UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2019.	of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934	
	or	
☐ Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) For the transition period from to		
	Commission file number: 001-37850	
	ATOMERA INCORPORATED Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)	
Delaware		30-0509586
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	750 University Avenue, Suite 280 Los Gatos, California 95032 acluding zip code, of registrant's principal executiv (408) 442-5248 egistrant's telephone number, including area code	
Secu	rities registered pursuant to Section 129b) of the A	ct:
Title of each class Common stock: Par value \$0.001	Trading Symbol(s) ATOM	Name of each exchange on which registered Nasdaq Capital Market
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has finduring the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter perequirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has subr Regulation S-T ($\S232.405$ of this chapter) during the p Yes \boxtimes No \square		
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one)		
Large accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer ⊠		filer □ orting company ⊠ rowth Company ⊠
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check ma revised financial accounting standards provided pursu		ded transition period for complying with any new or
Indicate by checkmark whether the registrant is a shell	company (as defined in rule 12b-2 of the Exchang	e Act: Yes □ No ⊠
The number of outstanding shares of the Registrant's C	Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share, as of Mag	y 3, 2019 was 15,331,503.

Atomera Incorporated

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PART I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

Atomera Incorporated Condensed Balance Sheets (in thousands, except per share data)

	N	March 31, 2019		cember 31, 2018
	J)	naudited)		
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,137	\$	18,933
Accounts receivable		_		185
Unbilled contracts receivable		50		_
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		369		170
Total current assets		15,556		19,288
Property and equipment, net		88		56
Operating lease right-of-use asset		263		_
Security deposit		13		13
Total assets	\$	15,920	\$	19,357
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	242	\$	348
Accrued expenses	Ψ	272	Ψ	224
Accrued payroll related expenses		212		984
Current operating lease liability		138		_
Deferred revenue		34		55
Total current liabilities		898		1,611
Long term operating lease liability		116		
Total liabilities		1,014		1,611
1 otal napiliues		1,014		1,011
Commitments and contingencies (see Note 9)				
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, authorized 2,500 shares; none issued and outstanding at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018		_		_
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, authorized 47,500 shares; 15,332 and 15,034 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively.		15		15
Additional paid-in capital		140,387		139,693
Accumulated deficit		(125,496)		(121,962)
Total stockholders' equity		14,906		17,746
Total liabilities and steal-holders' equity	¢.	15.020	•	10.257
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	15,920	\$	19,357

Atomera Incorporated Condensed Statements of Operations (Unaudited) (in thousands, except per share data)

Three Months ended March 31,

	M	arch 31,
	2019	2018
Revenue	\$ 7	\$ -
Cost of revenue	-	
Gross margin	7.	_
Operating expenses		
Research and development	2,12	7 1,690
General and administrative	1,32	1,203
Selling and marketing	247	7 246
Total operating expenses	3,695	3,139
Loss from operations	(3,624	4) (3,139)
Other income		
Interest income	90) 47
Total other income	90	9 47
Net loss	\$ (3,534	(3,092)
Net loss per common share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.24	(0.26)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding, basic and diluted	14,782	12,041

Atomera Incorporated Statement of Stockholders' Equity For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 (Unaudited) (in thousands)

	Comm	on Sto	ck	-	Additional Paid-in	A	ccumulated	S	Total tockholders'
	Shares		Amount		Capital		Deficit		Equity
Balance January 1, 2019	15,034	\$	15	\$	139,693	\$	(121,962)	\$	17,746
Stock-based compensation	298		_		694		_		694
Net loss	_		_		_		(3,534)		(3,534)
Balance March 31, 2019	15,332	\$	15	\$	140,387	\$	(125,496)	\$	14,906

	Comm	on Sto	ck	Additional Paid-in	A	ccumulated	St	Total ockholders'
	Shares		Amount	Capital		Deficit		Equity
Balance January 1, 2018	12,161	\$	12	\$ 125,911	\$	(109,065)	\$	16,858
Stock-based compensation	200		_	546		_		546
Net loss	_		_	_		(3,092)		(3,092)
Balance March 31, 2018	12,361	\$	12	\$ 126,457	\$	(112,157)	\$	14,312

Atomera Incorporated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (in thousands)

