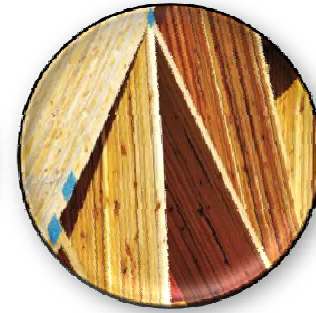
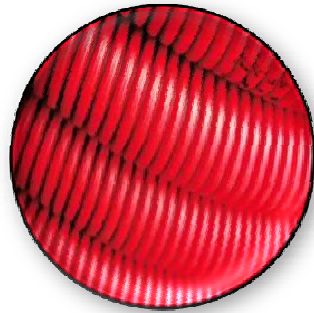




Half Year results for the six months ended 31 January 2010

Driving Profitable Growth

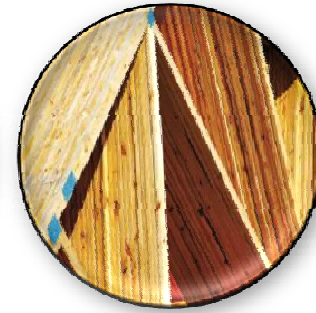
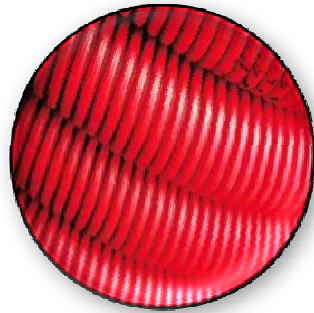
22 March 2010



Ian Meakins Group Chief Executive

Highlights

- Revenue of £6,331 million, 15.1% below last year.
- Gross margin broadly maintained despite tough trading environment.
- Distribution and other administration costs in the half year reduced by £272 million (14.7%). Monthly run rate broadly flat.
- Generated trading profit of £167 million.
- Exit from underperforming businesses in Ireland, Belgium, Czech Republic and Slovakia.
- Net debt reduced by £49 million since the start of the financial year to £910 million.
- Completed Group-wide review of resource allocation



Steve Webster Chief Financial Officer

Summary of Results

| | H1 2010 £m | H1 2009 £m | Reported change (%) | Constant currency (%) |
|---|------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Revenue | 6,331 | 7,458 | (15.1) | (17.1) |
| Trading profit* | 167 | 251 | (33.5) | (34.1) |
| Exceptional items (excluding associates) | (255) | (120) | | |
| Amortisation and impairment of acquired intangibles | (119) | (512) | | |
| Operating loss | (207) | (381) | | |
| Net finance costs | (41) | (83) | | |
| Share of after tax loss from associates | (13) | - | | |
| PBT* | 112 | 168 | | |
| EPS* | 24.5p | 63.6p | | |
| Net debt | 910 | 2,486 | | |
| Net debt : EBITDA | 1.5x | 3.1x | | |
| Gearing | 28.3% | 79.7% | | |
| Interest cover [△] | 4.8x | 3.2x | | |

* Before exceptional items and amortisation and impairment of acquired intangibles

△ Interest cover is trading profit divided by net finance costs, excluding net pension related finance costs

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Revenue, Margin and Operating Costs Analysis

| | H1 2010 | H2 2009 | H1 2009 |
|---|----------------|------------|------------|
| Like for like revenue movement | (12.2%) | (18.3%) | (9.2%) |
| Gross margin %* | 27.5% | 27.7% | 27.8% |
| Trading margin * | 2.6% | 2.8% | 3.4% |
| Average monthly labour cost (£m) | 151 | 164 | 176 |
| Average monthly other operating cost (£m) | 112 | 125 | 128 |

*Before exceptional items and amortisation and impairment of acquired intangibles

- Like for like sales trends have improved across the group in H1 2010
- Gross margin held up remarkably well
- H2 cost base likely to be similar to H1
- Emphasis on preserving branch network
- Further action will be taken if unexpected market decline

Quarterly like for like Sales Growth Trends

| | Q2 2010 (%) | Q1 2010 (%) | Q4 2009 (%) | Q3 2009 (%) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| UK and Ireland | (3.5) | (4.7) | (11.5) | (14.7) |
| Nordic | (8.9) | (15.3) | (21.6) | (23.1) |
| France | (11.2) | (12.7) | (14.8) | (14.5) |
| C&EE Continuing Operations | (4.1) | (3.7) | (5.0) | (7.9) |
| Ferguson | (14.3) | (20.9) | (25.8) | (19.4) |
| Canada | (1.3) | (10.0) | (10.7) | (7.2) |
| Group Continuing Operations | (9.5) | (14.3) | (19.2) | (17.3) |

- General improvement in like for like sales trends
- Comparators more favourable
- General stabilisation of markets
- Largest decline at Ferguson, reflecting Commercial and Industrial segment decline

Operating Cash Flow

| | H1 2010 (£m) | H1 2009 (£m) |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| Trading profit (including discontinued operations in 2009) | 167 | 182 |
| Exceptional items (including discontinued operations in 2009) | (255) | (262) |
| Loss/(profit) on disposal of businesses and revaluation of disposal groups | 49 | (4) |
| Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment | 93 | 131 |
| Profit on disposal of property, plant and equipment and assets held for sale | (2) | (17) |
| Amortisation and impairment of software intangible assets | 145 | 9 |
| Change in working capital | (142) | 383 |
| Change in provisions and other non cash items | 1 | 151 |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 56 | 573 |
| Tax received / (paid) | 100 | (31) |
| Interest paid | (32) | (92) |
| Capital Expenditure | (41) | (87) |
| Acquisitions and disposals | (22) | 2 |
| Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment and assets held for sale | 54 | 95 |
| Exchange | (31) | (409) |
| Fair value changes and other movements | (35) | (68) |
| Decrease / (Increase) in net debt | 49 | (17) |

Exceptional Items

| | 2010 £m | 2009 £m |
|---|------------|------------|
| Restructuring costs | 42 | 120 |
| Loss on disposal of businesses | 49 | - |
| Impairment of BCP asset and other associated provisions | 164 | - |
| | 255 | 120 |

- Estimated additional £8 million charge in H2 relating to North American SAP pilot
- Restructuring costs in H2 2010 likely to be modest

Exceptional Restructuring Costs and Benefits since 1 August 2007

| | Cost £m | Headcount reduction | Benefit* £m pa |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| UK and Ireland | 210 | 4,109 | 160 |
| France | 49 | 1,798 | 42 |
| Nordic | 25 | 1,878 | 51 |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 43 | 723 | 28 |
| Europe | 327 | 8,508 | 281 |
| US plumbing and heating | 106 | 6,946 | 271 |
| Canada | 12 | 184 | 9 |
| North America | 118 | 7,130 | 280 |
| Group head office | 13 | 61 | 13 |
| Total continuing operations | 458 | 15,699 | 574 |

*benefits exclude disposed Irish and Central and Eastern Europe businesses

Exceptional Restructuring Costs and Benefits half year to 31 January 2010

| | Cost £m | Headcount Reduction | 2010 Benefit £m | Benefit £m pa |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|
| UK and Ireland | 15 | 745 | 7 | 11 |
| France | 4 | 68 | 2 | 3 |
| Nordic | 11 | 115 | 2 | 4 |
| Central and Eastern Europe | 3 | 114 | 3 | 7 |
| Europe | 33 | 1,042 | 14 | 25 |
| US Plumbing and Heating | 5 | 835 | 26 | 33 |
| Canada | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 |
| North America | 6 | 839 | 28 | 36 |
| Group Head Office | 3 | 20 | 2 | 3 |
| Total Continuing operations | 42 | 1,901 | 44 | 64 |

*benefits exclude disposed Irish and Central and Eastern Europe businesses

Ferguson

| | H1 2009 £m | Exch £m | Disp £m | Acqn £m | Organic £m | Change % | H1 2010 £m | Change % | Const Cur % |
|----------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Revenue | 3,038 | (20) | - | 8 | (653) | (21.6) | 2,373 | (21.9) | (21.4) |
| Trading profit | 188 | (1) | - | - | (88) | (47.1) | 99 | (47.3) | (46.9) |
| Trading margin | 6.2% | | | | | | 4.2% | | |

