

ANNUAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2021

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The Financial Statements with Auditor's Report for South Dakota Cash Flow Fund, School and Public Lands, Dakota Cement Trust, Education Enhancement Trust, and Health Care Trust portfolios can be found at <u>http://sdic.sd.gov</u>.

The Financial Statements with Auditor's Report for South Dakota Retirement System can be found at <u>www.sdrs.sd.gov</u>.

FRANSMITTAL LETTER

TO THE GOVERNOR, LEGISLATURE, AND PEOPLE OF SOUTH DAKOTA:

The South Dakota Investment Council annual report provides information about the investment of South Dakota Retirement System assets, state trust funds, and other financial assets of the State of South Dakota. This letter summarizes fiscal year 2021 performance and discusses the Council's long-term approach; future return expectations; importance of low costs; and productive working relationships with the Legislature, the Executive Branch, and others.

FISCAL YEAR 2021 PERFORMANCE

The fiscal year 2021 time-weighted investment return for the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) was 22.0% net of investment management cost. This was less than the Council's market index-based Capital Markets Benchmark (CMB) return of 28.0%. Having approximately 20% lower allocation to equities was the largest detractor, magnified by the large increase in the stock market. The real estate category also underperformed the real estate benchmark. The public equities and high yield debt portfolios significantly outperformed their benchmarks.

The net returns for the trust funds, which include School and Public Lands, Dakota Cement Trust, Health Care Trust, and Education Enhancement Trust, were 17.3% to 17.8%. The South Dakota Cash Flow Fund yield was 1.3%.

INVESTING FOR THE LONG TERM

The Council's goal is to add value over the long term compared to market indexes. Accomplishment of this goal for SDRS provides additional resources to fund retirement benefits for about 95,000 members. Added value for the trust funds and cash flow fund provides additional revenues to the state.

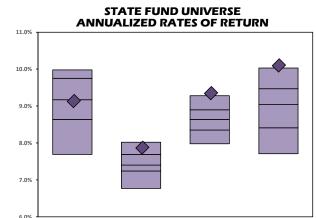
Results vary significantly from year to year with many interim periods of underperformance in the Council's history. Whether an individual year is good, bad, or average, it is important to be mindful that the Council invests for the long term and that actions taken in one year may impact performance several years down the road. Success has resulted primarily from adhering to strategies during the underperforming periods.

The Council invests in assets believed to be undervalued from a long-term perspective. The valuation process is based on the view that the worth of an asset is the present value of future cash flows. Internal research efforts focus on estimating future cash flows and assessing risk which impacts the rate used to discount cash flows to present value.

Disciplined adherence to the long-term value approach is essential. This is most difficult following underperforming periods. Performing the research function internally and using a sensible valuation process can strengthen conviction. Experience in prior difficult periods adds confidence. Contingency planning also improves the likelihood of adhering to the plan.

Risk is managed by diversifying across multiple asset categories and reducing exposure to expensive assets. Conventional statistical risk measures, such as standard deviation and correlation, help measure volatility and diversification. Conventional measures are good for understanding risk in normal times but tend to understate real-world frequency and magnitude of severe market declines. Since before the 2008-2009 financial crisis, the Council has adjusted risk measures to better reflect risk during periods of market stress. Standard deviations are increased to reflect higher frequency of severe declines, and correlations are adjusted to reflect that most asset categories are less diversifying during severe declines.

The Council has managed SDRS assets for the past 48 years. The return over the full period has exceeded other state retirement systems across the nation as shown on the following exhibit.



NET ANNUALIZED RETURNS

	10 Years	20 Years	30 years	48 Years
	<u>2012-2021</u>	<u>2002-2021</u>	<u> 1992-2021</u>	<u>1974-2021</u>
10th %tile	10.0	8.0	9.3	10.0
25th %tile	9.8	7.7	8.9	9.5
Median	9.2	7.4	8.6	9.0
75th %tile	8.6	7.2	8.4	8.4
90th %tile	7.7	6.8	8.0	7.7
SDRS Fund	9.1	7.9	9.3	10.1
SDRS %tile Ra	nk 50	16	4	1-4*

*Ranked 1st from fiscal years 1974-1991 and 4th from fiscal years 1992-2021.

SDRS total fund and capital markets benchmark returns can be found on page 8 of the annual report for every fiscal year since inception and various rolling time periods. Trust fund returns can be found in their respective sections.

RETURN EXPECTATIONS

The Council believes market return expectations should be based on forward-looking, long-term cash flows rather than extrapolation of past returns, which tend to relate inversely to future results. The Council began developing long-term expected returns in the early 1980s. The following exhibit shows expected returns resulting from the Council's process for bonds and stocks as of 6/30/82, 6/30/92, 6/30/02, and 6/30/21.

UPDATE ON RETURN EXPECTATIONS						
	Bonds*	<u>S&P 500</u>	S&P 500 <u>Yield</u>			
Expected Long-Term Returns as of 6/30/82	14.4%	15.6%	6.2%			
Actual 10-year Returns - 7/1/82 to 6/30/92	13.7%	18.3%				
Actual 20-year Returns - 7/1/82 to 6/30/02	10.5%	14.9%				
Expected Long-Term Returns as of 6/30/92	7.1%	9.5%	3.0%			
Actual 10-year Returns - 7/1/92 to 6/30/02	7.4%	11.5%				
Actual 20-year Returns - 7/1/92 to 6/30/12	6.6%	8.4%				
Expected Long-Term Returns as of 6/30/02	4.8%	7.9%	1.6%			
Actual 10-year Returns - 7/1/02 to 6/30/12	5.8%	5.3%				
Actual 19-year Returns - 7/1/02 to 6/30/21	4.4%	10.2%				
Expected Long-Term Returns as of 6/30/21	1.5%	6.7%	1.4%			
*Expected returns are the 10-year Treasury yield. A Investment-Grade (USBIG) Bond Index.	ctual returns	are the FTSE	US Broad			

Transmittal Letter

In 1982, bond yields were 14.4%, and the Council's long-term expected return for stocks, based on projected dividends and growth, was 15.6%. Expected returns were high because markets were very cheap, having performed poorly for many years. Subsequent actual 10-year and 20-year returns were 13.7% and 10.5% for bonds and 18.3% and 14.9% for stocks. By June 30, 1992, bond yields were 7.1%, and the expected stock return was 9.5%. Subsequent actual 10-year and 20-year returns were 7.4% and 6.6% for bonds and 11.5% and 8.4% for stocks. As of June 30, 2002, expected returns were 4.8% for bonds and 7.9% for stocks. Subsequent actual 10-year and 19-year returns were 5.8% and 4.4% for bonds and 5.3% and 10.2% for stocks.

As of June 30, 2021, expected returns were 1.5% for bonds and 6.7% for stocks. Low interest rates foreshadow very low future bond returns. The expected return for stocks is also lower than earned on average historically. The expected long-term return for the overall SDRS fund, which is diversified across several asset categories, was 5.9%. This excludes consideration of potential value added or detracted relative to index returns. The expected return also excludes the impact of timing of withdrawals to pay benefits. As SDRS matures, benefit payments are increasingly funded from investment earnings. These withdrawals are larger as a percentage of the fund when markets are depressed which can reduce long-term asset growth.

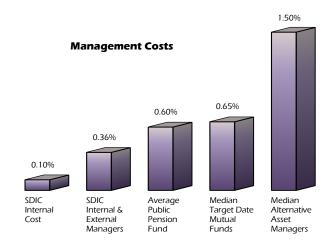
The expected return is the mid-point of a range of possible outcomes. The one standard deviation range, which statistically encompasses the central two-thirds of potential outcomes, is 1.0% to 10.7% per annum for a 10-year horizon and 2.4% to 9.3% for a 20-year horizon.

History has shown that following large market increases, opportunities may be sparse for a time. Chasing lesser opportunities has tended to backfire when assets became much cheaper later. The lesson learned is to wait for worthwhile opportunities, and when absent, be satisfied with modest results until better opportunities come along.

IMPORTANCE OF LOW COSTS

The Investment Council manages the majority of assets internally to save money and to try to earn higher returns. Managing assets internally is cheaper than using external managers, especially for more expensive categories such as global equity, high yield, and arbitrage. Index funds are another low-cost alternative but would preclude any opportunity to add value above index returns. The Council believes historic success of internal management efforts relate to greater focus on longterm value and increased conviction from performing research in-house.

The Council began investing in real estate and private equity partnerships in the mid-1990s. Management costs are generally 1% to 2% of partnership assets per year. Partnership managers are also typically allocated 20% of profits. These investments can be more expensive than traditional external managers and much more expensive than the Council's internal cost. Unlike traditional managers that buy and sell securities, partnership managers have hands-on involvement with underlying investments which complicates cost comparisons. Real estate partnership managers buy and manage underlying properties. Private equity partnership managers buy and operate whole companies. The Council evaluates partnership returns compared to traditional real estate and stock market indexes. Partnership returns are net of all fees and profit allocations. The following exhibit shows Council management costs compared to other funds.



Internal management cost is projected to average 0.10% of assets. Including external management, total cost is expected to average 0.36%. The total cost fluctuates from year to year primarily due to variation in amounts invested in partnerships, and in some cases, the return of partnership fees if the investment is profitable. This compares to the average public pension fund cost of 0.60% and median target date mutual fund cost of 0.65%. The difference of 0.24% versus the average public pension fund results in approximately \$44 million of savings per year. Compounding these savings over many years can result in hundreds of millions of dollars.

A TEAM EFFORT

The Investment Council's historic success has been a team effort. Consistent support by the Legislature, the Executive Branch, and others over multiple decades has allowed the Council to pursue a long-term investment approach and implement a long-term business plan to develop an internal investment team. The Council recognizes the unique challenges and patience required to support an internal investment organization and long-term investment approach. The Council is very appreciative of the significant efforts of Legislators, the Governor and her team, and their predecessors, to provide the Council with the opportunity to succeed.

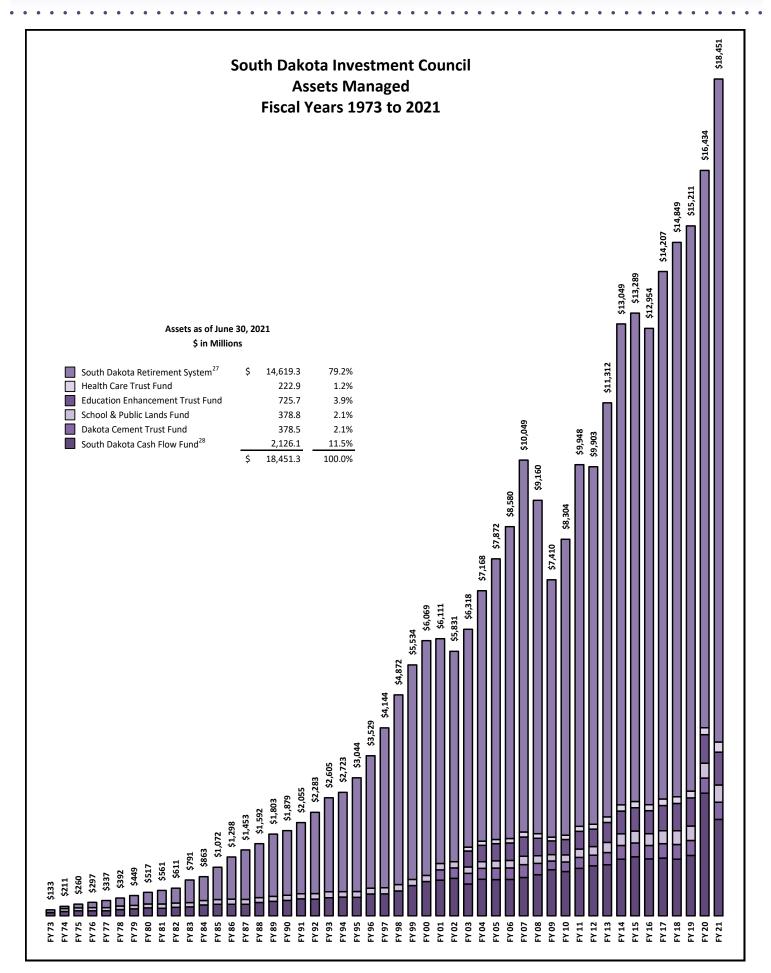
The Council benefits from cooperative relationships with other state entities related to the funds managed, including the South Dakota Retirement System, the State Treasurer's Office, the School and Public Lands' Office, and the Bureau of Finance and Management. The Council also benefits from important contributions by the Legislative Research Council, the Attorney General's Office, the Department of Legislative Audit, the Bureau of Information and Telecommunications, and other agencies.

The Council believes its strengths of a disciplined focus on longterm investment value, an exceptionally supportive environment, and a stable internal investment team will serve us well in the decades to come.

Respectfully submitted by:

Jeffrey L. Nelson, Chair South Dakota Investment Council Matthew L. Clark, CFA State Investment Officer

ASSETS MANAGED



SOUTH DAKOTA INVESTMENT COUNCIL

Investment Council Members as of June 30, 2021

Jeffrey L. Nelson, Chair**

General Manager, Retired East River Electric Power Cooperative Wentworth

Greg P. Kulesa* **

President ANZA, Inc. Watertown

Loren G. Koepsell*

Vice President of Project Finance Lloyd Companies Sioux Falls

Josh R. Haeder*

State Treasurer State of South Dakota Pierre

Paul J. Bisson**

President, Retired Wells Fargo Bank Sturgis

Mary J. Howard*

Senior Vice President The Howard Group of Baird Sioux Falls

Ryan L. Brunner

Commissioner of School & Public Lands State of South Dakota Pierre

Travis W. Almond

Executive Director South Dakota Retirement System Pierre

*Denotes member of Audit Committee **Denotes member of Compensation Committee

History

• Established by the South Dakota Legislature in 1971. Operations began on July 1, 1972.

Membership

- Consists of eight voting members.
- South Dakota law stipulates that, "The members of the state investment council shall be qualified by training and experience in the field of investment or finance."
- Five members are chosen by the Executive Board of the Legislative Research Council, a bipartisan board composed of members from both houses of the Legislature, to serve rolling five-year terms.
- Three members serve ex officio: the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of School & Public Lands, and the Executive Director of the South Dakota Retirement System.

Responsibilities

- Appoint and evaluate State Investment Officer.
- Develop investment policy and establish asset allocation guidelines for the long term.
- Monitor implementation of investment process.
- Oversee audit process through SDIC Audit Committee.
- Comply with and monitor Code of Ethics and Personal Investing Guidelines.
- Approve annual budget and long-term plan.

Investment Policy

• Abide by Prudent-Man Standard as defined by South Dakota Codified Law 4-5-27 below.

Any investments under the provisions of SDCL 4-5-12 to 4-5-39, inclusive, shall be made with the exercise of that degree of judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

Investment Council Staff

- Staff includes 28 investment professionals across a variety of asset classes, four investment accountants, two administrative staff, and three part-time legal counsel. Of the investment professionals, 24 are Chartered Financial Analyst® charterholders. The investment accountants are Certified Public Accountants.
- The function of the staff is to advise and recommend investment policies and strategies to the Investment Council and to implement the Investment Council's adopted investment policies.

SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

THE FUND

The South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to about 95,000 South Dakota public employees. SDRS is a cost-sharing, multipleemployer public retirement system funded through member and employer contributions and investment income. Per state statute, the South Dakota Investment Council (Council) is responsible for managing SDRS investment assets. This section discusses investment objectives and intermediate and long-term results. Detailed information about SDRS can be found on their website, <u>www.sdrs.sd.gov</u>.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The primary investment objective for SDRS assets is to achieve and exceed over the long term the return of the Council's capital markets benchmark. Accomplishment of this objective provides the best opportunity to earn returns sufficient to maintain the financial strength of SDRS. An estimate of the longterm return of the benchmark is used by the SDRS actuary to assess the funding status of SDRS. If investment markets prove disappointing or the Council underperforms, benefit reductions may be statutorily required.

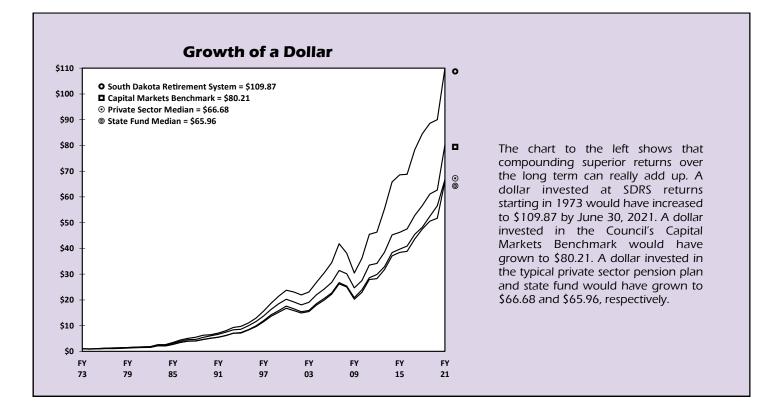
The capital markets benchmark reflects the Council's benchmark asset allocation applied to index returns for each asset category. The key investment policy decision relates to asset allocation as discussed in the SDRS Asset Allocation Focus on page 7. The index-based capital markets benchmark is believed to represent a challenging comparison as the average investor tends to underperform market indexes over time due to management fees and transactions costs.

This objective has been achieved for the majority of rolling 5 and 10-year periods and all 20-year and 30-year periods. The following table summarizes SDRS total fund performance versus the Council's capital markets benchmark. A complete listing of rolling 5, 10, 20, and 30-year return comparisons is located on page 8.

SDRS Total Fund versus Capital Markets Benchmark									
	<u>5 years</u>	<u>10 years</u>	<u>20 years</u>	<u>30 years</u>					
# of Successes	35	36	29	19					
# of Periods	44	39	29	19					
% of Success	80%	92%	100%	100%					

A secondary objective is to achieve and exceed over the long term the median return earned by peer funds. Comparison to peer funds can help in assessing performance as most peer funds have similar long-term return objectives. The following table shows that SDRS returns have exceeded the median state fund results for the majority of rolling 5-year periods and all 10, 20, and 30-year timeframes.

SDRS Total Fund versus State Fund Median									
	<u>5 years</u>	<u>10 years</u>	<u>20 years</u>	30 years					
# of Successes	39	39	29	19					
# of Periods	44	39	29	19					
% of Success	89%	100%	100%	100%					



Asset Allocation Focus

Allocation of assets to categories may be the most impactful investment decision. The Council establishes a benchmark asset allocation which considers expected long -term returns and risk. Categories included in the benchmark are those that are significant in size and can be passively implemented. These include public equity, real estate, high yield debt, investment grade debt, and cash. The Council's capital markets benchmark is based on the benchmark asset allocation and is intended to represent what is achievable through index funds without requiring exceptional skill. The capital markets benchmark is used to compare against actual results to assess whether value has been added. The benchmark is viewed as a challenging hurdle as it is difficult for most investors to exceed index returns. The Council also establishes a minimum and maximum for each category. Niche or skill-based categories are not included in the benchmark but can have a permitted range for when it is believed that valuation of a category is depressed or if superior managers have been identified.

Use of multiple asset categories can complicate understanding of total fund risk as categories may have varying sensitivities to changing economic and market conditions. When the Council began managing assets in the early 1970's, most institutional portfolios consisted of bonds, some stocks, and cash. Investors back then could understand the level of risk by simply looking at the percentage invested in stocks. To help in understanding the risk of today's more complicated portfolios, the Council focuses on equity-like and bond-like risk. Equity-like risk is the percentage invested in stocks plus any embedded equity exposure of other categories, particularly during times of market stress. Bond-like risk is the percentage invested in investment grade bonds plus any embedded bond exposure of other categories. The benchmark equitylike risk is 70% with a permitted range of 40% to 85%. The benchmark bond-like risk is 27% with a permitted range of 15% to 50%. There are also ranges around the benchmark allocation to individual asset categories.

The valuation process which drives allocations within the ranges is based on the present value of estimated future cash flows. Internal research efforts focus on estimating cash flows and risk-based discount rates.

Conventional statistical measures of risk are calculated. These include standard deviation as a measure of volatility and correlation as a measure of the degree that categories provide diversification. Conventional measures are helpful for understanding risk in normal times but can understate real-world frequency and magnitude of severe declines. The Council adjusts statistical measures to better reflect risk during severe declines. Liquidity is monitored to minimize risk of forced liquidations. The target equity-like risk of the SDRS fund was near 50.0% for fiscal year 2021 compared to the capital markets benchmark level of 70.0%. The actual level can fluctuate within a small rebalance band around the target.

The expected long-term return for the benchmark allocation as of June 30, 2021, was 5.85%. The actual portfolio can be significantly different than the benchmark at any point in time, but the long-term average level of equity-like risk is expected to be close to the 70.0% benchmark level. The expected return for the benchmark excludes any potential value added or detracted relative to index returns resulting from actively managing the fund. The estimated rate of inflation embedded in the expected return was 2.4%. Standard deviation was estimated to be 15.4% after adjustments to capture real-world frequency of adverse events. These statistics indicate a 66% chance the return for any year would be between (9.5%) and 21.2% and a 95% chance the return would be between (24.9%) and 36.7%.

The greatest risk to markets may be unsustainable buildup of global debt. The consequence is likely muted growth and heightened risk down the road of either inflation to inflate away the debt or deflationary debt liquidation. The Council is mindful of these risks as it continues to invest for the long term.

