UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended: **June 30, 2022**

or

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from __________ to __________

Commission File Number**: 001-38063**

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	**16-1633636**
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)

120 Eagle Rock Ave
East Hanover, NJ 07936
(Address of principal executive offices)

(973) 396-1720
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value $0.00001 per share	**SSNT**	**The NASDAQ Capital Market**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the past 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," accelerated filer" "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer ☐	Accelerated filer ☐
Non-accelerated filer ☒	Smaller Reporting Company ☒
Emerging Growth Company ☐	

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

As of August 11, 2022, there were 5,136,177 shares outstanding of the registrant's common stock.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	June 30, 2022 (unaudited)	December 31, 2021
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 5,873,674	$ 6,814,117
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of $330,311	2,246,166	1,926,859
Unbilled services	345,082	284,218
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,485,149	1,685,728
Total current assets	9,950,071	10,710,922
Property and equipment, net	894,961	636,901
Operating lease right-of-use assets	511,981	964,990
Intangible assets, net	4,749,083	3,492,234
Goodwill	1,011,952	1,011,952
Deferred tax assets	1,004,150	990,958
Deposits and other assets	188,863	190,805
Total assets	$ 18,311,061	$ 17,998,762
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	$ 1,942,675	$ 2,038,025
Accrued expenses	1,439,296	1,743,148
Accrued interest	23,379	28,784
Income taxes payable	69,614	69,614
Long-term debt – current portion	530,103	293,696
Long-term – related party – current portion	103,333	108,309
Finance lease obligations – current portion	216,108	166,571
Operating lease liabilities – current portion	323,389	465,813
Deferred revenue	2,552,341	2,475,583
Total current liabilities	7,200,238	7,389,543
Long-term debt net of current portion	980,931	463,602
Long-term – related party - net of current portion	103,333	103,333
Finance lease obligations net of current portion	517,676	186,284
Operating lease liabilities net of current portion	188,592	499,177
Total liabilities	8,990,770	8,641,939
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, $0.001 par value; authorized 1,000,000 shares		
Series A Preferred Stock, $0.001 par value; authorized 2 shares, no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock, $0.00001 par value; authorized 75,000,000 shares, 5,136,177 shares issued and outstanding	52	52
Additional paid-in capital	10,043,032	9,951,142
Accumulated deficit	(722,793)	(594,371)
Total stockholders' equity	9,320,291	9,356,823
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	$ 18,311,061	$ 17,998,762

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022	June 30, 3021
Revenues:				
Software product, net	$ 2,782,081	$ 1,761,485	$ 5,393,043	$ 3,765,496
Service, net	7,855,992	8,467,724	16,268,874	17,343,181
Total revenues, net	10,638,073	10,229,209	21,661,917	21,108,677
Cost of revenues:				
Product	1,686,273	985,518	3,210,852	2,135,572
Service	4,824,532	4,973,011	9,618,930	9,955,888
Total cost of revenues	6,510,805	5,958,529	12,829,782	12,091,460
Gross profit	4,127,268	4,270,680	8,832,135	9,017,217
Selling, general and administrative expenses:				
Selling and marketing expenses	1,852,903	1,614,106	3,628,714	3,333,414
General and administrative expenses	2,071,145	2,193,277	4,712,122	4,528,195
Share-based compensation expenses	45,945	48,940	91,890	49,932
Depreciation and amortization expenses	236,521	210,453	498,371	408,499
Total selling, general and administrative expenses	4,206,514	4,066,776	8,931,097	8,320,040
(Loss) income from operations	(79,246)	203,904	(98,962)	697,177
Other expense:				
Interest expense	(23,800)	(7,167)	(42,652)	(17,192)
Total other expense	(23,800)	(7,167)	(42,652)	(17,192)
(Loss) income before taxes	(103,046)	196,737	(141,614)	679,985
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(15,280)	66,448	(13,192)	195,017
Net (loss) income	$ (87,766)	$ 130,289	$ (128,422)	$ 484,968
Net (loss) income per common share:				
Basic	$ (0.02)	$ 0.03	$ (0.03)	$ 0.10
Diluted	$ (0.02)	$ 0.03	$ (0.03)	$ 0.10
Weighted average shares:				
Basic	5,136,177	5,062,752	5,136,177	4,914,844
Diluted	5,136,177	5,065,093	5,136,177	4,916,797

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
(Unaudited)

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Series A Preferred Stock		Series B Preferred Stock		Common Stock Class A		Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Balance at April 1, 2022	-	$ -	-	$ -	5,136,177	$ 52	$ 9,997,087	$ (635,027)	$ 9,362,112
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	45,945	-	45,945
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(87,766)	(87,766)
Balance at June 30, 2022	-	$ -	-	$ -	5,136,177	$ 52	$ 10,043,032	$ (722,793)	$ 9,320,291

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Series A Preferred Stock		Series B Preferred Stock		Common Stock Class A		Additional Paid in Capital	(Accumulated Deficit) Retained Earnings	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Balance at April 1, 2021	-	$ -	-	$ -	5,061,177	$ 52	$ 11,793,978	$ (105,258)	$ 11,688,772
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	48,940	-	48,940
Issuance of common stock from a public offering, net of expenses	-	-	-	-	65,452	-	722,116	-	722,116
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	130,289	130,289
Balance at June 30, 2021	-	$ -	-	$ -	5,126,629	$ 52	$ 12,565,034	$ 25,031	$ 12,590,117

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Series A Preferred Stock		Series B Preferred Stock		Common Stock Class A		Additional Paid in	Accumulated	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Deficit	Equity
Balance at January 1, 2022	-	$ -	-	$ -	5,136,177	$ 52	$ 9,951,142	$ (594,371)	$ 9,356,823
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	91,890	-	91,890
Net loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(128,422)	(128,422)
Balance at June 30, 2022	-	$ -	-	$ -	5,136,177	$ 52	$ 10,043,032	$ (722,793)	$ 9,320,291

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Series A Preferred Stock		Series B Preferred Stock		Common Stock Class A		Additional Paid in	(Accumulated Deficit) Retained	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Capital	Earnings	Equity
Balance at January 1, 2021	-	$ -	-	$ -	4,501,271	$ 46	$ 7,739,883	$ (459,937)	$ 7,279,992
Issuance of common stock in exchange for convertible debt	-	-	-	-	166,606	2	670,755	-	670,757
Issuance of common stock from a public offering, net of expenses	-	-	-	-	458,752	4	4,104,464	-	4,104,468
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,932	-	49,932
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	484,968	484,968
Balance at June 30, 2021	-	$ -	-	$ -	5,126,629	$ 52	$ 12,565,034	$ 25,031	$ 12,590,117

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	$ (128,422)	$ 484,968
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Deferred income taxes	(13,192)	211,167
Depreciation and amortization	195,007	157,619
Amortization of intangibles	376,822	251,739
Amortization of right of use assets	453,009	247,045
Bad debt expense	-	(50,000)
Share-based compensation	91,890	49,932
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(319,307)	159,851
Unbilled services	(60,864)	(86,676)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(227,664)	(1,118,597)
Deposits and other assets	1,942	4,907
Accounts payable	(95,350)	(732,378)
Accrued expenses	(303,852)	(268,411)
Income tax payable	-	(235,000)
Accrued interest	(5,405)	1,423
Deferred revenues	3,087	330,632
Operating lease obligations	(453,009)	(247,045)
Net cash used in operating activities	(485,308)	(838,824)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of property and equipment	(30,549)	(72,121)
Acquisition of assets	(150,000)	-
Acquisition of business	-	(145,703)
Net cash used in investing activities	(180,549)	(217,824)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from issuance of stock, net of expenses	-	4,104,468
Payment of long-term debt	(161,240)	(98,247)
Payment of long-term convertible debt	-	(46,725)
Payment of finance lease obligations	(113,346)	(70,904)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(274,586)	3,888,592
Net (decrease) increase in cash	(940,443)	2,831,944
Cash, beginning of period	6,814,117	6,595,416
Cash, end of period	$ 5,873,674	$ 9,427,360
Cash paid during period for:		
Interest	$ 48,147	$ 15,769
Income taxes	$ 15,820	$ 312,800

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 AND 2021

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

For the six months ended June 30, 2022:

On January 1, 2022, the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement with Dynamic Tech Services, Inc ("DTS") to acquire certain assets of DTS. The purchase price for the Acquired Assets was $1,335,000, $500,000 of which was paid in cash in December 2021 and $835,000 of which was paid through the issuance of a four-year $835,000 promissory note dated January 1, 2022, paying interest at the rate of 3.25% per annum (see Note 10).