- Strong overall trading performance ahead of the market
- New residential market stabilised, RMI bottoming out
- Continued weakness in commercial and industrial segments
- H1 2010 like for like revenue decline 18% (H2 2009 : 22.6%)
- Gross margin held up well despite underlying price pressure
- Underlying local currency trading profit down 44% to \$159 million

Canada

| | H1 2009 £m | Exch £m | Disp £m | Acqn £m | Organic £m | Change % | H1 2010 £m | Change % | Const Cur % |
|----------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Revenue | 369 | 32 | - | - | (48) | (12.0) | 353 | (4.3) | (12.0) |
| Trading profit | 18 | 1 | - | - | (1) | (7.1) | 18 | 1.1 | (7.1) |
| Trading margin | 4.7% | | | | | | 5.0% | | |

- Market holding up relatively well in line with improving GDP trends
- Business continues to outperform the market
- Markets have broadly stabilised
- H1 2010 like for like revenue decline 6% (H2 2009 : 9%)
- Good improvement in gross margin in the period
- Higher trading margin due to lower cost base from prior year actions

North America Loan Services

| | H1 2009 £m | Exch £m | Disp £m | Acqn £m | Organic £m | Change % | H1 2010 £m | Change % | Const Cur % |
|--------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Trading loss | (11) | - | - | - | 8 | 77.3 | (3) | 77.5 | 77.3 |

- Phased orderly reduction of loan portfolio with a view to ultimate exit
- Net construction loan receivables 54% below 2009 at £124 million
- Net trading loss of £3 million (2009 : £11 million)
- Run rate of losses expected to continue to decline

UK and Ireland

| | H1 2009 £m | Exch £m | Disp £m | Acqn £m | Organic £m | Change % | H1 2010 £m | Change % | Const Cur % |
|----------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Revenue | 1,401 | 6 | (16) | - | (158) | (11.2) | 1,233 | (12.0) | (12.4) |
| Trading profit | 20 | - | 1 | - | 12 | 62.8 | 33 | 67.9 | 67.9 |
| Trading margin | 1.4% | | | | | | 2.7% | | |

- Irish business sold – loss of £4m in H1 2010
- Residential markets stabilising with Commercial and Industrial market declining
- H1 2010 like for like revenue decline 4% (H2 2009 : 13%)
- Gross margin down but improving in second quarter
- Improved trading performance and margin driven by lower cost base
- Trading margin of Lightside businesses 6.5% and Heavyside business moved back to profitability

France

| | H1 2009 £m | Exch £m | Disp £m | Acqn £m | Organic £m | Change % | H1 2010 £m | Change % | Const Cur % |
|-----------------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Revenue | 1,055 | 65 | (7) | - | (179) | (16.0) | 934 | (11.5) | (16.6) |
| Trading Profit/(loss) | 22 | 1 | (4) | - | (24) | (100.6) | (5) | (121.6) | (120.4) |
| Trading margin | 2.1% | | | | | | (0.5%) | | |

- Weak business environment
- H1 2010 like for like revenue decline 11.9% (H2 2009 : 14.6%)
- Gross margin slightly higher
- Prior year trading profit included £4m profit on disposal of business classified as exceptional in H2 2009
- Heavyside performance in line with the market but underperformed in Lightside
- Root cause of Brossette underperformance identified and action plan developed

Nordic

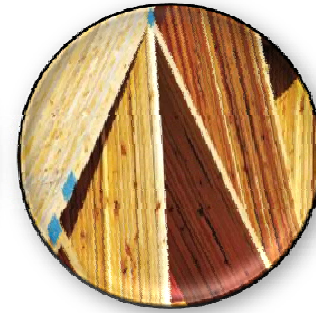
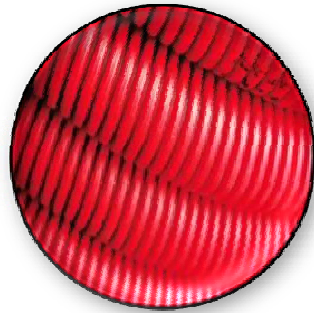
| | H1 2009 £m | Exch £m | Disp £m | Acqn £m | Organic £m | Change % | H1 2010 £m | Change % | Const Cur % |
|----------------|------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Revenue | 1,088 | 64 | - | - | (168) | (14.6) | 984 | (9.6) | (14.6) |
| Trading profit | 44 | 3 | - | - | (1) | (0.7) | 46 | 5.8 | (0.7) |
| Trading margin | 4.0% | | | | | | 4.7% | | |

- Danish construction markets (47% revenue) remain worst affected
- Other markets have stabilised
- All countries tracking in line with their respective markets
- H1 2010 like for like revenue decline 12.7% (H2 2009 : 22.3%)
- Small gross margin improvement
- H1 included non recurring profit of £7million

Central and Eastern Europe

| | 2009 | Exch | Disp | Acqn | Organic | Change | 2010 | Change | Cons't |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|--------|------|--------|---------|
| | £m | £m | £m | £m | £m | % | £m | % | Cur'y % |
| Revenue | 507 | 33 | (53) | - | (33) | (6.0) | 454 | (10.5) | (15.9) |
| Trading (loss)/profit | (1) | - | 3 | - | 3 | 459.6 | 5 | 616.1 | 775.4 |
| Trading margin | - | | | | | | 1.0% | | |

- Improved trading performance due to benefits of prior year restructuring
- Disposal of Belgium, Czech Republic and Slovakian businesses completed
- Prior year included one off charge of £2m relating to impairment of an IT asset
- Revenue of continuing business down 6%
- H1 2010 continuing businesses like for like revenue decline 4% (H2 2009 : 6.5%)
- Gross margins flat despite significant pricing pressure
- Trading profit of continuing business £6 million (2009 £2 million)
- New managing director appointed



Driving Profitable Growth

Ian Meakins
Group Chief Executive

Agenda

- Assessment
- Value Creation
- Actions Taken
- Resource Allocation
- Business Unit Strategy
- Operational Performance
- Outlook

First Impressions – September Presentation

- Construction materials distribution
 - Attractive over the long term
 - Cyclical
- Attractive portfolio of businesses in its core geographies
 - Strategically strong locally and nationally
 - Customer Service fundamental for success
 - Large profit pool available
 - Competitive logistics network
 - Operational leverage - sourcing and costs
- Performance vs. competition is mixed
 - US and Nordics - gaining
 - UK - turning around
 - France – still losing in Brossette
- We compete in many different businesses
 - Some are more attractive
 - Scope for performance improvements
- Cross border synergies
 - Limited success
 - Further work required
- Market conditions remain challenging