Fiscal Year 2021 Asset Allocation Policy Summary

Asset Category	CMB Allocation	Min Ra	i - N anc	
Public Equity	58%	20%	<u></u>	75%
Real Estate	10%	2%	-	20%
High Yield Debt (Corporate)	7%	0%	-	15%
Investment Grade Debt	23%	13%	-	50%
Cash	2%	0%	-	50%
Private Equity	0%	0%	-	12%
Opportunistic Real Estate	0%	0%	-	15%
High Yield Debt (Real Estate)	0%	0%	-	10%
Aggressive Absolute Return	0%	0%	-	5%
TIPS	0%	0%	-	5%
Commodities	0%	0%	-	5%
Merger Arbitrage	0%	0%	-	10%
Convertible Arbitrage	0%	0%	-	5%

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SDRS Total Fund Performance¹⁰⁻¹³

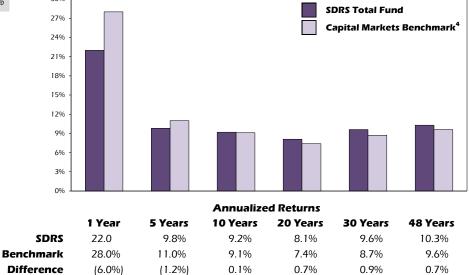
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	1 SDRS	Year <i>Bench</i>		Years <i>Bench</i>		Years <i>Bench</i>	20 SDRS	Years Bench	30 SDRS	Years <i>Bench</i>		Years <i>Bench</i>
2021	22.0%	28.0%	9.8%	11.0%	9.2%	<i>9.1%</i>	8.1%	7.4%	9.6%	8.7%	10.3%	9.6%
2020	1.6%	2.5%	5.6%	6.3%	9.6%	8.6%	6.9%	5.8%	9.2%	8.1%		
2019	4.9%	7.9%	6.1%	6.2%	11.3%	9.5%	7.4%	6.2%	9.2%	8.4%		
2018	7.9%	7.3%	8.8%	8.0%	8.3%	6.5%	7.8%	6.4%	9.5%	8.7%		The c
2017	13.8%	11.0%	11.1%	9.1%	6.5%	5.3%	8.4%	6.9%	9.5%	8.5%		total i
016	0.3%	2.9%	8.6%	7.3%	7.2%	5.9%	8.7%	7.3%	9.6%	8.6%		48 ye
2015	4.2%	2.1%	13.7%	11.0%	8.5%	6.7%	9.5%	7.9%	10.4%	9.3%		Total I
2014	18.9%	17.5%	16.7%	12.9%	9.4%	7.5%	10.0%	8.7%	11.3%	10.2%		is pro
2013	19.5%	12.7%	7.7%	5.0%	9.2%	7.3%	9.3%	7.9%	10.7%	9.6%		The o
2012	1.9%	2.0%	2.1%	1.7%	7.8%	6.6%	9.1%	7.9%	11.4%	10.4%		solid
2011	25.8%	22.1%	5.7%	4.6%	7.0%	5.7%	9.7%	8.4%	11.4%	10.4%		return
2010	18.7%	11.1%	3.5%	2.6%	4.3%	3.1%	9.0%	7.8%	10.8%	9.9%		Past p
2009	(20.4%)	(18.0%)	2.5%	2.3%	3.6%	2.9%	8.2%	<i>7.9%</i>	10.5%	9.9%		result
2008	(8.7%)	(4.2%)	10.6%	9.6%	7.4%	6.3%	10.2%	9.8%	11.6%	11.0%		
2007	21.4%	17.6%	13.8%	11.7%	10.3%	8.6%	11.1%	10.1%	12.0%	11.2%		
2006	13.1%	10.7%	8.3%	6.8%	10.3%	8.7%	10.8%	10.0%	11.8%	10.9%		
2005	13.3%	9.6%	5.1%	3.6%	10.6%	9.2%	11.4%	10.7%	11.7%	10.9%		
2004	16.6%	15.5%	4.6%	3.6%	10.7%	9.9%	12.3%	11.6%	11.8%	11.0%		
2003	5.0%	5.4%	4.2%	3.2%	9.5%	8.6%	11.4%	10.7%	11.0%	10.3%		
2002	(4.9%)	(5.8%)	6.9%	5.6%	10.6%	9.2%	13.2%	12.3%		10.070		
2001	(2.9%)	(5.1%)		10.6%	12.5%	11.2%	13.6%	12.8%				
2000	10.8%	9.7%	16.5%	15.1%	13.9%	12.8%	14.3%	13.5%				
1999	14.6%	13.3%	17.2%	16.6%	13.0%	13.1%	14.1%	13.5%				
1998	19.3%	18.4%	15.1%	14.2%	13.0%	13.4%	13.8%	13.3%				
1997	21.3%	18.9%	14.3%	12.9%	11.9%	11.6%	12.9%	12.5%				
1996	16.7%	15.5%	12.8%	11.8%	11.3%	11.3%	12.5%	12.0%				
1995	14.1%	16.9%	11.3%	10.5%	12.2%	12.2%	12.3%	11.8%				
1994	4.8%	2.4%	9.0%	9.7%	13.9%	13.2%	12.4%	11.6%				
1993	15.2%	11.8%	10.9%	12.5%	13.4%	13.0%	11.8%	11.2%				
1992	13.4%	12.9%	9.5%	10.2%	16.0%	15.5%	11.070	11.270				
1991	9.3%	9.2%	9.9%	10.9%	14.7%	14.4%						
1990	3.0%	12.5%	13.2%	13.9%	14.7%	14.1%						
1989	14.2%	16.4%	18.9%	16.9%	15.2%	13.9%						
1988	8.0%	0.7%	15.9%	13.4%	14.7%	13.3%						
1987	15.3%	16.6%	22.8%	21.1%	14.0%	13.4%						
1986	26.7%	24.7%	19.8%	18.0%	13.7%	12.6%						
1985	31.8%	24.7%		14.4%	12.4%	11.3%						
1984	0.7%	(0.1%)		11.0%	10.9%	10.0%				_		
1983	44.1%	39.6%	13.4%	13.2%	10.2%	9.5%		30%		2	DK2	Total Fu
1982	1.8%	2.8%	5.8%	6.2%	10.2 %	7.370		27% -				
1981	8.8%	6.6%	8.0%	7.4%				2790				
1980	7.6%	10.4%	8.7%	8.3%				24% -				
								21% -				
1979	9.3%	10.2%	10.3%	9.1% E 9%				18% -				
1978	1.7%	1.4%	7.0%	5.9%								
1977	12.9%	8.6%						15% -				
1976	12.2%	11.2%						12% -				
1975	15.8%	14.2%						9% -				
1974	(5.9%)	(4.8%)						6% -				
								3% -				

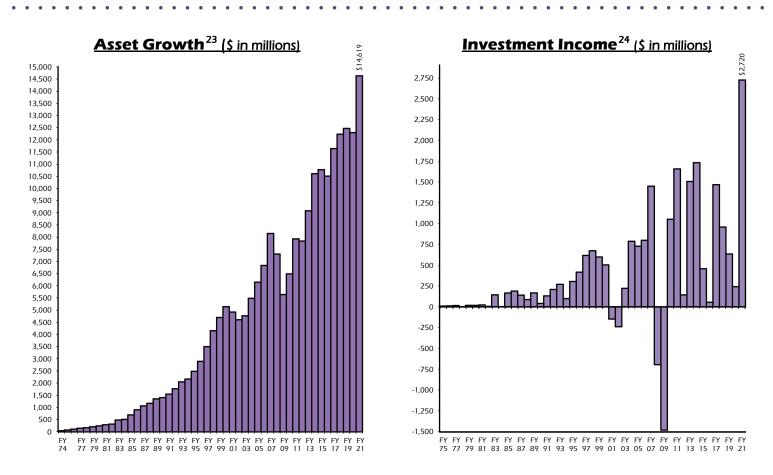
The chart to the left shows the annualized otal rate of returns for 1, 5, 10, 20, 30, and 18 years through fiscal year 2021 for the Total Fund. The Capital Markets Benchmark⁴ 5 provided for comparison.

The one-year Total Fund returns above the colid demarcation line are net-of-fees, the ceturns below are gross-of-fees.

Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

SDRS Total Fund vs. Benchmark





Cash Flows and Fair Value Changes

The South Dakota Retirement System began fiscal year 2021 with \$12.287 billion in assets. During the fiscal year, net contributions/withdrawals and fees decreased the fund by \$387.9 million and investment income increased it by \$2,720.2 million, resulting in an ending fair value of \$14.619 billion.

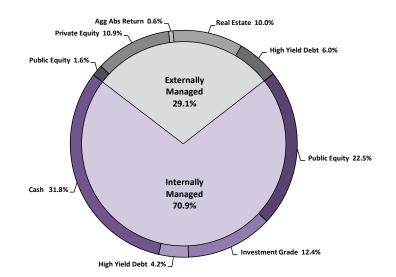
Fair Value 6/30/20			\$ 12,287,009,532
Increases/Decreases Net Contributions/Withdrawals Internal Management Fees External Management Fees		\$ (339,560,722) (9,126,818) (39,221,120)	
Total Increases/Decreases			\$ (387,908,660)
Investment Income Securities Income Interest Income Dividend Income Securities Lending Income Real Estate Income Change in Accrued Income Total Securities Income	\$ 73,304,718 130,870,471 491,938 31,581,349 <u>3,383,008</u>	\$ 239,631,484	
Total Capital Gain/Loss Income		<u>\$ 2,480,550,120</u>	
Total Investment Income			<u>\$ 2,720,181,604</u>
Fair Value 6/30/21			<u>\$ 14,619,282,476</u>

South Dakota Retirement System

Asset Allocation⁸

As of June 30, 2021, South Dakota Retirement System assets totaled \$14.619 billion. The broad asset categories and managers are listed below. The Capital Markets Benchmark allocation is also provided for comparison. The chart shows the asset allocation of the broad asset categories of the South Dakota Retirement System broken out by internally and externally managed.

	<u>Fair Value Exc</u>	luding Futures		Fund g Futures	Futures <u>Exposure</u>	Fair Value <u>with Futures</u>	% of Fund with Futures	Capital Markets <u>Benchmark %</u>	
Public Equity Internal Global Equity Internal Global Emerging Markets Internal Flex Internal Small/Mid Equity Dimensional Fund Advisors Sanders Capital Equity Index Futures	\$ 4,600,779,457 821,962,783 264,218,543 1,008,148,812 86,922,908 151,622,771	\$ 6,933,655,274	31.5% 5.6% 1.8% 6.9% 0.6% 1.0%	47.4%	\$ (3,403,620,000)	\$ 3,530,035,274	24.1%	58.0%	
Private Equity Blackstone Capital Partners Blackstone Energy Partners Capital International Carlyle Cinven CVC Cypress Doughty Hanson EnCap Energy Capital KKR PineBridge Riverstone Silver Lake	\$ 192,662,616 95,907,167 37,818,315 144,941,911 225,635,170 129,561,483 21,515 603,768 18,538,859 357,677 4,961,050 140,283,675 595,957,917	1,587,251,123	1.3% 0.7% 0.3% 1.0% 1.5% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0% 0.1% 0.0% 1.0% 4.1%	10.9%		1,587,251,123	10.9%	0.0%	
Aggressive Absolute Return Bridgewater	\$ 92,737,723	92,737,723	0.6%	0.6%		92,737,723	0.6%	0.0%	
Real Estate Ares Management Blackstone Real Estate Partners Brookfield Strategic Partners Doughty Hanson Lone Star Rockpoint Starwood	\$ 966,973 1,018,236,759 65,604,071 0 90,600,462 129,195,264 	1,460,213,361	0.0% 7.0% 0.4% 0.0% 0.6% 0.9% 1.1%	10.0%		1,460,213,361	10.0%	10.0%	
Investment Grade Debt Internal Investment Grade Treasury Financial Futures	<u>\$ 1,199,000,095</u>	1,199,000,095	8.2%	8.2%	609,657,600	1,808,657,695	12.4%	23.0%	
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Re Internal High Yield CarVal TCW	eal Estate) \$ 618,569,582 112,143 <u>872,776,362</u>	1,491,458,087	4.2% 0.0% <u>6.0%</u>	10.2%		1,491,458,087	10.2%	7.0%	
Cash & Cash Equivalents Internal Shift Account Cash From Futures	<u>\$ 1,854,966,813</u>	<u> 1,854,966,813</u>	<u>12.7%</u>	12.7%	2,793,962,400	4,648,929,213	_31.8%	2.0%	
Total		<u>\$14,619,282,476</u>		<u>100.0%</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	<u>\$ 14,619,282,476</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	



South Dakota Retirement System

SDRS Internal Bond Portfolio Performance

Fiscal		Year		Years		Years		Years		Years
<u>Year</u> 2021	SDRS (1.5%)	<u>Bench</u> (0.2%)	SDRS 3.0%	<u>Bench</u> 3.1%	SDRS 3.4%	<u>Bench</u> 3.4%	SDRS 5.1%	Bench 4.8%	SDRS 6.4%	<u>Benc</u> 5.9%
2020	9.5%	9.0%	4.5%	4.3%	4.1%	3.8%	5.7%	5.4%	6.8%	6.3%
2019	8.5%	7.9%	3.2%	3.0%	4.1%	3.8%	5.4%	5.2%	6.8%	6.3%
2018	(0.5%)	(0.4%)	2.3%	2.3%	4.2%	3.8%	5.1%	4.9%	6.9%	6.4%
2017	(0.4%)	(0.3%)	2.4%	2.2%	5.1%	4.6%	5.8%	5.5%	7.2%	6.7%
2016	6.1%	6.0%	3.9%	3.8%	5.8%	5.2%	6.3%	6.0%	7.5%	6.9%
2015	2.4%	1.9%	3.6%	3.3%	5.1%	4.6%	6.3%	6.0%	7.9%	7.3%
2014	4.2%	4.3%	5.0%	4.7%	5.8%	5.2%	6.9%	6.5%	8.7%	8.2%
2013	(0.3%)	(0.6%)	6.0%	5.3%	5.5%	4.9%	6.7%	6.2%	8.5%	8.1%
2012	7.1%	7.5%	7.8%	7.0%	7.0%	6.3%	7.5%	6.9%	9.5%	9.1%
2012	4.7%	3.7%	7.7%	6.7%	6.8%	6.3%	7.9%	7.2%	9.7%	9.3%
2010	9.8%	9.0%	6.7%	6.0%	7.4%	7.0%	8.2%	7.5%	9.2%	8.9%
2009	9.2%	7.1%	6.5%	5.8%	6.8%	6.5%	8.1%	7.5%	8.9%	8.7%
2007	8.4%	7.8%	4.9%	4.6%	6.1%	6.1%	8.3%	7.7%	8.9%	8.8%
2000	6.5%	6.1%	6.1%	5.7%	6.5%	6.4%	8.3%	7.8%	8.6%	8.5%
2007	(0.2%)	0.7%	6.0%	5.8%	6.9%	6.7%	8.4%	7.7%	8.9%	8.7%
2005	9.1%	7.9%	8.1%	<i>8.1%</i>	7.5%	7.4%	9.3%	8.7%	9.4%	9.1%
2005	1.3%	1.3%	7.1%	7.2%	8.0%	7.8%	10.3%	9.7%	9.6%	9.3%
2003	14.4%	13.4%	7.3%	7.6%	7.8%	7.5%	10.1%	9.7%	9.6%	9.1%
2005	5.9%	7.0%	7.0%	7.1%	8.0%	7.4%	10.8%	10.5%	7.070	7.170
2002	10.0%	11.2%	7.8%	7.7%	9.0%	8.1%	11.1%	10.8%		
2001	4.3%	3.8%	7.0%	6.7%	9.1%	8.1%	10.1%	9.9%		
1999	2.4%	2.9%	8.9%	<i>8.4%</i>	9.5%	8.5%	10.0%	9.9%		
1998	12.6%	11.2%	8.3%	7.5%	10.5%	9.4%	10.3%	10.1%		
1997	9.9%	9.6%	9.0%	7.7%	10.1%	9.1%	9.6%	9.6%		
1996	5.9%	6.2%	10.2%	8.6%	9.9%	8.7%	9.9%	9.8%		
1995	14.0%	12.5%	11.3%	9.5%	11.1%	10.1%	10.3%	10.0%		
1994	(0.1%)	(1.2%)	10.1%	8.6%	12.6%	11.6%	10.3%	10.0%		
1993	16.1%	12.0%	12.7%	11.4%	12.4%	12.0%	10.5%	9.9%		
1992	16.3%	14.2%	11.2%	10.6%	13.7%	13.7%	10.370	1.170		
1992	11.1%	10.8%	9.5%	8.9%	13.2%	13.5%				
1990	7.9%	7.7%	10.9%	10.6%	11.1%	11.7%				
1989	12.5%	12.2%	15.1%	14.8%	10.5%	11.3%				
1988	8.6%	8.2%	12.1%	12.6%	10.1%	10.9%				
1987	7.5%	5.6%	16.2%	16.8%	9.1%	10.1%				
1986	18.5%	5.0% 19.8%	17.0%	18.4%	9.1% 9.9%	10.1%				
1985	29.9%	30.0%		12.9%	9.5%	9.9%				
			11.2%	7.9%	9.3% 8.2%					
1984	(1.6%)	1.7%	6.0%			8.4% 7.9%		8%	SD	DRS II
1983	30.5%	30.0%	8.1%	9.2%	8.7%	7.9%		870	SDRS	Intern
1982	11.2%	12.8%	2.4%	3.8% 2 7%					Fixed	d Incom
1981	(8.1%)	(5.4%)	3.3%	3.7%				6% -	1	
1980	2.2%	3.8% 7.6%	7.9%	7.0% 0.0%						
1979	8.3%	7.6%	10.4%	8.8% 6.6%				404		
1978	(0.4%)	1.0%	9.3%	6.6%				4% -		
1977	15.9%	12.4%								
1976	14.2%	10.5%						2% -		
1975	14.9%	12.9%								
1974	3.1%	(2.9%)						1		

The chart to the left shows the annualized total rate of returns for 1, 5, 10, 20, 30, and 48 years through fiscal year 2021 for the Internal Bond Portfolio. The Fixed Income Benchmark² is provided for comparison.

48 Years

Bench

7.3%

Bench SDRS

7.7%

The one-year returns above the solid demarcation line include both bonds and allocated cash reserves; the returns below are bonds only with no allocated cash reserves.

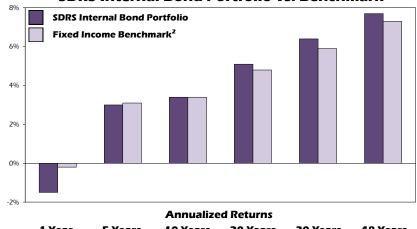
Prior to fiscal year 2007, the investment grade and high yield bonds were managed together. On July 1, 2006, they were separated and are now managed individually. The one-year returns below the dotted demarcation line reflect the investment grade and high yield returns; the returns above are investment grade-only returns. The high yield-only returns are presented on the next page.

SDRS Internal Bond Portfolio Characteristics as of June 30, 2021							
Characteristic	SDRS	Bond Index ¹					
Yield to Maturity	1.40%	1.49%					
Average Maturity	6.11 yrs	8.23 yrs					

The Bond Index is presented for comparative purposes.

6.01 yrs

6.69 yrs



PRS Internal Bond Portfolio vs. Benchmark

Duration

	Annualized Returns								
	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years	20 Years	30 Years	48 Years			
SDRS	(1.5%)	3.0%	3.4%	5.1%	6.4%	7.7%			
Benchmark	(0.2%)	3.1%	3.4%	4.8%	5.9%	7.3%			
Difference	(1.3%)	(0.1%)	0.0%	0.3%	0.5%	0.4%			

SDRS Internal High Yield Bond Portfolio Performance

Fiscal	1	Year	2 1	fears	3	Years	5	Years	10	Years	15	Years
Year	SDRS	Bench	SDRS	Bench	SDRS	Bench	SDRS	Bench	SDRS	Bench	SDRS	Bench
2021	29.6%	15.3%	1.3%	6.5%	0.8%	6.7%	6.7%	6.9%	4.1%	6.2%	5.4%	7.2%
2020	(20.8%)	(1.7%)	(11.2%)	2.6%	(4.5%)	2.7%	(0.7%)	4.1%	2.9%	6.1%		
2019	(0.4%)	7.1%	4.8%	4.9%	10.5%	7.2%	1.7%	4.3%	7.1%	8.2%		
2018	10.2%	2.7%	16.3%	7.3%	7.0%	5.1%	3.7%	5.1%	7.2%	7.7%		
2017	22.7%	12.0%	5.4%	6.3%	(0.2%)	<i>3.9%</i>	3.9%	6.3%	6.2%	7.5%		
2016	(9.6%)	0.9%	(10.1%)	0.0%	(4.0%)	3.6%	1.5%	5.5%	4.8%	7.3%		
2015	(10.6%)	(0.8%)	(1.1%)	5.0%	3.0%	6.3%	6.7%	8.2%				
2014	9.5%	11.2%	10.5%	10.0%	10.1%	9.3%	12.7%	12.2%				
2013	11.5%	8.9%	10.4%	8.4%	12.2%	10.5%	10.8%	10.4%				
2012	9.2%	7.9%	12.6%	11.3%	14.2%	13.7%	8.5%	8.8%				
2011	16.0%	14.8%	16.7%	16.8%	11.2%	11.8%	8.2%	9.1%				
2010	17.5%	18.9%	8.8%	10.3%	5.8%	7.2%						
2009	0.7%	2.3%	0.4%	1.8%	2.8%	4.2%						
2008	0.1%	1.2%	3.8%	5.2%								
2007	7.7%	9.2%										

The chart to the left shows the annualized total rate of returns for 1, 2, 3, 5, 10 and 15 years through fiscal year 2021 for the Internal High Yield Bond Portfolio. The High Yield benchmark⁵ is provided for comparison.

On July 1, 2006, the investment grade and high yield bonds were separated and are now managed individually.

Internal Bond Profiles

The South Dakota Retirement System's internal Investment Grade (IG) and High Yield (HY) bond portfolio characteristics as of June 30, 2021, are presented below.