On January 22, 2022, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire certain assets of NEO3, LLC ("NEO3"). The purchase price for the customer list was $225,000, $150,000 of which was paid in cash and $75,000 of which was paid through the issuance of a three-year $75,000 promissory note dated January 22, 2022, paying interest at the rate of 2% per annum. The Company also assumed $73,672 of prepaid time as part of the consideration for this transaction.

On April 15, 2022, the Company incurred approximately $494,383 in financial lease obligations for purchases of equipment.

For the six months ended June 30, 2021:

On January 18, 2021, the Company incurred approximately $90,007 in financial lease obligations for purchases of equipment.

In February 2021, ISM converted the outstanding balance of the ISM Note in the amount of $479,111 into 119,004 shares of the Company's common stock.

In February 2021, Nellnube converted the outstanding balance of the Nellnube Note in the amount of $191,644 into 47,602 shares of the Company's common stock.

On April 1, 2021, SWK acquired certain assets of CT-Solution, Inc. ("CTS") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $130,000 (the "CTS Note"). The CTS Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum.

On May 1, 2021, SWK acquired certain assets of PeopleSense, Inc. ("PSI") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for cash of $145,703, customer deposits related to prepaid time from clients in the amount of $99,938, and the issuance of a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $450,000 (the "PSI Note"). The PSI Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum.

The Company entered into an operating lease for equipment with Atmosera, Inc. Accordingly, operating lease right of use assets and operating lease liabilities were recognized in the amount of $90,245.

The Company entered into an operating lease for equipment with Cologix USA, Inc. Accordingly, operating lease right of use assets and operating lease liabilities were recognized in the amount of $18,412.

On June 18, 2021, the Company incurred approximately $134,097 in financial lease obligations for purchases of equipment.

See accompanying notes to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

SilverSun Technologies, Inc. ("SilverSun") through our wholly owned subsidiaries SWK Technologies, Inc. ("SWK"), Secure Cloud Services, Inc. ("SCS") and Critical Cyber Defense Corp. ("CCD") (together with SWK, SCS and SilverSun, the "Company") is a business application, technology and consulting company providing strategies and solutions to meet our clients' information, technology and business management needs. Our services and technologies enable customers to manage, protect and monetize their enterprise assets whether on-premise or in the "Cloud". As a value-added reseller of business application software, we offer solutions for accounting and business management, financial reporting, Enterprise Resource Planning ("ERP"), Human Capital Management ("HCM"), Warehouse Management Systems ("WMS"), Customer Relationship Management ("CRM"), and Business Intelligence ("BI"). Additionally, we have our own development staff building software solutions for time and billing, and various ERP enhancements. Our value-added services focus on consulting and professional services, specialized programming, training, and technical support. We have a dedicated network services practice that provides managed services, cybersecurity, application hosting, disaster recovery business continuity, cloud migration and other services. Our customers are nationwide, with concentrations in the New York/New Jersey metropolitan area, Arizona, Connecticut, Southern California, North Carolina, Washington, Oregon and Illinois.

The Company is publicly traded and is listed and is traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market under the symbol "SSNT".

The Company's operations may be affected by the recent and ongoing outbreak of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) which in March 2020, was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The ultimate disruption which may be caused by the outbreak is uncertain; however, it may result in a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position, operations and cash flows. Possible areas that may be affected include, but are not limited to, disruption to the Company's customers and revenue, labor workforce, inability of customers to pay outstanding accounts receivable due and owing to the Company as they limit or shut down their businesses, customers seeking relief or extended payment plans relating to accounts receivable due and owing to the Company, unavailability of products and supplies used in operations, and the decline in value of assets held by the Company, including property and equipment. However, we currently do not expect a significant impact on our results of operations in the future due to COVID-19.

We currently do not expect a significant impact on our results of operations in the future due to Russia's invasion of Ukraine, as we have minimal business in Russia and Ukraine, both directly and indirectly. However, following the invasion, the U.S. and other countries imposed significant sanctions against the Russian government and many Russian companies and individuals. Although the Company does not have significant operations in Russia, the sanctions could impact the Company's business in other countries and could have a negative impact on the Company's future revenue and that of its customers, either of which could adversely affect the Company's business and financial results.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2022, the results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and cash flows for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. These results are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and consequently have been condensed and do not include all of the disclosures normally made in an Annual Report on Form 10-K. The December 31, 2021 balance sheet included herein was derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K. Accordingly, the financial statements included herein should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, filed with the SEC on March 29, 2022.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of SilverSun and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. All significant inter-company transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Goodwill

Goodwill is the excess of acquisition cost of an acquired entity over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired. Goodwill is not amortized but tested for impairment annually or whenever indicators of impairment exist. These indicators may include a significant change in the business climate, legal factors, operating performance indicators, competition, sale or disposition of a significant portion of the business or other factors. No impairment losses were identified or recorded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Capitalization of Proprietary Developed Software

Software development costs are accounted for in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC), ASC 985-20, *Software — Costs of Software to be Sold, Leased or Marketed*. Costs associated with the planning and designing phase of software development are expensed as incurred. Once technological feasibility has been determined, a portion of the costs incurred in development, including coding, testing and quality assurance, are capitalized until available for general release to clients, and subsequently reported at the lower of unamortized cost or net realizable value. Amortization is calculated on a solution-by-solution basis and is over the estimated economic life of the software. Amortization commences when a solution is available for general release to clients.

Business Combinations

We account for business combinations under the acquisition method of accounting. This method requires the recording of acquired assets and assumed liabilities at their acquisition date fair values. The excess of the purchase price over the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill. Results of operations related to business combinations are included prospectively beginning with the date of acquisition and transaction costs related to business combinations are recorded within general and administrative expenses.

Definite Lived Intangible Assets and Long-lived Assets

Purchased intangible assets are recorded at fair value using an independent valuation at the date of acquisition and are amortized over the useful lives of the asset using the straight-line amortization method.

The Company assesses potential impairment of its intangible assets and other long-lived assets when there is evidence that recent events or changes in circumstances have made recovery of an asset's carrying value unlikely. Factors the Company considers important, which may cause impairment include, among others, significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired asset, negative industry or economic trends, and significant underperformance relative to historical or projected operating results. No impairment losses were identified or recorded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Revenue Recognition

The Company has elected the significant financing component practical expedient in accordance with ASC 606, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers.* In determining the transaction price, the Company does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component as the Company expects, at contract inception, that the period between when the entity transfers a promised good or service to a customer and when the customer pays for that good or service will be one year or less.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Software product revenue is recognized when the product is delivered to the customer and the Company's performance obligation is fulfilled.

Service revenue is recognized when the professional consulting, maintenance or other ancillary services are provided to the customer.

Shipping and handling costs charged to customers are classified as revenue, and the shipping and handling costs incurred are included in cost of revenues.

Components of revenue:

	For the Three Months Ending June 30,	
	2022	2021
Software revenue	$ 2,782,081	$ 1,761,485
Professional consulting	3,147,702	3,297,888
Maintenance revenue	1,194,556	1,666,780
Ancillary service revenue	3,513,734	3,503,056
	$ 10,638,073	$ 10,229,209

	For the Six Months Ending June 30,	
	2022	2021
Software revenue	$ 5,393,043	$ 3,765,496
Professional consulting	6,450,506	6,810,201
Maintenance revenue	2,542,556	3,519,453
Ancillary service revenue	7,275,812	7,013,527
	$ 21,661,917	$ 21,108,677

Unbilled Services

The Company recognizes revenue on its professional services as those services are performed. Unbilled services (contract assets) represent the revenue recognized but not yet invoiced.

Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues consist of maintenance on proprietary products (contract liabilities), customer telephone support services (contract liabilities) and deposits for future consulting services that will be earned as such services are performed over the contractual or stated period, which generally ranges from three to twelve months. As of June 30, 2022, there was $254,785 in deferred maintenance revenues, $532,060 in deferred support service revenues and $1,765,496, in deposits for future consulting services. As of December 31, 2021, there was $291,468 in deferred maintenance, $398,382 in deferred support services, and $1,785,733 in deposits for future consulting services.

Commissions

Sales commissions relating to service revenues are considered incremental and recoverable costs of obtaining a project with our customer. These commissions are calculated based on estimated revenue to be generated over the life of the project. These costs are deferred and expensed as the service revenue is earned. Commission expense is included in selling and marketing expenses in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, as defined in ASC 825 "Financial Instruments", does not differ materially, except for the items discussed below, from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. The estimated fair value amounts have been determined by the Company using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. Considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of fair value.

The carrying amounts reported in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 for cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable approximate the fair value because of the immediate or short-term maturity of these financial instruments. Each reporting period we evaluate market conditions including available interest rates, credit spreads relative to our credit rating and liquidity in estimating the fair value of our debt. After considering such market conditions, we estimate that the fair value of debt approximates its carrying value.

