## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One)

,	
■ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 O 1934	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
For the quarterly period ended	September 30, 2017
or	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 O 1934	OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
For the transition period fro	m to
Commission File Number	er: 001-36376
<b>2U, INC</b> (Exact name of registrant as spe	
Delaware	26-2335939
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
7900 Harkins Road,	2020
Lanham, MD (Address of principal executive offices)	<b>20706</b> (Zip Code)
(301) 892-435 (Registrant's telephone number,	
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed receding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file suast 90 days.   Yes  No	
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted or ubmitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) egistrant was required to submit and post such files).	
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated rowth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "sm f the Exchange Act.	
Large accelerated filer ⊠	Accelerated filer □
Non-accelerated filer □	Smaller reporting company □
	Emerging growth company □
f an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not evised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange	
ndicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b	o-2 of the Exchange Act). □ Yes ⊠ No
as of November 2, 2017, there were 52,222,343 shares of the registrant's common stock	x, par value \$0.001 per share, outstanding.

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#### SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and which are subject to substantial risks and uncertainties. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the words "may," "might," "will," "could," "would," "expect," "intend," "plan," "objective," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "project," "potential," "continue" and "ongoing," or the negative of these terms, or other comparable terminology intended to identify statements about the future. These statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from the information expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. Although we believe that we have a reasonable basis for each forward-looking statement contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we caution you that these statements are based on a combination of facts and factors currently known by us and our expectations of the future, about which we cannot be certain. Forward-looking statements include statements about:

- trends in the higher education market and the market for online education, and expectations for growth in those markets;
- the acceptance, adoption and growth of online learning by colleges and universities, faculty, students, employers, accreditors and state and federal licensing bodies;
- the potential benefits of our cloud-based software-as-a-service ("SaaS") technology and technology-enabled services to university clients and students;
- anticipated launch dates of our graduate programs and short courses;
- the predictability, visibility and recurring nature of our business model;
- our ability to acquire new university clients and expand our graduate programs and short courses with existing university clients;
- our ability to successfully integrate the operations of Get Educated International Proprietary Limited, or GetSmarter, achieve the expected benefits of
  the acquisition and manage, expand and grow the combined company;
- our ability to execute our growth strategy in the international, undergraduate and non-degree alternative markets;
- our ability to continue to acquire prospective students for our graduate programs and short courses;
- our ability to affect or increase student retention in our graduate programs;
- our growth strategy;
- the scalability of our cloud-based SaaS technology;
- our expected expenses in future periods and their relationship to revenue;
- potential changes in regulations applicable to us or our university clients; and
- the amount of time that we expect our cash balances and other available financial resources to be sufficient to fund our operations.

You should refer to the risks described in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 for a discussion of important factors that may cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by our forward-looking statements. As a result of these factors, we cannot assure you that the forward-looking statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q will prove to be accurate. Furthermore, if our forward-looking statements prove to be inaccurate, the inaccuracy may be material. In light of the significant uncertainties in these forward-looking statements, you should not regard these statements as a representation or warranty by us or any other person that we will achieve our objectives and plans in any specified timeframe, or at all. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

You should read this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q completely and with the understanding that our actual future results may be materially different from what we expect. We qualify all of our forward-looking statements by these cautionary statements.

#### PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Financial Statements

2U, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Se	ptember 30, 2017	D	ecember 31, 2016
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	202,434	\$	168,730
Accounts receivable, net		42,332		7,860
Prepaid expenses and other assets		12,950		8,108
Total current assets		257,716		184,698
Property and equipment, net		45,025		15,596
Goodwill		67,600		_
Amortizable intangible assets, net		84,795		34,131
Prepaid expenses and other assets, non-current		21,214		9,895
Total assets	\$	476,350	\$	244,320
Liabilities and stockholders' equity				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	32,496	\$	14,724
Accrued compensation and related benefits		15,031		16,491
Deferred revenue		16,628		3,137
Other current liabilities		9,795		6,717
Total current liabilities		73,950		41,069
Non-current lease-related liabilities		17,626		7,620
Deferred government grant obligations		3,500		_
Deferred tax liabilities, net		9,602		_
Other non-current liabilities		2,160		394
Total liabilities		106,838		49,083
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		,		
Stockholders' equity				
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued		_		_
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized, 52,136,056 shares issued and outstanding as				
of September 30, 2017; 47,151,635 shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2016		52		47
Additional paid-in capital		579,422		371,455
Accumulated deficit		(206,345)		(176,265)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,617)		<u> </u>
Total stockholders' equity		369,512		195,237
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	476,350	\$	244,320

2U, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss (unaudited, in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Three Mon Septem			Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2017		2016	2017		2016		
Revenue	\$ 70,250	\$	51,960	\$ 200,074	\$	148,514		
Costs and expenses								
Curriculum and teaching	1,792		_	1,792		_		
Servicing and support	12,939		10,351	37,322		30,123		
Technology and content development	12,735		8,670	33,080		24,787		
Marketing and sales	41,311		28,165	113,223		79,304		
General and administrative	17,227		11,569	44,821		32,960		
Total costs and expenses	86,004	-	58,755	230,238		167,174		
Loss from operations	(15,754)		(6,795)	(30,164)		(18,660)		
Interest income	18		37	267		220		
Interest expense	(36)		_	(37)		(35)		
Other income (expense), net	59		_	(972)		_		
Loss before income taxes	 (15,713)		(6,758)	(30,906)		(18,475)		
Income tax benefit	974		_	974		_		
Net loss	\$ (14,739)	\$	(6,758)	\$ (29,932)	\$	(18,475)		
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$ (0.30)	\$	(0.14)	\$ (0.62)	\$	(0.40)		
Weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding, basic								
and diluted	 48,961,914		46,903,628	 47,962,201		46,453,480		
Other comprehensive loss								
Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax of \$0 for all								
periods presented	(3,617)		_	(3,617)		_		
Comprehensive loss	\$ (18,356)	\$	(6,758)	\$ (33,549)	\$	(18,475)		

2U, Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
(unaudited, in thousands, except share amounts)

	Common Stock Shares Amount		Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Stockholders' Equity
Balance, December 31, 2016	47,151,635	\$ 47	\$ 371,455	\$ (176,265)	\$	\$ 195,237
Cumulative-effect of accounting change (Note 2)	_	_	148	(148)	_	_
Balance, December 31, 2016, adjusted	47,151,635	47	371,603	(176,413)		195,237
Exercise of stock options	485,146	_	4,118	_	_	4,118
Issuance of common stock in connection with settlement of restricted stock units, net of						
withholdings	451,775	1	(1,310)	_	_	(1,309)
Issuance of common stock, net of issuance costs	4,047,500	4	189,474	_	_	189,478
Stock-based compensation expense	_	_	15,537	_	_	15,537
Net loss		_		(29,932)	_	(29,932)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	_	_	_	_	(3,617)	(3,617)
Balance, September 30, 2017	52,136,056	\$ 52	\$ 579,422	\$ (206,345)	\$ (3,617)	\$ 369,512

#### 2U, Inc. Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited, in thousands)

		Nine Mont Septem			
		2017		2016	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss	\$	(29,932)	\$	(18,475)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:					
Depreciation and amortization		13,318		7,060	
Stock-based compensation expense		15,537		11,593	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:					
Increase in accounts receivable, net		(33,915)		(19,999)	
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets		(1,638)		(316)	
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		6,101		2,810	
(Decrease) increase in accrued compensation and related benefits		(1,447)		386	
Increase in deferred revenue		11,723		421	
(Increase) decrease in payments to university clients		(12,146)		1,320	
Increase in other liabilities, net		5,349		778	
Other		971		_	
Net cash used in operating activities		(26,079)		(14,422)	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Purchase of a business, net of cash acquired		(97,102)		_	
Purchases of property and equipment		(20,924)		(3,665)	
Additions of amortizable intangible assets		(16,383)		(12,493)	
Net cash used in investing activities	·	(134,409)		(16,158)	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of offering costs		189,917		_	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		4,118		4,324	
Proceeds from debt		4,033		_	
Payments on debt		(1,517)		_	
Tax withholding payments associated with settlement of restricted stock units		(1,310)		(378)	
Other		_		(168)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		195,241		3,778	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(1,049)		_	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		33,704		(26,802)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		168,730		183,729	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	202,434	\$	156,927	

### 2U, Inc. Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)

#### 1. Organization, Basis of Presentation and Recent Accounting Pronouncements

2U, Inc. (the "Company") provides an integrated solution comprised of cloud-based software-as-a-service ("SaaS"), fused with technology-enabled services (together, the "Platform"), that allows leading colleges and universities to deliver high-quality digital graduate programs and short courses, extending the universities' reach and distinguishing their brands. The Company's SaaS technology consists of (i) a comprehensive learning environment, which acts as the hub for all student and faculty academic and social interaction, and (ii) a comprehensive suite of integrated applications, which the Company uses to launch, operate and support the graduate programs it enables. The Company also provides a suite of technology-enabled services optimized with data analysis and machine learning techniques that support the complete lifecycle of a higher education program, including attracting students, advising prospective students through the admissions application process, providing technical, success coaching and other support, facilitating accessibility to individuals with disabilities, and facilitating in-program field placements.

On July 1, 2017, the Company completed its acquisition of all of the outstanding equity interests of Get Educated International Proprietary Limited ("GetSmarter"), a leader in collaborating with universities to offer premium online short courses to working professionals. The acquisition will enable the Company to expand its total addressable market by offering short course certificates to students not seeking a full graduate degree and to provide a better product-market fit for international audiences. As a result of the acquisition of GetSmarter, the Company now manages its operations in two operating segments: the Graduate Program Segment and the Short Course Segment. See Note 3 for further information on the GetSmarter acquisition.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with: (i) generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information; (ii) the instructions to Form 10-Q; and (iii) the guidance of Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for financial statements required to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). They include the assets, liabilities, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, including its wholly owned subsidiaries. As permitted under such rules, certain notes and other financial information normally required by GAAP have been condensed or omitted. The Company believes the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the Company's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows as of and for the periods presented herein. The Company's results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 may not be indicative of the Company's future results. These condensed consolidated financial statements are unaudited and should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The year-end condensed consolidated balance sheet data was derived from the audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP.