Distribution by Duration	<u>IG</u>	<u>HY</u>	Distribution by Quality Rating	<u>IG</u>	<u>HY</u>
0 to 2 Years 2 to 3 Years 3 to 4 Years 4 to 5 Years 5 to 6 Years 6 to 8 Years Above 8 Years Total	6.8% 8.0% 8.7% 22.1% 5.5% 30.3% <u>18.6%</u> <u>100.0%</u>	59.2% 12.1% 8.9% 5.2% 6.5% 6.8% <u>1.3%</u> <u>100.0%</u>	U.S. Gov't/Aaa Aa Baa Ba B Caa and lower Total	64.7% 10.4% 11.4% 12.6% 0.9% 0.0% <u>0.0%</u> <u>100.0%</u>	2.4% 0.0% 1.5% 33.4% 31.5% <u>31.2%</u> <u>100.0%</u>
Distribution by Coupon	IG	НY	Distribution by Sector	<u>IG</u>	<u>HY</u>
0.00% - 2.00% 2.01% - 3.00% 3.01% - 4.00% 4.01% - 5.00% 5.01% - 6.00% 6.01% - 7.00% 7.01% and over Total	53.9% 22.6% 18.8% 3.2% 1.4% 0.1% 0.0% <u>100.0%</u>	25.5% 0.7% 5.5% 20.6% 19.8% 12.7% <u>15.2%</u> <u>100.0%</u>	Cash/Cash Equivalents U.S. Treasuries Agency Debentures Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities Investment Grade Corporates High Yield Securities Total	0.9% 34.0% 2.9% 25.7% 35.6% 0.9% <u>100.0%</u>	2.4% 0.0% 0.0% 1.5% <u>96.1%</u> <u>100.0%</u>
Investment Grade Bond Por <u>Ten Largest Corporates by I</u>		% of <u>Total</u>	High Yield Bond Portfolio <u>Ten Largest Corporates by Iss</u> i	<u>uer</u>	% of <u>Total</u>
Ontario (Province Of) Bank of America Corp. Dell Technologies, Inc. Starbucks Corp. Alberta (Province Of) Amazon.com, Inc. Walmart, Inc. Morgan Stanley Quebec (Province Of) BP plc Total		2.3% 2.2% 1.7% 1.6% 1.5% 1.5% 1.3% 1.2% 1.2% 1.2% 1.2%	Bausch Health Cos., Inc. T-Mobile US, Inc. CCO Holdings LLC CSC Holdings LLC Ford Motor Co. Lumen Technologies, Inc. Carnival Corp. HCA, Inc. Occidental Petroleum Corp. TransDigm Group, Inc. Total		2.0% 1.8% 1.6% 1.5% 1.5% 1.5% 1.4% 1.2% 1.1% 1.1%

South Dakota Retirement System

• • **SDRS Combined Internal Equity Portfolio Performance**

Fiscal		Year	5 SDRS	Years	10 SDRS	Years		Years	30 SDRS	Years
<u>Year</u> 2021	SDRS 49.7%	39.2%	15.7%	15.8%	12.5%	<u>Bench</u> 12.2%	8.2%	8.1%	10.4%	<u>Benc</u> 9.9%
2020	(2.8%)	3.2%	6.1%	8.3%	10.7%	11.5%	5.4%	5.4%	9.1%	8.9%
2019	3.1%	8.1%	7.3%	8.4%	12.8%	12.4%	6.1%	5.8%	9.3%	9.4%
2018	12.8%	12.5%	11.4%	11.5%	9.9%	8.0%	6.9%	6.2%	9.8%	9.7%
2017	22.5%	19.0%	14.0%	12.8%	6.0%	5.5%	7.4%	6.8%	9.3%	9.0%
2016	(2.9%)	(0.1%)	9.3%	8.7%	6.0%	5.9%	7.8%	7.2%	9.2%	9.2%
2015	2.9%	3.6%	15.6%	14.7%	7.6%	7.3%	9.3%	8.4%	10.4%	10.3%
2014	24.1%	24.4%	18.5%	16.6%	8.3%	7.9%	10.1%	9.2%	11.6%	11.2%
2013	26.6%	19.3%	8.4%	4.5%	8.2%	7.8%	9.2%	8.2%	10.9%	10.2%
2012	(0.4%)	(1.3%)	(1.4%)	(1.4%)	5.4%	5.8%	8.7%	8.0%	11.8%	11.3%
2011	28.1%	30.8%	2.7%	3.1%	4.1%	4.3%	9.4%	8.7%	11.7%	10.9%
2010	16.9%	12.3%	0.1%	0.4%	0.3%	(0.4%)	8.3%	7.7%	11.6%	10.6%
2009		(27.9%)	(1.1%)	(0.2%)	(0.3%)	(0.5%)	7.6%	7.9%	11.4%	10.8%
2008		(11.0%)	8.0%	11.2%	3.9%	4.6%	9.8%	10.7%	12.7%	12.5%
2007	22.0%	23.6%	12.7%	13.6%	8.9%	8.2%	11.0%	10.9%	13.6%	12.9%
2006	12.6%	14.7%	5.5%	5.4%	9.7%	8.7%	10.9%	11.0%	13.3%	12.1%
2005	9.9%	9.0%	0.4%	(1.2%)	11.0%	9.4%	11.9%	11.9%	13.4%	12.1%
2004	22.9%	23.6%	0.6%	(0.8%)	11.9%	10.6%	13.2%	12.9%	14.0%	12.3%
2003	(2.0%)	(0.8%)	0.0%	(1.7%)	10.3%	8.6%	12.3%	11.4%	12.8%	11.0%
2002		(15.0%)	5.1%	3.1%	12.1%	10.2%	15.1%	14.2%		
2001		(17.1%)	14.0%	12.0%	14.9%	13.4%	15.6%	14.4%		
2000	10.9%	11.0%	22.7%	21.2%	16.9%	16.4%	17.8%	16.6%		
1999	19.5%	18.3%	24.5%	23.4%	16.0%	16.9%	17.7%	16.9%		
1998	25.6%	25.6%	21.7%	20.1%	16.1%	17.1%	17.4%	16.6%		
1997	31.7%	28.6%	19.5%	17.7%	13.2%	13.6%	16.1%	15.3%		
1996	27.1%	23.3%	15.7%	14.8%	12.1%	13.3%	15.1%	13.9%		
1995	18.9%	21.2%	11.3%	11.7%	12.8%	14.4%	14.6%	13.5%		
1994	6.7%	3.3%	8.1%	10.8%	14.6%	15.3%	15.1%	13.2%		
1993	14.6%	13.9%	10.7%	14.2%	14.3%	14.3%	14.1%	12.2%		
1992	12.4%	13.5%	7.3%	9.7%	18.3%	18.3%				
1991	4.5%	7.4%	8.5%	11.8%	16.4%	15.4%				
1990	2.7%	16.3%	14.3%	17.1%	18.7%	16.8%				
1989	20.3%	20.4%	21.5%	19.9%	19.4%	16.9%				
1988	(1.9%)	(7.1%)	18.1%	14.4%	18.8%	16.2%				
1987	18.7%	25.1%	30.3%	27.7%	19.0%	17.1%				
1986	35.7%	35.4%	24.9%	19.2%	18.3%	14.5%				
1985	39.0%	30.8%	23.3%	16.4%	16.5%	12.6%				
1984	4.5%	(4.7%)	17.4%	13.9%	15.6%	11.2%			CDF	
1983	60.6%	61.0%	19.5%	18.0%	13.8%	10.1%		F00/	201	S Co
1982	(4.1%)	(11.4%)	8.6%	7.3%				50% -		
1981	27.6%	20.5%	12.1%	10.0%				45% -		
1980	8.7%	17.1%	10.0%	8.8%				40% -		1
1979	14.3%	13.6%	13.9%	8.6%				35% -		
1978	(0.4%)	0.1%	8.3%	2.6%				30% -		
1977	12.1%	0.5%								
1976	16.2%	14.0%						25% -		
1975	28.9%	16.1%						20% -		
1974		(14.5%)						15% -		
		,						10% -		
								1070		

The chart to the left shows the annualized total rate of returns for 1, 5, 10, 20, 30, and 48 years through fiscal year 2021 for the Combined Internal Equity Portfolio. The Combined Internal Equity Benchmark¹⁹ is provided for comparison.

48 Years

Bench

10.7%

Bench SDRS

11.8%

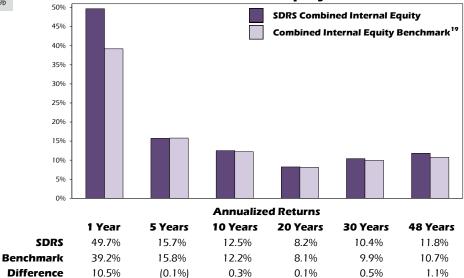
9.9%

The one-year returns above the solid demarcation line include both equities and allocated cash reserves; the returns below are equities only with no allocated cash reserves.

The one-year returns below the dotted demarcation line are domestic-only returns; the returns above are global equity returns.

Prior to fiscal year 2005, the domestic and international equities were managed separately. On July 1, 2004, they were merged and are managed together. Historical information is presented on page 16.

S Combined Internal Equity vs. Benchmark



South Dakota Retirement System

. .

% of

<u>Internal Global</u> Equity Profile

The South Dakota Retirement System's internal global equity portfolio characteristics as of June 30, 2021, are presented below. The SDRS internal global equity portfolio is compared to the S&P Global 1200 Ex-Emerging Markets Index benchmark. A listing of the 30 largest global equity company holdings is also provided.

Distribution by Market Sector

30 Larg	est Com	pany H	oldings

	<u>SDRS</u>	<u>Bench</u>		<u>Total</u>
Consumer Discretionary	10.0%	12.3%	Microsoft Corp.	4.3%
Consumer Staples	7.0%	7.0%	Apple, Inc.	3.7%
Energy .	9.4%	3.3%	Alphabet, Inc.	3.5%
Financials	16.3%	13.7%	Wells Fargo & Co.	2.0%
Health Care	14.5%	12.3%	Facebook, Inc.	1.9%
Industrials	7.2%	10.7%	Berkshire Hathaway, Inc.	1.8%
Information Technology	18.6%	22.0%	Amazon.com, Inc.	1.6%
Materials	3.3%	4.5%	Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	1.3%
Real Estate	2.5%	2.4%	Roche Holding AG	1.2%
Telecommunications Services	9.0%	9.1%	SAP SE	1.1%
Utilities	1.4%	2.7%	Novartis AG	1.0%
Cash Equivalents	0.8%	0.0%	Suncor Energy, Inc.	1.0%
			Visa, Inc.	0.9%
Total	100.0%	100.0%	Canadian Natural Resources, Ltd.	0.9%
			UnitedHealth Group, Inc.	0.9%
			JPMorgan Chase & Co.	0.9%
<u>Ten Largest Country We</u>	eiahts		Pfizer, Inc.	0.8%
ich Edigest Country W				
ren Eargest Country II	<u></u>		Humana, Inc.	
Ten Largest country in	_	Bench	Humana, Inc.	0.8%
ren Engest country w	<u>SDRS</u>	<u>Bench</u>	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp.	0.8% 0.8%
	_	<u>Bench</u> 66.1%	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV	0.8% 0.8% 0.8%
United States	<u>SDRS</u>		Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV Medtronic plc	0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.8%
United States Great Britain	<u>SDRS</u> 66.7%	66.1%	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV Medtronic plc ConocoPhillips	0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.8%
United States Great Britain Germany	- <u>SDRS</u> 66.7% 6.6%	66.1% 4.5%	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV Medtronic plc ConocoPhillips Exxon Mobil Corp.	0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7%
United States Great Britain Germany Japan	SDRS 66.7% 6.6% 4.9%	66.1% 4.5% 2.8%	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV Medtronic plc ConocoPhillips	0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7%
United States Great Britain Germany Japan Switzerland	SDRS 66.7% 6.6% 4.9% 4.6%	66.1% 4.5% 2.8% 6.7%	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV Medtronic plc ConocoPhillips Exxon Mobil Corp. Applied Materials, Inc.	0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7%
United States Great Britain Germany Japan Switzerland France	SDRS 66.7% 6.6% 4.9% 4.6% 4.3%	66.1% 4.5% 2.8% 6.7% 3.0%	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV Medtronic plc ConocoPhillips Exxon Mobil Corp. Applied Materials, Inc. Nestle SA Anthem, Inc.	0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7%
United States Great Britain Germany Japan Switzerland France South Korea	SDRS 66.7% 6.6% 4.9% 4.6% 4.3% 3.1%	66.1% 4.5% 2.8% 6.7% 3.0% 3.3%	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV Medtronic plc ConocoPhillips Exxon Mobil Corp. Applied Materials, Inc. Nestle SA	0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7%
United States Great Britain Germany Japan Switzerland France South Korea Canada Netherlands	SDRS 66.7% 6.6% 4.9% 4.6% 4.3% 3.1% 2.7%	66.1% 4.5% 2.8% 6.7% 3.0% 3.3% 1.5%	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV Medtronic plc ConocoPhillips Exxon Mobil Corp. Applied Materials, Inc. Nestle SA Anthem, Inc. Walmart, Inc. Merck & Co., Inc.	0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7
United States Great Britain Germany Japan Switzerland France South Korea Canada	SDRS 66.7% 6.6% 4.9% 4.6% 4.3% 3.1% 2.7% 2.5%	66.1% 4.5% 2.8% 6.7% 3.0% 3.3% 1.5% 3.3%	Humana, Inc. Comcast Corp. ING Groep NV Medtronic plc ConocoPhillips Exxon Mobil Corp. Applied Materials, Inc. Nestle SA Anthem, Inc. Walmart, Inc.	0.8% 0.8% 0.8% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7% 0.7%



The South Dakota Retirement System's public equity composite is comprised of the following internally managed equity portfolios: global, global emerging markets, flex, and small/mid along with two externally managed portfolios as of June 30, 2021. The composite is compared to the ¾ MSCI ACWI IMI Index plus ¼ MSCI USA IMI Index benchmark.

Performance Results for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

SDRS Public Equity Composite	50.6%
Benchmark	41.7%
Difference	8.9%

Private Equity and Real Estate Limited Partnership Investments

The Council has invested in real estate (RE) and private equity (PE) limited partnerships since the mid-1990s. Although these investments are illiquid and have higher fees, the Council believes that they offer diversification and the opportunity for added value net-of-fees over public market investments. The funding of these investments is made over several years as the partnerships call money from investors to buy assets and later return it when assets are sold. According to industry standards, the return analysis for these investments requires the use of a since inception internal rate of return (SI-IRR).

SI-IRR is the calculation that equates the present value of all cash flows (capital calls and distributions) with the period-end value. The public market equivalent (PME) is a method where a public market index is expressed in terms of a SI-IRR, using the same cash flows and timing as those of the partnership investment over the same time period. The partnership SI-IRR is calculated net-of-fees (management fees, performance based fees, and general partner carried interest). Also, a composite SI-IRR that combines the partnerships in each category is calculated.

From November 1995 through June 2021, the net-of-fees SI-IRR for the composite PE limited partnership investments was 10.1%. This can be compared to the S&P 500 Index PME of 7.1% for the same period. RE limited partnerships net-of-fees SI-IRR composite from December 1994 through June 2021 was 20.5%. A PME using the MSCI US REIT Index could not be calculated using the same cash flows because the return of the RE limited partnerships was significantly higher than the index. The annualized time-weighted rate of return for the MSCI US REIT index was 10.3% for the same period of time.

The composite return of the RE limited partnerships has significantly exceeded and the PE limited partnerships has slightly exceeded Council expectations. The Council will continue its ongoing evaluation of RE & PE limited partnerships. See page 35 for a listing of the partnership investments.

SDRS Real Estate Net Internal Rate of Return Performance Comparison

Fiscal				Fiscal				Sin	ce Inceptio	on*	
Year	SDRS	Bench	Diff	Year	SDRS	Bench	Diff	SDRS	Bench	Diff	
1995*	16.4%	4.6%	11.8%	2009	(52.5%)	(14.7%)	(37.8%)	20.5%	9.6%	10.9%	
1996	38.3%	9.6%	28.7%	2010	11.7%	(9.6%)	21.3%				
1997	30.9%	11.4%	19.5%	2011	40.9%	17.5%	23.4%	The chart shows the yearly and a inception net internal rate of return			
1998	37.2%	17.9%	19.3%	2012	3.7%	14.8%	(11.1%)				
1999	28.5%	13.2%	15.3%	2013	15.4%	11.9%	3.5%	the composite of the Real Estate lima partnerships. The Real Estate Benchma is provided for comparison.			
2000	13.4%	11.6%	1.8%	2014	24.3%	13.4%	10.9%				
2001	20.1%	12.4%	7.7%	2015	18.9%	3.9%	15.0%	* Initial real estate investment was fund			
2002	6.4%	6.6%	(0.2%)	2016	3.2%	24.1%	(20.9%)			The since incep	
2003	5.7%	7.1%	(1.4%)	2017	16.8%	(1.8%)	18.6%	internal r	ate of returi	n is from Decen	
2004	19.4%	9.7%	9.7%	2018	14.1%	3.6%	10.5%	1994 - Ju	ne 2021.		
2005	66.4%	15.6%	50.8%	2019	9.4%	11.1%	(1.7%)				
2006	36.7%	20.2%	16.5%	2020	(2.4%)	(12.9%)	10.5%				
2007	60.0%	16.6%	43.4%	2021	23.9%	38.1%	(14.2%)				
2008	3.2%	13.6%	(10.4%)								

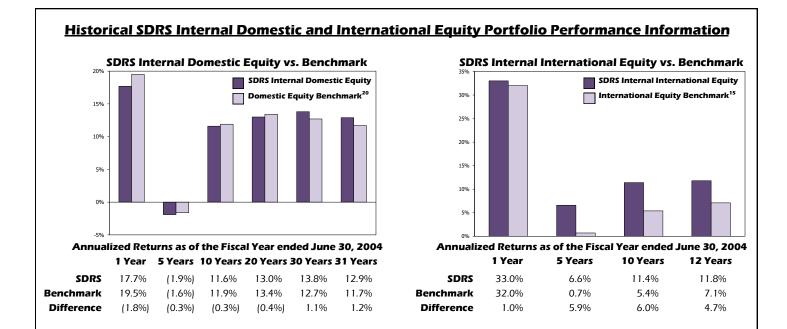
SDRS Private Equity Net Internal Rate of Return Performance Comparison

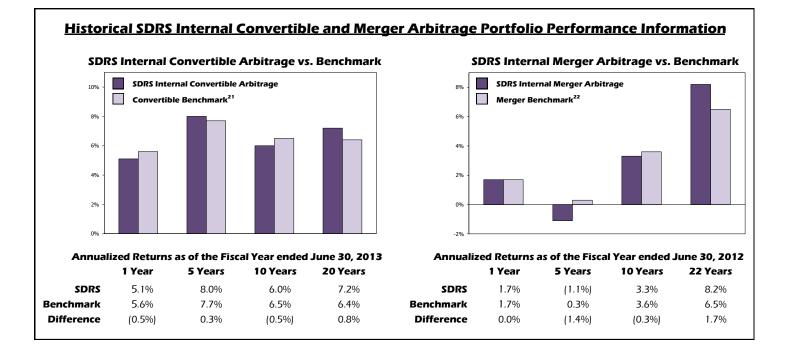
Fiscal				Fiscal				Since Fiscal Year 1999*		
Year	SDRS	Bench	Diff	Year	SDRS	Bench	Diff	SDRS Bench Diff		
1999	5.9%	27.9%	(22.0%)	2011	32.3%	32.8%	(0.5%)	10.2% 9.6% 0.6%		
2000	9.5%	14.7%	(5.2%)	2012	(1.0%)	7.3%	(8.3%)			
2001	(16.4%)	(10.4%)	(6.0%)	2013	13.9%	22.6%	(8.7%)	The chart shows the yearly and net internat rate of return from fiscal year 1999-2021		
2002	(9.7%)	(14.8%)	5.1%	2014	24.8%	24.6%	0.2%			
2003	4.2%	4.6%	(0.4%)	2015	7.8%	2.8%	5.0%	for the composite of the Private Equity limited partnerships. The Private Equity		
2004	30.0%	23.5%	6.5%	2016	2.6%	(1.7%)	4.3%	Benchmark ²⁶ is provided for comparison.		
2005	26.0%	10.0%	16.0%	2017	22.6%	18.3%	4.3%	* Initial animate equity investment of		
2006	26.5%	12.4%	14.1%	2018	21.6%	11.8%	9.8%	* Initial private equity investment w funded in November 1995. Private Equ		
2007	22.6%	24.7%	(2.1%)	2019	2.3%	7.0%	(4.7%)	was added to the Capital Marke		
2008	9.9%	(9.9%)	19.8%	2020	(6.9%)	2.4%	(9.3%)	Benchmark in fiscal year 1999.		
2009	(35.4%)	(23.4%)	(12.0%)	2021	55.3%	41.7%	13.6%			
2010	32.7%	18.4%	14.3%							

<u>Historical</u> Performance

Page 16

The historical performance information presented in the first box below is for the time periods that the South Dakota Retirement System internally managed domestic and international equities separately. The second box contains historical performance information for the time periods of the internally managed convertible and merger arbitrage portfolios.





THE FUND

The South Dakota Cash Flow Fund (SDCFF) is comprised of more than 500 separately-identified state accounts. During fiscal year 2021, the fund ranged in size from \$2.020 billion to \$2.690 billion and averaged \$2.393 billion. In April 2020, the SDCFF received \$1.25 billion of federal money for the Coronavirus Relief Fund which increased the balance of the fund. The balance will decrease as the money is utilized for expenses related to the virus. The fund serves as the state checking account, holding various reserves and contingency funds as well as absorbing the state's daily cash inflows and outflows.

South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-26 lists permissible investments for SDCFF. This includes U.S. government and agency debt, investment grade corporate debt, certificates of deposit, and commercial paper. The portfolio's average quality on June 30, 2021 was Aa2. The portfolio guidelines establish ranges and limits on position size, security maturity, portfolio duration, credit quality, and fixed income sector.

OBJECTIVES AND COMPONENTS

The objectives of SDCFF are 1) safety of principal, 2) return on investments, and 3) liquidity.

The fund is comprised of four portfolios. On June 30, 2021, 42.6% was in the actively-managed short-term fixed income portfolio. This strategy was implemented in November 1985. The Council's portfolio guidelines set the maturity limit for the short-term portfolio at 5.25 years for an individual security and the duration limit for the overall portfolio at 2.88 years.

An intermediate-term fixed income portfolio strategy was implemented in November 2015. As of June 30, 2021, this portfolio represented 16.5% of the SDCFF. This portfolio's expected benefits include an increase in the long-term expected return of the SDCFF and increased stability of income flow at the expense of potential increase in market value volatility. This portfolio was phased in over time in \$50 million increments with the total size of \$300 million based on a conservative estimate of the minimum balances in the SDCFF. The intermediate-term portfolio guidelines have an individual security maturity limit of 30 years, a limit on corporate position size, permitted ranges for each market sector, and

a portfolio duration range of 70% to 130% of the FTSE US Broad Investment-Grade (USBIG) Bond Index duration.

The money market portfolio represented 40.2% of SDCFF as of June 30, 2021. This portfolio is the most liquid of the SDCFF portfolios. Its size can vary significantly over the course of the year depending on the cash needs of the State.

The South Dakota Certificate of Deposit Program is the smallest portion of the SDCFF representing 0.7%. The CDs are for a one-year term beginning the last business day of September each year. The rate was based on the one-year Treasury note yield plus 0.25%. On June 30, 2021, \$14.588 million in CDs was held in nineteen banks and four credit unions.

PRORATION

Each fiscal year, the receipted income is prorated to individual state agencies based on a ratio of their average daily cash balance to the total average daily cash balance. The general fund and other state agencies' receipted income was \$33.4 million for fiscal year 2021. The fund has distributed over \$1.23 billion of earnings since its inception. The proration rate for fiscal year 2021 was 1.40%.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE - FISCAL YEAR 2021

The yield of the total SDCFF for fiscal year 2021 was 1.32%. Since the fund's inception in December 1972, it has yielded 5.89% annualized. For fiscal year 2021, the short-term fixed income portfolio portion of the fund had a time-weighted rate of return of 0.68% compared to a Capital Markets Benchmark⁶ return of 0.86%. Since the inception of the short-term portfolio in November 1985, the time-weighted rate of return has been 4.81% annually compared to 4.46% for the benchmark. For fiscal year 2021, the intermediate-term fixed income portfolio had a time-weighted rate of return of (1.84%) compared to (0.21%) for the FTSE USBIG Bond Index. Since the inception of the intermediate-term portfolio in November 2015, the time-weighted rate of return has been 2.96% annually compared to 3.37% for the benchmark. During fiscal year 2021, the money market portion yielded 0.04%. The CD rate on June 30, 2021, was 0.37% for the CDs issued in September 2020.

Cash Flows and Fair Value Changes

The South Dakota Cash Flow Fund began fiscal year 2021 with \$2,703.8 million in assets. During the fiscal year, net contributions/withdrawals and fees decreased the fund by \$577.9 million and investment income increased it by \$0.2 million, resulting in an ending fair value of \$2,126.1 million.

Fair Value 6/30/20			\$ 2,703,802,200
Increases/Decreases Net Contributions/Withdrawals Internal Management Fees		\$ (577,299,225) (569,817)	
Total Increases/Decreases			\$ (577,869,042)
Investment Income Securities Income Interest Income - Managed Interest Income - CDs Change in Accrued Income Total Securities Income Total Capital Gain/Loss Income	\$ 26,616,030 487,762 (2,000,598)	\$ 25,103,194 <u>\$ (24,895,464)</u>	
Total Investment Income			<u>\$ 207,730</u>
Fair Value 6/30/21			<u>\$ 2,126,140,888</u>

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Comparative Results⁹

The proration rate is the cash accounting yield. The managed accrued rate includes accrued interest. The 3-month T-bill and institutional prime money market rates are provided for comparison.