Leases

The Company accounts for its leases in accordance with ASC 842 Leases. The Company leases office space and equipment. The Company concludes on whether an arrangement is a lease at inception. This determination as to whether an arrangement contains a lease is based on an assessment as to whether a contract conveys the right to the Company to control the use of identified property, plant or equipment for period of time in exchange for consideration. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet. The Company recognizes these lease expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company has assessed its contracts and concluded that its leases consist of finance and operating leases. Operating leases are included in operating lease right-of-use (ROU) assets, current portion of operating lease liabilities, and operating lease liabilities in the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

ROU assets represent the Company's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent the Company's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most of the Company's leases do not provide an implicit rate, the Company determines an incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The incremental borrowing rate represents a significant judgment that is based on an analysis of the Company's credit rating, country risk, treasury and corporate bond yields, as well as comparison to the Company's borrowing rate on its most recent loan. The Company uses the implicit rate when readily determinable. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives. Lease expense for lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately.

The Company finances purchases of hardware and computer equipment through finance lease agreements. Finance lease liabilities are recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term at commencement date.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash balances at financial institutions that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") up to federally insured limits. At times balances may exceed FDIC insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts.

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NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Concentrations

The Company maintains its cash with various institutions, which exceed federally insured limits throughout the year. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Company had cash on deposit of $5,243,267 and $5,955,840, respectively, in excess of the federally insured limits of $250,000.

As of June 30, 2022, no one customer represented more than 10% of the total accounts receivable and unbilled services. As of December 31, 2021, no one customer represented more than 10% of the total accounts receivable and unbilled services.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company's top ten customers accounted for 9% ($1,856,981) and 11% ($2,283,248), respectively, of total revenues. The Company does not rely on any one specific customer for any significant portion of its revenue.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 purchases from one supplier through a "channel partner" agreement were approximately 14% and 14% of cost of revenues, respectively. The channel partner agreements are for a one-year term and automatically renew for an additional one-year term on the anniversary of the agreement's effective date.

As of June 30, 2022, one supplier represented approximately 26% of total accounts payable. For the year ended December 31, 2021, one supplier represented approximately 24% of total accounts payable.

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable and cash. As of June 30, 2022, the Company believes it has no significant risk related to its concentration of credit risk related to accounts receivable.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist primarily of invoices for maintenance and professional services. Full payment for software ordered by customers is primarily due in advance of ordering from the software supplier. Payments for maintenance and support plan renewals are due before the beginning of the maintenance period. Terms under our professional service agreements are generally 50% due in advance and the balance on completion of the services.

The Company maintains an allowance for bad debt estimated by considering several factors, including the length of time the amounts are past due, the Company's previous loss history and the customer's current ability to pay its obligations. Accounts are written off against the allowance when deemed uncollectable.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method based upon the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally three to seven years. Maintenance and repairs that do not materially add to the value of the equipment nor appreciably prolong its life are charged to expense as incurred.

When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain or loss is included in the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of operations.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method described in FASB ASC 740, "Income Taxes". Deferred tax assets arise from a variety of sources, the most significant being: a) tax losses that can be carried forward to be utilized against profits in future years; b) expenses recognized for financial reporting purposes but disallowed in the tax return until the associated cash flow occurs; and c) valuation changes of assets which need to be tax effected for book purposes but are deductible only when the valuation change is realized.

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes, as well as net operating loss carryforwards. Based on ASU 2015-17, all deferred tax assets or liabilities are classified as long-term. Valuation allowances are established against deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates or laws is recognized in operations in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company has federal net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards which are subject to limitations under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal and state jurisdictions. Tax years 2018 to 2022 remain open to examination for both the U.S. federal and state jurisdictions.

Despite the Company's belief that its tax return positions are consistent with applicable tax laws, one or more positions may be challenged by taxing authorities. Settlement of any challenge can result in no change, a complete disallowance, or some partial adjustment reached through negotiations or litigation. Interest and penalties related to income tax matters, if applicable, will be recognized as income tax expense. There were no liabilities for uncertain tax positions at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Fair Value Measurement

The accounting standards define fair value and establish a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use on unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the Company's assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for assets or liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.

Level 2: Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets but corroborated by market data.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs are used when little or no market data is available. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

The Company's current financial assets and liabilities approximate fair value due to their short-term nature and include cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities. The carrying value of longer-term leases and debt obligations approximate fair value as their stated interest rates approximate the rates currently available. The Company's goodwill and intangibles are measured at fair-value using Level 3 inputs, as discussed in Note 5 and 10.

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NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Stock-Based Compensation

Compensation expense related to share-based transactions, including employee stock options, is measured and recognized in the financial statements based on a determination of the fair value. The grant date fair value is determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton (“Black-Scholes”) pricing model. For employee stock options, the Company recognizes expense over the requisite service period on a straight-line basis (generally the vesting period of the equity grant). The Company’s option pricing model requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected stock price volatility and expected term. Any changes in these highly subjective assumptions significantly impact stock-based compensation expense.

Recently Adopted Authoritative Pronouncements

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, Debt – Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging – Contracts in Entity’s Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40). The update simplifies the accounting for convertible debt instruments and convertible preferred stock by reducing the number of accounting models and limiting the number of embedded conversion features separately recognized from the primary contract. The guidance also includes targeted improvements to the disclosures for convertible instruments and earnings per share. This was adopted on January 1, 2022 and did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial position and consolidated results of operations.

In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU No. 2021-08, “Business Combinations (Topic 805): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers.” This ASU requires contract assets and contract liabilities (e.g. deferred revenue) acquired in a business combination to be recognized and measured by the acquirer on the acquisition date in accordance with ASC 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". Generally, this new guidance will result in the acquirer recognizing contract assets and contract liabilities at the same amounts recorded by the acquiree. Historically, such amounts were recognized by the acquirer at fair value in purchase accounting. The guidance is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including in interim periods, for any financial statements that have not yet been issued. This was adopted on January 1, 2022 and did not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial position and consolidated results of operations.

Recent Authoritative Pronouncements

No other recently issued accounting pronouncements had or are expected to have a material impact on the Company’s unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
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NOTE 3 – NET (LOSS) INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

The Company's basic (loss) income per common share is based on net (loss) income for the relevant period, divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted (loss) income per common share is based on net (loss) income, divided by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, including common share equivalents, such as outstanding option and warrants to the extent they are dilutive.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the average market prices for the periods ended are less than the exercise price of all the outstanding stock options, therefore, the inclusion of the stock options would be anti-dilutive. In addition, for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, since the Company has a net loss, the effect of common stock equivalents is anti-dilutive, and, as such, common stock equivalents have been excluded from the calculation. For the three months ended June 30, 2021 since the convertible promissory notes had been converted into common stock, they have been excluded in the Company's computation of net (loss) income per common share.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2022	Three Months Ended June 30, 2021
Basic net (loss) income per share computation:		
Net (loss) income	$ (87,766)	$ 130,289
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	5,136,177	5,062,752
Basic net (loss) income per share	$ (0.02)	$ 0.03
Diluted net (loss) income per share computation:		
Net (loss) income per above	$ (87,766)	$ 130,289
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	5,136,177	5,062,752
Incremental shares for warrants and convertible promissory notes	-	2,341
Total adjusted weighted-average shares	5,136,177	5,065,093
Diluted net (loss) income per share	$ (0.02)	$ 0.03

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2022	Six Months Ended June 30, 2021
Basic net (loss) income per share computation:		
Net (loss) income	$ (128,422)	$ 484,968
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	5,136,177	4,914,844
Basic net (loss) income per share	$ (0.03)	$ 0.10
Diluted net (loss) income:		
Net (loss) income	$ (128,422)	$ 484,968
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	5,136,177	4,914,844
Incremental shares for warrants	-	1,953
Total adjusted weighted-average shares	5,136,177	4,916,797
Diluted net (loss) income per share	$ (0.03)	$ 0.10

The following table summarizes securities that, if exercised, would have an anti-dilutive effect on (loss) income per share.

	Three Months June 30, 2022	Three Months June 30, 2021
Stock options	162,020	99,990
Total potential dilutive securities not included in (loss) income per share	162,020	99,990

The following table summarizes securities that, if exercised, would have an anti-dilutive effect on (loss) income per share.

	Six Months June 30, 2022	Six Months June 30, 2021
Stock options	162,020	99,990
Total potential dilutive securities not included in (loss) income per share	162,020	99,990

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment is summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Leasehold improvements	$ 165,701	$ 165,701
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	3,813,382	3,360,315
	3,979,083	3,526,016
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(3,084,122)	(2,889,115)
Property and equipment, net	$ 894,961	$ 636,901

Depreciation and amortization expense related to these assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 were $96,582 and $195,007, respectively, as compared to $79,317 and $157,619 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

Property and equipment under finance leases (included in Note 7) are summarized as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Equipment, furniture, and fixtures	$ 1,256,092	$ 833,574
Less: Accumulated amortization	(608,239)	(495,468)
Property and equipment, net	$ 647,853	$ 338,106

NOTE 5 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets consist of proprietary developed software, intellectual property, customer lists and acquired contracts carried at cost less accumulated amortization and customer lists acquired at fair value less accumulated amortization. Amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.

