



Corporate Presentation

August 2024

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Any statement describing Acumen's goals, expectations, financial or other projections, intentions or beliefs is a forward-looking statement and should be considered an at-risk statement. Words such as "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "could," "would," "seeks," "aims," "plans," "potential," "will" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. Forward-looking statements include statements concerning Acumen's business, and Acumen's ability to achieve its strategic and financial goals, including its projected use of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities and the expected sufficiency of its cash resources into the first half of 2027, the therapeutic potential of Acumen's product candidate, sabirnetug (ACU193), including against other antibodies, and the anticipated timeline for announcing the top-line results from our Phase 1 trial of a subcutaneous dosing option of ACU193. These statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of Acumen management, and are subject to certain factors, risks and uncertainties, particularly those inherent in the process of discovering, developing and commercializing safe and effective human therapeutics. Such risks may be amplified by the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. These and other risks concerning Acumen's programs are described in additional detail in Acumen's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including in Acumen's most recent Annual Report Form 10-K and future filings and reports by Acumen. Copies of these and other documents are available from Acumen. Additional information will be made available in other filings that Acumen makes from time to time with the SEC. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date hereof, and Acumen expressly disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, except as otherwise required by law, whether, as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In this presentation, references to cash also include cash equivalents.

Advancing a Next Generation Antibody Targeting Toxic Amyloid Beta Oligomers (A β O_s) for Early Alzheimer's Disease (AD)



Large market in need of additional treatment options



Sabirnetug (ACU193): monoclonal antibody (mAb) highly selective for toxic A β O_s



Positive Phase 1 clinical trial results presented in 2H 2023



Experienced leadership team with extensive AD drug development experience



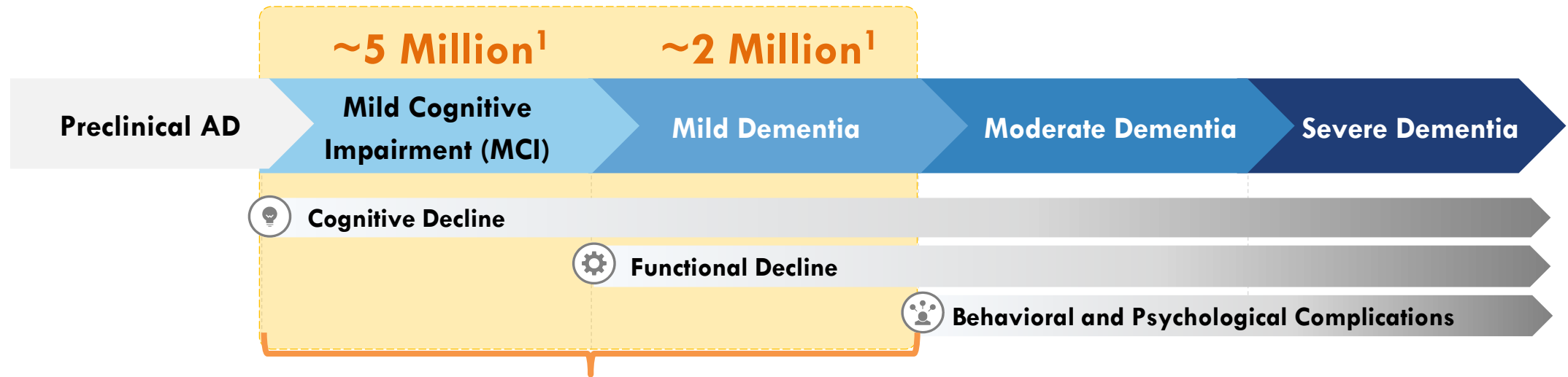
Strong balance sheet supporting clinical development plans for sabirnetug



Phase 2 (IV) initiated in May 2024; Phase 1 (subcutaneous) TLR expected in 1Q25

Early AD Patient Population Represents Significant Market Opportunity

STAGES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF AD PROGRESSION

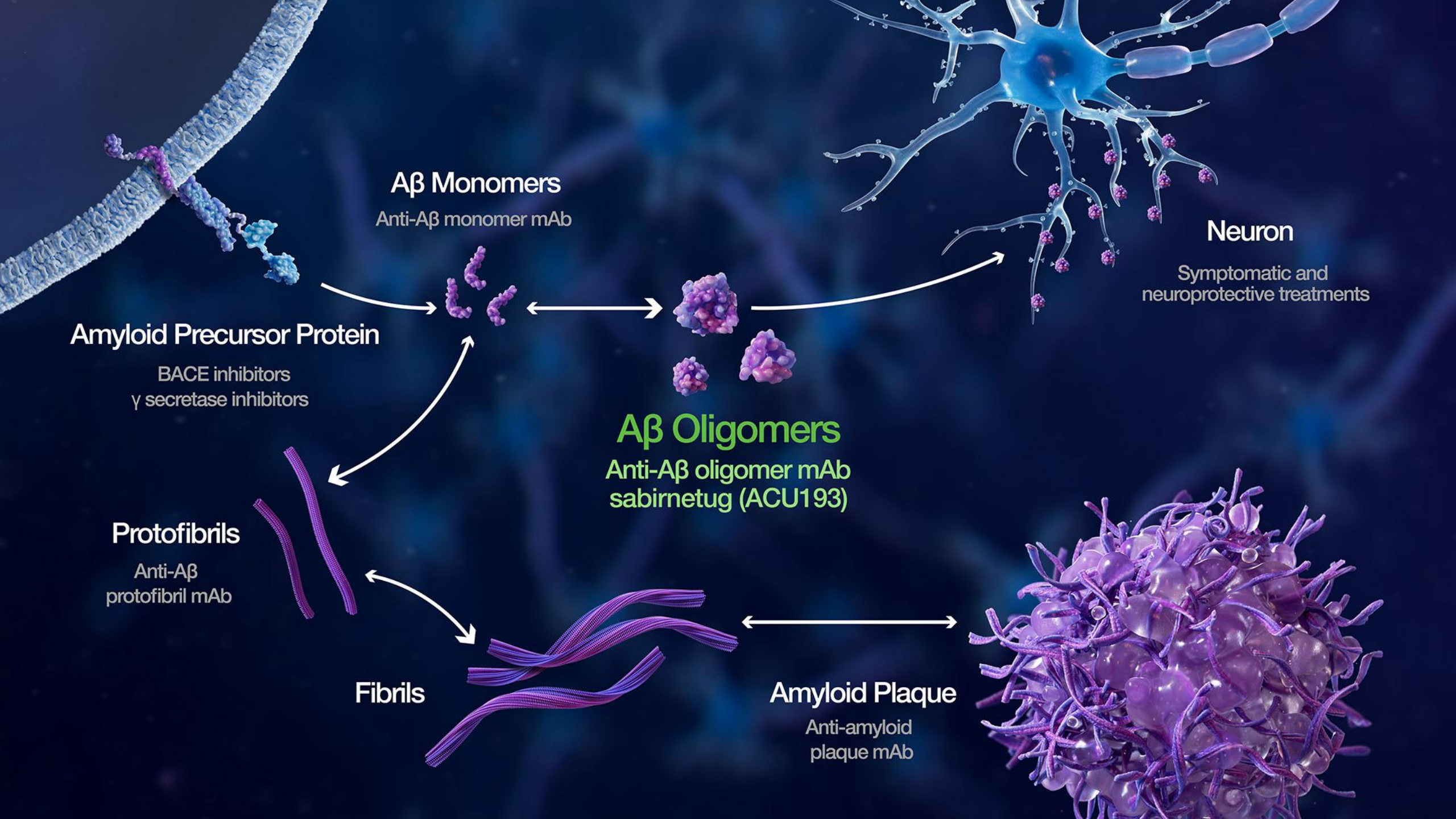


Early Alzheimer's Disease in the U.S. *Acumen's commercial priority*

Uptake of first-generation, disease modifying, anti-amyloid beta treatment options is expected to increase, while significant unmet need and room for improvement will persist

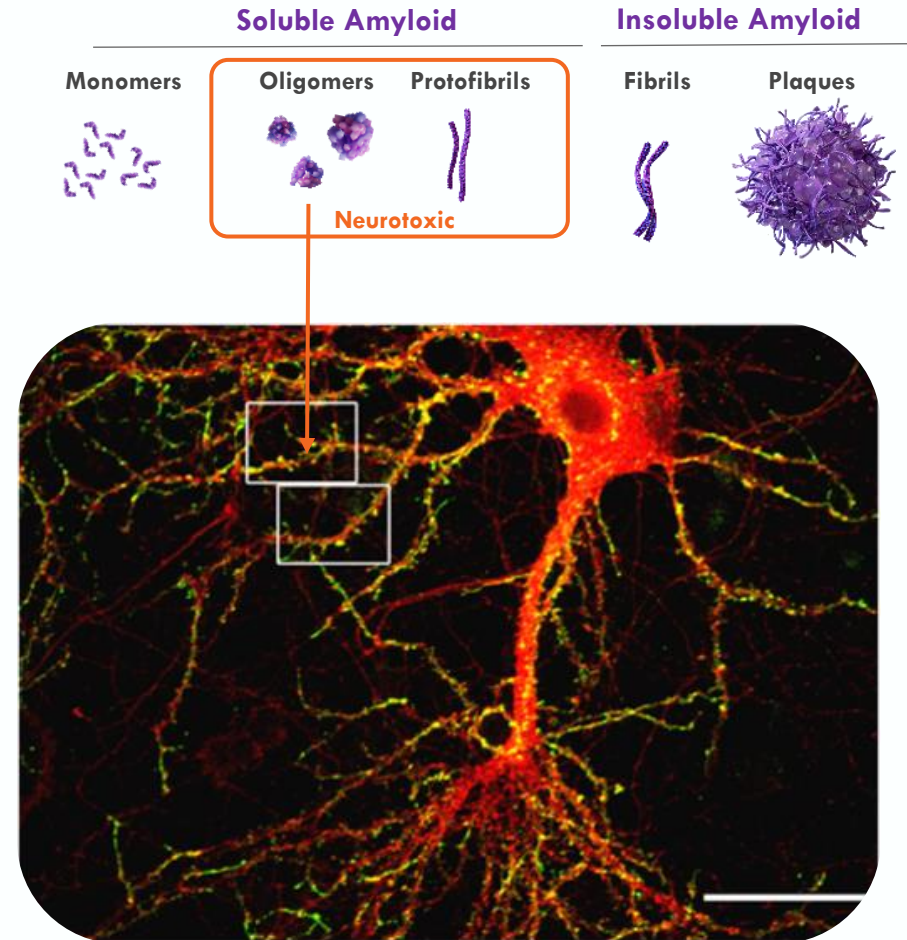
1. 2021 Alzheimer's Association

AD, Amyloid & Abeta Oligomers



Amyloid Beta Oligomers (A β O_s) are Widely Recognized as Highly Toxic Agents in AD Pathophysiology

- ➔ Impair synaptic function¹
- ➔ Contribute to impairment of memory and cognition²
- ➔ Induce tau hyperphosphorylation³



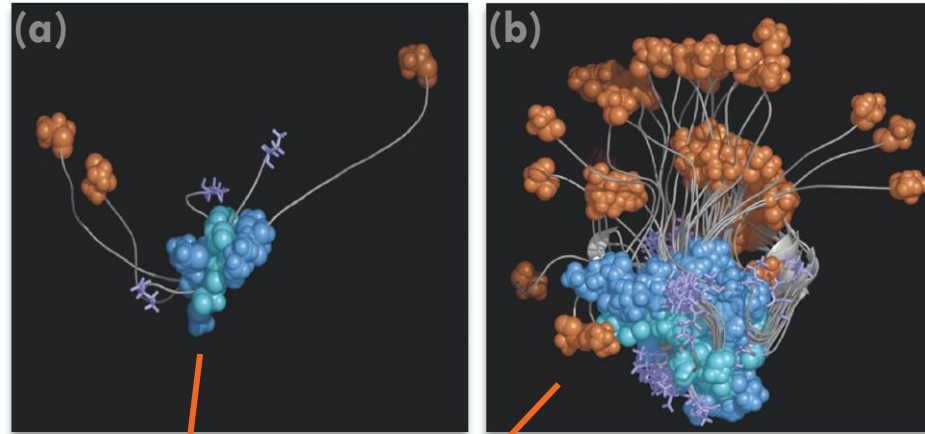
Mature hippocampal neuron and toxic A β O_s bound to dendritic spines

Image Lacor et al., 2004.

1. Lacor et al., 2004 & 2007; Townsend et al., 2006; Batista et al., 2018
2. Cleary et al., 2005; Poling et al., 2008; Cline et al., 2019
3. De Felice et al., 2008; Zempel et al., 2010

What is an A β Oligomer? A β O_s May Consist of 2 to >200 A β Peptides

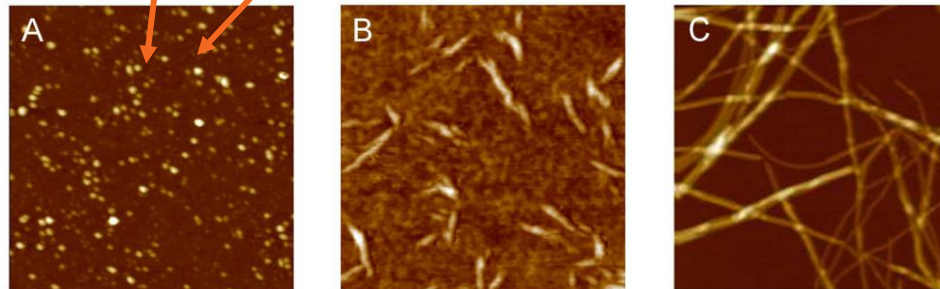
Figure 1. A β O_s composed of 3 (a) and 18 (b) A β peptides are depicted below.



