UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

\boxtimes	QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) C	OF THE SECURI	TIES EXCHAI	NGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023				
	$\hfill \square$ Transition report pursuant to section 13 or	15(d) OF THE :	SECURITIES I	EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	For the transition period from to				
	Com	nmission file n	umber 1-918	33	
	Harl	ley-Davi	dson, I	nc.	
	(Exact name of	of registrant as	specified in	its charter)	
	Wisconsin (State of organization)			39-1382325 (I.R.S. Employer Identific	
	3700 West Juneau Avenue (Address of principal executive offices)	Milwaukee	Wisconsi	n 53208 (Zip code)	
	Registrant's telephone	e number, incl	uding area co	ode: (414) 342-4680	
		None			
	(Former name, former add	dress and former t	iscal year, if ch	anged since last report)	
Secu	rities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:				
	Title of each class	Trading	Symbol	Name of each excha	ange on which registered
	Common Stock Par Value \$.01 PER SHARE	HC	G	New York	Stock Exchange
prec	tate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports eding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant wall. Yes $oxtimes$ No $oxtimes$	•	•	• •	
	ate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electron §232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for				
	rate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated fiventh company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "acce	lerated filer," "	smaller repo	orting company," and "emerging	g growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of
	Large Accelerated Filer ⊠ Non-accelerated filer □		elerated file aller reportir		
the E	Exchange Act.		erging growt	- · ·	
	emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registra ed financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 1.			•	or complying with any new or
Indic	cate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as c	defined in Rule	12b-2 of the	e Act). Yes □ No ⊠	
The	registrant had outstanding 139,269,602 shares of common stock a	as of Novembe	er 3, 2023.		

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, INC.

Form 10-Q

For The Quarter Ended September 30, 2023

Part I	Financial Information	<u>3</u>
Item 1.	<u>Financial Statements</u>	<u>3</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Operations	<u>3</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	<u>4</u>
	Consolidated Balance Sheets	<u>5</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	<u>7</u>
	Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity	<u>8</u>
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>10</u>
	1. Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates	<u>10</u>
	2. New Accounting Standards	<u>10</u>
	3. Revenue	<u>11</u>
	4. Income Taxes	<u>12</u>
	<u>5. Earnings Per Share</u>	<u>12</u>
	6. Additional Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Information	<u>12</u>
	7. Finance Receivables	<u>14</u>
	8. Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities	<u>19</u>
	<u>9. Debt</u>	<u>23</u>
	10. Asset-Backed Financing	24 27
	11. Fair Value	
	12. Product Warranty and Recall Campaigns	29 30
	13. Employee Benefit Plans	
	14. Commitments and Contingencies	31 32
	15. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	<u>32</u>
	16. Reportable Segments	<u>34</u> <u>34</u>
	17. Supplemental Consolidating Data	<u>34</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>43</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>63</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>64</u>
Part II	Other Information	<u>64</u>
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	<u>64</u>
Item 2.	<u>Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities</u>	<u>64</u>
Item 5.	Other Information	<u>65</u>
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>65</u>
<u>Signatures</u>		<u>67</u>

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	•	Three months ended			Nine months ended			
	<u></u>	September 30, 2023		September 25, 2022		September 30, 2023		September 25, 2022
Revenue:								
Motorcycles and related products	\$	1,305,125	\$	1,436,962	\$	4,075,878	\$	4,006,604
Financial services		243,934		211,613		707,390		606,244
		1,549,059		1,648,575		4,783,268		4,612,848
Costs and expenses:								
Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold		893,343		946,656		2,691,272		2,721,913
Financial services interest expense		84,123		60,740		243,677		150,488
Financial services provision for credit losses		60,854		36,617		170,496		94,572
Selling, administrative and engineering expense		301,454		265,841		877,591		740,699
Restructuring expense (benefit)				3				(389)
		1,339,774		1,309,857		3,983,036		3,707,283
Operating income		209,285		338,718		800,232		905,565
Other income, net		26,814		9,358		54,136		30,443
Investment income (loss)		9,868		1,723		31,044		(3,786)
Interest expense		7,688		8,124		23,104		23,555
Income before income taxes		238,279		341,675		862,308		908,667
Income tax provision		42,176		80,489		190,546		209,130
Net income		196,103		261,186		671,762		699,537
Less: Loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,546		_		9,016		_
Net income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc.	\$	198,649	\$	261,186	\$	680,778	\$	699,537
Earnings per share:								
Basic	\$	1.40	\$	1.79	\$	4.74	\$	4.71
Diluted	\$	1.38	\$	1.78	\$	4.65	\$	4.68
Cash dividends per share	\$	0.1650	\$	0.1575	\$	0.4950	\$	0.4725

The accompanying notes are integral to the consolidated financial statements.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Three months ended				Nine months ended				
	Se	eptember 30, 2023		September 25, 2022		September 30, 2023		September 25, 2022	
Net income	\$	196,103	\$	261,186	\$	671,762	\$	699,537	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:									
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(11,552)		(46,245)		(21,068)		(81,387)	
Derivative financial instruments		11,898		9,031		9,142		31,811	
Pension and postretirement benefit plans		(961)		5,503		(2,884)		16,508	
		(615)		(31,711)		(14,810)		(33,068)	
Comprehensive income		195,488		229,475		656,952		666,469	
Less: Comprehensive loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,546		_		9,016		_	
Comprehensive income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc.	\$	198,034	\$	229,475	\$	665,968	\$	666,469	

The accompanying notes are integral to the consolidated financial statements.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands)

	5	(Unaudited) September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	(Unaudited) eptember 25, 2022
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,878,351	\$ 1,433,175	\$ 1,730,250
Accounts receivable, net		315,331	252,225	300,454
Finance receivables, net of allowance of \$67,346, \$62,488, and \$61,671		2,101,965	1,782,631	1,807,718
Inventories, net		768,765	950,960	680,762
Restricted cash		130,838	135,424	287,264
Other current assets		227,556	 196,238	 205,734
Current assets		5,422,806	4,750,653	5,012,182
Finance receivables, net of allowance of \$325,368, \$296,223, and \$298,425		5,553,259	5,355,807	5,534,730
Property, plant and equipment, net		703,304	689,886	641,651
Pension and postretirement assets		369,440	320,133	424,784
Goodwill		61,935	62,090	60,440
Deferred income taxes		144,764	135,041	69,734
Lease assets		69,034	43,931	40,543
Other long-term assets		137,674	134,935	143,547
	\$	12,462,216	\$ 11,492,476	\$ 11,927,611
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Accounts payable	\$	382,127	\$ 378,002	\$ 438,534
Accrued liabilities		586,134	620,945	710,544
Short-term deposits, net		250,987	79,710	97,856
Short-term debt		815,081	770,468	692,551
Current portion of long-term debt, net		638,496	1,684,782	1,740,422
Current liabilities		2,672,825	3,533,907	3,679,907
Long-term deposits, net		227,946	237,665	246,879
Long-term debt, net		5,856,005	4,457,052	4,738,234
Lease liabilities		52,238	26,777	23,836
Pension and postretirement liabilities		67,991	67,955	92,953
Deferred income taxes		29,528	29,528	8,312
Other long-term liabilities		244,413	232,784	297,280
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)				
Shareholders' equity:				
Common stock		1,712	1,704	1,704
Additional paid-in-capital		1,738,026	1,688,159	1,575,632
Retained earnings		3,098,652	2,490,649	2,471,795
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(356,739)	(341,929)	(273,987)
Treasury stock, at cost		(1,171,635)	(935,064)	(934,934)
Total Harley-Davidson, Inc. shareholders' equity		3,310,016	2,903,519	2,840,210
Noncontrolling interest		1,254	3,289	_
Total equity		3,311,270	2,906,808	2,840,210
	\$	12,462,216	\$ 11,492,476	\$ 11,927,611

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (continued) (In thousands)

		(Unaudited) September 30, December 31, 2023 2022			(Unaudited) September 25, 2022
Balances held by consolidated variable interest entities (Note 10):	_				
Finance receivables, net - current	Ç	555,109	\$	559,651	\$ 635,628
Other assets	Ç	9,395	\$	9,805	\$ 9,582
Finance receivables, net - non-current	Ç	2,196,887	\$	2,317,956	\$ 2,730,915
Restricted cash - current and non-current	Ç	135,762	\$	141,128	\$ 205,878
Current portion of long-term debt, net	Ç	619,666	\$	619,683	\$ 736,332
Long-term debt, net	ç	1,791,784	\$	1,825,525	\$ 2,158,148

The accompanying notes are integral to the consolidated financial statements.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In thousands) (Unaudited)

(Ollauditeu)	Nine months ende							
	Se	eptember 30, 2023		September 25, 2022				
Net cash provided by operating activities (Note 6)	\$	706,767	\$	574,704				
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Capital expenditures		(138,902)		(84,947)				
Origination of finance receivables		(3,162,957)		(3,773,830)				
Collections on finance receivables		2,789,848		3,110,881				
Other investing activities		878		2,160				
Net cash used by investing activities		(511,133)		(745,736)				
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Proceeds from issuance of medium-term notes		1,446,304		495,785				
Repayments of medium-term notes		(1,056,680)		(950,000)				
Proceeds from securitization debt		1,045,547		1,826,891				
Repayments of securitization debt		(930,608)		(1,054,939)				
Borrowings of asset-backed commercial paper		42,429		448,255				
Repayments of asset-backed commercial paper		(187,599)		(228,431)				
Net increase (decrease) in unsecured commercial paper		43,523		(60,281)				
Net increase in deposits		161,157		54,080				
Deposit in advance of business combination		_		100,000				
Dividends paid		(72,775)		(70,163)				
Repurchase of common stock		(239,428)		(338,496)				
Other financing activities		1,706		(1,237)				
Net cash provided by financing activities		253,576		221,464				
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(8,415)		(33,361)				
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	440,795	\$	17,071				
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:								
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	\$	1,579,177	\$	2,025,219				
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		440,795		17,071				
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$	2,019,972	\$	2,042,290				
Reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash on the Consolidated balance sheets to the Consolidated statements of cash flows:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,878,351	\$	1,730,250				
Restricted cash		130,838		287,264				
Restricted cash included in Other long-term assets		10,783		24,776				
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash per the Consolidated statements of cash flows	\$	2,019,972	\$	2,042,290				

The accompanying notes are integral to the consolidated financial statements.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (In thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

Equity Attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc.

	Common	Stock	Additional		Accumulated Other			Equity Attributable to	
	Issued Shares	Balance	Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock	Total	Noncontrolling Interests	Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2022	170,400,212	\$ 1,704	\$ 1,688,159	\$ 2,490,649	\$ (341,929)	\$ (935,064)	\$ 2,903,519	\$ 3,289	\$ 2,906,808
Net income (loss)	_	_	_	304,090	_	_	304,090	(2,261)	\$ 301,829
Other comprehensive income, net of tax (Note 15)	_	_	_	_	(12,723)	_	(12,723)	_	\$ (12,723)
Dividends (\$0.1650 per share)	_	_	_	(24,123)	_	_	(24,123)	_	\$ (24,123)
Repurchase of common stock	_	_	_	_	_	(96,767)	(96,767)	_	\$ (96,767)
Share-based compensation	733,658	7	19,055	_	_	_	19,062	1,763	\$ 20,825
Balance, March 31, 2023	171,133,870	1,711	1,707,214	2,770,616	(354,652)	(1,031,831)	3,093,058	2,791	3,095,849
Net income (loss)			_	178,039	_	_	178,039	(4,209)	\$ 173,830
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax (Note 15)	_	_	_	_	(1,472)	_	(1,472)	_	\$ (1,472)
Dividends (\$0.1650 per share)	_	_	_	(24,070)	_	_	(24,070)	_	\$ (24,070)
Repurchase of common stock	_	-	_	_	_	(74,184)	(74,184)	_	\$ (74,184)
Share-based compensation	38,173	1	15,639	_	_	1,885	17,525	2,378	\$ 19,903
Balance, June 30, 2023	171,172,043	1,712	1,722,853	2,924,585	(356,124)	(1,104,130)	3,188,896	960	3,189,856
Net income (loss)			_	198,649	_	_	198,649	(2,546)	\$ 196,103
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax (Note 15)	_	_	_	_	(615)	_	(615)	_	\$ (615)
Dividends (\$0.1650 per share)	_	_	_	(24,582)	_	_	(24,582)	_	\$ (24,582)
Repurchase of common stock	_	-	_	_	_	(70,451)	(70,451)	_	\$ (70,451)
Share-based compensation	24,077	_	15,173	_	_	2,946	18,119	2,840	\$ 20,959
Balance, September 30, 2023	171,196,120	\$ 1,712	\$ 1,738,026	\$ 3,098,652	\$ (356,739)	\$ (1,171,635)	\$ 3,310,016	\$ 1,254	\$ 3,311,270

Equity Attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc.

	4,									
	Commor Issued Shares	Stock Balanc	— Additional Paid-in e Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Treasury Stock	Total	Equity Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	To	otal Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	169,364,686	\$ 1,69	\$ 1,547,011	\$ 1,842,421	\$ (240,919)	\$ (596,963)	\$ 2,553,244	\$ -	\$	2,553,244
Net income	_			222,502	_	_	222,502	_	\$	222,502
Other comprehensive income, net of tax (Note 15)	_			_	11,309	_	11,309	_	\$	11,309
Dividends (\$0.1575 per share)	_			(24,056)	_	_	(24,056)	_	\$	(24,056)
Repurchase of common stock	_			_	_	(261,737)	(261,737)	_	\$	(261,737)
Share-based compensation	976,062	:	.0 7,829	_	_	_	7,839	_	\$	7,839
Balance, March 27, 2022	170,340,748	1,70	1,554,840	2,040,867	(229,610)	(858,700)	2,509,101	_		2,509,101
Net income				215,849	_		215,849	_	\$	215,849
Other comprehensive income, net of tax (Note 15)	_			_	(12,666)	_	(12,666)	_	\$	(12,666)
Dividends (\$0.1575 per share)	_			(23,090)	_	_	(23,090)	_	\$	(23,090)
Repurchase of common stock	_			_	_	(64,091)	(64,091)	_	\$	(64,091)
Share-based compensation	23,479		- 9,524	_	_	525	10,049	_	\$	10,049
Balance, June 26, 2022	170,364,227	1,70	1,564,364	2,233,626	(242,276)	(922,266)	2,635,152	_		2,635,152
Net income				261,186	_		261,186	_	\$	261,186
Other comprehensive income, net of tax (Note 15)	_			_	(31,711)	_	(31,711)	_	\$	(31,711)
Dividends (\$0.1575 per share)	_			(23,017)	_	_	(23,017)	_	\$	(23,017)
Repurchase of common stock	_			_	_	(12,668)	(12,668)	_	\$	(12,668)
Share-based compensation	26,625		- 11,268	_	_	_	11,268	_	\$	11,268
Balance, September 25, 2022	170,390,852	\$ 1,70	\$ 1,575,632	\$ 2,471,795	\$ (273,987)	\$ (934,934)	\$ 2,840,210			2,840,210

The accompanying notes are integral to the consolidated financial statements.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation – The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Harley-Davidson, Inc. and its subsidiaries and certain variable interest entities (VIEs) related to secured financing as the Company is the primary beneficiary. All intercompany accounts and material intercompany transactions have been eliminated. The Company has a controlling equity interest in LiveWire Group, Inc. As the controlling shareholder, the Company consolidates LiveWire Group, Inc. results with additional adjustments to recognize non-controlling shareholder interests.

The Company operates in three reportable segments: Harley-Davidson Motor Company (HDMC), LiveWire and Harley-Davidson Financial Services (HDFS). The Company changed its segments in the period ended December 31, 2022. The change has been retrospectively reflected in the periods presented below.

Substantially all of the Company's international subsidiaries use their respective local currency as their functional currency. Assets and liabilities of international subsidiaries have been translated at period-end exchange rates, and revenues and expenses have been translated using average exchange rates for the period. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is different from an entity's functional currency are remeasured from the transactional currency to the entity's functional currency on a monthly basis. The aggregate transaction gain (loss) resulting from foreign currency remeasurements was \$(15.6) million and \$7.8 million for the three month periods ended September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, respectively, and \$(11.1) million and \$15.1 million for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, respectively.

In the opinion of the Company's management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the *Consolidated balance sheets* as of September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, the *Consolidated statements of operations* for the three and nine month periods then ended, the *Consolidated statements of comprehensive income* for the three and nine month periods then ended, the *Consolidated statements of cash flows* for the nine month periods then ended, and the *Consolidated statements of shareholders' equity* for the three month periods within the nine month periods ended September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022.

Certain information and disclosures normally included in complete financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) for interim financial reporting. The consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Use of Estimates – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value Measurements - The Company assesses the inputs used to measure fair value using a three-tier hierarchy.

Level 1 inputs include quoted prices for identical instruments and are the most observable.

Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets and observable inputs such as interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices, and yield curves. The Company uses the market approach to derive the fair value for its Level 2 fair value measurements. Foreign currency contracts, commodity contracts, and cross-currency swaps are valued using quoted forward rates and prices; interest rate caps are valued using quoted interest rates and yield curves; LiveWire warrants, including public (Level 1) and private placement (Level 2) warrants, are valued using the closing market price of the public warrants as the private placement warrants have terms and provisions that are identical to those of the public warrants.

Level 3 inputs are not observable in the market and include the Company's judgments about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

2. New Accounting Standards

Accounting Standards Recently Adopted

In March 2022, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2022-02, Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Troubled Debt Restructurings and Vintage Disclosures (ASU 2022-02). ASU 2022-02 addresses areas identified by the FASB as part of its post-implementation review of its previously issued credit losses standard (ASU 2016-13) that introduced the current expected credit losses (CECL) model. ASU 2022-02 eliminates the accounting guidance for troubled debt restructurings by creditors that have adopted the CECL model and enhances disclosure requirements for certain loan refinancings and restructurings made with borrowers experiencing financial difficulty. In addition, ASU 2022-02 requires a public business entity to disclose current-period gross write-offs for financing receivables and net investment in leases by year of origination in the vintage disclosures. The Company adopted ASU 2022-02 on January 1, 2023. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

3. Revenue

The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control of a good or service to a customer. Revenue is measured based on the consideration that the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for the goods or services transferred. Taxes that are collected from a customer concurrent with revenue-producing activities are excluded from revenue.

Disaggregated revenue by major source was as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended				Nine months ended			
	Se	eptember 30, 2023		September 25, 2022	September 30, 2023			September 25, 2022
HDMC:								
Motorcycles	\$	1,023,090	\$	1,128,920	\$	3,216,387	\$	3,121,097
Parts and accessories		184,809		200,708		568,001		580,295
Apparel		49,325		69,819		187,072		198,560
Licensing		9,586		10,662		20,912		28,940
Other		30,171		12,145		60,574		40,097
		1,296,981		1,422,254		4,052,946		3,968,989
LiveWire		8,144		14,708		22,932		37,615
Motorcycles and related products revenue		1,305,125		1,436,962		4,075,878		4,006,604
HDFS:								
Interest income		207,673		179,261		586,752		509,702
Other		36,261		32,352		120,638		96,542
Financial services revenue		243,934		211,613		707,390		606,244
	\$	1,549,059	\$	1,648,575	\$	4,783,268	\$	4,612,848

The Company maintains certain deferred revenue balances related to payments received at contract inception in advance of the Company's performance under the contract and generally relates to the sale of Harley Owners Group® memberships and various financial services products. Deferred revenue is recognized as revenue as the Company performs under the contract. Deferred revenue, included in *Accrued liabilities* and *Other long-term liabilities* on the *Consolidated balance sheets*, was as follows (in thousands):

	Sep	2023	2022		
Balance, beginning of period	\$	44,100	\$	40,092	
Balance, end of period	\$	41,134	\$	45,746	

Previously deferred revenue recognized as revenue in the three months ended September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022 was \$6.9 million and \$7.0 million, respectively, and \$20.2 million and \$22.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, respectively. The Company expects to recognize approximately \$17.1 million of the remaining unearned revenue over the next 12 months and \$24.0 million thereafter.

4. Income Taxes

The Company's effective income tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 was 22.1% compared to 23.0% for the nine months ended September 25, 2022.

5. Earnings Per Share

The computation of basic and diluted earnings per share was as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		Three mo	ded	Nine months ended				
	Sep	tember 30, 2023	S	September 25, 2022		September 30, 2023	S	eptember 25, 2022
Net income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc.	\$	198,649	\$	261,186	\$	680,778	\$	699,537
Basic weighted-average shares outstanding		141,622		146,217		143,678		148,673
Effect of dilutive securities – employee stock compensation plan		2,699		856		2,652		862
Diluted weighted-average shares outstanding		144,321		147,073		146,330		149,535
Net earnings per share:	-							
Basic	\$	1.40	\$	1.79	\$	4.74	\$	4.71
Diluted	\$	1.38	\$	1.78	\$	4.65	\$	4.68

Shares of common stock related to share-based compensation that were not included in the effect of dilutive securities because the effect would have been anti-dilutive include 0.8 million and 3.9 million shares for the three months ended September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, respectively, and 1.1 million and 2.3 million shares for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, respectively.

6. Additional Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Information

Investments in Marketable Securities - The Company's investments in marketable securities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2023	2022	2022	
Mutual funds	\$ 32,664	\$ 33,071	\$ 33,631	

Mutual funds, included in *Other long-term assets* on the *Consolidated balance sheets*, are carried at fair value with gains and losses recorded in income. Mutual funds are held to support certain deferred compensation obligations.

Inventories, net — Substantially all inventories located in the U.S. are valued using the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. Other inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Motorcycle finished goods inventories include motorcycles that are ready for sale and motorcycles that are substantially complete but awaiting installation of certain components affected by supply chain constraints. Inventories, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Se	eptember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	September 25, 2022
Raw materials and work in process	\$	333,107	\$ 331,380	\$ 311,424
Motorcycle finished goods		405,714	549,041	304,195
Parts and accessories and apparel		154,640	187,039	160,724
Inventory at lower of FIFO cost or net realizable value		893,461	1,067,460	776,343
Excess of FIFO over LIFO cost		(124,696)	(116,500)	(95,581)
	\$	768,765	\$ 950,960	\$ 680,762

Deposits – HDFS offers brokered certificates of deposit to customers indirectly through contractual arrangements with third-party banks and/or securities brokerage firms through its bank subsidiary. The Company had \$478.9 million, \$317.4 million, and \$344.7 million, net of fees, of interest-bearing brokered certificates of deposit outstanding as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, and September 25, 2022, respectively. The liabilities for deposits are included in Short-term deposits, net or Long-term deposits, net on the Consolidated balance sheets based upon the term of each brokered certificate of deposit issued. Each separate brokered certificate of deposit is issued under a master certificate, and as such, all outstanding brokered certificates of deposit are considered below the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance coverage limits.

