

Thal Limited 2022 Annual Report





4th Floor, House of Habib, 3 Jinnah cooperative Housing Society, Block-7/8, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi - 75350, Pakistan. Tel: 92 (21) 3431 2030 / 3431 2185

CONTENTS

Corporate Information Key Figures Company Profile Company Structure	03 04 05 07
Corporate Governance Directors' Profile Board Committees And	09
Their Terms of References Chairman's Review Report	13 15
Directors' Report Directors' Report to The Shareholders Overview of Business Segments Statement of Value Addition Financial Performance Six Years at A Glance Graphical Presentation Six Years at A Glance Horizontal Analysis Vertical Analysis Six Years' Ratio Analysis Graphical Presentation of Ratios	17 18 28 29 30 31 33 35 36
Shareholder Information Notice of The Annual General Meeting Combined Pattern of CDC And	37
Physical Shareholding Financial Statements Statement of Compliance with	42
Code of Corporate Governance Review Report to the Members	47 49
Auditor's Report on Unconsolidated Financial Statements Unconsolidated Financial Statements Auditor's Report on	52 57
Consolidated Financial Statements Consolidated Financial Statements	110 114
OU ISUIIUALEU I II IAI IUAI SLALEI I IEI ILS	114

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Rafiq M. Habib

Muhammad Tayyab Ahmad Tareen Chief Executive Officer Aliya Saeeda Khan Khayam Husain

Mohamedali R. Habib Imran Ali Habib Salman Burney

Chairman -Non-Executive Director Independent Director Independent Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director

Chief Financial Officer

Shahid Saleem

Company Secretary

Salman Khalid

Audit Committee

Chairperson - Independent Aliya Saeeda Khan Mohamedali R. Habib Member Imran Ali Habib Member Salman Burney Member

Human Resources & Remuneration Committee

Aliya Saeeda Khan Chairperson - Independen Mohamedali R. Habib Member Salman Burney Member Muhammad Tayyab Ahmad Tareen Member

External Auditors

EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisors

A. K. Brohi & Co., Karachi K. A. Wahab & Co., Karachi Fazle Ghani Advocates, Karachi

Tax Advisors

EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants

Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited

Bankers

Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited Faysal Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Registered Office

United Bank Limited

Telenor Microfinance Bank Limited

4th Floor, House of Habib 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Block 7/8 Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi - 75350 PABX: 92(21) 3431-2030, 3431-2185 Fax: 92(21) 3431-2318, 3439-0868 E-mail: tl@hoh.net Web: www.thallimited.com 4th Floor, House of Habib

Share Registrar

FAMCO Associates (Private) Limited 8-F, next to Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi. Tel: 92(21) 3438-0101-5, 3438-4621-5 Fax: 92(21) 3438-0106, 3242-8310 Email: info.shares@famco.com.pk Web: www.famco.com.pk

Credit Rating

By VIS Credit Rating Company Limited Medium to Long-term rating: AA (Double A) Short-term rating: A-1+ (A-One Plus)

KEY FIGURES

Sales Revenue

Rs. in million

37,351 2021-22

27,317 2020-21

36.73%

Profit after tax

Rs. in million

4,257 2021-22

3,482 2020-21

Earnings per share

52.54 2021-22

22.26%

42.97 2020-21

Total equity

Rs. in million

27,230 13.91% 2021-22 23,906

Total assets

Rs. in million

37,606 2021-22

2020-21

-36.23%

22.26%

27.34% 29,532

Return on equity

15.63 2021-22

14.57 2020-21

7.33%

2020-21

Market price per share

269.62 2021-22

422.78 2020-21

Contribution to national exchequer

Rs. in million

8,080 2021-22

31.55%

6,142 2020-21

Divdend per share

Rs.

7.50 -25.00% 2021-22 10.00

2020-21

Market capitalization Rs. in million

21.847 2021-22

34,258 2020-21

-36.23%

03 | Thal Limited

THAL LIMITED – A LEGACY DRIVEN TO DETERMINATION

Thal Limited has the distinction of being the flagship industrial project of the group. Incorporated in 1966 as Thal Jute Mills Limited the company renamed itself as Thal Limited in 2004 as part of the organization's consolidation strategy. Currently the company manages two distinct businesses: the engineering business and the building material & packaging business.

