





Agenda

Highlights John Martin

Operating and financial review Mike Powell

Business review and outlook John Martin

Questions





Highlights – financial performance

9th consecutive year of - Revenue growth¹ +7.9%
- Gross margin expansion +10 bps
- Trading profit growth¹ +7.5%
- Headline EPS growth +16.4%



¹ Constant currency growth



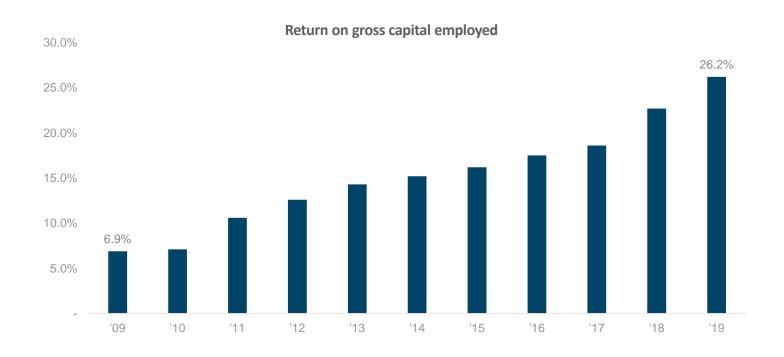
Highlights – operations and strategy

- Continued market share gains
- Strong control of operating expenses in weaker market
- Completion of 15 great acquisitions for \$657m
- Own brand grown to 8.6% of group ongoing sales in H2
- Concluded on strategic future of UK: demerger in process



Highlights – capital and returns

- Excellent cash conversions with \$1.6bn of cash from operations
- c.\$600m from dividends and buy back
- Dividends up 10%







Financial highlights

	2019	2018	Change	Change (at constant exchange rates)
Ongoing revenue	\$21,771m	\$20,334m	+7.1%	+7.9%
Ongoing gross margin	29.4%	29.3%	+0.1%	
Ongoing trading profit	\$1,601m	\$1,493m	+7.2%	+7.5%
Ongoing trading margin	7.4%	7.3%	+0.1%	
Headline earnings per share	517.4 c	444.4c	+16.4%	
Ordinary dividend per share	208.2c	189.3c	+10.0%	
Net debt : adjusted EBITDA	0.7x	0.6x		

Strong operating performance in the year with tight cost control



Revenue and trading profit growth

	Revenue	Trading Profit
Organic growth	+4.4%	+5.3%
Acquisition growth	+3.8%	+3.0%
FX and trading day impact	(1.1%)	(1.1%)
	+7.1%	+7.2%

Robust organic profit progression



Organic revenue growth

	Q4 2018	Q1 2019	Q2 2019	Q3 2019	Q4 2019	FY 2019
USA	+11.4%	+9.6%	+9.7%	+3.3%	+3.0%	+6.2%
UK^1	(0.6%)	+0.8%	(1.0%)	+2.8%	(0.3%)	+0.6%
Canada	+6.3%	+3.3%	+0.5%	(2.9%)	(5.2%)	(1.1%)
Ongoing businesses	+8.1%	+6.7%	+6.4%	+2.7%	+2.1%	+4.4%

¹ The UK revenue growth rate is presented on a like-for-like basis to remove the impact of closed branches and the exit of low margin business.