Future maturities of the Company's certificates of deposit as of September 30, 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

2023	\$ 31,302
2024	253,720
2025	61,002
2026	79,678
2027	54,158
Thereafter	
Future maturities	479,860
Unamortized fees	(927)
	\$ 478,933

Operating Cash Flow – The reconciliation of Net income to Net cash provided by operating activities was as follows (in thousands):

	Nine month	ns end	led
	 September 30, 2023	Se	eptember 25, 2022
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 671,762	\$	699,537
Adjustments to reconcile Net income to Net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	112,592		114,867
Amortization of deferred loan origination costs	65,996		72,214
Amortization of financing origination fees	9,734		11,475
Provision for long-term employee benefits	(50,373)		(14,637)
Employee benefit plan contributions and payments	(2,668)		(4,766)
Stock compensation expense	64,538		33,595
Net change in wholesale finance receivables related to sales	(392,817)		(294,698)
Provision for credit losses	170,496		94,572
Deferred income taxes	(8,455)		(2,980)
Other, net	(19,738)		24,392
Changes in current assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable, net	(72,084)		(150,726)
Finance receivables – accrued interest and other	2,366		3,566
Inventories, net	160,742		(6,577)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	14,453		37,745
Other current assets	(19,777)		(42,875)
	35,005		(124,833)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 706,767	\$	574,704

7. Finance Receivables

Finance receivables include both retail and wholesale finance receivables, including amounts held by consolidated VIEs. Finance receivables are recorded in the financial statements at amortized cost net of an allowance for credit losses.

The Company provides retail financial services to customers of its dealers in the U.S. and Canada. The origination of retail loans is a separate and distinct transaction between the Company and the retail customer, unrelated to the Company's sale of product to its dealers. Retail finance receivables consist of secured promissory notes and secured installment sales contracts and are primarily related to dealer sales of motorcycles to retail customers. The Company holds either titles or liens on titles to vehicles financed by promissory notes and installment sales contracts.

The Company offers wholesale financing to its dealers in the U.S. and Canada. Wholesale finance receivables are related primarily to the Company's sale of motorcycles, related parts and accessories and apparel to dealers. Wholesale loans to dealers are generally secured by financed inventory or property.

Finance receivables, net were as follows (in thousands):

	Se	September 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	September 25, 2022
Retail finance receivables	\$	6,998,397	\$	6,748,201	\$ 6,945,649
Wholesale finance receivables		1,049,541		748,948	756,895
		8,047,938		7,497,149	7,702,544
Allowance for credit losses		(392,714)		(358,711)	(360,096)
	\$	7,655,224	\$	7,138,438	\$ 7,342,448

The Company's finance receivables are reported at amortized cost, net of the allowance for credit losses. Amortized cost includes the principal outstanding, accrued interest, and deferred loan fees and costs. The Company's allowance for credit losses reflects expected lifetime credit losses on its finance receivables. Based on differences in the nature of the finance receivables and the underlying methodology for calculating the allowance for credit losses, the Company segments its finance receivables into the retail and wholesale portfolios. The Company further disaggregates each portfolio by credit quality indicators. As the credit risk varies between the retail and wholesale portfolios, the Company utilizes different credit quality indicators for each portfolio.

The retail portfolio primarily consists of a large number of small balance, homogeneous finance receivables. The Company performs a collective evaluation of the adequacy of the retail allowance for credit losses. The Company utilizes a vintage-based loss forecast methodology that includes decompositions for probability of default, exposure at default, attrition rate, and recovery balance rate. Reasonable and supportable economic forecasts for a two-year period are incorporated into the methodology to reflect the estimated impact of changes in future economic conditions, such as unemployment rates, household obligations or other relevant factors, over the two-year reasonable and supportable period. For periods beyond the Company's reasonable and supportable forecasts, the Company reverts to its average historical loss experience using a mean-reversion process over a three-year period. Adjustments to historical loss information are made for differences in current loan-specific risk characteristics such as differences in underwriting standards, portfolio mix, or term as well as other relevant factors.

The wholesale portfolio is primarily composed of large balance, non-homogeneous loans. The Company's evaluation for the wholesale allowance for credit losses is first based on a loan-by-loan review to determine whether the loans share similar risk characteristics. The Company individually evaluates loans that do not share risk characteristics. Loans identified as those for which foreclosure is probable are classified as Non-Performing, and a specific allowance for credit losses is established when appropriate. The specific allowance is determined based on the amortized cost of the related finance receivable and the estimated fair value of the collateral, less selling costs and the cash that the Company expects to receive. Finance receivables in the wholesale portfolio not individually assessed are aggregated, based on similar risk characteristics, according to the Company's internal risk rating system and measured collectively. The related allowance for credit losses is based on factors such as the specific borrower's financial performance and ability to repay, the Company's past credit loss experience, reasonable and supportable economic forecasts, and the value of the underlying collateral and expected recoveries.

The Company considers various third-party economic forecast scenarios as part of estimating the allowance for expected credit losses and applies a probability-weighting to those economic forecast scenarios. Each quarter, the Company's outlook on economic conditions impacts the Company's retail and wholesale estimates for expected credit losses. During the third quarter of 2023, macro-economic conditions did not significantly change from the second quarter of 2023. Concerns surrounding elevated inflation levels, muted consumer confidence, challenging global conditions, and recession risk persisted.

As such, at the end the third quarter of 2023, the Company's outlook on economic conditions and its probability weighting of its economic forecast scenarios were weighted towards a near-term recession.

Additionally, the historical experience incorporated into the portfolio-specific models does not fully reflect the Company's comprehensive expectations regarding the future. As such, the Company incorporated qualitative factors to establish an appropriate allowance for credit losses balance. These factors include motorcycle recovery value considerations, delinquency adjustments, specific problem loan trends, and changes in other portfolio-specific loan characteristics.

Due to the use of projections and assumptions in estimating the losses, the amount of losses incurred by the Company in either portfolio could differ from the amounts estimated. Further, the Company's allowance for credit losses incorporates known conditions at the balance sheet date and the Company's expectations surrounding the economic forecasts. The Company will continue to monitor future economic trends and conditions. Expectations surrounding the Company's economic forecasts may change in future periods as additional information becomes available.

Changes in the Company's allowance for credit losses on its finance receivables by portfolio were as follows (in thousands):

	Three m	onth	s ended September :	30, 20	023		Nine m	ended September 3	t 30, 2023			
	Retail		Wholesale		Total		Retail		Wholesale		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 366,919	\$	14,861	\$	381,780	\$	345,275	\$	13,436	\$	358,711	
Provision for credit losses	60,832		22		60,854		169,049		1,447		170,496	
Charge-offs	(63,738)		_		(63,738)		(182,183)		_		(182,183)	
Recoveries	13,818		_		13,818		45,690		_		45,690	
Balance, end of period	\$ 377,831	\$	14,883	\$	392,714	\$	377,831	\$	14,883	\$	392,714	
	Three m	onth	s ended September :	25, 20)22		Nine m	onth	ended September 2	5, 2022	2	
	Retail		Wholesale		Total		Retail		Wholesale		Total	
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 342,691	\$	9,446	\$	352,137	\$	326,320	\$	13,059	\$	339,379	
Provision for credit losses	34,697		1,920		36,617		96,265		(1,693)		94,572	
Charge-offs	(40,283)		_		(40,283)		(114,145)		_		(114,145)	
Recoveries	11,625		_		11,625		40,290		_		40,290	
Balance, end of period	\$ 348,730	\$	11,366	\$	360,096	\$ 348,730		\$ 11,366		\$	360,096	

The Company manages retail credit risk through its credit approval process and ongoing collection efforts. The Company uses FICO scores, a standard credit rating measurement, to differentiate the expected default rates of retail credit applicants, enabling the Company to better evaluate credit applicants for approval and to tailor pricing according to this assessment. For the Company's U.S. and Canadian retail finance receivables, the Company determines the credit quality indicator for each loan at origination and does not update the credit quality indicator subsequent to the loan origination date.

As loan performance by credit quality indicator differs between the U.S. and Canadian retail loans, the Company's credit quality indicators vary for the two portfolios. For U.S. retail finance receivables, those with a FICO score of 740 or above at origination are generally considered super prime, loans with a FICO score between 640 and 740 are generally categorized as prime, and loans with FICO score below 640 are generally considered sub-prime. For Canadian retail finance receivables, those with a FICO score of 700 or above at origination are generally considered super prime, loans with a FICO score between 620 and 700 are generally categorized as prime, and loans with FICO score below 620 are generally considered sub-prime.

The amortized cost of the Company's U.S. and Canadian retail finance receivables by vintage and credit quality indicator was as follows (in thousands):

September 30, 2023

		2023	2022		2021		2020	2019			2018 & Prior	Total
U.S. Retail:												
Super prime	\$	916,306	\$	806,658	\$ 424,425	\$	175,218	\$	87,737	\$	37,875	\$ 2,448,219
Prime		1,033,222		1,086,081	645,931		293,977		163,603		102,427	3,325,241
Sub-prime		296,583		307,280	211,626		114,298		72,587		55,700	1,058,074
		2,246,111		2,200,019	1,281,982		583,493		323,927		196,002	6,831,534
Canadian Retail:												
Super prime		43,643		34,700	19,796		10,707		5,929		2,245	117,020
Prime		13,007		12,307	7,968		4,890		3,135		2,362	43,669
Sub-prime		1,839		1,671	 852		871		575		366	6,174
		58,489		48,678	28,616		16,468		9,639		4,973	166,863
	\$	2,304,600	\$	2,248,697	\$ 1,310,598	\$	599,961	\$	333,566	\$	200,975	\$ 6,998,397
Current YTD period gross charge	-offs:											
US Retail	\$	5,141	\$	71,540	\$ 54,843	\$	23,023	\$	13,622	\$	11,663	\$ 179,832
Canadian Retail		75		703	634		337		220		382	2,351
	\$	5,216	\$	72,243	\$ 55,477	\$	23,360	\$	13,842	\$	12,045	\$ 182,183
						D	ecember 31, 2022					
		2022		2021	2020		2019		2018		2017 & Prior	Total
U.S. Retail:												
Super prime	\$	1,118,198	\$	612,890	\$ 276,492	\$	159,550	\$	69,652	\$	26,701	\$ 2,263,483
Prime		1,433,141		887,817	425,401		260,458		135,454		79,611	3,221,882
Sub-prime		420,660		298,153	164,946		108,372		57,993		46,827	1,096,951
		2,971,999		1,798,860	866,839		528,380		263,099		153,139	6,582,316
Canadian Retail:												
Super prime		49,033		30,090	17,553		12,215		4,975		1,527	115,393
Prime		16,094		10,705	7,283		5,098		3,068		1,787	44,035
Sub-prime		2,223		1,402	1,173		869		475		315	6,457
		67,350		42,197	26,009		18,182		8,518		3,629	165,885
	\$	3,039,349	\$	1,841,057	\$ 892,848	\$	546,562	\$	271,617	\$	156,768	\$ 6,748,201

20	ntam	hor	75	2022

	3eptember 23, 2022												
		2022	2021			2020		2019		2018		2017 & Prior	Total
U.S. Retail:													
Super prime	\$	1,002,057	\$	684,597	\$	312,641	\$	187,399	\$	87,508	\$	36,424	\$ 2,310,626
Prime		1,281,483		982,085		476,677		297,481		160,552		102,887	3,301,165
Sub-prime		389,674		334,611		185,874		122,231		67,147		58,364	1,157,901
		2,673,214		2,001,293		975,192		607,111		315,207		197,675	6,769,692
Canadian Retail:													
Super prime		46,930		33,149		19,727		14,500		6,365		2,085	122,756
Prime		15,043		11,537		8,149		5,738		3,562		2,345	46,374
Sub-prime		1,984		1,552		1,321		991		582		397	6,827
		63,957		46,238		29,197		21,229		10,509		4,827	175,957
	\$	2,737,171	\$	2,047,531	\$	1,004,389	\$	628,340	\$	325,716	\$	202,502	\$ 6,945,649
					_		_		_		_		

The Company's credit risk on the wholesale portfolio is different from that of the retail portfolio. Whereas the retail portfolio represents a relatively homogeneous pool of retail finance receivables that exhibit more consistent loss patterns, the wholesale portfolio exposures are less consistent. The Company utilizes an internal credit risk rating system to manage credit risk exposure consistently across wholesale borrowers and individually evaluates credit risk factors for each borrower. The Company uses the following internal credit quality indicators, based on an internal risk rating system, listed from highest level of risk to lowest level of risk for the wholesale portfolio: Doubtful, Substandard, Special Mention, Medium Risk and Low Risk. Based upon the Company's review, the dealers classified in the Doubtful category are the dealers with the greatest likelihood of being charged-off, while the dealers classified as Low Risk are least likely to be charged-off. Additionally, the Company classifies dealers identified as those in which foreclosure is probable as Non-Performing. The internal rating system considers factors such as the specific borrower's ability to repay and the estimated value of any collateral. Dealer risk rating classifications are reviewed and updated by the Company on a quarterly basis.

The amortized cost of the Company's wholesale finance receivables, by vintage and credit quality indicator, was as follows (in thousands):

	•	September 30, 2023												
	_	2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018 & Prior		Total
Non-Performing	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_
Doubtful		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Substandard		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Special Mention		603		30		_		_		_		_		633
Medium Risk		2,754		16		_		25		_		_		2,795
Low Risk		934,104		95,436	_	5,928		5,354		4,601		690		1,046,113
	\$	937,461	\$	95,482	\$	5,928	\$	5,379	\$	4,601	\$	690	\$	1,049,541
							D	ecember 31, 2022						
	_	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017 & Prior		Total
Non-Performing	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Doubtful		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Substandard		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Special Mention		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Medium Risk		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Low Risk		714,238		11,478		6,646		8,457		7,938		191		748,948
	\$	714,238	\$	11,478	\$	6,646	\$	8,457	\$	7,938	\$	191	\$	748,948
							Se	ptember 25, 2022						
	_	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017 & Prior		Total
Non-Performing	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	_
Doubtful		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Substandard		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Special Mention		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Medium Risk		_		_		_		_		_		_		-
Low Risk		714,122		22,850		7,169		3,749		8,607		398		756,895
	\$	714,122	\$	22,850	\$	7,169	\$	3,749	\$	8,607	\$	398	\$	756,895

Retail finance receivables are contractually delinquent if the minimum payment is not received by the specified due date. Retail finance receivables at amortized cost, excluding accrued interest, are generally charged-off when the receivable is 120 days or more delinquent, the related asset is repossessed, or the receivable is otherwise deemed uncollectible. The Company reverses accrued interest related to charged-off accounts against Financial Services interest income when the account is charged-off. The Company reversed \$6.2 million and \$3.9 million of accrued interest against Financial Services interest income during the three months ended September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, respectively, and \$19.6 million and \$13.0 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, respectively. All retail finance receivables accrue interest until either collected or charged-off. Due to the timely write-off of accrued interest, the Company made the election provided under *Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 326, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses* to exclude accrued interest from its allowance for credit losses. Accordingly, as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, and September 25, 2022, all retail finance receivables were accounted for as interest-earning receivables.

Wholesale finance receivables are delinquent if the minimum payment is not received by the contractual due date. Wholesale finance receivables are written down once the Company determines that the specific borrower does not have the ability to repay the loan in full. Interest continues to accrue on past due finance receivables until the date the Company determines that foreclosure is probable, and the finance receivable is placed on non-accrual status. The Company will resume accruing interest on these accounts when payments are current according to the terms of the loans and future payments are reasonably assured. While on non-accrual status, all cash received is applied to principal or interest as appropriate. Once an account is charged-off, the Company will reverse the associated accrued interest against interest income. As the Company

follows a non-accrual policy for interest, the allowance for credit losses excludes accrued interest for the wholesale portfolio. There were no charged-off accounts during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 or September 25, 2022. As such, the Company did not reverse any wholesale accrued interest in those periods. There were no dealers on non-accrual status at September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, or September 25, 2022.

The aging analysis of the Company's finance receivables was as follows (in thousands):

				Septembe	er 3	0, 2023			
	Current	31-60 Days Past Due		61-90 Days Past Due		Greater than 90 Days Past Due		Total Past Due	Total
Retail finance receivables	\$ 6,738,510	\$ 151,192	\$	55,454	\$	53,241	\$	259,887	\$ 6,998,397
Wholesale finance receivables	1,049,338	19		22		162		203	1,049,541
	\$ 7,787,848	\$ 151,211	\$	55,476	\$	53,403	\$	260,090	\$ 8,047,938
				Decembe	r 3:	1, 2022			
	Current	31-60 Days Past Due		61-90 Days Past Due		Greater than 90 Days Past Due		Total Past Due	Total
Retail finance receivables	\$ 6,473,462	\$ 152,343	\$	60,446	\$	61,950	\$	274,739	\$ 6,748,201
Wholesale finance receivables	748,682	222		44		_		266	748,948
	\$ 7,222,144	\$ 152,565	\$	60,490	\$	61,950	\$	275,005	\$ 7,497,149
				Septembe	er 2	5, 2022			
	Current	31-60 Days Past Due		61-90 Days Past Due		Greater than 90 Days Past Due		Total Past Due	Total
Retail finance receivables	\$ 6,714,095	\$ 136,957	\$	49,260	\$	45,337	\$	231,554	\$ 6,945,649
Wholesale finance receivables	756,609	271		15		_		286	756,895
	\$ 7,470,704	\$ 137,228	8 \$ 49,275 \$ 45,337		45,337	\$ 231,840		\$ 7,702,544	

Generally, it is the Company's policy not to change the terms and conditions of finance receivables. However, to minimize economic loss, the Company may modify certain finance receivables in troubled loan modifications. Total finance receivables in troubled loan modifications were not significant as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, and September 25, 2022. In accordance with its policies, in certain situations, the Company may offer short-term adjustments to customer payment due dates without affecting the associated interest rate or loan term.

8. Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company is exposed to risks from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices. To reduce its exposure to such risks, the Company selectively uses derivative financial instruments. All derivative transactions are authorized and executed pursuant to regularly reviewed policies and procedures which prohibit the use of financial instruments for speculative trading purposes.

The Company sells products in foreign currencies and utilizes foreign currency exchange contracts to mitigate the effects of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations related to the Euro, Australian dollar, Japanese yen, Brazilian real, Canadian dollar, Mexican peso, Chinese yuan, Singapore dollar, Thai baht, and Pound sterling. The Company's foreign currency exchange contracts generally have maturities of less than one year.

The Company utilizes commodity contracts to mitigate the effects of commodity price fluctuations related to metals and fuel consumed in its motorcycle operations. The Company's commodity contracts generally have maturities of less than one year.

The Company periodically utilizes treasury rate and swap rate lock contracts to fix the interest rate on a portion of the principal related to an anticipated issuance of long-term debt and cross-currency swaps to mitigate the effect of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on its foreign currency-denominated debt. The Company also utilizes interest rate caps to facilitate certain asset-backed securitization transactions.

All derivative financial instruments are recognized on the Consolidated balance sheets at fair value. In accordance with ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging (ASC Topic 815), the accounting for changes in the fair value of a derivative financial

instrument depends on whether it has been designated and qualifies as part of a hedging relationship and, further, on the type of hedging relationship.

Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments that are designated as cash flow hedges are initially recorded in Other comprehensive (loss) income (OCI) and subsequently reclassified into income when the hedged item affects income. The Company assesses, both at the inception of each hedge and on an ongoing basis, whether the derivative financial instruments that are designated as cash flow hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged items. No component of a designated hedging derivative financial instrument's gain or loss is excluded from the assessment of hedge effectiveness. Derivative financial instruments not designated as hedges are not speculative and are used to manage the Company's exposure to foreign currency, commodity risks, and interest rate risks. Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments not designated as hedging instruments are recorded directly in income. Cash flow activity associated with the Company's derivative financial instruments is recorded in Cash flows from operating activities on the Consolidated statement of cash flow.

The notional and fair values of the Company's derivative financial instruments under ASC Topic 815 were as follows (in thousands):

Derivative Financial Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedging Instruments

		Se	pter	nber 30, 202	3			De	cem	ber 31, 2022	2		September 25, 2022							
		Notional Value		Assets		Liabilities ^(a)		Notional Value		Assets		Liabilities ^(a)		Notional Value		Assets	L	iabilities ^(a)		
Foreign currency contracts	\$	481,204	\$	15,486	\$	1,325	\$	550,160	\$	6,054	\$	13,440	\$	459,252	\$	29,975	\$	331		
Commodity contracts		601		_		63		1,361		_		410		1,724		169		_		
Cross-currency swaps		1,420,560		_		58,655		1,367,460		_		36,101		1,367,460		_		149,479		
	\$	1,902,365	\$	15,486	\$	60,043	\$	1,918,981	\$	6,054	\$	49,951	\$	1,828,436	\$	30,144	\$	149,810		
	-	Derivative Financial Instruments Not Designated as Hedging Instruments																		

	Se	ptem	ber 30, 202	3		De	cemi	oer 31, 2022	2		September 25, 2022						
	Notional Value		Assets ^(b)		Liabilities	 Notional Value	,	Assets ^(b)		Liabilities		Notional Value		Assets ^(b)		Liabilities	
Commodity contracts	\$ 5,773	\$	168	\$	245	\$ 10,803	\$	310	\$	310	\$	8,197	\$	27	\$	919	
Interest rate caps	718,960		1,966		_	1,058,827		2,373		_		1,183,178		3,857		_	
	\$ 724,733	\$	2,134	\$	245	\$ 1,069,630	\$	2,683	\$	310	\$	1,191,375	\$	3,884	\$	919	

- Includes \$58.7 million, \$24.2 million, and \$82.7 million of cross-currency swaps recorded in Other long-term liabilities as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, and September 25, 2022, respectively, with all remaining amounts recorded in Accrued liabilities.
- Includes \$2.0 million, \$2.4 million, and \$3.9 million of interest rate caps recorded in Other long-term assets as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, and September 25, (b) 2022 respectively, with all remaining amounts recorded in Other current assets.