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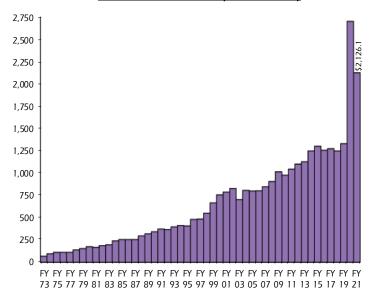
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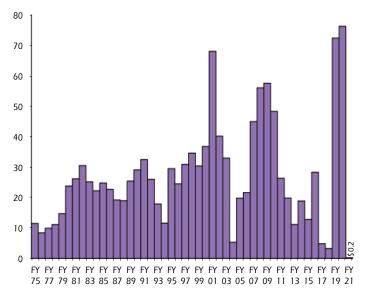
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		SDCFF	Total	Managed	3-month	Institutional Prin		
		Proration	Receipted Rate	Accrued	Treasury	Money Marke		CFFST
		Amount	(Proration Rate)	Rate×	<u>Bill Rate</u>	Fund	<u>CFFST√</u>	<u>Index⁶</u>
2021		\$ 33,352,907	1.40%	1.32%	0.08%	0.10%	0.68%	0.86%
2020		37,624,155	2.30%	2.46%	1.56%	1.51%	5.04%	4.33%
2019		27,957,976	2.08%	2.18%	2.30%	2.35%	5.25%	4.52%
2018		15,914,986	1.19%	1.26%	1.33%	1.47%	0.31%	0.43%
2017		16,116,484	1.25%	1.32%	0.46%	0.73%	0.53%	0.55%
2016		18,018,069	1.35%	1.41%	0.14%	0.26%	2.32%	2.04%
2015		16,728,885	1.25%	1.36%	0.02%	0.06%	1.03%	1.00%
2014		12,516,162	0.99%	1.12%	0.04%	0.04%	1.65%	1.59%
2013		17,429,182	1.47%	1.51%	0.08%	0.12%	0.98%	1.30%
2012		25,829,546	2.33%	2.27%	0.04%	0.12%	1.88%	1.82%
2011		35,573,830	3.37%	3.43%	0.14%	0.17%	2.71%	2.84%
2010		50,155,778	4.94%	4. 79 %	0.12%	0.17%	5.10%	5.34%
2009		43,568,535	4.59%	4.51%	0.78%	1.63%	6.58%	3.14%
2008		44,431,241	5.07%	4.96%	3.32%	4.25%	6.59%	6.05%
2007		34,578,213	4.23%	4.41%	5.07%	5.19%	5.56%	5.50%
2006		25,450,147	3.07%	3.40%	3.95%	4.10%	2.36%	2.09%
2005		21,652,806	2.66%	2.92%	2.04%	2.08%	2.62%	2.45%
2004		22,888,860	2.95%	3.02%	0.96%	0.94%	0.59%	(0.14%)
2003		29,876,507	4.22%	4.35%	1.41%	1.39%	5.45%	4.09%
2002		41,972,001	5.54%	5.21%	2.45%	2.44%	5.55%	5.62%
2001		50,729,249	6.54%	6.50%	5.64%	5.88%	9.57 %	8.94%
2000		36,459,873	5.18%	5.47%	5.30%	5.71%	4.94%	4.4 9 %
1999		36,122,881	6.02%	6.01%	4.71%	5.07%	4.90%	5.02%
1998		31,533,466	6.11%	6.51%	5.25%	5.50%	7.11%	6.42%
1997		28,961,501	6.03%	6.12%	5.26%	5.33%	6.81%	6.09%
1996		27,987,169	6.18%	6.32%	5.44%	5.55%	5.29 %	5.54%
1995		20,145,287	4.87%	5.41%	5.05%	5.36%	7.78%	6.41%
1994		15,309,074	3.73%	4.17%	3.18%	3.27%	2.73%	1.87%
1993		20,908,872	5.34%	5.05%	3.12%	3.19%	4.98%	4.71%
1992		26,680,663	7.23%	7.32%	4.67%	4.98%	7.98%	7.95 %
1991		30,595,214	8.48%	8.50%	6.76%	7.20%	9.65%	9.43%
1990		30,876,016	8.81%	8.78%	7.93%	8.39%	8.66%	8.45%
1989		24,741,382	7.35%	8.51%	7.82%	8.64%	9.59%	8.22%
1988		19,634,393	6.52%	7.30%	5.51%	6.78%	7.70%	6.96%
1987		19,763,489	7.11%	6.84%	5.51%	5.98%	6.66%	5.72%
1986		22,702,888	8.69%	8.74%	7.08%	7.43%		
1985		24,805,620	9.91%	9.75%	9.09%	9.47%		
1984		22,179,507	9.02%	9.66%	9.42%	9.40%	× Yield on funds mar	naged by the
1983		25,178,343	12.11%	10.99%	8.56%	9.49%	Investment Office	excluding CDs.
1982		30,488,779	15.51%	13.26%	13.53%	14.66%	(T.).	
1981		26,148,927	11.50%	12.42%	12.65%	13.37%	✓ Total return of SD Torm Partfalia (CE	
1980		23,762,605	11.78%	11.92%	11.24%	11.95%	Term Portfolio (CF	
1979		14,661,310	7.82%	8.82%	8.99%	9.02%	Prorated amount	and rate are
1978		11,069,889	6.96%	7.75%	6.03%	6.03%	7-month numbers	5.
1977		9,853,216	8.37%	7.04%	4.89%	4.71%	 Rate is annualized 	
1976		8,378,771	7.92%	7.34%	5.51%	5.23%		
1975		11,490,970	11.00%	10.39%	6.76%	8.15%		
1974		7,966,372	8.35%	9.88%	8.03%	8.90%		
1973	كا	<u>1,674,845</u> \$1,232,446,841	4.90%	6.92%�	6.10%*	7.00%�		
		<u>,21,232,740,041</u>						

Asset Growth²³ (\$ in millions)

Investment Income²⁴ (\$ in millions)

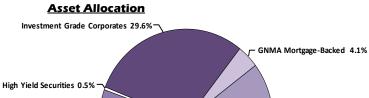




Distribution of Assets The South Dakota Cash Flow Fund's internal portfolios of Short-Term Fixed Income, Intermediate-Term Fixed Income, Money Market, and CD Program characteristics as of June 30, 2021, are presented below.

Distribution by Duration	<u>%</u>	Distribution by Quality Rating	<u>%</u>
0 to 1 year	50.7%	U.S. Gov't/Aaa	70.6%
1 to 2 years	13.2%	Aa	5.4%
2 to 3 years	8.7%	A	18.5%
3 to 4 years	9.1%	Ваа	5.0%
Above 4 years	18.3%	Ва	0.5%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	Total	<u>100.0%</u>
Distribution by Coupon	<u>%</u>	Distribution by Sector	<u>%</u>
0.00% - 1.00%	59.1%	Cash/Cash Equivalents	40.5%
1.01% - 2.00%	13.4%	Bank CDs	0.7%
2.01% - 3.00%	17.9%	U.S. Treasuries	6.3%
3.01% - 4.00%	9.1%	Agency Debentures	18.3%
4.01% - 5.00%	0.5%	GNMA Mortgage-Backed Securities	4.1%
5.01% and over	0.0%	Investment Grade Corporates	29.6%
		High Yield Securities	0.5%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	Total	<u>100.0%</u>

Ten Largest Corporates by Issuer	<u>% of Total</u>
Apple, Inc.	2.6%
Walmart, Inc.	2.5%
Toyota Motor Corp.	2.2%
Pfizer, Inc.	2.1%
Bank of New York Mellon Corp.	2.1%
American Honda Finance	2.0%
Morgan Stanley	1.9%
John Deer Capital Corp.	1.8%
Chevron Corp.	1.7%
Philip Morris International, Inc.	1.7%
Total	20.6%



Agency Debentures 18.3%

U.S. Treasuries 6.3%

Cash & Cash Equivalents 40.5%

THE FUND

The School and Public Lands (SPL) fund is a permanent trust fund established by the South Dakota Constitution. Article VIII Sec. 3 of the Constitution requires all interest and income to be faithfully used and applied each year for the benefit of the public schools of the state. The principal shall never be diverted by legislative enactment for any purpose. The income from the fund is paid out annually to South Dakota primary, secondary, and higher education schools. The principal of the fund resulted primarily from the sale of land over many decades.

Constitutional Amendment E, passed in November 2000, allows the fund to be invested in stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and other financial instruments. South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 5-10-18 states that the provisions of SDCL 4-5-27, prudent-man standard, govern the moneys in the trust. The constitutional amendment requires that sufficient income be retained to offset the effect of inflation³ assuring the fund will grow at least at the rate of inflation. State statute allows realized capital gains to be used to satisfy the inflation requirement. The shift away from an exclusive focus on current income and the requirement to offset inflation initially reduced the payout to schools but has allowed the payout to increase over the long term. The change to the asset allocation policy resulting from the Constitutional Amendment was phased in over several fiscal years.

OBJECTIVES AND COMPONENTS

The objectives of SPL are to 1) provide a distribution of income and 2) promote inflation-adjusted growth of the fund through the constitutionally-mandated CPI adjustment.

SPL assets were invested in diversified portfolios during fiscal year 2021, as shown on the following page. The fund was invested primarily in U.S. Treasury and mortgage-backed securities before the constitutional amendment in 2000. Since then, the South Dakota Investment Council has gradually shifted the asset allocation to be more like that of the South Dakota Retirement System.

The long-term expected return of the fund as of June 30, 2021, was 5.63% with a volatility of 13.9%. This means the return in any given year is expected to fall within a range of (8.3%) to 19.6% with 66% confidence or (22.2%) to 33.4% with 95% confidence.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE - FISCAL YEAR 2021

The fund ended fiscal year 2021 with a fair value of \$378,763,803. The principal is adjusted by the inflation factor each year as required by the constitutional amendment. SPL's fiscal year total return, including realized and unrealized gains and losses and accrued income, was 17.6% net of fees. The Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁴ return was 24.9%. The difference relative to the benchmark resulted from an asset allocation underweight in equities and underperformance of real estate limited partnerships. The total fund return was positively impacted by the outperformance of public equity compared to its benchmark. The ten-year annualized total return was 8.6%. This compares with the ten-year Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁴ return of 8.9%. The fund distributed \$12,823,388 to the common schools in February 2021 and \$3,193,107 to the schools of higher education in June 2021.

Appropriated income from all sources is determined by the School and Public Lands office in Pierre and reported in their annual report.

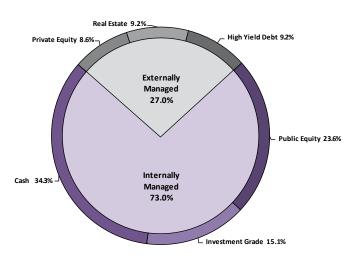
Cash Flows and Fair Value Changes	assets. During the fiscal yea	nds fund began fiscal year 2 rr, net contributions/withdrav vestment income increased 1 378.8 million.	vals ar	nd fees decreased the
Fair Value 6/30/20			\$	327,870,736
Increases/Decreases Net Contributions/Withdrawals External Management Fees		\$ (6,512,768) (855,622)		
Total Increases/Decreases			\$	(7,368,390)
Investment Income \$ Securities Income \$ Interest Income \$ Dividend Income \$ Securities Lending Income \$ Real Estate Income	2,264,023 1,877,216 9,786 622,584 (37,826) 35,883,779 17,641,895	\$ 4,735,783		
Total Capital Gain/Loss Income		<u>\$ 53,525,674</u>		
Total Investment Income			<u>\$</u>	<u>58,261,457</u>
Fair Value 6/30/21			<u>\$</u>	378,763,803

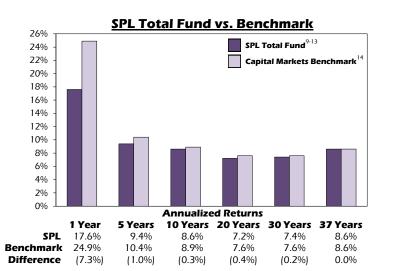
School and Public Lands

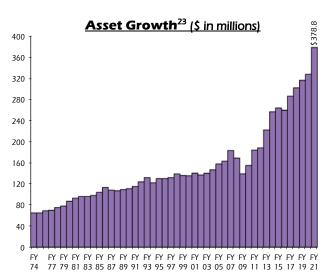
Asset Allocation⁸

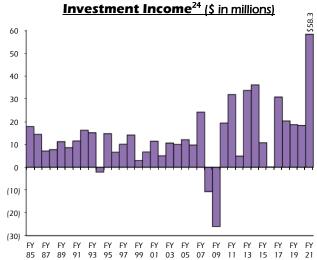
As of June 30, 2021, School and Public Lands' assets totaled \$378.8 million. The broad asset categories and managers are listed below. The Capital Markets Benchmark allocation is also provided for comparison.

Public Equity	<u>Fair \</u>	/alue_	<u>% of</u>	Fund	Capital Markets <u>Benchmark %</u>
Internal Public Equity	<u>\$ 89,330,468</u>	\$ 89,330,468	23.6%	23.6%	51.0%
Private Equity Blackstone Capital Partners Carlyle Cinven CVC Riverstone Silver Lake	\$ 3,016,165 3,437,474 4,756,868 3,152,870 3,484,633 14,636,346	32,484,356	0.8% 0.9% 1.3% 0.8% 0.9% <u>3.9%</u>	8.6%	0.0%
Real Estate Blackstone Real Estate Partners Lone Star Rockpoint Starwood	\$ 25,639,747 2,263,924 3,094,985 <u>3,739,701</u>	34,738,357	6.8% 0.6% 0.8% 1.0%	9.2%	10.0%
Investment Grade Debt Internal Investment Grade	<u>\$ 57,266,540</u>	57,266,540	15.1%	15.1%	30.0%
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Estate) Vanguard High Yield Fund CarVal TCW	\$ 14,460,609 1,217 20,447,908	34,909,734	3.8% 0.0% 5.4%	9.2%	7.0%
Cash & Cash Equivalents Internal Cash Account	<u>\$ 130,034,348</u>	130,034,348	<u>34.3%</u>	34.3%	2.0%
Total		<u>\$378,763,803</u>		<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>









Annualized Returns and Investment Income started calculating/tracking in FY 1985.

Internal Public Equity Profile June 30, 2021, are presented below.				
Distribution by Market Sector	<u>%</u>	Ten Largest Country Weights	<u>% of Total</u>	
Consumer Discretionary	10.6%	United States	77.3%	
Consumer Staples	6.2%	Great Britain	4.5%	
Energy	9.1%	Germany	3.3%	
Financials	16.2%	Japan	3.1%	
Health Care	14.2%	Świtzerland	2.9%	
Industrials	8.9%	France	2.1%	
Information Technology	17.1%	Canada	2.0%	
Materials	3.8%	South Korea	1.8%	
Real Estate	3.9%	Netherlands	1.1%	
Telecommunications Services	7.8%	Belgium	0.4%	
Utilities	1.7%	5		
Cash Equivalents	0.5%	Total	98.5%	
Total	<u>100.0%</u>			

Internal Bond Profiles	<i>The School and Public Lands' June 30, 2021, are presented be</i>	' internal Investment Grade (IG) bond portfolio o Iow.	characteristics as of
Distribution by Duration	IG	Distribution by Quality Rating	<u>IG</u>
0 to 2 Years	8.6%	U.S. Gov't/Aaa	67.0%
2 to 3 Years	8.0%	Aa	10.2%
3 to 4 Years	7.8%	A	11.2%
4 to 5 Years	21.9%	Ваа	10.8%
5 to 6 Years	5.3%	Ва	0.8%
6 to 8 Years	30.0%	В	0.0%
Above 8 Years	18.4%	Caa and lower	0.0%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	Total	<u>100.0%</u>
Distribution by Coupon	<u>IG</u>	Distribution by Sector	IG
0.00% - 1.00%	37.9%	Cash/Cash Equivalents	3.4%
1.01% - 2.00%	17.9%	U.S. Treasuries	33.6%
2.01% - 3.00%	22.0%	Agency Debentures	2.9%
3.01% - 4.00%	18.3%	Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	25.8%
4.01% - 5.00%	3.7%	Investment Grade Corporates	33.4%
5.01% - 6.00%	0.1%	High Yield Securities	0.9%
6.01% and over	0.1%	-	
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	Total	<u>100.0%</u>

Top Ten Holdings The School and Public Lands' internal Public Equity and internal Investment Grade portfolios' Top Ten Holdings as of June 30, 2021, are presented below.

Public Equity Company Holdings	<u>% of Total</u>	Investment Grade Corporates by Issuer	<u>% of Total</u>
Microsoft Corp.	3.2%	Ontario (Province Of)	2.3%
Apple, Inc.	2.8%	Bank of America Corp.	2.2%
Alphabet, Inc.	2.5%	Starbucks Corp.	1.5%
Wells Fargo & Co.	1.5%	Alberta (Province Of)	1.5%
Facebook, Inc.	1.4%	Amazon.com, Inc.	1.5%
Berkshire Hathaway, Inc.	1.3%	Walmart, Inc.	1.3%
Amazon.com, Inc.	1.2%	Morgan Stanley	1.2%
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd.	0.9%	Quebec (Province Of)	1.1%
Roche Holding AG	0.8%	BP plc	1.1%
SAP SE	0.7%	Bank of New York Mellon Corp.	1.0%
Total	<u> 16.3%</u>	Total	<u> 14.7%</u>

THE FUND

The Dakota Cement Trust Fund (DCT) was established under the Constitution in 2001 and amended in 2012. Two sections of Article XIII of the Constitution were changed.

Section 20 of Article XIII provided that the net proceeds from the sale of state cement enterprises be deposited into a trust fund created to benefit the citizens of South Dakota. It directed the South Dakota Investment Council (Council) to invest the trust fund in stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and other financial instruments as provided by law. South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 5-17-42 states that the provisions of SDCL 4-5-27, prudent-man standard, govern the moneys in the trust.

Section 21 of Article XIII of the South Dakota Constitution was amended in November 2012. The amendment changed the distribution calculation to "...four percent of the lesser of the average market value of the trust fund determined by adding the market value of the trust fund at the end of the sixteen most recent calendar quarters as of December 31 of that year and dividing that sum by sixteen, or the market value of the trust fund at the end of that calendar year for the support of education in South Dakota."

Each year the state treasurer is directed to distribute from the trust fund to the general fund the amount calculated per the South Dakota Constitution.

OBJECTIVES AND COMPONENTS

The objectives of DCT are to 1) provide a distribution of 4% of the market value and 2) promote inflation-adjusted growth of the fund and a steadily growing distribution amount.

DCT assets were invested in diversified portfolios during fiscal year 2021, as shown on the following page. Since the establishment of the fund, the Council has gradually shifted the asset allocation to be more like that of the South Dakota Retirement System.

The long-term expected return of the fund as of June 30, 2021, was 5.63% with a volatility of 13.9%. This means that the return in any given year is expected to fall within a range of (8.3%) to 19.6% with 66% confidence or (22.2%) to 33.4% with 95% confidence.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE - FISCAL YEAR 2021

The fund ended fiscal year 2021 with a fair value of \$378,520,394, principal value of \$238,000,000, and inflation-adjusted principal of \$364,782,115. DCT's fiscal year total return, including realized and unrealized gains and losses and accrued income, was 17.5% net of fees. The Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁶ return was 24.9%. The difference relative to the benchmark resulted from an asset allocation underweight in equities and underperformance of real estate limited partnerships. The total fund return was 8.6%. This benchmark. The ten-year annualized total return was 8.6%. This compares with the ten-year Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁶ return of 8.9%. In May 2021, the fund distributed \$13,404,156 to the general fund.

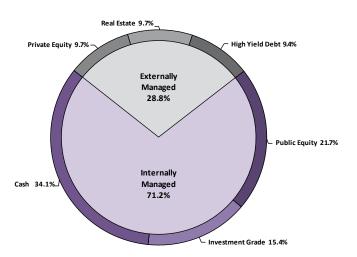
Cash Flows and Fair Value Changes	assets. During the fiscal yea	Fund began fiscal year 2 rr, net contributions/withdra nvestment income increased value of \$378.5 million.	wals art	nd fees decreased the
Fair Value 6/30/20	2 2		\$	333,808,943
Increases/Decreases Net Contributions/Withdrawals Internal Management Fees External Management Fees		\$ (13,435,863) (249,291) (878,628)		
Total Increases/Decreases			\$	(14,563,782)
Investment Income Securities Income Interest Income Dividend Income Securities Lending Income Real Estate Income Change in Accrued Income Total Securities Income Total Capital Gain/Loss Income	2,322,166 1,836,858 6,810 657,557 (38,900)	\$ 4,784,491 \$ 54,490,742		
Total Investment Income			\$	59,275,2 <u>33</u>
Fair Value 6/30/21			\$	378,520,394

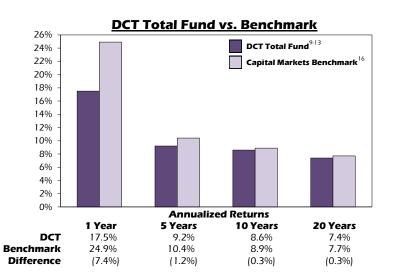
Dakota Cement Trust

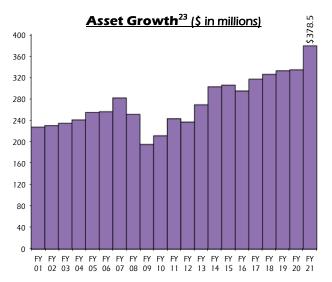
. As of June 30, 2021, Dakota Cement Trust's assets totaled \$378.5 million. The broad asset categories and Asset Allocation⁸ managers are listed below. The Capital Markets Benchmark allocation is also provided for comparison.

	<u>Fair </u>	/alue_	<u>% of</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Capital Markets <u>Benchmark %</u>
Public Equity Internal Public Equity	<u>\$ 82,211,264</u>	\$ 82,211,264	21.7%	21.7%	51.0%
Private Equity Blackstone Capital Partners Carlyle Cinven CVC Riverstone Silver Lake	\$ 3,311,761 4,124,970 5,042,102 3,387,119 3,992,801 16,749,927	36,608,680	0.9% 1.1% 1.3% 0.9% 1.1% <u>4.4%</u>	9.7%	0.0%
Real Estate Blackstone Real Estate Partners Lone Star Rockpoint Starwood	\$ 27,263,999 2,528,096 3,318,030 <u>3,564,888</u>	36,675,013	7.2% 0.7% 0.9% 0.9%	9.7%	10.0%
Investment Grade Debt Internal Investment Grade	<u>\$ 58,316,665</u>	58,316,665	<u> 15.4%</u>	15.4%	30.0%
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Estate) Vanguard High Yield Fund CarVal TCW	\$ 14,776,094 1,985 <u>20,813,544</u>	35,591,623	3.9% 0.0% <u>5.5%</u>	9.4%	7.0%
Cash & Cash Equivalents Internal Cash Account	<u>\$ 129,117,149</u>	129,117,149	<u>34.1%</u>	34.1%	2.0%
Total		<u>\$378,520,394</u>		100.0%	100.0%

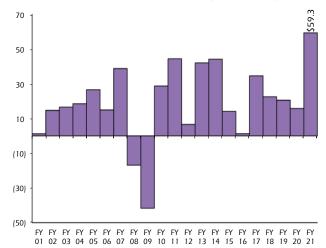
Total











Internal Public Equity Profile The Dakota Cement Trust's internal Public Equity portfolio characteristics as of June 30, 2021, are presented below.