Source: Kelley et al. *J Chem Physics* 2008.

Quaternary structures of A β oligomers, protofibrils, and fibrils

Figure 2. Atomic force microscopy images of representative steps of amyloid aggregation: (A) oligomers; (B) protofibrils; (C) mature fibrils. Scan size 1.0 μ m. Z range (A) 8.0 nm; (B) 15 nm; (C) 20 nm.



Source: Relini et al. *Biomolecules* 2014.

Sabirnetug: Potential Best-in-Class Immunotherapy for Early AD

Sabirnetug's High Selectivity for Toxic A β O_s May Provide Meaningful Cognitive Efficacy and Improved Safety

Rationally Designed for Improved Efficacy & Safety

Humanized, affinity matured mAb developed to target toxic A β oligomers

> 500-fold greater selectivity for A β O_s over A β monomers

> 85-fold greater selectivity for A β O_s over A β fibrils

IgG2 subclass mAb with reduced effector function

Large Pharma Discovery

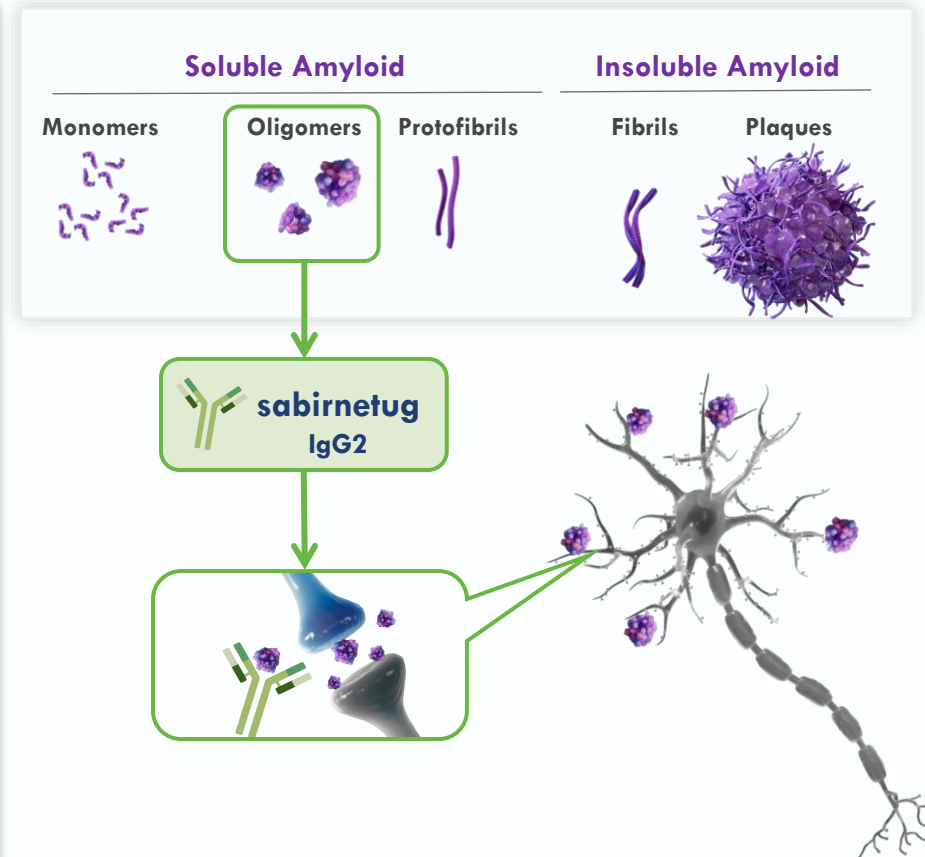
Sabirnetug discovered in collaboration with Merck & Co.

Acumen holds exclusive program rights with no future financial or other obligations due to Merck

Encouraging FDA Interactions

FDA Fast Track designation for the treatment of early Alzheimer's disease

FDA End of Phase 2 meeting in 4Q 2023



Sabirnetug: Value Proposition

The Alzheimer's disease market is at a **key inflection point** with **recent and expected approvals** paving a new path for the treatment of AD ...

... and **sabirnetug** is well-positioned to emerge as a potential **treatment of choice**.

Market will likely remain consolidated with A β therapies emerging as the primary treatment option over the next few years

Stakeholders are encouraged about the advancements in the AD treatment landscape and are working together to enable broader patient access

With potential clinical and safety benefits conferred by A β O selectivity, sabirnetug has the opportunity to be a treatment of choice in the broader early AD population

Positive INTERCEPT-AD Phase 1 Results for Sabirnetug

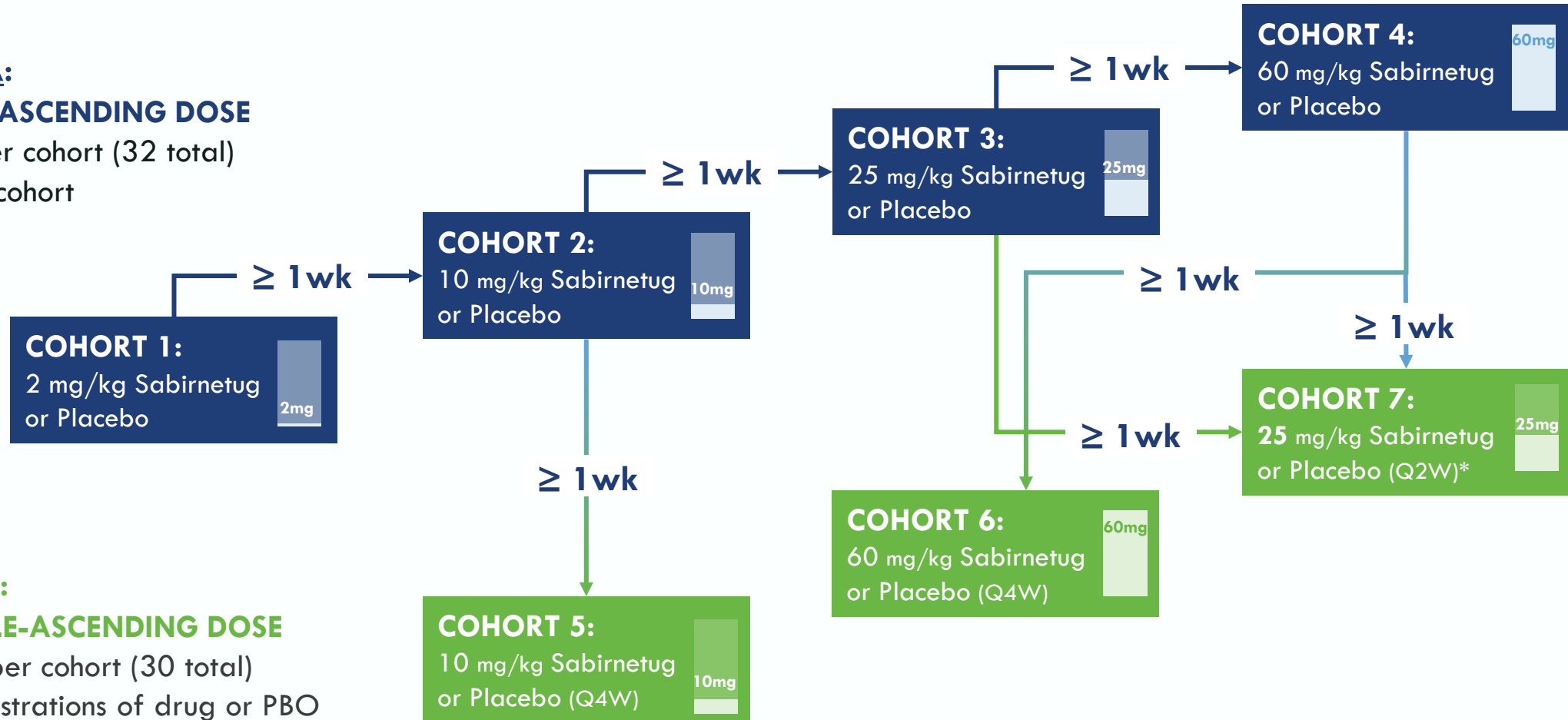
INTERCEPT-AD: A Randomized Placebo Controlled Phase 1 in Early AD Patients

PART A:

SINGLE-ASCENDING DOSE

n = 8 per cohort (32 total)

6:2 per cohort



PART B:

MULTIPLE-ASCENDING DOSE

n = 10 per cohort (30 total)

3 administrations of drug or PBO

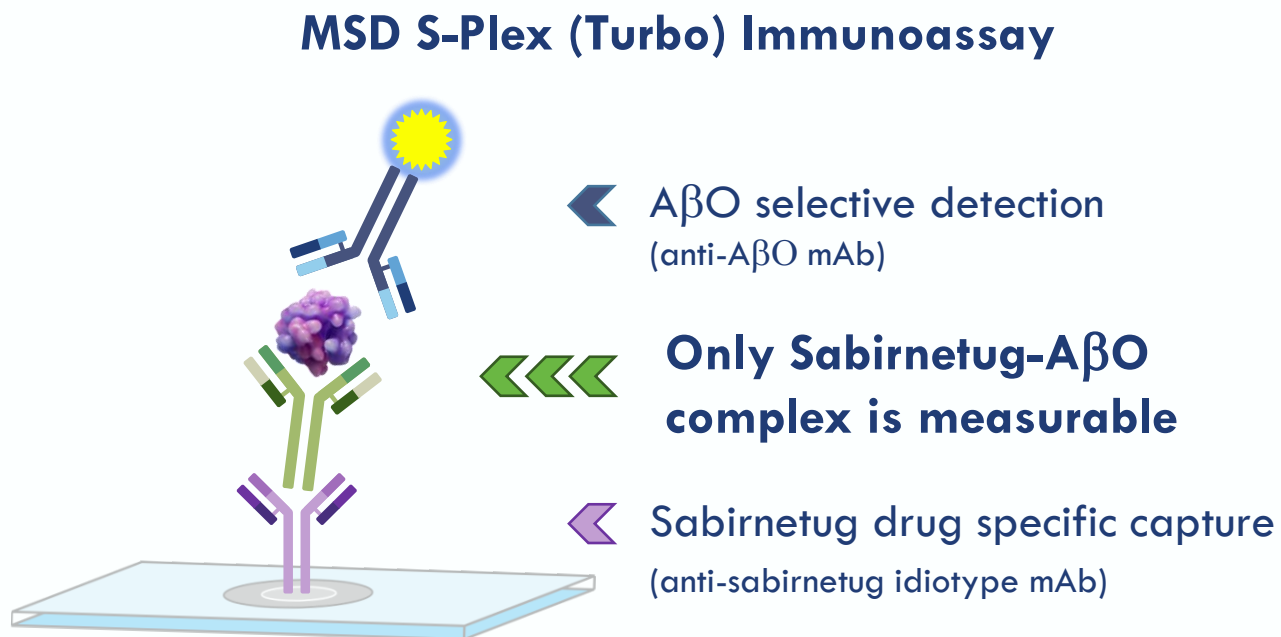
8:2 per cohort

Q2W: Dosing every two weeks; Q4W: Dosing every four weeks.