The amounts of gains and losses related to the Company's derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges were as follows (in thousands):

				Gair Recogn	n/(Lo iized	oss) in OCI			Gain/(Loss) Reclassified from AOCL into Income										
		Three mor	nths e	nded	Nine months ended					Three mor	nths (ended	Nine months ended						
	Se	ptember 30, 2023	Se	ptember 25, 2022	S	eptember 30, 2023	S	eptember 25, 2022	Se	eptember 30, 2023	Se	eptember 25, 2022	S	eptember 30, 2023	Se	eptember 25, 2022			
Foreign currency contracts	\$	14,632	\$	26,657	\$	18,597	\$	54,429	\$	(3,588)	\$	15,202	\$	635	\$	30,484			
Commodity contracts		(51)		88		(467)		816		(115)		147		(814)		627			
Cross-currency swaps		(44,089)		(94,912)		(22,543)		(184,551)		(41,210)		(95,111)		(16,365)		(201,377)			
Treasury rate lock contracts		_		_		1,139		_		(241)		(90)		(510)		(335)			
Swap rate lock contracts		_		_		(1,780)		_		95		_		163		_			
	\$	(29,508)	\$	(68,167)	\$	(5,054)	\$	(129,306)	\$	(45,059)	\$	(79,852)	\$	(16,891)	\$	(170,601)			

The location and amount of gains and losses recognized in income related to the Company's derivative financial instruments designated as cash flow hedges were as follows (in thousands):

	Motorcycles and related products Selling, administrative & engineering expense					nterest expense	Financial services inter expense		
				Three months ended S	epten	nber 30, 2023			
Line item on the <i>Consolidated statements of operations</i> in which the effects of cash flow hedges are recorded	\$	893,343	\$	301,454	\$	7,688	\$	84,123	
Gain/(loss) reclassified from AOCL into income:									
Foreign currency contracts		(3,588)		_		_		_	
Commodity contracts		(115)		_		_		_	
Cross-currency swaps		_		(41,210)		_		_	
Treasury rate lock contracts		_		_		(91)		(150)	
Swap rate lock contracts		_		_		_		95	
				Three months ended S	epten	nber 25, 2022			
Line item on the <i>Consolidated statements of operations</i> in which the effects of cash flow hedges are recorded	\$	946,656	\$	265,841	\$	8,124	\$	60,740	
Gain/(loss) reclassified from AOCL into income:									
Foreign currency contracts		15,202		_		_		_	
Commodity contracts		147		_		_		_	
Cross-currency swaps		_		(95,111)		_		_	
Treasury rate lock contracts		_		_		(90)		_	

	Motorcycles and related products Selling, administrative & engineering expense Nine months ended Septe					Interest expense	Fina	encial services interest expense
	_			Nine months ended S	eptem	nber 30, 2023		
Line item on the Consolidated statements of operations in which the effects of cash flow hedges are recorded	\$	2,691,272	\$	877,591	\$	23,104	\$	243,677
Gain/(loss) reclassified from AOCL into income:								
Foreign currency contracts		635		_		_		_
Commodity contracts		(814)		_		_		_
Cross-currency swaps		_		(16,365)		_		_
Treasury rate lock contracts		_		_		(272)		(238)
Swap rate lock contracts		_		_		_		163
				Nine months ended S	eptem	nber 25, 2022		
Line item on the Consolidated statements of operations in which the effects of cash flow hedges are recorded	\$	2,721,913	\$	740,699	\$	23,555	\$	150,488
Gain/(loss) reclassified from AOCL into income:								
Foreign currency contracts		30,484		_		_		_
Commodity contracts		627		_		_		_
Cross-currency swaps		_		(201,377)		_		_
Treasury rate lock contracts		_		_		(272)		(63)

The amount of net loss included in *Accumulated other comprehensive loss* (AOCL) at September 30, 2023, estimated to be reclassified into income over the next 12 months was \$38.8 million.

The amount of gains and losses recognized in income related to derivative financial instruments not designated as hedging instruments were as follows (in thousands). Gains and losses on foreign currency contracts and commodity contracts were recorded in *Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold*. Gains and losses on interest rate caps were recorded in *Selling, administrative & engineering expense*.

	Amount of Gain/(Loss) Recognized in Income								
	Three months ended Nine months ended								
		ember 30, 2023		September 25, 2022	9	September 30, 2023		September 25, 2022	
Foreign currency contracts	\$	2,064	\$	3,061	\$	1,127	\$	9,348	
Commodity contracts		297		(760)		(1,080)		472	
Interest rate caps		(700)		1,997		(407)		2,015	
	\$	1,661	\$	4,298	\$	(360)	\$	11,835	

The Company is exposed to credit loss risk in the event of non-performance by counterparties to its derivative financial instruments. Although no assurances can be given, the Company does not expect any of the counterparties to its derivative financial instruments to fail to meet their obligations. To manage credit loss risk, the Company evaluates counterparties based on credit ratings and, on a quarterly basis, evaluates each hedge's net position relative to the counterparty's ability to cover their position.

9. Debt

Debt with a contractual term less than 12 months is generally classified as short-term and consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Sep	2023	De	2022	Se	2022
Unsecured commercial paper	\$	815,081	\$	770,468	\$	692,551

Debt with a contractual term greater than 12 months is generally classified as long-term and consisted of the following (in thousands):

	S	September 30, 2023	 December 31, 2022	S	eptember 25, 2022
Secured debt:					
Asset-backed Canadian commercial paper conduit facility	\$	79,755	\$ 71,785	\$	82,154
Asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduit facility		272,766	425,794		489,074
Asset-backed securitization debt		2,147,548	2,028,155		2,416,075
Unamortized discounts and debt issuance costs		(8,864)	(8,741)		(10,669)
		2,491,205	2,516,993		2,976,634
Unsecured notes (at par value):					
Medium-term notes:					
Due in 2023, issued February 2018 3.35 %		_	350,000		350,000
Due in 2023, issued May 2020 ^(a) 4.94 %		_	695,727		632,586
Due in 2024, issued November 2019 ^(b) 3.14 %		634,464	642,210		583,926
Due in 2025, issued June 2020 3.35 %		700,000	700,000		700,000
Due in 2027, issued February 2022 3.05 %		500,000	500,000		500,000
Due in 2028, issued March 2023 6.50 %		700,000	_		_
Due in 2026, issued April 2023 ^(c) 6.36 %		740,207	_		_
Unamortized discounts and debt issuance costs		(17,275)	(8,464)		(9,682)
		3,257,396	2,879,473		2,756,830
Senior notes:					
Due in 2025, issued July 2015 3.50 %		450,000	450,000		450,000
Due in 2045, issued July 2015 4.625 %		300,000	300,000		300,000
Unamortized discounts and debt issuance costs		(4,100)	(4,632)		(4,808)
		745,900	745,368		745,192
		4,003,296	3,624,841		3,502,022
Long-term debt		6,494,501	6,141,834		6,478,656
Current portion of long-term debt, net		(638,496)	(1,684,782)		(1,740,422)
Long-term debt, net	\$	5,856,005	\$ 4,457,052	\$	4,738,234

⁽a) €650.0 million par value remeasured to U.S. dollar at September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, and September 25, 2022, respectively

⁽b) €600.0 million par value remeasured to U.S. dollar at September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022, and September 25, 2022, respectively

⁽c) €700.0 million par value remeasured to U.S. dollar at September 30, 2023

Future principal payments of the Company's debt obligations as of September 30, 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

2023	\$ 1,029,048
2024	1,263,895
2025	1,838,008
2026	1,403,803
2027	744,528
Thereafter	1,060,539
Future principal payments	7,339,821
Unamortized discounts and debt issuance costs	(30,239)
	\$ 7,309,582

10. Asset-Backed Financing

The Company participates in asset-backed financing both through asset-backed securitization transactions and through asset-backed commercial paper conduit facilities. In the Company's asset-backed financing programs, the Company transfers retail motorcycle finance receivables to special purpose entities (SPEs), which are considered VIEs under U.S. GAAP. Each SPE then converts those assets into cash through the issuance of debt. The Company retains servicing rights for all of the retail motorcycle finance receivables transferred to SPEs as part of an asset-backed financing. The accounting treatment for asset-backed financings depends on the terms of the related transaction and the Company's continuing involvement with the VIE.

In transactions where the Company has power over the significant activities of the VIE and has an obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that are potentially significant to the VIE, the Company is the primary beneficiary of the VIE and consolidates the VIE within its consolidated financial statements. On a consolidated basis, the asset-backed financing is treated as a secured borrowing in this type of transaction and is referred to as an on-balance sheet asset-backed financing.

In transactions where the Company is not the primary beneficiary of the VIE, the Company must determine whether it can achieve a sale for accounting purposes under ASC Topic 860, Transfers and Servicing. To achieve a sale for accounting purposes, the assets being transferred must be legally isolated, not be constrained by restrictions from further transfer, and be deemed to be beyond the Company's control. If the Company does not meet all of these criteria for sale accounting, then the transaction is accounted for as a secured borrowing and is referred to as an on-balance sheet asset-backed financing.

If the Company meets all three of the sale criteria above, the transaction is recorded as a sale for accounting purposes and is referred to as an off-balance sheet asset-backed financing. Upon sale, the retail motorcycle finance receivables are removed from the Company's *Consolidated balance sheets* and a gain or loss is recognized for the difference between the cash proceeds received, the assets derecognized, and the liabilities recognized as part of the transaction. The gain or loss on sale is included in *Financial services revenue* on the *Consolidated statements of operations*.

The Company is not required, and does not currently intend, to provide any additional financial support to the on- or off-balance sheet VIEs associated with these transactions. Investors and creditors in these transactions only have recourse to the assets held by the VIEs.

The assets and liabilities related to the on-balance sheet asset-backed financings included in the Consolidated balance sheets were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2023											
	Fina	ance receivables	All	owance for credit losses	F	Restricted cash		Other assets		Total assets	Ass	et-backed debt, net
On-balance sheet assets and liabilities:												
Consolidated VIEs:												
Asset-backed securitizations	\$	2,608,831	\$	(141,260)	\$	115,306	\$	7,951	\$	2,590,828	\$	2,138,684
Asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduit facility		300,692		(16,267)		20,456		1,444		306,325		272,766
Unconsolidated VIEs:												
Asset-backed Canadian commercial paper conduit facility		91,926		(4,101)		5,859		116		93,800		79,755
	\$	3,001,449	\$	(161,628)	\$	141,621	\$	9,511	\$	2,990,953	\$	2,491,205

				= <u> </u>								
						December	31, 202	22				
	Fina	Finance receivables		owance for credit losses	Re	estricted cash	Other assets		Total assets		Ass	et-backed debt, net
On-balance sheet assets and liabilities:											_	
Consolidated VIEs:												
Asset-backed securitizations	\$	2,558,450	\$	(130,774)	\$	114,254	\$	7,899	\$	2,549,829	\$	2,019,414
Asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduit facility		474,167		(24,236)		26,874		1,906		478,711		425,794
Unconsolidated VIEs:												
Asset-backed Canadian commercial paper conduit facility		82,375		(3,452)		4,873		130		83,926		71,785
	\$	\$ 3,114,992 \$		(158,462)	\$	146,001	\$	9,935	\$	3,112,466	\$	2,516,993
		:		:		September	25, 202	22				
	Fina	nce receivables	Allo	owance for credit losses	Re	estricted cash	Ot	her assets		Total assets	Ass	et-backed debt, net
On-balance sheet assets and liabilities:												
Consolidated VIEs:												
Asset-backed securitizations	\$	3,003,578	\$	(150,672)	\$	170,297	\$	8,274	\$	3,031,477	\$	2,405,406
Asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduit facility		540,751		(27,114)		35,581		1,308		550,526		489,074
Unconsolidated VIEs:												
Asset-backed Canadian commercial paper conduit facility		93,781		(3,874)		6,162		168		96,237		82,154
	\$	3,638,110	\$	(181,660)	\$	212,040	\$	9,750	\$	3,678,240	\$	2,976,634

On-Balance Sheet Asset-Backed Securitization VIEs – The Company transfers U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to SPEs that in turn issue secured notes to investors, with various maturities and interest rates, secured by future collections of the purchased U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables. Each on-balance sheet asset-backed securitization SPE is a separate legal entity, and the U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables included in the asset-backed securitizations are only available for payment of the secured debt and other obligations arising from the asset-backed securitization transactions and are not available to pay other obligations or claims of the Company's creditors until the associated secured debt and other obligations are satisfied. Restricted cash balances held by the SPEs are used only to support the securitizations. There are no amortization schedules for the secured notes; however, the debt is reduced monthly as available collections on the related U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables are applied to outstanding principal. The secured notes currently have various contractual maturities ranging from 2024 to 2031.

The Company is the primary beneficiary of its on-balance sheet asset-backed securitization VIEs because it retains servicing rights and a residual interest in the VIEs in the form of a debt security. As the servicer, the Company is the variable interest holder with the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance. As a residual interest holder, the Company has the obligation to absorb losses and the right to receive benefits which could potentially be significant to the VIE.

Quarterly transfers of U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to SPEs, the respective proceeds, and the respective proceeds, net of discounts and issuance costs were as follows (in millions):

		2023			2022	
	Transfers	Proceeds	Proceeds, net	Transfers	Proceeds	Proceeds, net
First quarter	\$ 628.5	\$ 550.0	\$ 547.7	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
Second quarter	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _	2,176.4	1,836.3	1,826.9
Third quarter	\$ 576.0	\$ 500.0	\$ 497.8	_	_	_
	\$ 1,204.5	\$ 1,050.0	\$ 1,045.5	\$ 2,176.4	\$ 1,836.3	\$ 1,826.9

On-Balance Sheet Asset-Backed U.S. Commercial Paper Conduit Facility VIE – The Company has a \$1.50 billion revolving facility agreement (the U.S. Conduit Facility) with third-party banks and their asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduits.

Table of Contents

Under the revolving facility agreement, the Company may transfer U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to an SPE, which in turn may issue debt to those third-party banks and their asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduits. In November 2022, the Company renewed the U.S. Conduit Facility. As a result of the renewal, the agreement no longer allows for uncommitted additional borrowings, at the lender's discretion, of up to \$300.0 million in addition to the \$1.50 billion aggregate commitment. Prior to the November 2022 renewal, the Company drew against the \$300.0 million of uncommitted additional borrowings that were available prior to the renewal. The Company repaid the remaining balance of these uncommitted additional borrowings in full during the three months ended September 30, 2023. Availability under the U.S. Conduit Facility is based on, among other things, the amount of eligible U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables held by the SPE as collateral.

Under the U.S. Conduit Facility, the assets of the SPE are restricted as collateral for the payment of the debt or other obligations arising in the transaction and are not available to pay other obligations or claims of the Company's creditors. The terms for this debt provide for interest on the outstanding principal based on prevailing commercial paper rates if funded by a conduit lender through the issuance of commercial paper. Subsequent to the November 2022 renewal, the interest rate on all outstanding debt and future borrowings, if not funded by a conduit lender through the issuance of commercial paper, is based on the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), with provisions for a transition to other benchmark rates in the future, if necessary. Prior to the renewal, if not funded by a conduit lender through the issuance of commercial paper, the terms of the interest were based on LIBOR or SOFR, as appropriate, with provisions for a transition to other benchmark rates. In addition to interest, a program fee is assessed based on the outstanding debt principal balance. The U.S. Conduit Facility also provides for an unused commitment fee based on the unused portion of the total aggregate commitment. There is no amortization schedule; however, the debt is reduced monthly as available collections on the related finance receivables are applied to outstanding principal. Upon expiration of the U.S. Conduit Facility, any outstanding principal will continue to be reduced monthly through available collections. The expected remaining term of the related receivables held by the SPE is approximately 4 years. Unless earlier terminated or extended by mutual agreement of the Company and the lenders, the U.S. Conduit Facility has an expiration date of November 17, 2023.

The Company is the primary beneficiary of its U.S. Conduit Facility VIE because it retains servicing rights and a residual interest in the VIE in the form of a debt security. As the servicer, the Company is the variable interest holder with the power to direct the activities of the VIE that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance. As a residual interest holder, the Company has the obligation to absorb losses and the right to receive benefits which could potentially be significant to the VIE.

There were no finance receivable transfers under the U.S. Conduit Facility during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 or during the third quarter of 2022. During the second quarter of 2022, the Company transferred \$420.8 million of U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to an SPE which, in turn, issued \$362.8 million of debt under the U.S. Conduit Facility. During the first quarter of 2022, the Company transferred \$47.1 million of U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to an SPE which, in turn, issued \$41.3 million of debt under the U.S. Conduit Facility.

On-Balance Sheet Asset-Backed Canadian Commercial Paper Conduit Facility – In June 2023, the Company renewed its revolving facility agreement (Canadian Conduit) with a Canadian bank-sponsored asset-backed commercial paper conduit. Under the agreement, the Canadian Conduit is contractually committed, at the Company's option, to purchase eligible Canadian retail motorcycle finance receivables for proceeds up to C\$125.0 million. The transferred assets are restricted as collateral for the payment of the associated debt. The terms for this debt provide for interest on the outstanding principal based on prevailing market interest rates plus a specified margin. The Canadian Conduit also provides for a program fee and an unused commitment fee based on the unused portion of the total aggregate commitment of C\$125.0 million. There is no amortization schedule; however, the debt is reduced monthly as available collections on the related finance receivables are applied to outstanding principal. Upon expiration of the Canadian Conduit, any outstanding principal will continue to be reduced monthly through available collections. The expected remaining term of the related receivables is approximately 5 years. Unless earlier terminated or extended by mutual agreement between the Company and the lenders, as of September 30, 2023, the Canadian Conduit has an expiration date of June 28, 2024.

The Company is not the primary beneficiary of the Canadian bank-sponsored, multi-seller conduit VIE; therefore, the Company does not consolidate the VIE. However, the Company treats the conduit facility as a secured borrowing as it maintains effective control over the assets transferred to the VIE and, therefore, does not meet the requirements for sale accounting.

As the Company participates in and does not consolidate the Canadian bank-sponsored, multi-seller conduit VIE, the maximum exposure to loss associated with this VIE, which would only be incurred in the unlikely event that all the finance receivables and underlying collateral have no residual value, was \$14.0 million at September 30, 2023. The maximum exposure is not an indication of the Company's expected loss exposure.

Quarterly transfers of Canadian retail motorcycle finance receivables to the Canadian Conduit and the respective proceeds were as follows (in millions):

	20	023	2022				
	Transfers	Proceeds	Transfers	Proceeds			
First quarter			25.3	21.2			
Second quarter	40.5	33.5	_	_			
Third quarter	10.8	8.9	27.8	23.0			
	\$ 51.3	\$ 42.4	\$ 53.1	\$ 44.2			

11. Fair Value

The following tables present the fair values of certain of the Company's assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy as defined in Note 1.

Recurring Fair Value Measurements – The Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows (in thousands):

			Sej	ptember 30, 2023	
		Balance		Level 1	Level 2
	\$	1,330,576	\$	1,071,000	\$ 259,576
		32,664		32,664	_
truments		17,620		_	17,620
	\$	1,380,860	\$	1,103,664	\$ 277,196
	<u></u>				
ancial instruments	\$	60,288	\$	_	\$ 60,288
rants		10,631		6,955	3,676
	\$	70,919	\$	6,955	\$ 63,964

<u>—</u>					
		De	ecember 31, 2022		
	Balance		Level 1		Level 2
\$	805,629	\$	594,000	\$	211,629
	33,071		33,071		_
	8,737				8,737
\$	847,437	\$	627,071	\$	220,366
\$	50,261	\$	_	\$	50,261
	8,388		5,500		2,888
\$	58,649	\$	5,500	\$	53,149
		Se	ptember 25, 2022		
	Balance		Level 1		Level 2
\$	1,324,705	\$	1,057,000	\$	267,705
	33,631		33,631		_
	34,028		_		34,028
\$	1,392,364	\$	1,090,631	\$	301,733
	_		_		_
\$	150,729	\$	_	\$	150,729
	_	\$	_	\$	_
Ś	150,729	\$	_	\$	150,729
т		Ψ.		Y	130,723

Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements – Repossessed inventory is recorded at the lower of cost or net realizable value through a nonrecurring fair value measurement. Repossessed inventory was \$26.3 million, \$20.7 million and \$20.3 million as of September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 25, 2022, respectively, for which the fair value adjustment was a decrease of \$10.8 million, \$7.5 million and \$2.5 million, respectively. Fair value is estimated using Level 2 inputs based on the recent market values of repossessed inventory.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments Measured at Cost – The carrying value of the Company's Cash and cash equivalents and Restricted cash approximates their fair values. The fair value and carrying value of the Company's remaining financial instruments that are measured at cost or amortized cost were as follows (in thousands):

	Septembe	r 30,	, 2023	Decembe	er 31	, 2022	Septembe	er 25,	2022
	Fair Value		Carrying Value	Fair Value		Carrying Value	Fair Value		Carrying Value
Assets:									
Finance receivables, net	\$ 7,668,607	\$	7,655,224	\$ 7,248,353	\$	7,138,438	\$ 7,555,135	\$	7,342,448
Liabilities:									
Deposits, net	\$ 498,834	\$	478,933	\$ 339,981	\$	317,375	\$ 369,429	\$	344,735
Debt:									
Unsecured commercial paper	\$ 815,081	\$	815,081	\$ 770,468	\$	770,468	\$ 692,551	\$	692,551
Asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduit facility	\$ 272,766	\$	272,766	\$ 425,794	\$	425,794	\$ 489,074	\$	489,074
Asset-backed Canadian commercial paper conduit facility	\$ 79,755	\$	79,755	\$ 71,785	\$	71,785	\$ 82,154	\$	82,154
Asset-backed securitization debt	\$ 2,121,724	\$	2,138,684	\$ 1,996,550	\$	2,019,414	\$ 2,385,056	\$	2,405,406
Medium-term notes	\$ 3,156,412	\$	3,257,396	\$ 2,760,093	\$	2,879,473	\$ 2,612,372	\$	2,756,830
Senior notes	\$ 642,746	\$	745,900	\$ 661,630	\$	745,368	\$ 637,494	\$	745,192

Finance Receivables, net – The carrying value of retail and wholesale finance receivables is amortized cost less an allowance for credit losses. The fair value of retail finance receivables is generally calculated by discounting future cash flows using an estimated discount rate that reflects current credit, interest rate and prepayment risks associated with similar types of instruments. Fair value is determined based on Level 3 inputs. The amortized cost basis of wholesale finance receivables approximates fair value because they are generally either short-term or have interest rates that adjust with changes in market interest rates.

Deposits, net – The carrying value of deposits is amortized cost, net of fees. The fair value of deposits is estimated based upon rates currently available for deposits with similar terms and maturities. Fair value is calculated using Level 3 inputs.

Debt — The carrying value of debt is generally cost, net of unamortized discounts and debt issuance costs. The fair value of unsecured commercial paper is calculated using Level 2 inputs and approximates carrying value due to its short maturity. The fair value of debt provided under the U.S. Conduit Facility and the Canadian Conduit Facility is calculated using Level 2 inputs and approximates carrying value since the interest rates charged under the facilities are tied directly to market rates and fluctuate as market rates change. The fair values of the medium-term notes and senior notes are estimated based upon rates currently available for debt with similar terms and remaining maturities (Level 2 inputs). The fair value of the fixed-rate debt related to on-balance sheet asset-backed securitization transactions is estimated based on pricing currently available for transactions with similar terms and maturities (Level 2 inputs). The fair value of the floating-rate debt related to on-balance sheet asset-backed securitization transactions is calculated using Level 2 inputs and approximates carrying value since the interest rates charged are tied directly to market rates and fluctuate as market rates change.

12. Product Warranty and Recall Campaigns

The Company currently provides a standard two-year limited warranty on all new motorcycles sold worldwide, except in certain markets, where the Company currently provides a standard three-year limited warranty. The Company also provides a five-year limited warranty on the battery for electric motorcycles. In addition, the Company provides a one-year warranty for parts and accessories. The warranty coverage for the retail customer generally begins when the product is sold to a retail customer. The Company accrues for future warranty claims at the time of shipment using an estimated cost based primarily on historical Company claim information.

