

Investor Presentation

Q2 2024

July 25, 2024

Disclaimer

Information contained in this presentation is current as of the Q2 2024 earnings date

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to financial information presented in accordance with GAAP, this presentation includes non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP net income (loss), non-GAAP net income (loss) per share, Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA Margin, and Free Cash Flow, each of which is a non-GAAP financial measure. These are key measures used by our management to help us analyze our financial results, establish budgets and operational goals for managing our business, evaluate our performance, and make strategic decisions. Accordingly, we believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results in the same manner as our management and board of directors. In addition, we believe these measures are useful for period-to-period comparisons of our business. We also believe that the presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures provides an additional tool for investors to use in comparing our core business and results of operations over multiple periods with other companies in our industry, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to investors, and to analyze our cash performance. However, the non-GAAP financial measures presented may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies due to differences in the way that these measures are calculated. These non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as analytical tools.

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Any statements contained in this presentation that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terms such as: "accelerate," "anticipate, "believe," "can," "continue," "could," "demand," "design", "estimate," "expand," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "mission," "need", "objective," "ongoing," "outlook", "plan," "potential," "project," "project," "should," "target," "will," "would," or the negative of these terms, or other comparable terminology intended to identify statements about the future. These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding our ability to enable a new era of education to better meet the needs of a changing global workforce; our belief regarding the accessibility of high quality education to learners anywhere in the world, including through the acceleration of our machine-learning translation initiative to meet the needs of learners coming to Coursera; the expected benefits of our differentiated catalog of high-quality, branded industry micro-credentials and its anticipated impact on our financial performance; our ability to invest in our platform's multiple growth opportunities while demonstrating leverage and scale in our operating model; the anticipated features and benefits of our AI initiatives, expanded talent and skills development partnerships, new certificate and degree programs and partnerships, and our learning platform and offerings (including our machine-learning translation initiative, credit recommendations, new degree pathways, Coursera Coach, and Course Builder); the potential of our stock repurchase programs to reduce the impact of stock dilution; our mission to provide universal access to world-class learning; the demand for online learning; anticipated features and benefits of our customer and educator partner relationships and our content and platform offerings; the anticipated utility of our non-GAAP financial measures; anticipated growth rates; and our financial outlook, future financial and operational performance, and expectations, among others. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements to be materially different from the information expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following; our ability to attract, engage, and retain learners; our ability to increase sales of our offerings; our limited operating history; the relative nascency of online learning solutions and generative AI; risks related to market acceptance and demand for our offerings; our ability to maintain and expand our existing educator partner relationships and to develop new partnerships; our dependence on our educator partners' content; risks related to our AI innovations and AI generally; our ability to compete effectively; adverse impacts on our business and financial condition due to macroeconomic or market conditions; our ability to manage our growth; regulatory matters impacting us or our educator partners; risks related to intellectual property; cybersecurity and privacy risks and regulations; potential disruptions to our platform; risks related to operations, regulatory, economic, and geopolitical conditions, current and future legal proceedings, the impact of actions to improve operational efficiencies and operating costs, our history of net losses and ability to achieve or sustain profitability, pandemics or similar widespread health crises, and our status as a certified B Corp, as well as the risks and uncertainties discussed in our most recently filed periodic reports on Forms 10-K and 10-O and subsequent filings and as detailed from time to time in our SEC filings. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee that the future results, levels of activity, performance, or events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements relate only to events as of the date of this presentation. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements except to the extent required by law.