Clear Leadership

Gross Margin progress

Lower priority

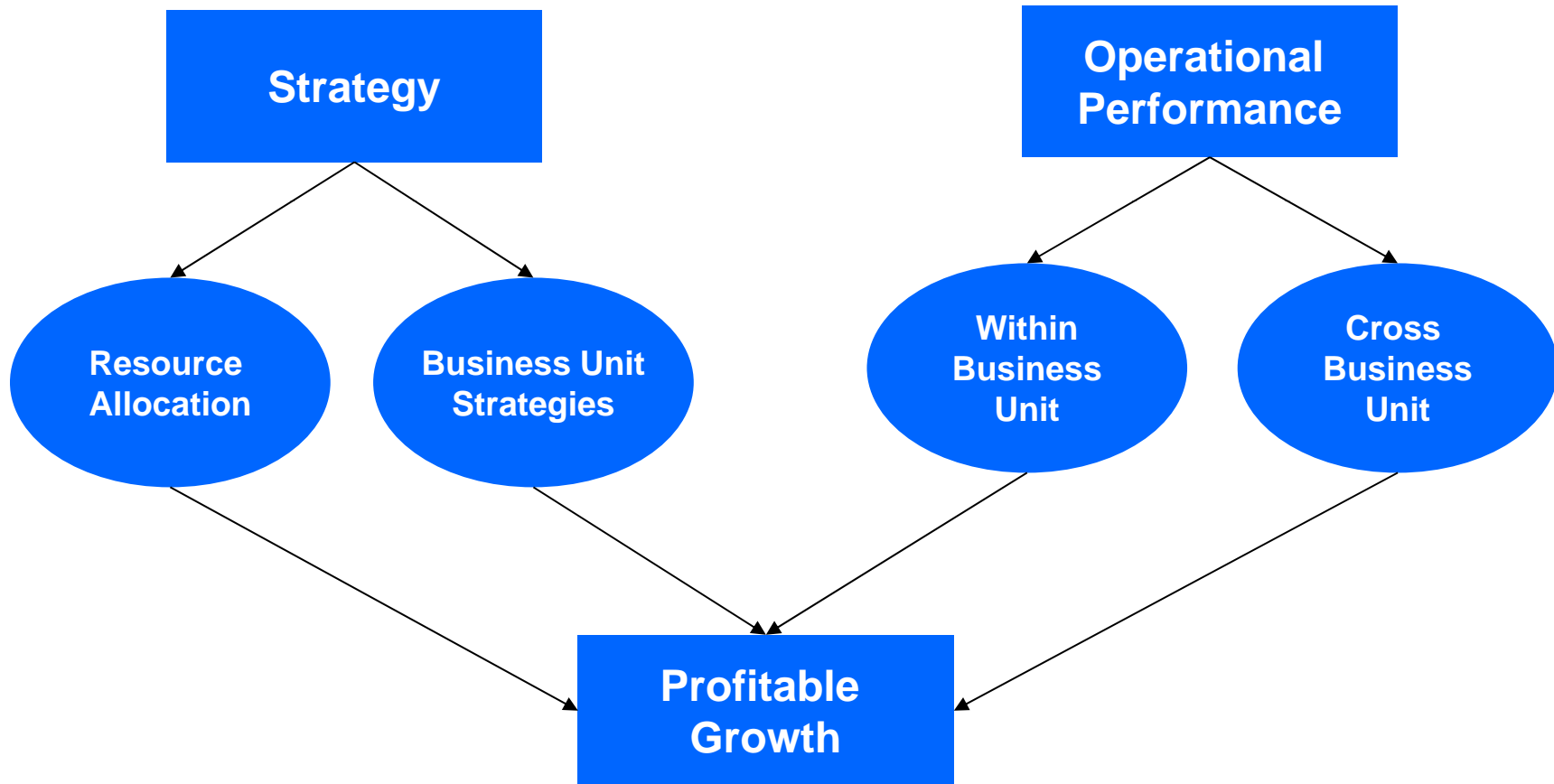
Assessment

- For many years Wolseley performed well
- Last few years lack of:
 - Strategic approach to capital and resource Allocation
 - focus on operational performance and organic growth
- Many acquisitions – unrelated segments – not fully integrated
- Focus on global model at expense of winning locally
- Balance sheet exposed by big acquisitions at cycle peak
- Robust response to downturn
 - Broad strokes required
 - Aggressive cost reduction essential
- Need now to focus, invest and deliver at branch level

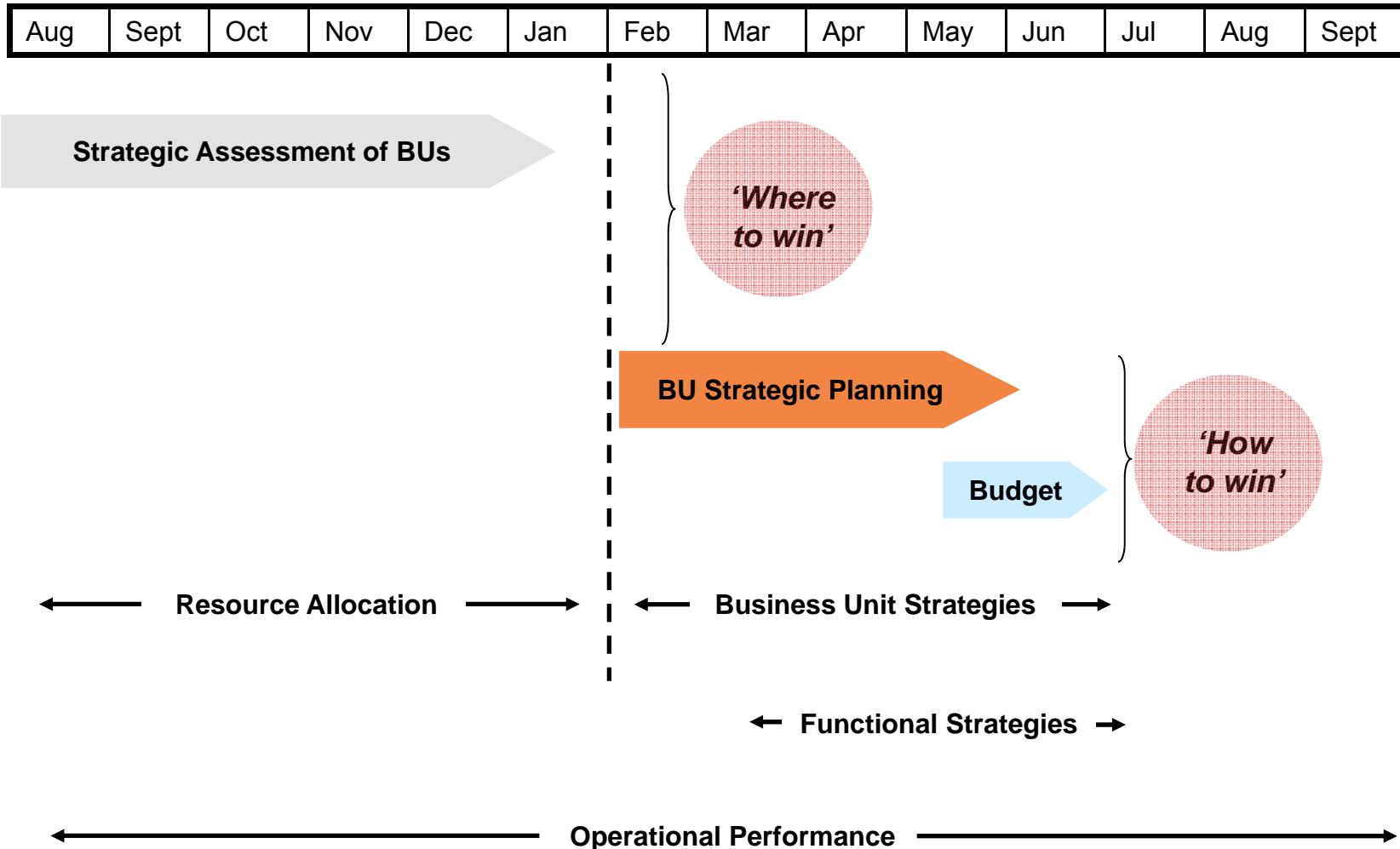
Delivery Since September

- Financial performance year to date
- Customer service measures in place
- Performance review process established
- Further cost reductions in H1
- Market share performance
- Resource Allocation complete for FY 10
- Senior team changes made in H1
- Postponed SAP deployment
- Disposal of non-core assets