We remain focused on growing ahead of the market



USA



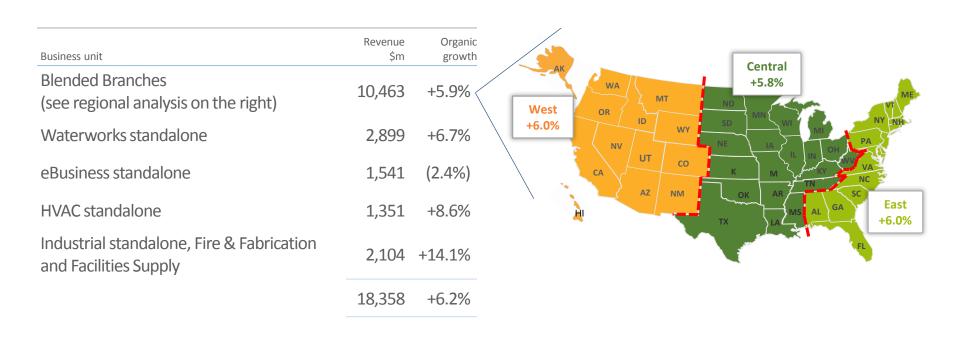
	2019 \$m	2018 \$m	Change
Revenue	18,358	16,670	+10.1%
Organic revenue growth	+6.2%	+9.9%	
Trading profit	1,508	1,406	+7.3%
Trading margin	8.2%	8.4%	(0.2%)

	2019 Revenue growth	2019 Trading Profit growth
Organic	+6.2%	+5.3%
Acquisition	+4.2%	+2.8%
Trading day impact	(0.3%)	(0.8%)
Total growth	+10.1%	+7.3%

Strong trading result despite weaker market conditions in H2



USA organic revenue growth



Broadly based geographic growth, continued market outperformance



UK (local currency)



		2019 £m	2018 £m	Change	Like for like
Revenue	- Underlying	1,725	1,712	+0.8%	+0.6%
	- Exited business	-	123		
		1,725	1,835	(6.0%)	
Trading prof	it - Underlying	54	51	+5.0%	
	- Exited business	-	2		

Trading profit was ahead despite challenging RMI markets



Canada (local currency)



	2019 \$CADm	2018 \$CADm	Change
Revenue	1,576	1,517	+3.9%
Organic revenue growth	(1.1%)	+7.0%	
- Underlying trading profit	89	81	+9.9%
- One-off gain	-	8	
Trading profit	89	89	
Underlying trading margin	5.6%	5.3%	+0.3%

	2019 Revenue growth	2019 Trading Profit growth
Organic	(1.1%)	+2.1%
Acquisition	+5.0%	+7.8%
Total growth	+3.9%	+9.9%

Good underlying profit performance in weaker markets



Exceptional items

\$m	2019 P&L total
US restructuring and early retirement programme	62
UK restructuring costs	29
Other	3
Total included in operating profit	94



Financing & tax

\$m	2019	2018
Financing		
Reported P&L charge	74	53
Тах		
Ongoing P&L charge	344	363
Ongoing effective tax rate	22.5%	25.1%

Interest and tax costs as expected



Cash

\$m	2019	2018
Continuing adjusted EBITDA	1,788	1,687
Working capital	(77)	(245)
Pension, exceptional cash and other	(102)	(119)
Cash generated from operations	1,609	1,323
Interest & tax	(319)	(287)
Capex	(418)	(299)
Acquisitions of businesses	(657)	(416)
Disposals of businesses, associates and assets held for sale	303	1,440
Dividends & buybacks	(595)	(2,034)
Other items and FX	(38)	(101)
Increase in net debt	(115)	(374)

Strong cash generation with c.\$600m returned to shareholders and c.\$650m of great acquisitions



Capital structure

		2019	2018
Net debt as reported		\$1,195m	\$1,080m
Net debt : adjusted EBITDA		0.7x	0.6x
Buy back announced 10 June	2019:		
	- completed as at 31 July 2019	\$150m	
	- to complete in FY20	\$350m	
Net pension asset		\$153m	\$174m
Minimum operating lease cor	mmitments	\$1.1bn	\$1.1bn

Strong balance sheet maintained



Technical guidance for the full year to 31 July 2020

One additional trading day impact on trading profit

2019/20 impact from completed acquisitions

Interest charge¹

Effective tax rate

Capital investment

\$12 million

Revenue \$230m, trading profit \$15m

\$85 million

25% - 26%

\$300 - \$350 million

¹ Pre-IFRS16 basis



Capital allocation

Capital priorities

- Ferguson is highly cash generative through the cycle
- Remain committed to target net debt : adjusted EBITDA range of 1x 2x and priorities for cash usage
 - 1) Re-invest in organic growth
 - 2) Progressive dividend policy, aim to grow the dividend in line with the long-term growth in earnings
 - 3) Invest in selective bolt-on acquisitions to improve our market leadership positions or expand the capabilities of our existing business model
 - 4) Return surplus capital to shareholders reasonably promptly

Capital returns

- Returned approximately \$600m in 2018/19 via dividends and buy backs.
- 2018/19 total ordinary dividend of 208.2c, an increase of 10%.

