

WOLSELEY

2013 Full Year Results











Welcome and Highlights

Ian Meakins, Chief Executive



Highlights

- Like-for-like growth, market share gains, margins ahead
- Gross margin improvements
- Decent flow-through
 - US margins
 - cost control / productivity
- Strong cash generation dividends
- Six small bolt-on acquisitions completed
- Execution of French plans
- Continued performance management improvement
- Developing more efficient / productive business models





Operating and Financial Review

John Martin, Chief Financial Officer



Financial highlights

	2013	2012**	Change	Like-for-like Change
Ongoing revenue	£12,854m	£12,345m	+4.1%	+2.9%
Ongoing gross margin %	27.8%	27.5%	+0.3%	
Ongoing trading profit*	£725m	£655m	+10.7%	
Ongoing trading margin %*	5.6%	5.3%	+0.3%	
Impairments & exceptional items	(£174m)	(£377m)		
Net (debt) / cash	(£411m)	£45m		
Headline EPS*	181.8p	168.4p	+8.0%	
Ordinary dividend per share	66p	60p	+10.0%	



^{*} Before exceptional items and the amortisation and impairment of acquired intangibles

^{** 2012} restated to exclude the results of businesses sold or held for sale at 31 July 2013

Like-for-like growth

	Q4 last year	Q1 this year	Q2 this year	Q3 this year	Q4 this year
USA	+6.7%	+7.1%	+9.7%	+8.3%	+7.8%
Canada	+4.5%	+3.1%	+1.2%	+0.0%	+3.0%
UK	+3.6%	(0.3%)	+0.3%	+5.2%	+5.1%
Nordic	(3.1%)	(4.8%)	(8.0%)	(7.5%)	(3.1%)
France	(5.0%)	(8.4%)	(12.9%)	(9.8%)	(5.8%)
Central Europe	(1.5%)	(0.5%)	(1.3%)	(4.5%)	(3.5%)
Ongoing businesses	+2.9%	+2.4%	+2.7%	+2.9%	+3.7%



USA



£m	2013	2012	Change	Like-for-like Change
Revenue	6,785	6,168	+10.0%	+8.2%
Trading profit	492	388	+26.8%	
Trading margin	(7.3%)	6.3%	+1.0%	
Branches	1,348	1,301		
Headcount	18,969	18,254		



Canada



£m	2013	2012	Change	Like-for-like Change
Revenue	875	850	+2.9%	+2.0%
Trading profit	51	49	+2.7%	
Trading margin	5.8%	5.8%	-	
Branches	219	220		
Headcount	2,511	2,607		



UK ongoing



£m	2013	2012*	Change	Like-for-like Change
Revenue	1,769	1,667	+6.1%	+2.5%
Trading profit	95	93	+2.2%	
Trading margin	5.4%	5.6%	(0.2%)	
Branches	765	764		
Headcount	5,952	5,900		

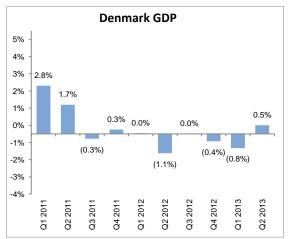


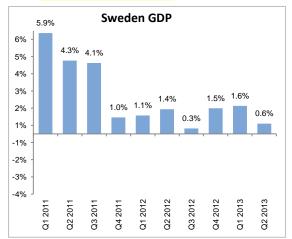
 $^{^{}st}$ 2012 restated to exclude the results of businesses sold or held for sale at 31 July 2013

Nordic ongoing



£m	2013	2012*	Change	Like-for-like Change
Revenue	1,916	2,029	(5.6%)	(5.7%)
Trading profit	86	93	(7.5%)	
Trading margin	4.5%	4.6%	(0.1%)	
Branches	260	263		
Headcount	6,145	6,276		



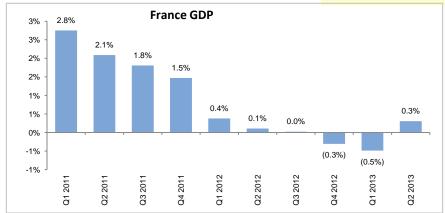




^{* 2012} restated to exclude the results of businesses sold or held for sale at 31 July 2013 10 GDP data is the movement of the guarter compared to the same guarter of the previous year. Source: OECD

France ongoing

£m	2013*	2012*	Change	Like-for-like Change
Revenue	642	720	(10.8%)	(9.1%)
Trading profit	10	17	(41.2%)	
Trading margin	1.6%	2.4%	(0.8%)	
Branches	158	163		
Headcount	2,869	3,180		