Target Engagement Assessed by Measuring Sabirnetug-A β O Complex in CSF

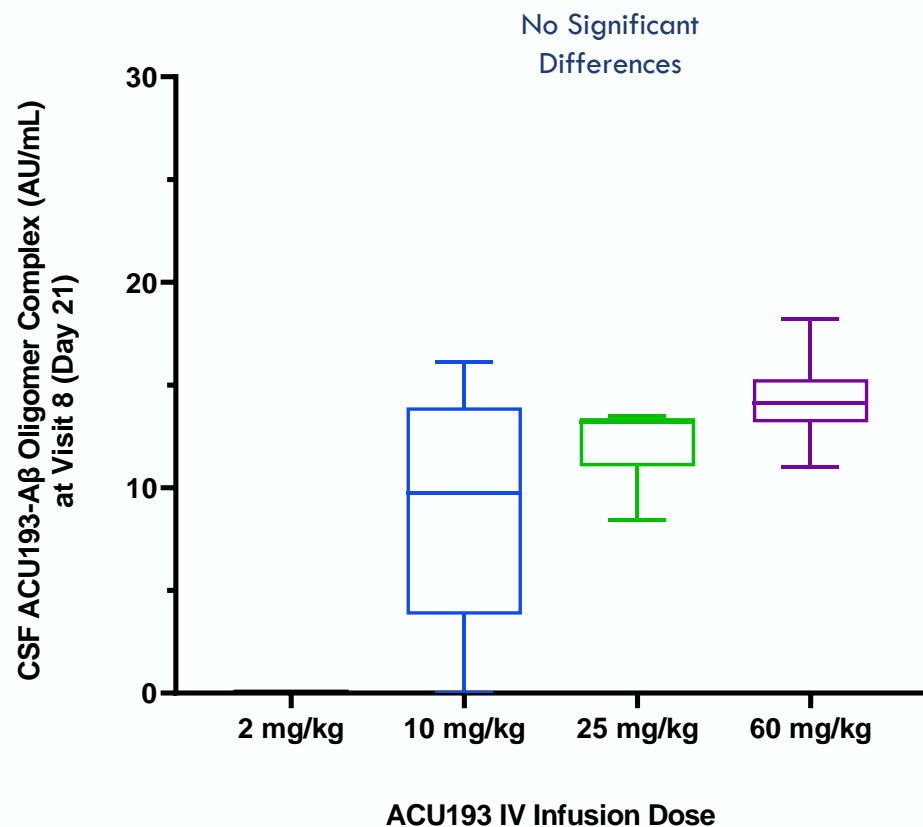
- Novel assay configuration tailored to selectively detect sabirnetug-A β O complex in CSF as direct measure of target engagement
- Translated for clinical use from a preclinical assay developed by Merck that showed sabirnetug engages target A β O in transgenic mouse brain (tg2576) in dose dependent manner

(please see slide 41 for more information)

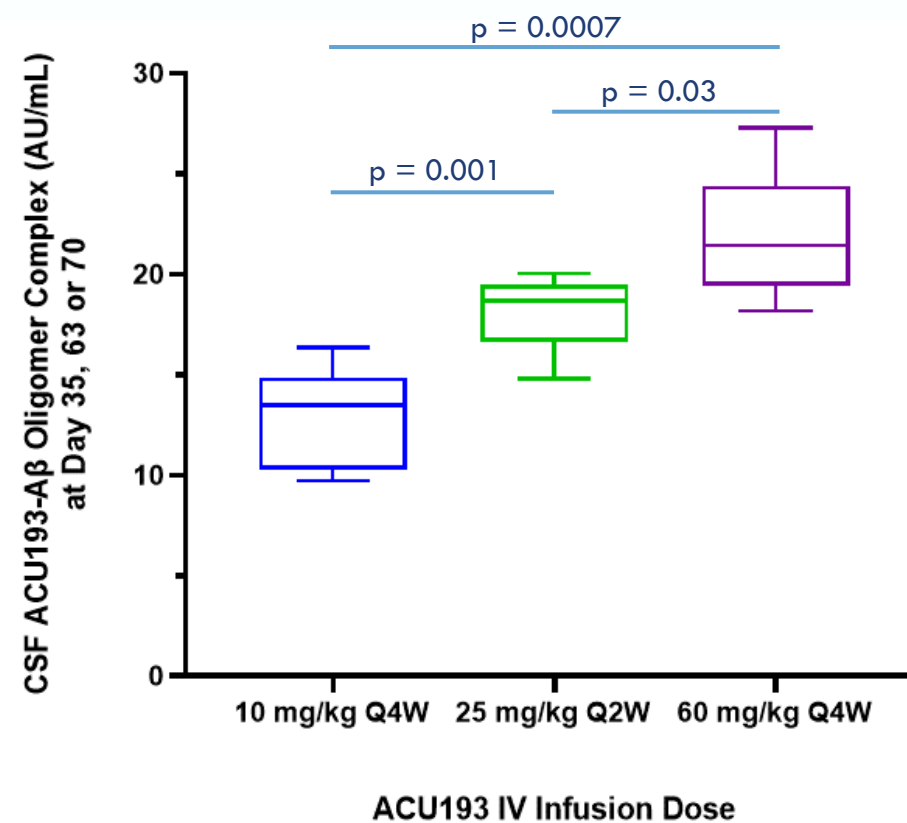


Target Engagement of Sabirnetug with A β O $_3$ is Dose Proportional

Single Dose Cohorts



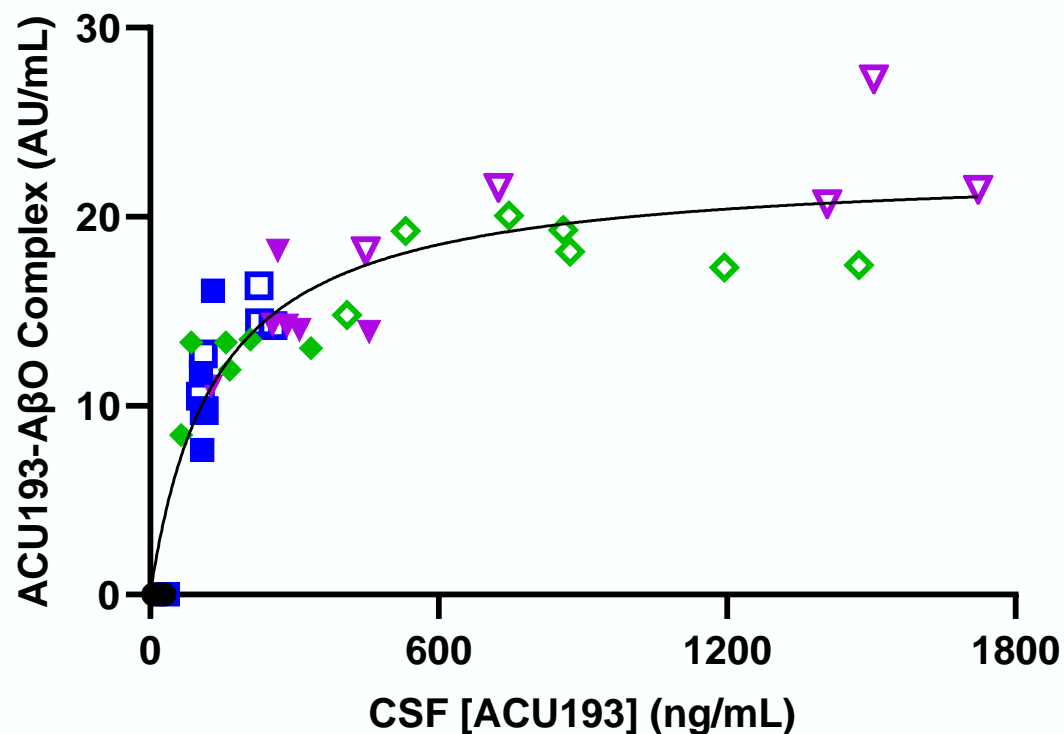
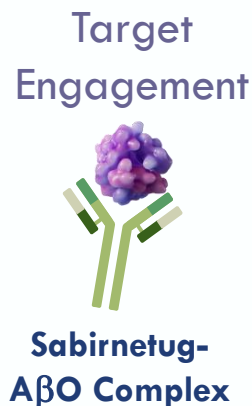
Multiple Dose Cohorts*



*One patient from Cohort 5 (10 mg/kg Q4W) excluded because only received one administration of drug (study drug discontinued after lacunar infarct).

Doses Approaching Maximal Target Engagement Support Sabirnetug A β O Mechanism and Helped Guide Dose Selection for Next Study Phase

Single & Multiple Dose Cohorts - Exposure Response Relationship (Emax Model)

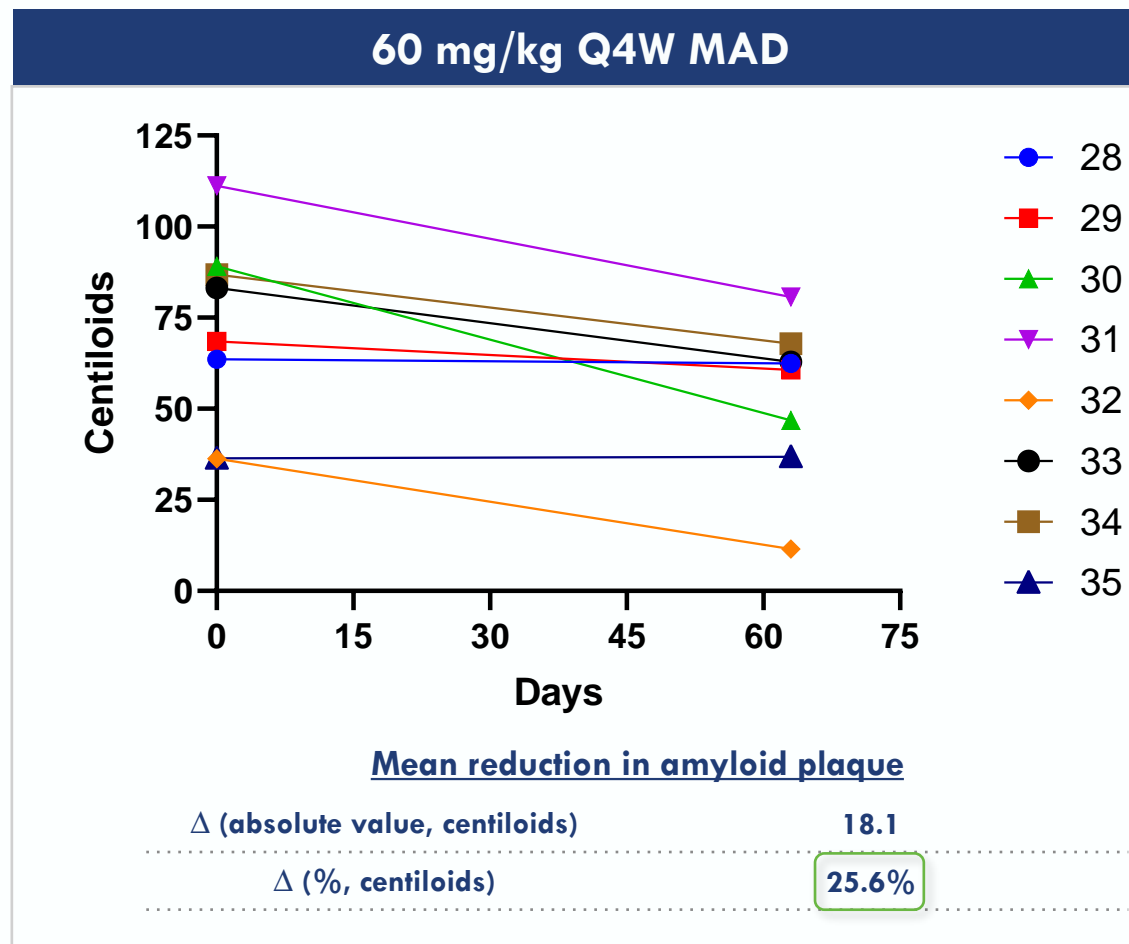
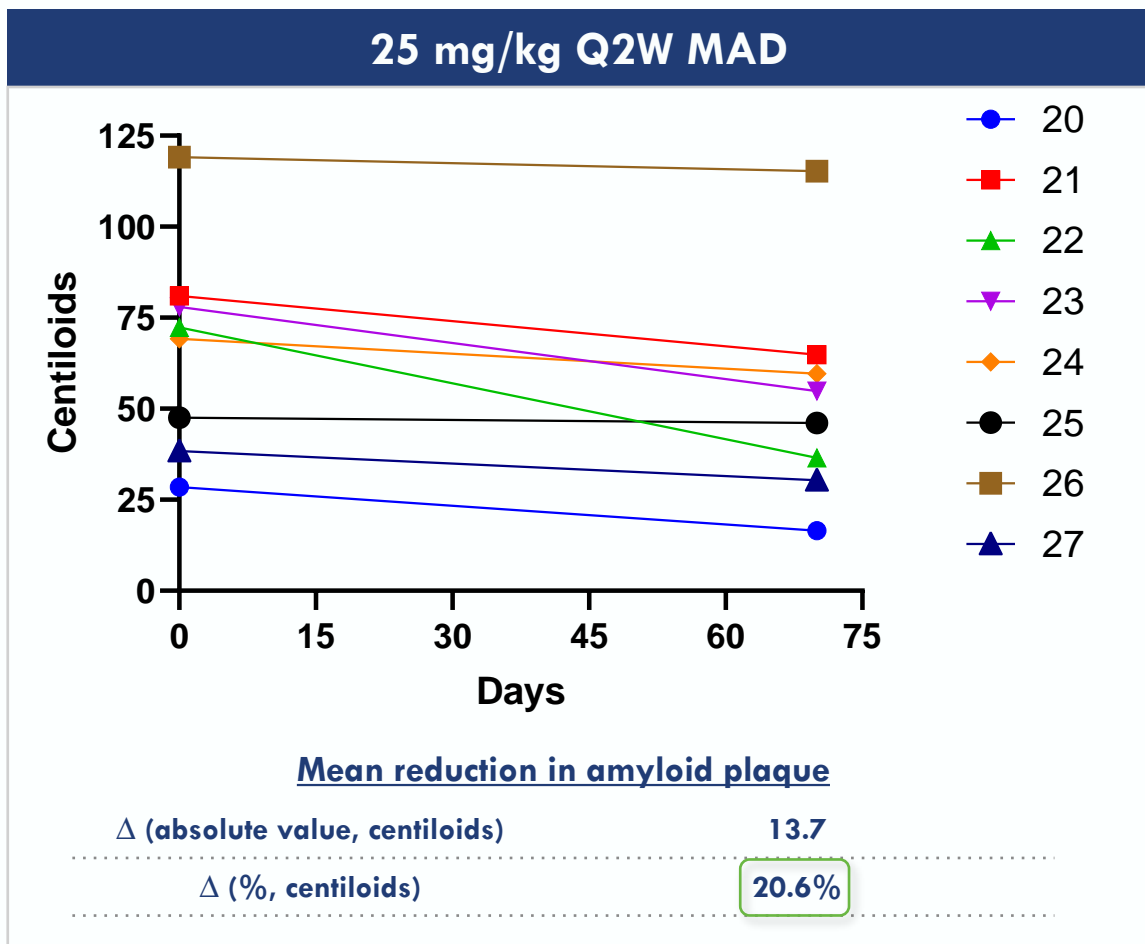