On January 19, 2022, SWK acquired the customer list of NEO3, LLC (“NEO3”) pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for the customer list for $150,000 cash and the issuance of a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $75,000 (the “NEO3 Note”). The NEO3 Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest are $2,148. The purchase price has been recorded as an intangible asset with an estimated life of seven years.

On January 1, 2022 (“Effective Date”), the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement with Dynamic Tech Services, Inc (“DTS”) to acquire certain assets of DTS. The purchase price for the Acquired Assets was $1,335,000, $500,000 of which was paid in cash and $835,000 of which was paid through the issuance of a four-year $835,000 promissory note dated January 1, 2022, paying interest at the rate of 3.25% per annum (see Note 10).

The components of intangible assets are as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	Estimated Useful Lives
Proprietary developed software	$ 390,082	$ 390,082	5 –7
Intellectual property, customer list, and acquired contracts	7,871,283	6,237,612	5 –15
Total intangible assets	8,261,365	6,627,694	
Less: accumulated amortization	(3,512,282)	(3,135,460)	
	$ 4,749,083	$ 3,492,234	

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NOTE 5 – INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

Amortization expense related to the above intangible assets for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 was $186,365 and $376,822, respectively, as compared to $131,502 and $251,739 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

The Company expects future amortization expense to be the following:

	Amortization
Remainder of 2022	$ 357,114
2023	672,890
2024	672,890
2025	666,033
2026	651,451
2027	637,802
Thereafter	1,090,903
Total	$ 4,749,083

NOTE 6 –LONG-TERM AND RELATED PARTY DEBT

On May 31, 2018, SWK acquired certain assets of Info Sys Management, Inc. ("ISM") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for cash of $300,000 and a promissory note issued in the aggregate principal amount of $1,000,000 (the "ISM Note"). The ISM Note is due five years from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest are $17,528. The ISM Note has an optional conversion feature whereby the holder may, at its sole and exclusive option, elect to convert, at any time and from time to time, until payment in full of the ISM Note, all of the outstanding principal amount of the ISM Note, plus accrued interest, into shares (the "Conversion Shares") of the Company's Common Stock, ("Common Stock") at per share price equal to $4.03, a price equal to the average closing price of its Common Stock for the five (5) trading days immediately preceding the issuance date of the ISM Note (the "Fixed Conversion Price"). In February 2021, ISM converted the outstanding balance of the ISM Note in the amount of $479,111 into 119,004 shares of the Company's common stock. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balances on the ISM Note were $-0- and $-0-, respectively.

On May 31, 2018, Secure Cloud Services acquired certain assets of Nellnube, Inc. ("Nellnube") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for a promissory note issued in the aggregate principal amount of $400,000 (the "Nellnube Note"). The Nellnube Note is due five years from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest are $7,011. The Nellnube Note has an optional conversion feature whereby the holder may, at its sole and exclusive option, elect to convert, at any time and from time to time, all of the outstanding principal amount of the Nellnube Note, plus accrued interest, into shares (the "Conversion Shares") of the Company's Common Stock, ("Common Stock") at per share price equal to $4.03 (the "Fixed Conversion Price"). In February 2021, Nellnube converted the outstanding balance of the Nellnube Note loan in the amount of $191,645 into 47,602 shares of the Company's common stock. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balances on the Nellnube Note were $-0- and $-0-, respectively.

On January 1, 2019, SWK acquired certain assets of Partners in Technology, Inc. ("PIT") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for cash of $60,000 and the issuance of a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $174,000 (the "PIT Note"). This long-term debt is considered related party debt as a holder is a current employee of the Company. The PIT Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest were $4,984. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balances on the PIT Note were $-0- and $4,975, respectively.

On July 31, 2020, the Company acquired certain assets of Prairie Technology Solutions Group, LLC ("Prairie Tech") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement. In consideration for the acquired assets, the Company paid $185,000 in cash and issued three promissory notes to Prairie Tech ("Prairie Tech Note 1", "Prairie Tech Note 2" and "Prairie Tech Note 3"), each in the principal aggregate amount of $103,333 (collectively the "Prairie Tech Notes"). This long-term debt is considered related party debt as a holder is a current employee of the Company. The Prairie Tech Notes bear interest at a rate of 4% per annum. Prairie Tech Note 1 had a term of one (1) year and was subject to downward adjustment based on whether certain revenue milestones are achieved. In July 2021, the Company waived its rights to any downward adjustments on these notes, and agreed to pay the full-face amount, plus interest, on those notes on the date of maturity. Prairie Tech Note 2 has a term of two (2) years and is also subject to downward adjustment based on whether certain revenue milestones are achieved. Prairie Tech Note 3 has a term of three (3) years and is not subject to a downward adjustment. On July 31, 2021, the Company paid Note 1 and accrued interest in the amount of $107,543. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balances on the PT Notes were $206,666 and $206,666, respectively.

NOTE 6 –LONG-TERM AND RELATED PARTY DEBT (continued)

On October 1, 2020, SWK acquired certain assets of Computer Management Services, LLC, ("CMS") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for cash of $410, clients' deposits related to technical support in the amount of $50,115, prepaid time from clients in the amount of $67,073, and the issuance of a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $170,000 (the "CMS Note") for a total of $287,598. The CMS Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest are $4,869. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balances on the CMS Note were $76,815 and $105,097, respectively.

On December 1, 2020, SWK acquired certain assets of Business Software Solutions ("BSS") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $230,000 (the "BSS Note"). The BSS Note is due in 60 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest are $4,031. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balances on the BSS Note were $163,397 and $185,820, respectively.

On April 1, 2021, SWK acquired certain assets of CT-Solution, Inc. ("CTS") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $130,000 (the "CTS Note"). The CTS Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest are $3,724. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balances on the CTS Note were $80,368 and $101,781, respectively.

On May 1, 2021, SWK acquired certain assets of PeopleSense, Inc. ("PSI") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for cash of $145,703, customer deposits related to prepaid time from clients in the amount of $99,938, and the issuance of a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $450,000 (the "PSI Note"). The PSI Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest are $12,889. At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balances on the PSI Note were $290,603 and $364,600, respectively.

On January 1, 2022, SWK acquired certain assets of Dynamic Tech Services, Inc. ("DTSI") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for $500,000 cash and the issuance of a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $835,000 (the "DTSI Note"). The DTSI Note bears interest at a rate of three and one-quarter percent (3.25%) per annum. The principal amount of the Note is subject to a downward adjustment in the event the Company loses any subscription renewal revenue during the one-year period immediately following the Effective Date from any persons that were customers of DTS immediately prior to the Effective Date (the "DTS Customers"). Any such downward adjustment will be determined by calculating the percentage of loss of Acumatica subscription renewals during the one-year period immediately following the Effective Date from DTS Customers. In the event that subscription renewal revenue received from DTS Customers during the one-year period immediately following the Effective Date is less than 95% of the subscription renewal revenue received by DTS from DTS Customers during the one-year period immediately preceding the Effective Date, the principal amount of the Note will be reduced. The measuring period for any downward adjustment will be as of the one-year anniversary of the Effective Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, under no circumstances will the principal amount of the Note be reduced by reason of such downward adjustment by more than $150,000 (*i.e.*, to a principal amount below $685,000). The Note will be amortized as follows: The first payment of principal and interest due under the Note, which will be an annual payment, is due and payable on January 1, 2023, after the revised principal amount of the Buyer Note is determined and thereafter, payments will be made quarterly in twelve equal installments. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance on the DTSI Note was $835,000 (see Note 10).

On January 19, 2022, SWK acquired the customer list of NEO3, LLC ("NEO3") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for the customer list for $150,000 cash and the issuance of a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $75,000 (the "NEO3 Note"). The NEO3 Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest are $2,148. At June 30, 2022 the outstanding balance on the NEO3 Note was $64,851.