Additionally, the Company has from time to time initiated certain voluntary recall campaigns. The Company records estimated recall costs when the liability is both probable and estimable. This generally occurs when the Company's management approves and commits to a recall. The warranty and recall liability is included in *Accrued liabilities* and *Other long-term liabilities* on the *Consolidated balance sheets*. Changes in the Company's warranty and recall liabilities were as follows (in thousands):

		Three mor	nths	ended	Nine mon	ths e	nded
	Se	eptember 30, 2023		September 25, 2022	September 30, 2023		September 25, 2022
Balance, beginning of period	\$	65,291	\$	61,727	\$ 75,960	\$	61,621
Warranties issued during the period		10,570		11,094	32,554		31,522
Settlements made during the period		(16,766)		(12,099)	(43,344)		(29,228)
Recalls and changes to pre-existing warranty liabilities		7,215		17,181	1,140		13,988
Balance, end of period	\$	66,310	\$	77,903	\$ 66,310	\$	77,903

The liability for recall campaigns, included in the balance above, was \$20.3 million, \$29.7 million and \$31.2 million at September 30, 2023, December 31, 2022 and September 25, 2022, respectively.

13. Employee Benefit Plans

The Company has a qualified pension plan and postretirement healthcare benefit plans. The plans cover certain eligible employees and retirees of the HDMC segment. The Company also has unfunded supplemental employee retirement plan agreements (SERPA) with certain employees. Service cost is allocated among Selling, administrative and engineering expense, Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold and Inventories, net. Amounts capitalized in inventory are not significant. Non-service cost components of net periodic benefit (income) cost are presented in Other income, net. Components of net periodic benefit (income) cost for the Company's defined benefit plans were as follows (in thousands):

		Three mor	nths	ended	Nine mon	ths e	nded
	Se	eptember 30, 2023		September 25, 2022	 September 30, 2023		September 25, 2022
Pension and SERPA Benefits:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Service cost	\$	1,294	\$	4,763	\$ 3,882	\$	14,289
Interest cost		20,476		15,473	61,429		46,418
Expected return on plan assets		(36,519)		(31,476)	(109,557)		(94,428)
Amortization of unrecognized:							
Prior service cost (credit)		188		(328)	564		(984)
Net (gain) loss		(181)		7,978	(543)		23,934
Settlement gain		_		_	(222)		(256)
Net periodic benefit income	\$	(14,742)	\$	(3,590)	\$ (44,447)	\$	(11,027)
Postretirement Healthcare Benefits:	-						
Service cost	\$	797	\$	1,161	\$ 2,390	\$	3,482
Interest cost		2,772		1,904	8,316		5,712
Expected return on plan assets		(4,281)		(3,809)	(12,843)		(11,427)
Amortization of unrecognized:							
Prior service credit		(166)		(581)	(498)		(1,743)
Net (gain) loss		(1,097)		122	(3,291)		366
Net periodic benefit income	\$	(1,975)	\$	(1,203)	\$ (5,926)	\$	(3,610)

There are no required or planned voluntary qualified pension plan contributions for 2023. The Company expects it will continue to make ongoing benefit payments under the SERPA and postretirement healthcare plans.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation and Other Claims – The Company is subject to lawsuits and other claims related to product, commercial, employee, environmental and other matters. In determining costs to accrue related to these items, the Company carefully analyzes cases and considers the likelihood of adverse judgments or outcomes, as well as the potential range of possible loss. The Company accrues for matters when losses are both probable and estimable. Any amounts accrued for these matters are monitored on an ongoing basis and are updated based on new developments or new information as it becomes available for each matter. The Company also maintains insurance coverage for product liability exposures. The Company believes that its accruals and insurance coverage are adequate and there are no material exposures to loss in excess of amounts accrued and insured for losses related to these matters.

Supply Matters – During the second quarter of 2022, the Company received information from a Tier 2 supplier, Proterial Cable America, Inc. ("PCA" f/k/a Hitachi Cable America, Inc.), concerning a potential regulatory compliance matter relating to PCA's brake hose assemblies. As a result, out of an abundance of caution, the Company suspended all vehicle assembly and shipments for approximately two weeks during the second quarter of 2022. Since then, the Company has been working through the regulatory compliance matter with PCA, the Company's relevant Tier-1 suppliers, and the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), the agency responsible for brake hose assembly compliance in the United States.

In connection with this matter, in July 2022, PCA notified NHTSA of a population of brake hose assemblies manufactured between May and July of 2022 that were non-compliant with select NHTSA laboratory test standards. Based on that filing, in August 2022, the Company notified NHTSA of the corresponding population of Harley-Davidson motorcycles containing those brake hose assemblies. In October 2022, PCA amended its original notification, expanding its population of non-compliant brake hose assemblies to include units produced by PCA for use in Harley-Davidson motorcycles beginning as early as model year 2008. In December 2022, the Company amended its August notification, expanding the population to also include Harley-Davidson motorcycles that contained PCA's newly identified brake hose assemblies. In March 2023, PCA again amended its NHTSA notification, identifying additional compliance issues with the previously identified brake hose assemblies. The Company followed PCA's March amendment with a derivative amended notification to NHTSA in May 2023.

In June 2023, the Company received a letter from PCA advising that PCA was investigating a new, separate potential quality issue with brake hose assemblies produced by PCA after the Company's 2022 production suspension. Due to this issue, the Company was forced to suspend production of most of the motorcycles manufactured at its York facility and run limited motorcycle manufacturing operations there for approximately two weeks. The Company continued to manufacture, among other motorcycles, the recently launched 2023 CVO Road Glide and Street Glide, which do not use PCA's brake hose assemblies. It also continued its normal motorcycle manufacturing operations at its international facilities. In connection with this matter, in late June 2023 PCA filed a new and separate NHTSA notification, identifying certain brake hose assemblies produced between June of 2022 and June of 2023 as noncompliant with select NHTSA laboratory test standards. The Company followed PCA's June 2023 notification by filing a derivative notification with NHTSA in early July 2023.

As permitted by federal law, both PCA and the Company have utilized NHTSA's standard process to petition the agency to determine that these compliance issues are inconsequential to motor vehicle safety ("Inconsequentiality Determinations"). If NHTSA makes the Inconsequentiality Determinations requested, the Company will be exempt from conducting a field action or recall of its motorcycles related to these matters.

In its inconsequentiality petitions, the Company has presented NHTSA with: (1) extensive independent, third-party and internal testing demonstrating that the brake hose assemblies at issue are robust to extreme conditions - which far exceed maximum expected motorcycle lifetime demands - with no impact to brake performance; and (2) real-world field safety data showing no documented crashes or injuries attributable to the identified compliance issues for the relevant affected populations. The Company believes its petitions are closely comparable to inconsequentiality petitions that have resulted in successful inconsequentiality determinations in the past. The Company is also confident that its position that the compliance issues are inconsequential to motor vehicle safety is strong and, therefore, no field action or recall will be necessary.

Based on its expectation that NHTSA will make Inconsequentiality Determinations, the Company does not expect that these regulatory noncompliance matters will result in material costs in the future, and no costs have been accrued to date. However, it is possible that a field action or recall could be required that could cause the Company to incur material costs. There are several variables and uncertainties associated with any potential field action or recall that are not yet fully known including, but not limited to, the population of brake hose assemblies and motorcycles, the specific field action or recall required, the complexity and cost of the required repair, the need for and availability of replacement parts, and the number of motorcycle owners that would participate. The Company estimates, based on its available information and assumptions, that the cost of a potential field action or recall in the aggregate, if any were to occur, could range from approximately \$100 million to \$400 million. The Company continues to evaluate and update its estimates as it learns more about these regulatory matters, including the variables and uncertainties discussed above. The Company also continues to maintain its expectation that NHTSA will make the requested Inconsequentiality Determinations and that these regulatory matters will not

result in any material field action or recall costs. If a material field action or recall were to result, the Company would seek full recovery of those amounts.

15. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

Other comprehensive (loss) income

Balance, end of period

Changes in Accumulated other comprehensive loss were as follows (in thousands):

			Three months ended	Sept	ember 30, 2023	
	reign currency translation adjustments	D	erivative financial instruments	post	Pension and tretirement benefit plans	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (89,787)	\$	(13,196)	\$	(253,141)	\$ (356,124)
Other comprehensive loss, before reclassifications	(12,355)		(29,508)		_	(41,863)
Income tax benefit	 803		6,927		_	7,730
	(11,552)		(22,581)		_	(34,133)
Reclassifications:						
Net loss on derivative financial instruments	_		45,059		_	45,059
Prior service credits ^(a)	_		_		22	22
Actuarial gains ^(a)	_		_		(1,278)	(1,278)
Reclassifications before tax	_		45,059		(1,256)	43,803
Income tax (expense) benefit			(10,580)		295	(10,285)
	_		34,479		(961)	33,518
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(11,552)		11,898		(961)	(615)
Balance, end of period	\$ (101,339)	\$	(1,298)	\$	(254,102)	\$ (356,739)
			Three months ended	Sept	ember 25, 2022	
	reign currency translation adjustments	D	erivative financial instruments	post	Pension and tretirement benefit plans	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (79,543)	\$	20,775	\$	(183,508)	\$ (242,276)
Other comprehensive loss, before reclassifications	(47,333)		(68,167)		_	(115,500)
Income tax benefit	1,088		14,803		<u> </u>	15,891
	(46,245)		(53,364)		_	 (99,609)
Reclassifications:						
Net loss on derivative financial instruments	_		79,852		_	79,852
Prior service credits ^(a)	_		_		(909)	(909)
Actuarial losses ^(a)	 				8,100	 8,100
Reclassifications before tax	_		79,852		7,191	87,043
Income tax expense			(17,457)		(1,688)	 (19,145)

⁽a) Amounts reclassified are included in the computation of net periodic benefit (income) cost, discussed further in Note 13.

\$

(46,245)

(125,788)

62,395

9,031

29,806

5,503

5,503

(178,005)

67,898

(31,711)

(273,987)

Nine months ended S	September 30, 2023	
	Pension and	
Derivative financial	postretirement	
instruments	benefit plans	

	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Derivative financial instruments	Pension and postretirement benefit plans	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (80,271)	\$ (10,440)	\$ (251,218)	\$ (341,929)
Other comprehensive loss, before reclassifications	(24,675)	(5,054)	_	(29,729)
Income tax benefit	3,607	1,272	_	4,879
	(21,068)	(3,782)		(24,850)
Reclassifications:				
Net loss on derivative financial instruments	_	16,891	_	16,891
Prior service credits ^(a)	_	_	66	66
Actuarial gains ^(a)	_	_	(3,834)	(3,834)
Reclassifications before tax	_	16,891	(3,768)	13,123
Income tax (expense) benefit	_	(3,967)	884	(3,083)
	_	12,924	(2,884)	10,040
Other comprehensive (loss) income	(21,068)	9,142	(2,884)	(14,810)
Balance, end of period	\$ (101,339)	\$ (1,298)	\$ (254,102)	\$ (356,739)

Nine months ended September 25, 2022

	tı	eign currency ranslation ljustments	D	erivative financial instruments	Pension and postretirement benefit plans	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$	(44,401)	\$	(2,005)	\$ (194,513)	\$ (240,919)
Other comprehensive loss, before reclassifications		(82,737)		(129,306)	_	(212,043)
Income tax benefit		1,350		28,025	_	29,375
		(81,387)		(101,281)	_	(182,668)
Reclassifications:						
Net loss on derivative financial instruments		_		170,601	_	170,601
Prior service credits ^(a)		_		_	(2,727)	(2,727)
Actuarial losses ^(a)		_		_	24,300	24,300
Reclassifications before tax		_		170,601	21,573	192,174
Income tax expense		_		(37,509)	(5,065)	(42,574)
		_		133,092	16,508	149,600
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(81,387)		31,811	16,508	(33,068)
Balance, end of period	\$	(125,788)	\$	29,806	\$ (178,005)	\$ (273,987)

Amounts reclassified are included in the computation of net periodic benefit (income) cost, discussed further in Note 15

16. Reportable Segments

The Company operates in three business segments: HDMC, LiveWire and HDFS. The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services and are managed separately based on the fundamental differences in their operations. The Company changed its segments in the period ended December 31, 2022. The change has been retrospectively reflected in the periods presented below.

Selected segment information is set forth below (in thousands):

		Three mo	nths	ended	Nine mon	ths e	nded
	Se	eptember 30, 2023		September 25, 2022	September 30, 2023		September 25, 2022
HDMC:							
Revenue	\$	1,296,981	\$	1,422,254	\$ 4,052,946	\$	3,968,989
Gross profit		410,690		489,341	1,385,190		1,284,063
Selling, administrative and engineering expense		235,437		210,227	679,864		575,364
Restructuring expense (benefit)				3	 		(389)
Operating income		175,253		279,111	705,326		709,088
LiveWire:							
Revenue		8,144		14,708	22,932		37,615
Gross profit (loss)		1,092		965	(584)		628
Selling, administrative and engineering expense		26,435		22,314	81,290		57,392
Operating loss		(25,343)		(21,349)	(81,874)		(56,764)
HDFS:							
Financial services revenue		243,934		211,613	707,390		606,244
Financial services expense		184,559		130,657	530,610		353,003
Operating income		59,375		80,956	176,780		253,241
Operating income	\$	209,285	\$	338,718	\$ 800,232	\$	905,565

Total assets for the HDMC, LiveWire and HDFS segments were \$3.5 billion, \$0.3 billion and \$8.6 billion, respectively, as of September 30, 2023, \$3.3 billion, \$0.4 billion and \$7.9 billion, respectively, as of December 31, 2022, and \$3.2 billion, \$0.2 billion and \$8.5 billion, respectively, as of September 25, 2022.

17. Supplemental Consolidating Data

The supplemental consolidating data includes separate legal entity data for the Company's financial services entities, including Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc. and its subsidiaries (Financial Services Entities), and all other Harley-Davidson, Inc. entities (Non-Financial Services Entities). This information is presented to highlight the separate financial statement impacts of the Company's Financial Services Entities and its Non-Financial Services Entities. The legal entity income statement information presented below differs from reportable segment income statement information due to the allocation of legal entity consolidating adjustments to income for reportable segments. Supplemental consolidating data is as follows (in thousands):

		Three months ended September 30, 2023 Non-Financial Services Financial Services Consolidating						
	Non-	Financial Services Entities	Fir	nancial Services Entities		Consolidating Adjustments		Consolidated
Revenue:								
Motorcycles and related products	\$	1,307,289	\$	_	\$	(2,164)	\$	1,305,125
Financial services				244,554		(620)		243,934
		1,307,289		244,554		(2,784)		1,549,059
Costs and expenses:								
Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold		893,343		_		_		893,343
Financial services interest expense		_		84,123		_		84,123
Financial services provision for credit losses		_		60,854		_		60,854
Selling, administrative and engineering expense		262,444		41,745		(2,735)		301,454
		1,155,787		186,722		(2,735)		1,339,774
Operating income		151,502		57,832		(49)		209,285
Other income, net		26,814		_		_		26,814
Investment income		209,868		_		(200,000)		9,868
Interest expense		7,688		_		_		7,688
Income before income taxes		380,496		57,832		(200,049)		238,279
Income tax provision		27,867		14,309		_		42,176
Net income		352,629		43,523		(200,049)		196,103
Less: (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,546	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,546
Net income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc.	\$	355,175	\$	43,523	\$	(200,049)	\$	198,649
				line months ended	Sept	ember 30, 2023		
					_			
	Non-	Financial Services Entities	Fir	nancial Services Entities		Consolidating Adjustments		Consolidated
Revenue:	Non-		Fir					Consolidated
Revenue: Motorcycles and related products	Non-				\$		\$	4,075,878
		Entities			\$	Adjustments	\$	
Motorcycles and related products		Entities		Entities —	\$	Adjustments (6,434)	\$	4,075,878
Motorcycles and related products		4,082,312 —		Entities — 709,167	\$	(6,434) (1,777)	\$	4,075,878 707,390
Motorcycles and related products Financial services		4,082,312 —		Entities — 709,167	\$	(6,434) (1,777)	\$	4,075,878 707,390
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses:		4,082,312 — 4,082,312		Entities — 709,167	\$	(6,434) (1,777)	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold		4,082,312 — 4,082,312		709,167 709,167	\$	(6,434) (1,777)	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense		4,082,312 — 4,082,312		709,167 709,167 709,167 — 243,677	\$	(6,434) (1,777)	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses		4,082,312 4,082,312 4,082,312 2,691,272 —		709,167 709,167 243,677 170,496	\$	(6,434) (1,777) (8,211)	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677 170,496
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses		4,082,312			\$	(6,434) (1,777) (8,211) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677 170,496 877,591
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense		4,082,312 4,082,312 2,691,272 — 762,963 3,454,235			\$	(6,434) (1,777) (8,211) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677 170,496 877,591 3,983,036
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Operating income		4,082,312 4,082,312 2,691,272 - 762,963 3,454,235 628,077			\$	(6,434) (1,777) (8,211) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677 170,496 877,591 3,983,036 800,232
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Operating income Other income, net		4,082,312 4,082,312 2,691,272 — 762,963 3,454,235 628,077 54,136			\$	(6,434) (1,777) (8,211) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677 170,496 877,591 3,983,036 800,232 54,136
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Operating income Other income, net Investment income		4,082,312 4,082,312 2,691,272 762,963 3,454,235 628,077 54,136 231,044			\$	(6,434) (1,777) (8,211) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677 170,496 877,591 3,983,036 800,232 54,136 31,044
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Operating income Other income, net Investment income Interest expense		### A,082,312 4,082,312 4,082,312 2,691,272 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —			\$	(6,434) (1,777) (8,211) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677 170,496 877,591 3,983,036 800,232 54,136 31,044 23,104
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Operating income Other income, net Investment income Interest expense Income before income taxes		### A,082,312 4,082,312 2,691,272 —— 762,963 3,454,235 628,077 54,136 231,044 23,104 890,153		Entities 709,167 709,167 243,677 170,496 122,871 537,044 172,123 172,123	\$	(6,434) (1,777) (8,211) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677 170,496 877,591 3,983,036 800,232 54,136 31,044 23,104 862,308
Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Operating income Other income, net Investment income Interest expense Income before income taxes Provision for income taxes		## A,082,312 4,082,312 2,691,272 —— 762,963 3,454,235 628,077 54,136 231,044 23,104 890,153 150,265		Entities 709,167 709,167 243,677 170,496 122,871 537,044 172,123 172,123 40,281	\$	(6,434) (1,777) (8,211) ———————————————————————————————————	\$	4,075,878 707,390 4,783,268 2,691,272 243,677 170,496 877,591 3,983,036 800,232 54,136 31,044 23,104 862,308 190,546

