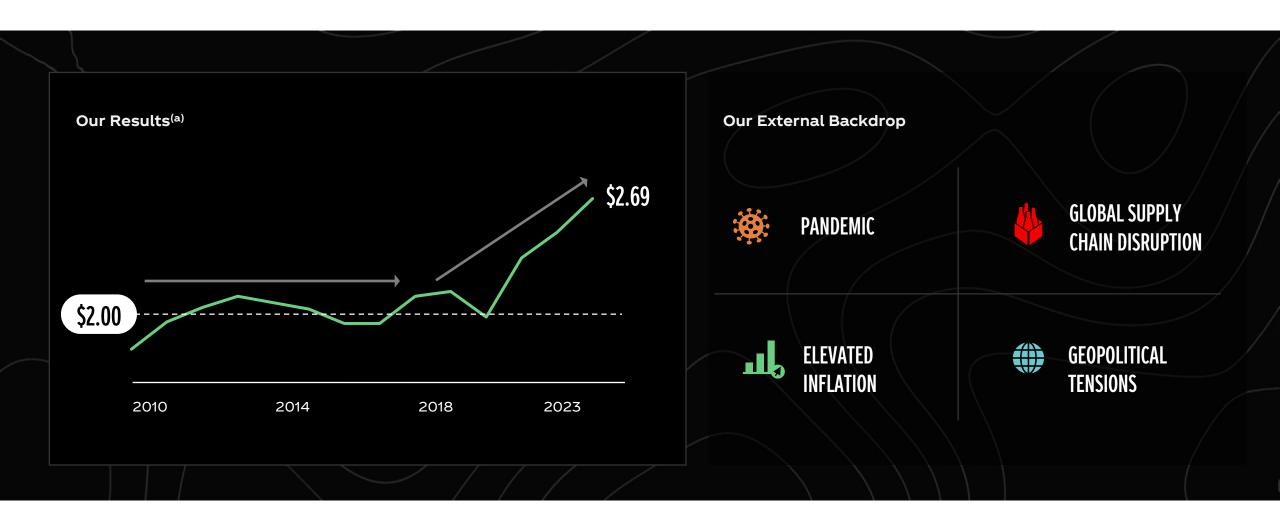
Growth Mindset

- CONSUMER AUTHENTICITY
- EVERYDAY RELEVANCE
- ✓ INNOVATION AGILITY
- ✓ DISCIPLINED RISK-TAKING
- EXPERIENTIAL ENGAGEMENT



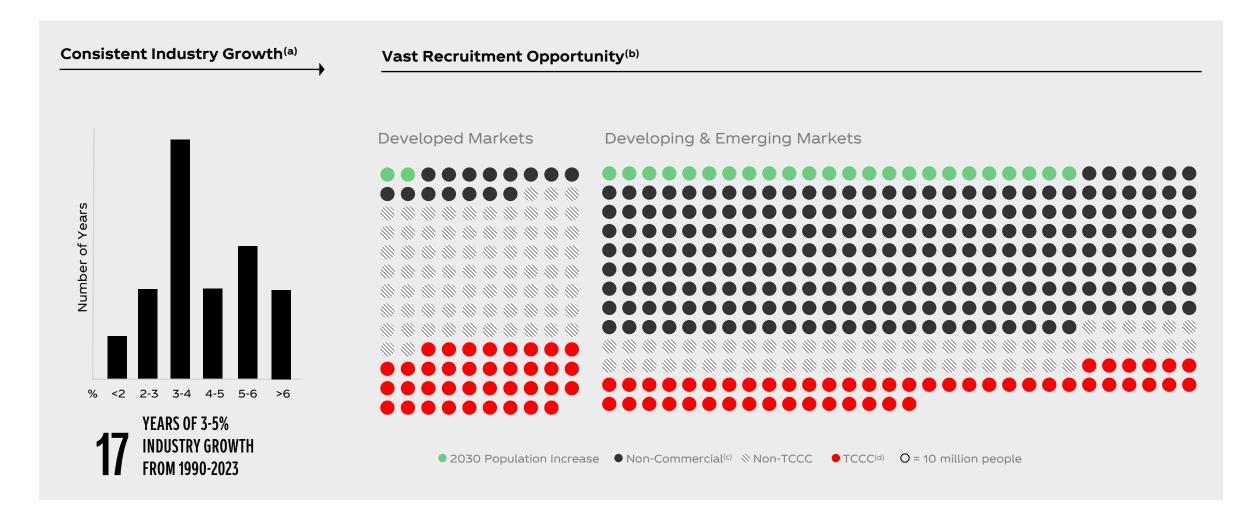
CREATING AN INFLECTION THROUGH MANY CHALLENGES





AWESTRUCK BY THE OPPORTUNITY AHEAD

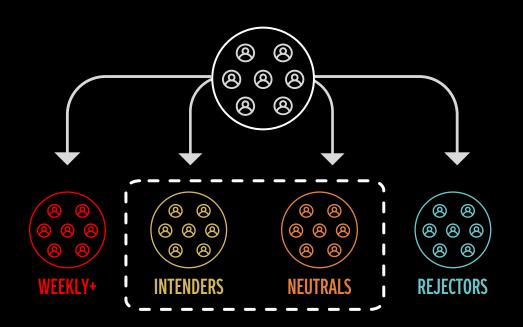




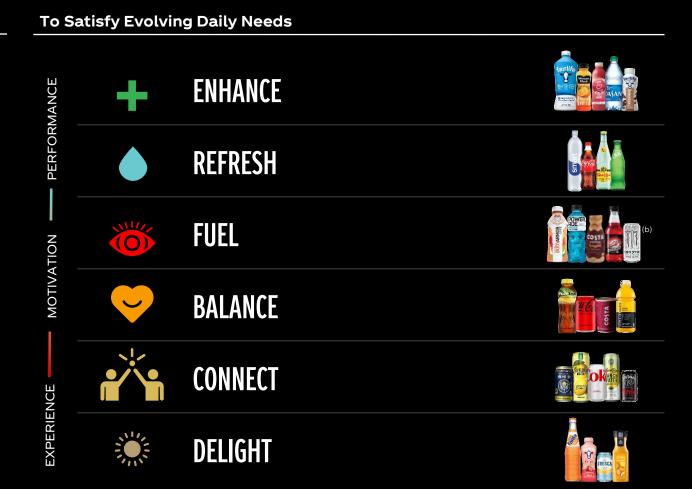
INCREASINGLY GRANULAR APPROACH TO CONSUMER OPPORTUNITY



Segmenting Our Consumers



POPULATION OF INTENDERS & NEUTRALS TO CURRENT WEEKLY+(a)





Powerful PORTFOLIO

COCA-COLA TRADEMARK

BOTTLED" ASID

MORE FROM THE CORE









Expected Industry Growth(a)