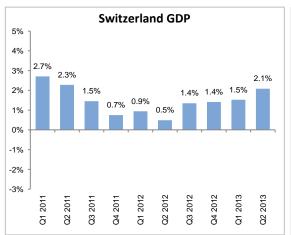
^{*} Excludes the results of businesses sold or held for sale at 31 July 2013 and excludes the results of IWS which is accounted for in the Central Europe segment GDP data is the movement of the quarter compared to the same quarter of the previous year. Source: OECD

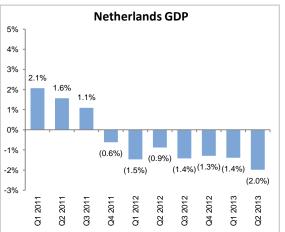
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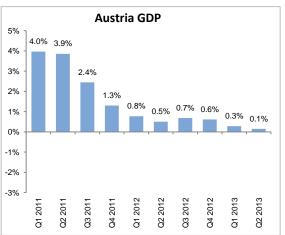
Central Europe ongoing



£m	2013*	2012*	Change	Like-for-like Change
Revenue	867	911	(4.8%)	(2.5%)
Trading profit	33	43	(23.3%)	
Trading margin	3.8%	4.7%	(0.9%)	
Branches	167	181		
Headcount	2,736	2,887		









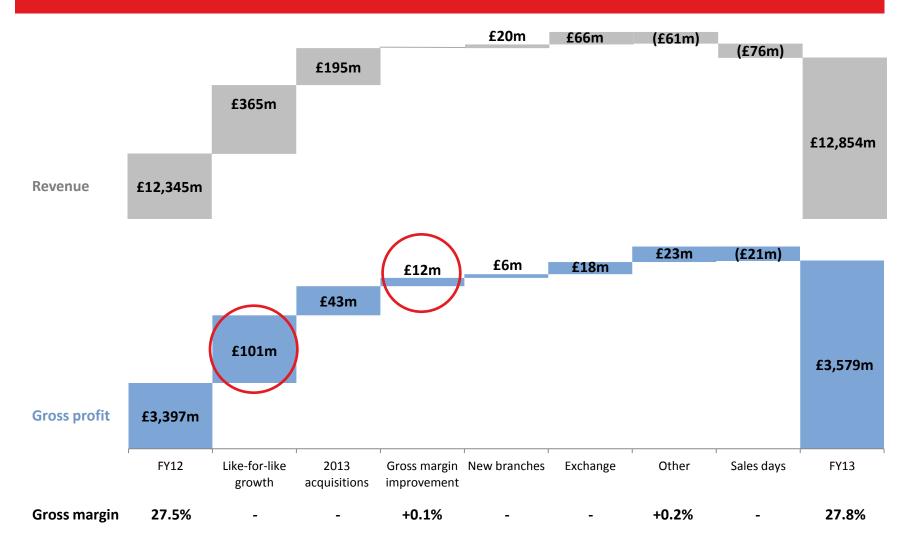
^{*} Excludes the results of businesses sold or held for sale at 31 July 2013 and includes the results of IWS GDP data is the movement of the quarter compared to the same quarter of the previous year. Source: OECD

Central and other costs

£m	2013	2012
Group costs	35	32
Non-recurring items	7	(4)
	42	28

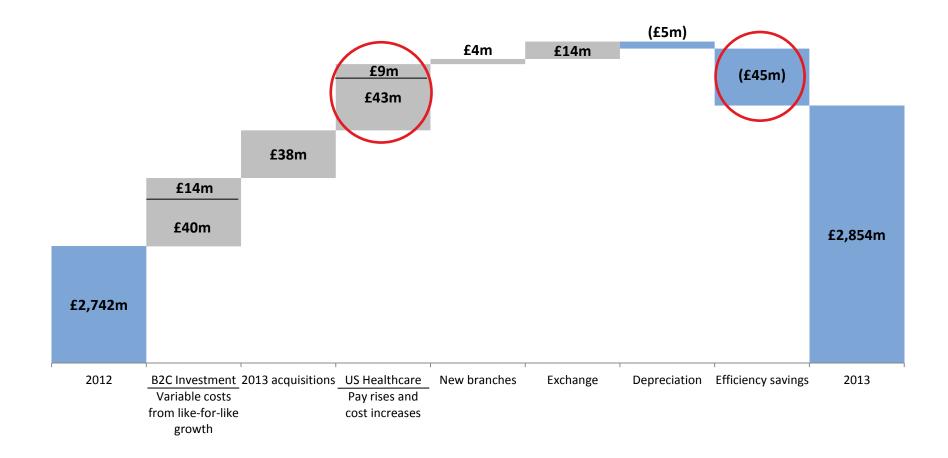


Revenue and gross profit in the ongoing business





Operating expenses of the ongoing businesses





Income statement

£m	2013	2012
Trading profit	725	665
Amortisation	(55)	(60)
Impairments and exceptional items	(174)	(377)
Financing charges	(23)	(30)
Profit before tax	473	198
Tax	(180)	(138)
Discontinued operations	12	(3)
Profit for the year	305	57