- SAD 2 mg/kg
- SAD 10 mg/kg
- ◆ SAD 25 mg/kg
- ▼ SAD 60 mg/kg
- MAD 10 mg/kg Q4W
- ◇ MAD 25 mg/kg Q2W
- ▽ MAD 60 mg/kg Q4W

Emax: 22.71 AU/mL Complex
EC50: 136 ng/mL sabirnetug

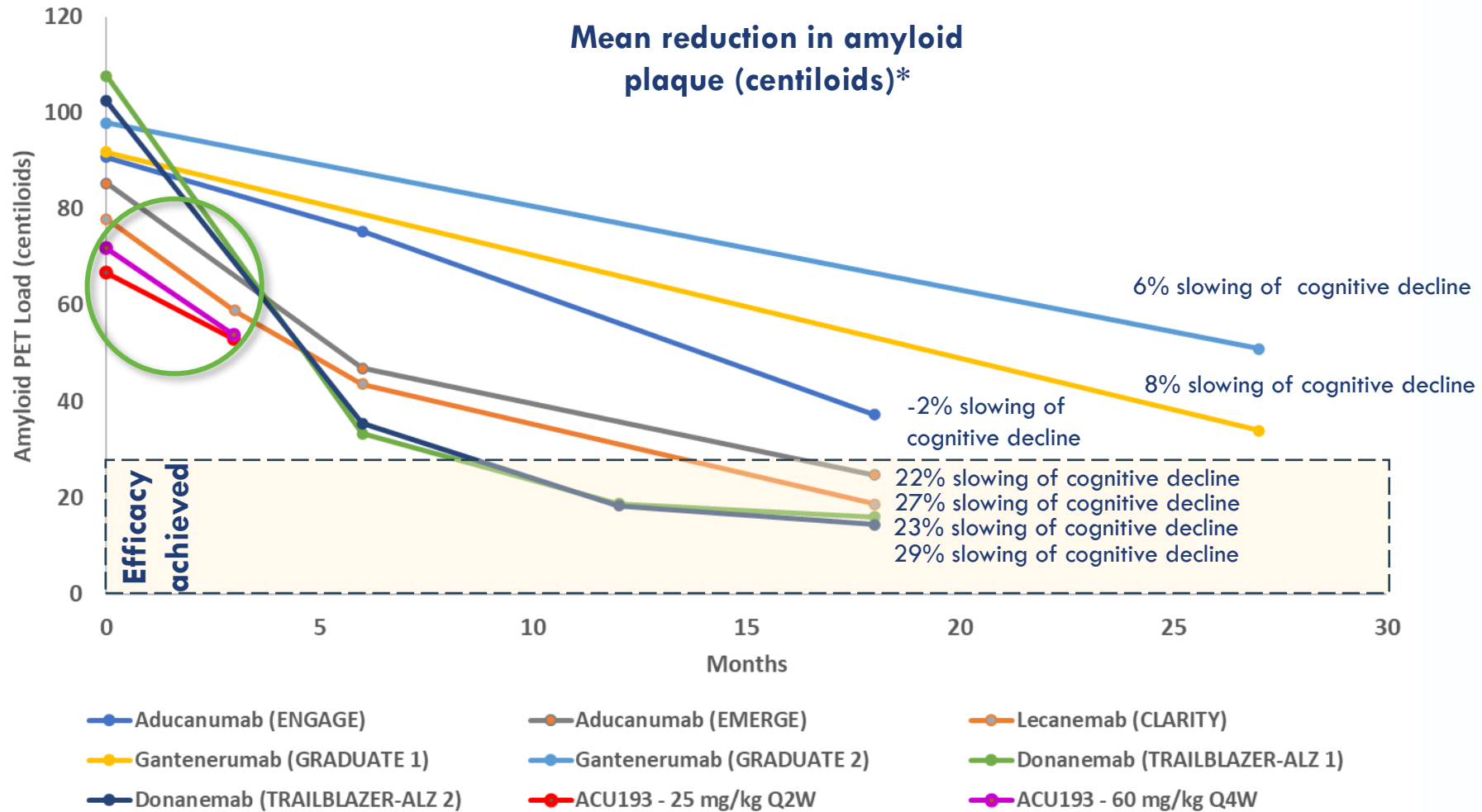
*One patient from Cohort 5 (10 mg/kg Q4W) excluded because only received one administration of drug (study drug discontinued after lacunar infarct).

Nearly All Sabirnetug-Treated Patients in High Dose MAD Cohorts Showed Reductions in Plaque Load After Three Doses at 63 or 70 days



Plaque load based on florbetapir PET

Highest Doses of INTERCEPT-AD Reduced Amyloid Plaque at Similar Rate and Magnitude to Lecanemab at Comparable Timepoints

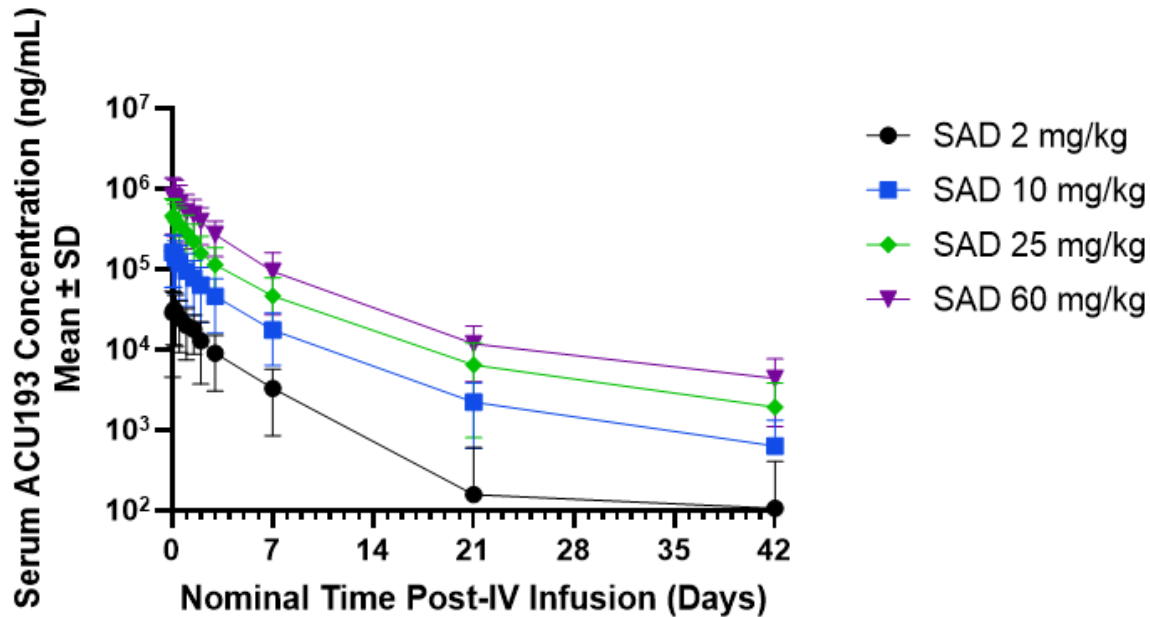


Acumen Pharmaceuticals, data on file; van Dyck (2023), NEJM (amyloid PET reduction estimated from graphs).

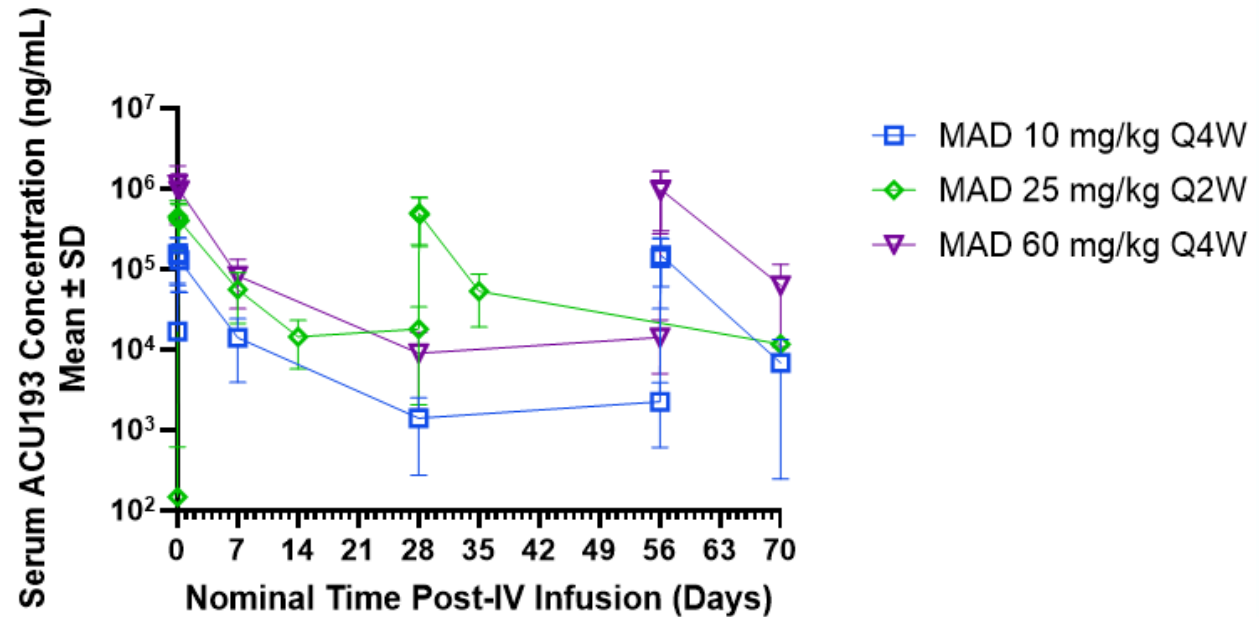
*There have been no head-to-head clinical trials between the product candidates listed above. Study designs and protocols for each product candidate were different, and as a result, results may not be comparable between product candidates.