Quality Leadership

Mission

Value Share(b)

Volume Share(b)

(a) 2024-2027 Industry CAGR; (b) 2017-2023 SSD Cola; (c) Kantar BrandZ; (d) Fast Company

CONSUMER AUTHENTICITY

Passion Points





Social Media Impressions in 2023





Innovative Companies in Augmented and Virtual Reality^(d)



Unit Cases Sold Since 2017





EXPERIENTIAL ENGAGEMENT

First-party data & AI



EVERYDAY RELEVANCE

INNOVATION AGILITY

Coke Creations

Packages for every occasion

SPRITE, FANTA & FRIENDS

SUPERCHARGE FLAVORS



4-5%

Expected Industry Growth(a)

Expand Leadership

Mission

+0.9pts

Value Share(b)

+14.1pts

Zero Sugar Value Share(b)

(a) 2024-2027 Industry CAGR; (b) 2017-2023 SSD Non-Cola; (c) If Sprite and Fanta were a combined, stand-alone company, it would be the 4th largest NARTD company based on 2023 retail value: (d) In Cape Town as part of campaign

INNOVATION AGILITY

Taste Reformulation









EVERYDAY RELEVANCE Thums Up Believer Bot

WINNING METRICS OTHER WILDING WETRICS OTHER WINDING WETRICS

CONSUMER AUTHENTICITY

Sprite Label-free



Labels to Make Recycling Easier



Social Listening Reach^(d)





EXPERIENTIAL ENGAGEMENT

Born Social Sound Event in Cape Town

JUICE, VALUE-ADDED DAIRY & PLANT-BASED

EXPANDING PROFITABLE CHOICES



3-5%

Expected Industry Growth(a)

Selective Leadership

Mission

+2.4pts

Juice Value Share(b)

+1.7pts

Value-Added Dairy Value Share^(b)

(a) 2024-2027 Industry CAGR; (b) 2017-2023; (c) GlobalData 2023; (d) Core Power and Nutrition Plan, Nielsen, amongst top 10 largest RTD Complete Nutritional Category; (e) 2023 vs. 2022.

CONSUMER AUTHENTICITY

Minute Maid Named #1 Global Juice Brand(c)



Servings in 2023



Fastest Growing Brands in the U.S. in 2023^(d) Drive Profitability

WINNING METRICS

METRICS

Market

DISCIPLINED RISK-TAKING

Maaza & Del Valle





Transaction Growth^(e)

370.

Leadership Ratios •——



INNOVATION AGILITY fairlife Nutrition Plan



EVERYDAY RELEVANCE fairlife Total Portfolio

WATER, SPORTS & TEA

PREMIUMIZE, RE-ENERGIZE



5-6%

Expected Industry Growth(a)

Targeted Choices

Mission

+1.4pts

Sports Drinks Value Share(b)

+0.7pts

es pour le goût ent équilibré

Ready-to-Drink Tea Value Share^(b)

(a) 2024-2027 Industry CAGR; (b) 2017-2023; (c) 2023 Ad Age-Harris Poll; (d) Nielsen, last 52 weeks ending 9/23/23; (e) Topo Chico, Nielsen 2023 in U.S.; (f) Topo Chico Sabores Zenith Global I TD 2023 Global Water Drinks Awards

CONSUMER AUTHENTICITY

smartwater & Zendaya partnership with British Fashion Council









EXPERIENTIAL ENGAGEMENT

Fuze Tea x TripAdvisor®



Fuze Tea Value Share Gain in 2023



Premium Sparkling Water^(e) Best Brand Extension^(f)





INNOVATION AGILITY

smartwater Alkaline & Antioxidants, BodyArmor Flash I.V., Aquarius NEWATER



DISCIPLINED RISK-TAKING

Topo Chico Sabores

PORTFOLIO FOR ALL OCCASIONS

PURSUING STRATEGIC BETS





	Coffee	Emerging	Energy
Expected Industry Growth ^(a)	5-6%	6-8%	8-9%
Mission	SELECTIVE PRIORITIZATION	MEASURED APPROACH(c)	WINNING RELATIONSHIP(e)
Elevating Results	Georgia Coffee Relaunch +2.9pts Express Loyalty Transactions(b)	PERIC SPORTS OF THE STATE OF TH	MONSTER MONSTER MONSTER MONSTER MONSTER MONSTER
	+0.2pts VALUE SHARE GAIN FOR RTD COFFEE(b)	8 EXPERIMENTS \$1B+ RETAIL SALES(d)	5x VALUE OF EQUITY STAKE SINCE ACQUISITION



Advantaged & AGILE

GROWING OUR PERVASIVE GLOBAL REACH



















































































































INTEGRATED SYSTEM EXECUTION FURTHERS COMPETITIVE EDGE



Elevating Exposure

2.2B

Servings per Day in 2023

+1.2N

New Outlets in 2023

+10N

New Households in 2023

+6M

Outlets Digitized(a)

60+

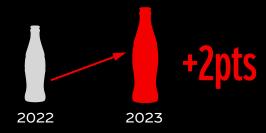
New System Production Lines in 2023

Elevating Results

Share of Visible Inventory(b)



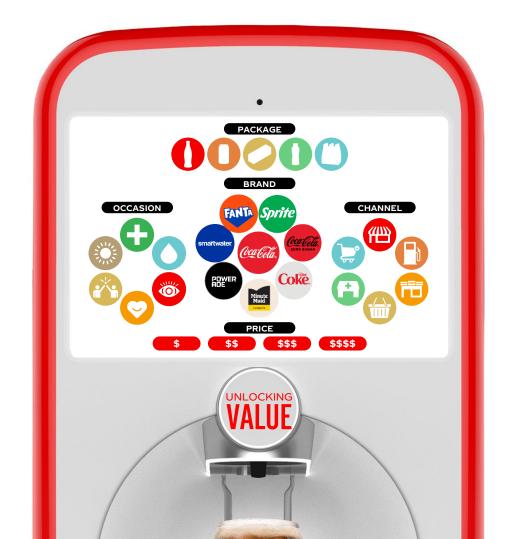
Retail Value







LIMITLESS COMBINATIONS TO MAXIMIZE REVENUE GROWTH





Extensive Runway Exists

6 IN 100

BASKETS

Contain a KO NARTD Product(a)

\$40B+

RETAIL SALES

Per +1pt Incidence(a)