Revenue: Revenue: Image: Company of Example of Exampl									
Montroycles and Related Products \$1,439,894 \$1,210 \$(2,93) \$1,216,03 Financial Services 1,439,894 212,100 \$(3,49) \$2,16,163,57 Costs and expenses: **** **** **** \$96,656 \$- \$- \$96,656 \$- \$- \$0,704		Non-Fi		F					Consolidated
Financial Services 1,43,839 21,1,100 3,879 21,1,613 3,879 3,14,615 3,14,	Revenue:								
Motorycles and Related Products cost of goods sold 946,656	Motorcycles and Related Products	\$	1,439,894	\$	_	\$	(2,932)	\$	1,436,962
Costs and expenses: Security Controller of Motorcycles and Related Products cost of goods sold 946,656 — — 946,656 — 96,740 — 96,740 — 60,740 — 70,740 — 70,740 — 70,740 — 70,740 — 70,740 — 70,740 — 70,740 — 70,740 — 70,740 — 70,740 10,740 — 70,740 10,740 — 70,740 10,740 — 70,740 10,740 — 70,740 10,740 — 70,740 10,740 10,740 10,740 10,740 <th< td=""><td>Financial Services</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>212,100</td><td></td><td>(487)</td><td></td><td>211,613</td></th<>	Financial Services				212,100		(487)		211,613
Motorcycles and Related Products cost of goods old 946,565 — 946,565 Financial Services interest expense — 60,761 — 60,761 Financial Services provision for credit losses — 60,617 — 36,617 Selling, administrative and engineering expense 233,151 36,231 3,541 26,981 Restructuring expense 200,000 133,588 3,541 130,985 Operating income 200,000 7,812 122 338,783 Other income, net 9,358 — — 9,358 Invested provision for income taxes 80,102 — — 8,212 Income before income taxes 463,041 78,512 19,988 341,675 Net income 401,521 59,413 19,987 341,675 Net income taxes 463,041 78,512 19,988 341,675 Net income loss attributable to noncontrolling interest — — — — — — — — — — — — — <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,439,894</td> <td></td> <td>212,100</td> <td></td> <td>(3,419)</td> <td></td> <td>1,648,575</td>			1,439,894		212,100		(3,419)		1,648,575
Financial Services interest expense — 60,740 — 60,740 Financial Services provision for credit losses — 36,617 — 36,617 Selling, administrative and engineering expense 233,151 36,231 (3,541) 36,551 Restructuring expense 11,79,810 133,588 (3,541) 13,039,577 Operating income 260,004 78,512 122 338,718 Other income, net 9,358 — — 9,358 Investment income 20,12,23 — — 9,358 Investment income 463,041 78,512 (19,978) 341,05 Income before income taxes 463,041 78,512 (19,978) 36,118 Net income 401,651 59,413 (199,878) 261,186 Net income laxes — — — — Net income laxes — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Costs and expenses:								
Financial Services provision for credit losses — 36,617 — 36,127 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 26,811 36,817 36,817 36,817 36,817 36,817 36,817 36,817 36,817 36,818 36,817 36,818 36,817 36,818	Motorcycles and Related Products cost of goods sold		946,656		_		_		946,656
Selling, administrative and engineering expense 233,151 36,231 (3,541) 265,841 Restructuring expense 11,79,810 133,588 (3,541) 1,300,857 Operating income 260,048 78,512 122 338,718 Other income, net 9,358 - - 9,358 Investment income 20,122 - 20,000 1,723 Interest expense 8,124 - - 8,124 Income before income taxes 66,349 19,099 - 8,124 Income before income taxes 66,349 19,099 - 8,124 Net income 40,651 59,413 (199,878) 261,186 Less: (Income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interest -	Financial Services interest expense		_		60,740		_		60,740
Restructuring expenses 3 — (17) (20) — (20)	Financial Services provision for credit losses		_		36,617		_		36,617
Operating income 1,179,810 13,3588 (3,541) 1,309,875 Operating income, net 26,0684 78,512 122 338,718 Investment income, net 9,358 — 9,358 Investment income 201,723 — (200,000) 1,723 Interest expense 8,124 — — 8,124 Income before income taxes 463,041 78,512 (199,878) 341,675 Provision for income taxes 401,651 59,413 (199,878) 261,186 Income before income taxin butable to noncontrolling interests — — 1,000 1,009 — 261,186 Every commentary — — — — 1,000 — 261,186 Every commentary — — — — - <td>Selling, administrative and engineering expense</td> <td></td> <td>233,151</td> <td></td> <td>36,231</td> <td></td> <td>(3,541)</td> <td></td> <td>265,841</td>	Selling, administrative and engineering expense		233,151		36,231		(3,541)		265,841
Operating income 260,084 78,512 122 338,718 Other income, net 9,358 — — 9,358 Investment income 201,723 — 200,000 1,723 Interest expense 8,124 — — 8,124 Income before income taxes 66,391 9,909 — 80,485 Provision for income taxes 61,399 19,099 — 80,485 Net income 401,651 5,9413 (199,878) 261,186 Less: (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests —	Restructuring expense		3		_				3
Other income, net Income 9,538 — — 9,338 Invest met income 201,733 — (20,000) 1,723 Interest expense 8,124 — — 8,124 Income before income taxes 463,041 78,512 (199,878) 341,675 Provision for income taxes 41,661 19,099 — 80,489 Net income 401,661 59,413 (199,878) 261,186 Net income loss attributable to noncontrolling interests —			1,179,810		133,588		(3,541)		1,309,857
Investment income 201,723 — (200,000) 1,723 Income before income taxes 8,124 — (200,000) 3,124 Provision for income taxes 61,304 78,512 (199,878) 341,675 Net income 61,303 19,009 — (80,488) Net income 401,651 59,413 (199,878) 261,186 Less: (income) loss attributable to hariey-Davidson, Inc. 9 401,651 59,413 (199,878) 261,186 Net income attributable to Hariey-Davidson, Inc. 8 401,651 59,413 (199,878) 261,186 Net income attributable to Hariey-Davidson, Inc. 8 401,651 59,413 (199,878) 261,818 Net income attributable to Hariey-Davidson, Inc. 8 401,651 59,413 (199,878) 261,818 Net income attributable to Hariey-Davidson, Inc. 8 401,651 59,418 (199,878) 261,818 Net income attributable to Hariey-Davidson, Inc. 8 401,651 59,418 69,181 69,181 69,181 69,181 69,181 69,181 69,181 69,181 69,181 69,181 69,181	Operating income		260,084		78,512		122		338,718
Name	Other income, net		9,358		_		_		9,358
Note the fore income taxes 463,041 78,512 (199,878 341,675 10,000 10,0	Investment income		201,723		_		(200,000)		1,723
Provision for income taxes	Interest expense		8,124		_		_		8,124
Net income 401,651 59,413 (199,878) 261,186 Less: (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests —	Income before income taxes		463,041		78,512		(199,878)		341,675
Part	Provision for income taxes		61,390		19,099		_		80,489
Net income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc. § 401,655 § 9,941 § 19,9878 § 261,186 Non-Financial Services in Financial Services of Partition Consolidation of Partition Financial Services in Financial Services of Partition Consolidation of Partition Revenue: 8 4,015,779 \$ 9 9,175 \$ 4,006,604 Financial services 9 607,876 (1,632) 606,244 Financial services 9 607,876 (1,632) 606,244 Posts and expenses: 9 607,876 (1,632) 606,244 Prinancial services and related products cost of goods sold 2,721,913 ¬ ¬ 2,721,913 Financial services provision for credit losses 9 94,572 ¬ 94,572 Financial services provision for credit losses 9 94,572 ¬ 94,572 Selling, administrative and engineering expense 634,506 117,117 (10,924) 740,699 Restructuring benefit 3,356,031 362,171 (10,924) 3,707,283 Operating income 659,749 245,699 117	Net income		401,651		59,413		(199,878)		261,186
Non-Financial Service Financial Service	Less: (income) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		_		_		_		_
Revenue: Non-Financial Services Financial Services Consolidating Adjustments Consolidating Adjustments Consolidating Adjustments Consolidating Adjustments Consolidation Adjustments Consolidation Adjustments Consolidation Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments Consolidation Adjustments	Net income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc.	\$	401,651	\$	59,413	\$	(199,878)	\$	261,186
Revenue: Non-Financial Services Intitlés Financial Services Consolidating Adjustments Consolidation Adjust									
Motorcycles and related products \$ 4,015,779 \$ - 607,876 (1,632) 606,244 Financial services - 607,876 (1,632) 606,244 Costs and expenses: - 4,015,779 607,876 (10,807) 4,612,848 Costs and expenses: - 80,000 150,488 - 90,721,913				_	Nine months ended	Sept	ember 25. 2022	_	
Financial services — 607,876 (1,632) 606,244 Costs and expenses: — 4,015,779 607,876 (10,807) 4,612,848 Costs and expenses: — 807,876 (10,807) 4,612,848 Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold 2,721,913 — — 2,721,913 Financial services interest expense — 150,488 — 150,488 Financial services provision for credit losses — 94,572 — 94,572 Selling, administrative and engineering expense 634,506 117,117 (10,924) 740,699 Restructuring benefit (389) — — (389) Operating income 659,749 245,699 17 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 —<		Non-Fi		F	inancial Services	Sept	Consolidating		Consolidated
Costs and expenses: 4,015,779 607,876 (10,807) 4,612,848 Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold 2,721,913 — — 2,721,913 Financial services interest expense — 150,488 — 150,488 Financial services provision for credit losses — 94,572 — 94,572 Selling, administrative and engineering expense 634,506 117,117 (10,924) 740,699 Restructuring benefit (389) — — — (389) Operating income 659,749 245,699 117 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883)	Revenue:	Non-Fi		F	inancial Services	Sept	Consolidating		Consolidated
Costs and expenses: Amotorcycles and related products cost of goods sold 2,721,913 — — 2,721,913 Financial services interest expense — 150,488 — 150,488 Financial services provision for credit losses — 94,572 — 94,572 Selling, administrative and engineering expense 634,506 117,117 (10,924) 740,699 Restructuring benefit (389) — — — (389) Operating income 659,749 245,699 117 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537			Entities		inancial Services Entities		Consolidating Adjustments	\$	
Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold 2,721,913 — — 2,721,913 Financial services interest expense — 150,488 — 150,488 Financial services provision for credit losses — 94,572 — 94,572 Selling, administrative and engineering expense 634,506 117,117 (10,924) 740,699 Restructuring benefit (389) — — — (389) Operating income 659,749 245,699 117 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products		Entities		inancial Services Entities —		Consolidating Adjustments (9,175)	\$	4,006,604
Financial services interest expense — 150,488 — 150,488 Financial services provision for credit losses — 94,572 — 94,572 Selling, administrative and engineering expense 634,506 117,117 (10,924) 740,699 Restructuring benefit (389) — — — (389) Personal Services interest expense 659,749 245,699 117 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products		4,015,779 —		inancial Services Entities — 607,876		Consolidating Adjustments (9,175) (1,632)	\$	4,006,604 606,244
Financial services provision for credit losses — 94,572 — 94,572 Selling, administrative and engineering expense 634,506 117,117 (10,924) 740,699 Restructuring benefit (389) — — — (389) Operating income 659,749 245,699 117 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services		4,015,779 —		inancial Services Entities — 607,876		Consolidating Adjustments (9,175) (1,632)	\$	4,006,604 606,244
Selling, administrative and engineering expense 634,506 117,117 (10,924) 740,699 Restructuring benefit (389) — — — (389) Operating income 33,356,030 362,177 (10,924) 3,707,283 Operating income 659,749 245,699 117 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses:		4,015,779 4,015,779		inancial Services Entities — 607,876		Consolidating Adjustments (9,175) (1,632)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848
Restructuring benefit (389) — — — (389) Operating income 3,356,030 362,177 (10,924) 3,707,283 Operating income 659,749 245,699 117 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold		4,015,779 4,015,779		inancial Services		Consolidating Adjustments (9,175) (1,632)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913
3,356,030 362,177 (10,924) 3,707,283 Operating income 659,749 245,699 117 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense		4,015,779 4,015,779		inancial Services Entities 607,876 607,876 150,488		Consolidating Adjustments (9,175) (1,632)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488
Operating income 659,749 245,699 117 905,565 Other income, net 30,443 — — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses		4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 — —		inancial Services Entities 607,876 607,876 150,488 94,572		(9,175) (1,632) (10,807)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572
Other income, net 30,443 — — 30,443 Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense		4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 — 634,506		inancial Services Entities 607,876 607,876 150,488 94,572		(9,175) (1,632) (10,807)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699
Investment income (loss) 196,214 — (200,000) (3,786) Interest expense 23,555 — — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense		4,015,779 4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 — 634,506 (389)		inancial Services Entities 607,876 607,876 150,488 94,572 117,117		(9,175) (1,632) (10,807) ————————————————————————————————————	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699 (389)
Interest expense 23,555 — — 23,555 Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Restructuring benefit		4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 - 634,506 (389) 3,356,030				(9,175) (1,632) (10,807) (10,924) (10,924)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699 (389) 3,707,283
Income before income taxes 862,851 245,699 (199,883) 908,667 Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Restructuring benefit Operating income		4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 634,506 (389) 3,356,030 659,749				(9,175) (1,632) (10,807) (10,924) (10,924)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699 (389) 3,707,283 905,565
Provision for income taxes 150,231 58,899 — 209,130 Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Restructuring benefit Operating income Other income, net		4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 634,506 (389) 3,356,030 659,749 30,443				Consolidating Adjustments (9,175) (1,632) (10,807) (10,924) (10,924) 117	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699 (389) 3,707,283 905,565 30,443
Net income 712,620 186,800 (199,883) 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Restructuring benefit Operating income Other income, net Investment income (loss)		4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 — 634,506 (389) 3,356,030 659,749 30,443 196,214				Consolidating Adjustments (9,175) (1,632) (10,807) (10,924) (10,924) 117	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699 (389) 3,707,283 905,565 30,443 (3,786)
	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Restructuring benefit Operating income Other income, net Investment income (loss) Interest expense		4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 —— 634,506 (389) 3,356,030 659,749 30,443 196,214 23,555				(9,175) (1,632) (10,807) (10,907) (10,924) — (10,924) — (10,924) 117 — (200,000)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699 (389) 3,707,283 905,565 30,443 (3,786) 23,555
	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Restructuring benefit Operating income Other income, net Investment income (loss) Interest expense Income before income taxes		## A,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 ———————————————————————————————————		inancial Services Entities 607,876 607,876 150,488 94,572 117,117 362,177 245,699 245,699		(9,175) (1,632) (10,807) (10,907) (10,924) — (10,924) — (10,924) 117 — (200,000)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699 (389) 3,707,283 905,565 30,443 (3,786) 23,555 908,667
·	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Restructuring benefit Operating income Other income, net Investment income (loss) Interest expense Income before income taxes Provision for income taxes		4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 —— 634,506 (389) 3,356,030 659,749 30,443 196,214 23,555 862,851 150,231		inancial Services Entities 607,876 607,876 150,488 94,572 117,117 362,177 245,699 245,699 58,899		Consolidating Adjustments (9,175) (1,632) (10,807) (10,924) (10,924) 117 (200,000) (199,883)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699 (389) 3,707,283 905,565 30,443 (3,786) 23,555 908,667 209,130
Net income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc. \$ 712,620 \$ 186,800 \$ (199,883) \$ 699,537	Motorcycles and related products Financial services Costs and expenses: Motorcycles and related products cost of goods sold Financial services interest expense Financial services provision for credit losses Selling, administrative and engineering expense Restructuring benefit Operating income Other income, net Investment income (loss) Interest expense Income before income taxes Provision for income taxes Net income		4,015,779 4,015,779 2,721,913 —— 634,506 (389) 3,356,030 659,749 30,443 196,214 23,555 862,851 150,231		inancial Services Entities 607,876 607,876 150,488 94,572 117,117 362,177 245,699 245,699 58,899		Consolidating Adjustments (9,175) (1,632) (10,807) (10,924) (10,924) 117 (200,000) (199,883)	\$	4,006,604 606,244 4,612,848 2,721,913 150,488 94,572 740,699 (389) 3,707,283 905,565 30,443 (3,786) 23,555 908,667 209,130

		September 30, 2023						
	Non	-Financial Services Entities	F	inancial Services Entities		Consolidating Adjustments		Consolidated
<u>ASSETS</u>								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,218,420	\$	659,931	\$	_	\$	1,878,351
Accounts receivable, net		672,755		8		(357,432)		315,331
Finance receivables, net		_		2,101,965		_		2,101,965
Inventories, net		768,765		_		_		768,765
Restricted cash		_		130,838		_		130,838
Other current assets		172,174		59,920		(4,538)		227,556
		2,832,114		2,952,662		(361,970)		5,422,806
Finance receivables, net		_		5,553,259		_		5,553,259
Property, plant and equipment, net		682,350		20,954		_		703,304
Pension and postretirement assets		369,440		_		_		369,440
Goodwill		61,935		_		_		61,935
Deferred income taxes		54,972		90,976		(1,184)		144,764
Lease assets		65,327		3,707		_		69,034
Other long-term assets		223,757		26,765		(112,848)		137,674
	\$	4,289,895	\$	8,648,323	\$	(476,002)	\$	12,462,216
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	362,662	\$	376,897	\$	(357,432)	\$	382,127
Accrued liabilities		461,725		128,585		(4,176)		586,134
Short-term deposits, net		_		250,987		_		250,987
Short-term debt		_		815,081		_		815,081
Current portion of long-term debt, net				638,496				638,496
		824,387		2,210,046		(361,608)		2,672,825
Long-term deposits, net		_		227,946		_		227,946
Long-term debt, net		745,900		5,110,105		_		5,856,005
Lease liabilities		48,572		3,666		_		52,238
Pension and postretirement liabilities		67,991		_		_		67,991
Deferred income taxes		27,116		2,412		_		29,528
Other long-term liabilities		144,405		98,041		1,967		244,413
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)								
Shareholders' equity		2,431,524		996,107		(116,361)		3,311,270
	\$	4,289,895	\$	8,648,323	\$	(476,002)	\$	12,462,216

		September 25, 2022				
	Non-Financial Servi Entities	ices Financial Services Entities	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated		
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 926,38	89 \$ 803,861	L \$ —	\$ 1,730,250		
Accounts receivable, net	695,89	99 –	- (395,445)	300,454		
Finance receivables, net		- 1,807,718	-	1,807,718		
Inventories, net	680,7	62 –		680,762		
Restricted cash	100,00	00 187,264	1 –	287,264		
Other current assets	167,99	99 54,251	L (16,516)	205,734		
	2,571,04	49 2,853,094	(411,961)	5,012,182		
Finance receivables, net		— 5,534,730		5,534,730		
Property, plant and equipment, net	616,3	82 25,269	-	641,651		
Pension and postretirement assets	424,73	84 –		424,784		
Goodwill	60,4	40 —	-	60,440		
Deferred income taxes	15,80	06 79,162	(25,234)	69,734		
Lease assets	34,2	30 6,313	-	40,543		
Other long-term assets	206,40	09 43,368	(106,230)	143,547		
	\$ 3,929,10	00 \$ 8,541,936	5 (543,425)	\$ 11,927,611		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 414,4	48 \$ 419,531	L \$ (395,445)	\$ 438,534		
Accrued liabilities	532,80	08 193,328	(15,592)	710,544		
Short-term deposits, net		– 97,856	5 –	97,856		
Short-term debt		— 692,551	L –	692,551		
Current portion of long-term debt, net		— 1,740,422	2 –	1,740,422		
	947,2	56 3,143,688	(411,037)	3,679,907		
Long-term deposits, net		– 246,879) –	246,879		
Long-term debt, net	745,1	92 3,993,042	_	4,738,234		
Lease liabilities	17,5	24 6,312	2 –	23,836		
Pension and postretirement liabilities	92,9	53 –		92,953		
Deferred income taxes	32,1	99 582	(24,469)	8,312		
Other long-term liabilities	157,1	12 138,027	7 2,141	297,280		
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)		,				
Shareholders' equity	1,936,8	64 1,013,406	(110,060)	2,840,210		
	\$ 3,929,1	9 8,541,936	\$ (543,425)	\$ 11,927,611		
		·	·			

Net cash used by investing activities

	Nine months ended September 30, 2023						
	Non-Fi	nancial Services Entities		ial Services ntities		Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net income	\$	739,888	\$	131,842	\$	(199,968)	\$ 671,762
Adjustments to reconcile Net income to Net cash provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		105,824		6,768		_	112,592
Amortization of deferred loan origination costs		_		65,996		_	65,996
Amortization of financing origination fees		532		9,202		_	9,734
Provision for long-term employee benefits		(50,373)		_		_	(50,373)
Employee benefit plan contributions and payments		(2,668)		_		_	(2,668)
Stock compensation expense		61,642		2,896		_	64,538
Net change in wholesale finance receivables related to sales		_		_		(392,817)	(392,817)
Provision for credit losses		_		170,496		_	170,496
Deferred income taxes		147		(8,764)		162	(8,455)
Other, net		(15,606)		(4,099)		(33)	(19,738)
Changes in current assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable, net		(312,549)		_		240,465	(72,084)
Finance receivables – accrued interest and other		_		2,366		_	2,366
Inventories, net		160,742		_		_	160,742
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(10,440)		257,748		(232,855)	14,453
Other current assets		(24,418)		4,645		(4)	(19,777)
		(87,167)		507,254		(385,082)	35,005
Net cash provided by operating activities		652,721		639,096		(585,050)	706,767
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Capital expenditures		(135,768)		(3,134)		_	(138,902)
Origination of finance receivables		_		(6,035,046)		2,872,089	(3,162,957)
Collections on finance receivables		_		5,276,887		(2,487,039)	2,789,848
Other investing activities		(1,622)		_		2,500	878

(137,390)

(761,293)

387,550

(511,133)

Nine month	s ended Se	otember 3	0. 2023

	Non-Financial Services Entities	Financial Services Entities	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of medium-term notes	_	1,446,304	_	1,446,304
Repayments of medium-term notes	_	(1,056,680)	_	(1,056,680)
Proceeds from securitization debt	_	1,045,547	_	1,045,547
Repayments of securitization debt	_	(930,608)	_	(930,608)
Borrowings of asset-backed commercial paper	_	42,429	_	42,429
Repayments of asset-backed commercial paper	_	(187,599)	_	(187,599)
Net increase in unsecured commercial paper	_	43,523	_	43,523
Net increase in deposits	_	161,157	_	161,157
Dividends paid	(72,775)	(200,000)	200,000	(72,775)
Repurchase of common stock	(239,428)	_	_	(239,428)
Other financing activities	1,706	2,500	(2,500)	1,706
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(310,497)	366,573	197,500	253,576
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(8,212)	(203)		(8,415)
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 196,622	\$ 244,173	\$ —	\$ 440,795
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:				
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	\$ 1,021,798	\$ 557,379	\$ -	\$ 1,579,177
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	196,622	244,173	_	440,795
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 1,218,420	\$ 801,552	\$	\$ 2,019,972

Origination of finance receivables

Collections on finance receivables

Net cash used by investing activities

Other investing activities

	Nine months ended September 25, 2022							
		ancial Services Entities	Financial Services Entities		Consolidating Adjustments			Consolidated
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Net income	\$	712,620	\$	186,800	\$	(199,883)	\$	699,537
Adjustments to reconcile Net income to Net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation and amortization		108,485		6,382		_		114,867
Amortization of deferred loan origination costs		_		72,214		_		72,214
Amortization of financing origination fees		524		10,951		_		11,475
Provision for long-term employee benefits		(14,637)		_		_		(14,637)
Employee benefit plan contributions and payments		(4,766)		_		_		(4,766)
Stock compensation expense		31,418		2,177		_		33,595
Net change in wholesale finance receivables related to sales		_		_		(294,698)		(294,698)
Provision for credit losses		_		94,572		_		94,572
Deferred income taxes		1,981		(4,681)		(280)		(2,980)
Other, net		20,190		4,318		(116)		24,392
Changes in current assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable, net		(443,645)		_		292,919		(150,726)
Finance receivables – accrued interest and other		_		3,566		_		3,566
Inventories, net		(6,577)		_		_		(6,577)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		22,075		321,594		(305,924)		37,745
Other current assets		(58,774)		2,615		13,284		(42,875)
		(343,726)		513,708		(294,815)		(124,833)
Net cash provided by operating activities	'	368,894		700,508		(494,698)		574,704
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Capital expenditures		(82,153)		(2,794)		_		(84,947)

2,160

(79,993)

(6,642,296)

5,684,649

(960,441)

(3,773,830)

3,110,881

(745,736)

2,160

2,868,466

(2,573,768)

294,698

Nine months	andad	Santambar	25	つハつつ

	Non-Financial Services Entities	Financial Services Entities	Consolidating Adjustments	Consolidated
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from issuance of medium-term notes	_	495,785	_	495,785
Repayments of medium-term notes	_	(950,000)	_	(950,000)
Proceeds from securitization debt	_	1,826,891	_	1,826,891
Repayments of securitization debt	_	(1,054,939)	_	(1,054,939)
Borrowings of asset-backed commercial paper	_	448,255	_	448,255
Repayments of asset-backed commercial paper	_	(228,431)	_	(228,431)
Net decrease in unsecured commercial paper	_	(60,281)	_	(60,281)
Net increase in deposits	_	54,080	_	54,080
Deposit in advance of business combination	100,000	_	_	100,000
Dividends paid	(70,163)	(200,000)	200,000	(70,163)
Repurchase of common stock	(338,496)	_	_	(338,496)
Other financing activities	(1,237)			(1,237)
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(309,896)	331,360	200,000	221,464
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(30,821)	(2,540)	_	(33,361)
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (51,816)	\$ 68,887	\$ —	\$ 17,071
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash:				
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period	,,	\$ 947,014	\$ —	\$ 2,025,219
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(51,816)	68,887		17,071
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$ 1,026,389	\$ 1,015,901	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,042,290

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Unless the context otherwise requires, all references to the "Company" include Harley-Davidson, Inc. and all its subsidiaries. Harley-Davidson, Inc. operates in three segments: Harley-Davidson Motor Company (HDMC), LiveWire and Harley-Davidson Financial Services (HDFS).

The "% Change" figures included in the Results of Operations sections were calculated using unrounded dollar amounts and may differ from calculations using the rounded dollar amounts presented. Certain "% Change" deemed not meaningful (NM) have been excluded.

(1) Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

The Company intends that certain matters discussed in this report are "forward-looking statements" intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements can generally be identified as such by reference to this footnote or because the context of the statement will include words such as the Company "believes," "anticipates," "expects," "plans," "may," "will," "estimates," "targets," "intends," "forecasts," "is on-track," "sees," "feels," or words of similar meaning. Similarly, statements that describe or refer to future expectations, future plans, strategies, objectives, outlooks, targets, guidance, commitments or goals are also forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially, unfavorably or favorably, from those anticipated as of the date of this report. Certain of such risks and uncertainties are described in close proximity to such statements or elsewhere in this report, including under the caption "Cautionary Statements" in this Item 2, as well as in *Item 1A. Risk Factors* of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. Shareholders, potential investors, and other readers are urged to consider these factors in evaluating the forward-looking statements and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements included in the "Key Factors Impacting the Company" and the "Guidance" sections in this Item 2 are only made as of October 26, 2023 and the remaining forward-looking statements in this report are made as of the date of the filing of this report (November 8, 2023), and the Company disclaims any obligation to publicly update such forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Overview⁽¹⁾

During the third quarter of 2023, the Company continued to experience a challenging macro-economic environment as it worked through the effects of the previously disclosed unplanned mid-2023 production suspension that occurred in late June and the first part of July 2023. Net income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc. was \$198.6 million, or \$1.38 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2023 compared to \$261.2 million, or \$1.78 per diluted share, in the third quarter of 2022.