Consistent capital policy





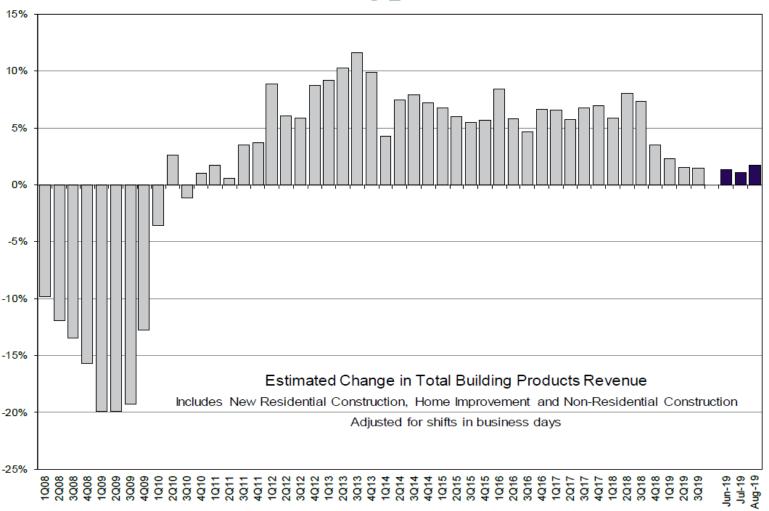
Markets – growth of US end-markets in 2019

	% of US revenue	Es	stimated market growth in 201	19	Organic revenue growth
	2019	H1 2019	H2 2019	2019	2019
Residential	~50%	6%	1%	3%	+5%
Commercial	~35%	5%	2%	3%	+7%
Civil / Infrastructure	~7%	5%	2%	3%	+6%
Industrial	~8%	13%	-	6%	+9%
		6%	1%	3%	+6.2%

- Markets slowed in the second half
- Ferguson continued to take market share across all end markets



Markets – US total building products revenue (Zelman)

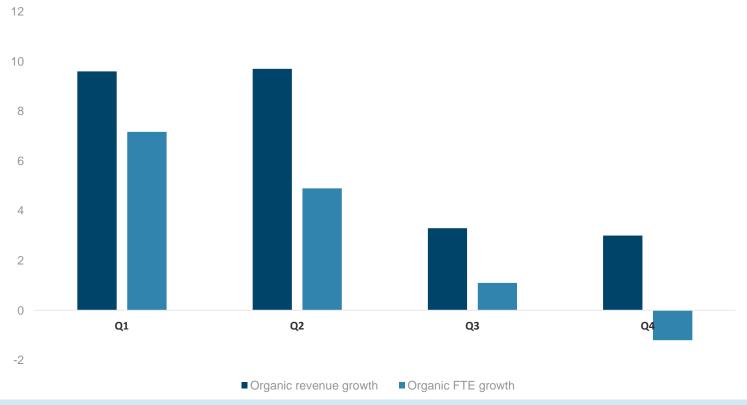


Source: Zelman & Associates Building Products Review



Key initiatives – efficient operating model





- Strong discipline on headcount growth throughout the year
- Enables us to invest in our strategic initiatives



Key initiatives - own brand















































US own brand penetration 5.4% to 8.6% over last 4 years



Key initiatives – reconfiguration of distribution centres

- Perris, Southern California DC opened in July 2019
- Servicing all business units across Southern California,
 Arizona, Utah and Nevada
- 1 million square foot distribution centre built on 47 acres
- Brought into full operation with no disturbance to customer service
- Solar system being installed to generate 3.5m kilowatt hours of electricity a year