SMARTER SEGMENTATION enabled by AI

PREMIUM & AFFORDABILITY package opportunities

TURBOCHARGING OUR FLYWHEEL







Evolving Consumer & Customer Interactions

Optimizing Shopper Opportunities

Scaling Capabilities

CONNECTED PACK



PERFORMANCE MARKETING



STUDIO X

END-TO-END COMMERCE



RIGHT PRICE & PACK



SHOPPER AI

SUGGESTED ORDER



DIGITAL SHELF



CONTENT AI





KEY TAKEAWAYS



- **DELIVERING THROUGH A DYNAMIC ENVIRONMENT**
- PURSUING VAST OPPORTUNITIES WITH DISCIPLINE
- SCALING AND FORTIFYING BRANDS TO HAVE STAYING POWER
- **ADVANCING OUR TOTAL SYSTEM AGENDA**
- **STRENGTHENING OUR CAPABILITIES TO BE AT THE FOREFRONT OF GROWTH**

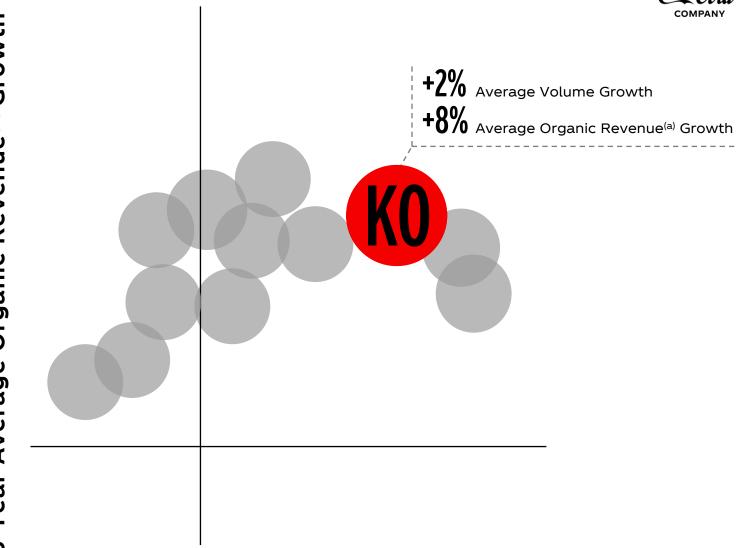


Primed for Sustained PERFORMANCE

DRIVING A DIFFERENTIATED TOPLINE PROFILE

KO AVERAGE ORGANIC REVENUE^(a) GROWTH > CPG AVERAGE ORGANIC REVENUE^(a) GROWTH

5-Year Average Organic Revenue(a) Growth

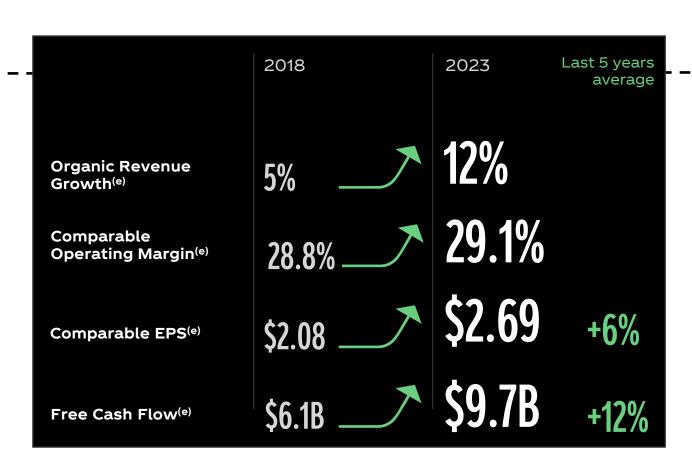


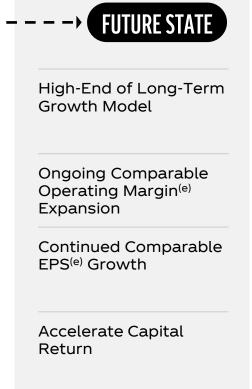
5-Year Average Volume Growth

"THE PROOF IS IN THE P&L"









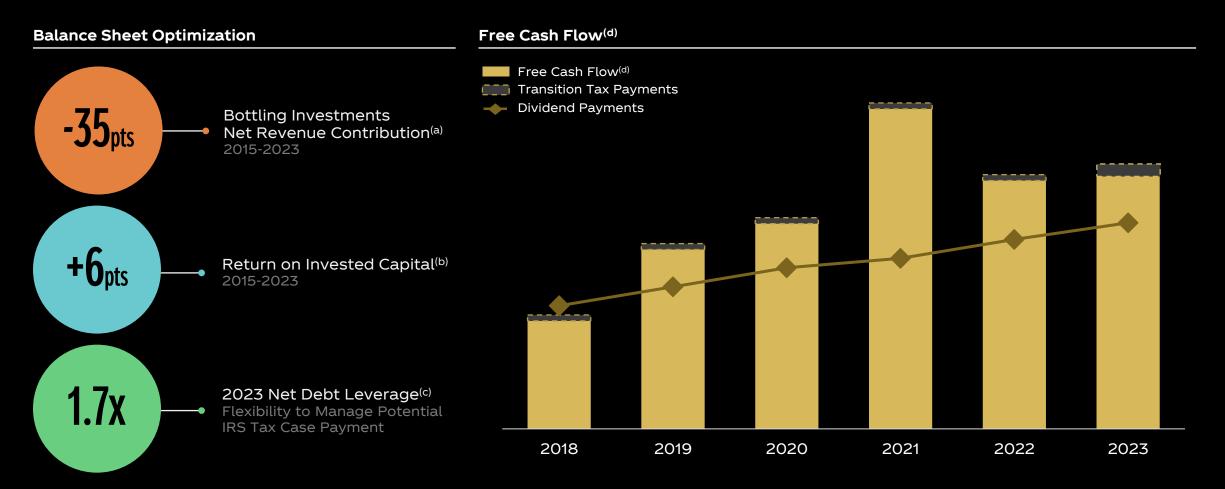
DRIVING A MORE DISCIPLINED AND EFFECTIVE RESOURCE ALLOCATION AGENDA



Portfolio Role		What We Do Differently	Measuring Success	
T	LEAD	Grow Category through Premiumization & Affordability	Gain Share, Grow Topline & Operating Income	
	BUILD	Recruit & Expand Per Capita Consumption	Gain Share, Grow Topline	
*	SELECTIVELY PLAY	Accelerate Investments in Focused Areas	Gain Share in Select Combinations	
\rightarrow	SUSTAIN	Continue Winning while Recognizing Opportunity Elsewhere	Maintain Share, Grow Operating Income	
	DEPRIORITIZE	Shift Investment Elsewhere	Incremental Resources for Alternative Use	