#### Reclassifications

The Company has reclassified capitalized technology and content development, as well as other amortizable intangible assets, into amortizable intangible assets, net on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. In addition, certain other prior period amounts in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and condensed consolidated statements of cash flows have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation. These reclassifications had no impact on total assets, total liabilities, total operating activities or total investing activities previously reported for any periods presented.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported herein. The Company bases its estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on various other factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. Due to the inherent uncertainty involved in making estimates, actual results reported in future periods may be affected by changes in those estimates. The Company evaluates its estimates and assumptions on an ongoing basis.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2017-04, *Intangibles — Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment*, which eliminates step two from the goodwill impairment test and requires an entity to recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, up to the amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. The amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, with early adoption permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact that this standard will have on its consolidated financial position or related disclosures.

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, *Business Combinations (Topic 805): Clarifying the Definition of a Business*, which revises the definition of a business and provides new guidance in evaluating when a set of transferred assets and activities is a business. The amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted. The Company early adopted this ASU in the third quarter of 2017, in connection with the acquisition of GetSmarter.

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Restricted Cash, a consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force. The ASU requires companies to explain the changes in the combined total of restricted and unrestricted cash balances in the statement of cash flows. The amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted. Adoption of the ASU is retrospective to each prior period presented. The Company early adopted this ASU in the second quarter of 2017. Adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the presentation of prior periods.

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-15, Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments. The ASU addresses eight specific cash flow issues with the objective of reducing the existing diversity in practice surrounding how certain transactions are classified in the statement of cash flows. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that this standard will have on its consolidated statements of cash flows and related disclosures.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-09, Compensation —Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. The ASU simplifies various aspects related to the accounting and presentation of share-based payments. The guidance also allows employers to withhold shares to satisfy minimum statutory withholding requirements up to the employees' maximum individual tax rate without causing the award to be classified as a liability. Additionally, the guidance stipulates that cash paid by an employer to a taxing authority when directly withholding shares for tax withholding purposes should be classified as a financing activity on the statement of cash flows, and allows companies to elect an accounting policy to either estimate the share-based award forfeitures (and expense) or account for forfeitures (and expense) as they occur. The amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company adopted this ASU on January 1, 2017. In connection with the adoption of this standard, the Company elected to no longer apply an estimated forfeiture rate and will instead account for forfeitures as they occur. Accordingly, the Company applied the modified retrospective adoption approach, which resulted in a \$0.1 million cumulative-effect reduction to retained earnings with an offset to additional paid-incapital.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The ASU introduces a model for lessees requiring most leases to be reported on the balance sheet. Lessor accounting remains substantially similar to current U.S. GAAP. The amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is currently evaluating the effect that this ASU will have on its consolidated financial position and related disclosures, and believes that this standard may materially increase its other non-current assets and non-current liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets in order to record right-of-use assets and related liabilities for its existing operating leases.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements — Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern*. The ASU requires that an entity's management evaluate whether there are conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are issued. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual reporting periods ending after December 15, 2016. The Company adopted this ASU on January 1, 2017. Adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial reporting process.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The ASU will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective. In July 2015, the FASB deferred the mandatory effective date of this ASU by one year from January 1, 2017 to January 1, 2018. Early application is permitted, but not prior to the original effective date of January 1, 2017. Subsequently, the FASB has issued the following standards related to ASU No. 2014-09: ASU No. 2016-08, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations; ASU No. 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients; and ASU

No. 2016-20, *Technical Corrections and Improvements to Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The Company must adopt ASU No. 2016-08, ASU No. 2016-10, ASU No. 2016-12 and ASU No. 2016-20 with ASU No. 2014-09 (collectively, the "new revenue standard"). The new revenue standard may be applied retrospectively to each prior period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognized as of the date of adoption. While we are still in the process of finalizing our assessment, primarily related to costs associated with revenue and revenue related to the Company's Short Course Segment (established in July 2017 in connection with the Company's acquisition of GetSmarter), the Company has concluded that the impact of the new revenue standard related to its Graduate Program Segment will not have a material impact on the amount and timing of revenue recognized. The Company will adopt the new revenue standard on January 1, 2018 and will determine the method of adoption in part based on the Company's completion of its overall assessment.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Business Combinations**

The purchase price of an acquisition is allocated to the assets acquired, including intangible assets, and liabilities assumed, based on their respective fair values at the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. The excess of the cost of an acquired entity of the net of the amounts assigned to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed is recognized as goodwill. The net assets and results of operations of an acquired entity are included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements from the acquisition date.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is the excess of purchase price over the fair value of identified net assets of the business acquired. The Company reviews goodwill at least annually, as of October 1, for possible impairment. Goodwill is reviewed for possible impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the reporting unit below its carrying value. The Company tests its goodwill at the reporting unit level, which is an operating segment or one level below an operating segment. The Company initially assesses qualitative factors to determine if it is necessary to perform the two-step goodwill impairment review. The Company will review its goodwill for impairment using the two-step process if it decides to bypass the qualitative assessment or determines that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value based on its qualitative assessment. Upon the completion of the two-step process, the Company may be required to recognize an impairment based on the difference between the carrying value and the fair value of the goodwill recorded.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. All of the Company's cash is held at financial institutions that management believes to be of high credit quality. The Company's bank accounts exceed federally insured limits at times. The Company has not experienced any losses on cash to date. To manage accounts receivable risk, the Company maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts, if needed.

During the third quarter of 2017, four university clients each accounted for 10% or more of the Graduate Program Segment's revenue, as follows: \$19.6 million, \$10.8 million, \$7.2 million and \$7.1 million, which equals 28%, 15%, 10% and 10% of the segment's total revenue, respectively. During the third quarter of 2016, three university clients each accounted for 10% or more of the Graduate Program Segment's revenue, as follows: \$18.4 million, \$8.7 million and \$5.5 million, which equals 35%, 17% and 11% of the segment's total revenue, respectively.

During the first nine months of 2017, four university clients each accounted for 10% or more of the Graduate Program Segment's revenue, as follows: \$58.4 million, \$34.6 million, \$21.0 million and \$20.3 million, which equals 30%, 17%, 11% and 10% of the segment's total revenue, respectively. During the first nine months of 2016, three university clients each accounted for 10% or more of the Graduate Program Segment's revenue, as follows: \$53.9 million, \$25.5 million and \$15.8 million, which equals 36%, 17% and 11% of the segment's total revenue, respectively.

As of September 30, 2017, three university clients each accounted for 10% or more of the Graduate Program Segment's accounts receivable balance, as follows: \$14.4 million, \$6.7 million and \$6.4 million, which equals 34%, 16% and 15% of the segment's total accounts receivable, respectively. As of December 31, 2016, two university clients each accounted for 10% or more of the Graduate Program Segment's accounts receivable balance, as follows: \$5.8 million and \$1.4 million, which equals 74% and 17% of the segment's total accounts receivable, respectively.

During the third quarter and first nine months of 2017, Short Course Segment revenue associated with two university clients each accounted for 10% or more of the segment's total revenue, as follows: \$2.4 million and \$1.1 million, which equals 56% and 26% of the segment's total revenue, respectively.

#### **Government Grants**

Government grants awarded to the Company in the form of forgivable loans are recorded as deferred government grant obligations within long-term liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets until all contingencies are resolved and the grant is determined to be realized.

#### Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes under the asset and liability method, which requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between the financial statements and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The effect of a change in tax rates on deferred tax assets and liabilities is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company records net deferred tax assets to the extent that it believes these assets will more likely than not be realized. In making such determination, the Company considers all available positive and negative evidence, including future reversals of existing taxable temporary differences, projected future taxable income, tax planning strategies and recent financial operations; this evaluation is made on an ongoing basis. In the event the Company was to determine that it was able to realize net deferred income tax assets in the future in excess of their net recorded amount, the Company would record an adjustment to the valuation allowance, which would reduce the provision for income taxes.

#### Revenue Recognition

Consistent with the Company's revenue recognition policy related to the Graduate Program Segment, revenue related to the Short Course Segment is recognized when all of the following conditions are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) rendering of services is complete, (iii) fees are fixed or determinable and (iv) collection of fees is reasonably assured. Please refer to Note 2 in the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Part II, Item 8 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2017, for the significant accounting policy on revenue recognition of the Graduate Program Segment.

With respect to the Company's Graduate Program Segment, the Company recognizes revenue based on its share of net program proceeds from its university clients. With respect to the Company's Short Course Segment, the Company derives its revenue from providing premium online short courses to working professionals. A portion of revenues is shared with the university clients, in the form of a royalty, for providing the content and certifying the course. The Company has determined that it is the principal in this arrangement as the Company is the entity that has promised to provide the short course to the student. Therefore, revenues for the Short Course Segment reflect gross proceeds from students and the university client royalty amounts are recorded as an expense within curriculum and teaching on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

#### Foreign Currency Translation

For the portion of the Company's non-U.S. business where the local currency is the functional currency, operating results are translated into U.S. dollars using the average rate of exchange for the period, and assets and liabilities are converted at the closing rates on the period end date. Gains and losses on translation of these accounts are accumulated and reported as a separate component of stockholder's equity and comprehensive loss.

For any transaction that is in a currency different from the entity's functional currency, the Company records a gain or loss based on the difference between the exchange rate at the transaction date and the exchange rate at the transaction settlement date (or rate at period end, if unsettled) as other income (expense), net in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

#### Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities

During the first nine months of 2017, the Company had new capital asset additions of \$49.6 million, which was comprised of \$25.0 million of leasehold improvements, \$17.0 million in capitalized technology and content development and \$7.6 million of other property and equipment. The \$49.6 million increase consisted of \$37.3 million in cash capital expenditures, with the remainder primarily comprised of landlord funded leasehold improvements.