Value Creation

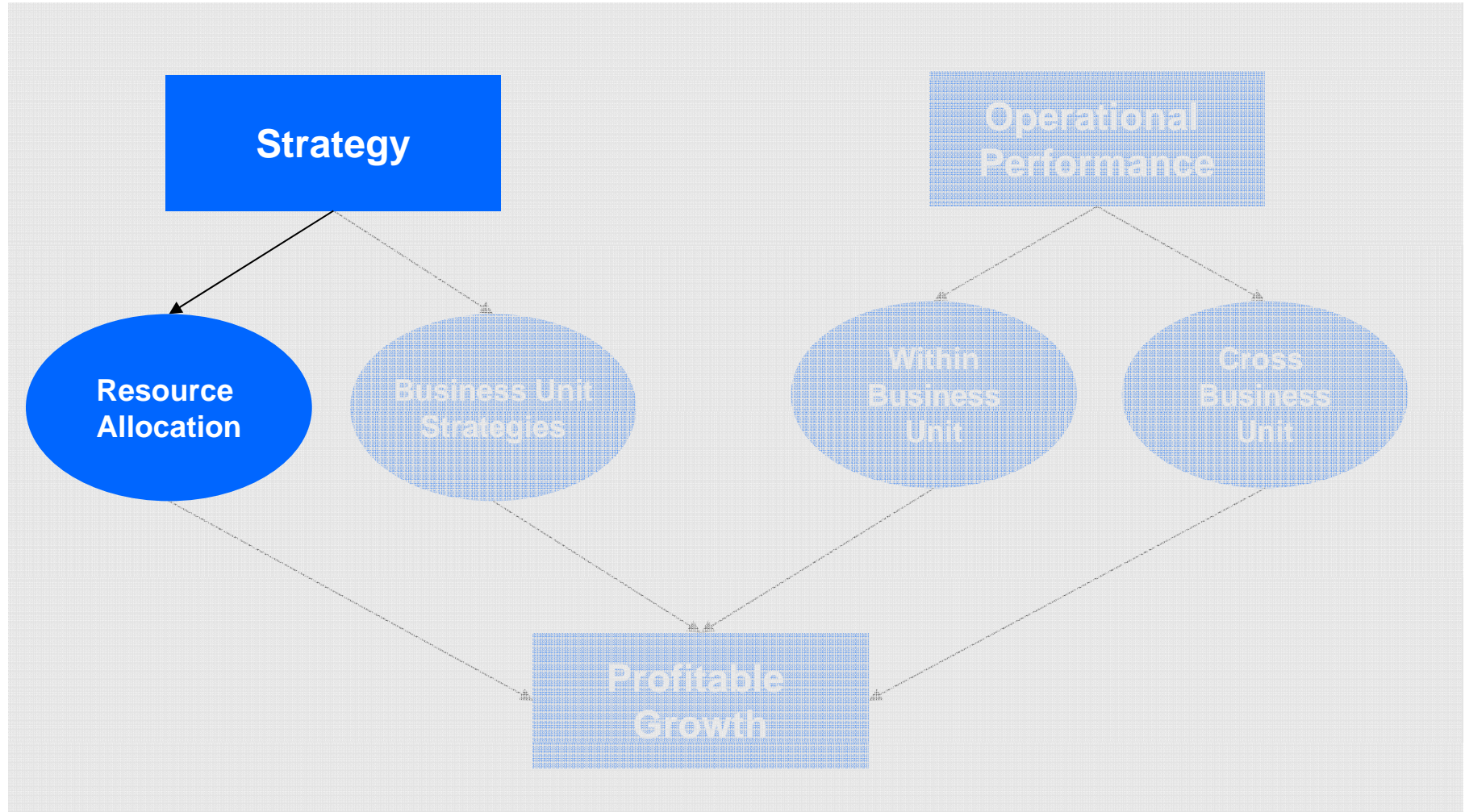


Process



Value Creation

Strategy - Resource Allocation



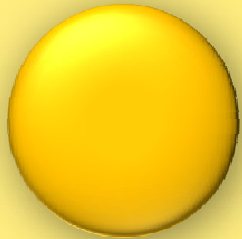
Resource Allocation

Selection Criteria



Resource Allocation

Classification of Business Units



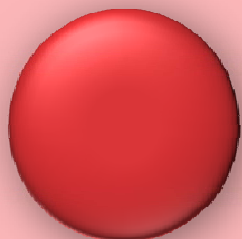
'Growth Engine'

Invest to create profitable growth



'Synergy Driver'

Take advantage of Growth Engine synergies

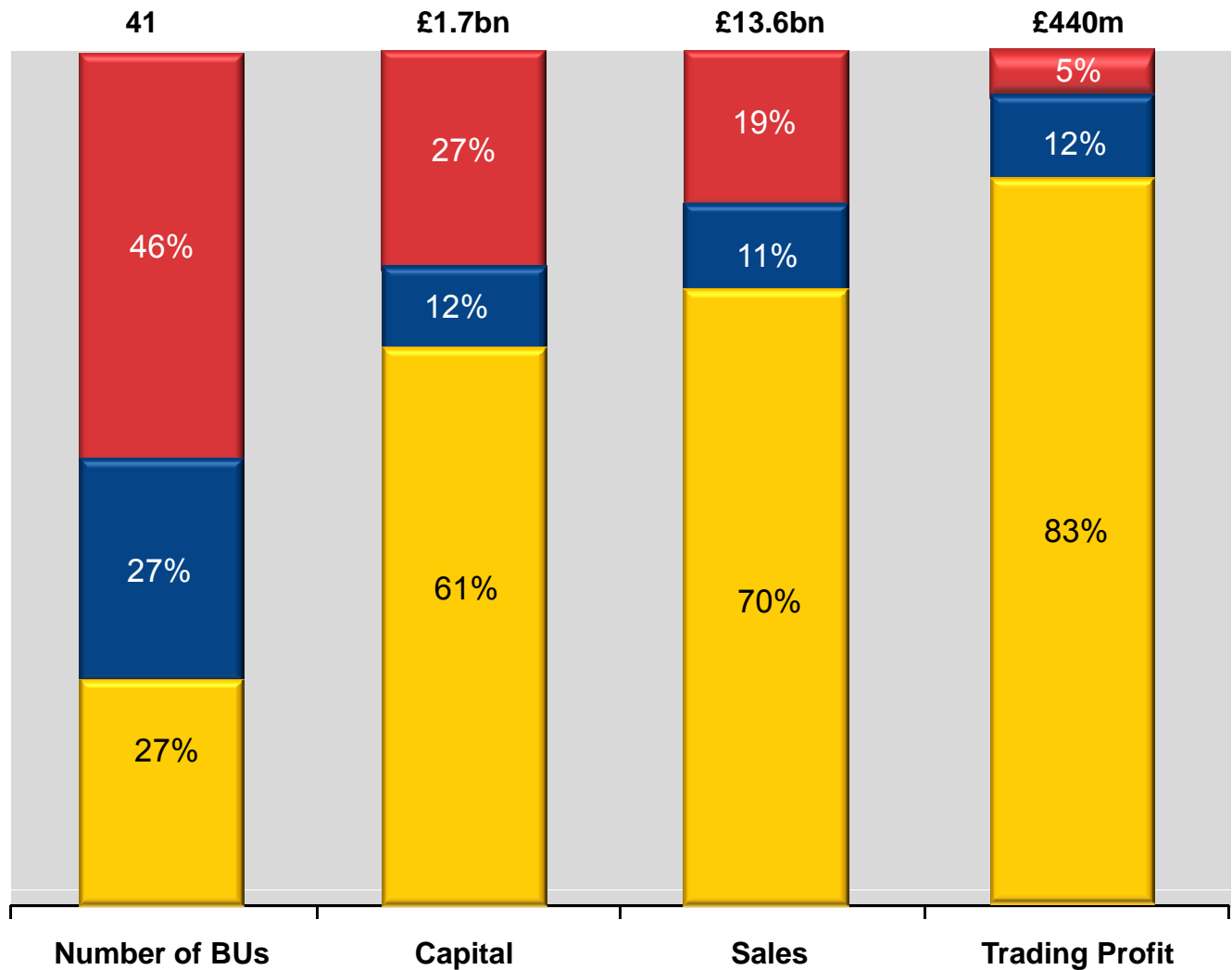


'Performance Builder'