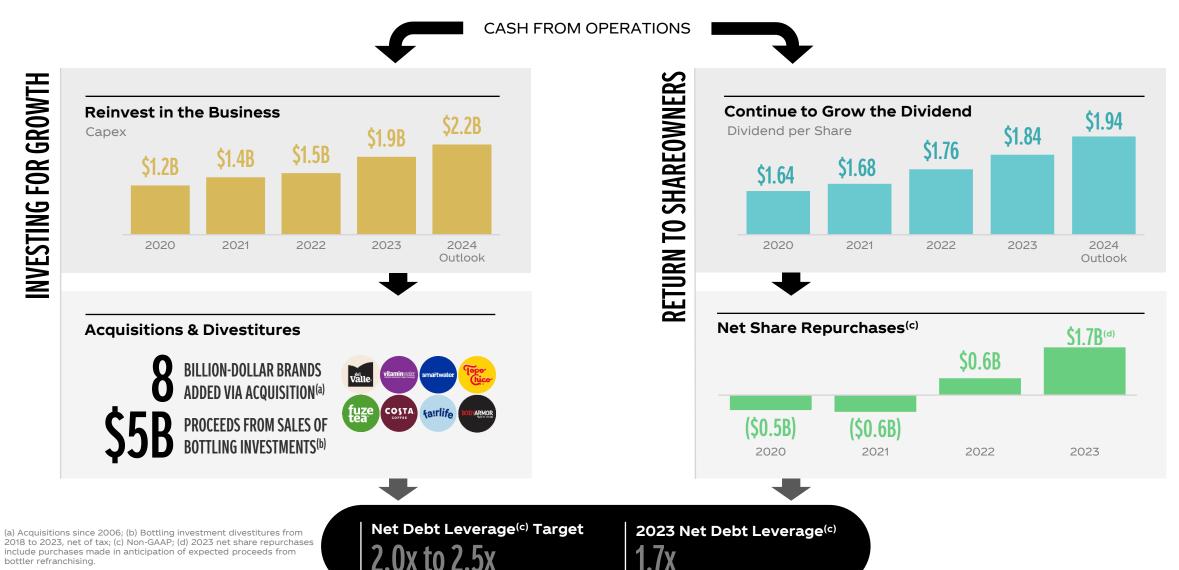
STRONG BALANCE SHEET AND UNDERLYING CASH FLOW GENERATION



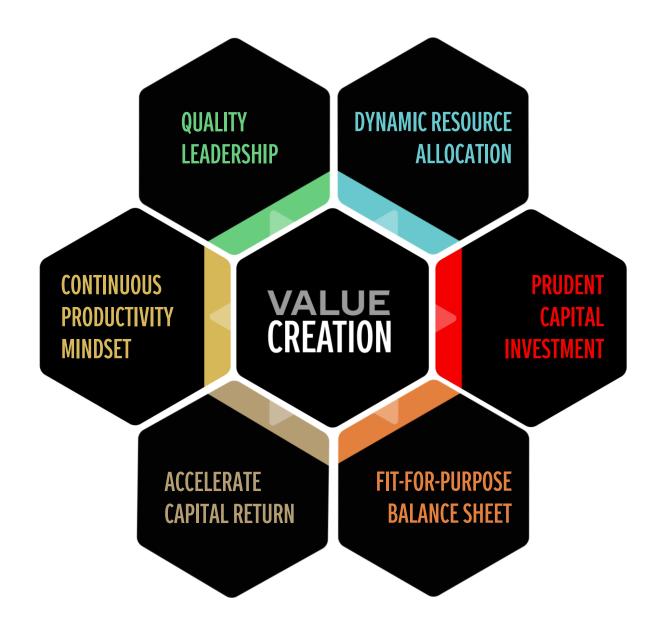


DYNAMIC & UNWAVERING CAPITAL ALLOCATION PRIORITIES









SYNCING THE PIECES

TO CREATE VALUE

ORCHESTRATING A HARMONIZED FRANCHISE SYSTEM CREATES VALUE





ORCHESTRATING A HARMONIZED FRANCHISE SYSTEM CREATES VALUE





Greater congruence towards a HIGHER GROWTH AMBITION

Committing to **INVEST**

Exploring and experimenting **TOGETHER**

Focusing on drivers to **GROW THE PIE**

Developing Cooperation Frameworks to PROVIDE CERTAINTY

Working together to grow and develop **SYSTEM TALENT**

PRIMED FOR PERFORMANCE



2024 Guidance

~10%

Organic Revenues(a)

5-6%

Comparable Earnings Per Share^(b)

14-15%

Comparable Currency Neutral Earnings Per Share^(c)

\$9.2B

Free Cash Flow Excluding the IRS Tax Litigation Deposit^(d)

Long-Term Growth Model Remains the North Star

4-6%

Organic Revenues(a)

6-8%

Comparable Currency Neutral
Operating Income^(a)

7-9%

Comparable Currency Neutral Earnings Per Share^(a)

90-95%

Adjusted Free Cash Flow Conversion Ratio^(e)

(a) Non-GAAP; (b) Non-GAAP, includes an 8% to 9% currency headwind based on the current rates and including the impact of hedged positions, in addition to a 1% to 2% headwind from acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes; (c) Non-GAAP, includes a 1% to 2% headwind from acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes; (d) Non-GAAP; Free Cash Flow excluding the IRS tax litigation deposit – Capital expenditures; (e) Non-GAAP; Adjusted Free Cash Flow Conversion Ratio = Free cash flow adjusted for the payment of transition tax and other significant cash inflows & outflows / GAAP net income adjusted for noncash items impacting comparability.

KEY TAKEAWAYS



- **STEP-CHANGING OUR FINANCIAL PROFILE THROUGH ONGOING TRANSFORMATION**
- INVESTING WITH DISCIPLINE TO DRIVE QUALITY GROWTH FOR THE FUTURE
- **SYNCHRONIZING THE PIECES TO CREATE SUSTAINABLE VALUE**
- MAINTAINING FLEXIBILITY TO OPERATE IN MANY ENVIRONMENTS
- ORCHESTRATING THE SYSTEM TO CAPTURE THE OPPORTUNITY AHEAD OF US

MPLE PURPO **HE WORLD** KEA

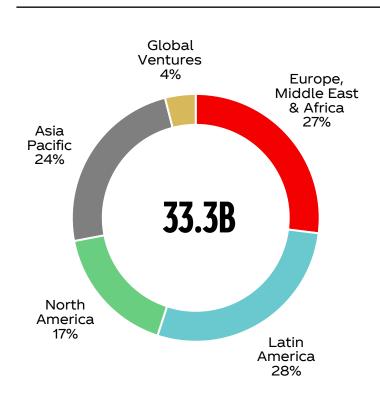


5 2023 Operating OVERVIEW

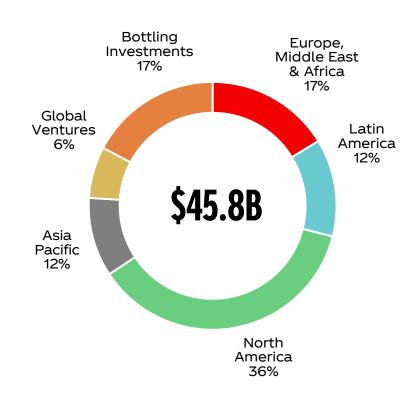
CONSOLIDATED GEOGRAPHIC OVERVIEW (2023)