During the first nine months of 2016, the Company had new capital asset additions of \$18.4 million, which was primarily comprised of \$4.4 million of leasehold improvements and \$13.0 million in capitalized technology and content development. The \$18.4 million increase consisted of \$16.2 million in cash capital expenditures, with the remainder primarily comprised of landlord funded leasehold improvements.

#### 3. Business Combination

On July 1, 2017, the Company, through a wholly owned subsidiary ("2U South Africa"), completed its acquisition of all of the outstanding equity interests of GetSmarter pursuant to a Share Sale Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2017 (the "Share Sale Agreement"), as amended by an addendum, dated as of June 29, 2017, for a net purchase price of \$98.7 million in cash. In addition, 2U South Africa agreed to pay a potential earn out payment of up to \$20.0 million, subject to the achievement of certain financial milestones in calendar years 2017 and 2018. Under the terms of the Share Sale Agreement, the Company has issued restricted stock units for shares of its common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, to certain employees and officers of GetSmarter. These awards are subject to the 2014 2U, Inc. Equity Incentive Plan and will vest over either a two or four-year period. As a result of the transaction, GetSmarter became an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The net assets and results of operations of GetSmarter are included in the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements and in the newly established Short Course Segment as of July 1, 2017.

The Company has completed its provisional valuation of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed of GetSmarter. The fair values assigned to the intangible assets acquired were based on preliminary estimates, assumptions, and other information compiled by management. The following table summarizes the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the date of the acquisition:

	Estimated Average Useful Life (in years)	hase Price location
	eserai Elie (in Jears)	 housands)
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 1,584
Current assets		3,568
Property and equipment, net		479
Amortizable intangible assets:		
Capitalized technology	3	3,000
Capitalized content development	4	7,700
University client relationships	9	25,000
Trade names and domain names	10	9,100
Goodwill*		70,147
Current liabilities		(9,110)
Non-current liabilities**		(12,782)
		\$ 98,686

<sup>\*</sup> During the third quarter of 2017, the provisional goodwill balance changed as a result of a currency translation adjustment of approximately \$2.6 million.

The Company's provisional valuation of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed is preliminary and the fair values recorded were based upon provisional valuations and estimates and assumptions used in such valuations are subject to change, which could be significant, within the measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date). As of September 30, 2017, the Company is awaiting information to finalize the valuation, primarily related to the recording of intangible assets, contingent consideration, the related deferred taxes and the final amount of residual goodwill.

The goodwill balance is primarily attributed to the assembled workforce, expanded market opportunities and cost and other operating synergies anticipated upon the integration of the operations of 2U and GetSmarter. The goodwill resulting from the acquisition is not expected to be tax deductible.

The unaudited pro forma combined financial information below is presented for illustrative purposes and does not purport to represent what the results of operations would actually have been if the business combination occurred as of the dates indicated or what the results would be for any future periods. The following table presents the Company's unaudited pro forma combined revenue and pro forma combined net loss, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 as if the acquisition of GetSmarter had occurred on January 1, 2016:

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Mont Septem	
		2017		2016	2017		2016
	<u></u>			(in thou	sands)		
Pro forma revenue	\$	70,250	\$	58,703	\$	207,768	\$ 160,508
Pro forma net loss		(14,739)		(7,386)		(34,306)	(24,535)
Pro forma net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$	(0.30)	\$	(0.16)	\$	(0.72)	\$ (0.53)

<sup>\*\*</sup> Included in non-current liabilities is contingent consideration in the amount of \$1.9 million.

#### 4. Amortizable Intangible Assets

Amortizable intangible assets consisted of the following as of:

		_		mber 30, 2017		Dec	cember 31, 2016					
	Estimated Average Useful Life (in years)	. <u>-</u>	Gross Carrying Amount		Accumulated Amortization (in thousands)		Net arrying amount	ying Carrying		Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount
Capitalized technology	3	\$	26,678	\$	(10,457)	\$	16,221	\$	17,100	\$	(7,822)	\$ 9,278
Capitalized content development	4		54,365		(19,913)		34,452		37,956		(15,367)	22,589
University client relationships	9		24,162		(671)		23,491		_		_	_
Trade names and domain names	10		11,555		(924)		10,631		2,761		(497)	2,264
Total amortizable intangible assets,							_					
net		\$	116,760	\$	(31,965)	\$	84,795	\$	57,817	\$	(23,686)	\$34,131

Included in the amounts presented above are \$10.5 million and \$8.7 million of in process capitalized technology and content development as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

The Company recorded amortization expense related to amortizable intangible assets of \$3.6 million and \$2.1 million for the third quarter of 2017 and 2016, respectively. The Company recorded amortization expense related to amortizable intangible assets of \$8.7 million and \$5.7 million for the first nine months of 2017 and 2016, respectively.

As of September 30, 2017, the estimated future amortization expense for amortizable intangible assets placed in service is as follows (in thousands):

Remainder of 2017	\$ 4,538
2018	18,215
2019	16,248
2020	10,040
2021	6,666
Thereafter	18,566
Total	\$ 74,273

#### 5. Accrued Expenses

As of September 30, 2017, accrued expenses included \$12.5 million in marketing costs and \$5.6 million in facility costs for both operational expenses and improvements. As of December 31, 2016, accrued expenses included \$5.6 million of marketing costs.

#### 6. Commitments and Contingencies

#### Legal Contingencies

From time to time, the Company may become involved in legal proceedings or other contingencies in the ordinary course of its business. The Company is not presently involved in any legal proceeding or other contingency that, if determined adversely to it, would individually or in the aggregate have a material adverse effect on its business, operating results, financial condition or cash flows. Accordingly, the Company does not believe that there is a reasonable possibility that a material loss exceeding amounts already recognized may have been incurred as of the date of the balance sheets presented herein.

#### **Operating Leases**

In February 2017, the Company signed a lease for new office space in Brooklyn, New York, which is expected to be occupied beginning in 2018. The lease covers three floors totaling approximately 80,000 square feet, requires total future minimum lease payments of approximately \$51.8 million and will expire approximately eleven years and nine months after the July 1, 2017 lease commencement date. Related to this lease, the Company could be eligible for certain state and local incentives that are dependent on construction build, employment levels, the Company's taxable income and other factors. The Company is in the process of applying for such eligibility, but is not currently able to assess the potential benefit these incentives may yield over the lease term.

#### 7. Debt

#### Lines of Credit

In June 2017, the Company and Comerica amended its credit agreement for a \$25.0 million revolving line of credit pursuant to which, among other things, Comerica consented to the Company's acquisition of GetSmarter and the Company's formation of certain subsidiaries in connection therewith, and the parties extended the maturity date through July 31, 2017. In the third quarter of 2017, the Company further amended its credit agreement to extend the maturity date through December 31, 2017. No amounts were outstanding under this credit agreement as of September 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016. The Company intends to extend this agreement under comparable terms, prior to expiration.

Certain of the Company's operating lease agreements entered into prior to September 30, 2017 require security deposits in the form of cash or an unconditional, irrevocable letter of credit. As of September 30, 2017, the Company has entered into standby letters of credit totaling \$11.5 million as security deposits for the applicable leased facilities. Additionally, in June 2017, the Company entered into standby letters of credit totaling \$3.5 million in connection with two government grants, as described later in this Note. These letters of credit reduced the aggregate amount the Company may borrow under its revolving line of credit to \$10.0 million.

The Company's Short Course Segment has \$1.9 million of revolving debt facilities. All of the facilities mature on December 31, 2017 with payment due on January 1, 2018. As of September 30, 2017, no significant amounts were outstanding under these facilities and the interest rate was 10.25%.

#### **Government Grants**

On June 22, 2017, the Company executed a conditional loan agreement and received financing from Prince George's County, Maryland that provides for a grant in the form of a forgivable loan of \$1.5 million. The financing was secured by a letter of credit pursuant to the Company's line of credit with Comerica Bank. The conditional loan obligation is recorded as "Deferred government grant obligations" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The proceeds from this loan are to be used in connection with the relocation of 2U's headquarters, leasehold improvements thereto and other purposes. The loan has a maturity date of June 22, 2027, and bears interest at a rate of 3% per annum. If 2U does not employ at least 650 employees at its Lanham headquarters at any time during the term of the loan period or otherwise defaults on the loan, the entire principal balance, plus accrued interest, will become due and payable. If 2U does not employ at least 1,300 employees at its Lanham headquarters by January 1, 2020, the Company will be required to repay a prorated portion of the loan (\$2,252 per employee, for every employee below 1,300), plus interest. During the third quarter and first nine months of 2017, the Company did not incur a material amount of interest expense on this forgivable loan.

On June 27, 2017, 2U Harkins Road LLC (a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) executed a loan agreement and received financing from the Department of Commerce (a principal department of the State of Maryland) that provides for a grant in the form of a forgivable loan of \$2.0 million. The financing was secured by a letter of credit pursuant to the Company's line of credit with Comerica Bank. The conditional loan obligation is recorded as "Deferred government grant obligations" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The proceeds from this loan are to be used in connection with the relocation of 2U's headquarters, leasehold improvements thereto and other purposes. The loan has a maturity date of December 31, 2026, and bears interest at a rate of 3% per annum. If 2U does not employ at least 650 employees at its Lanham headquarters at any time during the term of the loan period or otherwise defaults on the loan, the entire principal balance, plus accrued interest, will become due and payable. If 2U does not employ at least 1,600 employees at its Lanham headquarters by December 31, 2020, and at each December 31 st thereafter through 2026, the Company will be required to repay a prorated portion of the loan (\$2,105 per employee, for every employee below 1,600), plus interest. During the third quarter and first nine months of 2017, the Company did not incur a material amount of interest expense on this forgivable loan.