Total long-term and related party debt balances at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021 were $1,717,700 and $968,940, respectively, of which $633,436 and $402,005 was classified as current portion at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

At June 30, 2022, future payments of long-term debt are as follows:

Remainder of 2022	$	263,207
2023		783,474
2024		360,093
2025		258,738
2026		52,188
Total	$	1,717,700

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NOTE 7 – FINANCE LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Company has entered into lease commitments for equipment that meet the requirements for capitalization. The equipment has been capitalized and is included in property and equipment in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets. The weighted average interest rate as of June 30, 2022 was 7.03% and the following weighted-average lease term:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Weighted average remaining lease term	3.81	2.10

At June 30, 2022 future payments under finance leases are as follows:

	June 30, 2022
Remainder of 2022	$ 133,129
2023	252,977
2024	177,214
2025	115,608
2026	115,608
2027	48,171
Total minimum lease payments	842,707
Less amounts representing interest	(108,923)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	733,784
Less current portion	(216,108)
Long-term finance lease obligation	$ 517,676

NOTE 8 – OPERATING LEASE LIABILITY

The Company leases office space in five different locations and also has an equipment lease rental with monthly payments ranging from $1,190 to $10,279 which expire at various dates through April 2024.

The Company's leases generally do not provide an implicit rate, and therefore the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate when measuring operating lease liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate represents an estimate of the interest rate the Company would incur at lease commencement to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments on a collateralized basis over the term of a lease. The asset and liability was valued using an weighted average interest rate of 4.77%.

The Company's weighted average remaining lease term for operating leases as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
Weighted average remaining lease term	1.57	2.46

The following table reconciles the undiscounted future minimum lease payments (displayed by year and in the aggregate) under noncancelable operating leases with terms of more than one year to the total lease liabilities recognized on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2022:

Remainder 2022	$ 193,723
2023	277,881
2024	60,735
Total undiscounted future minimum lease payments	532,339
Less: Difference between undiscounted lease payments and discounted lease liabilities	(20,358)
Total operating lease liabilities	511,981
Less current portion	(323,389)
Long-term operating lease liabilities	$ 188,592

Total rent expense under operating leases for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 was $92,884 and $212,213, respectively, as compared to $157,509 and $319,323 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively.

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NOTE 9 – EQUITY

Equity

Common Stock At-The-Market Sales Program

On October 1, 2020, the Company entered into an At Market Issuance Sales Agreement (the "2020 At Market Agreement") with a H.C. Wainwright & Co. (the "Sales Agent") under which the Company may issue and sell shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to $3,489,499 from time to time through the Sales Agent. Sales of the Company's common stock through the Sales Agent, if any, will be made by any method that is deemed an "at the market" offering as defined by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company will pay to the Sales Agent a commission rate equal to 3.0% of the gross proceeds from the sale of any shares of common stock sold through the Sales Agent under the 2020 At Market Agreement.

Shares of common stock sold under the 2020 At Market Agreement were made pursuant to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-249238), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on October 2, 2020, as amended, and declared effective on October 23, 2020 (the "2020 Registration Statement"), and the prospectus included in the 2020 Registration Statement. In February 2021, 393,300 shares of Common Stock were issued and sold generating $3,382,352, excluding legal expenses. No shares remain eligible for sale under the 2020 At Market Agreement.

In April 2021, the Company entered into an At Market Issuance Sales Agreement (the "2021 At Market Agreement") with H.C Wainwright & Co. (the "Sales Agent") under which the Company may issue and sell shares of its common stock having an aggregate offering price of up to $3,308,842 from time to time through the Sales Agent. Sales of the Company's common stock through the Sales Agent, if any, will be made by any method that is deemed an "at the market" offering as defined by the SEC. The Company will pay to the Sales Agent a commission rate equal to 3.0% of the gross proceeds from the sale of any shares of common stock sold through the Sales Agent under the 2021 At Market Agreement.

Shares of common stock sold under the 2021 At Market Agreement are made pursuant to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-249238), filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on October 2, 2020, as amended, and declared effective on October 23, 2020 (the "2020 Registration Statement"), the prospectus included in the 2020 Registration Statement and the related prospectus supplement dated February 26, 2021. In June 2021, 65,452 shares of Common Stock were issued and sold generating $722,116, excluding legal expenses. In July 2021, an additional 9,548 shares of Common Stock were issued and sold generating $76,436, net of legal expenses.

On June 21, 2021, the Company announced the payment of a $0.60 special cash dividend per share of Common Stock to shareholders of record July 9, 2021. The dividend was paid on July 16, 2021 in the amount of $3,081,706.

Conversion of Convertible Debt

In February 2021, ISM converted the outstanding balance of the loan in the amount of $479,111 into 119,004 shares of the Company's common stock (see Note 6).

In February 2021, Nellnube converted the outstanding balance of the loan in the amount of $191,644 into 47,602 shares of the Company's common stock (see Note 6).

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NOTE 9 – EQUITY (Continued)

Stock Repurchase Program

On October 10, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors authorized a new stock repurchase program, under which the Company may repurchase up to $2 million of its outstanding common stock. Under this new stock repurchase program, the Company may repurchase shares in accordance with all applicable securities laws and regulations, including Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The extent to which the Company repurchases its shares, and the timing of such repurchases, will depend upon a variety of factors, including market conditions, regulatory requirements, and other corporate considerations, as determined by the Company's management. The repurchase program may be extended, suspended, or discontinued at any time. The Company expects to finance the program from existing cash resources. On November 5, 2021, the Board of Directors voted to increase the authorized amount of the buyback from $2 million to $5 million. As of June 30, 2022, no repurchases have been made.

Stock Options

The Company adopted the 2019 Equity and Incentive Plan (the "2019 Plan") to order provide long-term incentives for employees and non-employees to contribute to the growth of the Company and attain specific performance goals.

The fair value of each option awarded is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option valuation model that uses the assumptions noted in the following table. Expected volatilities are based on historical volatility of Common Stock. The expected life of the options granted represents the period of time from date of grant to expiration. The risk-free interest rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield in effect at the time of grant.

There were no stock options granted for the six months ended June 30, 2022.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock option plans for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and the years ended December 31, 2021 and changes during the periods are presented below (in number of options):

	Number of Options	Average Exercise Price
Outstanding options at January 1, 2021	-	$ -
Options granted	171,620	6.268
Options canceled/forfeited	(6,000)	$ 6.530
Outstanding options at December 31, 2021	165,620	$ 6.256
Options granted	-	$ -
Options canceled/forfeited	(3,600)	$ 6.530
Outstanding options at June 30, 2022	162,020	$ 6.252

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company recorded share-based compensation expense of $45,945 and $91,890, respectively, as compared to $48,940 and $49,932 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively.

As of June 30,2022 and December 31, 2021, the unamortized compensation expense for stock options was $136,826 and $228,726, respectively. The unamortized balance at June 30, 2022 will be amortized over the next 9 months and 1.25 years for the balance at December 31, 2021.

Warrants

As of December 31, 2021, the Company had outstanding warrants outstanding to purchase 4,988 shares of the Company's common stock at an exercise price of $4.01 per share. These warrants expired in March 2022.

NOTE 10 – BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

On April 1, 2021, SWK acquired certain assets of CT-Solution, Inc. ("CTS") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $130,000 (the "CTS Note"). The CTS Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum. Monthly payments including interest are $3,724. The purchase price has been allocated to customer list with an estimated life of seven years.

On May 1, 2021, SWK acquired certain assets of PeopleSense, Inc. ("PSI") pursuant to an Asset Purchase Agreement for cash of $145,703, customer deposits related to prepaid time from clients in the amount of $99,938, and the issuance of a promissory note in the aggregate principal amount of $450,000 (the "PSI Note"). The PSI Note is due in 36 months from the closing date and bears interest at a rate of two percent (2.0%) per annum. At June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance on the PSI Note was $327,694. The allocation of the purchase price to customer list with an estimated life of seven years which is deductible for tax purposes, has been based on an independent valuation. The valuation showed an increase of $71,359 above the purchase price, which was recorded as a gain on bargain purchase in the consolidated statement of operations as the independent valuation exceeded the purchase price.

On January 1, 2022 ("Effective Date"), the Company entered into an asset purchase agreement with Dynamic Tech Services, Inc ("DTS") to acquire certain assets of DTS. The purchase price for the Acquired Assets was $1,335,000, $500,000 of which was paid in cash and $835,000 of which was paid through the issuance of a four-year $835,000 promissory note dated January 1, 2022, paying interest at the rate of 3.25% per annum. The principal amount of the Note is subject to a downward adjustment in the event the Company loses any subscription renewal revenue during the one-year period immediately following the Effective Date from any persons that were customers of DTS immediately prior to the effective date (the "DTS Customers"). Any such downward adjustment will be determined by calculating the percentage of loss of Acumatica subscription renewals during the one-year period immediately following the Effective Date from DTS Customers. In the event that subscription renewal revenue received from DTS Customers during the one-year period immediately following the Effective Date is less than 95% of the subscription renewal revenue received by DTS from DTS Customers during the one-year period immediately preceding the Effective Date, the principal amount of the Note will be reduced. The measuring period for any downward adjustment will be as of the one-year anniversary of the Effective Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, under no circumstances will the principal amount of the Note be reduced by reason of such downward adjustment by more than $150,000 (*i.e.*, to a principal amount below $685,000). The Note will be amortized as follows: The first payment of principal and interest due under the Note, which will be an annual payment, is due and payable on January 1, 2023, after the revised principal amount of the Buyer Note is determined and thereafter, payments will be made quarterly in twelve equal installments. The purchase price has been allocated to customer list with an estimated life of seven years. Upon completion of an independent valuation, the allocation of the purchase price to customer lists will be modified with the excess purchase consideration being allocated to goodwill.