Financing and tax

£m	2013	2012
Financing		
Net interest charges	21	17
Pensions and provisions	(2)	9
Facility charges	4	4
	23	30
Тах		
P&L charge	180	138
Exceptionals, intangibles and other adjustments	21	20
Underlying P&L charge	201	158
Trading profit less financing charges	702	635
Effective tax rate	28.6%	24.9%

IAS19 changes to be applied next year will add £13m to 2013 financing charges



Impairments and exceptional items

Timing of cash impact

£m Charge / (credit)	2012 and earlier	2013	2014	2015 and later	Total
Severance costs	-	19	19	-	38
Property provisions	-	-	9	18	27
Impairments	67	-	-	-	67
Disposals impact	14	(10)	7	-	11
Other items	2	36	-	(7)	31
	83	45	35	11	174



Cash flow from operating activities

£m	2013	2012
Trading profit	725	665
Depreciation and amortisation	116	125
EBITDA	841	790
Working capital	(14)	52
Special pension contributions	(125)	(60)
Provisions, other movements and exceptional costs	(69)	(35)
Cash flow from operating activities	633	747



Other cash flow

£m	2013	2012
Cash flow from operating activities	633	747
Net interest	(35)	(19)
Tax paid	(184)	(86)
Acquisitions	(111)	(41)
Disposals	44	317
Capex	(140)	(135)
Dividends (including £348m special dividend)	(521)	(142)
Net purchase of shares by Employee Benefit Trusts	(103)	-
FX and other items	(39)	(73)
(Increase)/decrease in net debt	(456)	568
Opening net cash/(debt)	45	(523)
Closing net (debt)/cash	(411)	45



Net debt, pensions and commitments

£m	2013	2012
Net (debt)/cash as reported	(411)	45
Impact of timing of payment runs	(160)	(145)
Adjusted net debt	(571)	(100)
Net pension liabilities	(133)	(358)
Operating lease commitments	(868)	(842)

Committed facilities of £2.1bn



Planned FY14 capital investment

£m	FY14 Capex
Freehold DCs and hubs	85
Branch expansion, showrooms and refurbishment	42
Environment, health and safety	14
Network infrastructure	15
Technology and processes	54
	210

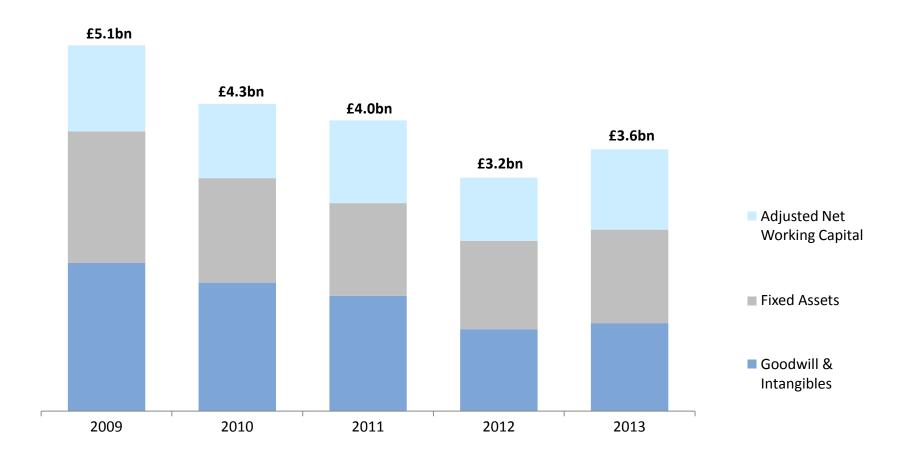


Guidance

	FY14
Capital investment	£200m - £220m
Incremental opex in technology and processes	£20m
Trading profit impact of FX at current rates ($£ = 1.60)	£13m lower profit
Impact of trading days	In line with FY13
Restructuring	£20m
Effective tax rate	28.5% to 29.0%
Working capital investment	12 - 13% of incremental sales
Net debt / EBITDA	No more than 1x to 2x
Implementation of IAS19	FY13 restatement of £13m
Discontinuing losses	£5m