Three Months Ended March 31,

		March 31,		
		2019		2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net Loss	\$	(3,534)	\$	(3,092)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		10		8
Stock-based compensation		694		546
Loss on disposal of equipment		_		1
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		185		110
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(262)		(153)
Accounts payable		(106)		85
Accrued expenses		52		(31)
Accrued payroll expenses		(772)		(286)
Deferred revenue		(21)		_
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(3,754)		(2,812)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of property and equipment		(42)		(10)
Net cash used in investing activities		(42)		(10)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Net cash provided by financing activities		_		_
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(3,796)		(2,822)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		18,933		17,369
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	15,137	\$	14,547
Supplemental information:				
Cash paid for interest	\$	_	\$	_
Cash paid for taxes	\$	_	\$	_

ATOMERA INCORPORATED NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Atomera Incorporated ("Atomera" or the "Company") was incorporated in the state of Delaware in March 2007 under the name MEARS Technologies, Inc. and is engaged in the development, commercialization and licensing of proprietary processes and technologies for the semiconductor industry. On January 12, 2016, the Company changed its name to Atomera Incorporated.

The Company is in the development stage, having only recently begun limited revenue-generating activities, and is devoting substantially all of its efforts toward technology research and development. The Company has primarily financed operations through private placements of equity and debt securities and the Company's Initial Public Offering (the "IPO") which was consummated on August 10, 2016, and its underwritten public offering of common stock which was consummated on October 15, 2018.

2. LIQUIDITY AND MANAGEMENT PLANS

At March 31, 2019, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$15.1 million and working capital of approximately \$14.7 million. The Company has only generated limited revenues since inception and has incurred recurring operating losses. At March 31, 2019, the Company had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$125.5 million.

The Company's operating plans for the next 12 months include increased headcount in research and development and increased spending on outsourced fabrication and testing. Based on the funds it has available as of the date of the filing of this report, the Company believes that it has sufficient capital to fund its current business plans and obligations over, at least, 12 months from the date that these financial statements have been issued. However, as the Company has generated only limited revenue from planned principal operations, it is subject to all the risks inherent in the initial organization, financing, expenditures, complications and delays in a new business. Accordingly, the Company may require additional capital, the receipt of which cannot be assured. In the event the Company requires additional capital, there can be no guarantee that funds will be available on commercially reasonable terms, if at all.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies

There have been no material changes in the Company's significant accounting policies to those previously disclosed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 11, 2019 except those noted below under the caption "Adoption of recent accounting standards".

Basis of presentation of unaudited condensed financial information

The unaudited condensed financial statements of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. However, such information reflects all adjustments (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair presentation of the Company's financial position and the results of operations. Results shown for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results to be obtained for a full fiscal year. The balance sheet information as of December 31, 2018 was derived from the audited financial statements included in the Company's financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018 included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 11, 2019. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with that report.

Adoption of recent accounting standards

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), establishing Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") Topic 842, which requires the recognition of the right-of-use assets and related operating and finance lease liabilities on the balance sheet. As permitted by ASC Topic 842, the Company elected the adoption date of January 1, 2019, which is the date of initial application, using a modified retrospective approach for all leases existing at January 1, 2019 and elected to apply the available practical expedients and implemented internal controls and key system functionality to enable the preparation of financial information on adoption. ASC Topic 842 requires the Company to make significant judgments and estimates. As a result, the Company implemented changes to its internal controls related to lease evaluation for the three months ended March 31, 2019. These changes include updated accounting policies affected by ASC Topic 842 as well as redesigned internal controls over financial reporting related to ASC Topic 842 implementation. Additionally, the Company has expanded data gathering procedures to comply with the additional disclosure requirements and ongoing contract review requirements. As a result, the consolidated balance sheet prior to January 1, 2019 was not restated, continues to be reported under ASC Topic 840, Leases, which did not require the recognition of operating lease liabilities on the balance sheet, and is not companyive. Under ASC Topic 842, all leases are required to be recorded on the balance sheet and are classified as either operating leases or finance leases. The Company elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a term of 12 months or less. The adoption of ASC Topic 842 had an impact on the Company's balance sheet, but did not have an impact on the Company's statements of operations or statements of cash flows upon adoption. See Note 6 for m

In June 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-07, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Nonemployee Share-Based Payment Accounting. The guidance in this ASU expands the scope of ASC Topic 718 to include all share-based payment arrangements related to the acquisition of goods and services from both nonemployees and employees. The Company adopted ASU No. 2018-07 effective January 1, 2019. The Company's adoption of ASU No. 2018-07 did not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations or financial statement disclosure.