#### 8. Income Taxes

During the third quarter and first nine months of 2017, the Company recognized a \$1.0 million tax benefit. The tax benefit primarily relates to the amortization of intangible assets established in connection with the GetSmarter acquisition and losses generated from the acquired operations. To date, the Company has not been required to pay U.S. federal income taxes because of its current and accumulated net operating losses.

#### 9. Stockholders' Equity

On September 7, 2017, the Company sold 4,047,500 shares of its common stock to the public, including 547,500 shares sold pursuant to the underwriters' overallotment option. The Company received net proceeds of \$189.5 million, which the Company intends to use for general corporate purposes, including expenditures for graduate program and short course marketing, technology and content development, in connection with new graduate program and short course launches and growing existing graduate programs and short courses.

As of September 30, 2017, the Company was authorized to issue 205,000,000 total shares of capital stock, consisting of 200,000,000 shares of common stock and 5,000,000 shares of preferred stock. At September 30, 2017, the Company had reserved a total of 10,757,992 of its authorized shares of common stock for future issuance as follows:

Outstanding stock options	4,912,509
Possible future issuance under 2014 Equity Incentive Plan	4,410,303
Outstanding restricted stock units	1,435,180
Total shares of common stock reserved for future issuance	10,757,992

The Compensation Committee of the Company's board of directors, acting under authority delegated from the board of directors, granted in October 2017 option awards to employees to purchase an aggregate of 32,356 shares of common stock at a weighted-average exercise price of \$56.77 and restricted stock unit awards for an aggregate of 20,126 shares of common stock, in each case under the 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (as defined in Note 10 below).

#### 10. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company provides equity-based compensation awards to employees, independent contractors and directors as an effective means for attracting, retaining and motivating such individuals. The Company maintains two share-based compensation plans: the 2014 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2014 Plan") and the 2008 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2008 Plan"). Upon the effective date of the 2014 Plan in January 2014, the Company ceased using the 2008 Plan to grant new equity awards and began using the 2014 Plan for grants of new equity awards.

The number of shares of the Company's common stock that may be issued under the 2014 Plan will automatically increase on January 1st of each year, for a period of ten years, from January 1, 2015 continuing through January 1, 2024, by 5% of the total number of shares of the Company's common stock outstanding on December 31 st of the preceding calendar year, or a lesser number of shares as may be determined by the Company's board of directors. The shares available for issuance increased by 2,357,579 and 2,288,820 on January 1, 2017 and 2016, respectively, pursuant to the automatic share reserve increase provision under the 2014 Plan.

#### Stock-Based Compensation Expense

Stock-based compensation expense related to stock-based awards is included in the following line items in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		2017		2016	2017			2016	
				(in thou	sands)				
Curriculum and teaching	\$	2	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	2	\$	_	
Servicing and support		1,100		825		2,956		2,399	
Technology and content development		904		633		2,447		1,739	
Marketing and sales		463		360		1,235		973	
General and administrative		3,678		2,255		8,897		6,482	
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$	6,147	\$	4,073	\$	15,537	\$	11,593	

#### Employee Stock Purchase Plan

On June 5, 2017, 2U's stockholders voted upon and approved the Company's 2017 Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"). The ESPP provides for (i) multiple offering periods each year and (ii) that the purchase price for shares of 2U common stock purchased under the ESPP will not be less than 85% of the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the purchase date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Compensation Committee of the Company's Board of Directors may exercise its discretion, subject to certain conditions, to make changes to certain aspects of the ESPP including, but not limited to, the length of the offering periods and that the purchase price will be 85% of the lesser of the fair market value of 2U's common stock on the purchase date or the fair market value of 2U's common stock on the first day of the offering period. The first offering period is expected to begin on

January 1, 2018, and will end on June 30, 2018. Eligible employees will be able to select a rate of payroll deduction between 1% and 15% of their salary or wage compensation received from the Company as in effect at the start of the offering period, subject to a maximum payroll deduction per calendar year of \$25,000. The ESPP is intended to qualify as an employee stock purchase plan under Section 423 of the Internal Revenue Code. A maximum of 1,000,000 shares of 2U's common stock may be issued under the ESPP, subject to adjustments for certain capital transactions.

#### 11. Net Loss per Share

Diluted net loss per share is the same as basic net loss per share for all periods presented because the effects of potentially dilutive items were anti-dilutive, given the Company's net loss. The following securities have been excluded from the calculation of weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding because the effect is anti-dilutive for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

Thus, and Nine Months Ended

	Septemb	
	2017	2016
Stock options	4,912,509	4,943,556
Restricted stock units	1,435,180	1,411,878

Basic and diluted net loss per share is calculated as follows:

		Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	·	2017		2016		2017		2016	
Numerator (in thousands):									
Net loss	\$	(14,739)	\$	(6,758)	\$	(29,932)	\$	(18,475)	
Denominator:									
Weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding, basic									
and diluted		48,961,914		46,903,628		47,962,201		46,453,480	
Net loss per share, basic and diluted	\$	(0.30)	\$	(0.14)	\$	(0.62)	\$	(0.40)	

#### 12. Segment Information

As a result of the acquisition of GetSmarter on July 1, 2017, the Company's operations consist of two operating segments and two reportable segments: the Graduate Program Segment and the Short Course Segment. The Company's Graduate Program Segment provides services to well-recognized nonprofit colleges and universities primarily in the United States to enable the online delivery of graduate programs. The Company's Short Course Segment provides premium online short courses to working professionals. The reportable segments represent businesses for which separate financial information is utilized by the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of allocating resources and evaluating performance.

#### Segment Performance

The following table summarizes financial information regarding each reportable segment's results of operations for the periods presented:

Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2017		2016	2017			2016
			(in thou	sands)			
\$	65,924	\$	51,960	\$	195,748	\$	148,514
	4,326		_		4,326		_
\$	70,250	\$	51,960	\$	200,074	\$	148,514
						-	
\$	(718)	\$	(188)	\$	1,693	\$	(7)
	(3,002)		_		(3,002)		_
\$	(3,720)	\$	(188)	\$	(1,309)	\$	(7)
	\$ \$ \$	\$ 65,924 4,326 \$ 70,250 \$ (718) (3,002)	\$ 65,924 \$ 4,326 \$ 70,250 \$ \$ (718) \$ (3,002)	September 30,       2017       (in thousand the september 30,       \$     65,924     \$     \$ 1,960       4,326     —       \$     70,250     \$     \$ 51,960       \$     (718)     \$     (188)       (3,002)     —	September 30,       2016       (in thousands)       \$ 65,924 \$ 51,960 \$       4,326	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

<sup>\*</sup> The Company did not have any material intersegment revenues for any periods presented.

The following table reconciles net loss to adjusted EBITDA (loss):

	 Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	 2017		2016	2017			2016	
			(in thou	sands)				
Net loss	\$ (14,739)	\$	(6,758)	\$	(29,932)	\$	(18,475)	
Adjustments:								
Interest income	(18)		(37)		(267)		(220)	
Interest expense	36		_		37		35	
Foreign currency (gain) loss	(59)		_		972		_	
Depreciation and amortization expense	5,887		2,534		13,318		7,060	
Income tax benefit	(974)		_		(974)		_	
Stock-based compensation expense	6,147		4,073		15,537		11,593	
Total adjustments	 11,019		6,570		28,623		18,468	
Adjusted EBITDA (loss)*	\$ (3,720)	\$	(188)	\$	(1,309)	\$	(7)	

<sup>\*</sup> The Company evaluates segment performance based on adjusted EBITDA, that it defines as net income or net loss, as applicable, before net interest income (expense), taxes, depreciation and amortization, foreign currency gains or losses, acquisition-related gains or losses and stock-based compensation expense. Some or all of these items may not be applicable in any given reporting period.

The Company's total assets by segment are as follows:

	_	September 30, 2017	De	ecember 31, 2016
		(in tho		
Total assets				
Graduate Program Segment	\$	361,455	\$	244,320
Short Course Segment*		114,895		_
Total assets	\$	476,350	\$	244,320

<sup>\*</sup> Total goodwill recorded in connection with the acquisition of GetSmarter has been allocated to the Short Course Segment. The assessment of goodwill to reporting units for purposes of future assessments of goodwill impairment has not been completed as September 30, 2017.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Revenue excludes \$0.7 million which is related to an adjustment recorded as part of the provisional valuation of GetSmarter (see Note 3).

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes to those statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. Certain statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), as amended. The words or phrases "would be," "will allow," "intends to," "will likely result," "are expected to," "will continue," "is anticipated," "estimate," "project," or similar expressions, or the negative of such words or phrases, are intended to identify "forward-looking statements." We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events. Because such statements include risks and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Many factors could cause or contribute to these differences, including those discussed in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, and our other fillings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or "SEC." Statements made herein are as of the date of the filling of this Form 10-Q with the SEC and should not be relied upon as of any subsequent date. Unless otherwise required by applicable law, we do not undertake, and we specifically disclaim, any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect occurrences, developments, unanticipated events or circumstances after the date of such statement.

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and related notes that appear in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and with our audited consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2016, which are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2017.

#### Overview

#### **Our Business**

We are a leading provider of cloud-based software-as-a-service, or SaaS, technology and technology-enabled services that enable leading nonprofit colleges and universities to deliver their graduate programs at scale to students anywhere. Our SaaS technology consists of an innovative online learning environment, where our university clients deliver their high-quality educational content to students in a live, intimate and engaging setting. We also provide a comprehensive suite of integrated applications, including a content management system and a customer relationship management system, that serve as the back-end infrastructure of the graduate programs we enable. This technology is fused with technology-enabled services, including student acquisition services, content development services, student and faculty support, clinical placement services, and admissions applications advising services. This suite of technology tightly integrated with technology-enabled services, optimized with data analysis and machine learning techniques, provides a comprehensive set of capabilities that would otherwise require the purchase of multiple, disparate point solutions, and allows our graduate programs to expand and operate at scale, providing the comprehensive infrastructure colleges and universities need to attract, enroll, educate, support and graduate students.