Distribution by Market Sector	<u>%</u>	Ten Largest Country Weights	<u>% of Total</u>
Consumer Discretionary	10.5%	United States	77.2%
Consumer Staples	6.2%	Great Britain	4.5%
Energy	9.2%	Germany	3.3%
Financials	16.2%	Japan	3.1%
Health Care	14.2%	Switzerland	2.9%
Industrials	9.0%	France	2.1%
Information Technology	17.1%	Canada	2.0%
Materials	3.8%	South Korea	1.8%
Real Estate	3.9%	Netherlands	1.1%
Telecommunications Services	7.7%	Belgium	0.4%
Utilities	1.7%	5	
Cash Equivalents	0.5%	Total	98.4%
Total	100.0%		

	Dakota Cement Trust's in 80, 2021, are presented bei	nternal Investment Grade (IG) bond portfolio ci Iow.	haracteristics as of
Distribution by Duration	IG	Distribution by Quality Rating	IG
0 to 2 Years	8.0%	U.S. Gov't/Aaa	66.9%
2 to 3 Years	8.0%	Aa	10.3%
3 to 4 Years	9.0%	A	11.1%
4 to 5 Years	20.2%	Ваа	10.8%
5 to 6 Years	5.4%	Ва	0.9%
6 to 8 Years	31.0%	В	0.0%
Above 8 Years	18.4%	Caa and lower	0.0%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	Total	<u>100.0%</u>
Distribution by Coupon	IG	Distribution by Sector	IG
0.00% - 1.00%	37.1%	Cash/Cash Equivalents	2.7%
1.01% - 2.00%	18.9%	U.S. Treasuries	33.6%
2.01% - 3.00%	22.1%	Agency Debentures	2.9%
3.01% - 4.00%	18.2%	Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	26.5%
4.01% - 5.00%	2.5%	Investment Grade Corporates	33.5%
5.01% - 6.00%	1.0%	High Yield Securities	0.8%
6.01% and over	0.2%	-	
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	Total	<u>100.0%</u>

Top Ten Holdings The Dakota Cement Trust's internal Public Equity and internal Investment Grade portfolios' Top Ten Holdings as of June 30, 2021, are presented below.

Public Equity Company Holdings	<u>% of Total</u>	Investment Grade Corporates by Issuer	<u>% of Total</u>
Microsoft Corp.	3.2%	Ontario (Province Of)	2.3%
Apple, Inc.	2.8%	Bank of America Corp.	2.2%
Alphabet, Inc.	2.5%	Starbucks Corp.	1.5%
Wells Fargo & Co.	1.5%	Alberta (Province Of)	1.5%
Facebook, Inc.	1.4%	Amazon.com, Inc.	1.5%
Berkshire Hathaway, Inc.	1.3%	Walmart, Inc.	1.3%
Amazon.com, Inc.	1.2%	Morgan Stanley	1.2%
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd.	0.9%	Quebec (Province Of)	1.1%
Roche Holding AG	0.8%	BP plc	1.1%
SAP SE	0.7%	Bank of New York Mellon Corp.	1.0%
Total	16.3%	Total	<u>14.7%</u>

THE FUND

The Education Enhancement Trust Fund (EET) was established under the Constitution through a Joint Resolution submitted to South Dakota citizens at a special election on April 10, 2001. Article XII §6 provided that any funds received as of July 1, 2001, and thereafter pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement entered into on November 23, 1998, by the State of South Dakota and major United States tobacco product manufacturers or the net proceeds of any sale or securitization of rights to receive payments pursuant to the Master Settlement Agreement, any fund in the youth-at-risk trust fund, and any funds appropriated to EET thereafter are placed in EET. During fiscal year 2013, \$3 million was placed in the fund for scholarship purposes per Senate Bills 233 and 237. During fiscal year 2016, \$3.5 million was placed in the fund for scholarship purposes per Senate Bill 67. The constitution directs the South Dakota . Investment Council (Council) to invest the trust funds in stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and other financial instruments as provided by law. South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 10-50B-11.1 states that the provisions of SDCL 4-5-27, prudent-man standard, govern the moneys in the trust.

Each year the state treasurer is directed to distribute from the trust fund to the general fund an amount appropriated by law for education enhancement programs. The distribution is defined in SDCL 4-5-29.2. The state investment officer shall determine the sixteen-quarter average market value of the fund as of December 31 and calculate an amount equal to 4%, without invading principal, that is eligible for distribution at the beginning of the next fiscal year. The fund principal may not be diverted for other purposes unless appropriated by a three-fourths vote of all the members-elect of each house of the Legislature.

SECURITIZATION

On September 24, 2002, the fund was increased by net proceeds of \$243,596,553.31 from Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds. In fiscal year 2013, the 2002 Bonds were refunded and new bonds were issued with a lower interest rate. The Bonds mature over time as payments from the Master Settlement Agreement are received with a final maturity date of June 1, 2027.

OBJECTIVES AND COMPONENTS

The objectives of EET are to 1) provide a distribution of 4% of market value and 2) promote inflation-adjusted growth of the fund and a steadily growing distribution amount.

EET assets were invested in diversified portfolios during fiscal year 2021, as shown on the following page. The tax-exempt municipal bonds are invested per the requirements of the bond indenture for the asset-backed securitization. PIMCO Asset Management manages the tax-exempt portfolio. As the tax-exempt bonds are redeemed, assets are deallocated (removed) from the tax-exempt portfolio and placed into the taxable portfolio to generate higher expected returns. Since the inception of the fund, the Council has shifted the asset allocation to be more like that of the South Dakota Retirement System.

The long-term expected return of the fund as of June 30, 2021, was 5.62% with a volatility of 13.9%. The return in any given year is expected to fall within a range of (8.3%) to 19.6% with 66% confidence or (22.3%) to 33.4% with 95% confidence.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE - FISCAL YEAR 2021

The fund ended fiscal year 2021 with a fair value of \$725,699,117, principal value of \$420,763,604, and inflation-adjusted principal of \$593,579,637. EET's fiscal year total return, including realized and unrealized gains and losses and accrued income, was 17.8% net of fees. The Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁷ return was 25.2%. The difference relative to the benchmark resulted from an asset allocation underweight in equities and underperformance of real estate limited partnerships. The total fund return was positively impacted by the outperformance of public equity compared to its benchmark. The ten-year Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁷ return was 8.4%. This compares with the ten-year Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁷ return of 9.0%. The fund's return has been impacted by the required use of tax-exempt securities. In July 2021, the fund distributed 4% of the sixteen-quarter average market value as of December 31, 2020, totaling \$23,673,657, to the general fund for education expenditures. Since inception, the fund has distributed \$308.16 million.

Cash Flows and Fair Value Changes

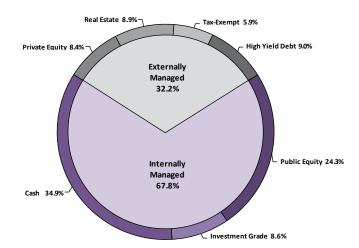
The Education Enhancement Trust Fund began fiscal year 2021 with \$630.7 million in assets. During the fiscal year, net contributions/withdrawals and fees decreased the fund by \$16.0 million and investment income increased it by \$111.0 million, resulting in an ending fair value of \$725.7 million.

Fair Value 6/30/20			\$	630,712,226
Increases/Decreases Net Contributions/Withdrawals Internal Management Fees External Management Fees		\$ (13,800,625) (452,298) (1,711,507)		
Total Increases/Decreases			\$	(15,964,430)
Investment Income Securities Income Interest Income Dividend Income Securities Lending Income Real Estate Income Change in Accrued Income	\$ 5,099,250 3,614,290 12,913 1,142,945 (38,341)			
Total Securities Income		\$ 9,831,057		
Total Capital Gain/Loss Income		<u>\$ 101,120,264</u>		
Total Investment Income			<u>\$</u>	110,951,321
Fair Value 6/30/21			<u>\$</u>	725,699,117

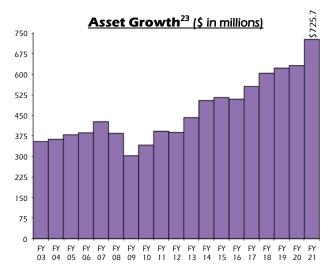
Asset Allocation⁸

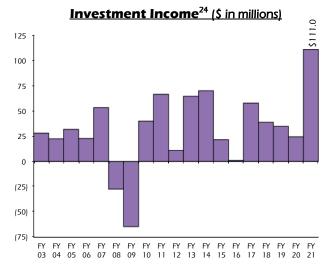
As of June 30, 2021, Education Enhancement Trust's assets totaled \$725.7 million. The broad asset categories and managers are listed below. The Capital Markets Benchmark allocation is also provided for comparison.

Public Equity	<u>Fair </u>	/alue_	<u>% of</u>	Fund	Capital Markets <u>Benchmark %</u>
Internal Public Equity	<u>\$ 176,486,300</u>	\$176,486,300	24.3%	24.3%	51.0%
Private Equity Blackstone Capital Partners Carlyle Cinven CVC Riverstone Silver Lake	\$ 5,367,693 6,462,450 8,646,695 5,955,538 6,678,882 28,037,085	61,148,343	0.7% 0.9% 1.2% 0.8% 0.9% <u>3.9%</u>	8.4%	0.0%
Real Estate Blackstone Real Estate Partners Lone Star Rockpoint Starwood	\$ 47,901,083 4,236,776 5,761,521 <u>6,493,688</u>	64,393,068	6.6% 0.6% 0.8% <u>0.9%</u>	8.9%	10.0%
Investment Grade & Tax-Exempt Debt Internal Investment Grade PIMCO Tax-Exempt Portfolio	\$ 62,697,345 <u>43,094,312</u>	105,791,657	8.6% <u>5.9%</u>	14.5%	30.0%
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Estate) Vanguard High Yield Fund CarVal TCW	\$ 26,931,199 2,868 <u>37,951,653</u>	64,885,720	3.7% 0.0% <u>5.3%</u>	9.0%	7.0%
Cash & Cash Equivalents Internal Cash Account	<u>\$ 252,994,029</u>	252,994,029	<u>34.9%</u>	<u>34.9%</u>	2.0%
Total		<u>\$725,699,117</u>		100.0%	<u>100.0%</u>



EET Total Fund vs. Benchmark 26% EET Total Fund⁹⁻¹³ 24% 22% Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁷ 20% 18% 16% 14% 12% 10% 8% 6% 4% **2**% 0% **Annualized Returns** 1 Year 5 Years 10 Years 19 Years EET 17.8% 9.0% 8.4% 6.9% Benchmark 25.2% 10.4% 9.0% 8.0% (0.6%) (7.4%) Difference (1.4%) (1.1%)





nternal Public Equity Profile	The Education Enh June 30, 2021, are p	nancement Trust's internal Public Equity portfolic presented below.	o characteristics as of
Distribution by Market Sector	<u>%</u>	Ten Largest Country Weights	<u>% of Total</u>
Consumer Discretionary	10.6%	United States	78.7%
Consumer Staples	6.2%	Great Britain	4.2%
Energy	9.1%	Germany	3.1%
Financials	16.2%	Japan	2.9%
Health Care	14.3%	Switzerland	2.7%
Industrials	8.9%	France	2.0%
Information Technology	17.1%	Canada	1.8%
Materials	3.8%	South Korea	1.7%
Real Estate	3.9%	Netherlands	1.0%
Telecommunications Services	7.7%	Belgium	0.4%
Utilities	1.7%	-	
Cash Equivalents	0.5%	Total	98.5%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>		

nternal Bond Profiles	The Education Enhancement Tr June 30, 2021, are presented be	n Enhancement Trust's internal Investment Grade (IG) bond portfolio characteristics 1, are presented below.				
Distribution by Duration	IG	Distribution by Quality Rating	<u>IG</u>			
0 to 2 Years	9.0%	U.S. Gov't/Aaa	67.0%			
2 to 3 Years	7.8%	Aa	10.1%			
3 to 4 Years	8.4%	A	11.2%			
4 to 5 Years	20.5%	Ваа	10.8%			
5 to 6 Years	5.4%	Ва	0.9%			
6 to 8 Years	30.5%	В	0.0%			
Above 8 Years	<u>18.4%</u>	Caa and lower	0.0%			
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	Total	<u>100.0%</u>			
Distribution by Coupon	IG	Distribution by Sector	IG			
0.00% - 1.00%	38.2%	Cash/Cash Equivalents	3.8%			
1.01% - 2.00%	18.5%	U.S. Treasuries	33.6%			
2.01% - 3.00%	21.5%	Agency Debentures	2.9%			
3.01% - 4.00%	18.3%	Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	25.5%			
4.01% - 5.00%	2.8%	Investment Grade Corporates	33.3%			
5.01% - 6.00%	0.6%	High Yield Securities	0.9%			
6.01% and over	<u> 0.1%</u>	2				
Total	100.0%	Total	100.0%			

Top Ten Holdings The Education Enhancement Trust's internal Public Equity and internal Investment Grade portfolios' Top Ten Holdings as of June 30, 2021, are presented below.

Public Equity Company Holdings	<u>% of Total</u>	Investment Grade Corporates by Issuer	<u>% of Total</u>
Microsoft Corp.	3.0%	Ontario (Province Of)	2.3%
Apple, Inc.	2.6%	Bank of America Corp.	2.2%
Alphabet, Inc.	2.4%	Starbucks Corp.	1.5%
Wells Fargo & Co.	1.4%	Alberta (Province Of)	1.5%
Facebook, Inc.	1.3%	Amazon.com, Inc.	1.5%
Berkshire Hathaway, Inc.	1.2%	Walmart, Inc.	1.3%
Amazon.com, Inc.	1.1%	Morgan Stanley	1.2%
Samsung Electronics Co. Ltd	0.8%	Quebec (Province Of)	1.1%
Roche Holding AG	0.8%	BP plc	1.1%
SAP SE	0.7%	Bank of New York Mellon Corp.	1.0%
Total	<u> 15.3%</u>	Total	<u> 14.7%</u>

The Health Care Trust Fund (HCT) was established under the Constitution through a Joint Resolution submitted to South Dakota citizens at a special election on April 10, 2001. Article XII §5 provided that any funds on deposit in the intergovernmental transfer fund as of July 1, 2001, and any funds appropriated to HCT thereafter are placed in HCT. The constitutional change directed the South Dakota Investment Council (Council) to invest the trust fund in stocks, bonds, mutual funds, and other financial instruments as provided by law. South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 28-6-33 states that the provisions of SDCL 4-5-27, prudent-man standard, govern the moneys in the trust. During the 2021 Legislative Session, House Bill 1273 transferred \$50 million from the general fund to the HCT effective March 24, 2021.

Each year the state treasurer is directed to distribute from the trust fund to the general fund an amount appropriated by law for health care related programs. The distribution is defined in SDCL 4-5-29.1. The state investment officer shall determine the sixteen-quarter average market value of the fund as of December 31 and calculate an amount equal to 4%, without invading principal, that is eligible for distribution at the beginning of the next fiscal year. The fund principal may not be diverted for other purposes unless appropriated by a three-fourths vote of all the members-elect of each house of the Legislature.

OBJECTIVES AND COMPONENTS

The objectives of HCT are to 1) provide a distribution of 4% of market value and 2) promote inflation-adjusted growth of the fund and a steadily growing distribution amount.

HCT assets were invested in diversified portfolios during fiscal year 2021, as shown on the following page. Since the inception of the fund, the Council has shifted the asset allocation to be more like that of the South Dakota Retirement System.

The long-term expected return of the fund as of June 30, 2021, was 5.63% with a volatility of 13.9%. This means that the return in any given year is expected to fall within a range of (8.3%) to 19.6% with 66% confidence or (22.2%) to 33.4% with 95% confidence.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE - FISCAL YEAR 2021

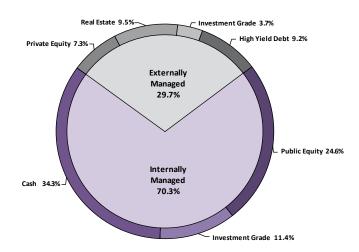
The fund ended fiscal year 2021 with a fair value of \$222.925.449. principal value of \$135,631,024, and inflation-adjusted principal of \$179,269,962. HCT's fiscal year total return, including realized and unrealized gains and losses and accrued income, was 17.3% net of fees. The Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁸ return was 24.9%. The difference relative to the benchmark resulted from an asset allocation underweight in equities and underperformance of real estate limited partnerships. The total fund was positively impacted by the outperformance of public equity compared to its benchmark. The ten-year annualized total return was 8.6%. This compares with the ten-year Capital Markets Benchmark¹⁸ return of 8.9%. In July 2021, the fund distributed 4% of the sixteen-guarter average market value as of December 31, 2020, totaling \$5,839,236, to the general fund for health care related expenditures. Since inception, the fund has distributed \$81.78 million.

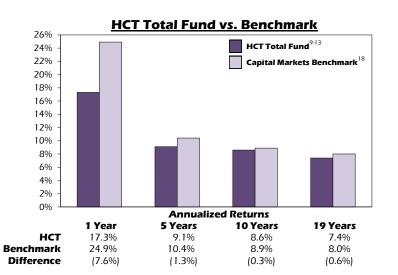
Cash Flows and Fair Value Changes	The Health Care Trust Fund be During the fiscal year, net cont by \$43.8 million and investment ending fair value of \$222.9 million	ributions/withdrawals an income increased it by \$.	d fees	increased the fund
Fair Value 6/30/20			\$	151,165,694
Increases/Decreases Net Contributions/Withdrawals Internal Management Fees External Management Fees	\$	44,323,294 (109,193) (388,903)		
Total Increases/Decreases			\$	43,825,198
Investment Income Securities Income Interest Income Dividend Income Securities Lending Income Real Estate Income Change in Accrued Income Total Securities Income	1,106,936 887,439 3,525 296,981 23,889	2,318,770		
	•			
Total Capital Gain/Loss Income	<u>}</u>	25,615,787		
Total Investment Income			<u>\$</u>	27,934,557
Fair Value 6/30/21			<u>\$</u>	222,925,449

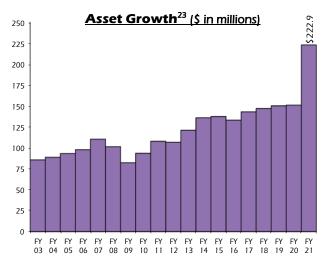
Asset Allocation⁸

As of June 30, 2021, Health Care Trust's assets totaled \$222.9 million. The broad asset categories and managers are listed below. The Capital Markets Benchmark allocation is also provided for comparison.

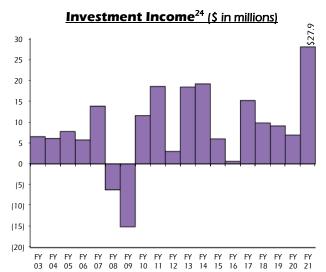
	<u>Fair </u>	/alue_	<u>% of</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Capital Markets <u>Benchmark %</u>
Public Equity Internal Public Equity	<u>\$ 54,902,815</u>	\$ 54,902,815	24.6%	24.6%	51.0%
Private Equity Blackstone Capital Partners Carlyle Cinven CVC Riverstone Silver Lake	\$ 1,612,975 1,787,485 2,207,995 1,518,460 1,814,902 <u>7,341,082</u>	16,282,899	0.7% 0.8% 1.0% 0.7% 0.8% <u>3.3%</u>	7.3%	0.0%
Real Estate Blackstone Real Estate Partners Lone Star Rockpoint Starwood Vanguard Real Estate Fund	\$ 11,924,196 1,061,322 1,434,162 1,763,655 5,012,368	21,195,703	5.5% 0.4% 0.6% 0.8% 2.2%	9.5%	10.0%
Investment Grade Debt Internal Investment Grade Vanguard Total Bond Market Fund	\$ 25,406,690 <u>8,327,669</u>	33,734,359	11.4% <u>3.7%</u>	15.1%	30.0%
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Estate) Vanguard High Yield Fund CarVal TCW	\$ 8,512,439 727 11,784,581	20,297,747	3.9% 0.0% <u>5.3%</u>	9.2%	7.0%
Cash & Cash Equivalents Internal Cash Account	<u>\$ 76,511,926</u>	76,511,926	34.3%	34.3%	2.0%
Total		<u>\$222,925,449</u>		<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>







Health Care Trust



nternal Public Equity Profile	The Health Care Tru are presented below	ust's internal Public Equity portfolio characteristics /.	as of June 30, 2021
Distribution by Market Sector	<u>%</u>	Ten Largest Country Weights	<u>% of Total</u>
Consumer Discretionary	10.7%	United States	78.4%
Consumer Staples	6.2%	Great Britain	4.3%
Energy .	9.1%	Germany	3.2%
Financials	16.2%	Japan	2.9%
Health Care	14.3%	Świtzerland	2.8%
Industrials	8.9%	France	2.0%
Information Technology	17.0%	Canada	1.9%
Materials	3.8%	South Korea	1.7%
Real Estate	3.9%	Netherlands	1.0%
Telecommunications Services	7.7%	Belgium	0.4%
Utilities	1.7%	-	
Cash Equivalents	0.5%	Total	98.6%
Total	100.0%		

Internal Bond Profiles	The Health Care Trust's internal a are presented below.	Investment Grade (IG) bond portfolio characteristics a	as of June 30, 202
Distribution by Duration	<u>IG</u>	Distribution by Quality Rating	<u>IG</u>
0 to 2 Years	8.4%	U.S. Gov't/Aaa	66.8%
2 to 3 Years	8.6%	Aa	10.3%
3 to 4 Years	9.1%	A	11.1%
4 to 5 Years	20.2%	Ваа	10.9%
5 to 6 Years	5.4%	Ва	0.9%
6 to 8 Years	29.9%	В	0.0%
Above 8 Years	18.4%	Caa and lower	0.0%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	Total	<u>100.0%</u>
Distribution by Coupon	IG	Distribution by Sector	IG
0.00% - 1.00%	37.6%	Cash/Cash Equivalents	3.2%
1.01% - 2.00%	17.7%	U.S. Treasuries	33.6%
2.01% - 3.00%	22.4%	Agency Debentures	2.9%
3.01% - 4.00%	18.4%	Agency Mortgage-Backed Securities	26.0%
4.01% - 5.00%	2.9%	Investment Grade Corporates	33.5%
5.01% - 6.00%	0.8%	High Yield Securities	0.8%
6.01% and over	0.2%	-	
Total	100.0%	Total	100.0%

Top Ten Holdings The Health Care Trust's internal Public Equity and internal Investment Grade portfolios' Top Ten Holdings as of June 30, 2021, are presented below.

