

### Seres Therapeutics Investor Presentation September 12, 2024



## Disclaimers

#### **Forward Looking Statements**

This communication contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained in this communication that do not relate to matters of historical fact should be considered forward-looking statements, including statements about the potential benefits of any of our products or product candidates; the ultimate safety and efficacy data of SER-155; study results; plans to seek FDA feedback; clinical data and clinical trials; our intentions related to the development of SER-155; our intention to seek Breakthrough Therapy Designation; the ability of live biotherapeutics to prevent or reduce infections; or the timing of any of the foregoing; the financial terms, timing and completion of the sale of VOWST assets to SPN; the receipt of future payments and the use of proceeds of the transaction; the timing and results of our clinical studies and data readouts; future product candidates, development plans and commercial opportunities; operating plans and our future cash runway; our ability to generate additional capital; our planned strategic focus; anticipated timing of any of the foregoing and other statements which are not historical fact.

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## Disclaimers

#### Important Information About the Transaction and Where to Find it

In connection with the proposed transaction involving Seres Therapeutics, Inc. ("Seres") and Société des Produits Nestlé S.A. ("SPN"), Seres filed a definitive proxy statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Seres may also file other relevant material with the SEC regarding the proposed transaction. Beginning on August 26, 2024, Seres mailed the definitive proxy statement to its stockholders. INVESTORS AND STOCKHOLDERS OF SERES ARE URGED TO READ THE DEFINITIVE PROXY STATEMENT AND OTHER RELEVANT MATERIALS CAREFULLY AND IN THEIR ENTIRETY WHEN THEY BECOME AVAILABLE BECAUSE THEY CONTAIN OR WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT SERES AND THE PROPOSED TRANSACTION. Investors may obtain a free copy of these materials (when they are available) and other documents filed by Seres with the SEC at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov or from Seres at its website at ir.serestherapeutics.com.

#### Participants in the Solicitation

Seres and certain of its directors, executive officers and other members of management and employees may be deemed to be participants in soliciting proxies from its stockholders in connection with the proposed transaction. Information regarding the persons who may, under the rules of the SEC, be considered to be participants in the solicitation of Seres' stockholders in connection with the proposed transaction is set forth in Seres' definitive proxy statement for its stockholder meeting, which was filed with the SEC on August 26, 2024, at which the proposed transaction will be submitted for approval by Seres' stockholders. You may also find additional information about Seres' directors and executive officers in Seres' Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, which was filed with the SEC on March 5, 2024, and in subsequently filed Current Reports on Form 8-K and Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q.



### September 2024: SER-155 Phase 1b placebo-controlled Cohort 2 study results in allo-HSCT

- Phase 1b study in adults undergoing allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant (allo-HSCT) to assess SER-155 safety and pharmacology, with additional endpoints such as incidence of bacterial bloodstream infections and related medical consequences such as antibiotic use and febrile neutropenia
- Demonstrated generally well tolerated safety profile and confirmed drug bacteria strain engraftment
- SER-155 administration associated with following outcomes compared to placebo at day 100 post-HSCT:



Significant reduction in bacterial bloodstream infections



Significant reduction in systemic antibiotic exposure



Lower incidence of febrile neutropenia

 Company to seek Breakthrough Therapy designation from the FDA given the high unmet medical need associated with bloodstream infections

Results support Seres' strategy to develop SER-155 and other live biotherapeutics to prevent serious bacterial infections in medically vulnerable patient populations



#### Transforming patient outcomes using proprietary consortia of live biotherapeutics

#### **Strong foundation**

- Validated platform with VOWST<sup>®</sup> clinical and regulatory success
- Asset sale strengthens balance sheet, expected to extend runway into Q4 '25
- Wholly-owned cultivated pipeline: SER-155, SER-147, beyond

Favorable Phase 1b clinical data in SER-155 allo-HSCT

- Well tolerated safety profile; no treatmentrelated SAEs
- Drug bacteria
   engraftment as expected
- Significant reduction in bloodstream infections and systemic antibacterial exposure
- Lower incidence of febrile neutropenia

#### **Blockbuster opportunity**

- Accelerate SER-155 development in allo-HSCT
- Potential to initiate multiple clinical studies in the next 12-18 months
- Potential to evaluate SER-155 in additional patient populations at high risk of serious bacterial infections (e.g., autologous HSCT, CAR-T, blood cancers, solid organ transplant)

#### **Expansive potential**

- SER-147 designed to prevent infections in chronic liver disease; anticipate IND readiness in H2 '25
- Current focus of preventing life-threatening infections
- Potential to treat immunerelated diseases (including IBD)



## Validated platform: Seres pioneered the development and FDA approval of VOWST as the first-ever oral live microbiome therapeutic