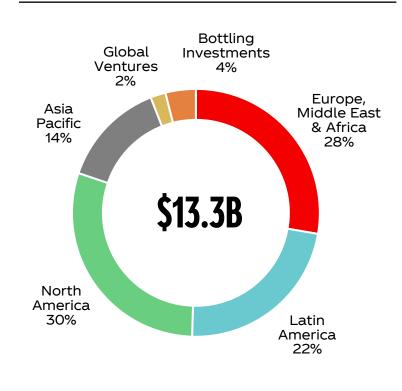




Net Revenues(a)



Operating Income(a)



LATIN AMERICA



Market Landscape

~530M Consumers

55.8B 2023 TCCC Net Revenues^(a) (12% of total)

\$3.4B 2023 TCCC Operating Income^(a) (22% of total)

Key Bottlers

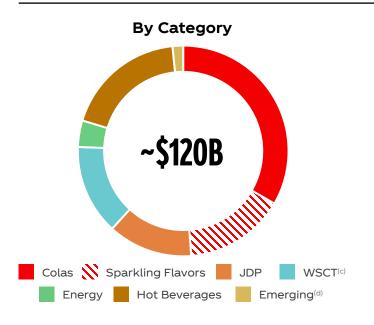


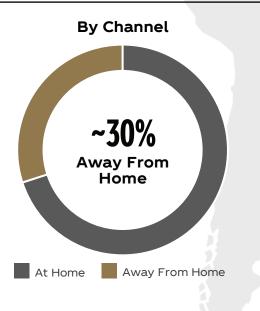






2024 Total Addressable Market(b)





Expected Category Growth

	2024 to 2027 Industry CAGRs	2023 TCCC Share / Change ^(e)
Sparkling Soft Drinks	6-7%	>50% / 0%
Juice, Value-Added Dairy & Plant-Based	6-7%	~25% / 0%
Water, Sports, Coffee & Tea ^(c)	7-8%	~30% / +2%
Energy	>10%	~35% / +17%
Hot Beverages	>10%	<5%
Emerging ^(d)	>10%	<5%

NORTH AMERICA



Market Landscape

~325M Consumers

\$16.8B 2023 TCCC Net Revenues(a) (36% of total)

\$4.5B 2023 TCCC Operating Income^(a) (30% of total)

Key Bottlers





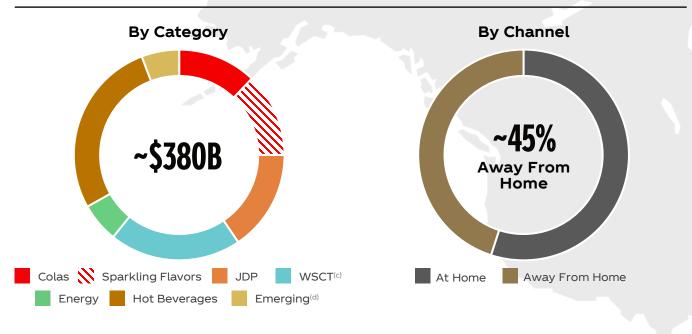








2024 Total Addressable Market(b)



Expected Category Growth

	2024 to 2027 Industry CAGRs	2023 TCCC Share / Change ^(e)
Sparkling Soft Drinks	3-4%	~50% / +1%
Juice, Value-Added Dairy & Plant-Based	3-4%	~20% / +2%
Water, Sports, Coffee & Tea ^(c)	4-5%	~20% / -1%
Energy	5-7%	~40% / +2%
Hot Beverages	3-4%	<5 %
Emerging ^(d)	4-6%	~5%

ASIA PACIFIC



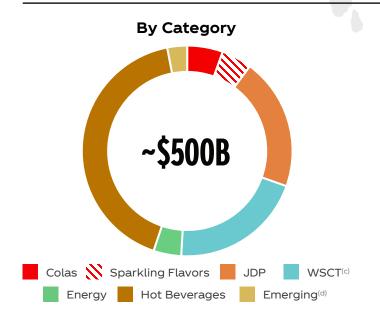
Market Landscape

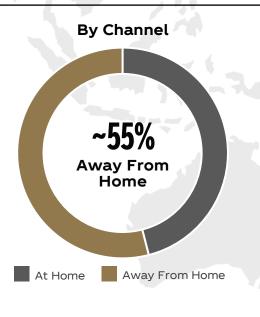
Consumers

2023 TCCC Net Revenues(a) (12% of total)

\$2.1B 2023 TCCC Operating Income^(a) (14% of total)

2024 Total Addressable Market(b)





Key Bottlers















Expected Category Growth

	2024 to 2027 Industry CAGRs	2023 TCCC Share / Change ^(e)
Sparkling Soft Drinks	5-6%	>50% / +1%
Juice, Value-Added Dairy & Plant-Based	3-4%	~5% / 0%
Water, Sports, Coffee & Tea ^(c)	4-5%	~10% / -1%
Energy	7-9%	~5% / +2%
Hot Beverages	6-7%	<5%
Emerging ^(d)	5-6%	<5%

EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA



Market Landscape

~2.1B Consumers

\$8.1B 2023 TCCC Net Revenues(a) (17% of total)

\$4.2B 2023 TCCC Operating Income^(a) (28% of total)

Key Bottlers

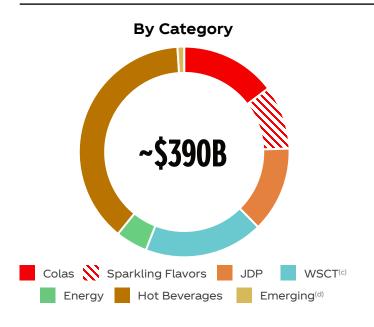


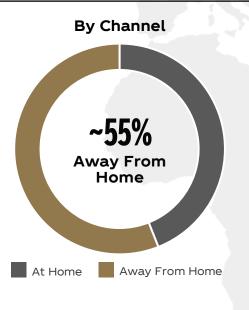






2024 Total Addressable Market(b)





Expected Category Growth

	2024 to 2027 Industry CAGRs	2023 TCCC Share / Change ^(e)
Sparkling Soft Drinks	5-6%	>50% / +2%
Juice, Value-Added Dairy & Plant-Based	4-5%	~10% / +2%
Water, Sports, Coffee & Tea ^(c)	4-5%	~10% / +1%
Energy	8-10%	~20% / +6%
Hot Beverages	4-5%	~3% / +3%
Emerging ^(d)	6-7%	<5 %

GLOBAL VENTURES



GLOBAL VENTURES includes Costa coffee, Monster beverages equity investment, innocent juices and smoothies, and doğadan tea