The Engineering division of Thal Limited owns and operates the Electrical Systems business; the Thermal Systems business and the Engine Components business. The Electrical Systems business is involved in manufacturing of wide range of wiring harness products from simple cable preparation to highly complex wiring harnesses, cable assemblies, and battery cables mainly for Automotive industry. The business came into existence in the year 2000 with the signing of a TAA (Technical Assistance Agreement) with Furukawa Electric Company, Japan. Furrukawa is one of the leading suppliers of automotive wiring harness system in the world. Moreover, during the course of the current year, the Company's Engineering Segment, laid the foundations for a new plant to cater to expansion in its automotive wire harness business in technical collaboration with Yazaki Corporation, one of the world's largest automotive parts suppliers. The combined synergies of both the companies would enable the business to establish itself in a relatively quick span of time as a premier supplier of car wiring systems to all automobile manufacturers in Pakistan.

The Thermal Systems – which commenced operations in 1996 – manufactures Auto Air Conditioners for Toyota and Suzuki vehicles manufactured and assembled in Pakistan. Ever since its establishment, Thal Engineering's Thermal Systems division has remained progressive with addition of multiple capabilities unto its fold. To deliver a product range of excellent quality, the Company entered into a Technical Assistance Agreement with Denso Japan in 1996 – the second largest auto parts maker in the world – listed on the Fortune 500 and the largest in Japan. The strategic alliance has acquired and obtained world class assistance in manufacturing car air conditioners, heater blowers & now aluminum radiators, enabling the business to continue in its growth trajectory.

The Engine Components – although a relatively newer addition to Thal Engineering Limited – manufactures Starters and Alternators for Toyota vehicles. The business was established with a clear vision to localize and manufacture

automobile engine parts and components for different automobile OEMs in Pakistan. The business has the unique distinction of being the first and foremost manufacturer of Engine Starters and Alternators for passenger cars in Pakistan under a foreign collaboration.

Thal Limited also owns and operates the building material and packaging businesses which comprises of laminates, Jute, Papersack and Woven Polypropylene packaging.

The Laminates business was established in 1980 as the first of its kind manufacturing unit for the production of high-pressure decorative laminates in Pakistan under the brand name of FORMITE. Today, the Company remains a market leader for its range of decorative and electrical grade compact laminates. Over the years, the business has successfully integrated upstream and downstream facilities to maintain its competitive edge and remain a partner of choice for a wide variety of stakeholders both locally and abroad.

The Jute business bears the honor of being the first industrial project that was undertaken by House of Habib. Located in the heart of Punjab, nestled between the banks of River Indus and Chenab, the Company is involved in manufacturing of grain sacks in various grades including food grade and Hessian yarn & twine for domestic and export markets.

The Papersack business has been in operation since the 1970s, is the pioneering multi-ply manufacturing unit in Pakistan and has remained a market leader in the business since its inception. With strategic locations of its plants situated in Hub (Baluchistan) and Gadoon (Khyber-Pakhtunkhwa), the Company has an annual production capacity of 150 million sacks. With close to five decades of world class product leadership, the papersack business not only fulfills local demand but also exports to key international markets including Middle East, India, EU and the UK amongst other avenues

In 2022, the Packaging business expanded by starting a commercial operation with the state-of-the-art Woven Polypropylene ("WPP") line on European based technology on integrated machines which was procured from Windmöller & Hölscher. This latest technology has an annual production capacity of 90 million bags and has the ability to provide highest quality of printing, with one of its kind high gloss finishes having high quality imprints.

Both the packaging solutions cater to various industries that include cement, chemicals and dyes, bonding adhesives, industrial salt, calcium, gypsum, carbon black, milk powder and guar gum amongst others.