Sabirnetug Serum Exposure is Dose Proportional Without Accumulation

Single Dose Cohorts



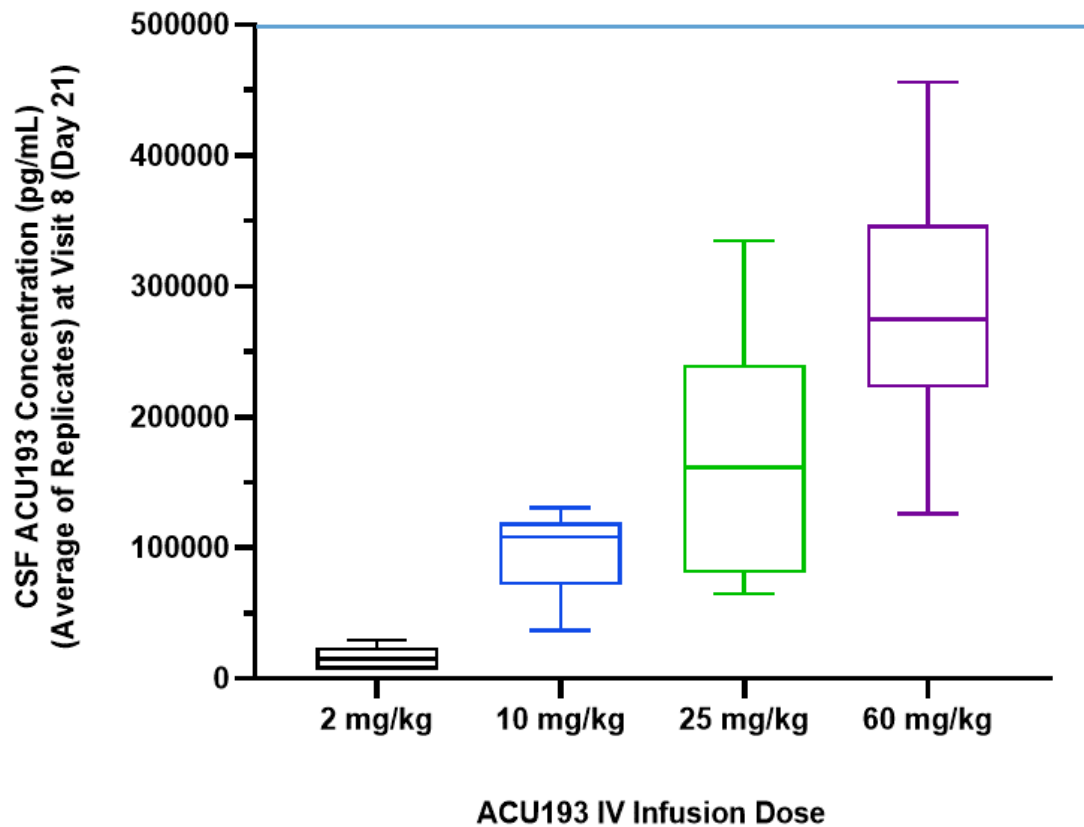
Multiple Dose Cohorts



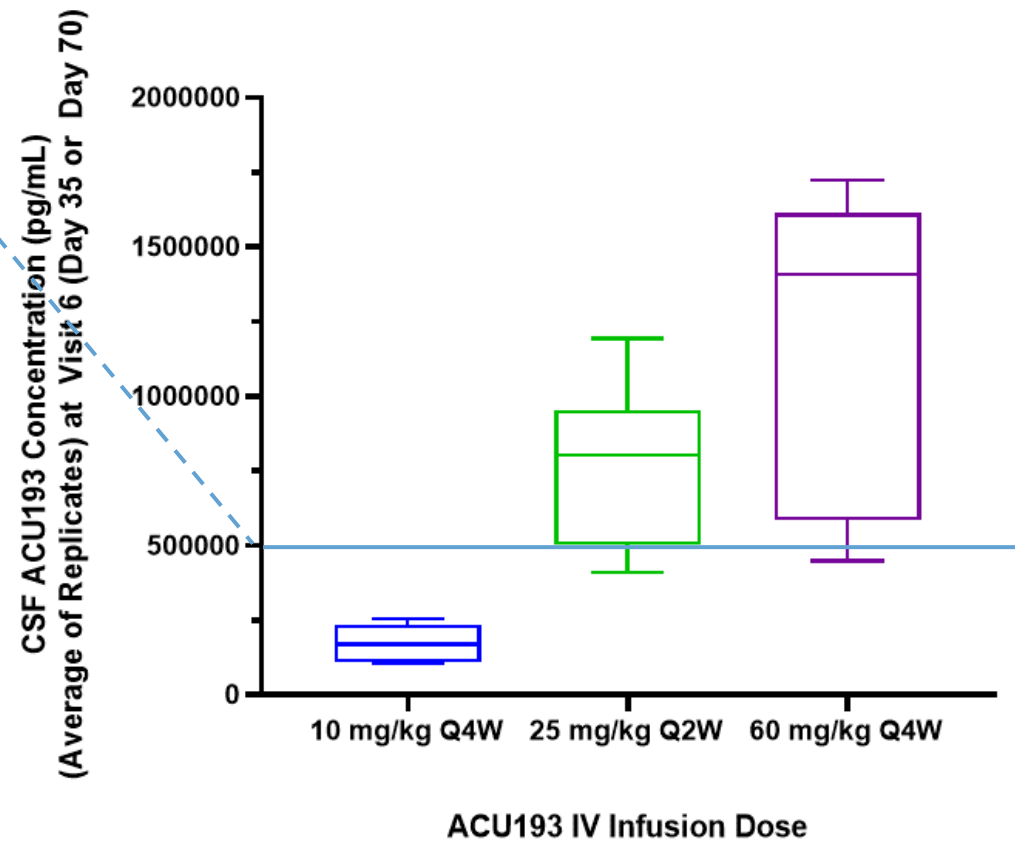
Estimated serum terminal $T_{1/2}$ of 5-7 days

Sabirnetug CSF Exposure is Dose and Dose-Regimen Proportional

Single Dose Cohorts



Multiple Dose Cohorts*

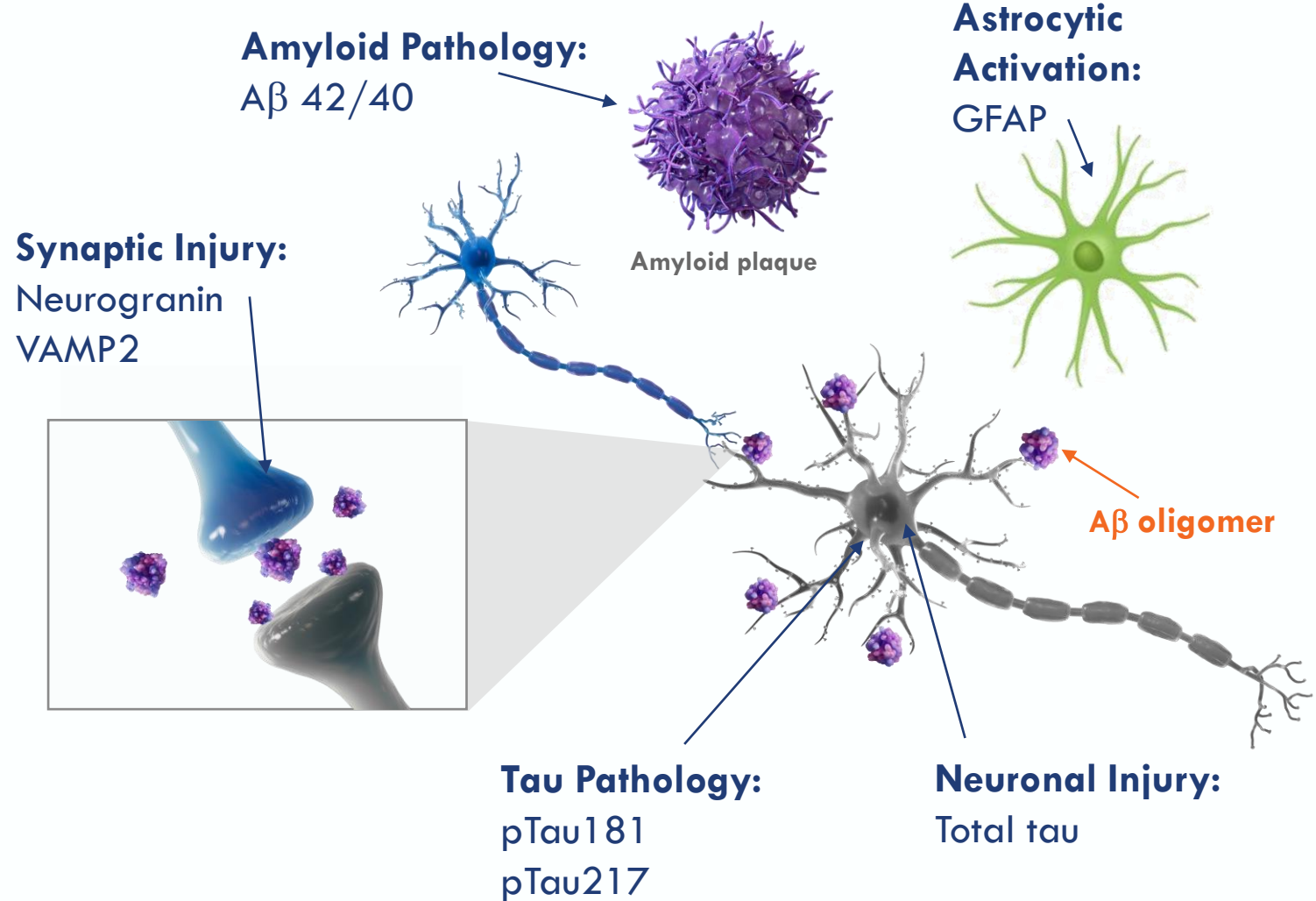


*One patient from Cohort 5 (10 mg/kg Q4W) excluded because only received one administration of drug (study drug discontinued after lacunar infarct).

Importance of Key Fluid Biomarkers Associated with AD Pathology

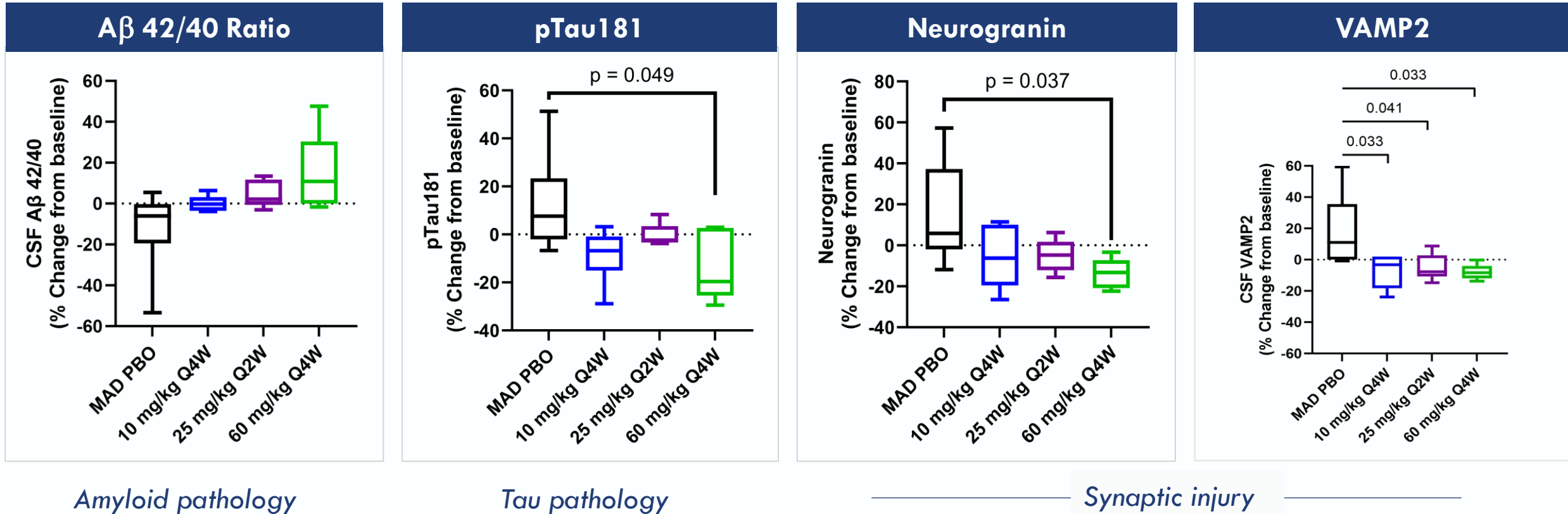
- Biomarkers from cerebrospinal fluid and plasma capture neuronal, synaptic, and axonal injury and reflect the cumulative outcome of different pathological substrates in AD¹
- Evidence suggests that biomarkers are likely to be better predictors of the underlying pathology of AD than imaging alone²

• **After just three administrations of sabirnetug, patients with early AD demonstrated improvements in biomarkers associated with AD pathology**



1. Tarawneh, R. Biomarkers: Our Path Towards a Cure for Alzheimer Disease. Biomarker Insights Volume 15: 1–15. 2020; 2. Blennow K, Zetterberg H. The Past and the Future of Alzheimer's Disease Fluid Biomarkers. J Alzheimers Dis. 2018;62(3):1125-1140.

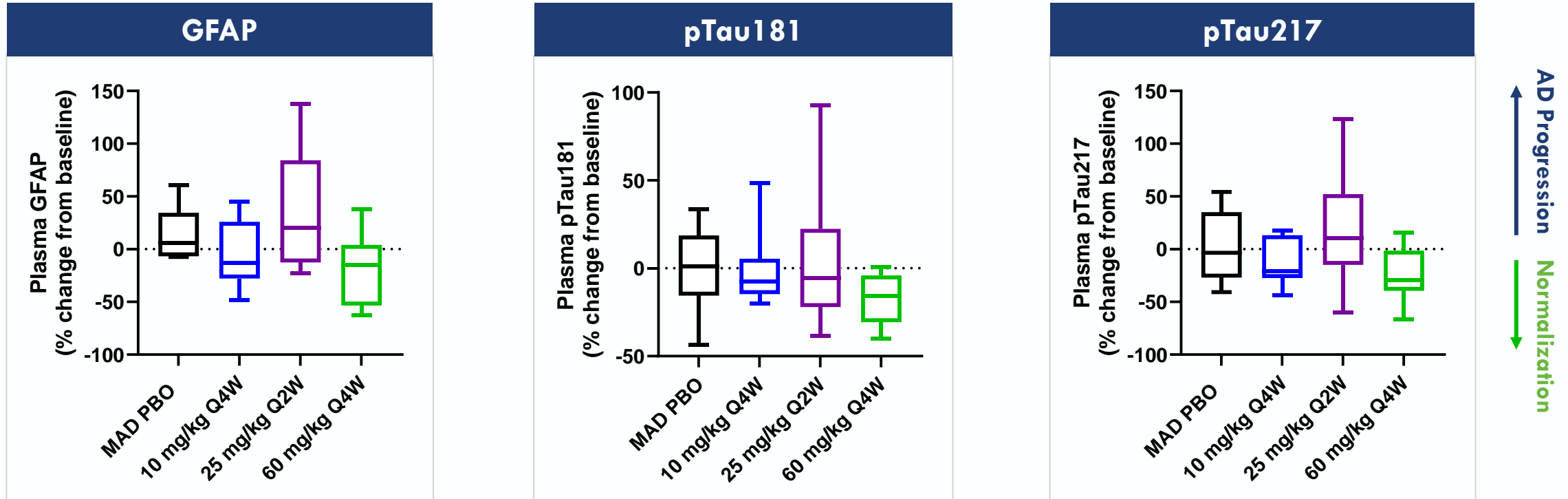
Consistent Improvement in CSF Amyloid, Tau and Synaptic Biomarkers Indicate Downstream Pharmacology of Sabirnetug After Only Three Doses



n = 8 subjects/treated group; 6 subjects in pooled placebo (PBO); p-values from unpaired, 2-sided Student's t test