Drive performance, then reclassify or exit

Resource Allocation

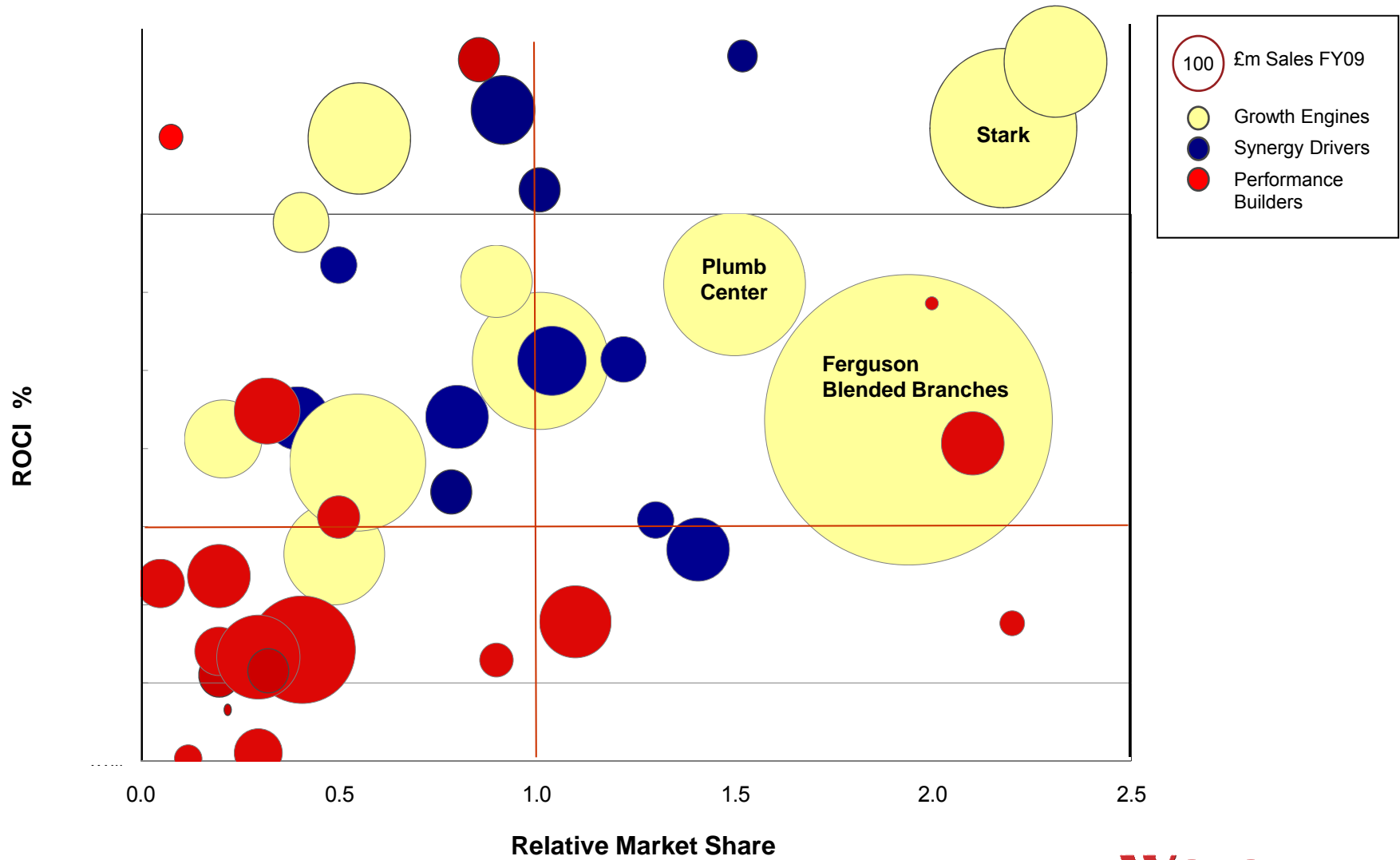
Classification of Business Units



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Resource Allocation

Classification of Business Units



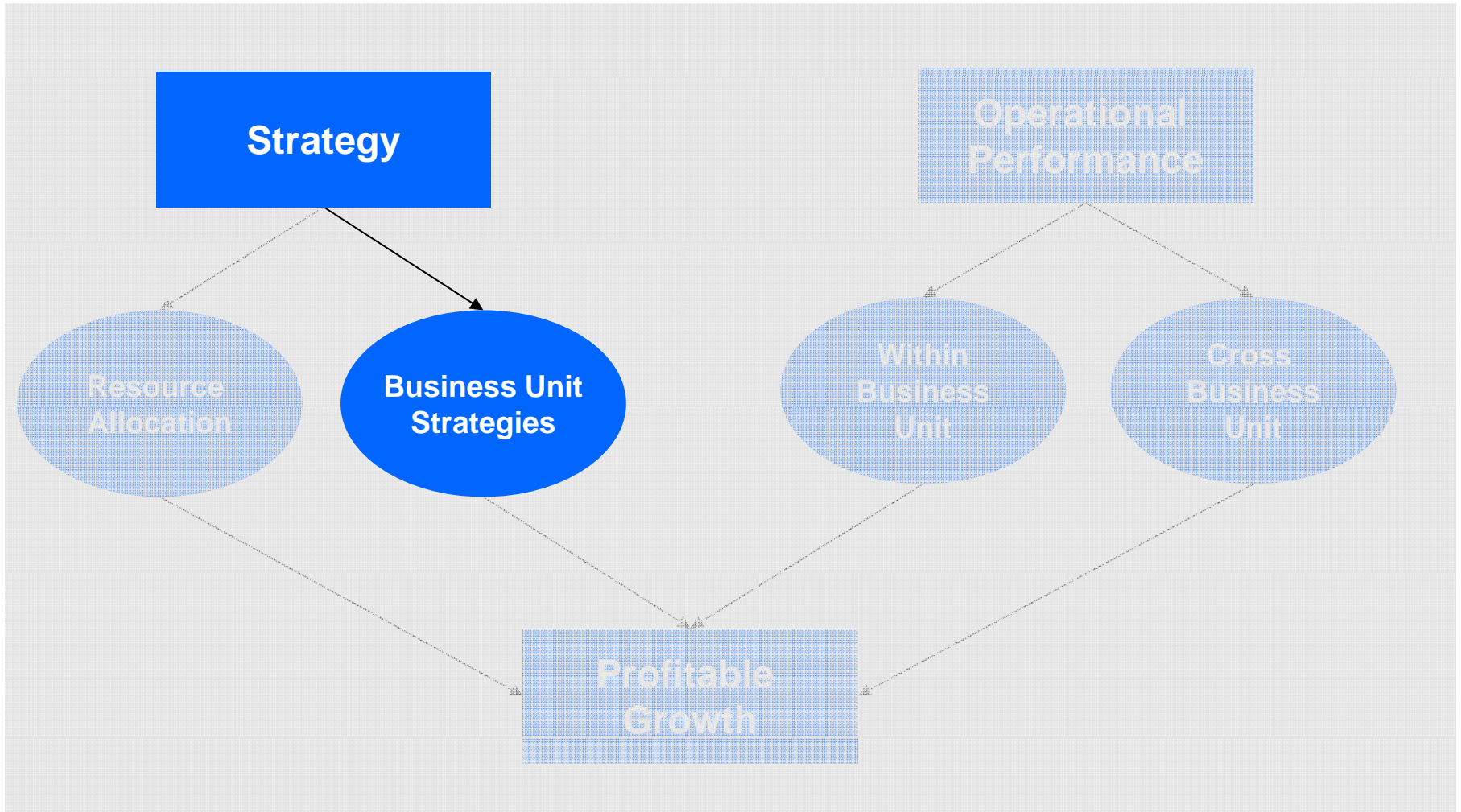
Resource Allocation

Outputs

- Proportionally resources will go to the “best” businesses
 - Larger less volatile markets
 - Leading share positions
 - Faster growth
 - Better ROCI and cash flow
- Greater focus on accelerating organic growth
- Bolt-on acquisitions to “best” businesses
 - Provided financial hurdles met - disciplined
 - Integrated fully and rapidly extract local synergies
- Performance builders will improve, reclassify or exit
- No unrelated acquisitions – must be synergies
- Clear benefits of Group
- Balance sheet conservatively managed