11% revenue growth in Q2'24 driven by complementary segments and shared advantages



Targeting **positive Adjusted EBITDA margin of ~4%** for full year 2024

coursera

Investment Highlights



Global learning platform serving **155 million registered learners**



Strong balance sheet allows us to invest in our long-term strategy



Reinventing the \$2+ trillion higher education market amidst increasing demand for online learning



Efficient **low-cost acquisition** driven by branded content, freemium model, & learner base



Unified platform delivers courses, certificates, & degrees from 325+ universities & industry partners



Public Benefit Corporation founded on the belief that learning has the power to change the world

Coursera data, as of June 30, 2024. Q2 2024 INVESTOR PRESENTATION

Diversified model with three segments

	Segment	How we generate revenue	Q2 202	4
			Revenue	Segment Margin ¹
<u></u>	CONSUMER	Learners can watch video lectures for free and can pay to earn course certificates upon completion. Individuals pay for single courses or subscriptions for multi-course offerings.	\$97.3M +12% y/y	54% 46% content cost
	ENTERPRISE	Institutions can access our catalog of learning products (excluding Degrees) and pay for annual seat license subscriptions or enterprise license agreements.	\$58.7M +8% y/y	68% 32% content cost
\rightarrow	DEGREES	Universities partner with us to develop and deliver online degrees programs and pay Coursera a percentage fee based on student tuition.	\$14.3M +14% y/y	100% no content cost
	TOTAL		\$170.3M +11% y/y	

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Our global learning ecosystem

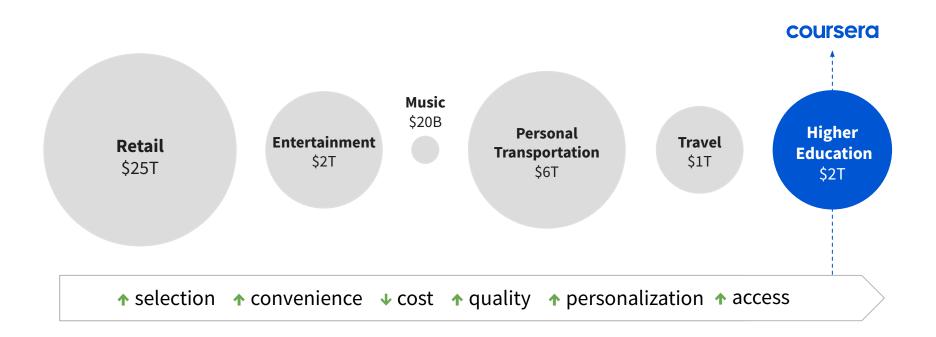
Financial results & outlook

Appendix



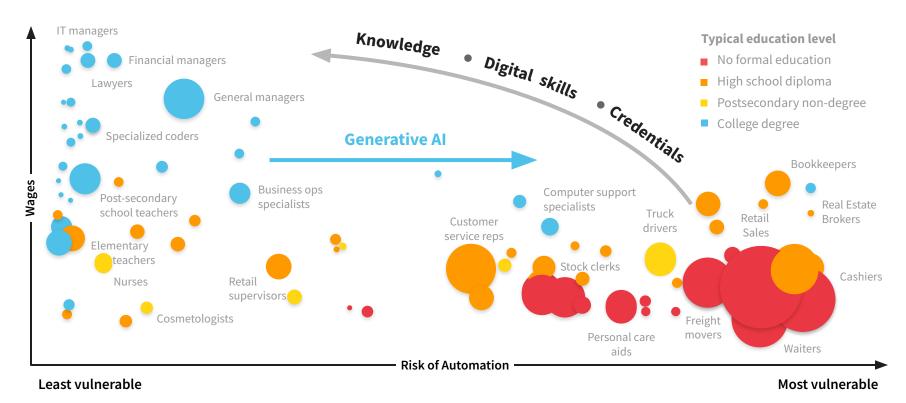
Higher education is being replatformed

The force of technology is transforming industry after industry, but higher education has seen relatively little innovation



Low-skilled jobs are at risk of automation

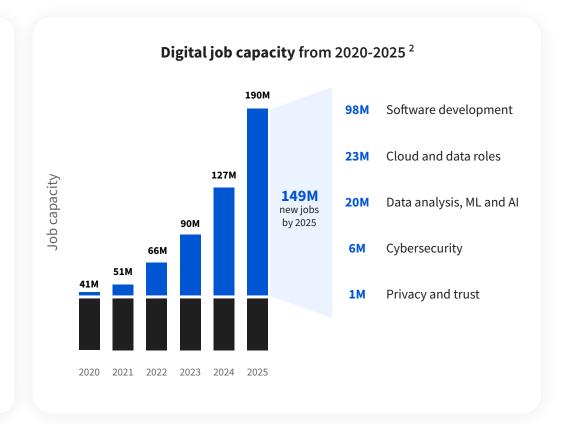
Al has the potential to impact an entire new class of knowledge workers, unleashing a **new wave of reskilling imperatives**