FDA approved (April 2023) to prevent the recurrence of *C. difficile* infection in adults DRAMATIC CLINICAL BENEFIT – Preventing infection recurrence

Approximately

88%

sustained clinical response rate (*C. diff.* recurrence, at up to 8 weeks)



### **VOWST** asset sale a transformational transaction for Seres



- VOWST asset purchase agreement provides infusion of capital and supports pipeline development
- Asset sale expected to extend operational runway into Q4 2025
- Will retire debt and other obligations

#### **KEY FINANCIAL TERMS**

\$100M upfront payment to Seres, less ~\$20M in net obligations due to an affiliate of SPN\*
\$15M equity investment by SPN at closing

**\$60M** prepaid sales-based milestone at closing

**\$75M** in deferred payments due in 2025 (less ~\$1.5M in employment-related payments)

**\$275M** in potential future sales-based milestone payments (subject to reductions for interest on prepaid milestone payment)

Shareholder meeting scheduled September 26; transaction expected to close shortly thereafter subject to customary closing conditions



### Potential to treat a range of vulnerable patient populations

#### **Target population characteristics**



## Potential to prevent bacterial infections and immune-related disease

#### Prevent life-threatening infections (current focus)

- Blood cancers (including HSCT, CAR-T)
- Solid organ transplant
- ICU & long-term care patients
- Chronic liver disease

#### Treat immune-related diseases

- Inflammatory bowel disease
- Graft vs. host disease (GvHD)
- Checkpoint colitis
- Radiation enteritis





## GI microbiome functional disruption leads to disease susceptibility





#### Seres' biotherapeutics designed to restore functionality and health





Seres' biotherapeutics and pipeline candidates have well tolerated safety profile, reducing development risk

Based on GI bacteria naturally found in healthy humans, and not associated with disease

✓ VOWST product profile includes well tolerated safety without drug-related serious adverse events

✓ Well tolerated safety profile in multiple clinical trials and patient populations, including medically vulnerable allo-HSCT recipients

Safety profile has potential to mitigate a primary cause of drug development failure



# Near-term focus on SER-155 and SER-147 with potential to address expansive therapeutic opportunities

	Program	Lead Indication & Development Stage	Therapeutic Objectives	Potential Additional Indications
<ul> <li>View Strain St</li></ul>	SER-155	<u>Allogeneic HSCT</u> : Phase 1b Cohort 2 (placebo controlled) data announced Sept. '24	Reduce incidence of serious bacterial infections (e.g., BSIs), febrile neutropenia, and GvHD	<ul> <li>Autologous HSCT</li> <li>CAR-T</li> <li>Blood cancers</li> <li>Solid organ transplant</li> </ul>
	SER-147	<u>Chronic liver disease</u> : Anticipate IND ready in H2 '25	Reduce incidence of serious bacterial infections (e.g., SBP, BSIs) and related complications	<ul><li>ICU patients</li><li>Long-term care patients</li></ul>

- Immediate therapeutic focus: prevent life-threatening infections
- Future: potential to treat immune-related diseases



### SER-155 is designed to reduce life-threatening complications of allo-HSCT

Investigational live oral biotherapeutic cultivated from clonal master cell banks

#### Designed to prevent GI-derived bacterial bloodstream infections (BSIs) and other pathogen-associated complications

#### **Allo-HSCT** treatment regimen and SER-155



- Only ~60% survival 3 years posttransplant
- ~10% transplant mortality in first 100 days post-transplant
- ~80% of adult deaths in first 100 days caused by complications of procedure; half of these due to infections and GvHD
- Complications have substantial impact: mortality, cost, hospital stay



**SER-155** 

## SER-155 Phase 1b study evaluated safety, pharmacology, and efficacy in adult allo-HSCT recipients





## Patient Safety: Cohort 2 SER-155 was generally well tolerated with no treatment-related SAEs

Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs)	<ul> <li>All but one subject in the placebo arm experienced at least 1 TEAE</li> <li>Most common for SER-155 treated subjects (≥50% and with Δ ≥5% greater than placebo): diarrhea (86% vs. 74% placebo), nausea (62% vs. 53% placebo)</li> <li>1/40 (3%) subject experienced a TEAE leading to treatment discontinuation (active = 0; placebo = 1)</li> <li>3/40 (8%) subjects experienced a TEAE leading to study discontinuation (active = 1; placebo = 2)</li> </ul>
Serious adverse events (SAEs)	<ul> <li>19/40 (48%) subjects experienced an SAE: 11/21 (52%) SER-155-treated subjects vs. 8/19 (42%) placebo-treated subjects; none considered related to SER-155 (no SUSARs)</li> <li>Most common SAE SOC: infections &amp; infestations (24% active vs. 37% placebo)</li> <li>3 deaths prior to Day 100 (active = 1; placebo = 2), 1 death after Day 100 (active), none considered related to SER-155</li> </ul>
Adverse events of special interest (AESIs)	<ul> <li>AESIs (bloodstream infections, GI infection, invasive infection): 14/40 (35%) subjects</li> <li>Rates of AESIs were lower in SER-155 arm vs placebo arm (29% vs 42% respectively)</li> <li>No SER-155 species were identified in culture from any subject</li> </ul>