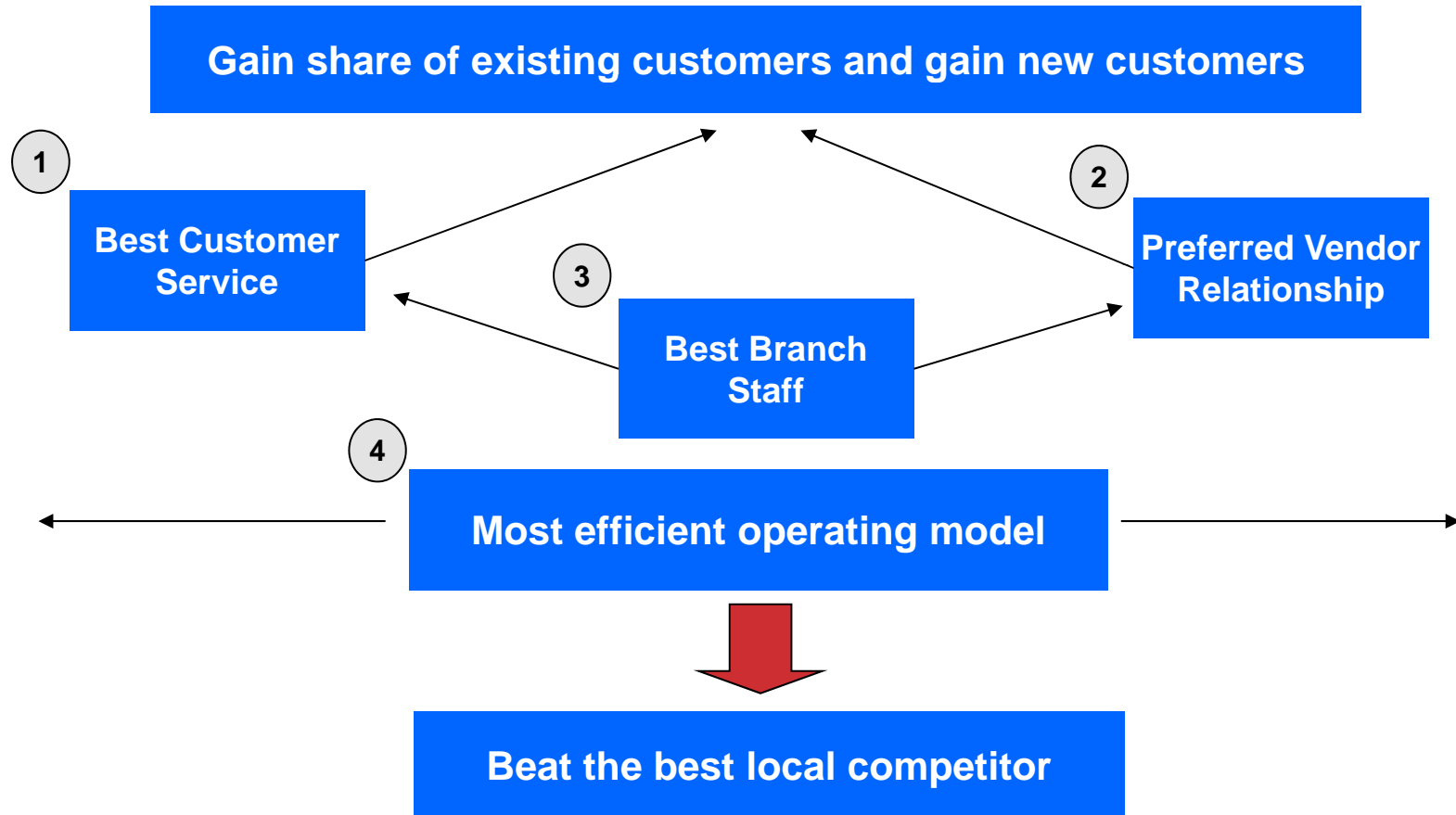
Value Creation

Strategy - Business Unit Strategies



Business Unit Strategies

Driving Profitable Growth



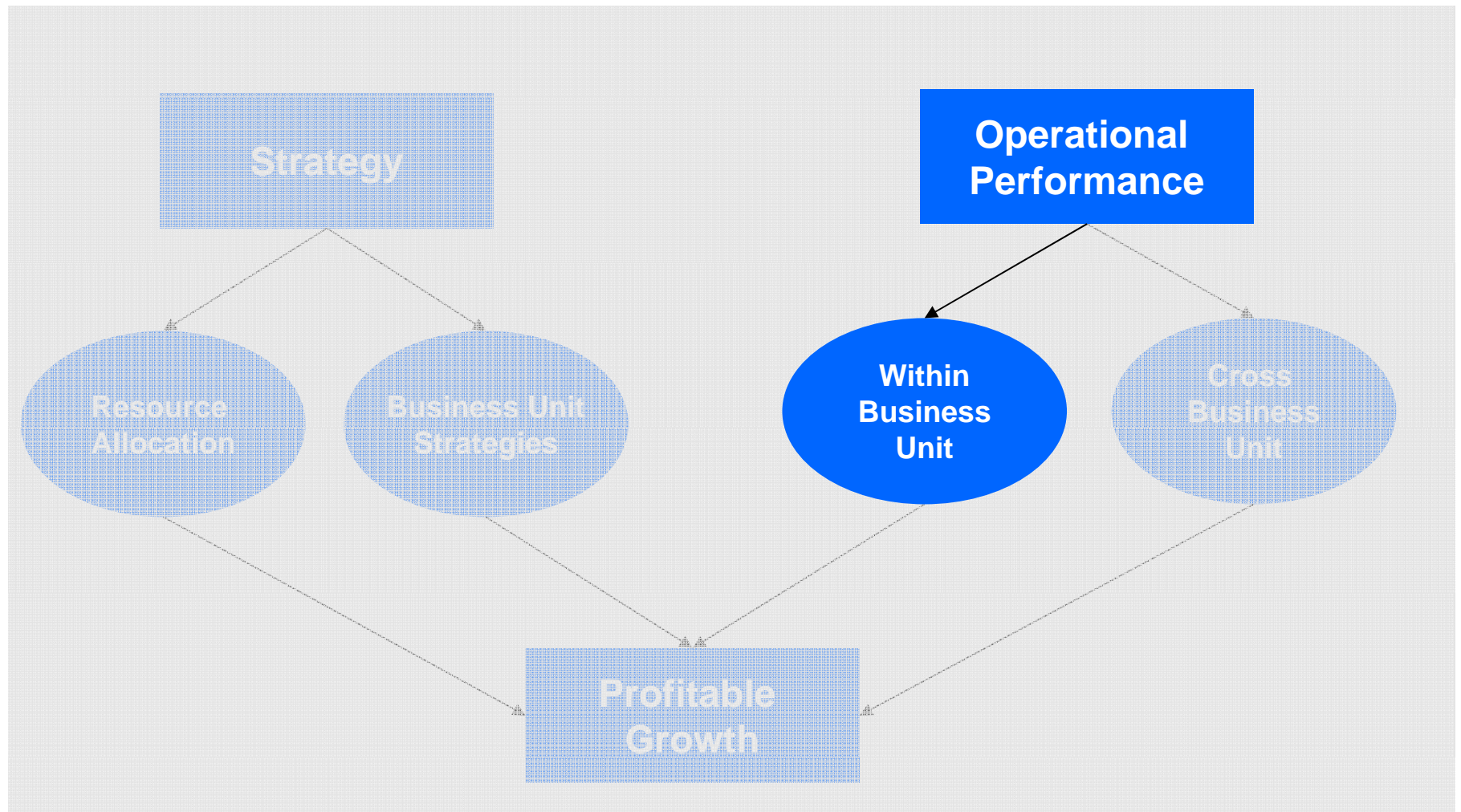
Business Unit Strategy

HVAC Deep Dive

- Analyse the market
- Determine our position in the market
- Review our business
- Develop opportunities for growth