Trend Toward Normalizing Plasma Biomarkers with 10 mg/kg and 60 mg/kg Q4W

1-6 wk post-dosing



- Plasma measurements of glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP), pTau181, and pTau217 in 10 mg/kg Q4W & 60 mg/kg Q4W groups were lower than placebo
- More impact to fluid biomarkers was observed with longer dosing duration
 - The 25 mg/kg Q2W cohort differed in dose and sample timing, with drug on board for less time than the 10 mg/kg & 60 mg/kg Q4W cohorts

n = 8 subjects/treated group; 6 subjects in pooled placebo (PBO); *p*-values from unpaired, 2-sided Student's *t* test

Sabirnetug Demonstrates Potential for Best-in-Class Safety

Compelling Overall Safety Profile, with Low Incidence of ARIA-E

INTERCEPT-AD Phase 1 Safety Data

5

Total ARIA-E cases,
or ~10%

0

Cases of ARIA-E in
ApoE4 homozygotes
N=6

0

Deaths, SAEs Related
to Study Drug

- ✓ **Limited incidence of ARIA-E**
 - 10 mg/kg Q4W: 1 asymptomatic case
 - 25 mg/kg Q2W: 1 asymptomatic case
 - 60 mg/kg Q4W: 2 asymptomatic cases; 1 symptomatic case
- ✓ **No ARIA-E observed in ApoE4 homozygotes (n=6), despite comprising 13% of study**
 - Differentiated from other antibodies that have ARIA-E rates ~30% to ~40% in participants who are E4-homozygotes
- ✓ **Broad therapeutic index** with convenient monthly dosing
 - Safety profile may support attractive benefit/risk option for large portion of patients

INTERCEPT-AD Phase 1 Data Support Potential for Sabirnetug to Offer Best-in-Class Efficacy and Safety

Key Takeaways from INTERCEPT-AD

Potential for Differentiated Efficacy

- ✓ First mAb to demonstrate selective target engagement of A β O $_2$ s (most toxic form of A β)
- ✓ Rapid, significant plaque reduction comparable to the current market front-runners at similar timepoints
- ✓ Improvement of AD biomarkers in CSF and plasma are a strong indication of downstream effects

Potential for Differentiated Safety

- ✓ Compelling safety profile with low incidence of ARIA-E
- ✓ Absence of ARIA-E observed in ApoE4 homozygotes
- ✓ Broad therapeutic index with convenient monthly dosing

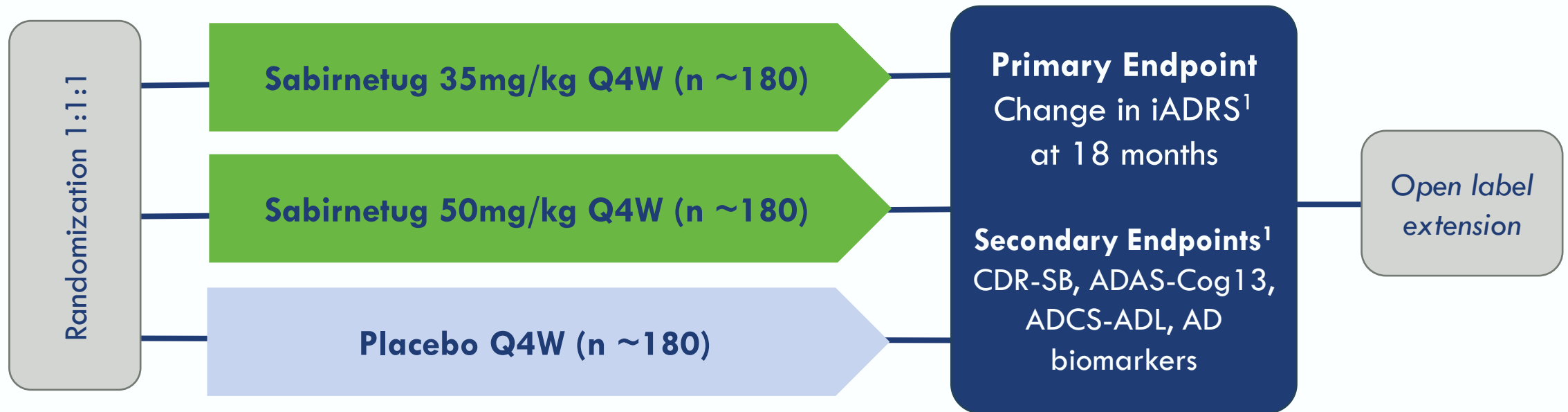
Clinical Development Plans & Strategic Considerations

ALTITUDE-AD Study

Currently Enrolling

Objective: To evaluate the clinical efficacy, safety and tolerability of sabirnetug

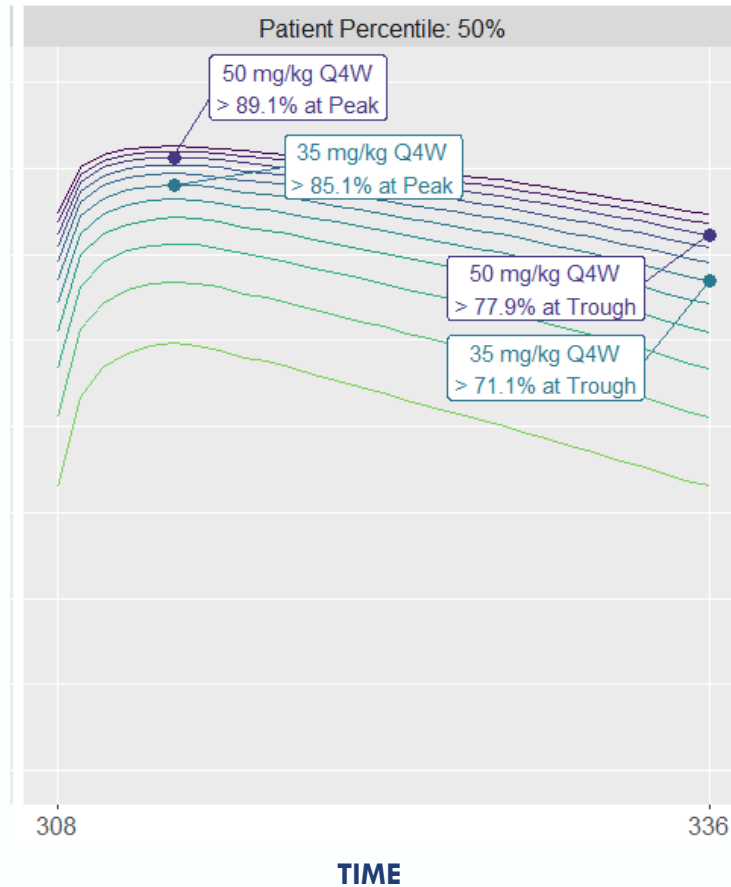
Patient population: Patients with early AD (MCI or mild dementia due to early AD)



1. iADRS: Integrated Alzheimer's Disease Rating Scale; CDR-SB: Clinical Dementia Rating – Sum of Boxes; ADAS-cog: Alzheimer's Disease Assessment Scale – Cognitive Subscale; ADCS-ADL: Alzheimer's Disease Cooperative Study – Activities of Daily Living

Simulated CSF Target Engagement at Steady-State for ALTITUDE-AD Doses

CSF target engagement was simulated at a candidate list of doses given Q4W at steady-state



Ph2 Dosing Strategy (ALTITUDE-AD)

lower dose: 35 mg/kg Q4W

upper dose: 50 mg/kg Q4W

- Notable **diminishing differentiation** as dose increases
- Doses were selected with **peak-trough** variation in mind: select doses based on trough (end of dosing interval) CSF engagement

Regimen

10 mg/kg Q4W	20 mg/kg Q4W	30 mg/kg Q4W	40 mg/kg Q4W	50 mg/kg Q4W	60 mg/kg Q4W
15 mg/kg Q4W	25 mg/kg Q4W	35 mg/kg Q4W	45 mg/kg Q4W	55 mg/kg Q4W	

Sabirnetug Subcutaneous Formulation Under Development in Collaboration with Halozyme

Potential to Broaden Patient Access and Increase Treatment Convenience



- Announced partnership with Halozyme in November 2023 to develop subcutaneous dosing option for sabirnetug
- Halozyme's drug delivery technology, ENHANZE[®], is commercially validated in eight approved therapies available in 100+ countries, with >800,000 patients treated
- Current sabirnetug potential target product profile inclusive of no more than single weekly injection

Phase 1 bioavailability study ongoing to compare the pharmacokinetics of subcutaneous form of sabirnetug to the IV form

Ongoing Phase 1 Subcutaneous Healthy Volunteer Study

Topline Results Expected in Q1 2025

Population:

- Healthy volunteers
- Age matched to AD population in sabirnetug Phase 1 (INTERCEPT-AD) study

IV dose (1/month)
(n = 12)

Subcutaneous dose
(1/week)
(n = 16)

Output:

- Safety
- Subcutaneous bioavailability
- Information on flat dosing

Acumen Leadership Team

Experienced in AD/Neuro Drug Development



DANIEL O'CONNELL
Chief Executive Officer
ACUMEN
neuroventures



JAMES DOHERTY, PHD
President &
Chief Development Officer
ACUMEN
Sage Therapeutics AstraZeneca



ERIC SIEMERS, MD
Chief Medical Officer
ACUMEN
Lilly



MATT ZUGA
Chief Financial Officer &
Chief Business Officer
ACUMEN
HIGHCAPE PARTNERS



RUSSELL BARTON
Chief Operating Officer
ACUMEN
Lilly



JANICE HITCHCOCK, PHD
VP, Regulatory Affairs
ACUMEN
Lilly



LEAN SCHENK
VP, Head of CMC
ACUMEN
Lilly Lonza
NOVAVAX



SIEW TIN GAN
Head of Clinical
Operations
ACUMEN
Lundbeck Takeda



ROBERT DEAN, MD, PHD
Sr. Development Advisor,
Biomarkers and Analytical
Methods
ACUMEN
Lilly



JASNA JERICIC, PHD
Analytical Methods
Leader, Research Scientist
ACUMEN



DEREK MEISNER, JD
Chief Legal Officer
ACUMEN
X4 PHARMACEUTICALS
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION



JULIE BOCKENSTETTE
Executive Vice President,
Head of HR
ACUMEN
Roche Lilly

Acumen team has decades of experience in Alzheimer's drug discovery and development

Sabirnetug IP & Market Exclusivity

- Exclusive, perpetual, irrevocable, worldwide, royalty-free license from Merck to its Amyloid Derived Diffusile Ligand (ADDL) IP including issued sabirnetug patents
- Sabirnetug Global IP estate:
 - ✓ Issued patents in 19 countries
 - ✓ Composition of matter patents and methods of use run into July 2031
 - ✓ Patent term extensions may be available, 3-5 years depending on jurisdiction
- Biologics market exclusivity is expected for sabirnetug as a novel biologic drug
 - ✓ US provides 12 years market exclusivity for novel biologics
 - ✓ Europe provides 10 years of market exclusivity for novel biologics

Milestones Achieved in 2024 and Anticipated in 2025

MILESTONES	STATUS/ EXPECTED TIMING
Initiation of ALTITUDE-AD Phase 2 trial	✓
Initiation of Phase 1 subcutaneous trial	✓
Expected Phase 1 subcutaneous topline results	1 Q25
Expected completion of enrollment of ALTITUDE-AD	TBD

~\$281M

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of June. 30, 2024

We believe that Acumen has the expertise and resources to advance sabirnetug into the first half of 2027

Summary

Key Takeaways

- ✓ Significant and growing Alzheimer's population in need of additional treatment options
- ✓ Sabirnetug demonstrates high selectivity for toxic A β O_s in AD patients
- ✓ Positive Phase 1 data strengthen potential for sabirnetug to offer best-in-class efficacy and safety
- ✓ Phase 2 IV study and Phase 1 subcutaneous study ongoing

Next Steps

- ➔ Anticipate Phase 1 subcutaneous healthy volunteer topline results in Q1 2025
- ➔ Currently enrolling Phase 2 ALTITUDE-AD study

Appendix

www.acumenpharm.com

Preclinical Data

Sabirnetug: Extensive Data Package Supporting Development

SELECTIVITY

- Nanomolar affinity for A β O_s, >500-fold greater selectivity for A β O_s over A β monomer, with limited or no discernable binding to vascular amyloid or dense core amyloid plaques
- Binds broad range of endogenous A β , from dimers to high molecular weight A β O_s

PHARMACOLOGY

- Dose-dependent effects in multiple in vitro neuroprotection assays
- Positive memory and behavioral effects in multiple in vivo transgenic mouse models for AD

PK/PD

- Brain penetration and biodistribution demonstrated in multiple species
- Performs like other peripherally administered CNS mAbs