Our largest ever distribution centre was brought into operation with no disruption to customer service



Key initiatives - acquisitions

- Acquired Blackman Plumbing Supply in December 2018
- \$240m revenue in plumbing, heating, HVAC and waterworks categories
- Based in Long Island population 8m
- Market leader in residential and commercial plumbing
- 23 branches





Up to 100 Ferguson associates worked on integration

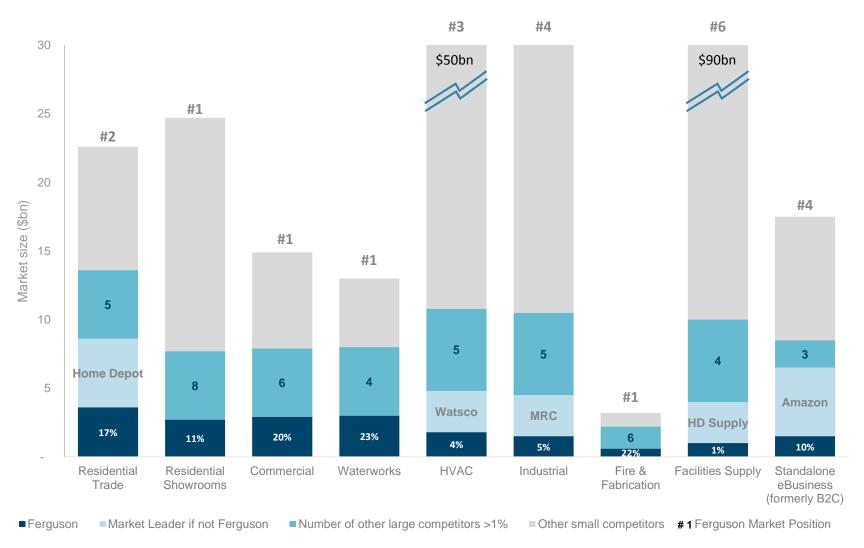


Key initiatives – reaffirmation of our values





Ferguson – attractive market structure





Ferguson – shared infrastructure

Shared	Residential trade	Residential showrooms	Commercial	Waterworks	HVAC	Industrial	Fire & Fabrication	Facilities Supply	B2C
Branches									
Distribution Centres									
ERP									
Sourcing									
Back office									
Own brand									
Sales associates									
Other large competitors	•	•	•			•			•



Wolseley UK - operations today

- Clear branding under the Wolseley banner
- Focused on trade and contract customers
- Principally serving the lower volatility RMI market
- Good market positions in residential plumbing and heating, commercial building services and infrastructure.
- Largest network with nationwide coverage (551 branches)
- Clear strategy focused on service and availability
 - Industry-leading fulfilment (core range, in branch) > 99%
 - Focus on customer service, NPS of 44





New management has stabilised the business in a tough trading environment



Wolseley UK - opportunities

- Grown own brand capability (currently 8.4% of sales) to drive gross margin expansion (50% +)
- Effective online functionality (currently 9% of sales)
- Leverage overnight fulfilment of 30,000 products
- Opportunity to drive pricing discipline
- Incremental bolt-on acquisition opportunities (like Continental Engineering)







Wolseley UK – financials

		2019 £m	2018 £m	Change
Revenue	Underlying	1,725	1,712	+0.8%
	Exited business	-	123	
		1,725	1,835	
Trading prof	t Underlying	54	51	+5.0%
	Exited business	-	2	
		54	53	

- Improved performance in a challenging market
- Net assets (excl. pension, debt and tax): £339m



Listing - assessment of listing structure

- Board has kept listing under review over several years
- After demerger of Wolseley UK, 100% of Ferguson's revenue will be generated in North America
- Approximately 40% of shareholders are US based
- A number of shareholders have requested that we review the listing structure
- Considering the feasibility, costs and benefits of a range of options



Listing – some considerations

Internal controls and governance

- Sarbanes Oxley
- Corporate governance

Market considerations

- Index inclusion
- Sell side analyst coverage and peer group
- Shareholders' wishes