The Company expects these acquisitions to create synergies by combining operations and expanding geographic market share and product offerings.

NOTE 10 – BUSINESS COMBINATIONS (Continued)

The following summarizes the purchase price allocation for the current and prior year acquisitions:

	2021 Purchase CTS	2021 Purchase PSI	2022 Purchase DTS (Preliminary)
Cash consideration	$ -	$ 145,703	$ 500,000
Note payable	130,000	450,000	835,000
Total purchase price	$ 130,000	$ 595,703	$ 1,335,000
Customer list	130,000	695,641	1,335,000
Total assets acquired	130,000	695,641	1,335,000
Deferred revenue	-	(99,938)	-
Contingent liability	-	-	-
Operating lease liability	-	-	-
Net assets acquired	$ 130,000	$ 595,703	$ 1,335,000

The following unaudited pro forma information does not purport to present what the Company's actual results would have been had the acquisitions of CT-Solution, Inc. ("CTS"), acquired April 1, 2021, PeopleSense, Inc. ("PSI), acquired May 1, 2021, and DTS, acquired January 1, 2022 occurred on January 1, 2021, nor is the financial information indicative of the results of future operations. The following table represents the unaudited condensed consolidated pro forma results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 as if the acquisitions occurred on January 1, 2021. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, operating expenses have been increased for the amortization expense of expected definite lived intangible assets and interest on the notes payable.

Pro Forma	(Unaudited) Three Months Ended June 30, 2021	(Unaudited) Six Months Ended June 30, 2021
Net revenues	$ 10,776,011	$ 22,364,346
Cost of revenues	6,269,315	12,722,647
Operating expenses	4,215,701	8,725,753
Income before taxes	291,809	919,343
Net income	198,741	657,306
Basic and diluted income per common share	$ 0.04	$ 0.13

The Company's unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 include the actual results of CTS, PSI and DTS, and as such, pro forma results are not required.

For the three months ended June 30, 2021, there is $5,733 of estimated amortization expense and $808 of estimated interest expense included in the pro-forma results for PSI, and $47,679 of estimated amortization expense and $6,784 of estimated interest expense included in the pro-forma results for DTS. For the six months ended June 30, 2021, there is $4,644 of estimated amortization expense and $631 of estimated interest expense included in the pro-forma results for CTS, $33,126 of estimated amortization expense and $2,967 of estimated interest expense included in the pro-forma results for PSI, and $95,358 of estimated amortization expense and $13,569 of estimated interest expense included in the pro-forma results for DTS.

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, the CTI, PSI and DTS operations had a net income before taxes of $119,519 which represented three months of operations for CTI, PSI and DTS that were included in the Company's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the three months ended June 30, 2022. This consisted of approximately $722,101 in revenues, $412,394 in cost of revenues and $190,189 in expenses. For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the CTI, PSI and DTS operations had a net income before taxes of $233,145 which represented six months of operations for CTI, PSI and DTS that were included in the Company's Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations for the six months ended June 30, 2022. This consisted of approximately $1,354,967 in revenues, $755,080 in cost of revenues and $365,841 in expenses.

NOTE 11 – INCOME TAXES

FASB ASC 740-10, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("ASC 740-10") prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The Company has analyzed filing positions in all of the federal and state jurisdictions where it is required to file income tax returns, as well as all open tax years in these jurisdictions. The Company does not have any unrecognized tax benefits.

The recognized deferred tax asset is based upon the expected utilization of its benefit from future taxable income. The Company has federal net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards of approximately $5,400,000 as of June 30, 2022, which is subject to limitations under Section 382 of the Internal Revenue Code. These carryforward losses are available to offset future taxable income and a portion begin to expire in the year 2025 to 2033.

The tax effect of temporary differences, primarily net operating loss carryforwards, asset reserves and depreciation, gave rise to the Company's deferred tax asset. Deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequence of such temporary differences at the enacted tax rate expected to be in effect when the differences reverse. The Company had approximately $1,004,000 and $991,000 in deferred tax assets at June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, respectively.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company's Federal and State provision requirements were calculated based on the estimated tax rate. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company recorded tax benefits of $15,280 and $13,192, respectively, as compared tax provisions of $66,448 and $195,017 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 12 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, certain long-term debt is considered related party liabilities as holders, including Prairie, Tech and Partners in Technology, are current employees of the Company. As of June 30, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the outstanding balances of this debt were $206,666 and $211,642, respectively.

NOTE 13 – SALE OF PRODUCT LINE

On November 10, 2021, SWK entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement with Net@Work, Inc. ("NAW") pursuant to which NAW acquired from SWK certain assets related to the component of SWK's business devoted to selling and supporting the Sage X3 software application published by Sage Software, Inc. for small and middle market companies in North America.

In consideration for the assets, NAW paid SWK $250,000 in cash and entered into a Revenue Share Agreement ("RSA") with SWK. Pursuant to the RSA, NAW agreed to pay to SWK, for limited periods of time ranging from 12 to 60 months, transitional compensation measured by reference to gross revenues or gross profits (as applicable) generated by NAW from its sales of products or services after the Effective Date to customers of the Business. In consideration for such transitional compensation, SWK agreed to assist NAW for a period of time after the Effective Date with such transitional services as may be reasonably requested by NAW and reasonably acceptable to SWK or otherwise required for the operation of the Business, including (a) implementing a smooth and orderly transfer of the Business and the Acquired Assets from SWK to NAW, (b) making introductions to customers of the Business as and when requested by NAW, (c) familiarizing NAW with the files of each of the customers as may be reasonably required, and (d) acclimating NAW to the Business. The specific products and services giving rise to transitional compensation payments under the RSA include (i) annual maintenance renewals by customers, (ii) software, cross-sell software and migration software sales to customers, (iii) consulting services performed for customers, (iv) annual managed services contracts sold to customers, (v) hosting contracts sold to customers, (vi) e-commerce projects sold to customers, and (vii) new customer referrals.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q and other reports filed by SilverSun Technologies, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, SWK Technologies, Inc., Secure Cloud Services, Inc., and Critical Cyber Defense Corp. (collectively the "Company", "we", "our", and "us") from time to time with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") contain or may contain forward-looking statements and information that are based upon beliefs of, and information currently available to, the Company's management as well as estimates and assumptions made by Company's management. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are only predictions and speak only as of the date hereof. When used in the filings, the words "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "expect," "future," "intend," "plan," or the negative of these terms and similar expressions as they relate to the Company or the Company's management identify forward-looking statements. Such statements reflect the current view of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and other factors, including the risks contained in the "Risk Factors" section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021, relating to the Company's industry, the Company's operations and results of operations, and any businesses that the Company may acquire. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may differ significantly from those anticipated, believed, estimated, expected, intended, or planned.

Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, the Company cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Except as required by applicable law, including the securities laws of the United States, the Company does not intend to update any of the forward-looking statements to conform these statements to actual results.

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"). These accounting principles require us to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions. We believe that the estimates, judgments and assumptions upon which we rely are reasonable based upon information available to us at the time that these estimates, judgments and assumptions are made. These estimates, judgments and assumptions can affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements would be affected to the extent there are material differences between these estimates and actual results. In many cases, the accounting treatment of a particular transaction is specifically dictated by GAAP and does not require management's judgment in its application. There are also areas in which management's judgment in selecting any available alternative would not produce a materially different result. The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report.

Overview

The Company is engaged in providing transformational business management applications and technologies and professional consulting services to small and medium size companies, primarily in the manufacturing, distribution and service industries.

We are executing a multi-pronged business strategy centered on cloud-based products, services, recurring revenue, customer retention and on rapidly increasing the size of our installed customer base. The growth of our customer base is accomplished via both our traditional marketing programs and acquisitions. After a customer is secured, our strategy is to up-sell and cross-sell, providing the customer with advanced technologies and third-party add-ons that help them digitally transform their business. These add-on products could include application hosting, cybersecurity, warehouse management, human capital management, payment automation, sales tax compliance or any number of other products or services that we represent. Many of these incremental products and services are billed on a subscription basis, often paying monthly for the service, which increases our monthly recurring revenue ("MRR"). This strategy increases the average revenue per customer, which facilitates our continued growth, and reduces our cost of customer acquisition, which enhances our profitability profile.