4. REVENUE

The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring the product or service to the customer, either at a point in time or over time. The Company usually recognizes revenue from integration service agreements at a point in time and integration license service agreements over a period of time.

The Company has estimated that it will recognize approximately \$84,000 during the rest of 2019 related to performance obligations that are partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period.

Disaggregation of revenue:

The following table provides information about disaggregated revenue by primary geographical markets and timing of revenue recognition for the three months ended March 31, 2019 (in thousands):

	Integration Services	
Primary geographic markets	 	
Europe	\$ 50	
Asia Pacific	21	
Total	\$ 71	
Timing of revenue recognition		
Products and services transferred at a point in time	\$ _	
Products and services transferred over time	71	
Total	\$ 71	

Unbilled contracts receivable and deferred revenue:

Timing of revenue recognition may differ from the timing of invoicing customers. Accounts receivable includes amounts billed and currently due from customers. Unbilled contracts receivable represents unbilled amounts expected to be received from customers in future periods, where the revenue recognized to date exceeds the amount billed, and right to payment is subject to the underlying contractual terms. Unbilled contracts receivable amounts may not exceed their net realizable value and are classified as long-term assets if the payments are expected to be received more than one year from the reporting date. The Company has approximately \$50,000 of unbilled contracts receivable as of March 31, 2019.

The Company records deferred revenue when revenue will be recognized after invoicing. During the three months ended March 31, 2019, the Company recognized approximately \$21,000 of revenue that was included in deferred revenue as of December 31, 2018. The Company has approximately \$34,000 in deferred revenue related to invoiced customers, but revenue has not yet been recognized as of March 31, 2019.

5. BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE

Basic net loss per share is calculated by dividing the net loss by the weighted-average number of shares outstanding for the period. Diluted net loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss attributable to common stockholders by the sum of the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding and the dilutive common stock equivalent shares outstanding during the period. The Company's potentially dilutive common stock equivalent shares, which include incremental common shares issuable upon (i) the exercise of outstanding stock options and warrants and (ii) vesting of restricted stock units and restricted stock awards, are only included in the calculation of diluted net loss per share when their effect is dilutive. Since the Company has had net losses for all periods presented, all potentially dilutive securities are anti-dilutive. Accordingly, basic and diluted net loss per share are equal.

The following potential common stock equivalents were not included in the calculation of diluted net loss per common share because the inclusion thereof would be anti-dilutive (in thousands):

Three Months Ended

	March 3	
	2019	2018
Stock Options	2,935	2,476
Unvested restricted stock	537	316
Warrants	765	765
Total	4,237	3,557

6. LEASES

The Company leases corporate office space in Los Gatos, California. This lease has a remaining term of 22 months as of March 31, 2019. This lease is accounted for under ASC Topic 842 and as a result, the most significant impact was the recognition of the operating lease right-of-use assets and the liability for operating leases. Upon adoption the Company recorded an operating lease right-of-use asset and the related lease liability. The lease liability is based on the present value of the remaining minimum lease payments, discounted using the Company's estimated incremental borrowing rate of 10% at the effective date of January 1, 2019. As permitted under ASC Topic 842, the Company elected several practical expedients that permit it to not reassess (1) whether a contract is or contains a lease, (2) the classification of existing leases, and (3) whether previously capitalized costs continue to qualify as initial indirect costs.

The impact of the adoption of ASC Topic 842 on the balance sheet at January 31, 2019 was (in thousands):

	As reported December 31, 2018	Adoption of ASC Topic 842	Balance January 1, 2019
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 170	\$ (13)	\$ 157
Operating lease of right-of-use assets	_	295	295
Total assets	19,357	282	19,639
Other current liabilities	1,611	129	1,740
Long-term liabilities operating leases	-	152	152
Total liabilities	1,611	281	1,892