SAFETY

- IgG2 subclass lacks inflammatory effector function signaling (Fc γ R binding)
- Nonclinical microhemorrhage studies show no increased risk of microhemorrhage
- GLP studies demonstrated acceptable safety supporting clinical dosing plans including Ph 2



Frontiers in Neuroscience

REVIEW
published: 26 April 2022
doi: 10.3389/fnins.2022.848215

ACU193: An Immunotherapeutic Poised to Test the Amyloid β Oligomer Hypothesis of Alzheimer's Disease

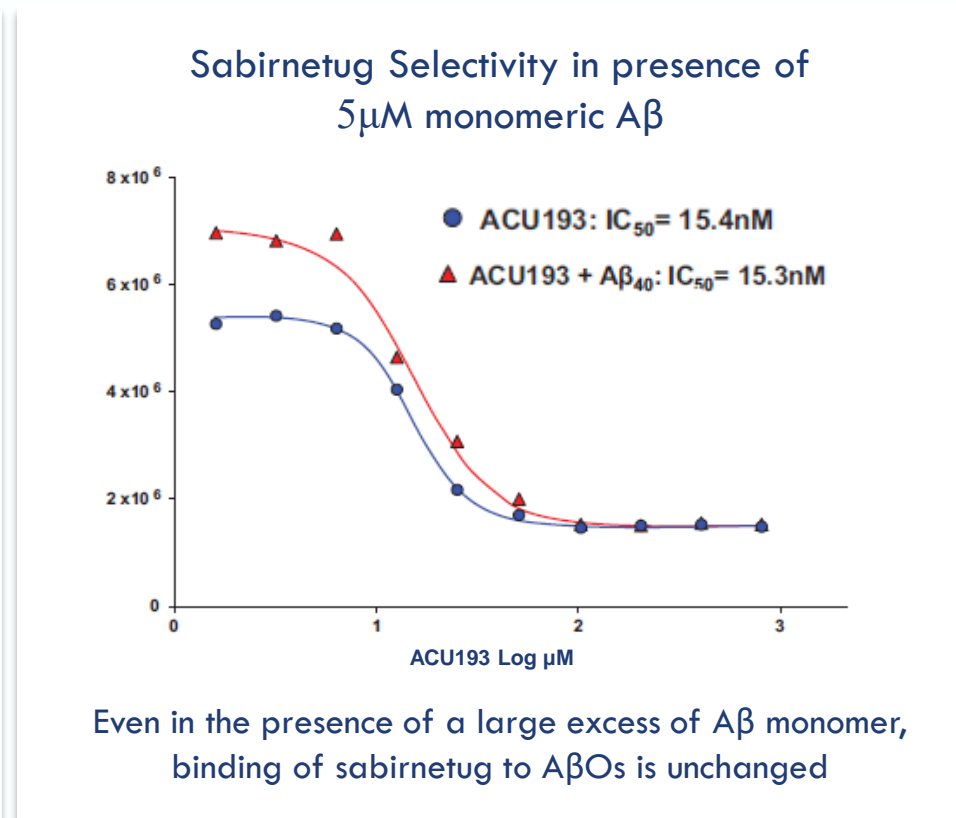
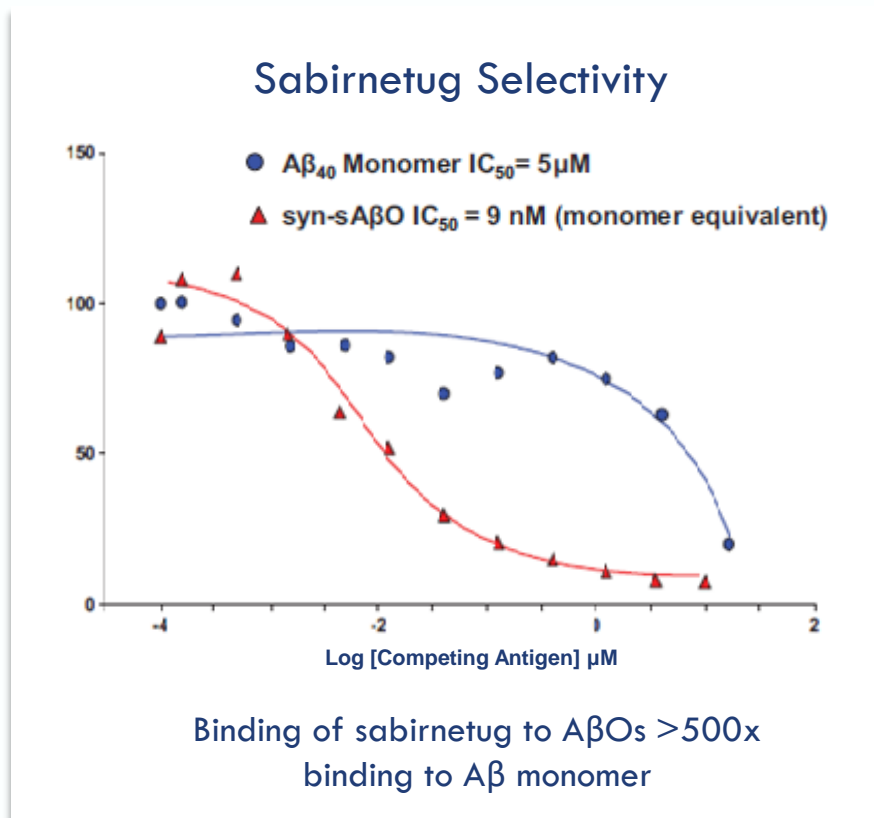
Grant A. Krafft*, Jasna Jerecic, Eric Siemers and Erika N. Cline

Acumen Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Charlottesville, VA, United States

Sabirnetug is a promising immunotherapy for early AD expected to provide meaningful cognitive and functional benefits, slow disease progression, and offer an attractive safety profile.

Sabirnetug is the First mAb Developed to Selectively Target A β O_s

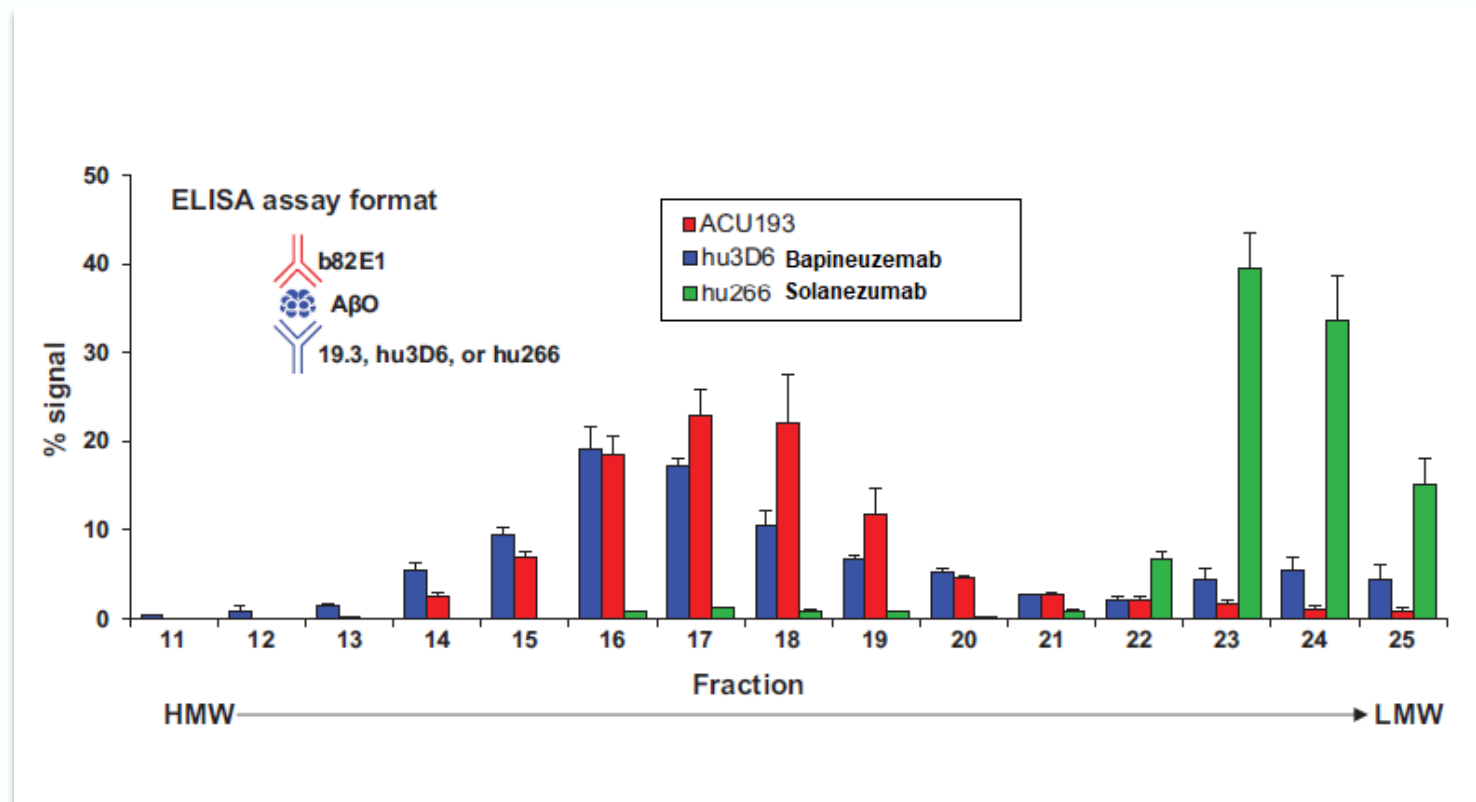
Highly selective for A β oligomers versus A β monomers



Sabirnetug selective for binding to A β O_s is preserved even in the presence of a large excess of A β monomers – such as what is present in the brain, thus limiting ‘target distraction’

Sabirnetug Binds to a Wide Range of Oligomeric Species of A β

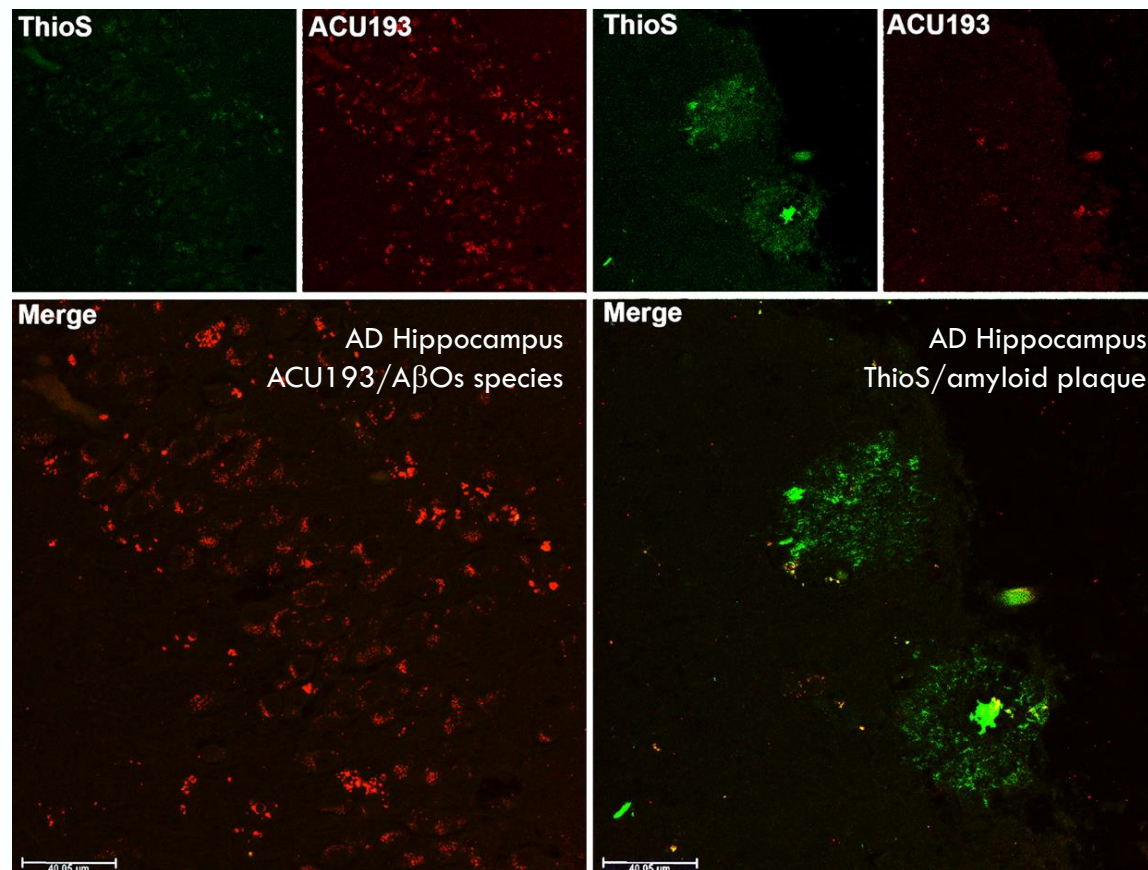
Comparison of A β species-mAb complex signals across SEC fractions



Sabirnetug binds to oligomeric species of A β that are differentiated from those bound by hu266 (solanezumab) or hu3D6 (bapineuzemab)