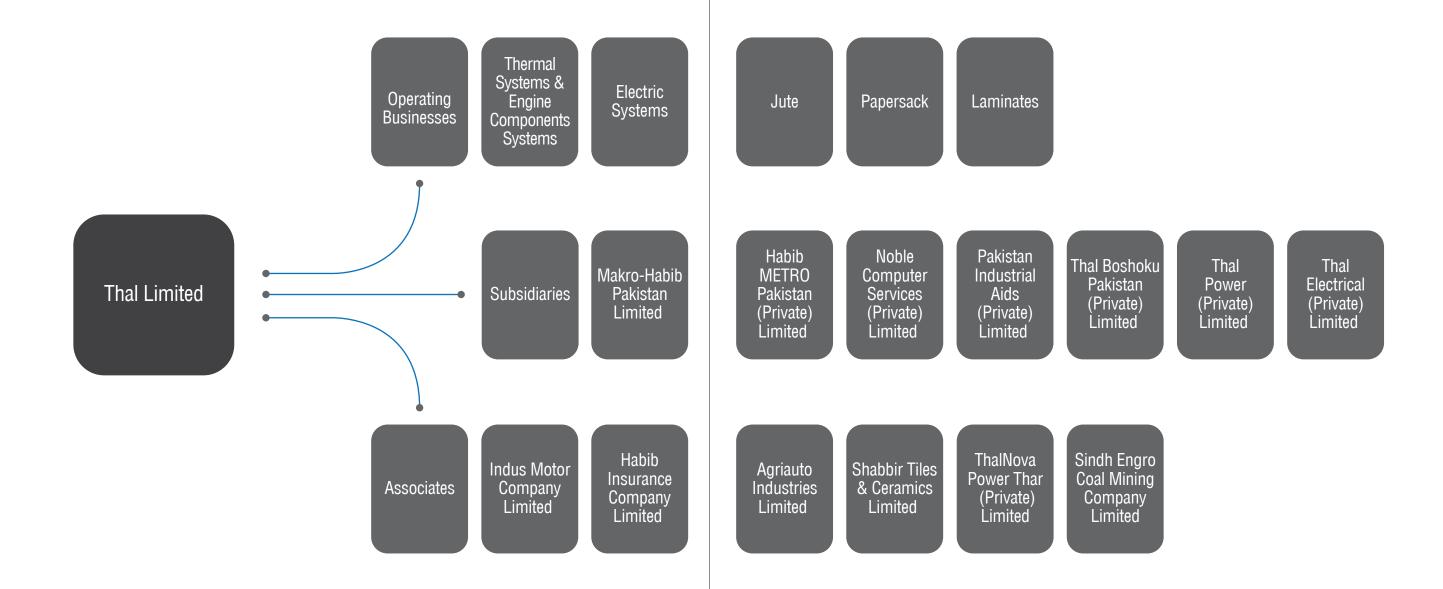
Since our inception we continue to touch and redefine life through the spectrum of our businesses that continue to impact a broad category of stakeholders in innumerable ways. In order to provide further impetus to our growth.

philosophy we continue to diversify our investments with an ever-expanding footprint in subsidiaries such as Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited, Pakistan Industrial Aids (Private) Limited, Habib METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited, Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited and Thal Power (Private) Limited. In addition, the Company also shares investments in associates like Indus Motor Company Limited, Habib Insurance Company Limited, Agriauto Industries Limited, Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited.

Cognizant of our responsibility to the country and mapping our investments with solving the critical issues the economy faces, our recent most investment has been in Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company (SECMC) – a landmark project to fuel the growth of Pakistan's economy and develop indigenous energy resources. To bolster this investment Thal Limited has also entered into a Joint Venture Agreement with Novatex Limited to develop a 330 MW coal-fired power plant at Thar – an investment we feel will curtail the energy crisis and help bring positive impact to the communities around us. In October 2018 Hubco joined ThalNova as a 38.3% shareholder.

Since our inception we continue to touch and redefine life through the spectrum of our businesses that continue to impact a broad category of stakeholders in innumerable ways

COMPANY STRUCTURE



DIRECTORS' PROFILE



Rafiq M. Habib
Chairman

Mr. Rafiq M. Habib is one of the founding members and Chairman of Thal Limited. He also serves as the Group Chairman of the renowned 'House of Habib'. He has served on the Board of Governors of 'Pakistan Institute of Management'. Having a wide business experience in a variety of industries, he also leads the team towards success as the Chairman of Habib Insurance Company Limited.

He provided his visionary leadership to many public limited companies including the iconic Indus Motors Company Limited and served as a consultant to Habib Bank AG Zurich.

He is the founding Chancellor of Habib University.



Muhammad Tayyab Ahmad Tareen

Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Muhammad Tayyab Ahmad Tareen joined as CEO of Thal Limited on 1st July 2019. He has more than 25 years of experience mainly with multinationals and private equity, covering areas of business turnarounds, transformations and entrepreneurial experience in general management, financial management and business acquisitions.