The current lease accounted for under ASC Topic 842 contains escalating payments on the anniversary of the commencement. These additional lease components are included in the measurement of the initial lease liability. Additional payments based on a change in the Company's share of the operating expenses, including real estate taxes and insurance, are recorded as a period expense when incurred. Lease modifications result in remeasurement of the lease liability. Lease expense for operating leases consists of the lease payments plus any initial direct costs, primarily brokerage commissions, and is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Future minimum payments under non-cancellable leases as of March 31, 2019 were as follows (in thousands):

For the Year Ended December 31,	Ar	nount
Remaining 2019	\$	107
2020		165
2021		14
Total future minimum lease payments	<u> </u>	286
Less imputed interest		(32)
Total lease liability		254

The below table provides supplemental information and non-cash activity related to our operating leases are as follows (in thousands):

	Ended N	March 31, 019
Operating cash flow information:		
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities	\$	40
Non-cash activity:		
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for the lease obligations (1)	\$	295

(1) Represents the initial right-of-use asset valuation of the Los Gatos lease on January 1, 2019

In October 2016, the Company entered into lease agreement for approximately 200 square feet of office space in Cambridge, Massachusetts. The lease with monthly payments of \$2,074 per month commenced on October 24, 2016. The lease rate increased to \$2,619 on January 1, 2019. Because the lease is month to month and can be cancelled with a 30-day notice, the future lease payments are not included in the Company's lease accounting under ASC Topic 842.

7. WARRANTS

A summary of warrant activity for the three months ended March 31, 2019 is as follows (in thousands except per share amounts and contractual term):

	Number of Shares			Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (In Years)
Outstanding at January 1, 2019	765	\$	5.75	
Outstanding at March 31, 2019	765	\$	5.75	1.6

The warrants outstanding at March 31, 2019 had an intrinsic value of approximately \$361,000 based on a per-share stock price of \$2.65 as of March 31, 2019.

8. STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

In May 2017, the Company's shareholders approved its 2017 Stock Incentive Plan ("2017 Plan") after its 2007 Stock Incentive Plan ("2007 Plan") had expired in March 2017. The 2017 Plan provides for the grant of non-qualified stock options and incentive stock options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock and for the grant of restricted and unrestricted shares. The 2017 Plan provides for the issuance of 3,750,000 shares of common stock. All of the Company's employees and any subsidiary employees (including officers and directors who are also employees), as well as all of the Company's nonemployee directors and other consultants, advisors and other persons who provide services to the Company are eligible to receive incentive awards under the 2017 Plan. Generally, stock options and restricted stock vest over a one to four-year period from the date of grant under the 2017 Plan.

The following table summarizes the stock-based compensation expense recorded in the Company's results of operations during the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 for stock options and restricted stock granted under the 2017 Plan and the 2007 Plan (in thousands):

	 Three Months Ended March 31,		
	2019		2018
Research and development	\$ 178	\$	112
General and administrative	482		400
Selling and marketing	34		34
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 694	\$	546

As March 31, 2019, there was approximately \$5.9 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested share-based compensation arrangements that are expected to vest. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.7 years.

The weighted average grant date fair value per share of the options granted under the Company's 2017 Plan was \$2.50 and \$3.63 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively

The following table summarizes stock option activity during the three months ended March 31, 2019 (in thousands except exercise prices and contractual terms):

	Number of Shares	Weighted- Average Exercise Prices	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Term (In Years)	 Intrinsic Value	
Outstanding at January 1, 2019	2,477	\$ 6.81			
Granted	458	\$ 3.90	_		
Outstanding at March 31, 2019	2,935	\$ 6.36	7.68	\$	_
Exercisable at March 31, 2019	1,680	\$ 6.96	6.96	\$	

During the three months ended March 31, 2019 the Company granted options under the 2017 Plan to purchase approximately 458,000 shares of its common stock to its employees. The fair value of these options was approximately \$1.1 million at the time of grant.