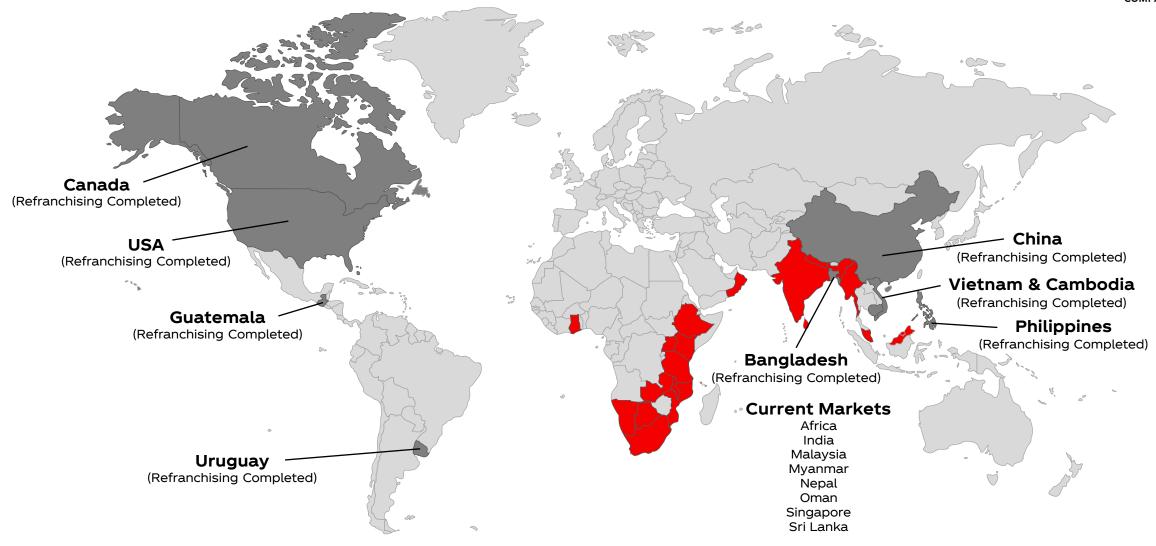
The majority of Global Ventures' 2023 revenue consisted of **COSTA COFFEE** followed by **INNOCENT**

Together, Costa coffee and innocent represented ~90% of Global Ventures' 2023 revenue

	Business Model	Economics
COSTA	Coffee Retail, Foodservice, and Ready-to-drink	Full P&L
MUNSTER (a)	Distribution Coordination Agreements	Fees
innocent	Finished Goods Juices & Smoothies	Full P&L
doğadan	Ready-to-drink Tea	Full P&L

BOTTLING INVESTMENTS GEOGRAPHIC FOOTPRINT





Bottling Investments Comprised 17% of Net Revenues(a) in 2023 vs. 52% in 2015



APPENDIX

Reconciliations of GAAP and Non-GAAP Financial Measures

DEFINITIONS

"Comparable net revenues" is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability. "Organic revenues" is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for the impact of acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes, as applicable, and the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Management believes the comparable net revenue (non-GAAP) and organic revenue (non-GAAP) growth measures provide users with useful supplemental information regarding the Company's ongoing revenue performance and trends by presenting revenue growth excluding the impact of items impacting comparability, the impact of foreign exchange as well as the impact of acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes, as applicable.

"Comparable operating income" is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability. "Comparable currency neutral operating income" is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability and the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. "Comparable operating margin" is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability. Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate the Company's performance and make resource allocation decisions. Further, management believes the comparable operating income (non-GAAP) and comparable currency neutral operating income (non-GAAP) growth measures and the comparable operating margin (non-GAAP) measure enhance its ability to communicate the underlying operating results and provide investors with useful supplemental information to enhance their understanding of the Company's underlying business performance and trends by improving their ability to compare our period-to-period financial results.

"Comparable EPS" and "comparable currency neutral EPS" are non-GAAP financial measures that exclude or have otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability. Comparable currency neutral EPS (non-GAAP) has also been adjusted for the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate the Company's performance and make resource allocation decisions. Further, management believes the comparable EPS (non-GAAP) and comparable currency neutral EPS (non-GAAP) growth measures enhance its ability to communicate the underlying operating results and provide investors with useful supplemental information to enhance their understanding of the Company's underlying business performance and trends by improving their ability to compare our period-to-period financial results.

"Net operating profit" is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents the sum of operating income and equity income (loss) - net. "Comparable net operating profit" is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability. "Comparable net operating profit after taxes (NOPAT)" is a non-GAAP financial measure that has been adjusted for taxes using the comparable effective tax rate (non-GAAP).

"Comparable effective tax rate" is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents the effective income tax rate on income before income taxes, which excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability.

"Invested capital" is a non-GAAP financial measure that is calculated by subtracting total cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments and marketable securities from the sum of total debt (non-GAAP) and total equity.

"Return on invested capital (ROIC)" is a non-GAAP financial measure that is calculated by dividing comparable NOPAT (non-GAAP) by average invested capital (non-GAAP). Management uses this non-GAAP financial measure to evaluate the Company's performance and make capital allocation decisions.

"Gross debt" is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents the sum of loans and notes payable, current maturities of long-term debt, and long-term debt. Gross debt (non-GAAP) is also known as "total debt" (non-GAAP).

"Net debt" is a non-GAAP financial measure that is calculated by subtracting total cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments and marketable securities from gross debt (non-GAAP).

"EBITDA" is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization and other income (loss) - net. "Comparable EBITDA" is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability.

"Net debt leverage" is a non-GAAP financial measure that is calculated by dividing net debt (non-GAAP) by comparable EBITDA (non-GAAP). Management uses this non-GAAP financial measure to evaluate the Company's capital allocation decisions.

"Cash flow from operations excluding the IRS tax litigation deposit" is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net cash provided by operating activities excluding the Company's IRS tax litigation deposit that was paid in 2024. "Free cash flow" is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net cash provided by operating activities less purchases of property, plant and equipment. "Free cash flow excluding the IRS tax litigation deposit" is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net cash provided by operating activities less purchases of property, plant and equipment and excludes the Company's IRS tax litigation deposit that was paid in 2024. Management uses these non-GAAP financial measures to evaluate the Company's performance and make resource allocation decisions.

"Adjusted free cash flow" is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net cash provided by operating activities less purchases of property, plant and equipment. Beginning with its earnings release for the fourth quarter of 2023, the Company updated the definition to make it consistent with how management evaluates the measure when making capital allocation decisions. Adjusted free cash flow (non-GAAP) now excludes the payment of transition tax resulting from the 2017 Tax Cuts and Jobs Act and other significant cash inflows/outflows that are unusual in nature and/or infrequent in occurrence that we believe do not reflect the Company's underlying liquidity. Management believes adjusted free cash flow (non-GAAP) is useful to investors, analysts and others to evaluate the underlying cash flow the Company generates after investing in property, plant and equipment.