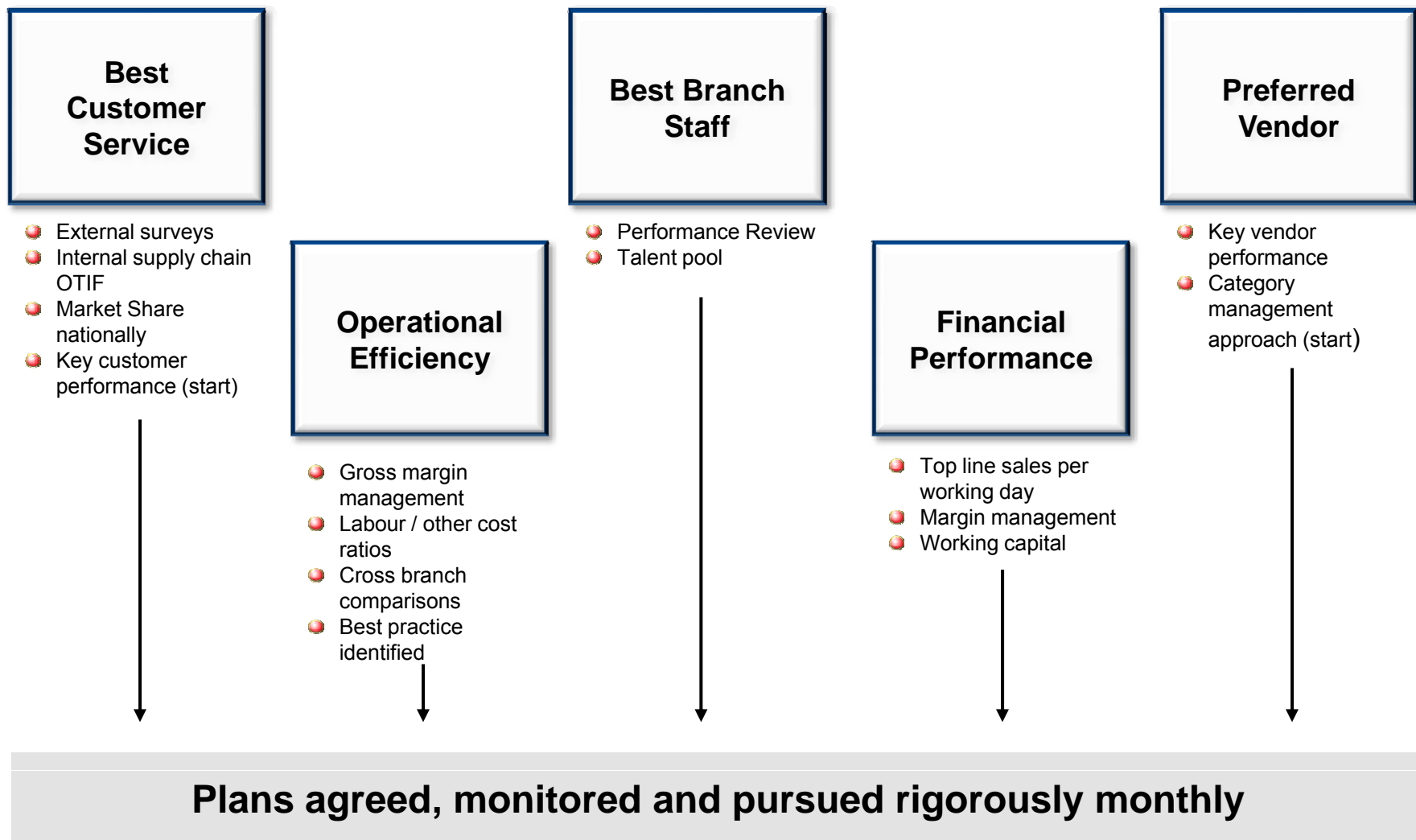
Value Creation

Operational Performance – within Business Unit



Within Business Unit

Performance Review Process – FY10



Within Business Unit

Performance Review Process - Brossette

● Strategic position is not cause of poor performance

- RMS 0.4x but regional strengths

● Historically performed well

- 5%+ ROS, >15%+ ROCI

● Performance caused by poor execution

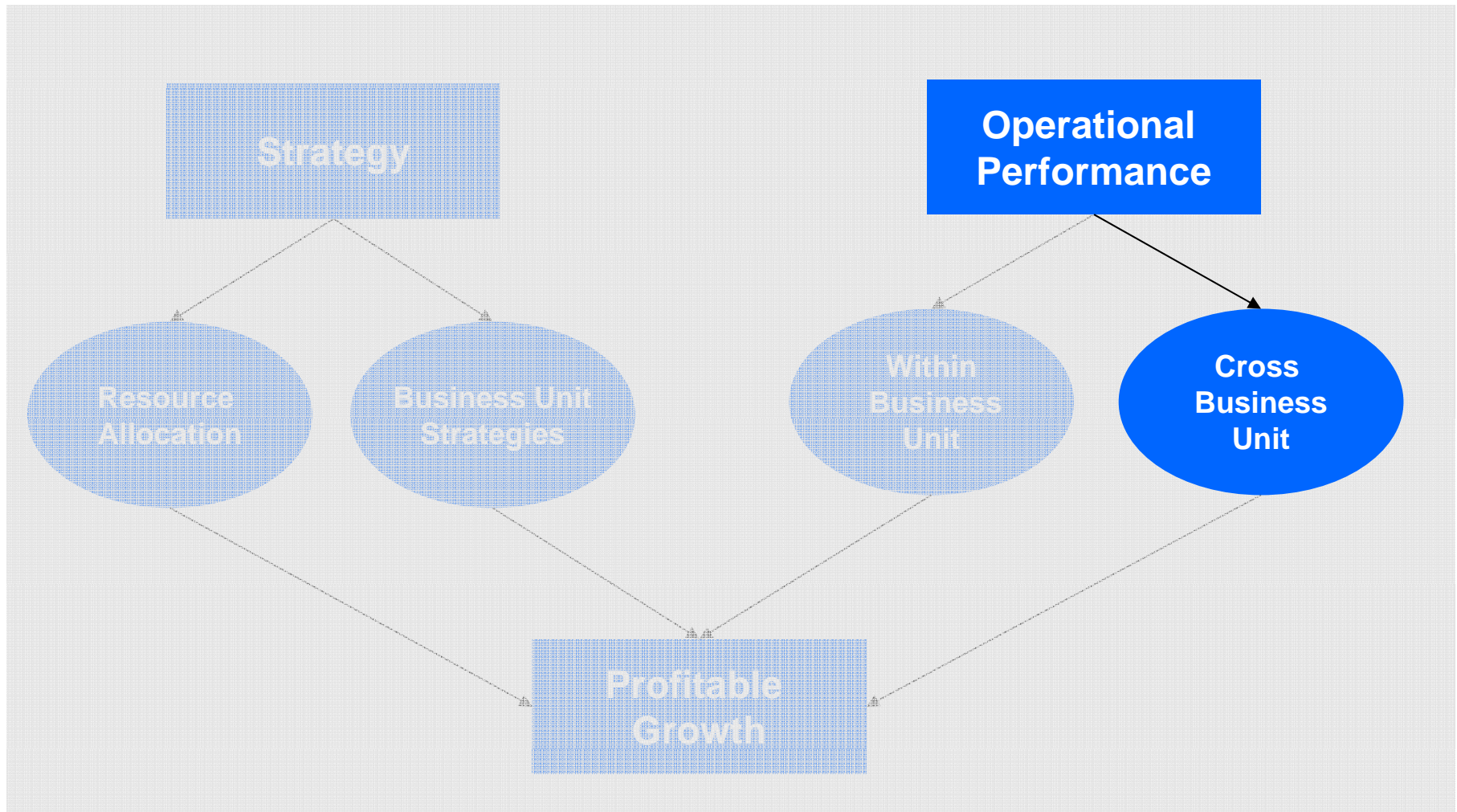
- Poor product availability caused share loss
- Core inventory reduction to meet cash needs
- Sales force productivity decline
- DC network ½ built – not integrated
- Poor customer service & share loss
- Pricing management on core products / customers
- Branch closures poorly implemented
- Cost base inflated – DCs and satellite branches
- Inexperienced GM

● Action plan with quarterly milestones

- Data driven diagnosis
- Inventory levels increased to improve service
- Cash targets reduced
- Sales force remuneration changed
- Customers re-segmented and re-priced
- Re-negotiation with key suppliers
- Key accounts sales team re-focussed
- Detailed action plans by region / branch
- Experienced GM October 09