Emerging jobs require digital skills and can be done remotely

Top 10 jobs with increasing demand $^{\mathrm{1}}$

- Data Analyst and Scientists
- **2** Al / ML Learning Specialists
- 3 Big Data Specialists
- 4 Digital Marketing and Strategy Specialists
- 5 Process Automation Specialists
- **6** Business Development Professionals
- 7 Digital Transformation Specialists
- 8 Information Security Analysts
- **9** Software / Application Developers
- **10** Internet of Things Specialists



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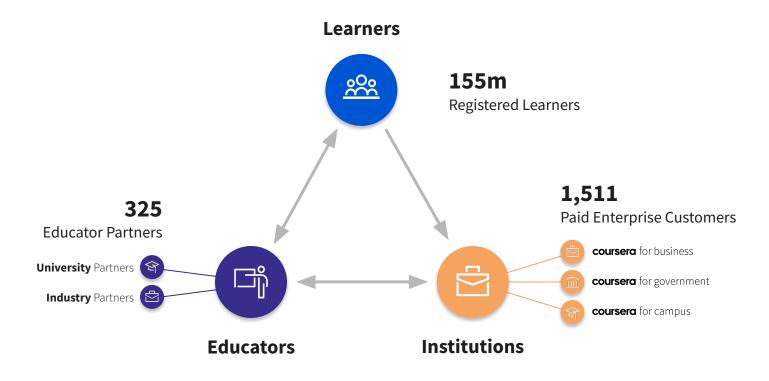
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Coursera's global learning ecosystem

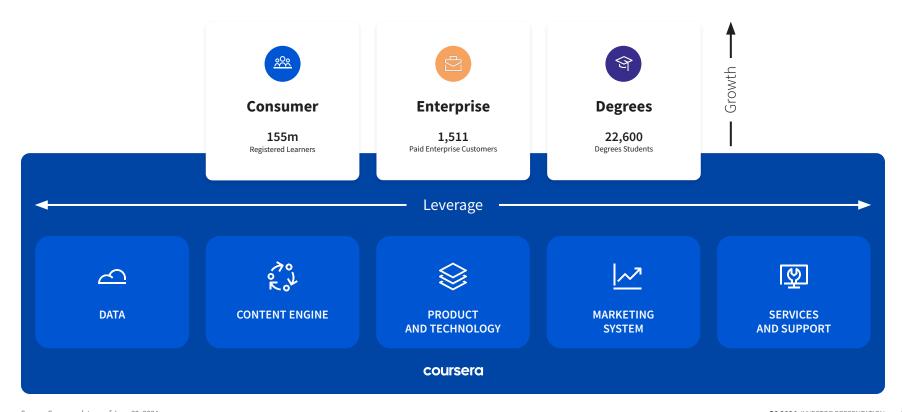
Our founding created a set of **differentiated assets** that position Coursera for the trends shaping higher education



Source: Coursera data as of June 30, 2024. Q2 2024 INVESTOR PRESENTATION

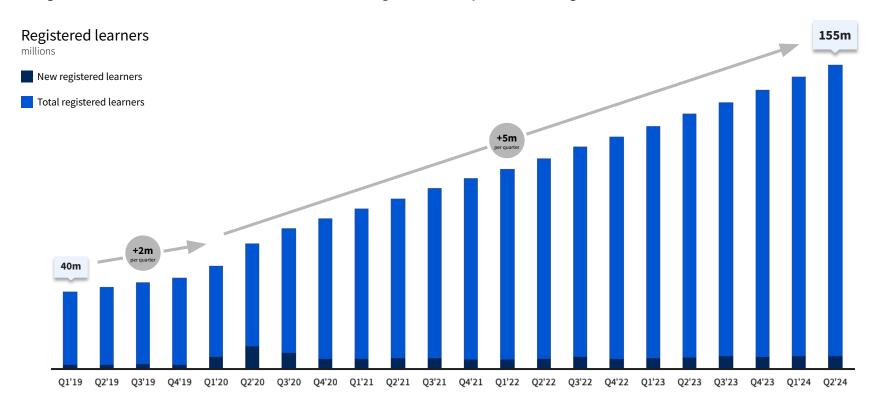
Segments are served by a unified, scalable platform