The Company issues restricted stock to employees, directors and consultants and estimates the fair value based on the closing price on the day of grant. The following table summarizes all restricted stock activity during the three months ended March 31, 2019 (in thousands except per share data):

	Number of Shares	Av Gra	Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value	
Outstanding at January 1, 2019	258	\$	6.04	
Granted	298	\$	3.90	
Vested	(19)	\$	5.99	
Outstanding non-vested shares at March 31, 2019	537	\$	6.04	

During the three months ended March 31, 2019 the Company granted approximately 298,000 restricted stock awards under the 2017 Plan to its employees and directors. The fair value of these awards was approximately \$1.2 million at the time of grant.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation, Claims and Assessments

The Company is subject to periodic lawsuits, investigations and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business. The company is not party to any material litigation as of March 31, 2019.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events and transactions through the date these financial statements were issued.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations of Atomera Incorporated should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed financial statements and the accompanying notes that appear elsewhere in this filing. Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-O include forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. We use words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "plan," "project," "continuing," "ongoing," "expect," "believe," "intend," "may," "will," "should," "could," and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. Although forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report reflect the good faith judgment of our management, such statements can only be based on facts and factors currently known by us. Consequently, forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks, uncertainties, and changes in condition, significance, value and effect, including those risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2019 and referenced under the heading "Risk Factors" within Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report and other documents we subsequently file from time to time with the SEC, such as our annual reports on Form 10-K, our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and our current reports on Form 8-K. Such risks, uncertainties and changes in condition, significance, value and effect could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed herein and in ways not readily foreseeable. Readers are urged not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report and are based on information currently and reasonably known to us. We undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements in order to reflect any event or circumstance that may arise after the date of this Quarterly Report. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made in this Quarterly Report, which attempt to advise interested parties of the risks and factors that may affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.

Overview

We are engaged in the business of developing, commercializing and licensing proprietary processes and technologies for the \$450+ billion semiconductor industry. Our lead technology, named Mears Silicon Technology TM, or MST®, is a thin film of reengineered silicon, typically 100 to 300 angstroms (or approximately 20 to 60 silicon atomic unit cells) thick. MST can be applied as a transistor channel enhancement to CMOS-type transistors, the most widely used transistor type in the semiconductor industry. MST is our proprietary and patent-protected performance enhancement technology that we believe addresses a number of key engineering challenges facing the semiconductor industry. We believe that by incorporating MST, transistors can be smaller, with increased speed, reliability and energy efficiency. In addition, since MST is an additive and low cost technology, we believe it can be deployed on an industrial scale, with machines commonly used in semiconductor manufacturing. We believe that MST can be widely incorporated into the most common types of semiconductor products, including analog, logic, optical and memory integrated circuits.

We do not intend to design or manufacture integrated circuits directly. Instead, we intend to develop and license technologies and processes that we believe will offer the designers and manufacturers of integrated circuits a low-cost solution to the industry's need for greater performance and lower power consumption. Our customers and partners are expected to include:

- foundries, which manufacture integrated circuits on behalf of fabless manufacturers;
- integrated device manufacturers, or IDMs, which are the fully integrated designers and manufacturers of integrated circuits;
- fabless semiconductor manufacturers, which are designers of integrated circuits who outsource the manufacture of their chips to foundries;
- original equipment manufacturers, or OEMs, that manufacture the epitaxial, or EPI, machines used to deposit semiconductor layers, such as the MST, onto the base silicon wafer; and
- electronic design automation companies, which make tools used throughout the industry to simulate performance of semiconductor products using different materials, design structures and process technologies.

We intend to generate revenue through licensing arrangements whereby foundries and IDMs pay us a license fee for their right to use MST technology in the manufacture of silicon wafers as well as a royalty for each silicon wafer or device that incorporates our MST technology. We also intend to enter into licensing arrangements with fabless semiconductor manufacturers pursuant to which we will charge them a royalty for each device they sell that incorporates our MST technology.

We were organized as a Delaware limited liability company under the name Nanovis LLC on November 26, 2001. On March 13, 2007, we converted to a Delaware corporation under the name Mears Technologies, Inc. On January 12, 2016, we changed our name to Atomera Incorporated.

On August 10, 2016, we closed our initial public offering of 3,680,000 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$7.50 per share. We received approximately \$24.7 million in net proceeds after deducting underwriting discounts and commission and other offering expenses.

On October 15, 2018, we closed an underwritten public offering of 2,625,000 shares of common stock at a public offering price of \$4.75 per share, resulting in approximately \$11.4 million of net proceeds to us after deducting underwriting discounts and commission and other offering expenses.