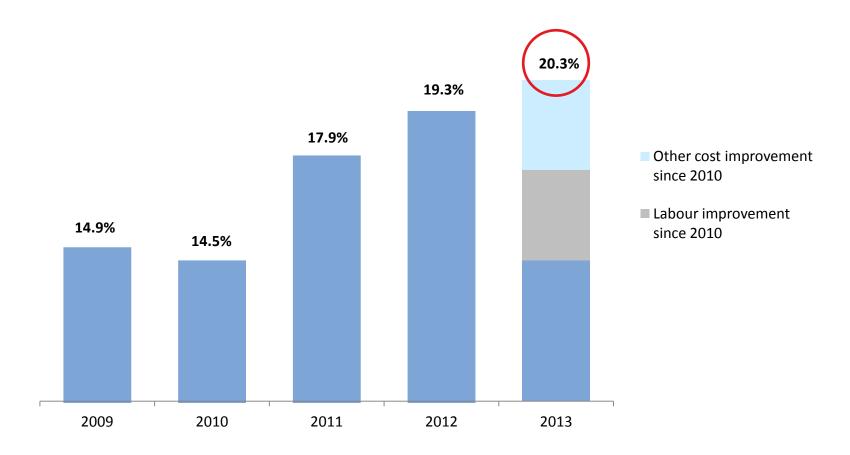


Balance sheet reflects focus on productive assets





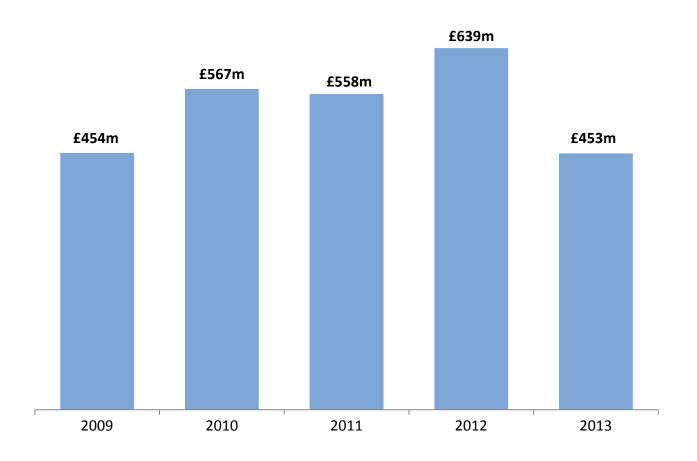
Improved productivity: trading profit / gross profit*



^{*} For the ongoing businesses



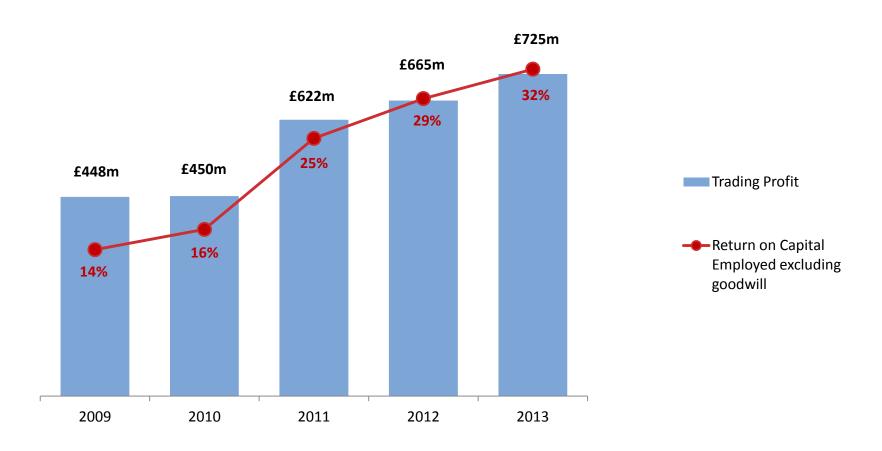
Sustained strong free cash flow*



^{*} Adjusted for year end working capital measures and excluding provisions, exceptionals, share purchases and one-off pension payments