Public Equity Company Holdings	<u>% of Total</u>	Investment Grade Corporates by Issuer	<u>% of Total</u>
Microsoft Corp.	3.0%	Ontario (Province Of)	2.3%
Apple, Inc.	2.6%	Bank of America Corp.	2.2%
Alphabet, Inc.	2.4%	Starbucks Corp.	1.5%
Wells Fargo & Co.	1.4%	Alberta (Province Of)	1.5%
Facebook, Inc.	1.3%	Amazon.com, Inc.	1.4%
Berkshire Hathaway, Inc.	1.2%	Walmart, Inc.	1.3%
Amazon.com, Inc.	1.1%	Morgan Stanley	1.2%
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	0.8%	Quebec (Province Of)	1.1%
Roche Holding AG	0.8%	BP plc	1.1%
SAP SE	0.7%	Bank of New York Mellon Corp.	1.0%
Total	<u> 15.3%</u>	Total	<u>14.6%</u>

HIGHER EDUCATION SAVINGS PLAN

In 2001, the Legislature assigned the South Dakota Investment Council (Council) the responsibility of establishing South Dakota's Higher Education Savings Plan. Federal tax law changes in 1996 regarding the Internal Revenue Code Section 529 created significant incentives for a new investment vehicle for those attempting to save for future higher education costs.

In November 2001, the Council selected Allianz Global Investors Distributors (Allianz, formerly PIMCO Funds Distributors LLC) as the program manager for the Section 529 program from seven candidates. South Dakota's plan is titled CollegeAccess 529. The contract with Allianz was renegotiated for additional seven-year terms in 2007 and 2014. The Council was notified by Allianz in July 2020 that VP Distributors, LLC (VPD) would be taking over their distribution business under a "long-term strategic partnership". CollegeAccess 529 made up \$1B of the \$23B transaction. After due diligence and consultation with legal counsel, the Council approved VPD as program manager while maintaining Allianz Global Investors Multi-Asset U.S. (AGI) in charge of proposing asset allocation and investment options for the 529 plan. These changes went into effect on February 1, 2021, for a five-year term expiring February 1, 2026. Plan assets exceeded \$1.052 billion as of June 30, 2021, with participants coming from every state.

The Council and Allianz worked together to create a flexible 529 plan that would have special advantages for South Dakota citizens. This was accomplished by offering several investment choices for South Dakota residents investing directly (i.e., without a financial advisor) at a maximum total annual cost no greater than 0.65%. The Age-Based Investment Portfolios use shifting asset allocations based on the designated account beneficiary's age. These diversified investment portfolios are designed to emphasize total return and capital appreciation when the beneficiary is younger and increasingly emphasize preservation of capital and income as the beneficiary approaches college age. The total annual operating expense ratios for South Dakotans investing directly in the age-based portfolios ranged from 0.42% to 0.48% last year.

South Dakotans can also invest directly in the PIMCO Real Return Fund and the PIMCO All Asset Fund. The PIMCO Real Return Fund emphasizes the preservation of capital through investing primarily in high credit quality fixed income instruments and inflationindexed bonds, while seeking returns higher than those generally offered by short-term funds. The PIMCO All Asset Fund emphasizes maximum real return (total return less inflation) by utilizing a dynamic asset allocation approach to invest in a portfolio of mutual funds managed by PIMCO. The total annual operating expense ratio for the PIMCO Real Return Fund and the PIMCO All Asset Funds were 0.53% and 0.65%, respectively, for South Dakota residents investing directly. South Dakota residents can also invest directly in a multi-fund customized investment portfolio called the Diversified Bond Portfolio. This portfolio seeks to maximize total return through two or more core bond funds. The total annual operating expense ratio for last year was 0.51% for South Dakota residents investing directly.

South Dakota investors, as wells as investors nationwide, can invest in nine age-based portfolios, twelve individual mutual funds, and three customized investment portfolios by using the services of a financial advisor. Although all investors will encounter a fee when investing with the assistance of a financial advisor, South Dakota residents do not pay the annual account maintenance fee, which is currently \$20, or the annual program management fee of 0.25%.

SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM

The initial contract provided that the program manager would fund a scholarship opportunity for outstanding South Dakota high school seniors. For each of the first three years of the scholarship program, Allianz guaranteed funding for 70 \$2,000 four-year scholarships, totaling \$8,000 each. Additionally, over 500 \$1,500 one-time scholarships were awarded. Starting with fiscal year 2005, the availability of funding for the scholarship program has been dependent upon the amount of assets in South Dakota's *CollegeAccess 529 Plan.* In total, 279 \$2,000 four-year scholarships, 70 \$2,000 two-year scholarships, and 564 \$1,500 one-time scholarships were awarded over the first six years of the Allianz South Dakota Scholarship Program. The Council managed the scholarship program for the first six years.

Subsequent to the inception of the Allianz scholarship program, other state-sponsored scholarships became available, and it was decided to contribute the Allianz scholarship funds to the Dakota Corps Scholarship. Since fiscal year 2007, scholarship funds total \$17,966,062 have been directed to the Dakota Corps Scholarship fund. Based on the assets as of June 30, 2021, and the scholarship funding formula, the resulting 2021 contribution was \$1,038,236. The original scholarship program and the Dakota Corps program share a common goal of keeping our talented young people in the state to foster South Dakota's economic well-being. The Dakota Corps program is geared toward students who plan to work toward a degree in a critical need occupation in South Dakota. To be eligible, students must meet academic requirements and attend a participating South Dakota post-secondary institution. The scholarship recipients must agree in writing to stay in South Dakota and work in a critical need occupation after graduation for as many years as the scholarship was received, plus one year. These students receive four-year scholarships equal to tuition and fees for 16 credit hours per semester at a public South Dakota college, public technical college, or tribal college. The scholarship amount for attendance at a participating private college in South Dakota would be the same amount that would be paid at a public South Dakota college, with the college covering the remaining tuition and fees if needed. A description of the program can be found at https://www.sdbor.edu/dakotacorps/.

ANNUAL REPORT

Each year the Council is required by law to submit an annual report letter by February 1 to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President Pro Tempore of the Senate. The letter, dated January 27, 2021, can be found in the Appendix on the following page.

MORE INFORMATION

Further information on the higher education savings program can be found at <u>www.CollegeAccess529.com</u>. A section of the website has been custom-developed for South Dakota residents.

Appendix

HIGHER EDUCATION SAVINGS PLAN LETTER



SOUTH DAKOTA INVESTMENT COUNCIL

4009 West 49th Street, Suite 300 Sioux Falls, SD 57106-3784 USA Phone: (605) 362-2820

January 27, 2021

Hon. Kristi Noem Governor of South Dakota 500 E. Capitol Avenue Pierre, SD 57501-5070

Hon. Spencer Gosch, Speaker South Dakota House of Representatives 500 E. Capitol Avenue Pierre, SD 57501-5070

Hon. Lee Schoenbeck, President Pro Tempore South Dakota Senate 500 E. Capitol Avenue Pierre, SD 57501-5070

Dear Governor Noem, Speaker Gosch and President Pro Tempore Schoenbeck:

The South Dakota Investment Council (Council) is pleased to submit our twentieth annual report on the Higher Education Savings Program as required by South Dakota Codified Law, Chapter 13-63, originally passed into law by the Legislature in 2001.

The CollegeAccess 529 Plan was implemented by the Council in April of 2002. The plan allows South Dakota citizens, as well as citizens across the nation, to save and invest for post-secondary educational expenses with federal tax benefits. Allianz Global Investors Distributors LLC (AGID), originally known as PIMCO Funds Distributors LLC, was selected by the Council to manage, invest, market, and administer the plan.

Allianz proposed a change, with an expected effective date of February 1, 2021, that would transfer the distribution, marketing and administration of the plan to VP Distributors, LLC as part of a strategic partnership between Allianz Global Investors and Virtus Investment Partners. Allianz Global Asset U.S. would continue to be responsible for fund selection and asset allocation for the plan. At its January 21, 2021 meeting, the Council approved the proposal for a five year term.

Virtus Investment Partners (NASDAQ: VRTS), the parent company of VP Distributors, operates through affiliated advisors, including well-recognized names like Duff & Phelps and Kayne Anderson Rudnick. The \$1.7 billion market-cap firm was formed in 1995 and has more than \$47 billion in assets under management.

CollegeAccess 529 is offered and maintained at no cost to the State or taxpayers, as mandated by law, and features the following:

 Nationally competitive cost versus actively-managed funds for South Dakota residents who choose to invest directly; January 27, 2021 Page 2

- High quality and diversified offering of funds from PIMCO, Allianz, and other nationallyrecognized investment firms;
- Scholarship funding for South Dakota students who enroll in South Dakota post-secondary
 institutions as undergraduate students in programs that will prepare them to work in critical
 need occupations in South Dakota following graduation.

The plan is available to South Dakotans, either through qualified financial advisors or directly by calling toll-free (1-866-529-7462) or visiting the web site <u>www.collegeaccess529.com</u>. As of December 31, 2020, the plan had assets of \$1,020,229,175, up .2% from last year. For the most recent full program year (calendar year 2020), returns for South Dakota direct investors ranged from 12.11% for the PIMCO Real Return Portfolio to 5.14% for the Age-Based 17 and Over Portfolio.

Of the 21 mutual funds utilized by the plan and rated by Morningstar, 62 percent have an overall rating of 4 or 5 stars, with 5 being the highest possible rating. Additionally, 11 of the funds were deemed Morningstar Medalists. Morningstar, a leading provider of independent investment research, provides strictly quantitative mutual fund ratings that measure how well a fund has balanced return and risk in the past.

Scholarship Program

A benefit of implementing the higher education savings plan has been to provide scholarship funds for South Dakota students to attend South Dakota public and private post-secondary institutions. The funds have been provided as part of the agreement with Allianz, the program manager. Scholarships totaling \$3.2 million were awarded to over 900 high school seniors during the six years of the original contract term, 2001 to 2007, through a scholarship program managed by the Investment Council.

In 2007, the Council investigated alternatives to the original scholarship program. With input from then Governor Rounds and approval by the LRC Executive Board, the Council began to direct scholarship monies generated through the relationship with Allianz to The Dakota Corps Scholarship Program. The amount contributed to The Dakota Corps Scholarship Program since 2007 totals \$16.9 million. The amount provided in calendar year 2020 was \$1.1 million, approximately the same as 2019. VP Distributors has agreed to continue Scholarship funding.

The Dakota Corps Scholarship Program is designed to encourage South Dakota high school graduates to obtain their post-secondary education in South Dakota, remain in the state upon graduation, and contribute to the state and its citizens by working in critical need occupations. The scholarship pays for four years of tuition and generally applicable fees. More information is available at https://www.sdbor.edu/dakotacorps/.

Thank you for your interest in the Higher Education Savings Program.

Sincerely,

Matthew L. Clark, CFA State Investment Officer

PORTFOLIO SUMMARIES

SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM INTERNALLY MANAGED

			<u>Cost Value</u>		<u>Fair Value</u>
Global Equity					
Microsoft Corp.	728,800	Ş	32,378,865	\$	197,431,920
Apple, Inc.	1,249,620		23,250,889		171,147,955
Wells Fargo & Co.	2,037,772		58,138,988		92,290,694
Facebook, Inc. Alphabet, Inc Cl. A	245,150		40,086,551		85,241,107
Alphabet, Inc Cl. C	33,500 31,410		14,064,473 12,351,699		81,799,965 78,723,511
Berkshire Hathaway, Inc.	278,297		47,222,871		77,344,302
Amazon.com, Inc.	21,098		30,615,703		72,580,496
Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.	829,967		25,460,051		59,475,502
Roche Holding AG	151,460		36,863,596		57,111,898
SAP SE	357,045		35,902,390		50,319,218
Novartis AG	515,400		34,026,762		47,015,230
Suncor Energy, Inc.	1,844,150		39,858,043		44,216,114
Visa, Inc.	181,900		15,753,013		42,531,858
Canadian Natural Resources, Ltd.	1,129,798		28,490,451		41,057,022
UnitedHealth Group, Inc.	100,472		5,931,713		40,233,008
JPMorgan Chase & Co. Pfizer, Inc.	257,299 957,925		11,531,146 26,809,753		40,020,286 37,512,343
Humana, Inc.	84,554		23,227,986		37,433,747
Comcast Corp.	639,659		25,153,189		36,473,356
ING Groep NV	2,691,000		26,994,950		35,550,620
Medtronic plc	286,126		16,599,841		35,516,820
ConocoPhillips	566,397		22,675,360		34,493,577
Exxon Mobil Corp.	543,725		26,304,820		34,298,173
Applied Materials, Inc.	229,350		9,247,613		32,659,440
Nestle SA	260,200		9,283,320		32,433,866
Anthem, Inc.	82,997		19,544,465		31,688,255
Walmart, Inc.	221,605		18,717,605		31,250,737
Merck & Co., Inc.	398,900		24,655,200		31,022,453
Glencore plc Eli Lilly & Co.	7,151,700 132,174		26,241,512 17,567,943		30,572,785 30,336,576
HeidelbergCement AG	345,500		23,823,892		29,639,771
Bank of New York Mellon Corp.	569,286		18,827,187		29,164,522
LyondellBasell Industries NV	277,356		21,239,853		28,531,612
Anheuser Busch Inbev SA	390,706		29,856,143		28,175,613
Centene Corp.	383,809		16,283,735		27,991,190
Walt Disney Co.	157,709		15,566,126		27,720,511
GlaxoSmithKlineplc	1,369,100		26,982,874		26,845,728
Schlumberger, Ltd.	834,294		39,444,390		26,705,751
Bayerische Motoren Werke AG	247,936 365,639		17,865,144 14,841,409		26,259,591 25,868,959
Citigroup, Inc. UBS Group AG	1,662,340		27,002,769		25,465,175
Honda Motor Co., Ltd.	786,200		19,833,114		25,146,502
Bristol-Myers Squibb Co.	375,700		19,094,154		25,104,274
Capri Holdings, Ltd.	435,135		14,779,549		24,885,371
Unilever plc	419,182		21,860,245		24,497,939
Amgen, Inc.	96,906		17,804,969		23,620,838
Halliburton Co.	1,019,887		30,159,266		23,579,787
ABN Amro Bank NV	1,950,454		26,493,280		23,574,550
Intel Corp.	414,900		10,828,044		23,292,486
Total Top 50 Securities			1,197,536,904		2,245,853,004
Remaining Global Equity			<u>1,829,270,396</u>		<u>2,354,926,453</u>
Global Equity		\$3	3,026,807,300	\$4	4,600,779,457
Global Emerging Markets		\$	625,752,457	\$	821,962,783
Flex		\$	160,140,690	\$	264,218,543
Small/Mid Equity		\$	787,288,060	\$	1,008,148,812
Investment Grade		\$	1,132,287,467	\$	1,199,000,095
High Yield		\$	617,549,766	\$	618,569,582
Shift Account		<u>\$</u>	1 <u>,854,934,915</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,854,966,81 <u>3</u>
Total SDRS Internally Mana	ged	<u>\$8</u>	3,204,760,655	<u>\$1(</u>	0,367,646,085

SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM EXTERNALLY MANAGED

- -	<u>(</u>	<u>Cost Value</u>		<u>Fair Value</u>
Public Equity DFA Emerging Markets Small Cap	\$	18,604,630	\$	86,922,908
Sanders Capital, LLC.	ر ب	95,688,604	Ļ	<u>151,622,771</u>
Total Public Equity	\$	114,293,234	\$	238,545,679
Private Equity				
Blackstone Capital Partners IV & V, LP.	\$	1,229,380	\$	4,677,205
Blackstone Capital Partners VI, LP.		32,697,960		65,145,195
Blackstone Capital Partners VII, L.P. Blackstone Energy Partners II, L.P.		67,979,196		122,840,216
Blackstone Energy Partners III, LP.		64,198,201 12,359,591		73,042,728 22,864,439
Capital International Private Equity Fund V, LP.		3,300,062		45,680
Capital International Private Equity Fund VI, L.P.		31,221,991		37,772,635
Carlyle Partners V, LP.		9,433,261		6,755,465
Carlyle Partners VI, LP.		57,452,326		138,186,446
EnCap Energy Capital Fund XI, LP. The Fourth Cinven Fund		18,308,513 4,129,665		18,538,859 75,032
The Fifth Cinven Fund		42,424,485		43,938,592
The Sixth Cinven Fund		93,388,678		168,320,380
The Seventh Cinven Fund		8,621,796		13,301,166
CVC European Equity Partners IV, L.P.		10,767,490		83,272
CVC European Equity Partners V, LP.		22,808,638		3,344,230
CVC Capital Partners VII, LP. CVC Capital Partners VIII, LP. ²⁹		67,345,228 (245,492)		126,379,473
Cypress Merchant Banking Partners II, LP.		21,515		(245,492) 21,515
Doughty Hanson & Co. IV, L.P.		147,584		603,768
KKR European Fund II, L.P.		834,840		357,677
PineBridge Capital Management Corp.		3,506,301		4,961,050
Riverstone/Carlyle Global Energy & Power Fund IV	/, L.P.			963,022
Riverstone Global Energy & Power Fund V, LP. Riverstone Global Energy & Power Fund VI, LP.		65,303,145 123,439,894		30,425,759 108,894,894
Silver Lake Partners II & III, LP.		9,806,348		23,047,981
Silver Lake Partners IV, L.P.		91,294,744		260,342,123
Silver Lake Partners V, L.P.		140,162,371		255,036,865
Silver Lake Partners VI, LP.		39,813,234		53,301,169
Silver Lake Sumeru Fund, L.P. Total Private Equity	¢ 1	<u>4,720,404</u> ,028,765,599	¢	<u>4,229,779</u> 1,587,251,123
	ا د	,020,703,377	ç	1,07,231,123
Aggressive Absolute Return Bridgewater Pure Alpha Fund II, Ltd.	¢	36,742,005	¢	92,737,723
Total Aggressive Absolute Return	<u>\$</u> \$	36,742,005	<u>\$</u> \$	92,737,723
Real Estate				
Apollo European Real Estate Fund II, L.P.	\$	2,310,123	\$	966,973
Blackstone Real Estate Partners IV & V, LP.		19,366,834		16,211,817
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VI, L.P.		6,280,231		12,446,140
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VII, L.P.		25,142,198		30,932,857
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VIII, L.P. Blackstone Real Estate Partners IX, L.P.		197,415,790 115,209,468		244,090,411 153,319,891
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe III, LP.		36,120,253		20,073,603
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe V, LP.		198,503,538		269,959,222
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe VI, L.P.		64,350,910		78,342,827
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia II, L.P.		156,905,642		192,859,991
Brookfield Strategic Real Estate Partners III		55,904,373		65,604,071
Lone Star Real Estate Fund II, LP. Lone Star Real Estate Fund III, LP.		890,440 8,020,918		328,458 5,927,423
Lone Star Real Estate Fund IV, L.P.		62,193,325		62,147,254
Lone Star Real Estate Fund V, LP.		29,617,424		21,473,797
Lone Star Real Estate Fund VI, LP.		1,918,357		723,530
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund IV, L.P.		14,115,790		8,264,341
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund V, L.P.		81,525,588		101,795,180
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund VI, LP. Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund IX Global		10,386,675 14,576,768		19,135,743 16,915,737
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund X Global		52,342,342		43,426,008
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XI Global	_	80,409,247		95,192,944
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XII Global ²		(515,256)	~	75,143
Total Real Estate		,232,990,978	Ş	1,460,213,361
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Est. CVI Global Value Fund A, LP.	ato)		
			¢	117 143
I CW Opportunistic IVIBS Stratedy	\$	14,178,226	\$	112,143 872,776,362
TCW Opportunistic MBS Strategy Total High Yield Debt			\$ \$	112,143 <u>872,776,362</u> 872,888,505

Appendix/Portfolio Summaries

SCHOOL AND PUBLIC LANDS INTERNALLY MANAGED

	Cost Value Fair Value
Public Equity	\$ 65,950,198 \$ 89,330,468
Investment Grade	\$ 54,144,106 \$ 57,266,540
Cash Account	<u>\$ 130,031,800</u> <u>\$ 130,034,348</u>
Total SPL Internally Managed	<u>\$ 250,126,104</u> <u>\$ 276,631,356</u>

SCHOOL AND PUBLIC LANDS EXTERNALLY MANAGED

Privato Equity		<u>Cost Value</u>		<u>Fair Value</u>
Private Equity Blackstone Capital Partners V, LP.	Ś	10.676	Ś	86,459
Blackstone Capital Partners VI, LP.	ç	422,329	ç	841,418
Blackstone Capital Partners VI, LP.		1,155,648		2,088,288
Carlyle Partners VI, LP.		1,429,160		2,000,200 3,437,474
The Sixth Cinven Fund		2,458,841		4,431,729
The Seventh Cinven Fund		2,430,041		325,139
CVC Capital Partners VII, LP.		1,683,631		3,159,488
CVC Capital Partners VII, LP. ²⁹		(6,618)		6,618)
Riverstone Global Energy & Power Fund VI, LP.		3,950,074		3,484,633
Silver Lake Partners III, L.P.		232,335		545,489
Silver Lake Partners IV, LP.		2,168,091		6,182,556
Silver Lake Partners V. L.P.		3,582,002		6,518,216
Silver Lake Partners VI, L.P.		1,037,479		1,390,085
Total Private Equity	Ś	18,334,403	Ś	32,484,356
	-	10,331,103	7	52,101,550
Real Estate				240.47
Blackstone Real Estate Partners V, LP.	\$	267,397	\$	218,154
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VI, LP.		122,654		243,089
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VII, LP.		542,037		666,881
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VIII, L.P.		4,935,395		6,078,726
Blackstone Real Estate Partners IX, L.P.		2,986,912		3,974,960
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe III, LP.		872,278		484,759
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe V, L.P.		5,157,850		7,014,532
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe VI, L.P.		1,608,773		1,958,571
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia II, L.P.		4,067,924		5,000,075
Lone Star Real Estate Fund III, L.P.		197,848		146,210
Lone Star Real Estate Fund IV, LP.		1,568,674		1,567,512
Lone Star Real Estate Fund V, L.P.		758,861		550,202
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund V, LP.		2,087,057		2,605,958
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund VI, LP.		265,441		489,027
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund X Global		1,515,115		1,264,170
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XI Global		2,089,327		2,473,462
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XII Globa	<u>^י</u> ל	(14,185)	-	2,069
Total Real Estate	Ş	29,029,358	\$	34,738,357
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Est				
Vanguard High Yield Fund	\$	13,695,417	\$	14,460,609
CVI Global Value Fund A, L.P.		153,782		1,217
TCW Opportunistic MBS Strategy	_	19,225,925	_	20,447,908
Total High Yield Debt	\$	33,075,124	\$	34,909,734
Total SPL Externally Managed	\$	80,438,885	\$	102,132,447