Results of Operations

Revenues. To date, we have only generated limited revenue from customer engagements for integration engineering services and integration license agreements. In the future, we expect to collect increased fees from license agreements as well as royalties from customer sales of products that incorporate our MST technology, subject to our ability to enter into manufacturing and distribution license agreements with our current and future licensees. Our integration services consist of depositing our MST film on semiconductor wafers, delivering such wafers to customers to finalize building devices, and performing tests for customers evaluating MST. The integration license agreements we have entered into to date grant the licensees the right to build products that integrate our MST technology deposited by us onto their semiconductor wafers, but the agreements do not grant the licensees the rights to manufacture on their site or to sell products incorporating MST. Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products, services or intellectual property (IP) rights in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those products, services or licensing of IP rights. The integration license agreements that we currently have in place do not specify the number of wafers to be delivered by us, so we recognize revenue over the period during which we estimate that we will deliver wafers under each contract.

Revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was approximately \$71,000 and \$0, respectively. Our revenue in 2019 was generated from integration license agreements.

Cost of Revenue. Cost of revenue from integration service agreements consists of costs of materials, as well as direct compensation and expenses incurred to provide such services. Cost of revenue from integration license agreements consists of third-party royalties, if any, incurred to grant such licenses. Because all revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2019 was generated from integration license agreements and no royalties were payable, we did not incur any cost of revenue in that period. We did not generate any revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2018 and as such we incurred no cost of revenue.

Operating Expenses. Operating expenses consist of research and development, general and administrative, and selling and marketing expenses. For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 our operating expenses totaled approximately \$3.7 million and \$3.1 million, respectively. The increase in operating expenses was due to an increase of approximately \$437,000 in research and development expense and an increase of approximately \$118,000 in general and administrative expense.

Research and development expense. To date, our operations have focused on the research, development, patent protection, and commercialization of our processes and technologies, including our proprietary and patent-protected MST performance enhancement technology. Our research and development costs primarily consist of payroll and benefit costs for our engineering staff and costs of outsourced fabrication and metrology of semiconductor wafers incorporating our MST technology.

For the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, we incurred approximately \$2.1 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, of research and development expense, an increase of approximately \$437,000 or 26%. The increase in research and development expense is primarily due to an increase of approximately \$299,000 in spending on outsourced fabrication and metrology to support increased engagements with customers evaluating MST, an increase of approximately \$72,000 in payroll expense reflecting an increase in engineering headcount and accrued bonuses and an increase in stock-based compensation expense of approximately \$66,000.

General and administrative expense. General and administrative expenses consist primarily of payroll and benefit costs for administrative personnel, office-related costs and professional fees. General and administrative costs for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were approximately \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, representing an increase of approximately \$118,000 or 10%. The increase in costs was primarily due to an increase of approximately \$83,000 in stock-based compensation expense and an increase of approximately \$16,000 in payroll related costs due to an increase in salaries and benefits as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2018. In addition, corporate insurance in the first three months of 2019 increased by approximately \$17,000 over the same period of 2018.

Selling and marketing expense. Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of salary and benefits for our sales and marketing personnel and business development services. Selling and marketing expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were approximately \$247,000 and \$246,000, respectively, representing an increase of approximately \$1,000, or 0%.

Interest income. Interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 was approximately \$90,000 and \$47,000, respectively. Interest income for each period related to interest earned on our cash and cash equivalents.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

On October 15, 2018 we closed an underwritten public offering of 2,625,000 shares of our common stock at a public offering price of \$4.75 per share, pursuant to our Registration Statement on Form S-3. We received approximately \$11.4 million of net proceeds, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and other offering expenses.

As of March 31, 2019, we had cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$15.1 million and working capital of approximately \$14.7 million. For the three months ended March 31, 2019, we had a net loss of approximately \$3.5 million and used approximately \$3.8 million of cash and cash equivalents in operations. Since inception, we have incurred recurring operating losses. At March 31, 2019, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$125.5 million.

As of the date of this report, we believe that our available working capital is sufficient to fund our presently forecasted working capital requirements for, at least, the next 12 months following the date of the filing of this report. However, the semiconductor industry is generally slow to adopt new manufacturing process technologies and conducts long testing and qualification processes which we have limited ability to control, and there can be no assurance of the timing of our receipt of meaningful amounts of revenue.