Our core strength is rooted in our ability to discover and identify the driving forces of change that are affecting – or will affect – businesses in a wide range of industries. We invest valuable time and resources to fully understand how technology is transforming the business management landscape and what current or emerging innovations are deserving of a clients' attention. By leveraging this knowledge and foresight, our growing list of clients are empowered with the means to more effectively manage their businesses; to capitalize on real-time insight drawn from their data resources; and to materially profit from enhanced operational functionality, process flexibility and expedited process execution.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued).

We are a business application, technology and consulting company providing strategies and solutions to meet our clients' information, technology and business management needs. Our services and technologies enable customers to manage, protect and monetize their enterprise assets whether on-premise or in the cloud. As a value-added reseller of business application software, we offer solutions for accounting and business management, financial reporting, Enterprise Resource Planning ("ERP"), Human Capital Management ("HCM"), Warehouse Management Systems ("WMS"), Customer Relationship Management ("CRM"), and Business Intelligence ("BI"). Additionally, we have our own development staff building software solutions for various ERP enhancements. Our value-added services focus on consulting and professional services, specialized programming, training, and technical support. We have a dedicated Information Technology ("IT") network services practice that provides managed services, Infrastructure-as-a-Service, cybersecurity, application hosting, disaster recovery, business continuity, cloud and other services. Our customers are nationwide, with concentrations in the New York/New Jersey metropolitan area, Arizona, Connecticut, Southern California, North Carolina, Washington, Oregon and Illinois.

Our core business is divided into the following practice areas:

ERP (Enterprise Resource Management) and Accounting Software

We are a value-added reseller for a number of industry-leading ERP applications. We are a Sage Software Authorized Business Partner and Sage Certified Gold Development Partner. We believe we are among the largest Sage partners in North America, with a sales and implementation presence complemented by a scalable software development practice for customizations and enhancements. Due to the growing demand for cloud-based ERP solutions, we also have in our ERP portfolio Acumatica, a browser-based ERP solution that can be offered on premise, in the public cloud, or in a private cloud. We have recently added Sage Intacct, a cloud-based solution for core financials to our offerings of cloud-based solutions. We develop and resell a variety of add-on solutions to all our ERP and accounting packages that help customize the installation to our customers' needs and streamline their operations.

Value-Added Services for ERP

We go beyond simply reselling software packages; we have a consulting and professional services organization that manages the process as we move from the sales stage into implementation, go live, and production. We work inside our customers' organizations to ensure all software and IT solutions are enhancing their business needs. A significant portion of our services revenue comes from continuing to work with existing customers as their business needs change, upgrading from one version of software to another, or providing additional software solutions to help them manage their business and grow their revenue. We have a dedicated help desk team that fields hundreds of calls every week. Our custom programming department builds specialized software packages as well as "off the shelf" enhancements and time and billing software.

IT Managed Network Services and Business Consulting

We provide comprehensive IT managed services, Infrastructure-as-a-Service, cybersecurity, business continuity, disaster recovery, data back-up, network maintenance and service upgrades designed to eliminate the IT concerns of our customers. We are a Microsoft Solutions Provider. Our staff includes engineers who maintain certifications from Microsoft and Sage Software. They are Microsoft Certified Systems Engineers and Microsoft Certified Professionals, and they provide a host of services for our clients, including remote network monitoring, server implementation, support and assistance, operation and maintenance of large central systems, technical design of network infrastructure, technical troubleshooting for large scale problems, network and server security, and backup, archiving, and storage of data from servers. There are numerous competitors, both larger and smaller, nationally and locally, with whom we compete in this market.

Cybersecurity

We provide enterprise level security services to the mid-market. Our cybersecurity-as-a-service offering includes a security operations center, incident response, cybersecurity assessments, and hacking simulations. The service is particularly well-suited for customers in compliance-driven and regulated industries, including financial services, pension administration, insurance, and the land and title sector.

Application Hosting

Application hosting is a type of SaaS (Software-as-a-Service) hosting solution that allows applications to be available from a remote cloud infrastructure and to be accessed by users through the internet.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued).

Results of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

Our strategy is to grow our business through a combination of intra-company growth of our software applications, technology solutions and managed services, as well as expansion through acquisitions. We have established a national presence via our internal marketing, sales programs, and acquisitions and now have ERP customers throughout most of the United States. To remain competitive and continue to grow, we continue to invest resources in our product development, marketing, and sales capabilities, and we expect to continue to do so in the future. During the six months ended June 30, 2022 the Company continued to expand its customer base, which we believe provides a basis for future growth. Revenues increased 2.6% to $21.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to $21.1 million for the period in 2021, despite the current economic conditions as we continue to grow our customer base.

The Company continues to monitor the Covid-19 situation as it pertains to the disruption of our business, and that of some of our customers, and growth in future quarters and will take steps, if necessary, to establish mitigation strategies to try and minimize risk of any potential downturn for shareholders as well the health, safety and wellbeing of its employees and customers. The Company's strategies are focused on assisting our customers in their digital transformation in this new environment. We believe the new "work from home environment" (workforce of the future), coupled with the continued rise of E-Commerce and security and compliance could help drive our future revenues.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, inflation has impacted the Company's profitability, as it has resulted in increased costs necessary to recruit and retain personnel. As the Company returns back to its pre-Covid marketing and trade show schedules, the higher costs of travel and meals will also have a negative impact on the Company's profitability.

Revenues

For the three months ended June 30, 2022, revenues increased $408,864 (4.0)% to $10,638,073 as compared to $10,229,209 for the three ended June 30, 2021. This increase is mostly attributed to an increase in software sales, offset partially by a decrease in service revenues.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, revenues increased $553,240 (2.6%) to $21,661,917 as compared to $21,108,677 for the six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. This increase is mostly attributed to an increase in software sales, offset partially by a decrease in service revenues.

Software sales increased $1,020,596 (57.9%) and $1,627,547 (43.2%) to $2,782,081 and $5,393,043 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to $1,761,485 and $3,765,496 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively, due to the timing of orders, primarily as a result of an increase in our ERP software sales

Service revenue decreased $611,732 (7.2%) and $1,074,307 (6.2%) to $7,855,992 and $16,268,874 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively, as compared to $8,467,724 and $17,343,181 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. These decreases are mainly attributed to lower maintenance revenues and lower consulting revenues, primarily because of project delays and postponements on the part of our customers as a result of challenges within their own businesses, including employee retention and general economic conditions impacting their organizations.

Gross profit

Gross profit for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 decreased $143,412 (3.4%) and $185,082 (2.1%) to $4,127,268 and $8,832,135, respectively, as compared to $4,270,680 and $9,017,217 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2022, the overall gross profit percentage was 38.8% as compared to 41.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2021. For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the overall gross profit percentage was 40.8% as compared to 42.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

The gross profit attributed to software sales increased $319,841 (41.2%) and $552,267 (33.9%) to $1,095,808 and $2,182,191 for the three and six ended June 30, 2022 as compared to $775,967 and $1,629,924 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, due mostly to the increased volume of software sold.

The gross profit attributed to services decreased $463,253 (13.3%) and $737,349 (10.0%) to $3,031,460 and $6,649,944 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to $3,494,713 and $7,387,293 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021. This decrease is mostly due to higher costs associated with increasing pay and benefits to employees to retain and recruit their services and to address inflationary pressures in the overall economy, plus the training of new employees, who were hired to accommodate our growth, and who are not as yet as billable as our more experienced team.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued).

Results of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 (continued).

Operating expenses

Selling and marketing expenses increased $238,797 (14.8%) and $295,300 (8.9%) to $1,852,903 and $3,628,714 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to $1,614,106 and $3,333,414 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021. This increase is primarily due to increased attendance at trade shows and associated travel and entertainment expense, plus outside sales expenses offset partially by lower advertising expenses.

General and administrative expenses decreased $122,132 (5.6%) to $2,071,145 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to $2,193,277 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. This decrease is a result of payroll and payroll-related expenses and departmental changes for various employees which involved moving their compensation between cost of revenues and administrative expenses as well as a lower rent. These decreases were partially offset by higher excise taxes and dues and subscriptions costs.

General and administrative expenses increased $183,927 (4.1%) to $4,712,122 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to $4,528,195 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. This increase is a result of several factors, including an increase in state excise and local taxes, dues and subscriptions, such increases partially offset by lower rent expenses.

Share-based compensation decreased $2,995 to $45,945 for the three months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to $48,940 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. Share-based compensation increased $41,958 to $91,890 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to $49,932 for the six months ended June 30, 2021. The increase is due to the issuance of stock options at the end of March 2021.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased $26,068 and $89,872 to $236,521 and $498,371 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 as compared to $210,453 and $408,499 for the three and months ended June 30, 2021. This increase is primarily due to the additional amortization of intangible assets related to the new acquisitions and increased depreciation related to equipment purchases over the last 12 months.