In the third quarter of 2023, HDMC segment operating income was \$175.3 million, down \$103.9 million from the third quarter of 2022. The decrease in operating income from the HDMC segment for the third quarter of 2023 was driven primarily by lower motorcycle shipments, increased operating expenses and unfavorable foreign currency exchange impacts partially offset by price increases, reduced raw material costs and favorable product mix compared to the same quarter last year. Operating loss from the LiveWire segment in the third quarter of 2023 was \$25.3 million compared to an operating loss of \$21.3 million in the prior year quarter due primarily to lower electric balance bike shipments and increased operating expenses. Operating income from the HDFS segment in the third quarter of 2023 was \$59.4 million, down \$21.6 million compared to the prior year quarter due primarily to higher interest expense and an increase in the provision for credit losses partially offset by higher interest income.

Retail sales of Harley-Davidson motorcycles declined during the third quarter behind higher consumer interest rates and reduced availability of certain models following the mid-2023 production suspension. Retail sales of new Harley-Davidson motorcycles in the third quarter of 2023 decreased 15.6% compared to the third quarter of 2022, including a decrease of 15.1% and 16.5% in U.S. and international markets, respectively. Refer to the Harley-Davidson Motorcycles Retail Sales and Registration Data section for further discussion of retail sales results.

Key Factors Impacting the Company⁽¹⁾

Supply Chain Challenges – Starting in 2020, the Company began to experience disruption and increasing costs related to global supply chain challenges, including global semiconductor chip shortages. During the second half of 2022, these cost increases began to moderate primarily through the normalization of logistics inflation and to a lesser extent raw materials inflation which slowed as metal markets improved. In addition, during the second half of 2022, the Company began to reduce its reliance on expedited shipping. During the first nine months of 2023, the Company continued to experience a moderate level of cost inflation, primarily related to labor and warehousing costs, partially offset by deflation related to freight and raw materials. The Company also continued to reduce its use of expedited modes of freight during the first nine months of 2023. The Company continues to expect overall supply-chain cost inflation to moderate for the 2023 full year as compared to 2022.

Supply Matters – During the second quarter of 2022, the Company received information from a Tier 2 supplier, Proterial Cable America, Inc. ("PCA" f/k/a Hitachi Cable America, Inc.), concerning a potential regulatory compliance matter relating to PCA's brake hose assemblies. As a result, out of an abundance of caution, the Company suspended all vehicle assembly and shipments for approximately two weeks during the second quarter of 2022. Since then, the Company has been working through the regulatory compliance matter with PCA, the Company's relevant Tier-1 suppliers, and the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), the agency responsible for brake hose assembly compliance in the United States.

In connection with this matter, in July 2022, PCA notified NHTSA of a population of brake hose assemblies manufactured between May and July of 2022 that were non-compliant with select NHTSA laboratory test standards. Based on that filing, in August 2022, the Company notified NHTSA of the corresponding population of Harley-Davidson motorcycles containing those brake hose assemblies. In October 2022, PCA amended its original notification, expanding its population of non-compliant brake hose assemblies to include units produced by PCA for use in Harley-Davidson motorcycles beginning as early as model year 2008. In December 2022, the Company amended its August notification, expanding the population to also include Harley-Davidson motorcycles that contained PCA's newly identified brake hose assemblies. In March 2023, PCA again amended its NHTSA notification, identifying additional compliance issues with the previously identified brake hose assemblies. The Company followed PCA's March amendment with a derivative amended notification to NHTSA in May 2023.

In June 2023, the Company received a letter from PCA advising that PCA was investigating a new, separate potential quality issue with brake hose assemblies produced by PCA after the Company's 2022 production suspension. Due to this issue, the Company was forced to suspend production of most of the motorcycles manufactured at its York facility and run limited motorcycle manufacturing operations there for approximately two weeks. The Company continued to manufacture, among other motorcycles, the recently launched 2023 CVO Road Glide and Street Glide, which do not use PCA's brake hose assemblies. It also continued its normal motorcycle manufacturing operations at its international facilities. In connection with this matter, in late June 2023 PCA filed a new and separate NHTSA notification, identifying certain brake hose assemblies produced between June of 2022 and June of 2023 as noncompliant with select NHTSA laboratory test standards. The Company followed PCA's June 2023 notification by filing a derivative notification with NHTSA in early July 2023.

As permitted by federal law, both PCA and the Company have utilized NHTSA's standard process to petition the agency to determine that these compliance issues are inconsequential to motor vehicle safety ("Inconsequentiality Determinations"). If NHTSA makes the Inconsequentiality Determinations requested, the Company will be exempt from conducting a field action or recall of its motorcycles related to these matters.

In its inconsequentiality petitions, the Company has presented NHTSA with: (1) extensive independent, third-party and internal testing demonstrating that the brake hose assemblies at issue are robust to extreme conditions - which far exceed maximum expected motorcycle lifetime demands - with no impact to brake performance; and (2) real-world field safety data showing no documented crashes or injuries attributable to the identified compliance issues for the relevant affected populations. The Company believes its petitions are closely comparable to inconsequentiality petitions that have resulted in successful inconsequentiality determinations in the past. The Company is also confident that its position that the compliance issues are inconsequential to motor vehicle safety is strong and, therefore, no field action or recall will be necessary.

Based on its expectation that NHTSA will make Inconsequentiality Determinations, the Company does not expect that these regulatory noncompliance matters will result in material costs in the future, and no costs have been accrued to date. However, it is possible that a field action or recall could be required that could cause the Company to incur material costs. There are several variables and uncertainties associated with any potential field action or recall that are not yet fully known including, but not limited to, the population of brake hose assemblies and motorcycles, the specific field action or recall required, the complexity and cost of the required repair, the need for and availability of replacement parts, and the number of motorcycle owners that would participate. The Company estimates, based on its available information and assumptions, that the cost of a potential field action or recall in the aggregate, if any were to occur, could range from approximately \$100 million to \$400 million. The Company continues to evaluate and update its estimates as it learns more about these regulatory matters, including the variables and uncertainties discussed above. The Company also continues to maintain its expectation that NHTSA will make the requested Inconsequentiality Determinations and that these regulatory matters will not result in

Table of Contents

any material field action or recall costs. If a material field action or recall were to result, the Company would seek full recovery of those amounts.

Interest Rates - Interest rates increased significantly during 2022 and continued to increase in 2023 as central banks attempted to reduce inflation. Rising interest rates may adversely impact HDFS's interest income margin to the extent HDFS is unable to offset a higher cost of funds with increased interest rates on products it offers to its customers. Additionally, higher interest rates may make the Company's motorcycles less affordable, adversely impact product mix or impact customers' ability to obtain financing to purchase the Company's motorcycles.

Suspension of Additional European Union Tariffs – In April 2021, the Company received notification from the Economic Ministry of Belgium that, following a request from the European Union (EU), the Company would be subject to revocation of the Binding Origin Information (BOI) decisions that allowed it to supply its EU markets with certain motorcycles produced at its Thailand manufacturing facility at tariff rates of 6%. As a result of the revocation, all non-electric motorcycles that Harley-Davidson imported into the EU, regardless of origin, were subject to a total tariff rate of 31% from April 19, 2021 through the end of 2021. On October 30, 2021, the U.S. and EU announced an agreement related to the Section 232 tariffs on steel and aluminum that were implemented in 2018 by the U.S. and the subsequent rebalancing tariff measures taken by the EU. This agreement suspended the additional tariffs initially imposed by the EU on the Company's motorcycles, reducing the total EU tariff rate on the Company's motorcycles from 31% to 6%, effective January 1, 2022. The lower 6% tariff rate applies to all motorcycles imported by the Company into the EU, regardless of origin. Under the agreement between the U.S. and the EU, the lower tariff rate will remain in effect until December 31, 2023. While it is the Company's understanding that negotiations between the U.S. and the EU are ongoing, there are no assurances they will reach a resolution that concludes the trade conflict on steel and aluminum tariffs beyond December 31, 2023.

To date, the Company continues to pursue its appeals of the revocation of the BOI decisions and the denial of its application for temporary extended reliance on the 6% tariff rate (for motorcycles produced in Thailand and ordered prior to April 19, 2021), although there is no assurance that these appeals will continue or be successful.

Guidance⁽¹⁾

On October 26, 2023, the Company provided guidance for 2023, which reflects its results for the first nine months of 2023 and its outlook for the remainder of the year:

The Company expects HDMC revenue growth of 0% to 3% in 2023 compared to 2022. The Company's revenue expectation assumes the impact of a decline in wholesale unit shipments, offset by the impact of pricing actions intended to offset the impact of a moderated inflationary outlook and a beneficial product mix, as the Company focuses on its most profitable products.

The Company expects HDMC operating margin as a percent of revenue to be in the range of 13.9% to 14.3% in 2023. The Company continues to believe the anticipated positive impact of pricing and supply chain productivity will offset cost inflation and unfavorability related to foreign currency exchange rates. This guidance reflects productivity savings of approximately \$70 million for 2023 which has been revised down from \$100 million based on the Company's current production environment.

The Company expects LiveWire to sell 600 to 1,000 LiveWire motorcycle units in 2023. The Company expects a LiveWire operating loss of \$115 million to \$125 million in 2023.

The Company expects HDFS operating income to decline 20% to 25% in 2023 compared to 2022. HDFS continues to stay focused on several actions to effectively manage the business in the current credit environment, including increased investment behind collections and stronger repossession efforts. HDFS also expects to continue to grow other revenue sources such as licensing and insurance revenue.

The Company expects capital investments in 2023 of between \$225 and \$250 million. The Company plans to continue to invest behind product development and capability enhancement in support of The Hardwire strategy.

The Company's capital allocation priorities remain to fund growth through The Hardwire initiatives, pay dividends, and execute discretionary share repurchases.

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 25, 2022

Consolidated Results

	i nree months ended								
(in thousands, except earnings per share)	S	eptember 30, 2023	September 25, 2022		Increase (Decrease)	% Change			
Operating income - HDMC	\$	175,253	\$ 279,112	L \$	(103,858)	(37.2)%			
Operating loss - LiveWire		(25,343)	(21,349	9)	(3,994)	18.7			
Operating income - HDFS		59,375	80,950	5	(21,581)	(26.7)			
Operating income		209,285	338,718	3	(129,433)	(38.2)			
Other income, net		26,814	9,358	3	17,456	186.5			
Investment income (loss)		9,868	1,72	3	8,145	472.7			
Interest expense		7,688	8,12	1	(436)	(5.4)			
Income before income taxes		238,279	341,67	5	(103,396)	(30.3)			
Income tax provision		42,176	80,489)	(38,313)	(47.6)			
Net income		196,103	261,180	5	(65,083)	(24.9)%			
Less: Loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		2,546	_	-	2,546	NM			
Net income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc.	\$	198,649	\$ 261,180	5 \$	(62,537)	(23.9)%			
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.38	\$ 1.78	\$	(0.40)	(22.5)%			

The Company reported operating income of \$209.3 million in the third quarter of 2023 compared to \$338.7 million in the same period last year. The HDMC segment reported operating income of \$175.3 million in the third quarter of 2023, a decrease of \$103.9 million compared to the third quarter of 2022. Operating loss from the LiveWire segment increased \$4.0 million compared to the third quarter of 2022. Operating income from the HDFS segment decreased \$21.6 million compared to the third quarter of 2022. Refer to the HDMC Segment, LiveWire Segment and HDFS Segment sections for a more detailed discussion of the factors affecting operating results.

Other income in the third quarter of 2023 was higher than in the third quarter of 2022, impacted by higher non-operating income related to the Company's defined benefit plans as well as a benefit related to LiveWire's warrants, which decreased in fair value.

The Company's effective income tax rate for the third quarter of 2023 was 17.7% compared to 23.6% for the third quarter of 2022.

Diluted earnings per share was \$1.38 in the third quarter of 2023, down 22.5% from the same period last year. Diluted weighted average shares outstanding decreased from 147.1 million in the third quarter of 2022 to 144.3 million in the third quarter of 2023, driven by the Company's discretionary repurchases of common stock. Refer to Liquidity and Capital Resources for additional information concerning the Company's share repurchase activity.

Harley-Davidson Motorcycles Retail Sales and Registration Data

Harley-Davidson Motorcycle Retail Sales^(a)

Retail unit sales of new Harley-Davidson motorcycles were as follows:

	Three mon			
	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	(Decrease) Increase	% Change
United States	25,336	29,838	(4,502)	(15.1)%
Canada	2,010	2,153	(143)	(6.6)
North America	27,346	31,991	(4,645)	(14.5)
Europe/Middle East/Africa (EMEA)	7,847	9,002	(1,155)	(12.8)
Asia Pacific	5,784	7,629	(1,845)	(24.2)
Latin America	681	765	(84)	(11.0)
	41,658	49,387	(7,729)	(15.6)%

(a) Data source for retail sales figures shown above is new sales warranty and registration information provided by dealers and compiled by the Company. The Company must rely on information that its dealers supply concerning new retail sales, and the Company does not regularly verify the information that its dealers supply. This information is subject to revision

Worldwide retail sales of new Harley-Davidson motorcycles were down 15.6% during the third quarter of 2023 compared to the same period last year, driven by a 14.5% decrease in North America, a 12.8% decrease in EMEA and a 24.2% decrease in Asia Pacific.

North America retail sales were adversely impacted by macro-economic conditions and product availability. During the third quarter, the Company believes high interest rates continued to impact consumer discretionary purchases. Additionally, as the Company worked through the mid-2023 production suspension, shipments of certain higher-demand motorcycles in the third quarter were delayed, adversely affecting retail sales during the quarter. Finally, retail sales were also impacted by the discontinuation of legacy Sportster models at the end of 2022 as the Company shifted to more profitable Sport models in 2023. The decline in EMEA was primarily driven by a planned unit mix shift towards more profitable core motorcycle models, and lower retail unit sales in Asia Pacific were driven primarily by declines in China on weaker economic conditions.

Worldwide average retail inventory of new motorcycles was up 52% during the third quarter of 2023 compared to what the Company believes were tight inventory levels during the third quarter of 2022. Additionally, the Company believes the current challenging retail environment requires higher retail inventory levels relative to 2022 and 2021. Retail inventory remains below higher levels experienced during the third quarter of 2019. Average retail inventory is calculated based on a four-point average including inventory on the first day of the quarter and each subsequent month-end within the quarter.

In the U.S., 2023 year-to-date retail transaction prices for new motorcycles on average were broadly in line with the Company's targeted range of plus or minus 2% of the Manufacturer's Suggested Retail Prices.

HDMC Segment

Harley-Davidson Motorcycle Unit Shipments

Motorcycle unit shipments were as follows:

Three months ended September 30, 2023 September 25, 2022 Unit Unit Increase (Decrease) Units Units Mix % % Change U.S. motorcycle shipments 30,167 66.6 % 36,997 65.1 % (6,830)(18.5)% Worldwide motorcycle shipments: Grand American Touring(a) 23,781 52.5 % 27,521 48.5 % (3,740)(13.6)% Cruiser 17,142 37.9 % 17,197 30.2 % (55)(0.3)Sport and Lightweight 3,103 6.9 % 10,079 17.7 % (6,976)(69.2)2.7 % 2,058 **Adventure Touring** 1,243 3.6 % (815)(39.6)45,269 100.0 % 56,855 100.0 % (11,586)(20.4)%

(a) Includes Trike

The Company shipped 45,269 motorcycles worldwide during the third quarter of 2023, which was 20.4% lower than the third quarter of 2022. Shipments to dealers in the third quarter of 2023 were adversely impacted by market conditions and the effects of the mid-2023 production suspension. In addition, Sport motorcycle shipments were lower following the discontinuation of legacy Sportster models in North America at the end of 2022 as the Company shifted to more profitable Sport models in 2023. Comparatively, during the third quarter of 2022, the Company's shipments were up 19% over 2021, as it recovered a majority of the volume lost as a result of a separate production suspension that occurred during the second quarter of 2022.

During the third quarter of 2023, the Company shipped a higher mix of Grand American Touring and Cruiser motorcycles as a percent of total shipments and a lower mix of Sport and Lightweight and Adventure Touring motorcycles.

Segment Results

Condensed statements of operations for the HDMC segment were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Three months ended

	Se	ptember 30, 2023	September 25, 2022		Increase 25, 2022 (Decrease)		% Change
Revenue:							
Motorcycles	\$	1,023,090	\$	1,128,920	\$	(105,830)	(9.4)%
Parts and accessories		184,809		200,708		(15,899)	(7.9)
Apparel		49,325		69,819		(20,494)	(29.4)
Licensing		9,586		10,662		(1,076)	(10.1)
Other		30,171		12,145		18,026	148.4
		1,296,981		1,422,254		(125,273)	(8.8)
Cost of goods sold		886,291		932,913		(46,622)	(5.0)
Gross profit		410,690		489,341		(78,651)	(16.1)
Operating expenses:							
Selling & administrative expense		208,609		179,753		28,856	16.1
Engineering expense		26,828		30,474		(3,646)	(12.0)
Restructuring expense		_		3		(3)	(100.0)
		235,437		210,230		25,207	12.0
Operating income	\$	175,253	\$	279,111	\$	(103,858)	(37.2)%
Operating margin		13.5 %		19.6 %		(6.1)	pts.

The estimated impact of significant factors affecting the comparability of net revenue, cost of goods sold and gross profit from the third quarter of 2022 to the third quarter of 2023 were as follows (in millions):

	Net Revenue	Cost of ods Sold	Gross Profit
Three months ended September 25, 2022	\$ 1,422.3	\$ 932.9	\$ 489.3
Volume	(259.7)	(167.6)	(92.1)
Price and sales incentives	45.0	_	45.0
Foreign currency exchange rates and hedging	5.6	24.7	(19.1)
Shipment mix	83.8	43.0	40.8
Raw material prices	_	(7.9)	7.9
Manufacturing and other costs	<u> </u>	 61.1	 (61.1)
	(125.3)	(46.7)	(78.6)
Three months ended September 30, 2023	\$ 1,297.0	\$ 886.2	\$ 410.7

Factors affecting the comparability of net revenue, cost of goods sold and gross profit from the third quarter of 2022 to the third quarter of 2023 were as follows:

- The decrease in volume was primarily due to lower motorcycle shipments.
- Revenue benefited from higher prices on new model year 2023 motorcycles.
- Revenue benefited from stronger currencies in some of the Company's international markets; however, gross profit was negatively impacted by unfavorable
 net foreign currency losses related primarily to hedging, recorded in cost of goods sold.
- Changes in the shipment mix had a favorable impact on gross profit.
- Raw material costs benefited from continued moderation in the rate of inflation related primarily to metals.
- Manufacturing and other costs were negatively impacted by continued moderate inflation and higher costs associated with producing fewer units than in the same period last year, partially offset by reduced reliance on expedited freight as well as reduced ocean freight rates.

Operating expenses were higher in the third quarter of 2023 compared to the same period last year related to The Hardwire initiatives, higher marketing expenses and higher employee-related costs.

LiveWire Segment

Segment Results

Condensed statements of operations for the LiveWire segment were as follows (in thousands, except unit shipments):

	Three months ended							
	Septen	nber 30, 2023	Septe	mber 25, 2022		Increase (Decrease)	% Change	
Revenue	\$	8,144	\$	14,708	\$	(6,564)	(44.6)%	
Cost of goods sold		7,052		13,743		(6,691)	(48.7)	
Gross profit		1,092		965		127	13.2	
Selling, administrative and engineering expense		26,435		22,314		4,121	18.5	
Operating loss	\$	(25,343)	\$	(21,349)	\$	(3,994)	18.7 %	
LiveWire motorcycle unit shipments		50		206		(156)	(75.7)%	

During the third quarter of 2023, revenue decreased by \$6.6 million, or 44.6%, compared to the third quarter of 2022. The decrease was primarily due to lower revenue driven by lower volumes on electric motorcycles and electric balance bikes. Cost of sales decreased by \$6.7 million, or 48.7%, during the third quarter of 2023 compared to the third quarter of 2022 on lower volumes.

During the third quarter of 2023, selling, administrative and engineering expense increased \$4.1 million, or 18.5%, compared to the third quarter of 2022 driven by higher product development costs as well as higher costs associated with standing up the new organization.

HDFS Segment

Segment Results

Condensed statements of operations for the HDFS segment were as follows (in thousands):

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	Septem	ber 30, 2023	Septembe	er 25, 2022	 Increase (Decrease)	% Change
Revenue:						
Interest income	\$	207,673	\$	179,261	\$ 28,412	15.8 %
Other income		36,261		32,352	3,909	12.1
		243,934		211,613	32,321	15.3
Expenses:						
Interest expense		84,123		60,740	23,383	38.5
Provision for credit losses		60,854		36,617	24,237	66.2
Operating expense		39,582		33,300	 6,282	18.9
		184,559		130,657	53,902	41.3
Operating income	\$	59,375	\$	80,956	\$ (21,581)	(26.7)%

Interest income was higher for the third quarter of 2023 compared to the same period last year, primarily due to higher average outstanding finance receivables at a higher average yield. Interest expense increased due to higher average interest rates on lower average outstanding debt.

The provision for credit losses increased \$24.2 million compared to the third quarter of 2022, driven by higher actual credit losses and an increase in the allowance for credit losses. The increase in the allowance for credit losses was largely driven by a decline in the Company's outlook on economic conditions compared to the prior year.

The allowance for credit losses considers current economic conditions and the Company's outlook on future conditions. During the third quarter of 2023, macro-economic conditions did not significantly change from the second quarter of 2023. Concerns surrounding elevated inflation levels, muted consumer confidence, challenging global conditions, and recession risk persisted. As such, at the end of the third quarter of 2023, the Company's outlook on economic conditions and its probability weighting of its economic forecast scenarios were weighted towards a near-term recession. Refer to the Results of Operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 25, 2022 for a discussion of 2023 annualized credit losses.

Operating expenses increased \$6.3 million compared to the third quarter of 2022 due in part to a valuation loss on a securitization interest rate cap versus a valuation gain in the third quarter of 2022, higher repossession costs, and increased employee-related expenses.

Changes in the allowance for credit losses on finance receivables were as follows (in thousands):

	i nree months ended				
	S	eptember 30, 2023	!	September 25, 2022	
Balance, beginning of period	\$	381,780	\$	352,137	
Provision for credit losses		60,854		36,617	
Charge-offs, net of recoveries		(49,920)		(28,658)	
Balance, end of period	\$	392,714	\$	360,096	

Results of Operations for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 25, 2022

Consolidated Results

		Nine mor				
(in thousands, except earnings per share)		September 30, 2023	September 25, 2022		(Decrease) Increase	% Change
Operating income - HDMC	\$	705,326	\$ 709,088	\$	(3,762)	(0.5)%
Operating loss - LiveWire		(81,874)	(56,764)		(25,110)	44.2
Operating income - HDFS		176,780	253,241		(76,461)	(30.2)
Operating income		800,232	905,565		(105,333)	(11.6)
Other income, net		54,136	30,443		23,693	77.8
Investment (loss) income		31,044	(3,786)		34,830	NM
Interest expense	_	23,104	23,555		(451)	(1.9)
Income before income taxes		862,308	908,667		(46,359)	(5.1)
Provision for income taxes		190,546	209,130		(18,584)	(8.9)
Net income	\$	671,762	\$ 699,537	\$	(27,775)	(4.0)%
Less: Loss attributable to noncontrolling interests		9,016	_		9,016	NM
Net income attributable to Harley-Davidson, Inc.		680,778	699,537		(18,759)	(2.7)%
Diluted earnings per share	\$	4.65	\$ 4.68	\$	(0.03)	(0.6)%

The Company reported operating income of \$800.2 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to \$905.6 million in the same period last year. HDMC segment operating income was \$705.3 million in the first nine months of 2023, down \$3.8 million compared to the same period last year. Operating loss from the LiveWire segment increased \$25.1 million compared to the first nine months of 2022. Operating income from the HDFS segment decreased \$76.5 million compared to the first nine months of 2022. Refer to the HDMC Segment, LiveWire Segment and HDFS Segment discussions for a more detailed analysis of the factors affecting operating income.