Investments benefit from multiple channels of distribution and broad applications



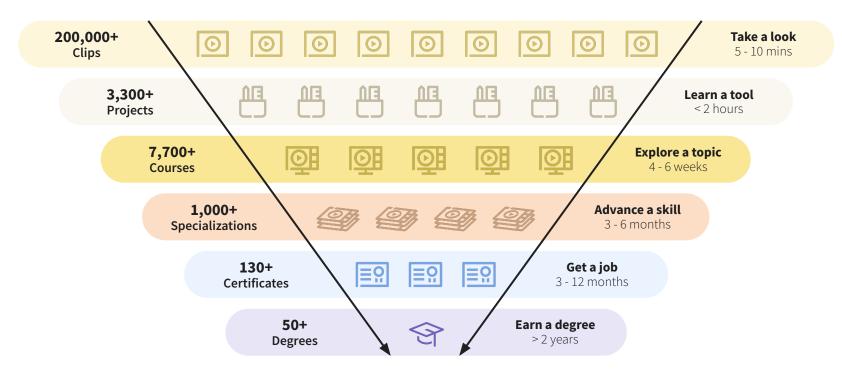
Robust top-of-funnel fuels our competitive advantages

Our global reach attracts world-class universities and recognized industry leaders looking to teach the world

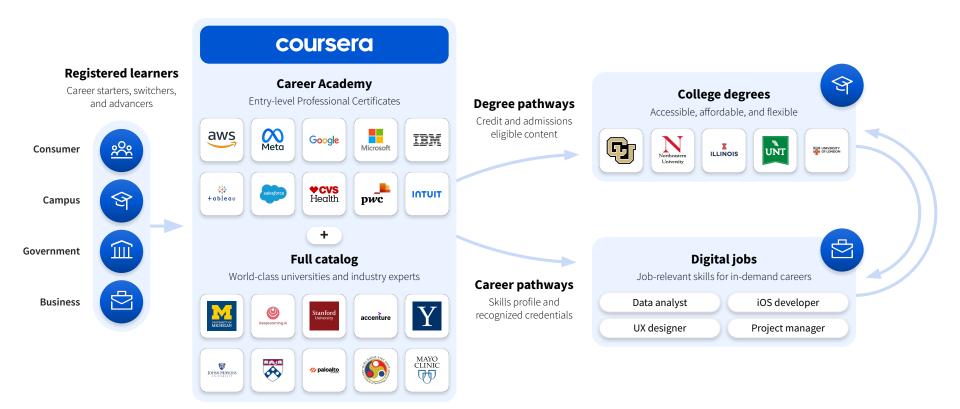


World-class content & credentials in stackable formats

Our catalog was designed to serve learners at every stage of their career



High-quality content creates pathways to degrees and jobs



Transforming Coursera with generative Al

Our partners, data, and global scale provide unique opportunities to address individual and institutional demand for emerging skills