Structural considerations

- Tax, pensions
- Registration
- Settlement mechanism

Reporting

- US GAAP, IFRS
- SEC reporting



Markets - outlook

- US markets are broadly flat we continue to outperform
- Order books support modest growth in the months ahead
- Expect to make further progress in the year ahead







Impact of tariffs

Tariff	Effective date	Products impacted	Total headline US value impacted	Rate	Value of Ferguson direct imports affected \$m
S 232	Feb 2018	Steel			
S 301 List 1	Jul 2018	818 lines	\$34bn	25%	\$1m
S 301 List 2	Aug 2018	279 lines	\$16bn	25%	\$1m
S 301 List 3 round 2 ¹	May 2019	5,745 lines	\$200bn	25%	\$34m
S 301 List 4 Phase I	Sep 2019	c. 3200 lines	\$300bn ²	15%	\$3m
Current impact on Ferguson					\$39m
S 301 List 1-3 increase in rate from 25% to 30%	Oct 2019	c. 6,800 lines	\$250bn	30%	\$7m³
S 301 List 4 Phase II	Dec 2019	c. 600 lines	\$300bn ²	15%	\$7m

We will continue to work with customers to pass through price increases

¹ S 301 List 3 round 1 was introduced in September 2018 at a rate of 10% resulting in a \$13m impact. This was increased to 25% during round 2.

² \$300bn is the total value of list 4, phase I and II combined

 $^{^{\}rm 3}\,\text{Reflects}$ just the increase in impact from 25% to 30% rates.



Regional analysis

\$m	Revenue 2019	Revenue 2018	Trading profit 2019	Trading profit 2018
USA	18,358	16,670	1,508	1,406
UK	2,222	2,472	69	72
Canada	1,191	1,192	67	70
Central costs	-	-	(43)	(55)
Group ongoing	21,771	20,334	1,601	1,493
Non-ongoing	239	418	5	14
Group reported	22,010	20,752	1,606	1,507



Quarterly analysis

Revenue \$m	Q1 2019	Q2 2019	Q3 2019	Q4 2019	FY 2019
USA	4,607	4,267	4,457	5,027	18,358
UK	580	546	567	529	2,222
Canada	340	275	250	326	1,191
Group ongoing	5,527	5,088	5,274	5,882	21,771
Trading profit \$m	Q1 2019	Q2 2019	Q3 2019	Q4 2019	FY 2019
USA	400	300	346	462	1,508
UK	19	13	20	17	69
Canada	27	12	4	24	67
Central costs	(14)	(11)	(11)	(7)	(43)
Group ongoing	432	314	359	496	1,601



Revenue and trading profit growth



^{*} Net of transaction and integration costs.



Branch numbers

	Brought forward 31 July 2018	Acquired	Net Closed	Carried forward 31 July 2019
USA	1,448	72	(29)	1,491
UK	567	-	(16)	551
Canada	230	1	(14)	217
	2,245	73	(59)	2,259



Headcount¹

	Brought forward 31 July 2018	Acquired	Disposals	Net joiners / (leavers)	Carried forward 31 July 2019
USA	26,501	1,120	-	(145)	27,476
UK	5,617	-	(236)	(272)	5,109
Canada	2,742	60	-	(172)	2,630
Other	85	-	-	(7)	78
	34,945	1,180	(236)	(596)	35,293

¹ Permanent full time equivalents



IFRS16 impact

- Applies to year ending 31 July 2020 for Ferguson
- First financial statements published under IFRS 16 will be 2019/20 half year in March 2020
- No impact on economics of lease transactions, cash payments made or capital allocation
- Impact on opening financial statements (i.e. balance sheet as at 31 July 2019) and estimated impact for year ending 31 July 2020:

\$m	Balance sheet	Income Statement
Opening right of use asset	+1,200	
Opening lease liability	(1,500)	
EBITDA		+300
Depreciation		(250)
Trading profit		+50
Finance costs		(50)
EPS		Immaterial