# Efficacy: SER-155 administration favorable with significant\* reduction in both bacterial BSIs and systemic antibiotic exposure; lower febrile neutropenia



Secondary

Exploratory

\* no multiplicity adjustments were applied \*\* CDI: *C. difficile* infection



### Bloodstream infections from HSCT Day 0 to Day 100: Lower incidence in SER-155 treated subjects vs. placebo

Bloodstream infections from Day 0 to Day 100 (# patients)	SER-155 n=20 n (%)	Placebo n=14 n (%)
Subjects with confirmed BSI	2 (10.0%)	6 (42.9%)
95% confidence interval	(1.2, 31.7)	(17.7, 71.1)

mITT-1 population

Odds ratio	0.15
95% confidence interval	(0.01, 1.13)
p-value	0.0423

Organisms in SER-155 patients: Finegoldia magna; E. coli/Strep mitis

Organisms in placebo patients: E.coli; Enterococcus faecium/staph haemolyticus/Candida krusei; Staph aureus; Staph haemolyticus; Pseudomonas aeruginosa; E coli



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Cl: 95% 2-sided Clopper-Pearson confidence interval of incidence is applied

 Odds ratio: for incidence between treatment groups (SER-155 and placebo) with 95% 2-sided confidence interval and the corresponding p-value calculated based on the Fisher's Exact test

# Cumulative exposure to systemic antibacterials / antimycotics through HSCT Day 100:

### Lower incidence in SER-155 treated subjects vs. placebo

Cumulative A Antimycotic I (HSCT Days)	Intibacterial or Exposure	SER n= n (	-155 20 %)	Placebo n=14 n (%)	
Mean (SD)		9.2 (5.44)		21.1 (20.31)	
Median		9	.0	14	.0
Min, Max		0,	19	0, 74	
Mean Difference (95% CI)		-11.9 (-23.85, -0.04)		mITT-1 population	
	p-value		0.0	494	

 Cumulative exposure is the sum of all days a subject received systemic antibacterials and/or antimycotics between HSCT Day 0 through Day 100; counting once per day regardless of number of agents taken



 <sup>95%</sup> confidence interval and p-value based on independent samples t-test of the difference in mean days between SER-155 and placebo

## Cumulative exposure rate to systemic antibacterials / antimycotics through HSCT Day 100: Lower incidence in SER-155 treated subjects vs. placebo

Cumulative A Antimycotic I (% of days)	Intibacterial or Exposure Rate	SER n= n (	-155 20 %)	Placebo n=14 n (%)	
Mean (SD)		0.090 (0.0530)		0.305 (0.2898)	
Median		0.089		0.244	
Min, Max		0.00, 0.18		0.00, 0.90	
	Mean Difference (95% CI)		-0.2 (-0.38, -0.05)		mITT-1 population
	p-value		0.0163		

• Cumulative exposure rate is calculated as the sum of all days a subject received systemic antibacterials and/or antimycotics on or after HSCT Day 0 (counting once per day, regardless of number of antibacterial/antimycotic medications taken in a day) through HSCT Day 100 over the total number of days a subject was on the study from HSCT Day 0 to the earliest of EOS, or HSCT Day 100



95% confidence interval and p-value are based on independent samples t-test of the difference in mean days or mean rate of cumulative exposure between SER-155 and Placebo

### SER-155 Strain Engraftment: Primary objective achieved - drug bacteria strain engraftment was robust and as expected



- The majority of SER-155 strains were present at start of HSCT conditioning and durable through chemotherapy exposure
- Engraftment decreased but was detectable postneutrophil recovery, suggesting sustained engraftment, even under unfavorable GI conditions (e.g., antibiotic exposure), and through period of greatest BSI susceptibility
- The second course of SER-155 was effective at increasing strain engraftment following transplant & neutrophil recovery, with engraftment durable out to day 100 following transplant
- Cohort 1 and Cohort 2 engraftment magnitude and kinetics had high congruence



# Pathogen Domination: Prevalence in SER-155 Cohort 2 was substantially lower relative to Historical Control Cohort



- SER-155 was designed to reduce pathogen domination that has been associated with risk of BSIs and other negative clinical outcomes<sup>1</sup>
- In Cohort 2, the ability to detect pathogen domination<sup>2</sup> (i.e., relative abundance in the GI ≥30%) in the placebo arm, and differences between the study arms, was constrained due to the limited number of placebo stool samples and an imbalance in the number of available stool samples between the arms
- Observed pathogen domination events were low in the placebo and SER-155 arms with no significant differences observed
- Pathogen domination was substantially lower in SER-155 Cohort 2 compared to Historical Control Cohort<sup>3</sup>