Skills development

delivered through world-class brands and trusted credentials





empowers our ecosystem of learners, educators, and institutions





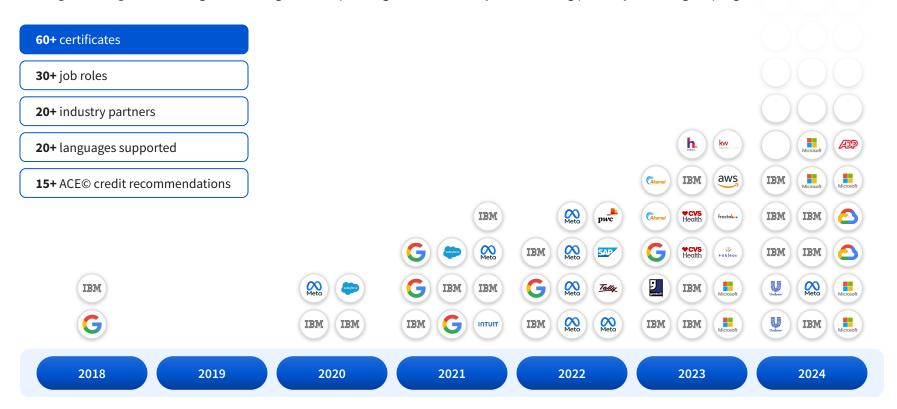






Rapid expansion of our entry-level Professional Certificates

Strategic catalog asset driving Consumer growth, expanding Career Academy, and creating pathways into degree programs



Ramping portfolio of degree programs

Business & Management



Data Science & Analytics



Computer Science & Engineering



Public Health





Social Science



Cybersecurity



Liberal Arts





45 master's degrees, 9 bachelor's degrees, 2 postgraduate diplomas | 29 international, 27 U.S.

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coursera

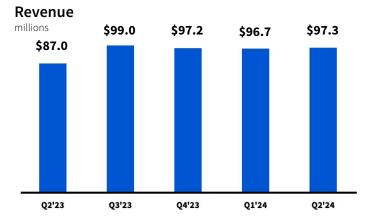
Consumer

\$97.3M

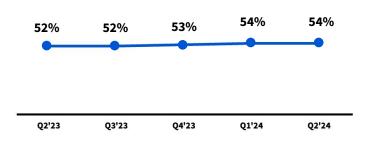
+12% y/y

Growth in Coursera Plus amid learner demand for entry-level Professional Certificates and generative AI credentials

Added ~7 million new Registered Learners during the quarter for a total base of 155 million¹



Segment margin² percentage of Consumer revenue



Enterprise

\$58.7M

+8% y/y

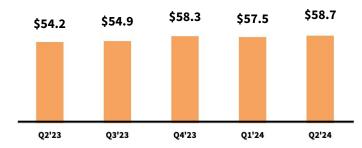
Growth across our business, government, and campus verticals

Total number of Paid Enterprise Customers increased **+17%** y/y to **1,511**¹

Net Retention Rate (NRR) for Paid Enterprise Customers was **93%**¹

Revenue

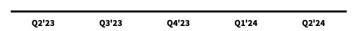
millions



Segment margin²

percentage of Enterprise revenue





¹ See Appendix slide "Key Business Metrics Definitions" for more information.

² Defined as segment revenue less content costs in our audited financial statements.
3 Included a one-time benefit of a contract amendment with one of our educator partners, which increased our Enterprise segment margin by 4 percentage points.

Degrees

\$14.3M

+14% y/y

Growth in new students and scaling of new programs

Degrees Students reached **22,600**, up **+19%** y/y¹

Revenue

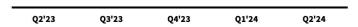
millions



Segment margin²

percentage of Degrees revenue





 $^{{\}tt 1\,See\,Appendix\,slide\,"Key\,Business\,Metrics\,Definitions"} for more information.$

² There is no content cost attributable to the Degrees segment as students pay tuition directly to the university, and the university pays us a fee.

Guidance

	Q3 2024	Full Year 2024
Revenue	\$171 - 175 million	\$695 - 705 million
Adjusted EBITDA ¹	\$0 - \$4 million	\$24 - 28 million
Weighted Average Share Count - Basic	158 million	158 million
Weighted Average Share Count - Diluted	161 million	166 million

¹ We define Adjusted EBITDA as our GAAP net loss excluding: (1) depreciation and amortization; (2) interest income, net; (3) income tax expense; (4) other expense (income), net; (5) stock-based compensation expense; (6) payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation; (7) M&A related transaction costs; (8) costs and settlement (gains) losses related to significant and non-recurring legal matters, net of insurance recoveries; and (9) restructuring related charges. We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue.