(Loss) income from operations

As a result of the above, for the three months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had a loss from operations of $79,246 as compared to income from operations of $203,904 for the three months ended June 30, 2021. As a result of the above, for the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had a loss from operations of $98,962 as compared to income from operations of $697,177 for the six months ended June 30, 2021.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The negative impact of Covid-19 on the economy creates uncertainty for the Company in the coming months and quarters. While our Company has not been significantly impacted as a result of this uncertainty, the potential negative impact on our business, in the future, is impossible to determine at this point, although it is likely that we could suffer negative consequences as many companies go out of business, suffer from supply-chain issues or employee churn or decrease their technology spending. As such, we need to rely on our own limited resources to weather any economic downturn. Our competitors, almost all of whom are privately held, were able to avail themselves of the PPP program, which may make it more difficult for the Company to compete in the marketplace. Management will continue to monitor developments, explore various cost-cutting measures, and explore other sources of funding, but there is no guarantee we will be successful in doing so.

The Company currently has no line of credit or other credit facility with any lender.

We continue to review and look for additional operating income opportunities through potential acquisitions or investments. Such acquisitions or investments may consume cash reserves or require additional cash or equity. Our working capital and additional funding requirements will depend upon numerous factors, including: (i) strategic acquisitions or investments; (ii) an increase to current company personnel; (iii) the level of resources that we devote to sales and marketing capabilities; (iv) technological advances; and (v) the activities of competitors.

In addition to developing new products, obtaining new customers and increasing sales to existing customers, management plans to increase its business and profitability by entering into collaboration agreements, buying assets, and acquiring companies in the business software and information technology consulting and other markets with solid revenue streams and established customer bases that generate positive cash flow.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (continued).

Liquidity and Capital Resources (continued)

At June 30, 2022, future payments of long-term debt are as follows:

Remainder of 2022	$	263,207
2023		783,474
2024		360,093
2025		258,738
2026		52,188
Total	$	1,717,700

The Company's working capital was $2,749,833 at June 30, 2022 and cash on hand at June 30, 2022 was $5,873,674.

During the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company had a net decrease in cash of $940,443. The Company's principal sources and uses of funds were as follows:

Cash used in operating activities:

Operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2022 used cash of $485,308 as compared to using cash of $838,824 for the same period in 2021. This decrease in cash used in operating activities is primarily due to the increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets, decrease in deferred revenue, and increase in accounts receivable offset partially by the decrease in operating income and increase in accounts payable.

Cash used in investing activities:

Investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2022 used cash of $180,549 as compared to using $217,824 cash for the same period in 2021, primarily as a result of lower purchases of property and equipment.

Cash (used in) provided by financing activities:

Financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2022 used cash of $274,586 as compared to providing cash in the amount of $3,888,592 for the same period in 2021. The decrease in cash provided is attributed to the received net proceeds from the sale of common stock under its Registration Statement on Form S-3 and the previously disclosed At Market Issuance Sales Agreement with a sales agent during the six months ended June 30, 2021.

The Company believes that as a result of the growth in business, and the funds on hand, it has adequate liquidity to fund its operating plans for at least the next twelve months, provided, however, that the Company cannot currently quantify the uncertainty related to the recent pandemic and its effects on the business in the coming quarters. The belief that the Company has sufficient liquidity may be incorrect as the impact of Covid-19 becomes clearer over the coming months and quarters.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, inflation has impacted the Company's profitability, as it has resulted in increased costs necessary to recruit and retain personnel. As the Company returns back to its pre-Covid marketing and trade show schedules, the higher costs of travel and meals will also have a negative impact on the Company's profitability.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

During the six months ended June 30, 2022 or for fiscal 2021, we did not engage in any material off-balance sheet activities or have any relationships or arrangements with unconsolidated entities established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. Further, we have not guaranteed any obligations of unconsolidated entities nor do we have any commitment or intent to provide additional funding to any such entities.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

We do not hold any derivative instruments and do not engage in any hedging activities.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure and Control Procedures

We maintain "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, our management recognized that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. The design of any disclosure controls and procedures also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

As of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on the controls evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of the date of their evaluation, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance that (a) the information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (b) such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and President and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and Rule 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during our most recent fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not currently involved in any litigation that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. To our knowledge, there is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board, government agency, self-regulatory organization or body pending or, to the knowledge of the executive officers of our Company our subsidiaries, threatened against or affecting our Company, our common stock, our subsidiaries or of our Company's or our Company's subsidiaries' officers or directors in their capacities as such, in which an adverse decision could have a material adverse effect.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

COVID-19

The Company's operations may be affected by the recent and ongoing outbreak of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) which in March 2020, was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. The ultimate disruption which may be caused by the outbreak is uncertain; however, it may result in a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position, operations, and cash flows. Possible areas that may be affected include, but are not limited to, disruption to the Company's customers and revenue, labor workforce, inability of customers to pay outstanding accounts receivable due and owing to the Company as they limit or shut down their businesses, customers seeking relief or extended payment plans relating to accounts receivable due and owing to the Company, unavailability of products and supplies used in operations, and the decline in value of assets held by the Company, including property and equipment.

Russia

We currently do not expect a significant impact on our results of operations in the future due to Russia's invasion of Ukraine, as we have minimal business in Russia and Ukraine, both directly and indirectly. However, following the invasion, the U.S. and other countries imposed significant sanctions against the Russian government and many Russian companies and individuals. Although the Company does not have significant operations in Russia, the sanctions could impact the Company's business in other countries and could have a negative impact on the Company's future revenue and that of its customers, either of which could adversely affect the Company's business and financial results.

We believe there are no changes that constitute material changes from the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, filed with the SEC on March 29, 2022.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

There were no unregistered sales of the Company's equity securities during the quarter ended June 30, 2022.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

There has been no default in the payment of principal, interest, sinking or purchase fund installment, or any other material default, with respect to any indebtedness of the Company.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

10.1	Asset Purchase Agreement, dated January 1, 2022 by and between SWK Technologies, Inc., and Dynamic Tech Services, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.1 on that Form 8-K current report filed with the SEC on January 5, 2022).
10.2	$835,000 January 1, 2022 Promissory Note of SWK Technologies, Inc. issued to Dynamic Tech Services, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.2 on that Form 8-K current report filed with the SEC on January 5, 2022).
10.3	Consulting Agreement dated January 1, 2022 by and between SWK Technologies, Inc., and Dynamic Tech Services, Inc. (incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 10.3 on that Form 8-K current report filed with the SEC on January 5, 2022).
31.1	Certification by the Principal Executive Officer of Registrant pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)).*
31.2	Certification by the Principal Financial Officer of Registrant pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a)).*
32.1	Certification by the Principal Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.2	Certification by the Principal Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

* Filed herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report on Form 10-Q to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SILVERSUN TECHNOLOGIES, INC.

Dated: August 12, 2022	By:	*/s/ Mark Meller* Mark Meller Principal Executive Officer
Dated: August 12, 2022	By:	*/s/ Joseph P. Macaluso* Joseph P. Macaluso Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

EXHIBIT 31.1

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Mark Meller, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of SilverSun Technologies, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods present in this report;

4. Along with the Principal Accounting Officer, I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13-a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

   a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

   b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

   c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

   d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financing reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

   a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

   b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involved management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 12, 2022

By: */s/ Mark Meller*
Mark Meller
Principal Executive Officer
SilverSun Technologies, Inc.

EXHIBIT 31.2

CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Joseph P. Macaluso, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of SilverSun Technologies, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods present in this report;

4. Along with the Principal Executive Officer, I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13-a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:

   a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

   b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

   c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

   d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financing reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

   a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

   b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involved management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: August 12, 2022

By: */s/ Joseph P. Macaluso*
Joseph P. Macaluso
Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer
SilverSun Technologies, Inc.

EXHIBIT 32.1

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with this Quarterly Report of SilverSun Technologies, Inc. (the "Company"), on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Mark Meller, Principal Executive Officer of the Company, certify to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Sec. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) Such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: August 12, 2022

By: */s/ Mark Meller*
Mark Meller
Principal Executive Officer
SilverSun Technologies, Inc.

EXHIBIT 32.2

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF
THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with this Quarterly Report of SilverSun Technologies, Inc. (the "Company"), on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022, as filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof, I, Joseph P. Macaluso, Principal Accounting Officer of the Company, certify to the best of my knowledge, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Sec. 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) Such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in such Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2022 fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: August 12, 2022

By: */s/ Joseph P. Macaluso*
Joseph P. Macaluso
Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer
SilverSun Technologies, Inc.