Before joining House of Habib, he was associated with K-Electric, the largest vertically integrated power utility in Pakistan, serving as its CEO and Chairman of the Board, CFO and Chief Strategy Officer.

He led the operational turnaround of this ailing utility company, turning it into a profitable enterprise after 17 years of losses.

Prior to K-Electric, he served in private equity having global operations & investments in different sectors.

He has also served as the CFO of The Coca-Cola Company managed bottler in UAE and OMAN, a business that saw successful turnaround from losses to sustained profitability within two years.

He is a Member of Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.



Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan
Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan is a Partner at the law firm of Orr, Dignam & Co. and is based at the Firm's Karachi office. She is an Advocate and a Barrister from Gray's Inn. As with other Partners of the Firm, she deals with a wide range of corporate, financial and commercial matters Her focus areas are mergers and acquisitions (M&A), project work, joint ventures and energy sector. She joined Thal Limited's Board in September 2018.

She is a graduate of the University of Cambridge and also serves on the Board of Directors of Colgate-Palmolive (Pakistan) Limited and National Clearing Company of Pakistan Limited.



Mr. Khayam Husain
Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Khayam Husain joined the Board of Directors in June 2022. He is presently the Chairman of Automobile Corporation of Pakistan which is the largest builder of semi-trailers and road transport equipment in Pakistan. He got his schooling from Karachi Grammar School and undergraduate degree in Finance from the University of Houston. He later obtained an MBA from Pepperdine University. He started his career with PepsiCo. in the US before returning to Pakistan.

Mr. Khayam helped find the Fleet Operators
Association of Pakistan to promote a
consolidated Trucking/Transport Policy and
promote safety and compliance in road
transport. Khayam is also an active member
of the ICC and Karachi Relief Trust.



Mohamedali R. Habib

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib was appointed as the Director of Thal Limited in December 1990.

He has been a Director of Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited since 2004, and currently serves as the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Bank. In addition, he serves as a Chairman on the Board of Indus Motor Company Limited, and also serves as a Director of Habib University Foundation. He was appointed Group CEO of HBZ Group in 2016.

Mohamedali R. Habib graduated in Business
Management – Finance from Clark University,
Massachusetts, USA in 1987, and also
holds a Post Graduate Diploma in General
Management from Stanford-National
University of Singapore.



Imran Ali Habib
Non-Executive Director

Mr. Imran Ali Habib was appointed as a Director of Thal Limited in June 2020. He is the Executive Vice President & Chief Strategic Officer at Habib American Bank in New York, USA, where he is responsible for looking after the bank's management and business development. Prio to his transfer to the United States in 2016, he served as Senior Vice President with Habib Bank AG Zurich in the United Arab Emirates from 2008.

Imran is a graduate of the Bryant University
(Bachelor of Science in Business Administration)
and has attended the Program for Leadership
Development and is an Alumni of Harvard Business
School. He is also a Member of the Young
Presidents Organization Pakistan Chapter.

Mr. Imran Ali Habib also serves as a Director on the Board of Directors of Indus Motor Company Limited, Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited and Habib American Bank, USA. In addition, Imran also devotes his time and attention to social welfare, education and benevolent activities and is a Member on the Board of Directors of Habib University Foundation, US.



Salman Burney

Non-Executive Director

Mr. Salman Burney joined the Board in February 2016 as a Non-Executive Director. He also served previously as the VP/Area GM for GSK Pakistan, Iran and Afghanistan.

He began his professional career with ICI
Pakistan in Sales & Marketing in various roles in
Pakistan & at ICI plc, London and as General
Manager of ICI's Agrochemicals & Seeds
Business. He later joined Smithkline Beecham
in 1992 and was appointed MD, in 1997 with
additional responsibility for Iran and the Caspian
Region and was later responsible for
GlaxoSmithKlines's Pharmaceutical business
in Pakistan, Iran and Afghanistan.

Mr. Salman Burney has a degree in Economics from Trinity College, University of Cambridge, UK and has been the President of Pakistan's foreign investors Chamber (OICCI) and Chairperson of the MNC Pharma Association, has led the industry interface with the government on various issues.