Other income in the first nine months of 2023 was higher than the same period last year, impacted by higher non-operating income related to the Company's defined benefit plans.

The Company's effective income tax rate for the first nine months of 2023 was 22.1% compared to 23.0% for the same period in 2022.

Diluted earnings per share was \$4.65 in the first nine months of 2023, down from diluted earnings per share of \$4.68 for the same period last year on lower net income, partially offset by the impact of lower diluted weighted average shares outstanding. Diluted weighted average shares outstanding decreased from 149.5 million in the first nine months of 2022 to 146.3 million in the first nine months of 2023, driven by the Company's discretionary repurchases of common stock. Please refer to Liquidity and Capital Resources for additional information concerning the Company's share repurchase activity.

Harley-Davidson Motorcycles Retail Sales and Registration Data

Harley-Davidson Motorcycle Retail Sales^(a)

Retail unit sales of new Harley-Davidson motorcycles were as follows:

	Nine months ended					
	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	(Decrease) Increase	% Change		
United States	81,774	90,823	(9,049)	(10.0)%		
Canada	6,653	7,108	(455)	(6.4)		
North America	88,427	97,931	(9,504)	(9.7)		
Europe/Middle East/Africa (EMEA)	21,884	23,948	(2,064)	(8.6)		
Asia Pacific	20,190	20,373	(183)	(0.9)		
Latin America	2,108	2,365	(257)	(10.9)		
	132,609	144,617	(12,008)	(8.3)%		

(a) Data source for retail sales figures shown above is new sales warranty and registration information provided by dealers and compiled by the Company. The Company must rely on information that its dealers supply concerning new retail sales, and the Company does not regularly verify the information that its dealers supply. This information is subject to revision.

Worldwide retail sales of new Harley-Davidson motorcycles were down 8.3% during the first nine months of 2023 compared to the same period last year driven primarily by a decline in North America. North America retail sales were adversely impacted during the first nine months of 2023 by macro-economic conditions impacting the consumer, the availability of certain models as the Company worked through the effects of the mid-2023 production suspension and the discontinuation of legacy Sportster models as the Company shifted to more profitable Sport models in 2023. In EMEA, results were impacted by a planned unit mix shift towards more profitable core motorcycle models.

Motorcycle Registration Data and Market Share - 601+cc(a)

The Company's U.S. market share of new 601+cc motorcycles decreased during the first nine months of 2023 compared to the first nine months of 2022 on lower retail sales relative to the industry. The Company's European market share of new 601+cc motorcycles for first nine months of 2023 was down compared to the first nine months of 2022. Industry retail registration data for new motorcycles and the Company's market share was as follows:

	September 30, 2023	September 30, 2022	(Decrease) Increase	% Change
Industry new motorcycle registrations:				
United States ^(b)	215,744	220,432	(4,688)	(2.1)%
Europe ^(c)	405,953	346,027	59,926	17.3 %
Harley-Davidson market share data:				
United States ^(b)	37.3 %	41.2 %	(3.9) p ⁻	ts.
Europe ^(c)	4.8 %	6.1 %	(1.3) p	ts.

- (a) Data includes on-road models with internal combustion engines with displacements greater than 600cc's and electric motorcycles with kilowatt (kW) peak power equivalents greater than 600cc's (601+cc). On-road 601+cc models include dual purpose models, three-wheeled motorcycles and autocycles. Registration data for Harley-Davidson Street® 500 motorcycles is not included in this table.
- (b) United States industry data is derived from information provided by Motorcycle Industry Council. This third-party data is subject to revision and update.
- (c) Europe data includes Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, and the United Kingdom. Industry data is derived from information provided by Management Services Helwig Schmitt GmbH. This third-party data is subject to revision and update.

HDMC Segment

Motorcycle Unit Shipments

Motorcycle unit shipments were as follows:

	Nine mont	hs ended			
September :	30, 2023	Septemb	er 25, 2022	Unit	Unit
Units Mix % Units Mix %		(Decrease) Increase	% Change		
96,984	64.5 %	100,997	63.3 %	(4,013)	(4.0)%
76,270	50.7 %	75,291	47.1 %	979	1.3 %
53,876	35.8 %	47,325	29.7 %	6,551	13.8
15,849	10.5 %	28,185	17.7 %	(12,336)	(43.8)
4,445	3.0 %	8,743	5.5 %	(4,298)	(49.2)
150,440	100.0 %	159,544	100.0 %	(9,104)	(5.7)%
	76,270 53,876 15,849 4,445	September 30, 2023 Units Mix % 96,984 64.5 % 76,270 50.7 % 53,876 35.8 % 15,849 10.5 % 4,445 3.0 %	Units Mix % Units 96,984 64.5 % 100,997 76,270 50.7 % 75,291 53,876 35.8 % 47,325 15,849 10.5 % 28,185 4,445 3.0 % 8,743	September 25, 2022 Units Mix % Units Mix % 96,984 64.5 % 100,997 63.3 % 76,270 50.7 % 75,291 47.1 % 53,876 35.8 % 47,325 29.7 % 15,849 10.5 % 28,185 17.7 % 4,445 3.0 % 8,743 5.5 %	September 30, 2023 September 25, 2022 Unit (Decrease) (Decrease) Increase Units Mix % Units Mix % Mix % (4,013) 76,270 50.7 % 75,291 47.1 % 979 53,876 35.8 % 47,325 29.7 % 6,551 15,849 10.5 % 28,185 17.7 % (12,336) 4,445 3.0 % 8,743 5.5 % (4,298)

(a) Includes Trike

The Company shipped 150,440 motorcycles worldwide during the first nine months of 2023, which was 5.7% lower than the same period in 2022. The Company's shipments during the first nine months of 2023 were adversely impacted by market conditions and the effects of the mid-2023 production suspension. In addition, Sport motorcycle shipments were lower following the discontinuation of legacy Sportster models in North America at the end of 2022 as the Company shifted to more profitable Sport models in 2023.

The motorcycles shipped during the first nine months of 2023 compared to the same period last year included a higher mix of Grand American Touring and Cruiser motorcycles shipped as a percent of total shipments and a lower mix of Sport and Lightweight and Adventure Touring motorcycles.

Segment Results

Condensed statements of operations for the HDMC segment were as follows (dollars in thousands):

Nine months ended

	Se	ptember 30, 2023	September 25, 2022		Increase (Decrease)		% Change
Revenue:							
Motorcycles	\$	3,216,387	\$	3,121,097	\$	95,290	3.1 %
Parts and accessories		568,001		580,295		(12,294)	(2.1)
Apparel		187,072		198,560		(11,488)	(5.8)
Licensing		20,912		28,940		(8,028)	(27.7)
Other		60,574		40,097		20,477	51.1
		4,052,946		3,968,989		83,957	2.1
Cost of goods sold		2,667,756		2,684,926		(17,170)	(0.6)
Gross profit		1,385,190		1,284,063		101,127	7.9
Operating expenses:							
Selling & administrative expense		601,399		489,781		111,618	22.8
Engineering expense		78,465		85,583		(7,118)	(8.3)
Restructuring (benefit) expense		_		(389)		389	(100.0)
		679,864		574,975		104,889	18.2 %
Operating income	\$	705,326	\$	709,088	\$	(3,762)	(0.5)%
Operating margin		17.4 %		17.9 %		(0.5)	pts.

The estimated impacts of significant factors affecting the comparability of net revenue, cost of goods sold and gross profit from the first nine months of 2022 to the first nine months of 2023 were as follows (in millions):

	Net Revenue	Cost of Goods Sold	Gross Profit
Nine months ended September 25, 2022	\$ 3,969.0	\$ 2,684.9	\$ 1,284.1
Volume	(231.0)	(140.2)	(90.7)
Price and sales incentives	199.4	_	199.4
Foreign currency exchange rates and hedging	(31.8)	22.6	(54.4)
Shipment mix	147.3	64.2	83.1
Raw material prices	_	(22.2)	22.2
Manufacturing and other costs		58.5	(58.5)
	83.9	(17.1)	101.1
Nine months ended September 30, 2023	\$ 4,052.9	\$ 2,667.8	\$ 1,385.2

Factors affecting the comparability of net revenue, cost of goods sold and gross profit from the first nine months of 2022 to the first nine months of 2023 were as follows:

- The decrease in volume was primarily due to lower motorcycle shipments.
- Revenue benefited from higher prices on new model year 2023 motorcycles.
- Revenue and gross profit were negatively impacted by weaker foreign currency exchange rates relative to the U.S. dollar as well as a less favorable net foreign currency gain associated with hedging recorded in cost of goods sold.
- Changes in the shipment mix of motorcycles had a favorable impact on gross profit.
- Raw material costs benefited from continued moderation in the rate of inflation related primarily to metals.
- Manufacturing and other costs were negatively impacted by continued moderate inflation and higher costs associated with producing fewer units than in the same period last year, partially offset by reduced reliance on expedited freight as well as reduced ocean freight rates.

Operating expenses were higher in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the same period last year related to The Hardwire initiatives, higher marketing expenses and higher employee-related costs.

LiveWire Segment

Segment Results

Condensed statements of operations for the LiveWire segment were as follows (in thousands, except unit shipments):

	Nine months ended						
		September 30, 2023	Se	eptember 25, 2022		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
Revenue	\$	22,932	\$	37,615	\$	(14,683)	(39.0)%
Cost of goods sold		23,516		36,987		(13,471)	(36.4)
Gross profit		(584)		628		(1,212)	(193.0)
Selling, administrative and engineering expense		81,290		57,392		23,898	41.6
Operating loss	\$	(81,874)	\$	(56,764)	\$	(25,110)	44.2 %
LiveWire motorcycle unit shipments		146		528		(382)	(72.3)

During the first nine months of 2023, revenue decreased by \$14.7 million, or 39.0%, compared to the first nine months of 2022. The decrease was primarily due to lower revenue driven by lower volumes on electric motorcycles and electric balance bikes. Cost of sales decreased by \$13.5 million, or 36.4%, during the first nine months of 2023 compared to the first nine months of 2022 on lower volumes.

During the first nine months of 2023, selling, administrative and engineering expense increased \$23.9 million, or 41.6%, compared to the first nine months of 2022 driven by higher product development costs as well as higher costs associated with standing up the new organization.

HDFS Segment

Segment Results

Condensed statements of operations for the HDFS segment were as follows (in thousands):

Nine months ended September 30, 2023 September 25, 2022 % Change (Decrease) Revenue: \$ 586,752 \$ 509,702 \$ 77,050 Interest income 15.1 % 24,096 Other income 120,638 96,542 25.0 707,390 606,244 101,146 16.7 Expenses: 150,488 Interest expense 243,677 93,189 61.9 94,572 Provision for credit losses 170,496 75,924 80.3 Operating expense 116,437 107,943 8,494 7.9 530,610 353,003 177,607 50.3 Operating income 176,780 253,241 (76,461)(30.2)%

Interest income was higher for the first nine months of 2023, primarily due to higher average outstanding finance receivables at a higher average yield. Other income increased largely driven by higher investment income, insurance revenue, and licensing revenue. Interest expense increased due to higher average outstanding debt at higher average interest rates.

The provision for credit losses was \$75.9 million higher in the first nine months of 2023 as compared to the prior year primarily due to higher actual credit losses and an increase in the allowance during the first nine months of 2023. The increase in the allowance for credit losses in the first nine months of 2023 was largely driven by the Company's outlook on economic conditions and its probability weighting of its economic forecast scenarios which were weighted towards a near-term recession. The Company's expectations surrounding its economic forecasts may change in future periods as additional information becomes available.

Annualized credit losses on the Company's retail motorcycle loans were 2.69% at the end of the third quarter of 2023 compared to 1.48% at the end of the third quarter of 2022. The 30-day delinquency rate for retail motorcycle loans at September 30, 2023 increased to 4.23% from 3.66% at September 25, 2022. The unfavorable retail credit loss performance was driven by higher retail delinquencies and credit losses as consumers faced increased pressure from higher debt levels and the impacts of inflation, both more generally as well as through higher payments on larger retail motorcycle loans. Further, the Company is experiencing downward pressure on auction recovery values and continued challenges with motorcycle repossessions.

Operating expenses increased \$8.5 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the first nine months of 2022 due in part to higher repossession expenses, increased employee-related costs, and a valuation loss on a securitization interest rate cap versus a valuation gain in the same period in 2022. This was partially offset by favorable foreign currency rates.

Changes in the allowance for credit losses on finance receivables were as follows (in thousands):

		Nine months ended					
		September 30, 2023	September 25, 2022				
Balance, beginning of period	\$	358,711	\$ 339,379				
Provision for credit losses		170,496	94,572				
Charge-offs, net of recoveries		(136,493)	(73,855)				
Balance, end of period	\$	392,714	\$ 360,096				

Other Matters

Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to lawsuits and other claims related to product, product recall, commercial, employee, environmental and other matters. In determining costs to accrue related to these items, the Company carefully analyzes cases and considers the likelihood of adverse judgments or outcomes, as well as the potential range of possible loss. Any amounts accrued for these matters are monitored on an ongoing basis and are updated based on new developments or new information as it becomes available for each matter. Refer to *Note 14 of the Notes to Consolidated financial statements* for a discussion of the Company's commitments and contingencies.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's strategy is to maintain a minimum of twelve months of its projected liquidity needs through a combination of cash and cash equivalents and availability under its credit facilities.

The Company believes its current cash, cash equivalents and availability under its credit facilities are sufficient to meet its liquidity requirements, consistent with its strategy. The Company expects to fund its operations, excluding the origination of finance receivables, primarily with cash flows from operating activities and cash and cash equivalents on hand. (1) The Company expects to fund the origination of finance receivables primarily with unsecured debt, unsecured commercial paper, asset-backed commercial paper conduit facilities, committed unsecured bank facilities, asset-backed securitizations and brokered certificates of deposit. (1)

The Company's cash and cash equivalents and availability under its credit and conduit facilities at September 30, 2023 were as follows (in thousands):

Cash and cash equivalents ^(a)	\$	1,878,351
U.S. commercial paper conduit facility:		
Committed asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduit facility ^(b)		1,500,000
Borrowings against committed facility		(272,766)
Net asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduit committed facility availability		1,227,234
Asset-backed Canadian commercial paper conduit facility ^{(b)(c)}		92,583
Borrowings against committed facility		(79,755)
Net asset-backed Canadian commercial paper conduit facility		12,828
		·
Availability under credit and conduit facilities:		
Credit facilities		1,420,000
Commercial paper outstanding		(815,081)
Net credit facility availability		604,919
	\$	3,723,332
	<u> </u>	, -,

- (a) Includes \$199.9 million of cash and cash equivalents held by LiveWire Group, Inc.
- (b) Includes facilities expiring in the next 12 months which the Company expects to renew prior to expiration. (1)
- (c) C\$125.0 million Canadian Conduit facility agreement remeasured to U.S. dollars at September 30, 2023.

To access the debt capital markets, the Company relies on credit rating agencies to assign short-term and long-term credit ratings. Generally, lower credit ratings result in higher borrowing costs and reduced access to debt capital markets. A credit rating agency may change or withdraw the Company's ratings based on its assessment of the Company's current and future ability to meet interest and principal repayment obligations. The Company's short-term debt ratings affect its ability to issue unsecured commercial paper. The Company's short- and long-term debt ratings, as of September 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Short-Term	Long-Term	Outlook
Moody's	P3	Baa3	Stable
Standard & Poor's	A3	BBB-	Stable
Fitch	F2	BBB+	Stable

The Company recognizes that it must continue to monitor and adjust its business to changes in the lending environment. The Company intends to continue with a diversified funding profile through a combination of short-term and long-term funding vehicles and to pursue a variety of sources to obtain cost-effective funding. (1) HDFS segment results could be negatively affected by higher costs of funding and increased difficulty of raising, or potential unsuccessful efforts to raise, funding in the short-term and long-term capital markets. (1) These negative consequences could in turn adversely affect the Company's business and results of operations in various ways, including through higher costs of capital, reduced funds available through HDFS to provide loans to dealers and their retail customers, and dilution to existing shareholders through the use of alternative sources of capital.

Cash Flow Activity

The Company's cash flow activities were as follows (in thousands):

	Nine months ended				
	Septer	mber 30, 2023	September 25, 2022		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	706,767	\$	574,704	
Net cash used by investing activities		(511,133)		(745,736)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		253,576		221,464	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(8,415)		(33,361)	
Net increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	440,795	\$	17,071	

Operating Activities

Cash flow provided by operating activities in the first nine months of 2023 compared to the first nine months of 2022 benefited from changes in working capital partially offset by an increase in wholesale finance receivables. Working capital was positively impacted, primarily by favorable changes in inventory and accounts receivable compared to the first nine months of 2022.

The Company's ongoing operating cash requirements include those related to existing contractual commitments which it expects to fund with cash inflows from operating activities. The Company's purchase orders for inventory used in manufacturing generally do not become firm commitments until 90 days prior to expected delivery. The Company's material contractual operating cash commitments at September 30, 2023 relate to leases, retirement plan obligations and income taxes. The Company's long-term lease obligations and future payments are discussed further in *Note 10 of the Notes to Consolidated financial statements* in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. There are no required qualified pension plan contributions in 2023. The Company's expected future contributions and benefit payments related to its defined benefit retirement plans are discussed further in *Note 15 of the Notes to Consolidated financial statements* in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Company has a liability for unrecognized tax benefits of \$28.4 million and related accrued interest and penalties of \$16.6 million as of September 30, 2023. The Company cannot reasonably estimate the period of cash settlement for either the liability for unrecognized tax benefits or accrued interest and penalties. The Company continues to expect that it will fund its ongoing operating cash requirements related to the origination of finance receivables with the issuance of debt.

Investing Activities

The Company's most significant investing activities consist of capital expenditures and retail finance receivable originations and collections. Capital expenditures were \$138.9 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to \$84.9 million in the same period last year. The Company's 2023 plan includes estimated capital investments between \$225 million and \$250 million, all of which the Company expects to fund with net cash flow generated by operations. (1)

Net cash outflows for finance receivables during the first nine months of 2023 were \$289.8 million lower compared to the same period last year due to lower retail finance receivable originations, partially offset by lower collections of finance receivables. The Company funds its finance receivables net lending activity through the issuance of debt, discussed in "Financing Activities" below.

Financing Activities

The Company's financing activities consist primarily of dividend payments, share repurchases, and debt activity.

The Company paid dividends of \$0.495 and \$0.473 per share totaling \$72.8 million and \$70.2 million during the first nine months of 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Cash outflows for share repurchases were \$239.4 million in the first nine months of 2023 compared to \$338.5 million in the same period last year. Share repurchases during the first nine months of 2023 include \$225.7 million or 6.1 million shares of common stock related to discretionary repurchases and \$13.7 million or 0.3 million shares of common stock employees surrendered to satisfy withholding taxes in connection with the vesting of restricted stock units and performance shares. As of September 30, 2023, there were 13.7 million shares remaining on a board-approved share repurchase authorization.

Financing cash flows related to debt and brokered certificates of deposit activity resulted in net cash inflows of \$0.6 billion in the first nine months of 2023 compared to net cash inflows of \$0.5 billion in the same period last year. The Company's total outstanding debt and liability for brokered certificates of deposit consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Se	September 30, 2023		September 25, 2022	
Outstanding debt:					
Unsecured commercial paper	\$	815,081	\$	692,551	
Asset-backed Canadian commercial paper conduit facility		79,755		82,154	
Asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduit facility		272,766		489,074	
Asset-backed securitization debt, net		2,138,684		2,405,406	
Medium-term notes, net		3,257,396		2,756,830	
Senior notes, net		745,900		745,192	
	\$	7,309,582	\$	7,171,207	
Deposits, net	\$	478,933	\$	344,735	

Refer to Note 9 of the Notes to Consolidated financial statements for a summary of future principal payments on the Company's debt obligations. Refer to Note 6 of the Notes to Consolidated financial statements for a summary of future maturities on the Company's certificates of deposit.

Deposits – HDFS offers brokered certificates of deposit to customers indirectly through contractual arrangements with third-party banks and/or securities brokerage firms through its bank subsidiary. The Company had \$478.9 million and \$344.7 million, net of fees, of interest-bearing brokered certificates of deposit outstanding as of September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, respectively. The deposits are classified as short- and long-term liabilities based upon the term of each brokered certificate of deposit issued. Each separate brokered certificate of deposit are considered below the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance coverage limits.

Credit Facilities – The Company has a \$710.0 million five-year credit facility that matures in April 2027 and a \$710.0 million five-year credit facility that matures in April 2025. The five-year credit facilities (together, the Global Credit Facilities) bear interest at variable rates, which may be adjusted upward or downward depending on certain criteria, such as credit ratings. The Global Credit Facilities also require the Company to pay a fee based on the average daily unused portion of the aggregate commitments. The Global Credit Facilities are committed facilities primarily used to support the Company's unsecured commercial paper program.

Unsecured Commercial Paper – Subject to limitations, the Company could issue unsecured commercial paper of up to \$1.42 billion as of September 30, 2023 supported by the Global Credit Facilities, as discussed above. Outstanding unsecured commercial paper may not exceed the unused portion of the Global Credit Facilities. Maturities may range up to 365 days from the issuance date. The Company intends to repay unsecured commercial paper as it matures with additional unsecured commercial paper or through other means, such as borrowing under the Global Credit Facilities, borrowing under its asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduit facility or through the use of operating cash flow and cash on hand. (1)

Medium-Term Notes – The Company had the following unsecured medium-term notes issued and outstanding at September 30, 2023 (in thousands):

Principal Amount	Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date
\$634,464 ^(a)	3.14%	November 2019	November 2024
\$700,000	3.35%	June 2020	June 2025
\$740,207 ^(b)	6.36%	April 2023	April 2026
\$500,000	3.05%	February 2022	February 2027
\$700,000	6.50%	March 2023	March 2028

- (a) €600.0 million par value remeasured to U.S. dollar at September 30, 2023
- (b) €700.0 million par value remeasured to U.S. dollar at September 30, 2023

The U.S. dollar-denominated medium-term notes provide for semi-annual interest payments and the foreign currency-denominated medium-term notes provide for annual interest payments. Principal on the medium-term notes is due at maturity. Unamortized discounts and debt issuance costs on the medium-term notes reduced the outstanding balance by \$17.3 million and \$9.7 million at September 30, 2023 and September 25, 2022, respectively. There were no medium-term note maturities during the third quarter of 2023 or 2022. During the second quarter of 2023, \$706.7 million of 4.94% medium-term notes matured, and the principal and accrued interest were paid in full. During the first quarter of 2023, \$350.0 million of 3.35% medium-term notes matured, and the principal and accrued interest were paid in full. During the second quarter of 2022, \$400.0 million of 2.55% medium-term notes matured, and the principal and accrued interest were paid in full. During the first quarter of 2022, \$550.0 million of 4.05% medium-term notes matured, and the principal and accrued interest were paid in full.