Value Creation

Operational Performance – cross Business Unit



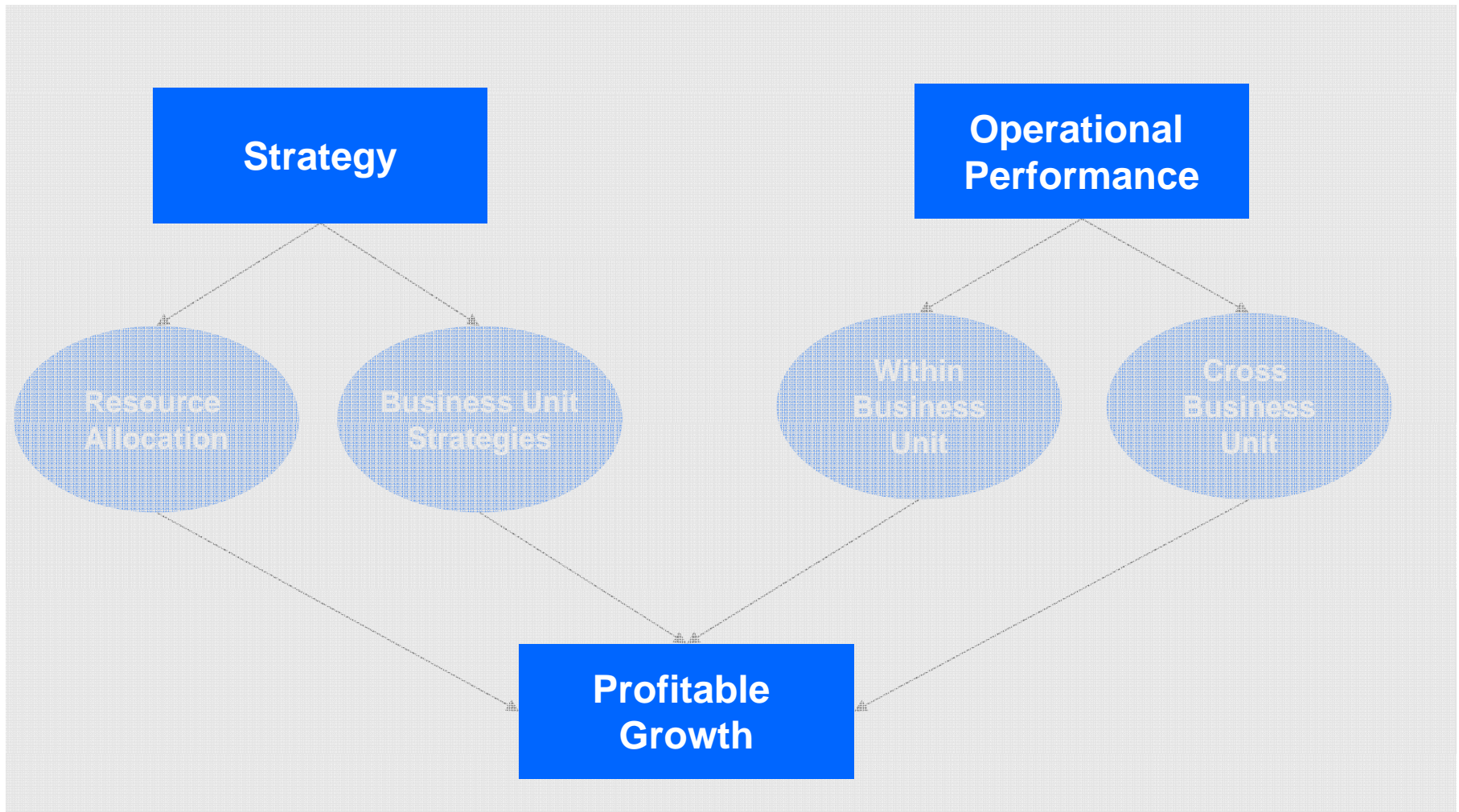
Cross Business Unit Synergies



| | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Management Synergies | Performance Review Process | |
| | Best practice / Bench marking | |
| | Corporate Finance | |
| | | Management Development |
| | | Capital Allocation |
| Operational Synergies | IT Infrastructure | |
| | | Joint Sourcing |
| | | Own Label Development |

Value Creation

Driving Profitable Growth



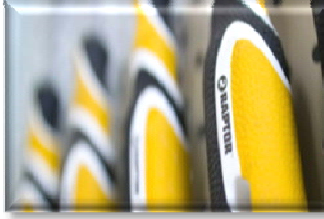
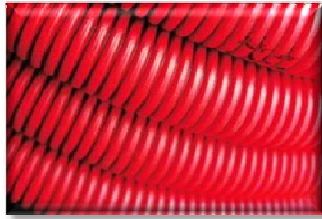
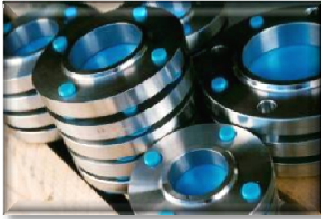
Profitable Growth

Summary

- Markets still very tough-but stabilising
- Majority of our businesses are strategically attractive
 - Robust business models
 - Leadership positions
 - Great growth opportunities
- Future direction of Group is clear-Growth Engines/Synergy Drivers
- Performance Builders will be resolved
 - Reclassify or exit
 - Market conditions determine timings
- Business is under control
 - Costs/balance sheet/capex-easy wins taken
 - Further cuts are market dependent
- Still significant opportunities to improve performance
 - Customer service/Vendor relationships/Branch staff
 - Raise gross margins basis point by basis point
 - Raise net margins significantly

Q&A

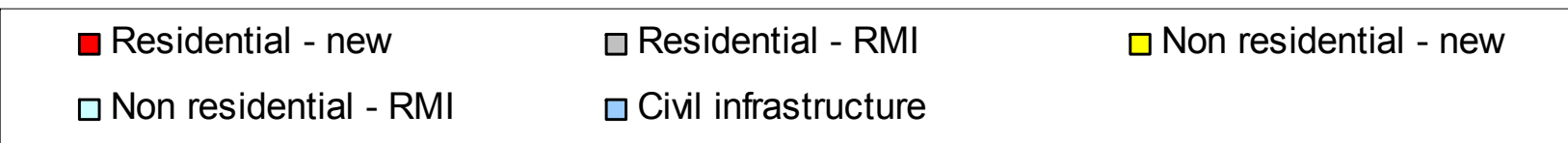
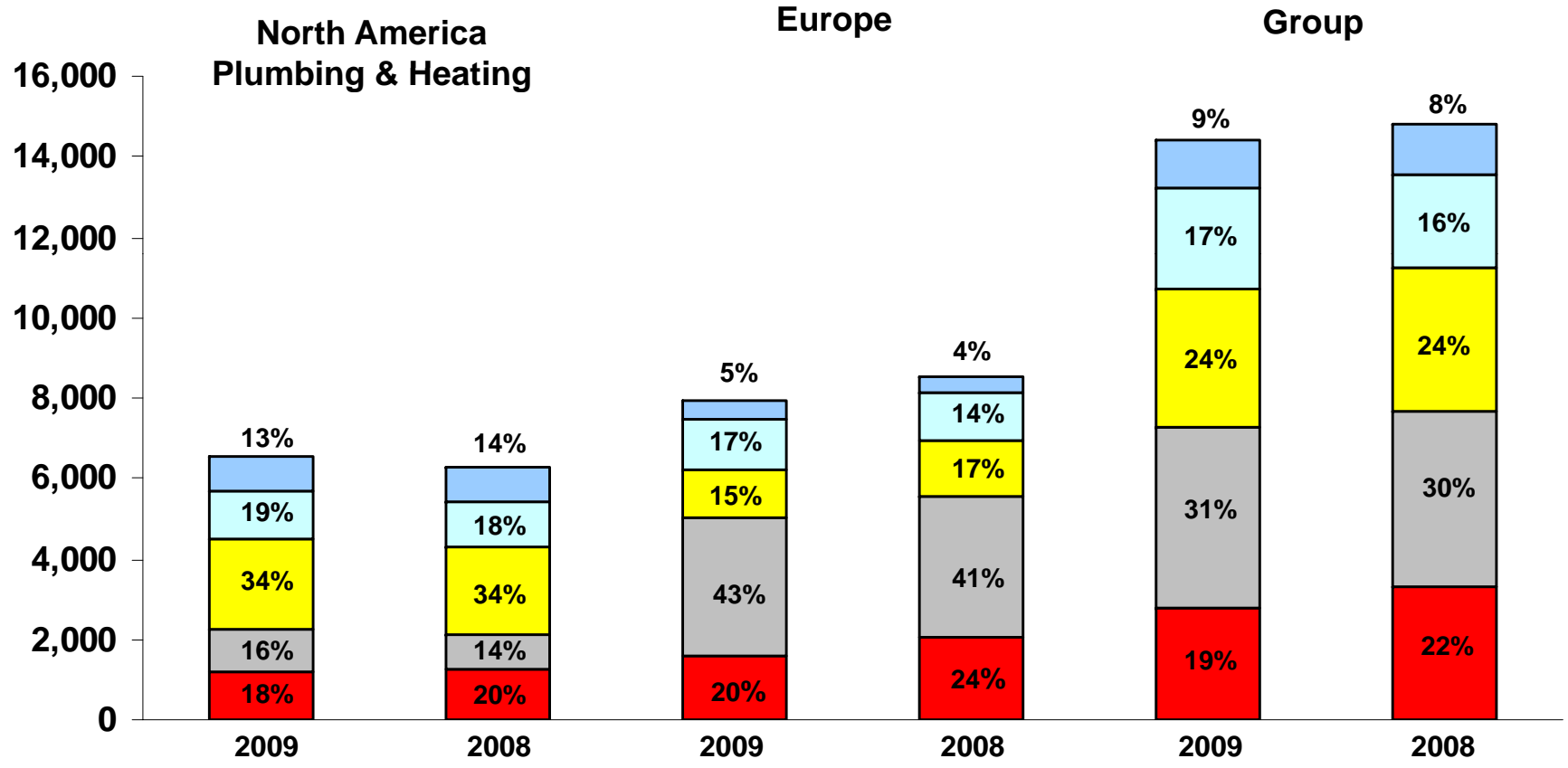
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Appendices

Business drivers 2009 & 2008

% of divisional sales



Branch growth