Multiple growth levers

We believe the transformation of higher education is just getting started, with many opportunities to drive growth for Coursera in the years ahead



Enabling Enterprise

Optimize Enterprise sales organization across verticals to win new logos and expand existing relationships



Launching Degrees

Ramp the number of students in Degree programs and source new pathway programs designed for working adults



Growing Consumer

Continue to grow our learner base with freemium flywheel and improve data-driven targeting of paid content



Localizing for Learners

Improve go-to-market effectiveness with configurable localization, especially in emerging markets

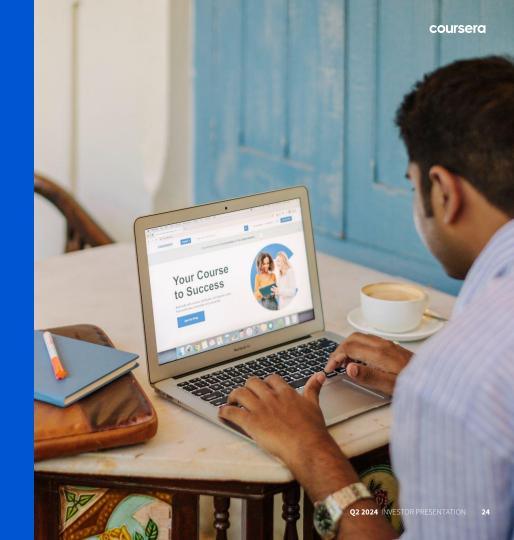
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Operating Segments

		Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,			
	 	2024 2		2023	2024			2023
			8	(in thou	sands)		89-	
onsumer								
Revenue	\$	97,312	\$	86,999	\$	194,055	\$	169,028
Cost of revenue	\$	44,962	\$	41,882	\$	89,931	\$	79,294
Segment gross profit (1)	\$	52,350	\$	45,117	\$	104,124	\$	89,734
Segment gross profit margin		54%		52%		54%		53%
terprise								
Revenue	\$	58,727	\$	54,180	\$	116,221	\$	106,353
Cost of revenue	\$	18,863	\$	15,504	\$	37,227	\$	32,707
Segment gross profit (1)	\$	39,864	\$	38,676	\$	78,994	\$	73,646
Segment gross profit margin		68%		71%		68%		69%
rees								
Revenue	\$	14,298	\$	12,523	\$	29,129	\$	25,963
Cost of revenue (2)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Segment gross profit (1)	\$	14,298	\$	12,523	\$	29,129	\$	25,963
Segment gross profit margin		100%		100%		100%		100%

¹ Defined as segment revenue less content costs in our audited financial statements.

² There is no content cost attributable to the Degrees segment as students pay tuition directly to the university, and the university pays us a fee based on the amount of tuition. Note: \$ in thousands, except all percentages. Numbers are rounded for presentation purposes.

Gross Profit

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2024			2023 2024		2024		2023	
	(in the				usands)		×		
Gross profit	\$	90,175	\$	79,701	\$	179,672	\$	157,169	
Stock-based compensation expense		710		914		1,369		1,791	
Amortization of stock-based compensation capitalized as internal-use software costs		1,424		1,217		2,901		2,386	
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation		22		26		68		76	
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$	92,331	\$	81,858	\$	184,010	\$	161,422	

Operating Expense

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	9	2024		2023 2024		2024		2023
			8	(in thou	isands)	70	% 	
Operating expense - Research and development	\$	33,701	\$	41,286	\$	68,311	\$	85,095
Stock-based compensation expense		(10,873)		(13,303)		(21,874)		(26,768)
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation		(284)		(483)		(1,125)		(1,184)
Non-GAAP operating expense - Research and development	\$	22,544	\$	27,500	\$	45,312	\$	57,143
Operating expense - Sales and marketing	\$	58,069	\$	52,001	\$	115,654	\$	104,873
Stock-based compensation expense		(8,520)		(7,499)		(16,442)		(15,856)
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation		(158)		(253)		(559)		(551)
Non-GAAP operating expense - Sales and marketing	\$	49,391	\$	44,249	\$	98,653	\$	88,466
Operating expense - General and administrative	\$	29,570	\$	24,937	\$	54,513	\$	50,460
Stock-based compensation expense		(9,913)		(7,609)		(18,188)		(15,240)
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation		(176)		(252)		(629)		(566)
M&A related transaction costs		(3,369)		(2)		(3,369)		(¥)
Significant and non-recurring legal matters		(1,259)		-		(1,259)		-
Non-GAAP operating expense - General and administrative	\$	14,853	\$	17,076	\$	31,068	\$	34,654