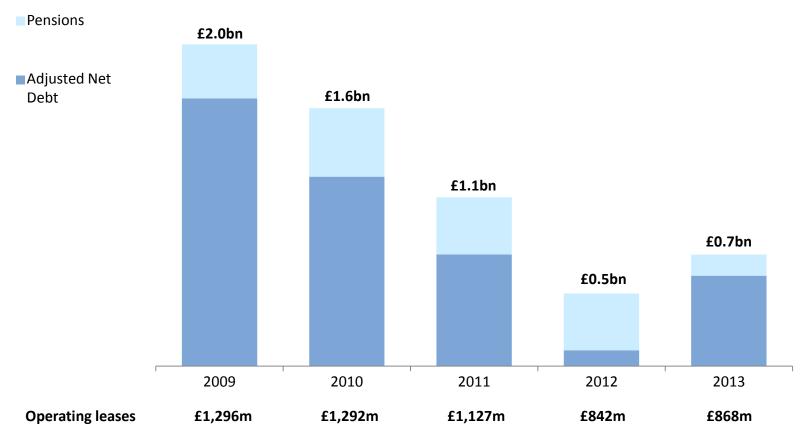


Sustained profitable growth and attractive returns on capital employed





Conservative balance sheet





Dividends

Final dividend of 44p per share (full year of 66p per share; +10%)

Dividend covered 2.8x by headline EPS

Special dividend of £300m, approximately 110p per share

Net debt / EBITDA after fulfilling these commitments approximately 1.0x.



Outlook

New financial year growth rates similar to Q4

US continued to grow steadily

UK market is encouraging

- Continental Europe:
 - economic conditions are very challenging and we expect them to remain so
 - we will continue to take actions to reduce our cost base







Business Review and Strategy Update

Ian Meakins, Chief Executive



Wolseley Strategy Re-cap

- 1. Develop our great portfolio of strong businesses
- 2. Drive performance systematically across Group
- 3. Accelerate profitable growth
- 4. Drive evolution of business models
- 5. Deliver Group synergies
- 6. Underpin strategy with strong balance sheet



Accelerate Profitable Growth Profit Levers – Re-cap

Market Share

Customer service

New branches / channels / segments

Bolt-on acquisitions

Profitable growth

Gross Margin

Pricing matrix

Customer terms

Category management

Sourcing

Improve Productivity

Cost reduction

Better business model

E-commerce

Benefits of scale / leverage

Improve Returns

Investment

Working capital efficiency

Return on capital

Many small improvements generate very good performance



Accelerate Profitable Growth US Blended Branches

Market Share Gross Margin Price matrix compliance Customer service improvement +5% +2% Above-market revenue growth +4% Private label revenue growth Facilities Maintenance growth +17% Counter revenue growth Branch SKU availability Showroom revenue growth **Profitable** growth **Productivity Improve Returns** E-Business revenue growth Average cash-to-cash days +50% -2.5 days Self service events +56% Trading margin +1.3% Distribution Centre utilisation Return on capital NSC* contacts per day Labour cost % of gross profit

*National Sales Centre









Accelerate Profitable Growth UK Plumb & Parts

Market Share Gross Margin Customer service improvement +10% Gross margin improvement Over-market revenue growth Accounts manual pricing Sourcing benefits B2B e-commerce growth Customer on-time-in-full measure **Profitable** growth **Productivity Improve Returns** Part-time employees % total Average cash-to-cash days +3% -0.2 days % product through DC Trading margin +0.2% Labour cost % gross profit -1% Return on capital

vs prior year -

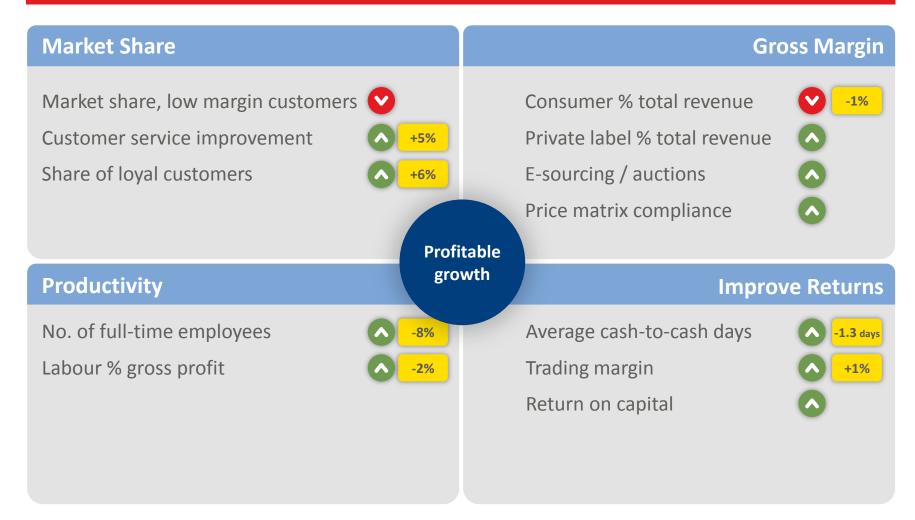








Accelerate Profitable Growth Stark



vs prior year -









Accelerate Profitable Growth

- Many small initiatives deliver results improvement
- Required to offset continuous margin pressure from
 - consumers
 - customers
 - competitors
 - suppliers
- Further margin progress achievable in reasonable markets
 - continued improved performance management
 - more efficient / productive business models