SOUTH DAKOTA CASH FLOW FUND INTERNALLY MANAGED

	Cost Value Fair Value
Intermediate-Term Fixed Income	\$ 330,690,471 \$ 350,261,405
Short-Term Fixed Income	\$ 887,787,298 \$ 905,199,415
Cash Account	\$ 856,035,605 \$ 856,051,549
Certificates of Deposit	<u>\$ 14,588,000</u> <u>\$ 14,628,519</u>
Total SDCFF Internally Managed	<u>\$2,089,101,374</u> <u>\$2,126,140,888</u>

DAKOTA CEMENT TRUST INTERNALLY MANAGED

	Cost Value			<u>Fair Value</u>
Public Equity	\$	60,234,912	\$	82,211,264
Investment Grade	\$	55,119,775	\$	58,316,665
Cash Account	<u>\$</u>	129,114,709	<u>\$</u>	129,117,149
Total DCT Internally Managed	<u>\$</u>	244,469,396	\$	269,645,078

DAKOTA CEMENT TRUST EXTERNALLY MANAGED

		<u>Cost Value</u>		<u>Fair Value</u>
Private Equity				
Blackstone Capital Partners V, L.P.	\$	15,134	\$	142,997
Blackstone Capital Partners VI, LP.		357,355		711,961
Blackstone Capital Partners VII, L.P.		1,359,585		2,456,803
Carlyle Partners VI, L.P.		1,714,991		4,124,970
The Sixth Cinven Fund		2,600,697		4,687,404
The Seventh Cinven Fund		229,914		354,698
CVC Capital Partners VII, LP.		1,808,344		3,393,523
CVC Capital Partners VIII, L.P. ²⁹		(6,404)		(6,404)
Riverstone Global Energy & Power Fund VI, LP.		4,526,121		3,992,801
Silver Lake Partners III, L.P.		379,028		889,884
Silver Lake Partners IV, L.P.		2,710,069		7,728,137
Silver Lake Partners V, L.P.		3,737,728		6,800,975
Silver Lake Partners VI, L.P.		<u>993,333</u>		1, <u>330,931</u>
Total Private Equity	\$	20,425,895	\$	36,608,680
Real Estate				
Blackstone Real Estate Partners V, L.P.	\$	429,933	\$	350,732
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VI, LP.	-	197,492	-	391,421
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VII. L.P.		633,768		779,745
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VIII. L.P.		5,527,642		6,808,166
Blackstone Real Estate Partners IX. L.P.		2,986,912		3,974,960
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe III, L.P.		4,067,924		5,000,075
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe V, LP.		872,278		484,759
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe VI, L.P.		5,526,268		7,515,570
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia II, L.P.		1,608,773		1,958,571
Lone Star Real Estate Fund III, L.P.		229,926		169,914
Lone Star Real Estate Fund IV, LP.		1,753,230		1,751,929
Lone Star Real Estate Fund V, L.P.		836,166		606,253
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund V, L.P.		2,282,715		2,850,265
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund VI, L.P.		253.899		467,765
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund X Global		1,136,337		948,127
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XI Global		2,208,718		2,614,804
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XII Globa		(13,418)		1.957
Total Real Estate	\$	30,538,563	\$	36,675,013
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Esta	ate	e)		
Vanguard High Yield Fund	\$	13,998,810	\$	14,776,094
CVI Global Value Fund A, L.P.		250,771	-	1,985
TCW Opportunistic MBS Strategy	_	19,426,091		20,813,544
Total High Yield Debt	\$	33,675,672	\$	35,591,623
Total DCT Externally Managed	\$	84,640,130	\$	108,875,316

EDUCATION ENHANCEMENT TRUST INTERNALLY MANAGED

	Cost Value Fair Value
Public Equity	\$ 133,128,632 \$ 176,486,300
Investment Grade	\$ 59,512,552 \$ 62,697,345
Cash Account	<u>\$ 252,989,230</u>
Total EET Internally Managed	<u>\$ 445,630,414</u> <u>\$ 492,177,674</u>

EDUCATION ENHANCEMENT TRUST EXTERNALLY MANAGED

		<u>Cost Value</u>		<u>Fair Value</u>
Private Equity Blackstone Capital Partners V, LP.	\$	21,888	Ś	207,035
Blackstone Capital Partners VI, LP.	ç	617,249	ç	1,229,773
Blackstone Capital Partners VI, LP.		2,175,332		3,930,885
Carlyle Partners VI, LP.				5,750,005 6,462,450
The Sixth Cinven Fund		2,686,825		
		4,444,824		8,011,195
The Seventh Cinven Fund		411,930		635,500
CVC Capital Partners VII, L.P.		3,180,191		5,967,919
CVC Capital Partners VIII, LP. ²⁹		(12,381)		(12,381)
Riverstone Global Energy & Power Fund VI, LP.		7,570,976		6,678,882
Silver Lake Partners III, L.P.		547,718		1,285,937
Silver Lake Partners IV, L.P.		4,234,461		12,075,327
Silver Lake Partners V, L.P.		6,618,808		12,043,541
Silver Lake Partners VI, L.P.		1,964,582		2,632,280
Total Private Equity	\$	34,462,403	\$	61,148,343
Real Estate				
Blackstone Real Estate Partners V, LP.	\$	618,684	\$	504,727
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VI, LP.		288,963		572,661
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VII, LP.		1,067,397		1,313,231
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VIII, L.P.		9,278,542		11,427,990
Blackstone Real Estate Partners IX, L.P.		5,547,122		7,382,069
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe III, LP.		1,348,066		749,186
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe V, L.P.		9,431,497		12,826,570
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe VI, L.P.		3,153,195		3,838,799
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia II, L.P.		7,554,717		9,285,850
Lone Star Real Estate Fund III, L.P.		379,665		280,569
Lone Star Real Estate Fund IV, L.P.		2,929,731		2,927,562
Lone Star Real Estate Fund V, LP.		1,418,746		1,028,645
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund V, L.P.		3,848,008		4,804,732
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund VI, L.P.		519,335		956,789
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund X Global		2,272,678		1,896,258
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XI Global		3,880,180		4,593,573
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XII Globa	29	(26,453)		3.857
Total Real Estate	\$	53,510,073	\$	64,393,068
Tax-Exempt Debt				
PIMCO Tax-Exempt Fund	\$	42,164,306	\$	43,094,312
Total Tax-Exempt Debt	\$	42,164,306	\$	43,094,312
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Esta	ate	<u>=)</u>		
Vanguard High Yield Fund	\$	25,511,641	\$	26,931,199
CVI Global Value Fund A, L.P.		362,605		2,868
TCW Opportunistic MBS Strategy		35,702,587		37,951,653
Total High Yield Debt	\$	61,576,833	\$	64,885,720
Total EET Externally Managed	<u>\$</u>	191,713,615	\$	233,521,443

HEALTH CARE TRUST INTERNALLY MANAGED

	9	<u>Cost Value</u>		Fair Value
Public Equity	\$	43,977,358	\$	54,902,815
Investment Grade	\$	24,006,452	\$	25,406,690
Cash Account	<u>\$</u>	76,510,422	<u>\$</u>	76,511,926
Total HCT Internally Managed	\$	144,494,232	\$	156,821,431

HEALTH CARE TRUST EXTERNALLY MANAGED

		Cost Value		Fair Value
Private Equity				
Blackstone Capital Partners V, L.P.	\$	3,624	\$	54,326
Blackstone Capital Partners VI, LP.		227,408		453,088
Blackstone Capital Partners VII, L.P.		611,812		1,105,561
Carlyle Partners VI, L.P.		743,164		1,787,485
The Sixth Cinven Fund		1,134,862		2,045,425
The Seventh Cinven Fund		105,376		162,570
CVC Capital Partners VII, LP.		810,638		1,521,235
CVC Capital Partners VIII, LP. ²⁹		(2,775)		(2,775)
Riverstone Global Energy & Power Fund VI, L.P.		2,057,319		1,814,902
Silver Lake Partners III, L.P.		138,919		326,139
Silver Lake Partners IV, L.P.		1,219,569		3,477,663
Silver Lake Partners V, L.P.		1,635,307		2,975,330
Silver Lake Partners VI, L.P. Total Private Equity	\$	<u>419,407</u> 9,104,630	Ś	<u>561,950</u> 16,282,899
TOLAI PIVALE EQULY	Ş	9,104,630	Ş	16,282,899
<u>Real Estate</u>				
Blackstone Real Estate Partners V, LP.	\$	152,050	\$	124,074
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VI, LP.		76,918		152,440
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VII, L.P.		300,206		369,369
Blackstone Real Estate Partners VIII, L.P.		2,434,795		2,998,836
Blackstone Real Estate Partners IX, L.P.		1,280,105		1,703,553
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe III, L.P.		475,788		264,418
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe V, L.P.		2,431,558		3,306,848
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Europe VI, L.P.		707,860		861,771
Blackstone Real Estate Partners Asia II, L.P.		1,743,396		2,142,887
Lone Star Real Estate Fund III, L.P.		101,594		75,078
Lone Star Real Estate Fund IV, LP.		761,260		760,696
Lone Star Real Estate Fund V, L.P.		311,083		225,548
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund V, LP.		978,306		1,221,541
Rockpoint Real Estate Fund VI, LP.		115,409		212,621
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund X Global		757,559		632,088
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XI Global		955,123		1,130,728
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund XII Globa	Ľ	(5,750)		839
Vanguard Real Estate Fund	-	4,435,636	~	5,012,368
Total Real Estate	\$	18,012,896	\$	21,195,703
Investment Grade Debt				
Vanguard Total Bond Market Fund	\$	8,233,910	\$	8,327,669
Total Investment Grade Debt	\$	8,233,910	\$	8,327,669
High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Est	at.	e)		
Vanguard High Yield Fund	Ś	5 ,134,834	\$	8,512,439
CVI Global Value Fund A, LP.	,	92,070	,	727
TCW Opportunistic MBS Strategy		11,136,093		11,784,581
Total High Yield Debt	\$	19,362,997	\$	20,297,747
5				
Total HCT Externally Managed	<u>\$</u>	54,714,433	\$	<u>66,104,018</u>

.

On June 30, 2021, there was \$14,588,000 in Certificates of Deposit (CDs) outstanding with South Dakota banks and credit unions. Nineteen South Dakota banks hold \$12,995,000 in CDs and four credit unions hold \$1,593,000 in CDs. The CDs carry an interest rate of 0.37% and mature September 30, 2021.

The original allocation made in September of 2020 was to thirty-one banks. Twelve banks did not participate this year. This is the twentieth year a reoffering was made to other qualified public depositories in the state. In the reoffering, four credit unions accepted \$1,593,000 in CDs, leaving \$20,412,000 in CDs unassigned. The size of the certificates ranged from \$250,000 to \$3,221,000.

<u>Summary of Statistics</u> <u>Certificates of Deposit Outstanding</u>

CDs Issued to Banks CDs maturing 9/30/21	<u>\$</u>	12,995,000
Interest earned during FY 2021 Average CDs Outstanding During FY 2021 Rate of Return	\$ \$	146,541 15,065,063 1.0%
CDs Issued to Savings Associations CDs maturing 9/30/21	¢	0
Interest earned during FY 2021	<u>\$</u>	1,296
Average CDs Outstanding During FY 2021 Rate of Return	Ś	62,329 2.1%
CDs Issued to Credit Unions		
CDs maturing 9/30/21	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,593,000</u>
Interest earned during FY 2021	\$	13,956
Average CDs Outstanding During FY 2021	\$	1,654,082
Rate of Return		0.8%
Total Certificates of Deposit		
CDs maturing 9/30/21	<u>\$</u>	14,588,000
Interest earned during FY 2021	\$	161,793
Average CDs Outstanding During FY 2021	\$	16,781,474
Rate of Return		1.0%

South Dakota Certificates of Deposit Due 9/30/21

	Location	CD	Amount
<u>Banks</u>			
Community Bank	Avon	\$	250,000
One American Bank	Centerville		250,000
First Financial Bank	Dupree		250,000
BankStar Financial	Elkton		621,000
Reliabank Dakota	Estelline		250,000
Merchants State Bank	Freeman		440,000
Farmers State Bank	Hosmer		250,000
Premier Bank of Hudson	Hudson		372,000
Ipswich State Bank	Ipswich		250,000
Quoin Financial Bank	Miller		497,000
CorTrust Bank	Mitchell		3,055,000
BankWest	Pierre		3,221,000
First National Bank	Pierre		1,618,000
Farmers & Merchants State Bank	Plankinton		358,000
Heartland State Bank	Redfield		250,000
First State Bank of Roscoe	Roscoe		299,000
Farmers & Merchants State Bank	Scotland		250,000
Pioneer Bank (Iowa)	Sioux City, IA		264,000
Farmers State Bank	Turton		250,000
Total Banks		\$1	2,995,000
Credit Unions			
Healthcare Plus Federal CU	Aberdeen	Ś	250,000
Minuteman Community Federal C		Ļ	750,000
Voyage Federal CU	Sioux Falls		250,000
Avanti Federal CU	Watertown		343,000
Total Credit Unions	Watchtown	Ś	1,593,000
			1,575,000
Total Certificates of Deposit		\$ 1	4,588,000
-			
Total Certificates of Deposit		<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>4,588,000</u>

GLOSSARY

AGGRESSIVE ABSOLUTE RETURN: A non-directional strategy designed to generate a steady return no matter what the market does.

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ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS: Investments that are not one of the three traditional asset types (stocks, bonds, and cash). Alternative investments include hedge funds, real estate, private equity, and commodities.

ARBITRAGE: Acting on disparities between the existing price of a security and the estimated present value of consideration to be received at a later time as a result of restructuring activity.

ASSET ALLOCATION: The mix of stocks, bonds, cash equivalents, and other assets in which capital is invested.

BLOOMBERG BARCLAYS US MUNICIPAL 7 YEAR INDEX: The 7-year (6-8 Years to Maturity) component of the US Municipal Bond Index which covers the USD-denominated long-term tax exempt bond market. It has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 2003.

CAPITAL MARKETS BENCHMARK (CMB): The asset allocation policy approved by the Investment Council applied to the appropriate index returns.

CARRIED INTEREST: A share of the profits of a fund paid to the fund manager which is not received until the investors' contributed capital is returned and a previously agreed-upon preferred return is earned.

CASH EQUIVALENT: Cash or assets that can be converted to cash quickly.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT (CDs): Relatively low-risk debt instruments purchased directly through a commercial bank or savings and loan institution. CDs are insured by the FDIC (Federal Deposit Insurance Corp.) up to \$250,000.

COMMODITY: Basic materials that are reasonably interchangeable with others of the same type. Examples include oil, metals, and grains.

CORRELATION: The degree to which the fluctuations of one asset are similar to those of another.

DEALLOCATE: Funds that are no longer treated as gross proceeds of tax-exempt bonds for arbitrage purposes under Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and for hedge bond purposes under Section 149(g) of the Code as a result of the application of the Universal Cap under Treasury Regulation Section 1.14806.

DEFLATION: A general decline in prices or reduction in spending.

DERIVATIVES: Securities with a price that is dependent upon or derived from one or more underlying assets. The most common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, interest rates, and market indexes.

DURATION (MODIFIED): The weighted average maturity of the stream of payments associated with a bond. It is a measure of the bond price volatility for a given change in interest rates.

EMERGING MARKET: Emerging market is a term that investors use to describe a developing country. Investments in emerging markets may be accompanied by greater risk.

EOUITIES (STOCKS): Securities representing shares of ownership in the issuing enterprise.

EOUITY-LIKE RISK: A measure of the sensitivity of a fund to downturns in the equity market. The measure includes the percentage invested in equities (stocks) plus the percentage invested in other asset categories scaled to reflect the degree of embedded equity sensitivity during severe market downturns.

FIXED INCOME SECURITIES (BONDS, NOTES, BILLS, ETC.): Securities representing loans to governments, agencies, corporations, and banks for a stated period at a stated interest rate.

FTSE US ALL BB-RATED INDEX: The index includes those bonds in the FTSE US High-Yield Market Index with an index quality of BB+, BB, or BB- rating. It was used for benchmarking purposes during fiscal years 1996 - 2010.

FTSE US HIGH-YIELD CASH-PAY CAPPED INDEX: The index represents the cash-pay securities of the FTSE US High-Yield Market Capped Index, which is a modified version of the FTSE US High-Yield Market Index by delaying the entry of fallen angel (formerly investment grade bonds that have been reduced to high-yield status) issues and capping the par value of individual issuers. It has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 2011.

FTSE US HIGH-YIELD MARKET INDEX: The index includes cash-pay, deferred-interest, and Rule 144A bonds with a remaining maturity of at least one year and a speculative-grade rating by both Moody's Investor Service and Standard & Poor's. It has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 2001.

FTSE US 3-MONTH TREASURY BILL INDEX: The index measures monthly return equivalents of yield averages that are not marked to market. The 3-Month Treasury Bill Index is an average of the last three 3 -month Treasury bill month-end rates. It has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 1974.

FTSE US BROAD INVESTMENT-GRADE (USBIG[®]) BOND INDEX: The index is market capitalization weighted and includes fixed-rate Treasury, government-sponsored, mortgage, asset-backed, and investment-grade issues (minimum quality BBB- or Baa3) with a maturity of one year or longer. It has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 1981.

FTSE US INFLATION-LINKED SECURITIES INDEX (US-ILSI): The index includes debentures with fixed-rate coupon payments that adjust for inflation as measured by the Consumer Price Index. It is separate and distinct from the FTSE USBIG Bond Index and comprises of Treasury Inflation-Protected securities. It was used for benchmarking purposes during fiscal years 2003-2015.

FUTURES CONTRACTS: An obligation to accept or make future delivery of securities or cash at a specified price and date. The contracts are marked-to-market daily with the resulting gains/losses settled in cash. An initial margin is required as a good faith deposit.

GROSS-OF-FEES: Indicates that the impact of fees (management fees and performance-based fees) has not been reflected in the return.

HEDGE FUNDS: Alternative investments that may use a number of different strategies. Hedge funds may be aggressively managed or make use of derivatives and leverage. A manager typically receives a percentage of profits, commonly 20%, in addition to management fees.

HIGH-YIELD CORPORATE DEBT SECURITIES: Issues with a financial rating of BB or lower because of high relative default risk.

HIGH-YIELD REAL ESTATE DEBT SECURITIES: Debt securities that have a higher risk of default and are collateralized by real estate.

INFLATION: The rate at which the general level of prices of goods and services are rising.

INSTITUTIONAL PRIME MONEY MARKET FUND: The TempFund, which is managed by the BlackRock Advisors, Inc., is a leading short-term portfolio. The predecessor firm's fund inception was October 1973, and estimates are used for prior periods.

INTERNAL RATE OF RETURN (IRR): The annualized implied discount rate calculated from a series of cash flows. IRR is the return that equates the present value of all invested capital in an investment to the present value of all cash flows equal to zero.

Appendix/Glossary

INVESTMENT GRADE FIXED INCOME SECURITIES: Issues with a financial rating of BBB or higher because of low relative default risk.

MERGER CUSTOM INDEX: The index is a representative sample of transactions that exposes one to a merger arbitrage strategy. It employs an indexing approach that utilizes factual information and index quidelines.

MSCI ALL COUNTRY WORLD INDEXSM (ACWI): The index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to capture large and mid cap representation across developed and emerging markets. The index currently consists of 23 developed and 26 emerging market countries and covers approximately 85% of the global equity investment opportunity set. It was used for benchmarking purposes during fiscal years 2005-2019.

MSCI ACV/I INVESTABLE MARKET INDEX (IMI): The index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is designed to capture large, mid and small cap representation across developed and emerging markets. The index currently consists of 23 developed and 26 emerging market countries and covers approximately 99% of the global equity investment opportunity set. It has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 2020.

MSCI US REIT INDEX: The index is a free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted index that is comprised of US equity REITs, which generate a majority of their revenue and income from rents, mortgages, and sales of property. It has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 2005.

MSCI USA INDEX: The index is is designed to measure the performance of the large and mid cap segments of the US market. The index covers approximately 85% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in the US. The MSCI USA Index was used for benchmarking purposes during fiscal years 2005-2019.

MSCI USA INVESTABLE MARKET INDEX (IMI): The index is designed to measure the performance of the large, mid and small cap segments of the US market. The index covers approximately 99% of the free float-adjusted market capitalization in the US. The MSCI USA IMI Index has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 2020.

NCREIF PROPERTY INDEX: NCREIF stands for the National Council of Real Estate Investment Fiduciaries. The index is a quarterly time series composite total rate of return measure of investment performance of a very large pool of individual commercial real estate properties acquired in the private market for investment purposes only. It is used as an industry benchmark to compare an investor's own returns against the industry average. It was used for benchmarking purposes during fiscal years 2002-2013.

NET-OF-FEES: Indicates that the impact of fees (management fees, performance-based fees, and general partner carried interest) has been reflected in the return.

OPPORTUNISTIC REAL ESTATE: A high-risk/high-return real estate strategy. Investments are tactical and involve properties that require a high degree of enhancements.

PEER FUNDS: Databases comprised of state pension plans used for comparison purposes.

PRIVATE EQUITY: Investments made directly into a private company not quoted on a public exchange.

PRIVATE SECTOR MEDIAN: Median rate of return for large private sector funds. Wilshire Trust Universe Comparison Service data was used for fiscal year 2021, BNY Mellon Master Trust data was used for fiscal years 2017-2020, Callan data was used fiscal years 2014-2016, Mellon Analytical data was used fiscal years 1987-2013, and SEI data was used fiscal years 1974-1986. All the returns are reported gross-of-fees.

PUBLIC MARKET EQUIVALENT (PME): The PME is a method where a public market index is expressed in terms of a since inception internal

rate of return (SI-IRR), using the same cash flows and timing as those of the alternative investment composite over the same time period.

OUALITY RATING: Rating of a company's credit by a rating service.

REAL ESTATE: Property holdings used to generate ongoing rental income and capital gains as property values increase over time.

REAL RETURN: Actual return minus inflation.

SHIFT ACCOUNT: Portfolio of cash equivalent securities that supports the cash flows and the futures positions used to adjust the allocation of the total assets among stocks, bonds, and cash.

STANDARD AND POOR'S 500[®] INDEX: The index is a marketcapitalization-weighted index of 500 large-cap U.S. companies. It is the US component of the S&P Global 1200 Index. It has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 1974.

STANDARD AND POOR'S GLOBAL 1200 INDEX: The index is a composite index, comprised of seven regional and country indices - S&P 500 (US), S&P Europe 350, S&P TOPIX 150 (Japan), S&P/TSX 60 (Canada), S&P/ASX All Australian 50, S&P Asia 50 (ex-Japan), and S&P Latin America 40. It was used for benchmarking purposes during fiscal years 2005-2019.

STANDARD AND POOR'S GLOBAL 1200 EX-EMERGING MARKETS INDEX: The index is a custom index calculated by Standard & Poor's on behalf of the South Dakota Investment Council. It is the S&P Global 1200 Index excluding constituents in emerging market countries as defined by Standard & Poor's. It has been used for benchmarking purposes since fiscal year 2020.