## Viral prophylaxis provides precedent in medically vulnerable patients

Prevymis - increasingly used for viral infection prophylaxis (e.g., allo-HSCT and solid organ transplant populations)



- Reduces CMV infection in allo-HSCT recipients
- Lowers mortality rate

- Overall cost of allo-HSCT is high (~\$400K US year 1 allo-HSCT costs)
- Transplant-related complications (e.g., infections) raise cost by ~\$180K
- Infections result in longer hospital stays, readmissions, increased ICU utilization



### SER-155 allo-HSCT commercial opportunity is meaningful

- Serious bacterial infections are frequent, creating a strong medical rationale for prophylaxis to prevent infections and complications
- ✓ ~40K transplants per year worldwide
- Very high overall cost of allo-HSCT and related cost of complications supports financial rationale to treat
- Well-defined treatment centers could rapidly adopt as a new standard of care



### Accelerating SER-155 clinical development with positive Ph1b outcomes

#### Aim to accelerate SER-155 development in allo-HSCT

 Potential to follow successful precedent from VOWST development

#### Engage with FDA on advancement of SER-155 allo-HSCT program

- Seek Breakthrough Therapy designation
- Pursue additional designations (Orphan Drug, Qualified Infectious Disease Product)

Evaluate SER-155 in **additional patient populations** with high risk of serious bacterial infections

Potential global SER-155 development and commercialization in broad range of indications in medically vulnerable populations



### Anticipated SER-155 expansion in biologically adjacent populations

Population	Transplants / diagnoses per year (US + EU)	
Autologous HSCT	~30K	
Blood cancers with high neutropenia rates (acute myeloid leukemia, multiple myeloma, B cell non-Hodgkin's lymphomas)	~190K	
Solid organ transplant (liver, kidney)	~65K	

#### Potential to initiate multiple clinical studies within the next 12-18 months



## SER-147 in development to prevent infections in chronic liver disease patients

#### Substantial unmet need

#### Promising preclinical data

SER-147 is an investigational live oral biotherapeutic designed to reduce pathogens causing gut-seeded SBP and BSIs in liver disease patients

experience bacterialinfections in a 6 month period

~20-25%

of infections are spontaneous bacterial peritonitis and bloodstream infections likely to be gut-seeded Example: 1-3 log reduction of *E. coli* in *in vivo* models, plus reduction of other pathogens





## End-to-end capabilities & expertise for discovery and development of bacterial live biotherapeutics

GI microbiome biomarker & drug target identification

Lead candidate design, screening, optimization, & drug pharmacology

Novel biotherapeutic GMP manufacturing & quality



Clinical translation & patient subpopulation insights

Proprietary know-how on clinical trial design and execution

Regulatory expertise pioneering a novel biotherapeutic class



## Manufacturing platform delivers defined consortia in oral formulation using cost-effective production



*Strain isolation and characterization pipeline* to rapidly identify cGMPsuitable medium components

Highly intensive *strain bioprocessing* leveraging flexible, single-use manufacturing technology for cost-effective production

*Novel formulations* enabling consistent drug product composition, drug stability for distribution, and targeted drug delivery

*Quality systems* to ensure product quality and stability, extending prior regulatory successes, including developing product release specifications with the FDA



## Maximizing opportunity going forward





## Summary and path forward

Developing a pipeline of novel live biotherapeutics in areas of high unmet need	<ul> <li>Successful VOWST development validates using live biotherapeutics to prevent life-threatening infections</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>SER-155 Phase 1b placebo-controlled clinical efficacy data further support Seres' strategy</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Pipeline aims to bring transformative medicines to a wider set of patients, led by SER-155 with SER-147 anticipated to be IND ready in H2 '25</li> </ul>
SER-155 Phase 1b placebo-controlled clinical results promising	<ul> <li>SER-155 demonstrated generally well tolerated safety profile and confirmed drug bacteria strain engraftment</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>SER-155 administration associated with significant reduction in both bacterial bloodstream infections and systemic antibiotic exposure, as well as lower incidence of febrile neutropenia, as compared to placebo through day 100 post HSCT</li> </ul>
VOWST asset sale strengthens financial position	<ul> <li>VOWST asset sale expected to close shortly after September 26 shareholder meeting, with \$175M due at closing less an ~\$20M settlement of net obligations, and \$75M (less ~\$1.5M in employment-related payments) in installment payments due in 2025 + \$275M potential future milestones</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>\$71.2M in cash at end Q2 2024; asset sale expected to extend cash runway into Q4 2025</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>151.5M shares of MCRB outstanding as of May 6, 2024; additional ~14M issued at closing</li> </ul>