#### **Recent Developments**

#### GetSmarter Acquisition

On July 1, 2017, through our wholly owned subsidiary ("2U South Africa"), we completed our acquisition of all of the outstanding equity interests of GetSmarter pursuant to a Share Sale Agreement, dated as of May 1, 2017 (the "Share Sale Agreement"), as amended by an Addendum, dated as of June 29, 2017, for a net purchase price of \$98.7 million in cash. In addition, 2U South Africa agreed to pay a potential earn out payment of up to \$20.0 million, subject to the achievement of certain financial milestones in calendar years 2017 and 2018. We will include the results of GetSmarter in our financial statements from the closing date forward. Refer to Note 3 in the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information regarding the GetSmarter acquisition.

GetSmarter powers engaging online short courses in collaboration with some of the world's most renowned higher education institutions, including three of the top universities in the United Kingdom — University of Cambridge, University of Oxford and London School of Economics, three of the top universities in the United States — Harvard University's strategic online learning initiative, HarvardX, Massachusetts Institute of Technology and University of Chicago, and three of Africa's top universities — University of Cape Town, University of the Witwatersrand and University of Stellenbosch Business School. GetSmarter's portfolio currently includes over 70 short courses and, since inception, GetSmarter has served more than 50,000 students from more than 140 countries with course completion rates that average 88%.

The GetSmarter acquisition will expand our product offering to short course certificiates and extend our reach to international audiences. We also believe that the GetSmarter acquisition will accelerate our growth as a result of GetSmarter's increased new university client acquisition activities during 2016 and 2017. As a result of the GetSmarter acquisition, we now manage our business in two operating segments: our Graduate Program Segment and our Short Course Segment.

September 2017 Public Offering

On September 11, 2017, we sold 4,047,500 shares of our common stock to the public, including 547,500 shares sold pursuant to the underwriters' over-allotment option. We received net proceeds of \$189.5 million, which we intend to use for general corporate purposes, including expenditures for graduate program and short course marketing, technology and content development, in connection with new graduate program and short course launches and growing existing graduate programs and short courses.

#### **Components of Operating Results and Results of Operations**

#### Third Quarter 2017 Highlights

- Revenue was \$70.3 million, an increase of 35.2% from \$52.0 million in the third quarter of 2016.
- Net loss was \$(14.7) million, or \$(0.30) per share, compared to \$(6.8) million or \$(0.14) per share, in the third quarter of 2016.
- Adjusted EBITDA loss was \$(3.7) million, compared to \$(0.2) million in the third quarter of 2016.

#### Revenue

Revenue for the third quarter of 2017 was \$70.3 million, an increase of 35.2%, from \$52.0 million for the same period of 2016. Graduate Program Segment revenue increased by 26.9%, primarily due to a 25.8% increase in full course equivalent enrollments. We also reported an incremental revenue increase of 8.3% related to our Short Course Segment.

Revenue for the first nine months of 2017 was \$200.1 million, an increase of 34.7%, from \$148.5 million for the same period of 2016. Graduate Program Segment revenue increased by 31.8%, primarily due to a 29.0% increase in full course equivalent enrollments. We also reported an incremental revenue increase of 2.9% related to our Short Course Segment.

#### Costs

Costs consist of curriculum and teaching, servicing and support, technology and content development, marketing and sales, and general and administrative. To support our anticipated growth, we expect to continue to hire new employees (which will increase both our cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs, including stock-based compensation), increase our promotion and student acquisition efforts, expand our technology infrastructure and increase our other support capabilities. As a result, we expect our costs to increase in absolute dollars, but to decrease as a percentage of revenue over time as we achieve economies of scale through the expansion of our business.

Non-cash stock-based compensation expense is a component of compensation cost within each of the five cost categories described above. In early 2014, the Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors approved a framework for granting equity awards under our 2014 Equity Incentive Plan. Under this framework, the majority of our equity awards are made on or around April 1 of each year and typically have four-year vesting periods.

Curriculum and teaching. Curriculum and teaching costs are associated with our Short Course Segment and consist primarily of costs related to royalties due to our university clients based on the revenue associated with short course offerings. It also includes costs to compensate short course tutors, as well as cash compensation costs to employees related to our support of this function. Curriculum and teaching costs for the third quarter and first nine months of 2017 were each \$1.8 million.

Servicing and support. Servicing and support costs consist primarily of cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs (including stock-based compensation) related to the management and operations of graduate programs and short courses. It also includes software licensing, telecommunications, technical support and other costs related to providing access to and support for our SaaS technology for our university clients and students. In addition, servicing and support includes costs to facilitate in-program field placements, student immersions and other student enrichment experiences, as well as costs to assist our university clients with their state compliance requirements.

Servicing and support costs for the third quarter of 2017 were \$12.9 million, an increase of 25.0%, from \$10.3 million for the same period of 2016. This was primarily due to a 18.6% increase in cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs within our Graduate Program Segment, as we increased our headcount by 15% to serve a growing number of students and faculty in existing and new graduate programs. The increase also included 3.3% of additional servicing and support costs associated with our Short Course Segment. The remainder of the increase related to other net costs to service and support our Graduate Program Segment.

Servicing and support costs for the first nine months of 2017 were \$37.3 million, an increase of 23.9%, from \$30.1 million for the same period of 2016. This was primarily due to a 16.8% increase in cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs within our Graduate Program Segment, as we increased our headcount by 16% to serve a growing number of students and faculty in existing and graduate programs. Additionally, 3.9% of the increase related to rent, other facilities costs and travel costs within our Graduate Program Segment. The increase also included 1.1% of additional servicing and support costs associated with our Short Course Segment. The remainder of the increase related to other net costs to service and support our Graduate Program Segment.

Technology and content development. Technology and content development costs consist primarily of cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs (including stock-based compensation) and outsourced services costs related to the ongoing improvement and maintenance of our SaaS technology, and the developed content for our graduate programs and short courses. It also includes the associated amortization expense related to capitalized technology and content development, as well as hosting and other costs associated with maintaining our SaaS technology in a cloud environment. Additionally, it includes the costs to support our internal infrastructure, including our cloud-based server usage.

Technology and content development costs for the third quarter of 2017 were \$12.7 million, an increase of 46.9%, from \$8.7 million for the same period of 2016. This was due in part to a 13.1% increase in cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs (net of amounts capitalized for technology and content development) within our Graduate Program Segment, as we increased our headcount by 24% to support the scaling of existing and launch of new graduate programs. Additionally, 15.1% of the increase related to higher amortization expense associated with capitalized technology and content development, as well as higher hosting and licensing costs, within our Graduate Program Segment due to the larger number of courses that have been developed and the continued maintenance of our SaaS technology in a cloud environment. The increase also included 18.1% of additional technology and content development costs associated with our Short Course Segment. The remainder of the increase related to other net costs to support and maintain our internal software applications in our Graduate Program Segment.

Technology and content development costs for the first nine months of 2017 were \$33.1 million, an increase of 33.4%, from \$24.8 million for the same period of 2016. This was due in part to a 11.1% increase in cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs (net of amounts capitalized for technology and content development) within our Graduate Program Segment, as we increased our headcount by 28% to support the scaling of existing and launch of new graduate programs. Additionally, 13.8% of the increase related to higher amortization expense associated with capitalized technology and content development, as well as higher hosting and licensing costs, within our Graduate Program Segment due to the larger number of courses that have been developed and the continued maintenance of our SaaS technology in a cloud environment. The increase also included 6.3% of additional technology and content development costs associated with our Short Course Segment. The remainder of the increase related to other net costs to support and maintain our internal software applications in our Graduate Program Segment.

Marketing and sales. Marketing and sales costs consist primarily of costs related to student acquisition. This includes the cost of online advertising and prospective student generation, as well as cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs (including stock-based compensation) for our graduate program and short course marketing, search engine optimization, marketing analytics and admissions application counseling personnel.

Marketing and sales costs for the third quarter of 2017 were \$41.3 million, an increase of 46.7%, from \$28.2 million for the same period of 2016. This was primarily due to a 18.4% increase in direct internet marketing costs to acquire students for our Graduate Program Segment. Additionally, 6.8% of the increase related to cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs, as we increased our headcount by 23% within our Graduate Program Segment to acquire students for, and drive revenue growth in existing and new graduate programs. The increase also included 15.2% of additional marketing and sales costs associated with our Short Course Segment. The remainder of the increase related to other net costs to support graduate program marketing efforts within our Graduate Program Segment.

Marketing and sales costs for the first nine months of 2017 were \$113.2 million, an increase of 42.8%, from \$79.3 million for the same period of 2016. This was primarily due to a 23.0% increase in direct internet marketing costs to acquire students for our Graduate Program Segment. Additionally, 8.6% of the increase related to cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs, as we increased our headcount by 24% within our Graduate Program Segment to acquire students for, and drive revenue growth in, existing and new graduate programs. The increase also included 5.4% of additional marketing and sales costs associated with our Short Course

Segment. The remainder of the increase related to other net costs to support our graduate program marketing efforts within our Graduate Program Segment.

General and administrative. General and administrative costs consist primarily of cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs (including stock-based compensation) for employees in our executive, administrative, finance and accounting, legal, communications and human resources functions. It also includes external legal, accounting and other professional fees, telecommunications charges and other corporate costs such as insurance and travel that are not related to another function.

General and administrative costs for the third quarter of 2017 were \$17.2 million, an increase of 48.9%, from \$11.6 million for the same period of 2016. This was primarily due to a 19.5% increase in cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs within our Graduate Program Segment, as we increased our headcount by 15% to support our growing business. Additionally, 8.8% of the increase related to higher consulting and other professional services within our Graduate Program Segment primarily driven by additional recurring and non-recurring costs associated with the acquisition of GetSmarter, partially offset by reductions in year-over-year costs after the integration of our enterprise resource planning system which was completed in the second quarter of 2017. The increase also included 14.0% of additional general and administrative costs associated with our Short Course Segment. The remainder of the increase related to other net costs to support growth within our Graduate Program Segment.