STANDARD AND POOR'S GSCI INDEX (COMMODITIES): The index is calculated primarily on a world production-weighted basis. Commodity components include energy, agriculture, livestock, industrial metals, and precious metals. It was used for benchmarking purposes during fiscal years 2003-2015.

STANDARD DEVIATION: A measure of the volatility of returns often used as a measure of risk.

STATE FUND MEDIAN: Median rate of return for the state fund universe. The returns are reported net-of-fees fiscal years 2014-2021 and gross-of-fees fiscal years 1974-2013.

STATE FUND UNIVERSE: A universe linking two state fund universe medians to form a 48-year performance history. The most recent 39 years represents a group of over 50 state funds. The prior nine years of the universe represent the SEI state universe. This universe was the largest state universe available at the time.

TIME-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN: The rate of investment growth earned on a unit of assets held continuously for the entire period measured.

TREASURY INFLATION-PROCTECED SECURITIES (TIPS): A U.S. Treasury security that protects the bondholder from inflation by automatically increasing its principal according to the inflation rate as tracked by the Consumer Price Index.

US CONSUMER PRICE INDEX—ALL URBAN CONSUMERS (CPI-U): The index is compiled monthly by the Bureau of Labor Statistics for the purpose of calculating inflation rates.

VOLATILITY: Variability, fluctuation. In investing, the range of likely outcomes for a given investment over a period of time. The smaller the estimated range of an investment's future returns, the lower the investment's volatility and vice versa. One of the most common measures of investment risk.

YIELD TO MATURITY (YTM): The rate of return anticipated on a fixed income security if held until the maturity date.

Appendix

ENDNOTES

- 1 FTSE US Broad Investment-Grade (USBIG) Bond Index in fiscal year 2021.
- 2 FTSE USBIG Bond Index in fiscal years 2007-2021, FTSE USBIG Bond Index duration adjusted weighted 80% and FTSE US All BB-Rated Index weighted 20% in fiscal years 1996-2006, FTSE USBIG Bond Index in fiscal years 1981-1995, and Lehman Brothers Government/ Corporate Index in prior periods.
- 3 The annual returns for the US Consumer Price Index-All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) for the most recent 14 years and the 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, and 48-year annualized returns as of 6/30/21 are as follows:

Fiscal Year 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016	Annual <u>Return</u> 5.4% 0.6% 1.6% 2.9% 1.6% 1.0%	Fiscal <u>Year</u> 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009	Annual Return 2.1% 1.8% 1.7% 3.6% 1.1% (1.4%)	Annual <u>Returns of as</u> 5 Years 10 Years 15 Years 20 Years 25 Years 30 Years	6/30/21 2.4% 1.9% 2.0% 2.1% 2.2% 2.3%
2016	0.1%	2009	(1.4%)	30 Years	2.3%
2015		2008	5.0%	48 Years	3.9%

4 Investment Grade Debt: FTSE USBIG Bond Index (1981-2021), Lehman Brothers Gov/Corp Index (1974-1980). Cash: FTSE US 3-Month Treasury Bill Index (1974-2021) Public Equity: 3/4 MSCI ACWI IMI + 1/4 MSCI USA IMI Index (2020-2021), 3/3 MSCI ACWI + 1/3 MSCI US Index (2005-2019) Domestic Equity: Russell 1000 Index (1996-2004), S&P 500 Index (1974-1995). International Equity: MSCI ACWI ex-US Index (2002-2004), 3/4 MSCI EAFE + 1/4 MSCI EASEA Index (1997-2001), MSCI EAFE Index (1996), MSCI EAFE 1/2 Japan Index (1993-1995). Arbitrage: weighted index (1999-2011), Merger Custom Index (2008-2011), 3-Month Treasury Bill Index +4.25% (1993-2007), Convertible Benchmark (1999-2011). Real Estate: MSCI US REIT Index (2014-2021), NCREIF Property Index +1.25% (2011-2013), NCREIF Property Index (2002-2010), NCREIF Classic Property Index (1995-2001). Private Equity: S&P 500 (2014), S&P 500 +1.75% (2011-2013), S&P 500 +3.5% (2005-2010), Russell 1000 +3.5% (2002-2004), Russell 1000 +5.0% (1999-2001). High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Estate): FTSE US High-Yield Market Index (2003-2021). Commodities: S&P GSCI (2003-2015). TIPS: FTSE US-ILSI (2012-2015).

The Capital Markets Benchmark (policy) weightings for the South Dakota Retirement System were as follows:

	IG		Public EQ &				HY		
	Debt	Cash	Dom / Intl	Arb	RE	PE	Debt	Comm	TIPS
07/15-06/21	23%	2%	58%	0%	10%	0%	7%	0%	0%
07/14 - 06/15	19%	2%	60%	0%	10%	0%	7%	1%	1%
07/12 - 06/14	18%	2%	56%	0%	8%	7%	7%	1%	1%
07/11-06/12	18%	2%	58%	0%	8%	5%	7%	1%	1%
07/09 - 06/11	18%	1%	57%	5%	7%	5%	6%	1%	0%
07/06 - 06/09	18%	1%	57%	7%	5%	5%	6%	1%	0%
07/05 - 06/06	18%	1%	57%	7%	6%	4%	6%	1%	0%
07/04 - 06/05	19%	1%	57%	5%	6%	4%	7%	1%	0%
07/03 - 06/04	19%	1%	40% / 16%	6%	7%	4%	6%	1%	0%
07/02 - 06/03	19%	1%	40% / 16%	7%	7%	3%	6%	1%	0%
07/01 - 06/02	23%	1%	40% / 16%	9 %	8%	3%	0%	0%	0%
07/99 - 06/01	23%	5%	36% / 16%	9 %	8%	3%	0%	0%	0%
07/98 - 06/99	23%	4%	40% / 16%	8%	7%	2%	0%	0%	0%
07/97 - 06/98	23%	7%	40% / 16%	7%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%
07/96 - 06/97	25%	7%	40% / 15%	6%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%
07/95 - 06/96	25%	6%	42% / 15%	8%	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%
07/94 - 06/95	31%	5%	41% / 13%	9 %	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%
07/93 - 06/94	33%	7%	45% / 9%	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
07/92 - 06/93	35%	9%	49% / 5%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
07/90 - 06/92	38%	10%	52% / 0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
07/86 - 06/90	38%	7%	55% / 0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
07/78 - 06/86	50%	10%	40% / 0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
07/73-06/78	65%	10%	25% / 0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

- 5 FTSE US High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index in fiscal years 2011-2021 and the FTSE US All BB-Rated Index in fiscal years 2007-2010.
- 6 Weighted index of FTSE 1-5 year US Treasuries, 1-3 year US BIG Credit, and 3-6 month US Treasury Bills (2019-2021), Bank of America Merrill Lynch 1-5 year US Treasuries, 1-3 year A-AAA rated US Corporates, and 3-6 month US Treasury Bills (2005-2018); equal-weighted yields of the 3-month and 6-month Treasury Bills and the 1-year, 2-year, 3-year, and 5-year Treasury Bonds (1987-2004).

- 7 Composites are valued monthly and portfolio returns are weighted by using beginning-of-month fair values or weighted cash flows.
- 8 Fair values for private equity and real estate limited partnerships are adjusted in the reporting period when received by the Council.
- 9 The South Dakota Department of Legislative Audit conducted the South Dakota Investment Council fiscal year 2021 annual and interim procedures audit work for total fees of \$36,576.25.
- 10 The 1-year total fund performance results are presented net-of-fees for fiscal years 2014-2021 and gross-of-fees in prior periods.
- 11 Management fee rates (excluding profit sharing) as of June 30, 2021 in basis points (bp):

n basis points (bp):	5. 5.	
Investment Office (expe	cted average)	10 bp
Ares European Real Esta		0 bp
Blackstone Capital Partr	ers IV & V	0 bp
Blackstone Capital Partr	ers VI	75 bp
Blackstone Capital Partr	ers VII	125 bp
Blackstone Energy Partr	ners II	100 bp
Blackstone Energy Partr	ners III	150 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners IV & IV - ML	0 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners V & V - ML	0 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners VI & VI - LC	0 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners VII	150 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners VIII	125 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners VIII - BMR	0 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners IX	125 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners Asia II	125 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners Europe III	125 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners Europe V	125 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners Europe VI	150 bp
Blackstone Real Estate P	artners International II	0 bp
Bridgewater Pure Alpha	Fund II (embedded)	150 bp + incentive
Brookfield Strategic Rea	Estate Partners III	150 bp
Capital International Priv	vate Equity Fund V	0 bp
Capital International Priv	vate Equity Fund VI	100 bp
Carlyle Partners V		0 bp
Carlyle Partners VI		75 bp
The Fourth Cinven Fund	t	0 bp
The Fifth Cinven Fund		125 bp
The Sixth Cinven Fund		125 bp
The Seventh Cinven Fur	nd	150 bp
CVC European Equity Pa	artners IV & V	0 bp
CVC European Equity Pa		143 bp
CVC European Equity Pa	artners VIII	143 bp
CVI Global Value Fund		0 bp
Cypress Merchant Banki	5	0 bp
Dimensional Emerging	Markets Small Cap (emb	edded) 60 bp
Doughty Hanson & Co.		0 bp
Doughty Hanson & Co.		0 bp
EnCap Energy Capital F	und XI	150 bp
KKR European Fund II		0 bp
Lone Star Real Estate Fu		45 bp
Lone Star Real Estate Fu		60 bp
Lone Star Real Estate Fu		60 bp
Lone Star Real Estate Fu		60 bp
Lone Star Real Estate Fu		60 bp
PineBridge Global Emer	ging Markets Partners I	•
PIMCO (tax-exempt)		25 bp
Riverstone/Carlyle Glob	55	
Riverstone Global Energy	-	100 bp
Riverstone Global Energy	-	100 bp
Rockpoint Real Estate Fu		142 bp
Rockpoint Real Estate Fu		131 bp
Rockpoint Real Estate Fu		138 bp

Appendix/Endnotes

Sanders Capital (Global Value Equities)	
\$0-\$15 Million -	90 bp
\$15-\$50 Million -	50 bp
over\$50 Million -	40 bp
Silver Lake Partners II & III	0 bp
Silver Lake Partners III (SPV-2)	100 bp
Silver Lake Partners IV	100 bp
Silver Lake Partners V	100 bp
Silver Lake Partners VI	140 bp
Silver Lake Sumeru Fund	0 bp
Starwood Distressed Opportunity Fund IX Global	125 bp
Starwood Opportunity Fund X Global	100 bp
Starwood Opportunity Fund X Global - TMI	125 bp
Starwood Opportunity Fund XI Global	100 bp
Starwood Opportunity Fund XII Global	100 bp
TCW Opportunistic MBS Strategy	50 bp
Vanguard High-Yield Fund (embedded)	13 bp
Vanguard Real Estate Fund (embedded)	12 bp
Vanguard Total Bond Market Fund (embedded)	4 bp

12 There have been no changes in investment personnel that would alter the returns presented.

- 13 Past performance is no guarantee of future results.
- Investment Grade Debt: FTSE USBIG Bond Index (February 2001-14 2021), Salomon Smith Barney Treasury/GNMA Index (1985 - January 2001). Public Equity: 3/4 MSCI ACWI IMI + 1/4 MSCI USA IMI Index (2020 -2021), 3/3 S&P Global 1200 + 1/3 S&P 500 Index (2012-2019 and 2007-2010), 3/3 S&P Global 1200 Ex-Iran + 1/3 S&P 500 Index (2011), 3/3 MSCI ACWI + 1/3 MSCI US Index (2006). Domestic Equity: S&P 500 Index (2005), Russell 1000 Index (February 2001-2004). International Equity: MSCI ACWI ex-US Index (2005). High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Estate): FTSE US High-Yield Market Index (2010-2021 and February 2001-2006), FTSE US All BB-Rated Index (2007-2009). TIPS: FTSE US-ILSI (2007-2015). Cash/Commodities: FTSE US 3-Month Treasury Bill Index (2007-2021). Real Estate: MSCI US REIT Index (2014-2021), NCREIF Property Index +1.25% (2011-2013), NCREIF Property Index (2007-2010). Private Equity: S&P 500 (2014), S&P 500 +1.75% (2011-2013), S&P 500 +3.5% (2007-2010).

The Capital Markets Benchmark (policy) weightings for the School and Public Lands Fund were as follows:

	IG	Public EQ &	HY		Cash/			
	Debt	Dom / Intl	Debt	TIPS	Comm	RE	PE	
07/15-06/21	30%	51%	7%	0%	2%	10%	0%	
07/14 - 06/15	26%	53%	7%	2%	2%	10%	0%	
07/11-06/14	28%	52%	5%	5%	2%	6%	2%	
07/06 - 06/11	33%	48%	5%	5%	2%	5%	2%	
07/05 - 06/06	40%	50%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
07/04 - 06/05	40%	40% / 10%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
07/03 - 06/04	50%	40% / 0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
07/02 - 06/03	60%	30% / 0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
07/01 - 06/02	70%	20% / 0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
02/01 - 06/01	Weighted based on Investment Council asset allocation.							
07/84 - 01/01	100%	0% / 0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	

- 15 MSCI All Country World ex-US Index in fiscal years 2002-2004 and ¾ MSCI EAFE + ¼ MSCI EASEA Index in prior periods.
- 16 Investment Grade Debt: FTSE USBIG Bond Index (2002-2021). Public Equity: 3/4 MSCI ACWI IMI + 1/4 MSCI USA IMI Index (2020-2021), 3/3 S&P Global 1200 + 1/3 S&P 500 Index (2012-2019 and 2007-2010), 3/3 S&P Global 1200 Ex-Iran + 1/3 S&P 500 Index (2011), 3/3 MSCI ACWI + 1/3 MSCI US Index (2006). Domestic Equity: S&P 500 Index (2005), Russell 1000 Index (2002-2004). International Equity: MSCI ACWI ex-US Index (2005). Real Estate: weighted index (2006), MSCI US REIT Index (2014-2021 and 2005-2006), NCREIF Property Index +1.25% (2011-2013), NCREIF Property Index (2006-2010), REIT Benchmark (2002-2004). High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Estate): FTSE US High-Yield Market Index (2010-2021), FTSE US All BB-Rated Index (2002-2009). TIPS: FTSE US-ILSI (2007-2015). Cash/Commodities: FTSE US 3-Month Treasury Bill Index (2007-2021). Private Equity: S&P 500 (2014), S&P 500 +1.75% (2011-2013), S&P 500 +3.5% (2007-2010).

The Capital Markets Benchmark (policy) weightings for the Dakota Cement Trust Fund were as follows:

	IG	Public EQ &		HY		Cash/	
	Debt	Dom / Intl	RE	Debt	TIPS	Comm	PE
07/15 - 06/21	30%	51%	10%	7%	0%	2%	0%
07/14 - 06/15	26%	53%	10%	7%	2%	2%	0%
07/11-06/14	28%	52%	6%	5%	5%	2%	2%
07/06 - 06/11	33%	48%	5%	5%	5%	2%	2%
07/05 - 06/06	40%	40%	10%	10%	0%	0%	0%
07/04 - 06/05	50%	20% / 5%	15%	10%	0%	0%	0%
07/01 - 06/04	55%	20% / 0%	15%	10%	0%	0%	0%

17 Investment Grade Debt: FTSE USBIG Bond Index (2003-2021). Tax-Exempt Debt: Bloomberg Barclays Municipal 7 Year Index (2003-2021). Public Equity: 3/4 MSCI ACWI IMI + 1/4 MSCI USA IMI Index (2020 -2021), 3 S&P Global 1200 + 3 S&P 500 Index (2012-2019 and 2007-2010), ²/₃ S&P Global 1200 Ex-Iran + ¹/₃ S&P 500 Index (2011), ²/₃ MSCI ACWI + 1/3 MSCI US Index (2006). Domestic Equity: S&P 500 Index (2005), Russell 1000 Index (2003-2004). International Equity: MSCI ACWI ex-US Index (2005). Real Estate: weighted index (2006), MSCI US REIT Index (2014-2021 and 2005-2006), NCREIF Property Index +1.25% (2011-2013), NCREIF Property Index (2006-2010), REIT Benchmark (2003-2004). High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Estate): FTSE US High-Yield Market Index (2010-2021 and 2003-2006), FTSE US All BB-Rated Index (2007-2009). TIPS: FTSE US-ILSI (2003-2015). Cash/Commodities: FTSE US 3-Month Treasury Bill Index (2007-2021). Private Equity: S&P 500 (2014), S&P 500 +1.75% (2011-2013), S&P 500 +3.5% (2007-2010).

The Capital Markets Benchmark (policy) weightings for the Education Enhancement Trust Fund were as follows:

		Tax-						
	IG	Exempt	Public EQ &		HY		Cash/	
	Debt	Debt	Dom / Intl	RE	Debt	TIPS	Comm	PE
07/18-06/21	22%	8%	51%	10%	7%	0%	2%	0%
07/15 - 06/18	20%	10%	51%	10%	7%	0%	2%	0%
07/14 - 06/15	16%	10%	53%	10%	7%	2%	2%	0%
07/13 - 06/14	17%	11%	52%	6%	5%	5%	2%	2%
07/11-06/13	0%	30%	52%	6%	5%	3%	2%	2%
07/10 - 06/11	0%	35%	48%	5%	5%	3%	2%	2 %
07/09 - 06/10	0%	37%	48%	5%	5%	1%	2%	2%
07/08 - 06/09	3%	30%	48%	5%	5%	5%	2%	2%
07/07 - 06/08	8%	25%	48%	5%	5%	5%	2%	2%
07/06 - 06/07	3%	30%	48%	5%	5%	5%	2%	2%
07/05 - 06/06	3%	32%	40%	10%	10%	5%	0%	0%
07/04 - 06/05	7%	33%	24% / 6%	10%	10%	10%	0%	0%
07/02 - 06/04	10%	35%	25% / 0%	10%	10%	10%	0%	0%

18 Investment Grade Debt: FTSE USBIG Bond Index (2003-2021). Public Equity: ¾ MSCI ACWI IMI + ¼ MSCI USA IMI Index (2020-2021), ¾ S&P Global 1200 + ¼ S&P 500 Index (2012-2019 and 2007-2010), ¾ S&P Global 1200 Ex-Iran + ¼ S&P 500 Index (2011), ¾ MSCI ACWI + ¼ MSCI US Index (2006). Domestic Equity: S&P 500 Index (2005), Russell 1000 Index (2003-2004). International Equity: MSCI ACWI ex-US Index (2005). Real Estate: weighted index (2006), MSCI US REIT Index (2014-2021 and 2005-2006), NCREIF Property Index +1.25% (2011-2013), NCREIF Property Index (2006-2010), REIT Benchmark (2003-2004). High Yield Debt (Corporate & Real Estate): FTSE US High-Yield Market Index (2010-2021 and 2003-2006), FTSE US AII BB-Rated Index (2007-2009). TIPS: FTSE US-ILSI (2003-2015). Cash/ Commodities: FTSE US 3-Month Treasury Bill Index (2007-2021). Private Equity: S&P 500 (2014), S&P 500 +1.75% (2011-2013), S&P 500 +3.5% (2007-2010).

The Capital Markets Benchmark (policy) weightings for the Health Care Trust Fund were as follows:

	lG Debt	Public EQ & Dom / Intl	RE	HY Debt	TIPS	Cash/ Comm	PE
07/15-06/21	30%	51%	10%	7%	0%	2%	0%
07/14 - 06/15	26%	53%	10%	7%	2%	2%	0%
07/11-06/14	28%	52%	6%	5%	5%	2%	2%
07/06 - 06/11	33%	48%	5%	5%	5%	2%	2%
07/05 - 06/06	35%	40%	10%	10%	5%	0%	0%
07/04 - 06/05	40%	24% / 6%	10%	10%	10%	0%	0%
07/02 - 06/04	45%	25% / 0%	10%	10%	10%	0%	0%

19 The SDRS Combined Internal Equity Benchmark consists of the S&P Global 1200 Ex-Emerging Markets Index in fiscal years 2020-2021, 3/

Appendix/Endnotes

- S&P Global 1200 + $\frac{1}{3}$ S&P 500 Index in fiscal years 2012-2019 and 2005-2010; in fiscal year 2011 the $\frac{2}{3}$ S&P Global 1200 Ex-Iran + $\frac{1}{3}$ S&P 500 Index was used. Prior to fiscal year 2010, the benchmark consisted of the International Equity Benchmark (MSCI ACWI ex-US Index in fiscal years 2002-2004 and $\frac{3}{4}$ MSCI EAFE + $\frac{1}{4}$ MSCI EASEA Index in fiscal years 1993-2001) and the Domestic Equity Benchmark (Russell 1000 Index in fiscal years 1996-2004 and S&P 500 Index in fiscal years 1974-1995) weighted according to the beginning monthly portfolio weights, adjusted for cash transfers.
- 20 Russell 1000 Index in fiscal years 1996-2004 and S&P 500 Index in prior periods.
- 21 The Convertible Benchmark was calculated using the durationadjusted Bank of America Merrill Lynch Corporate Bond Indices for each rating category for the bond portion and the prime money market rate plus 100 basis points annually for the hedged equity option portion. It was based on the risk characteristics of the portfolio.
- 22 The Merger Benchmark was the implemented Merger index portfolio from January 1, 2011 - June 30, 2012, the Merger Custom Index from July 1, 2007 - December 31, 2010, and the 3-Month Treasury Bill Index return plus 4.25% annually in prior periods.
- 23 Asset growth is affected by contributions, withdrawals, management fees, and investment income.
- 24 Investment income includes realized and unrealized capital gain/loss income and receipted and accrued securities income.
- 25 The Real Estate Benchmark consists of the MSCI US REIT Index in fiscal years 2014-2021, NCREIF Property Index + 1.25% in fiscal years 2011-2013, NCREIF Property Index in fiscal years 2002-2010, and NCREIF Classic Property Index from December 1994 - June 2001.
- 26 The Private Equity Benchmark consists of the ³/₄ MSCI ACWI IMI + ¹/₄ MSCI USA IMI Index in fiscal years 2020-2021, ³/₃ MSCI ACWI + ¹/₃ MSCI US Index in fiscal years 2015-2019, S&P 500 Index in fiscal year 2014, S&P 500 Index + 1.75% in fiscal years 2011-2013, S&P 500 + 3.5% in fiscal years 2005-2010, Russell 1000 + 3.5% in fiscal years 2002-2004, and Russell 1000 + 5.0% in fiscal years 1999-2001.
- 27 The South Dakota Cement Plant Retirement Fund (CPRF) was consolidated into the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) on April 1, 2014, per SDCL 3-12C-1642. For fiscal years 1973-2013, CPRF assets are included with SDRS.
- 28 The South Dakota Cash Flow Fund assets as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 include the Coronavirus Relief Fund.
- 29 New fund with manager accruing fees and/or expenses but no capital called as of June 30, 2021.



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