"Adjusted free cash flow conversion ratio" is a non-GAAP financial measure that is calculated by dividing adjusted free cash flow (non-GAAP) by adjusted net income attributable to shareowners of The Coca-Cola Company (non-GAAP). Management uses these non-GAAP measures when making capital allocation decisions. Management believes the free cash flow conversion ratio (non-GAAP) and the adjusted free cash flow conversion ratio (non-GAAP) are useful to investors, analysts and others to evaluate the amount of our underlying earnings that we are able to convert into cash.

(UNAUDITED)

Earnings Per Share:

Reported (GAAP)
Items Impacting Comparability
Comparable (Non-GAAP)

Year Ended December 31, 2023	Year Ended December 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2021		Year Ended December 31, 2020	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2017
\$ 2.47	\$ 2.19	\$ 2.25	\$	1.79	\$ 2.07	\$ 1.50	\$ 0.29
0.21	 0.30	 0.07	_	0.16	0.04	0.60	 1.64
\$ 2.69	\$ 2.48	\$ 2.32	\$	1.95	\$ 2.11	\$ 2.08	\$ 1.92

Reported (GAAP)

Items Impacting Comparability
Comparable (Non-GAAP)

D	Year Ended December 31, 2016	J	Year Ended December 31, 2015	Year Ended December 31, 2014	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011	Year Ended December 31, 2010
\$	1.49	\$	1.67	\$ 1.60	\$ 1.90	\$ 1.97	\$ 1.85	\$ 2.53
	0.42		0.34	 0.45	0.16	 0.06	0.07	 (0.79)
\$	1.91	\$	2.00	\$ 2.04	\$ 2.08	\$ 2.01	\$ 1.92	\$ 1.74

Note: Certain columns may not add due to rounding.

(UNAUDITED)

Organic Revenues:

		Less: Adj	ustments to Reported Net	Revenues	
Percent Change	Reported Net Revenues (GAAP)	Currency Impact	Impact of Acquisitions, Divestitures and Structural Changes, Net	Impact of Accounting Changes ¹	Organic Revenues (Non-GAAP)
2013	(2)	(2)	(3)	0	3
2014	(2)	(2)	(2)	0	2
2015	(4)	(7)	0	0	4
2016	(5)	(3)	(6)	0	3
2017	(13)	(1)	(16)	0	3
2018	(5)	(1)	(11)	2	5
2019	9	(4)	7	0	6
2020	(11)	(2)	0	0	(9)
2021	17	1	0	0	16
2022	11	(7)	2	0	16
2023	6	(4)	(1)	0	12

2019-2023 Five-Year Average Percent Change	6	8

Note: Certain rows may not add due to rounding.

¹ Represents the impact of adoption of revenue recognition accounting standard (ASC 606).

(UNAUDITED)

Operating Margin:

Reported Operating Margin (GAAP)

Items Impacting Comparability (Non-GAAP) Comparable Operating Margin (Non-GAAP)

Year Ended	Year Ended	Basis Point Growth			
December 31, 2016	December 31, 2014	(Decline)			
20.61%	21.10%	(49)			
(3.18%)	(2.71%)				
23.79%	23.81%	(2)			

Reported Operating Margin (GAAP)

Items Impacting Comparability (Non-GAAP) Comparable Operating Margin (Non-GAAP)

Year Ended	Year Ended	Basis Point Growth		
December 31, 2023	December 31, 2018	(Decline)		
24.72%	26.68%	(196)		
(4.41%)	(2.15%)			
29.13%	28.83%	30		

(UNAUDITED)

Earnings Per Share:

Reported (GAAP)

Items Impacting Comparability
Comparable (Non-GAAP)

Reported	(GAAP)

Items Impacting Comparability
Comparable (Non-GAAP)

Percent Change — Reported EPS

Percent Change — Comparable EPS (Non-GAAP)

Five-Year Average Percent Change — Reported EPSFive-Year Average Percent Change — Comparable EPS (Non-GAAP)

Year Ended December 31, 2019		Year Ended December 31, 2020		Year Ended December 31, 2021		Year Ended December 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2023	
\$	2.07	\$ 1.79	\$	2.25	\$	2.19	\$	2.47
_	0.04	0.16	. _	0.07	_	0.30	_	0.22
\$	2.11	\$ 1.95	\$	2.32	\$	2.48	\$	2.69

Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Year Ended December 31, 2020		Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2022
\$ 1.50	\$ 2.07	\$ 1.79	\$	2.25	\$ 2.19
0.59	0.04	 0.16	_	0.07	0.30
\$ 2.08	\$ 2.11	\$ 1.95	\$	2.32	\$ 2.48

Year Ended December 31, 2019	Year Ended December 31, 2020	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2023
38	(13)	26	(3)	13
1	(8)	19	7	8

12	
6	

Note: Certain columns may not add due to rounding. Certain percentages may not recalculate using the rounded dollar amounts provided.

(UNAUDITED) (In millions)

Free Cash Flow:

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (GAAP)
Purchases of Property, Plant and Equipment (GAAP)

Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (GAAP) Purchases of Property, Plant and Equipment (GAAP)

Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)

Percent Change — Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities
Percent Change — Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)

Five-Year Average Percent Change — Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Five-Year Average Percent Change — Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)

Year Ended December 31, 2019	Year Ended December 31, 2020	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2023
\$ 10,471 (2,054)	9,844 (1,177)	12,625 (1,367)	\$ 11,018 (1,484)	\$ 11,599 (1,852)
\$ 8,417	\$ 8,667	\$ 11,258	\$ 9,534	\$ 9,747

Year Ended December 31, 2018	Year Ended December 31, 2019	Year Ended December 31, 2020	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2022
\$ 7,627 (1,548)	\$ 10,471 (2,054)	9,844 (1,177)	\$ 12,625 (1,367)	\$ 11,018 (1,484)
\$ 6,079	\$ 8,417	\$ 8,667	\$ 11,258	\$ 9,534

Year Ended December 31, 2019	Year Ended December 31, 2020	Year Ended December 31, 2021	Year Ended December 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2023
37	(6)	28	(13)	5
38	3	30	(15)	2

10	
12	

Note: Certain percentages may not recalculate using the rounded dollar amounts provided.