General and administrative costs for the first nine months of 2017 were \$44.8 million, an increase of 36.0%, from \$33.0 million for the same period of 2016. This was primarily due to a 14.6% increase in cash and non-cash compensation and benefit costs within our Graduate Program Segment, as we increased our headcount by 17% to support our growing business, and a 4.0% combined increase in rent, other facilities costs and travel costs within our Graduate Program Segment. Additionally, 7.0% of the increase related to higher consulting and other professional services within our Graduate Program Segment primarily driven by additional recurring and non-recurring costs associated with the acquisition of GetSmarter and partially offset by reductions in year-over-year costs after the integration of our enterprise resource planning system which was completed in the second quarter of 2017. The increase also included 4.9% of additional general and administrative costs associated with our Short Course Segment. The remainder of the increase related to other net costs to support growth within our Graduate Program Segment.

#### Net Interest Income (Expense)

Interest income is derived from interest received on our cash and cash equivalents. Interest expense consists primarily of the amortization of deferred financing costs associated with our line of credit. Net interest income (expense) reflects the aggregation of interest income and interest expense. In the third quarter of 2017, we incurred net interest expense of \$18,000, compared to net interest income of \$37,000 in the same period of 2016. In the first nine months of 2017, we earned interest income of \$230,000, an increase of 24.1%, from \$185,000 for the same period of 2016.

#### Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income (expense), net, primarily consists of foreign currency gains and losses. In the third quarter of 2017, we earned other income, net, of \$59,000, compared to no activity in the same period of 2016. In the first nine months of 2017, we incurred other expense, net, of \$972,000 primarly due to foreign currency rate fluctuations associated with the acquisition and operations of our Short Course Segment, compared to no activity in the same period of 2016.

#### Income Tax Benefit

During the third quarter and first nine months of 2017, we recognized a \$1.0 million tax benefit. The tax benefit primarily relates to the amortization of intangible assets established in connection with the GetSmarter acquisition and losses generated from the acquired operations. To date, we have not been required to pay U.S. federal income taxes because of our current and accumulated net operating losses. Our tax rate will fluctuate from period to period due to changes in the mix of earnings between countries and the need to record valuation allowances against our subsidiaries' earnings.

#### Consolidated Statements of Operations as a Percentage of Revenue

The following table sets forth selected consolidated statements of operations data as a percentage of revenue for each of the periods indicated.

	Three Months E September 3		Nine Months En September 30	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Revenue	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Costs and expenses				
Curriculum and teaching	2.6	_	0.9	_
Servicing and support	18.4	19.9	18.7	20.3
Technology and content development	18.1	16.7	16.5	16.7
Marketing and sales	58.8	54.2	56.6	53.4
General and administrative	24.5	22.3	22.4	22.2
Total costs and expenses	122.4	113.1	115.1	112.6
Loss from operations	(22.4)	(13.1)	(15.1)	(12.6)
Other income (expense):		·		
Interest income	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2
Interest expense	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other income (expense), net	0.0	_	(0.5)	_
Total other income (expense)	0.0	0.1	(0.4)	0.2
Loss before income taxes	(22.4)	(13.0)	(15.5)	(12.4)
Income tax benefit	1.4	`	0.5	
Net loss	(21.0)%	(13.0)%	(15.0)%	(12.4)%

#### **Key Business and Financial Performance Metrics**

We use a number of key metrics to evaluate our business, measure our performance, identify trends affecting our business, formulate financial projections and make strategic decisions. In addition to adjusted EBITDA, which we discuss below and revenue and the components of loss from operations in the section above entitled "—Components of Operating Results and Results of Operations", we utilize full course equivalent enrollments as a key metric to evaluate the success of our growth strategy.

#### Platform Revenue Retention Rate

Beginning with this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we have ceased using platform revenue retention rate to evaluate the success of our growth strategy. In our Graduate Program Segment, we operate under long-term contracts, and since inception, have not lost a contract for an operating program or had material period over period revenue declines in the programs we operate under these contracts. We have also extended seven of our first 11 contracts prior to expiration and have no contracts that are scheduled to expire prior to 2021. Given these facts, we have determined that platform revenue retention rate currently provides little to no value in evaluating our business and is not expected to provide value in the future.

#### Full Course Equivalent Enrollments

We measure full course equivalent enrollments for each of the courses offered during a particular period, the number of students enrolled in that course multiplied by the percentage of the course completed during that period. We use this metric to account for the fact that many courses we enable straddle two or more fiscal quarters. For example, if a course had 25 enrolled students and 40% of the course was completed during a particular period, we would count the course as having 10 full course equivalent enrollments for that period. Any individual student may be enrolled in more than one course during a period.

Average revenue per full course equivalent enrollment represents our weighted-average revenue per course across the mix of courses being offered during a period within each of our operating segments. This number is derived by dividing the total revenue for a period for each of our operating segments by the number of full course equivalent enrollments within the applicable segment during that same period. This amount may vary from period to period depending on the academic calendars of our university clients, the relative growth rates of graduate programs and short courses, as applicable, with varying tuition levels, the launch of new graduate programs or short courses with higher or lower than average net tuition costs and annual tuition increases instituted by our university clients.

The following table sets forth the full course equivalent enrollments and average revenue per full course equivalent enrollment in our Graduate Program Segment for the periods presented.

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2017		2016		2017		2016	
Graduate program full course equivalent enrollments	 24,062		19,126		71,822		55,658	
Graduate program average revenue per full course equivalent								
enrollment	\$ 2,740	\$	2,717	\$	2,725	\$	2,668	

<sup>\*</sup> Of the increase in full course equivalent enrollments for the third quarter and first nine months of 2017, 502 or 10.2% and 927 or 5.7%, respectively, were attributable to graduate programs launched during the 12 months ended September 30, 2017.

The following table sets forth the full course equivalent enrollments and average revenue per full course equivalent enrollment in our Short Course Segment for the periods presented.

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	 2017	20	16	20	17		2016
Short courses full course equivalent enrollments	4,079	'			*		
Short courses average revenue per full course equivalent enrollment**	\$ 1,232	\$	_	\$	*	\$	_

<sup>\*</sup> We acquired GetSmarter on July 1, 2017 and their results of operations are included in our financial results effective with the third quarter of 2017. As such, the full course equivalent enrollment measures of our short courses are measured only for the third quarter of 2017.

#### Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA represents our earnings before net interest income (expense), taxes, depreciation and amortization, foreign currency gains or losses, acquisition-related gains or losses and stock-based compensation expense. Adjusted EBITDA is a key measure used by our management and board of directors to understand and evaluate our core operating performance and trends, to prepare and approve our annual budget and to develop short- and long-term operational plans. In particular, the exclusion of certain expenses in calculating adjusted EBITDA can provide a useful measure for period-to-period comparisons of our core business. Accordingly, we believe that adjusted EBITDA provides useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results in the same manner as our management and board of directors.

Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and should not be considered as an alternative to any measure of financial performance calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. In addition, adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies because other companies may not calculate adjusted EBITDA in the same manner as we do. We prepare adjusted EBITDA to eliminate the impact of stock-based compensation expense, which we do not consider indicative of our core operating performance.

Our use of adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our financial results as reported under U.S. GAAP. Some of these limitations are:

- although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized may have to be replaced in the future, and adjusted EBITDA does not reflect cash capital expenditure requirements for such replacements or for new capital expenditure requirements;
- adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- adjusted EBITDA does not reflect acquisition related gains and losses such as, but not limited to, post-acquisition changes in the value of contingent consideration reflected in operations;
- adjusted EBITDA does not reflect the potentially dilutive impact of equity-based compensation;
- adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest or tax payments that may represent a reduction in cash available to us; and
- other companies, including companies in our industry, may calculate adjusted EBITDA differently, which reduces its usefulness as a comparative measure.

Because of these and other limitations, you should consider adjusted EBITDA alongside other U.S. GAAP-based financial performance measures, including various cash flow metrics, net income (loss) and our other U.S. GAAP results. The following table presents a reconciliation of net loss to adjusted EBITDA for each of the periods indicated:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	 2017		2016		2017		2016	
			(in thous	sands)				
Net loss	\$ (14,739)	\$	(6,758)	\$	(29,932)	\$	(18,475)	
Adjustments:								
Interest income	(18)		(37)		(267)		(220)	
Interest expense	36		_		37		35	
Foreign currency (gain) loss	(59)		_		972		_	
Depreciation and amortization expense	5,887		2,534		13,318		7,060	
Income tax benefit	(974)		_		(974)		_	
Stock-based compensation expense	6,147		4,073		15,537		11,593	
Total adjustments	 11,019		6,570		28,623		18,468	
Adjusted EBITDA (loss)	\$ (3,720)	\$	(188)	\$	(1,309)	\$	(7)	

<sup>\*\*</sup> The calculation of short courses average revenue per full course equivalent enrollment includes \$0.7 million of revenue that was excluded in the results of operations for the third quarter of 2017, due to an adjustment recorded as part of the provisional valuation of GetSmarter.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

#### Sources of Liquidity

In June 2017, we amended our credit agreement with Comerica for a \$25.0 million revolving line of credit pursuant to which, among other things, Comerica consented to our acquisition of GetSmarter and our formation of certain subsidiaries in connection therewith, and we extended the maturity date through July 31, 2017. In the third quarter of 2017, we further amended our credit agreement to extend the maturity date through December 31, 2017. No amounts were outstanding under this credit agreement as of September 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016.

Certain of our operating lease agreements entered into require security deposits in the form of cash or an unconditional, irrevocable letter of credit. As of September 30, 2017, we have entered into standby letters of credit totaling \$11.5 million, as security deposits for the applicable leased facilities. Additionally, in June 2017, the Company entered into standby letters of credit totaling \$3.5 million in connection with two government grants. These letters of credit reduced the aggregate amount we may borrow under our revolving line of credit to \$10.0 million.