Wolseley Strategy Re-cap

- 1. Develop our great portfolio of strong businesses
- 2. Drive performance systematically across Group
- 3. Accelerate profitable growth
- 4. Drive evolution of business models deliver benefits of scale
- 5. Deliver Group synergies
- 6. Underpin strategy with strong balance sheet



Ongoing Pressures on Distributors' Profit Pool

Consumers

- more influential
- will shop around





Trade customers

- protecting margins
- competitors fighting for share
- more tendering

New competitors

- e-commerce capabilities
- price transparency
- DC only model



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- protecting margins
- price increases



Profit

pool

Evolution of Business Models Benefits

Loose confederation



Systematically / centrally managed network

- Improve service to existing customers at lower cost
- Gain wallet share of existing and new customers
- Improve gross margins over time
- Best trained and most engaged employees
- Integrate bolt-on acquisitions deliver synergies
- Continued growth in adjacent segments
- Deliver better leverage benefits of scale



Gain share profitability



Evolution of Business Models Major Initiatives

		Major Initiatives	Current performance
		Segmentation	
Customer	otototo	Pricing	•••00
		Order capture	
		Sales management	•0000
		Category management	••000
Complian	.[/]	Rebate management	
Supplier		Low cost country sourcing	
		Lowest cost of goods	••000
		Product availability	••••
Supply-		Interface / integration	••000
Chain	<u> </u>	Delivery options	
		Productivity	•••00
		Transactional data	••••
Branch		Telephony / infrastructure	•0000
Operations		Product information	•0000
		Cost management	

Evolution of Business Models USA

National promotions

- across 540 branches
- disciplined execution
- revenue generated +140%



Branch of the future

- centralised sales approach
- +25% sales per day
- +40% sales per associate
- roll-out to major cities



National Sales Center

- team of sales / subject matter experts
- national opportunities emerging
 - MRO and Facilities Maintenance
- customer contacts per day +60%



Sourcing – e-auctions

- imported stainless welded pipe
- managed jointly between US and UK
- savings of 7%



Evolution of Business ModelsImplications on Infrastructure / Processes / IT / Investment

- Current business models
 - fit for purpose
 - branch-based transactions
 - processes adequate but manual intervention
 - data management poor
 - difficult to get one view of customer / supplier
 - legacy systems slow/costly to interface with
- Targeted investment required
 - develop more efficient / productive processes
 - improve flexibility to interface with modern systems
 - improve data / reduce manual processes
 - migrate processes from legacy to modern platforms
 - phased programme to deliver benefits rapidly/reduce risks



- Incremental investment, not 'big bang'
 FY14 Capex (technology and processes) £35m
- Phased over next 2-3 years
- Deliver lowest cost platform



Evolution of Business Models Process / Technology Initiatives

Customer Supplier Supply-

Chain

Branch

Operations

Major Initiatives

Segmentation

Pricing

Order capture

Sales management

Process / Technology Initiatives

CRM

E-commerce

Mobile

Category management

Rebate management

Low cost country sourcing

Lowest cost of goods

Supplier/product master data

Business intelligence

Product availability

Interface / integration

Delivery options

Productivity

Warehouse management

Transportation route planning

Electronic proof of delivery

Advanced inventory planning

Transactional data

Telephony / infrastructure

Product information

Cost management

Counter technology

Advanced telephony

Intranet connectivity



Evolution of Business Models Multiple mobile applications

Capability:

- branch finder
- product search and order
- bar code integration
- works on multiple devices

- enhanced service
- lower cost to serve
- better gross margins
- larger order value





Evolution of Business Models B2B E-commerce

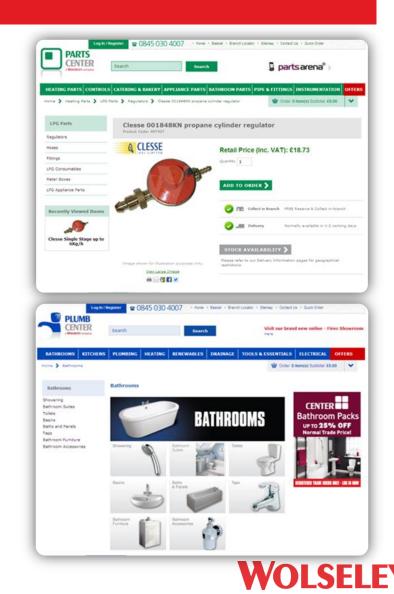
Parts Center Online:

- 104,000 products
- 60,000 photographs
- specialise search 'models this fits'

Plumb Center Online:

- 'Plumb Center recommends...'
- available across distribution network
- price display options
- choose from Retail or Terms driven

- better service / availability
- lower cost to serve
- better gross margins



Evolution of Business Models Electronic proof of delivery

Capability:

- electronic signatures
- point of sale transactions

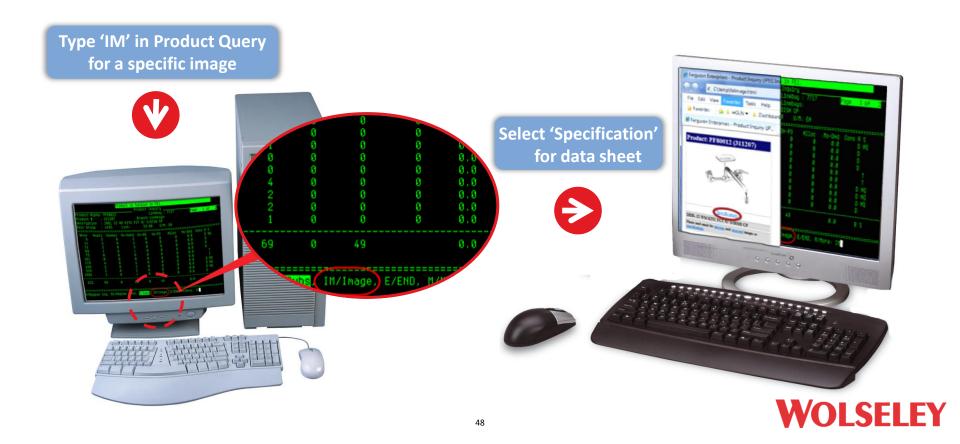
- improved customer service
- lower cost to serve
- less customer disputes
- process credit card transactions rapidly





Evolution of Business Models Improving legacy systems

- Builds on product master data images established for B2B/B2C e-commerce
- Images of products/specification sheets available at counter

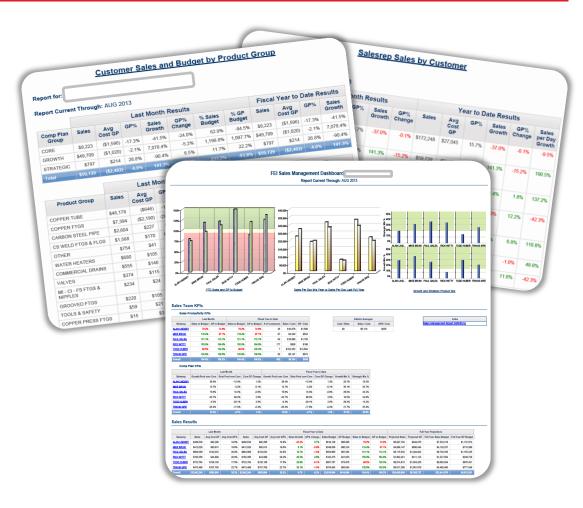


Evolution of Business Models Better Salesforce Management

Capability:

- KPIs per salesman
- KPIs per customer
- KPIs per supplier

- accurate real-time data
- better managed teams
- better gross margins





Evolution of Business Models Re-cap

Loose confederation



Systematically / centrally managed network

- Improve service to existing customers at lower cost
- Gain wallet share of existing and new customers
- Improve gross margins over time
- Best trained and most engaged employees
- Integrate bolt-on acquisitions deliver synergies
- Continued growth in adjacent segments
- Deliver better leverage benefits of scale



Deliver better leverage from benefits of scale



Summary

- Progress on better performance management
 - needed to more than offset ongoing margin pressures
- Developing more efficient / productive business models
 - requires "proportionate" process / IT investment
 - progressive / de-risked programme
- Targeted investment necessary to drive profitable share gain
 - lowest cost platform
 - better leverage and benefits of scale