Net Income (Loss)

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2024			2023	2024			2023	
	7-2			(in tho	usands)		30		
Net loss	\$	(22,974)	\$	(31,743)	\$	(44,230)	\$	(64,107)	
Stock-based compensation expense		30,016		29,325		57,873		59,655	
Amortization of stock-based compensation capitalized as internal-use software costs		1,424		1,217		2,901		2,386	
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation		640		1,014		2,381		2,377	
M&A related transaction costs		3,369				3,369		-	
Significant and non-recurring legal matters		1,259				1,259		(*)	
Restructuring related charges		44		(147)		2,145		(5,806)	
Non-GAAP net income (loss)	\$	13,778	\$	(334)	\$	25,698	\$	(5,495)	
Weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per share—basic		156,292,508		150,262,064		156,335,959		149,621,816	
Effect of dilutive securities		4,674,908		-		9,044,276		(-)	
Weighted-average shares used in computing non-GAAP net income (loss) per share—diluted		160,967,416		150,262,064		165,380,235		149,621,816	
Net loss per share—basic and diluted	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.21)	\$	(0.28)	\$	(0.43)	
Non-GAAP net income (loss) per share—diluted	\$	0.09	\$	-	\$	0.16	\$	(0.04)	

Adjusted EBITDA

	Three Months Ended June 30,			Six Months Ended June 30,				
//	2024		2023 2024		2024	2	023	
			(in thou	sands)				
\$	(22,974)	\$	(31,743)	\$	(44,230)	\$	(64,107)	
	6,269		5,331		12,625		10,842	
	(9,286)		(8,240)		(18,869)		(16,277)	
	1,030		1,599		1,842		3,025	
	21		8		306		(94)	
	30,016		29,325		57,873		59,655	
	640		1,014		2,381		2,377	
	3,369		-		3,369		-	
	1,259		-		1,259		: ¥ 7	
	44		(147)		2,145		(5,806)	
\$	10,388	\$	(2,853)	\$	18,701	\$	(10,385)	
	(13)%		(21)%		(13)%		(21)%	
	6%		(2)%		6%		(3)%	
	-	\$ (22,974) 6,269 (9,286) 1,030 21 30,016 640 3,369 1,259 44 \$ 10,388 (13)%	\$ (22,974) \$ 6,269 (9,286) 1,030 21 30,016 640 3,369 1,259 44 \$ 10,388 \$ (13)%	2024 2023 (in thou \$ (22,974) \$ (31,743) 6,269 5,331 (9,286) (8,240) 1,030 1,599 21 8 30,016 29,325 640 1,014 3,369 - 1,259 - 44 (147) \$ 10,388 \$ (2,853) (13)% (21)%	2024 2023 (in thousands) \$ (22,974) \$ (31,743) \$ 6,269 5,331 (9,286) (8,240) 1,030 1,599 21 8 30,016 29,325 640 1,014 3,369 - 1,259 - 44 (147) 44 (147) \$ 10,388 \$ (2,853) \$ (2,853) \$ (13)% (21)% (21)% (21)% -	2024 2023 2024 (in thousands) \$ (22,974) \$ (31,743) \$ (44,230) 6,269 5,331 12,625 (9,286) (8,240) (18,869) 1,030 1,599 1,842 21 8 306 30,016 29,325 57,873 640 1,014 2,381 3,369 - 3,369 1,259 - 1,259 44 (147) 2,145 \$ 10,388 \$ (2,853) \$ 18,701 (13)% (21)% (13)%	2024 2023 2024 2 (in thousands) \$ (22,974) \$ (31,743) \$ (44,230) \$ 6,269 5,331 12,625 (9,286) (8,240) (18,869) 1,030 1,599 1,842 21 8 306 30,016 29,325 57,873 640 1,014 2,381 3,369 - 3,369 1,259 - 1,259 44 (147) 2,145 \$ 10,388 \$ (2,853) \$ 18,701 \$ (13)% (21)% (13)%	