Senior Notes – In July 2015, the Company issued \$750.0 million of unsecured senior notes in an underwritten offering. The senior notes provide for semi-annual interest payments and principal due at maturity. \$450.0 million of the senior notes mature in July 2025 and have an interest rate of 3.50%, and \$300.0 million of the senior notes mature in July 2045 and have an interest rate of 4.625%. The Company used the proceeds from the debt to repurchase shares of its common stock in 2015.

On-Balance Sheet Asset-Backed Canadian Commercial Paper Conduit Facility – The Company has a revolving facility agreement (Canadian Conduit) with a Canadian bank-sponsored asset-backed commercial paper conduit. Under the agreement, the Canadian Conduit is contractually committed, at the Company's option, to purchase eligible Canadian retail motorcycle finance receivables for proceeds up to C\$125.0 million. The transferred assets are restricted as collateral for the payment of the associated debt. The terms for this debt provide for interest on the outstanding principal based on prevailing market interest rates plus a specified margin. The Canadian Conduit also provides for a program fee and an unused commitment fee based on the unused portion of the total aggregate commitment of C\$125.0 million. There is no amortization schedule; however, the debt is reduced monthly as available collections on the related finance receivables are applied to outstanding principal. Upon expiration of the Canadian Conduit, any outstanding principal will continue to be reduced monthly through available collections. The expected remaining term of the related receivables is approximately 5 years. Unless earlier terminated or extended by mutual agreement between the Company and the lenders, as of September 30, 2023, the Canadian Conduit has an expiration date of June 28, 2024.

Quarterly transfers of Canadian retail motorcycle finance receivables to the Canadian Conduit and the respective proceeds were as follows (in millions):

	2023				2022			
		Transfers		Proceeds		Transfers		Proceeds
First quarter	\$		\$	_	\$	25.3	\$	21.2
Second quarter		40.5		33.5		_		_
Third quarter		10.8		8.9		27.8		23.0
	\$	51.3	\$	42.4	\$	53.1	\$	44.2

On-Balance Sheet Asset-Backed U.S. Commercial Paper Conduit Facilities VIE — The Company has a \$1.50 billion revolving facility agreement (the U.S. Conduit Facility) with third-party banks and their asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduits. Under the revolving facility agreement, the Company may transfer U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to an SPE, which in turn may issue debt to those third-party banks and their asset-backed U.S. commercial paper conduits. In November 2022, the Company renewed the U.S. Conduit Facility. As a result of the renewal, the agreement no longer allows for uncommitted additional borrowings, at the lender's discretion, of up to \$300.0 million in addition to the \$1.50 billion aggregate commitment. Prior to the November 2022 renewal, the Company drew against the \$300.0 million of uncommitted additional borrowings that were available prior to the renewal. The Company repaid the remaining balance of these uncommitted additional borrowings in full during the three months ended September 30, 2023. Availability under the U.S. Conduit Facility is based on, among other things, the amount of eligible U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables held by the SPE as collateral.

There were no finance receivable transfers under the U.S. Conduit Facility during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 or during the third quarter of 2022. During the second quarter of 2022, the Company transferred \$420.8 million of U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to an SPE which, in turn, issued \$362.8 million of debt under the U.S. Conduit Facility. During the first quarter of 2022, the Company transferred \$47.1 million of U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to an SPE which, in turn, issued \$41.3 million of debt under the U.S. Conduit Facility.

The terms for this debt provide for interest on the outstanding principal based on prevailing commercial paper rates if funded by a conduit lender through the issuance of commercial paper. Subsequent to the November 2022 renewal, the interest rate on all outstanding debt and future borrowings, if not funded by a conduit lender through the issuance of commercial paper, is based on the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR), with provisions for a transition to other benchmark rates in the future, if necessary. Prior to the renewal, if not funded by a conduit lender through the issuance of commercial paper, the terms of the interest were based on LIBOR or SOFR, as appropriate, with provisions for a transition to other benchmark rates. In addition to interest, a program fee is assessed based on the outstanding debt principal balance. The U.S. Conduit Facility also provides for an unused commitment fee based on the unused portion of the total aggregate commitment. There is no amortization schedule; however, the debt is reduced monthly as available collections on the related finance receivables are applied to outstanding principal. Upon expiration of the U.S. Conduit Facility, any outstanding principal will continue to be reduced monthly through available collections. The expected remaining term of the related receivables held by the SPE is approximately 4 years. Unless earlier terminated or extended by mutual agreement of the Company and the lenders, as of September 30, 2023, the U.S. Conduit Facility has an expiration date of November 17, 2023.

Asset-Backed Securitization VIEs – For all of its asset-backed securitization transactions, the Company transfers U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to separate VIEs, which in turn issue secured notes with various maturities and interest rates to investors. All of the notes held by the VIEs are secured by future collections of the purchased U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables. The U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables included in the asset-backed securitization transactions are not available to pay other obligations or claims of the Company's creditors until the associated debt and other obligations are satisfied. Restricted cash balances held by the VIEs are used only to support the securitizations.

The accounting treatment for asset-backed securitizations depends on the terms of the related transaction and the Company's continuing involvement with the VIE. The Company's current outstanding asset-backed securitizations do not meet the criteria to be accounted for as a sale because, in addition to retaining servicing rights, the Company retains a financial interest in the VIE in the form of a debt security. These transactions are treated as secured borrowings, and as such, the retail motorcycle finance receivables remain on the balance sheet with a corresponding obligation reflected as debt. There is no amortization schedule for the secured notes; however, the debt is reduced monthly as available collections on the related retail motorcycle finance receivables are applied to outstanding principal. The secured notes currently have various contractual maturities ranging from 2024 to 2031.

Quarterly transfers of U.S. retail motorcycle finance receivables to SPEs, the respective proceeds, and the respective proceeds, net of discounts and issuance costs were as follows (in millions):

2023						2022		
		Transfers		Proceeds	Proceeds, net	Transfers	Proceeds	Proceeds, net
First quarter	\$	628.5	\$	550.0	\$ 547.7	\$ 	\$ _	\$ _
Second quarter		_		_	_	2,176.4	1,836.3	1,826.9
Third quarter		576.0		500.0	497.8	_	_	_
	\$	1,204.5	\$	1,050.0	\$ 1,045.5	\$ 2,176.4	\$ 1,836.3	\$ 1,826.9

Intercompany Agreements – On January 27, 2023, Harley-Davidson, Inc. entered into a revolving line of credit with Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc. whereby Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc. may borrow up to \$200.0 million at market interest rates with an expiration date of July 27, 2024. As of September 30, 2023, Harley-Davidson Financial Services, Inc. had no outstanding borrowings owed to Harley-Davidson, Inc. under this agreement.

Harley Davidson, Inc. also has a support agreement with Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc. whereby, if required, Harley-Davidson, Inc. agrees to provide Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc.'s fixed-charge coverage at 1.25 and minimum net worth of \$40.0 million. Support may be provided at Harley-Davidson, Inc.'s option as capital contributions or loans. No amount has ever been provided to Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc. under the support agreement.

Operating and Financial Covenants – Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc. and the Company are subject to various operating and financial covenants related to the credit facilities and various operating covenants under the medium-term and senior notes and the U.S. and Canadian asset-backed commercial paper conduit facilities. The more significant covenants are described below.

The operating covenants limit the Company's and Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc's ability to:

- Assume or incur certain liens;
- Participate in certain mergers or consolidations; and
- Purchase or hold margin stock.

Under the current financial covenants of the Global Credit Facilities, the ratio of Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc.'s consolidated debt, excluding secured debt, to Harley-Davidson Financial Services' consolidated allowance for credit losses on finance receivables plus Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc's consolidated shareholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive loss (AOCL), cannot exceed 10.0 to 1.0 as of the end of any fiscal quarter. In addition, the ratio of the Company's consolidated debt to the Company's consolidated debt and consolidated shareholders' equity (where the Company's consolidated debt in each case excludes that of Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc. and its subsidiaries, and the Company's consolidated shareholders' equity excludes AOCL), cannot exceed 0.7 to 1.0 as of the end of any fiscal quarter. No financial covenants are required under the medium-term or senior notes or the U.S. or Canadian asset-backed commercial paper conduit facilities.

As of September 30, 2023, Harley-Davidson Financial Services Inc. and the Company remained in compliance with all of the then existing covenants.

Cautionary Statements

Important factors that could affect future results and cause those results to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements include, among others, the Company's ability to: (a) execute its business plans and strategies, including The Hardwire, each of the pillars, and the evolution of LiveWire as a standalone brand, which includes the risks noted below; (b) manage supply chain and logistics issues, including quality issues, availability of semiconductor chip components and the ability to find alternative sources of those components in a timely manner, unexpected interruptions or price increases caused by supplier volatility, raw material shortages, inflation, war or other hostilities, including the conflict in Ukraine, or natural disasters and longer shipping times and increased logistics costs, including by successfully implementing pricing surcharges; (c) accurately analyze, predict and react to changing market conditions and successfully adjust to shifting global consumer needs and interests; (d) realize the expected business benefits from LiveWire operating as a separate public company, which may be affected by, among other things: (I) the ability of LiveWire to: (1) execute its plans to develop, produce, market and sell its electric vehicles; (2) achieve profitability, which is dependent on the successful development and commercial introduction and acceptance of its electric vehicles, and its services, which may not occur; (3) adequately control the costs of its operations as a new entrant into a new space; (4) develop, maintain and strengthen its brand; (5) execute its plans to develop, produce, market and sell its electric vehicles on expected timelines; and (6) effectively establish and maintain cooperation from its retail partners, largely drawn from the Company's traditional motorcycle dealer network, to be

Table of Contents

able to effectively establish or maintain relationships with customers for electric vehicles; (II) competition; and (III) other risks and uncertainties indicated in documents filed with the SEC by the Company or LiveWire Group, Inc., including those risks and uncertainties noted in Risk Factors under Item 1.A of LiveWire Group Inc.'s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022; (e) successfully access the capital and/or credit markets on terms that are acceptable to the Company and within its expectations; (f) successfully carry out its global manufacturing and assembly operations; (g) develop and introduce products, services and experiences on a timely basis that the market accepts, that enable the Company to generate desired sales levels and that provide the desired financial returns, including successfully implementing and executing plans to strengthen and grow its leadership position in Grand American Touring, large Cruiser and Trike, and grow its complementary businesses; (h) perform in a manner that enables the Company to benefit from market opportunities while competing against existing and new competitors; (i) manage the quality and regulatory non-compliance issues relating to the brake hose assemblies provided to the Company by Proterial Cable America (PCA) in a manner that avoids future quality or non-compliance issues and additional costs or recall expenses that are material; (j) effectively mitigate the impact on the Company's business of the production suspensions that were caused by the quality issues and regulatory noncompliances of PCA's brake hose assemblies, including but not limited to the impact on wholesale and retail sales of new motorcycles; (k) manage ongoing risks related to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, such as supply chain disruptions, its ability to carry out business as usual, and government actions and restrictive measures implemented in response; (I) successfully appeal: (I) the revocation of the Binding Origin Information (BOI) decisions that allowed the Company to supply its European Union (EU) market with certain of its motorcycles produced at its Thailand operations at a reduced tariff rate and (II) the denial of the Company's application for temporary relief from the effect of the revocation of the BOI decisions; (m) manage and predict the impact that new, reinstated or adjusted tariffs may have on the Company's ability to sell products internationally, and the cost of raw materials and components, including the temporary lifting of the Section 232 steel and aluminum tariffs and incremental tariffs on motorcycles imported into the EU from the U.S., between the U.S. and EU, which expires on December 31, 2023; (n) prevent, detect and remediate any issues with its motorcycles or any issues associated with the manufacturing processes to avoid delays in new model launches, recall campaigns, regulatory agency investigations, increased warranty costs or litigation and adverse effects on its reputation and brand strength, and carry out any product programs or recalls within expected costs and timing; (o) manage the impact that prices for and supply of used motorcycles may have on its business, including on retail sales of new motorcycles; (p) successfully manage and reduce costs throughout the business; (q) manage through changes in general economic and business conditions, including changing capital, credit and retail markets, particularly with the recent turmoil in the banking industry, and the changing domestic and international political environments, including as a result of the conflict in Ukraine; (r) continue to develop the capabilities of its distributors and dealers, effectively implement changes relating to its dealers and distribution methods and manage the risks that its dealers may have difficulty obtaining capital and managing through changing economic conditions and consumer demand; (s) continue to develop and maintain a productive relationship with Zhejiang Qianjiang Motorcycle Co., Ltd. and launch related products in a timely manner; (t) maintain a productive relationship with Hero MotoCorp as a distributor and licensee of the Harley-Davidson brand name in India; (u) successfully maintain a manner in which to sell motorcycles in China and the Company's Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) countries that does not subject its motorcycles to incremental tariffs; (v) manage its Thailand corporate and manufacturing operation in a manner that allows the Company to avail itself of preferential free trade agreements and duty rates, and sufficiently lower prices of its motorcycles in certain markets; (w) accurately estimate and adjust to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices; (x) retain and attract talented employees, and eliminate personnel duplication, inefficiencies and complexity throughout the organization; (y) prevent a cybersecurity breach involving consumer, employee, dealer, supplier, or Company data and respond to evolving regulatory regulirements regarding data security; (z) manage the credit quality, the loan servicing and collection activities, and the recovery rates of Harley-Davidson Financial Services' loan portfolio; (aa) adjust to tax reform, healthcare inflation and reform and pension reform, and successfully estimate the impact of any such reform on the Company's business; (bb) manage through the effects inconsistent and unpredictable weather patterns may have on retail sales of motorcycles; (cc) implement and manage enterprise-wide information technology systems, including systems at its manufacturing facilities; (dd) manage changes, prepare for, and respond to evolving requirements in legislative and regulatory environments related to its products, services and operations; (ee) manage its exposure to product liability claims and commercial or contractual disputes; (ff) continue to manage the relationships and agreements that the Company has with its labor unions to help drive long-term competitiveness; (gg) achieve anticipated results with respect to the Company's pre-owned motorcycle program, Harley-Davidson Certified, the Company's H-D1 Marketplace, and Apparel and Licensing: (hh) accurately predict the margins of its segments in light of, among other things, tariffs, inflation, foreign currency exchange rates, the cost associated with product development initiatives and the Company's complex global supply chain; and (ii) optimize capital allocation in light of the Company's capital allocation priorities; and (jj) manage through the effects increased environmental, safety, emissions or other regulations or other influences may have on the business and its operating results.

The Company's ability to sell its motorcycles and related products and services and to meet its financial expectations also depends on the ability of the Company's dealers to sell its motorcycles and related products and services to retail customers. The Company depends on the capability and financial capacity of its dealers to develop and implement effective retail sales plans to create demand for the motorcycles and related products and services they purchase from the Company. In addition, the Company's dealers and distributors may experience difficulties in operating their businesses and selling Harley-Davidson motorcycles and related products and services as a result of weather, economic conditions, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, or other factors.

In recent years, Harley-Davidson Financial Services (HDFS) experienced historically low levels of retail credit losses, but credit losses have been normalizing to higher levels in recent quarters. Further, the Company believes that HDFS's retail credit losses will continue to change over time due to changing consumer credit behavior, macroeconomic conditions including the impact of inflation, and HDFS's efforts to adjust underwriting criteria based on market and economic conditions, as well as actions that the Company has taken and could take that impact motorcycle values.

The Company's operations, demand for its products, and its liquidity could be adversely impacted by work stoppages, facility closures, strikes, natural causes, widespread infectious disease, terrorism, war or other hostilities, including the conflict in Ukraine, or other factors. Refer to *Risk Factors* under *Item 1.A* of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 for a discussion of additional risk factors and a more complete discussion of some of the cautionary statements noted above.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices and interest rates. To reduce such risks, the Company selectively uses derivative financial instruments. All hedging transactions are authorized and executed pursuant to regularly reviewed policies and procedures, which prohibit the use of financial instruments for speculative trading purposes. Sensitivity analysis is used to manage and monitor foreign currency exchange rate and interest rate risks. Further disclosure relating to the fair value of the Company's derivative financial instruments is included in *Note 8 of the Notes to Consolidated financial statements*.

HDMC Segment

The Company sells its motorcycles and related products internationally and in most markets those sales are made in the foreign country's local currency. As a result, the HDMC segment operating results are affected by fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies. The Company's most significant foreign currency exchange rate risk resulting from the sale of motorcycles and related products relates to the Euro, Australian dollar, Japanese yen, Brazilian real, Canadian dollar, Mexican peso, Chinese yuan, Singapore dollar, Thai baht and Pound sterling. The Company utilizes foreign currency contracts to mitigate the effect of certain currencies' fluctuations on HDMC segment operating results. The foreign currency contracts are entered into with banks and allow the Company to exchange currencies at a future date, based on a fixed exchange rate. There have been no material changes to the foreign currency exchange rate market risk information included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Company purchases commodities for the use in the production of motorcycles. As a result, HDMC segment operating income is affected by changes in commodity prices. The Company uses derivative financial instruments on a limited basis to hedge the prices of certain commodities. There have been no material changes to the commodity market risk information included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

LiveWire Segment

LiveWire sells its electric motorcycles, electric balance bikes and related products internationally, and in most markets, those sales are made in the foreign country's local currency. As a result, LiveWire's operating results are affected by fluctuations in the values of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies; however, the impact of such fluctuations on LiveWire's operations to date have not been material given the majority of LiveWire's sales are currently in the U.S. LiveWire plans to expand its business and operations internationally and expects its exposure to currency rate risk to increase as it grows its international presence.

HDFS Segment

The Company has interest rate-sensitive financial instruments including financial receivables, debt and interest rate derivative financial instruments. As a result, HDFS operating income is affected by changes in interest rates. The Company utilizes interest rate caps to reduce the impact of fluctuations in interest rates on its asset-backed securifization transactions.

There have been no material changes to the interest rate market risk information included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

HDFS also has short-term commercial paper and debt issued through the commercial paper conduit facilities that is subject to changes in interest rates, which it does not hedge. There have been no material changes to the interest rate market risk information included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Company has foreign denominated medium-term notes, and as a result, HDFS operating income is affected by fluctuations in the value of the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies and interest rates. At September 30, 2023, this exposure related to the Euro. The Company utilizes cross-currency swaps to mitigate the effect of the foreign currency exchange rate and interest rate fluctuations related to foreign denominated debt. There have been no material changes to the foreign currency exchange rate and interest rate market risk information included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 for further information concerning the Company's market risk.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures – In accordance with Rule 13a-15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act), as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Company's management evaluated, with the participation of the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based upon their evaluation of these disclosure controls and procedures, the President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time period specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission rules and forms, and to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its President and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure.

Changes in Internal Controls – There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The information required under this Item 1 of Part II is contained in Item 1 of Part I of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q in *Note 14 of the Notes to Consolidated financial statements*, and such information is incorporated herein by reference in this Item 1 of Part II.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities, Use of Proceeds, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The Company's share repurchases, which consisted of shares repurchased on a discretionary basis and shares of common stock that employees surrendered to satisfy withholding taxes in connection with the vesting of restricted stock units and performance shares, were as follows during the quarter ended September 30, 2023:

2023 Fiscal Month	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share		Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
July 1 to July 31	932,013	\$	36	932,013	4,833,482
August 1 to August 31	2,789	\$	35	2,789	4,833,482
September 1 to September 30	1,089,313	\$	33	1,089,313	13,747,852
	2,024,115	\$	34	2,024,115	

In February 2020, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase up to 10.0 million shares of its common stock on a discretionary basis with no dollar limit or expiration date. In August 2023, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the Company to repurchase up to 10.0 million additional shares of its common stock on a discretionary

Table of Contents

basis with no dollar limit or expiration date. The Company repurchased 2.0 million shares on a discretionary basis during the quarter ended September 30, 2023 under these authorizations. As of September 30, 2023, 13.7 million shares remained under these authorizations.

Under the share repurchase authorizations, the Company's common stock may be purchased through any one or more of a Rule 10b5-1 trading plan and discretionary purchases on the open market, block trades, accelerated share repurchases, or privately negotiated transactions. The number of shares repurchased, if any, and the timing of repurchases will depend on a number of factors, including share price, trading volume, and general market conditions, as well as on working capital requirements, general business conditions, and other factors. The repurchase authority has no expiration date but may be suspended, modified, or discontinued at any time.

The Harley-Davidson, Inc. 2020 Incentive Stock Plan and the 2022 Aspirational Incentive Stock Plan (Incentive Plans) and predecessor stock plans permit participants to satisfy all or a portion of the statutory federal, state, and local withholding tax obligations arising in connection with plan awards by electing to (a) have the Company withhold shares otherwise issuable under the award, (b) tender back shares received in connection with such award, or (c) deliver other previously owned shares, in each case having a value equal to the amount to be withheld. During the third quarter of 2023, the Company acquired 9,781 shares of common stock that employees presented to the Company to satisfy withholding taxes in connection with the vesting of restricted stock units. At the Company's 2022 Annual Meeting of Shareholders held May 12, 2022, the shareholders of the Company approved an amendment to the 2020 Incentive Stock Plan to increase the authorized number of shares under the Incentive Plan by 3.1 million shares. As amended, the 2020 Incentive Stock Plan provides that up to a total of 8.5 million shares of the Company's common stock may be issued thereunder.

Item 5. Other Information

During the three months ended September 30, 2023, no director or Section 16 officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

Refer to the exhibit index immediately following this page.

Harley-Davidson, Inc. Exhibit Index to Form 10-Q

Exhibit No.	<u>Description</u>
<u>31.1</u>	Chief Executive Officer Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)
<u>31.2</u>	Chief Financial Officer Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)
<u>32.1</u>	Written Statement of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File - formatted in Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HARLEY-DAVIDSON, INC.

Date: November 8, 2023 /s/ Jonathan R. Root

Jonathan R. Root Chief Financial Officer (Principal financial officer)

Date: November 8, 2023 /s/ Mark R. Kornetzke

Mark R. Kornetzke Chief Accounting Officer (Principal accounting officer)

<u>Chief Executive Officer Certification</u> Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

I, Jochen Zeitz, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Harley-Davidson, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors:
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 8, 2023

/s/ Jochen Zeitz

Jochen Zeitz

President and Chief Executive Officer

<u>Chief Financial Officer Certification</u> Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

I, Jonathan R. Root, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Harley-Davidson, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors:
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 8, 2023 /s/ Jonathan R. Root

Jonathan R. Root Chief Financial Officer

Written Statement of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. sec. 1350

Solely for the purpose of complying with 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, we, the undersigned President and Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of Harley-Davidson, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify, based on our knowledge, that the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2023 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 8, 2023

/s/ Jochen Zeitz

Jochen Zeitz

President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Jonathan R. Root

Jonathan R. Root Chief Financial Officer