Under this revolving line of credit, we have the option of borrowing funds subject to (i) a base rate, which is equal to 1.5% plus the greater of Comerica Bank's prime rate, the federal funds rate plus 1% or the 30 day LIBOR plus 1%, or (ii) LIBOR plus 2.5%. For amounts borrowed under the base rate, we may make interest-only payments quarterly, and may prepay such amounts with no penalty. For amounts borrowed under LIBOR, we may make interest-only payments in periods of one, two and three months and will be subject to a prepayment penalty if we repay such borrowed amounts before the end of the interest period.

Borrowings under the line of credit are collateralized by substantially all of our assets. The availability of borrowings under this credit line is subject to our compliance with reporting and financial covenants, including, among other things, that we achieve specified minimum three-month trailing revenue levels during the term of the agreement and specified minimum six-month trailing profitability levels for some of our graduate programs, measured quarterly. In addition, we are required to maintain a minimum adjusted quick ratio, which measures our short-term liquidity, of at least 1.10 to 1.00. As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, our adjusted quick ratios were 6.27 and 5.43, respectively.

The covenants under the line of credit also place limitations on our ability to incur additional indebtedness or to prepay permitted indebtedness, grant liens on or security interests in our assets, carry out mergers and acquisitions, dispose of assets, declare, make or pay dividends, make capital expenditures in excess of specified amounts, make investments, loans or advances, enter into transactions with our affiliates, amend or modify the terms of our material contracts, or change our fiscal year. If we are not in compliance with the covenants under the line of credit, after any opportunity to cure such non-compliance, or we otherwise experience an event of default under the line of credit, the lenders may require repayment in full of all principal and interest outstanding. If we fail to repay such amounts, the lenders could foreclose on the assets we have pledged as collateral under the line of credit. We are currently in compliance with all such covenants.

Our Short Course Segment has \$1.9 million of revolving debt facilities. All of the facilities mature on December 31, 2017 with payment due on January 1, 2018. As of September 30, 2017, no significant amounts were outstanding under these facilities and the interest rate was 10.25%.

#### **Public Offering of Common Stock**

On September 11, 2017, we sold 4,047,500 shares of our common stock to the public, including 547,500 shares sold pursuant to the underwriters' over-allotment option. We received net proceeds of \$189.5 million, which we intend to use for general corporate purposes, including expenditures for graduate program and short course marketing, technology and content development, in connection with new graduate program and short course launches and growing existing graduate program and short courses.

#### Cash Flows

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods presented:

		Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	<u> </u>	2017		2016	
		(in thousands)			
Cash (used in) provided by:					
Operating activities	\$	(26,079)	\$	(14,422)	
Investing activities		(134,409)		(16,158)	
Financing activities		195,241		3,778	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash		(1,049)		_	
Net changes in cash and cash equivalents	\$	33,704	\$	(26,802)	

#### Operating Activities

Cash used in operating activities for the first nine months of 2017 was \$26.1 million, an increase of 80.8% from \$14.4 million for the same period of 2016. This was primarily due to a 42.8% increase in net loss and a 93.4% increase in up front and marketing rights payments to universities, which were offset by changes in working capital and non-cash expenses. In addition, there was an increase of 10.4% in cash used in operating activities associated with the GetSmarter acquisition.

#### Investing Activities

Cash used in investing activies for the first nine months of 2017 was \$134.4 million, an increase of \$118.2 million from \$16.2 million for the same period of 2016. This was primarily due to \$97.1 million in net cash paid to acquire GetSmarter, a \$17.3 million increase due to purchases of property, plant and equipment for our new office locations and a \$3.9 million increase in additions to amortizable intangible assets to support a greater number of launched graduate programs and short courses.

#### Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities for the first nine months of 2017 was \$195.2 million, an increase of \$191.5 million from \$3.8 million for the same period of 2016. This was primarily due to \$189.9 million in proceeds received from our public offering of common stock and \$2.5 million in debt.

#### **Operating and Capital Expenditure Requirements**

During the first nine months of 2017, we had new capital asset additions of \$49.6 million, which was comprised of \$25.0 million of leasehold improvements, \$17.0 million in capitalized technology and content development and \$7.6 million of other property and equipment. The \$49.6 million increase consisted of \$37.3 million in cash capital expenditures, with the remainder primarily comprised of landlord funded leasehold improvements. We also incurred approximately \$0.4 million of deferred offering costs included in accounts payable and accrued expenses, in connection with our public offering of common stock. For the full year of 2017, we expect new capital asset additions of approximately \$64 to \$69 million, of which approximately \$11 to \$13 million will be funded by landlord leasehold improvement allowances.

#### **Contractual Obligations and Commitments**

We have non-cancelable operating leases for our office space, and we are also contractually obligated to make fixed payments to certain of our university clients in exchange for contract extensions and various marketing and other rights.

We have a \$25.0 million line of credit from Comerica Bank (with letters of credit reducing the aggregate amount we may borrow to \$10.0 million), as well as \$1.9 million of revolving debt facilities. As of September 30, 2017, no amounts were outstanding under the line of credit and no significant amounts were outstanding under the revolving debt facilities.

See Note 6 in the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Part I, Item 1 and "Legal Proceedings" contained in Part II, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information regarding contingencies.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

#### Revenue Recognition

Consistent with our revenue recognition policy related to the Graduate Program Segment, revenue related to the Short Course Segment is recognized when all of the following conditions are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) rendering of services is complete, (iii) fees are fixed or determinable and (iv) collection of fees is reasonably assured. Please refer to Note 2 in the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Part II, Item 8 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2017, for the significant accounting policy on revenue recognition of the Graduate Program Segment.

With respect to our Graduate Program Segment, we recognize revenue based on our share of net program proceeds from our university clients.

With respect to our Short Course Segment, we derive our revenue from providing premium online short courses to working professionals. A portion of revenues is shared with our university clients, in the form of a royalty, for providing the content and certifying the course. We have determined that we are the principal in this arrangement as we are the entity that has promised to provide the short course to the student. Therefore, revenues for the Short Course Segment reflect gross proceeds from students and the university client royalty amounts are recorded as an expense within curriculum and teaching on the condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is the excess of purchase price over the fair value of identified net assets of the business acquired. We review goodwill at least annually, as of October 1, for possible impairment. Goodwill is reviewed for possible impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the reporting unit below its carrying value. We test goodwill at the reporting unit level, which is an operating segment or one level below an operating segment. We initially assess qualitative factors to determine if it is necessary to perform the two-step goodwill impairment review. We will review goodwill for impairment using the two-step process if we decide to bypass the qualitative assessment or determine that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value based on our qualitative assessment. Upon the completion of the two-step process, we may be required to recognize an impairment based on the difference between the carrying value and the fair value of the goodwill recorded.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

Refer to Note 1 in the "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a discussion of FASB's recent accounting pronouncements and their effect on us.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes to market risk from the information provided in Part II, Item 7A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2017, except for the changes in foreign currency exchange risk resulting from our acquisition of GetSmarter, as described below.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

Prior to July 1, 2017, we did not have significant foreign currency exchange risk. Beginning in the third quarter of 2017, with the acquisition of GetSmarter, we now transact business in foreign currencies and are exposed to risks resulting from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Our primary exposures are related to non-U.S. dollar denominated revenue and operating expenses in South Africa and the United Kingdom. Accounts relating to foreign operations are translated into U.S. dollars using prevailing exchange rates at the relevant period end. As a result, we would experience increased revenue and operating expenses at our non-U.S. operations if there were a decline in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to these foreign currencies. Conversely, we would experience decreased revenue and operating expenses at our non-U.S. operations if there were an increase in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to these foreign currencies. Translation adjustments are included as a separate component of stockholders' equity.

For the third quarter of 2017 and 2016, our foreign currency translation adjustment was a loss of \$3.6 million and zero, respectively. For the third quarter of 2017 and 2016, we recognized a foreign currency exchange gain of \$0.1 million and zero, respectively, included in our condensed consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss. A 10% fluctuation of foreign currency exchange rates would have an immaterial effect on our results of operations and cash flows for all periods presented.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

#### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure based on the definition of "disclosure controls and procedures" as promulgated under the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. The scope of management's assessment of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2017 includes all of the Company's consolidated operations except for, as permitted by SEC guidance for newly acquired businesses, those disclosure controls and procedures of GetSmarter that are subsumed by internal control over financial reporting. We acquired GetSmarter on July 1, 2017 and their results of operations are included in our financial statements effective with the third quarter of 2017. Based on this evaluation, management concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2017. GetSmarter represented 24.1% of total assets as of September 30, 2017 and 6.2% and 2.2% of total revenue for the third quarter and first nine months of 2017, respectively.

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

During the first quarter of 2017, we finished the migration of our Human Capital Management and payroll systems to a single enterprise resource planning ("ERP") system called Workday and in the second quarter of 2017 we finished the migration of our accounting and financial reporting systems to Workday. This two-phase ERP system implementation impacts various internal processes and controls for business activities within human resources, payroll and accounting, as well as financial reporting. While the Company believes that this new system and the related changes to internal controls will ultimately strengthen its internal controls over financial reporting, there are inherent risks in implementing any ERP system, and the Company will continue to evaluate and test control changes in order to provide certification on the effectiveness, in all material respects, of its internal controls over financial reporting for the year ending December 31, 2017.

In addition to our implementation of Workday as described above, we enhanced our internal controls over financial reporting for the consolidation process during the third quarter of 2017 in light of the GetSmarter acquisition. The Company has modified and will continue to modify its internal controls relating to its business and financial processes throughout the entire ERP system implementation. Additionally, we are currently in the process of assessing and integrating GetSmarter's internal control over financial reporting with our existing internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The information required by this Item is incorporated herein by reference to Note 6 in "Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

The risks described in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, which was filed with the SEC on February 24, 2017, remain current in all material respects, except for the additional risk factors below. These risks do not identify all risks that we face. Our operations could also be affected by factors that are not presently known to us or that we currently consider to be immaterial to our operations.