We define Adjusted EBITDA as our GAAP net loss excluding: (1) depreciation and amortization; (2) interest income, net; (3) income tax expense; (4) other expense (income), net; (5) stock-based compensation expense; (6) payroll tax expense related to stock-based compensation; (7) M&A related transaction costs; (8) costs and settlement (gains) losses related to significant and non-recurring legal matters, net of insurance recoveries; and (9) restructuring related charges. We define Adjusted EBITDA Margin as Adjusted EBITDA divided by revenue.

Free Cash Flow

	Three Months Ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,				
	2024			2023 202		2024		2023	
	·-	10		(in tho	usands)	N		8	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	23,851	\$	(6,371)	\$	48,301	\$	(1,679)	
Less: purchases of property, equipment and software		(176)		(423)		(310)		(721)	
Less: capitalized internal-use software costs		(4,598)		(4,742)		(8,668)		(7,604)	
Previously reported Free Cash Flow			\$	(11,536)			\$	(10,004)	
Less: purchases of content assets		(2,034)		(676)		(4,187)		(1,300)	
Free Cash Flow	\$	17,043	\$	(12,212)	\$	35,136	\$	(11,304)	

Free Cash Flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that we calculate as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities, less cash used for purchases of property, equipment, and software, capitalized internal-use software costs, and purchases of content assets as we consider these capital expenditures necessary to support our ongoing operations. Current and prior period Free Cash Flow amounts reported herein reflect the change to our definition of Free Cash Flow to include purchases of content assets.

Key Business Metrics Definitions

Registered Learners

We count the total number of registered learners at the end of each period. For purposes of determining our registered learner count, we treat each customer account that registers with a unique email as a registered learner and adjust for any spam, test accounts, and cancellations. Our registered learner count is not intended as a measure of active engagement. New registered learners are individuals that register in a particular period.

Paid Enterprise Customers

We count the total number of Paid Enterprise Customers at the end of each period. For purposes of determining our customer count, we treat each customer account that has a corresponding contract as a unique customer, and a single organization with multiple divisions, segments, or subsidiaries may be counted as multiple customers. We define a "Paid Enterprise Customer" as a customer who purchases Coursera via our direct sales force. For purposes of determining our Paid Enterprise Customer count, we exclude our Enterprise customers who do not purchase Coursera via our direct sales force, which include organizations engaging on our platform through our Coursera for Teams offering or through our channel partners.

Net Retention Rate (NRR) for Paid Enterprise Customers

We calculate annual recurring revenue ("ARR") by annualizing each customer's monthly recurring revenue ("MRR") for the most recent month at period end. We calculate "Net Retention Rate" for a period by starting with the ARR from all Paid Enterprise Customers as of the 12 months prior to such period end, or Prior Period ARR. We then calculate the ARR from these same Paid Enterprise Customers as of the current period end ("Current Period ARR"). Current Period ARR includes expansion within Paid Enterprise Customers and is net of contraction or attrition over the trailing 12 months, but excludes revenue from new Paid Customers in the current period. We then divide the total Current Period ARR by the total Prior Period ARR to arrive at our Net Retention Rate.

Number of Degrees Students

We count the total number of Degrees students for each period that are matriculated in a degree program and enrolled in one or more related courses, including students enrolled within any wind-down or teach-out periods of existing programs. When a degree term spans more than one fiscal quarter, we count the student for each of those quarters within the degree term. For purposes of determining our Degrees student count, we do not include students who are matriculated in a degree program but are not enrolled in a related course in that period.

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