Appendices



Regional analysis

£m	Revenue 2013	Revenue 2012	Trading profit 2013	Trading profit 2012
Ongoing				
USA	6,785	6,168	492	388
Canada	875	850	51	49
UK	1,769	1,667	95	93
Nordic	1,916	2,029	86	93
France	642	720	10	17
Central Europe	867	911	33	43
Central and other costs	-		(42)	(28)
	12,854	12,345	725	655
Sold or held for sale				
UK	-	231	-	2
Nordic	-	96	-	1
France	270	716	-	9
Central Europe	30	33	-	(2)
Group	13,154	13,421	725	665
		53		WOISFI

Acquisitions

	Revenue £m	Trading profit £m
The results of acquisitions made during the year was as follows:		
USA	125	8
UK	67	(3)
Central Europe	3	-
	195	5
If we had acquired these businesses on 1 August 2012 the results would		
USA	149	9
UK	134	(4)
Central Europe	17	2
	301	7



FX impact

	2012	2013	Current spot rate	2013 Trading profit	2013 impact gain/(loss)	2014 impact* gain/(loss)
	average rate	average rate	26-Sep-13	£m	£m	£m
USD	1.58	1.56	1.60	492	+4	(11)
CAD	1.59	1.57	1.65	51	-	(2)
EUR	1.19	1.20	1.19	36	-	-
Other				93	+1	-
1.70	1.59	GBP v USD	•		+5	(13)
1.60	1.56	1.57	MANAGE AND	4.50		

^{1.50} 1.40 GBP v EUR 1.30 1.20 1.10 1.15 1.00 May-12 Jun-12 Jan-13 Feb-13 Mar-13 Apr-13 May-13 Jul-13 Sep-11 Oct-11 Dec-11 Jan-12 Feb-12 Mar-12 Apr-12 Jul-12 Aug-12 Sep-12 Oct-12 Nov-12



^{*} Estimated impact in FY14 if exchange rates stay at the current levels throughout the period

Branch numbers

	FY12	Consolidated / separated	Transferred	Acquired	Opened	Closed, sold / held for sale	Ongoing FY13
USA	1,274	27	-	13	54	(20)	1,348
Canada	220	-	-	-	4	(5)	219
UK	919	(155)*	-	22	6	(27)	765
Nordic	264	-	-	-	8	(12)	260
France	313	-	(41)	-	-	(114)	158
Central Europe	142	-	41	2	2	(20)	167
	3,132	(128)	-	37	74	(198)	2,917



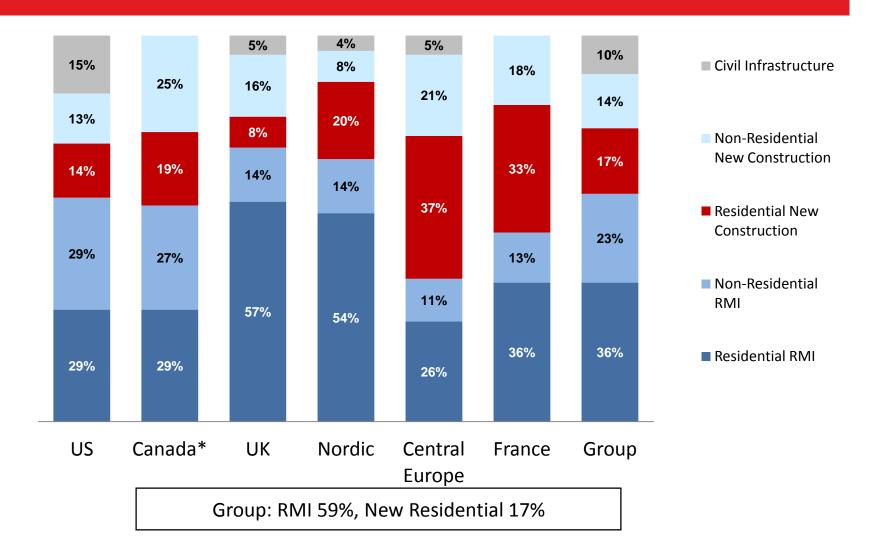
^{*}UK restated due to consolidation of Plumb Center and Parts Center counters

Headcount numbers

	FY12	Transferred	Acquired	Sold / held for sale	Net joiners / (leavers)	Ongoing FY13
USA	18,245	9	304	-	411	18,969
Canada	2,607	-	-	-	(96)	2,511
UK	5,913	(9)	554	(4)	(502)	5,952
Nordic	6,340	-	-	(64)	(131)	6,145
France	5,293	(970)	-	(1,080)	(374)	2,869
Central Europe	2,023	970	46	(100)	(203)	2,736
Other	120	-	-	-	(16)	104
_	40,541	-	904	(1,248)	(911)	39,286



Product destination analysis



^{*} Restated in line with Group methodology