If we are not able to generate sufficient revenue from license fees and royalties in a timeframe that satisfies our cash needs, we will need to raise more capital. In the event we require additional capital, we will endeavor to acquire additional funds through various financing sources, including follow-on equity offerings, debt financing and joint ventures with industry partners. In addition, we will consider alternatives to our current business plan that may enable to us to achieve revenue-producing operations and meaningful commercial success with a smaller amount of capital. However, there can be no guarantees that additional capital, whether under the S-3 Registration Statement or otherwise, will be available on commercially reasonable terms, if at all. If such financing is not available on satisfactory terms, we may be unable to further pursue our business plan and we may be unable to continue operations.

Cash Flows from Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

Net cash used in operating activities of approximately \$3.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2019 resulted primarily from our net loss of approximately \$3.5 million adjusted by approximately \$694,000 for stock-based compensation expense and a decrease in liabilities of approximately \$847,000.

Net cash used in operating activities of approximately \$2.8 million of the three months ended March 31, 2018 resulted primarily from our net loss of approximately \$3.1 million adjusted by approximately \$546,000 for stock-based compensation expense and an increase of approximately \$43,000 in accounts receivable and prepaids offset by a decrease in approximately \$232,000 in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities.

Our quarterly use of cash in operations has been highest in the first quarter of each year due to the payment of annual bonuses and other annual payments such as insurance premiums and exchange listing fees. We expect this seasonally higher use of cash during the first quarter of each year to continue in future years.

Net cash used in investing activities of approximately \$42,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2019 and approximately \$10,000 for three months ended March 31, 2018 consisted of the purchase of computers and lab equipment.

No cash was used in or provided by financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2019 or 2018.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have not entered into any off-balance sheet arrangements or issued guarantees to third parties.

Recent Accounting Standards

We are required to adopt certain new accounting standards including Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). See note 3 to the condensed financial statements included in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

Critical Accounting Policies

There have been no changes to our critical accounting policies from those included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2019 except for the adoption of ASC Topic 842 as noted above under the caption "Recent Accounting Standards."

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our chief executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2019.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There has been a change in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2019 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Effective January 1, 2019, we adopted Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). ASC Topic 842 requires management to make significant judgments and estimates. As a result, we implemented changes to our internal controls related to lease evaluation for the three months ended March 31, 2019. These changes include updated accounting policies affected by ASC Topic 842 as well as redesigned internal controls over financial reporting related to ASC Topic 842 implementation. Additionally, management has expanded data gathering procedures to comply with the additional disclosure requirements and ongoing contract review requirements.

PART II. Other Information

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The primary risk factors affecting our business have not changed materially from the risk factors set forth in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2018 filed with the SEC on March 11, 2019.

Item 6. Exhibits

The following is a list of exhibits files as part of this Report on Form 10-Q:

Description	Method of Filing
Certifications Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Filed electronically herewith
Certifications Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.	Filed electronically herewith
Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350).	Filed electronically herewith
XBRL Instance Document	Filed electronically herewith
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document	Filed electronically herewith
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document	Filed electronically herewith
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document	Filed electronically herewith
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document	Filed electronically herewith
XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document	Filed electronically herewith
	Certifications Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350). XBRL Instance Document XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and the on the date indicated.

ATOMERA INCORPORATED.

Date: May 8, 2019

By: \(\frac{\s\sigma \cont A. Bibaud}{\cont \cont A. Bibaud} \)

Scott A. Bibaud Chief Executive Officer, (Principal Executive Officer)

and Director

Date: May 8, 2019 By: /s/ Francis B. Laurencio

Francis B. Laurencio Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Scott A. Bibaud, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Atomera Incorporated (the "Company");
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The Company's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the company and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; And
- (5) The Company's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ATOMERA INCORPORATED

Date: May 8, 2019 By: /s/ Scott A. Bibaud

Scott A. Bibaud, Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Francis B. Laurencio, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Atomera Incorporated (the "Company");
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The Company's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the company and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; And
- (5) The Company's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ATOMERA INCORPORATED

Date: May 8, 2019 By: /s/ Francis B. Laurencio

Francis B. Laurencio, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Atomera Incorporated (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2019 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Scott A. Bibaud, the Chief Executive Officer, and Francis B. Laurencio, the Chief Financial Officer, of the Company, respectively, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

This certification is made solely for the purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, subject to the knowledge standard contained therein, and not for any other purpose.