Sabirnetug is Highly Selective for A β O_s Versus A β Plaques

Sabirnetug staining in human AD brain slices sabirnetug (red) binds non-Thioflavin S positive A β (green)

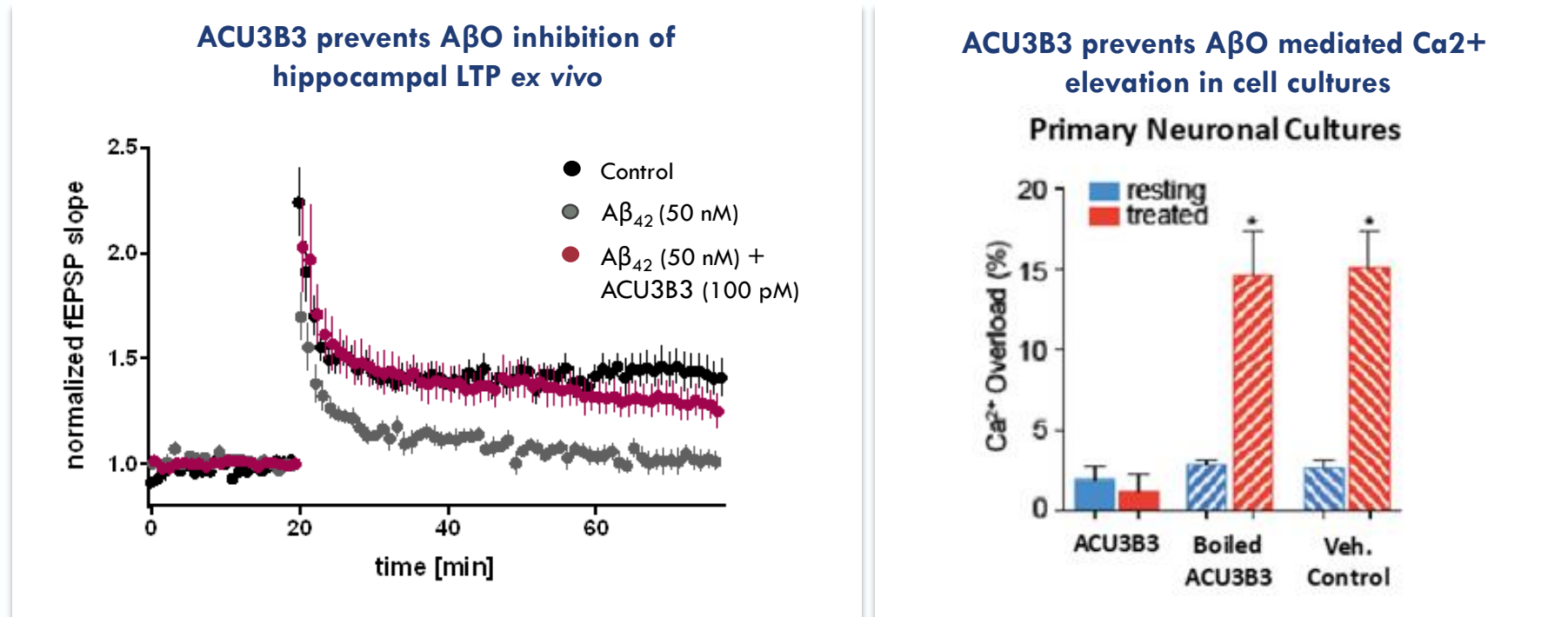


Sabirnetug has little or no binding to thioflavin S positive fibrillar A β plaque in human AD brain tissue

Sources: E. Cline et al. CTAD 2019.

A β O_s Bind to Neurons and are Toxic; Mouse Analogue of Sabirnetug Prevents Toxicity

After binding to neurons, A β O_s disrupt Long Term Potentiation (LTP) and cause pathologic increases in intracellular calcium that is destructive to cells.

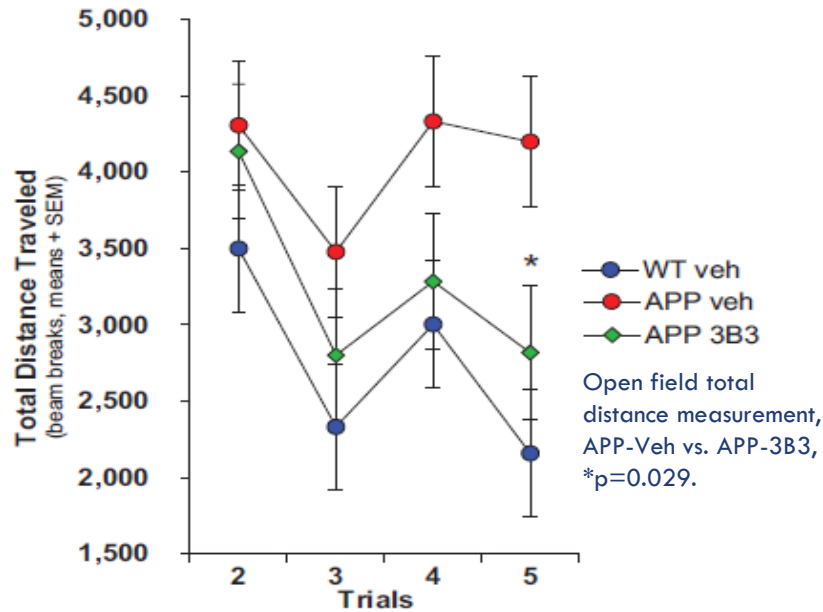


Note: (1) ACU3B3 is the mouse monoclonal antibody precursor to and equivalent of humanized sabirnetug (ACU193)

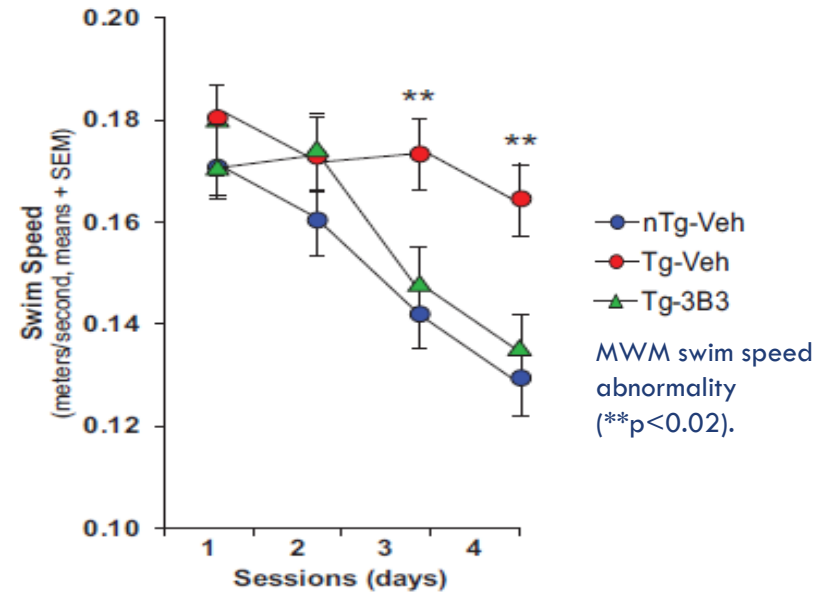
ACU3B3 prevents changes in aberrant neuronal activity thought to underlie memory loss in AD and prevents A β O mediated disruption of calcium homeostasis in neuronal cultures

Treatment of a Transgenic Mouse Model of AD Results in Behavioral Improvements

Murine parent version of sabirnetug (ACU3B3) was used to treat younger mice with depositing plaque or older mice with abundant plaque

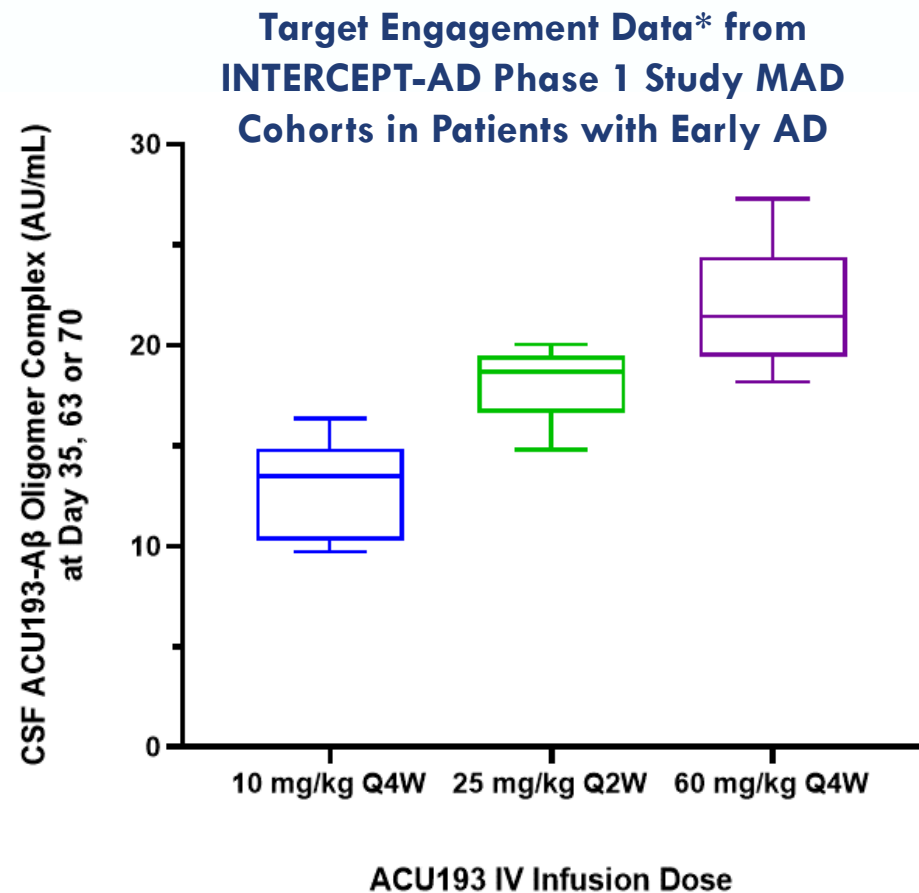
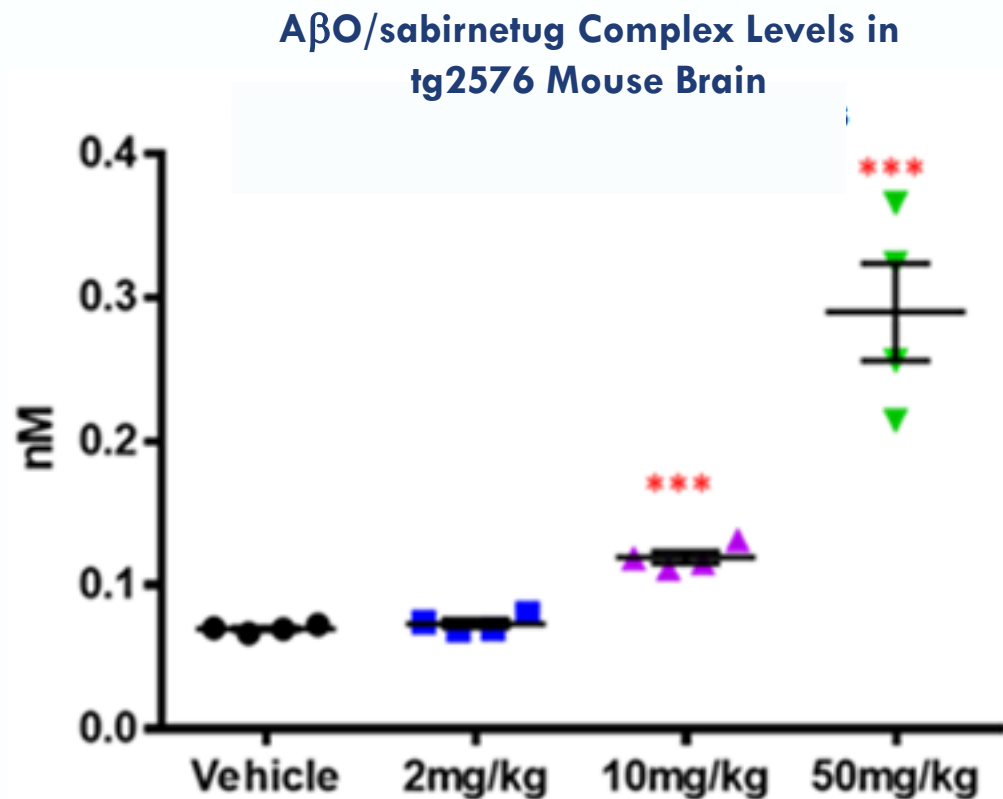


Deficits in younger (5-7 months) transgenic mice are markedly reduced with treatment



Deficits in older (9-10 months) transgenic mice are markedly reduced with treatment

Sabirnetug Enters the CNS and Binds to A β O_s in Transgenic Mice and Patients with Early AD in a Dose Dependent Manner



Sabirnetug engages target A β O_s in transgenic mouse brain (tg2576) and is found in CSF of patients with early AD

*One patient from Cohort 5 (10 mg/kg Q4W) excluded because only received one administration of drug (study drug discontinued after lacunar infarct).