#### Risks Relating to the GetSmarter Acquisition and the Combined Company

Combining the two companies may be more difficult, costly or time consuming than expected and the anticipated strategic benefits of the GetSmarter acquisition may not be realized.

The success of the GetSmarter acquisition, including anticipated strategic benefits, will depend, in part, on our ability to successfully combine and integrate our business with the business of GetSmarter.

The GetSmarter acquisition will involve the integration of GetSmarter's business with our existing business, which is a complex, costly and time-consuming process. It is possible that the integration process could result in material challenges, including, without limitation:

- the diversion of management's attention from ongoing business concerns and performance shortfalls at one or both of the companies as a result of the devotion of management's attention to the GetSmarter acquisition;
- managing a larger combined international company;
- maintaining employee morale and retaining key management and other employees;
- the possibility of faulty assumptions underlying expectations regarding the integration process;
- retaining existing business and operational relationships and attracting new business and operational relationships;
- consolidating corporate and administrative infrastructures and eliminating duplicative operations and inconsistencies in standards, controls, procedures and policies;
- coordinating geographically separate organizations;
- unanticipated issues in integrating information technology, communications and other systems; and
- unforeseen expenses associated with integration of the GetSmarter business.

Many of these factors will be outside of the combined company's control and any one of them could result in delays, increased costs, decreases in revenues and diversion of management's time and energy, which could materially affect the combined company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

If we experience difficulties with the integration process, the anticipated benefits of the acquisition may not be realized fully or at all, or may take longer to realize than expected. In addition, the actual strategic benefits of the acquisition could be less than anticipated.

The future results of the combined company may be adversely impacted if the combined company does not effectively manage its expanded operations following the completion of the GetSmarter acquisition.

Following the completion of the acquisition, the size of the combined company's business may be significantly larger than the current size of either our or GetSmarter's respective businesses. The combined company's ability to successfully manage this expanded business will depend, in part, upon management's ability to design and implement strategic initiatives that address not only the integration of two discrete companies in different geographic locations, but also the increased scale and scope of the combined business with its associated increased costs and complexity. The combined company may not be successful and may not realize the expected operating leverage and strategic benefits currently anticipated from the GetSmarter acquisition.

The combined company incurred substantial expenses related to the completion of the acquisition of GetSmarter and expects to incur additional expense in connection with the integration of 2U and GetSmarter.

We and GetSmarter have incurred, and expect to continue to incur, a number of non-recurring costs associated with the GetSmarter acquisition and combining the operations of the two companies. The substantial majority of non-recurring expenses will be comprised of transaction costs related to the GetSmarter acquisition.

We also will incur costs related to formulating and implementing integration plans, including facilities and systems consolidation costs and employment-related costs. We continue to assess the magnitude of these costs, and additional unanticipated costs may be incurred in the integration of the two companies' businesses. Although we expect that the realization of other efficiencies related to the integration of the businesses should allow us to offset integration-related costs over time, this net benefit may not be achieved in the near term, or at all.

#### GetSmarter may underperform relative to our expectations.

GetSmarter may not be able to achieve the levels of revenue, earnings or operating efficiency that we expected it to. GetSmarter's business and financial performance are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, including, among others, the following: (i) the risk of the loss of, or changes to, its relationships with its customers; (ii) its ability to acquire a new customers and expand short courses with current customers; (iii) its ability to continue to acquire prospective students for its current short courses; (iv) the acceptance, adoption and growth of online learning, particularly via short course certificates, by colleges and universities, faculty, students, employers, accreditors and state and federal licensing bodies, if applicable; and (v) the lack of predictability and visibility and the non-recurring nature of its business model. GetSmarter may be unable to achieve the same growth, revenues and earnings that GetSmarter has achieved in the past.

#### The combined company may underperform relative to our expectations.

If GetSmarter underperforms relative to our expectations, we may not be able to maintain the levels of revenue, earnings or operating efficiency that we and GetSmarter have achieved or might achieve separately. In addition, due to the short-term nature and lower price point of GetSmarter's short course certificates and the shorter contractual terms with its university clients, we may not be able to reliably forecast or predict the impact that GetSmarter will have on the combined company's revenue or other aspects of our results of operations.

Uncertainties associated with the GetSmarter acquisition may cause the departure of management personnel and other key employees of GetSmarter or us, which could adversely affect the future business and operations of the combined company.

We and GetSmarter are dependent upon the experience and industry knowledge of our respective officers and other key employees to execute our respective business plans. The combined company's success after the GetSmarter acquisition will depend in part upon its ability to retain key management personnel and other key employees of 2U and GetSmarter. Current and prospective employees of 2U and GetSmarter may experience uncertainty about their future roles with the combined company, which may materially adversely affect the ability of each of 2U and GetSmarter to attract and retain key personnel after the acquisition which could adversely impact operations of the combined company.

#### GetSmarter's operations in South Africa expose us to risks that could have an adverse effect on our business.

As of September 30, 2017, GetSmarter employed approximately 330 employees in South Africa, and it expects to continue adding personnel. GetSmarter may incur costs complying with labor laws, rules and regulations in South Africa, including laws that regulate work time, provide for mandatory compensation in the event of termination of employment for operational reasons, and impose monetary penalties for non-compliance with administrative and reporting requirements in respect of affirmative action policies. GetSmarter's reliance on a workforce in South Africa also exposes us to disruptions in the business, political, and economic environment in that region. Maintenance of a stable political environment is important to GetSmarter's operations, and terrorist attacks and acts of violence or war may directly affect our physical facilities and workforce or contribute to general instability. GetSmarter's operations in South Africa require us to comply with complex local laws and regulatory requirements and expose us to foreign currency exchange rate risk. The economy of South Africa in the past has been, and in the future may continue to be, characterized by rates of inflation and interest rates that are substantially higher than those prevailing in the United States, which could increase our South-African based costs and decrease our operating margins. GetSmarter's operations may also subject us to trade restrictions, exchange control limitations, reduced or inadequate protection for intellectual property rights, security breaches, and other factors that may adversely affect our business. Negative developments in any of these areas could increase our costs of operations or otherwise harm our business.

### GetSmarter's international operations expose us to flucutations in currency exchange rates that could negatively impact our financial results and cash flows.

After the GetSmarter acquisition, we conduct a more substantial portion of our business outside the U.S. and we accordingly make certain business and resource decisions considering assumptions about foreign currency. As a result, we face exposure to adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates, in particular with respect to the volatility of the South African rand. Our exposure to adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates, including the South African rand, could have a material adverse impact on our financial results and cash flows.

The fluctuations of currencies in which we conduct business can both increase and decrease our overall revenue and expenses for any given fiscal period. Such volatility, even when it increases our revenues or decreases our expenses, impacts our ability to accurately predict our future results and earnings.

#### The market price of our common stock may decline as a result of the GetSmarter acquisition.

The market price of our common stock may decline as a result of the GetSmarter acquisition if, among other things, we are unable to achieve the expected growth in revenue, or if the strategic benefits are not realized or if the transaction costs related to the GetSmarter acquisition are greater than expected. The market price of our common stock also may decline if we do not achieve the perceived benefits of the GetSmarter acquisition as rapidly or to the extent anticipated by financial or industry analysts or if the effect of the GetSmarter acquisition on our financial results is not consistent with the expectations of financial or industry analysts.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

#### Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number 2.1	Description  Share Sale Agreement, by and among a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant, K2017143886  South Africa Proprietary Limited, Get Educated International Proprietary Limited ("GetSmarter"), the shareholders of GetSmarter, and Samuel Edward Paddock, as the Seller's Representative.	Form 10-Q	File No. 001-36376	Exhibit Number 2.1	Filing Date May 4, 2017	Filed Herewith
2.2	Addendum to Share Sale Agreement, by and among a wholly owned subsidiary of the Registrant, K2017143886 South Africa Proprietary Limited, Get Educated International Proprietary Limited ("GetSmarter"), the shareholders of GetSmarter, and Samuel Edward Paddock, as the Seller's Representative.	8-K 28	001-36376	2.1	July 3, 2017	

3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of the Registrant.	8-K	001-36376	3.1	April 4, 2014	
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Registrant.	8-K	001-36376	3.2	April 4, 2014	
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of 2U, Inc. pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of 2U, Inc. pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer of 2U, Inc. in accordance with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer of 2U, Inc. in accordance with 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.					X
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document.					X
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.					X
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.					X
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.					X
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.					X
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.					X

<sup>(1)</sup> Previously filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-36376), filed with the Commission on April 4, 2014, and incorporated by reference herein.

<sup>(2)</sup> Previously filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 001-36376), filed with the Commission on April 4, 2014, and incorporated by reference herein.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

2U, Inc.

November 7, 2017 By: /s/ Christopher J. Paucek

Christopher J. Paucek Chief Executive Officer

November 7, 2017 By: /s/ Catherine A. Graham

Catherine A. Graham Chief Financial Officer

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#### CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

#### I, Christopher J. Paucek, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of 2U, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2017 By: /s/ Christopher J. Paucek

Name: Christopher J. Paucek
Title: Chief Executive Officer

#### CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

#### I, Catherine A. Graham, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of 2U, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2017 By: /s/ Catherine A. Graham

Name: Catherine A. Graham
Title: Chief Financial Officer

# CERTIFICATION OF CEO PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of 2U, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Christopher J. Paucek, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 7, 2017 By: /s/ Christopher J. Paucek

Name: Christopher J. Paucek Title: Chief Executive Officer

This certification accompanies the Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

# CERTIFICATION OF CFO PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of 2U, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Catherine A. Graham, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 7, 2017 By: /s/ Catherine A. Graham

Name: Catherine A. Graham Title: Chief Financial Officer

This certification accompanies the Report pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.