(UNAUDITED) (In millions)

Net Operating Profit After Taxes (NOPAT):

	Year Ended December 31, 201		
Operating income Equity income (loss) — net	\$	8,787 489	
Net operating profit (Non-GAAP)		9,276	
Items impacting comparability		1,556	
Comparable net operating profit (Non-GAAP)	\$	10,832	
Comparable effective tax rate (Non-GAAP)		22.5%	
Comparable net operating profit after taxes (NOPAT) (Non-GAAP)	\$	8,395	

Invested Capital:

Loans and notes payable Current maturities of long-term debt Long-term debt
Total debt (Non-GAAP) Total equity Less:
Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments Marketable securities
Invested capital (Non-GAAP)

	2015 Two-Year Average	As of December 31, 2014	As of December 31, 2015		
\$	16,130	\$ 19,130	\$ 13,129		
	3,113	3,550	2,676		
_	23,661	19,010	28,311		
	42,903	41,690	44,116		
	28,163	30,561	25,764		
	16,821	18,010	15,631		
_	3,967	3,665	4,269		
\$	50,278	\$ 50,576	\$ 49,980		

16.7%

2015 Return on Invested Capital (ROIC):

Return on invested capital (ROIC) (Non-GAAP) 1

¹ Return on invested capital is calculated by dividing comparable net operating profit after taxes by invested capital.

(UNAUDITED) (In millions)

Net Operating Profit After Taxes (NOPAT):

	Year Ended December 31, 2023		
Operating income Equity income (loss) — net	\$	11,311 1,691	
Net operating profit (Non-GAAP) Items impacting comparability		13,002 2,184	
Comparable net operating profit (Non-GAAP)	\$	15,186	
Comparable effective tax rate (Non-GAAP)		19.0%	
Comparable net operating profit after taxes (NOPAT) (Non-GAAP)	\$	12,301	

Invested Capital:

Loans and notes payable Current maturities of long-term debt Long-term debt	
Total debt (Non-GAAP) Total equity	
<u>Less:</u>	
Total cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments Marketable securities	
Invested capital (Non-GAAP)	

	2023 Two-Year	As of	As of					
	Average	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2023					
\$	3,465	\$ 2,373	\$ 4,557					
	1,180	399	1,960					
_	35,962	36,377	35,547					
	40,607	39,149	42,064					
	26,653	25,826	27,480					
	11,463 1,185	10,562 1,069	12,363 1,300					
\$	54,612	\$ 53,344	\$ 55,881					

2023 Return on Invested Capital (ROIC):

Return on invested capital (ROIC) (Non-GAAP) ¹

22.5%

¹ Return on invested capital is calculated by dividing comparable net operating profit after taxes by invested capital.

(UNAUDITED)

(In millions except net debt leverage)

Gross Debt and Net Debt:

December 31, 2023 9,366 Cash and cash equivalents **Short-term investments** 2,997 Marketable securities 1,300 Total cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments and marketable securities \$ 13,663 Loans and notes payable 4,557 Current maturities of long-term debt 1,960 Long-term debt 35,547 42,064 Gross debt (Non-GAAP) \$

¹ Net debt is calculated by subtracting total cash, cash equivalents, short-term investments and marketable securities from gross debt.

EBITDA:

Net debt (Non-GAAP) 1

	_	ar Ended nber 31, 2023
Income before income taxes	\$	12,952
Less income items:		
Interest income		907
Other income (loss) — net		570
Add expense items:		
Interest expense		1,527
Depreciation and amortization		1,128
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) (Non-GAAP)	\$	14,130
Items impacting comparability		2,184
Comparable EBITDA (Non-GAAP)	\$	16,314

Net Debt Leverage:

Net debt (Non-GAAP) Comparable EBITDA (Non-GAAP) Net debt leverage (Non-GAAP)

4	As of and Year Ended December 31, 2023
\$	28,401
\$	16,314
	1.7x

As of

28,401

\$

(UNAUDITED) (In millions)

Free Cash Flow:

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities

Purchases of Property, Plant and Equipment

Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)

Transition Tax Payments

Ī	Year Ended								
L	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2023			
	\$ 7,627	\$ 10,471	\$ 9,844	\$ 12,625	\$ 11,018	\$ 11,599			
	(1,548)	(2,054)	(1,177)	(1,367)	(1,484)	(1,852)			
	6,079	8,417	8,667	11,258	9,534	9,747			

385	385	385	385	385	700
300	303	303	303	300	123

(UNAUDITED) (In millions)

Purchases and Issuances of Stock:

Reported (GAAP):
Issuances of Stock
Purchases of Stock for Treasury
Net Change in Stock Issuance Receivables ¹
Net Share Repurchases (Non-GAAP)

r Ended per 31, 2020	 Ended er 31, 2021	ear Ended nber 31, 2022	Year Ended December 31, 2023			
\$ 647 (118) <u>6</u>	\$ 702 (111) -	\$ 837 (1,418) (5)	\$	539 (2,289) 5		
\$ 535	\$ 591	\$ (586)	\$	(1,745)		

¹ Represents the net change in receivables related to employee stock options exercised but not settled prior to the end of the year.

(UNAUDITED) (In billions)

Projected 2024 Free Cash Flow Excluding the IRS Tax Litigation Deposit:

	Decemb	er 31, 2024
Projected GAAP Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	5.4
Plus: IRS Tax Litigation Deposit		6.0
Projected Cash Flow from Operations Excluding the IRS Tax Litigation Deposit (Non-GAAP)		11.4
Projected GAAP Purchases of Property, Plant and Equipment		(2.2)
Projected Free Cash Flow Excluding the IRS Tax Litigation Deposit (Non-GAAP)	\$	9.2

Year Ending

(UNAUDITED)

(In millions)

Net Operating Revenues by Operating Segment:

Reported (GAAP)

Items Impacting Comparability:

Other Items

Comparable (Non-GAAP)

Year Ended December 31, 2023																	
Europe, Middle East & Africa		Latin America			North Asia America Pacific			Global Ventures			Bottling Investments		Corporate		Eliminations	Consolidated	
\$	8,078	\$	5,830	\$	16,774	\$	5,455	\$	3,064	\$	7,860	\$	126	\$	(1,433)	\$	45,754
1			4				25							_	<u> </u>		30
\$	8,079	\$	5,834	\$	16,774	\$	5,480	\$	3,064	\$	7,860	\$	126	\$	(1,433)	\$	45,784

Operating Income (Loss) by Operating Segment:

Reported (GAAP)

Items Impacting Comparability: Asset Impairments Transaction Gains/Losses

Restructuring

Other Items

Comparable (Non-GAAP)

	Year Ended December 31, 2023														
Europe, Middle East & Africa		Latin America		North America		Asia Pacific		Global Ventures		Bottling Investments		Corporate		Consolidated	
\$	4,202	\$	3,432	\$	4,435	\$	2,040	\$	329	\$	578	\$	(3,705)	\$	11,311
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,691		1,691
	-		-		26		-		-		-		165		191
	1		4	_	48		60		<u>-</u>		8	_	22		143
\$	4,203	\$	3,436	\$	4,509	\$	2,100	\$	329	\$	586	\$	(1,827)	\$	13,336