He has also been a member of the Privatisation Commission, and a member of the boards of P.I.D.C, and N.T.D.C.

11 | Thal Limited of P.I.D.C, and N.T.D.C. Annual Report 2022 | 12

BOARD COMMITTEES AND THEIR TERMS OF REFERENCES

Committees of the Board

The Board is assisted by the following two Committees to support its decision making.

Audit Committee

The Board Audit Committee meets multiple times through the year to determine appropriate measures to safeguard the Company's assets and review quarterly, half yearly and financial statements of the company, prior to their approval by the Board of Directors. In addition, the Board Audit Committee is also responsible for:

- a) determination of appropriate measures to safeguard the company's assets
- b) review of annual and interim financial statements of the company, prior to their approval by the Board of Directors, focusing on
- (i) major judgmental areas;
- (ii) significant adjustments resulting from the audit
- (iii) going concern assumption
- (iv) any changes in accounting policies and practices
- (v) compliance with applicable accounting standards;
- (vi) compliance with these regulations and other statutory and regulatory requirements; and
- (vii) related party transactions
- c) review of preliminary announcements of results prior to external communication and publication
- facilitating the external audit and discussion with external auditors of major observations arising from interim and final audits and any matter that the auditors may wish to highlight {in the absence of management, where necessary}
- e) review of management letter issued by external auditors and management's response thereto
- f) ensuring coordination between the internal and external auditors of the company
- g) review of the scope and extent of internal audit, audit plan, reporting framework and procedures and ensuring that the internal audit function has adequate resources and is appropriately placed within the company
- consideration of major findings of internal investigations of activities characterized by fraud, corruption and abuse of power and management's response thereto;
- ascertaining that the internal control systems including financial and operational controls, accounting systems

- for timely and appropriate recording of purchases and sales, receipts and payments, assets and liabilities and the reporting structure are adequate and effective;
- j) review of the company's statement on internal control systems prior to endorsement by the board of directors and internal audit reports
- k) instituting special projects value for money studies or other investigations on any matter specified by the board of directors in consultation with the chief executive officer and to consider remittance of any matter to the external auditors or to any other external body
- determination of compliance with relevant statutory requirements
- m) monitoring compliance with these regulations and identification of significant violations thereof
- n) review of arrangement for staff and management to report to audit committee in confidence concerns if any about actual or potential improprieties in financial and other matters and recommend instituting remedial and mitigating measures;
- o) recommend to the board of directors the appointment of external auditors, their removal, audit fee, the provision of any service permissible to be rendered to the company by the external auditors in addition to audit of its financial statements and measures for redressal and rectification of non-compliance with Regulations. The board of directors shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the audit committee and where it acts otherwise it shall record the reasons thereof.
- consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the board of directors

Members:

Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan - Chairperson (Independent)

Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib - Member

Mr. Imran Ali Habib – Member

Mr. Salman Burney- Member

Human Resources & Remuneration Committee:

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The Board Human Resources & Remuneration Committee meets at least once in a year to review and recommend all elements of the Human Resource Management framework including but not limited to the following:

- recommend to the board for consideration and approval a policy framework for determining remuneration of directors (both executive and non-executive directors and members of senior management). The definition of senior management will be determined by the board which shall normally include the first layer of management below the chief executive officer level;
- ii) undertaking annually a formal process of evaluation of performance of the board as a whole and its committees either directly or by engaging external independent consultant and if so appointed, a statement to that effect shall be made in the directors' report disclosing name, qualifications and major terms of appointment;
- iii) recommending human resource management policies to the board
- iv) recommending to the board the selection, evaluation, development, compensation (including retirement benefits) of chief operating officer, chief financial officer, company secretary and head of internal audit;
- v) consideration and approval on recommendations of chief executive officer on such matters for key management positions who report directly to chief executive officer or chief operating officer; and
- vi) where human resource and remuneration consultants are appointed, their credentials shall be known by the committee and a statement shall be made by them as to whether they have any other connection with the company.

Members:

Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan - Chairperson (Independent)

Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib - Member

Mr. Salman Burney - Member

Mr. Muhammad Tayyab Ahmad Tareen - Member

Internal Control Framework:

The Board is ultimately responsible for internal control and its effectiveness. To provide reasonable assurance a system is designed to manage the risk to achieve business objectives. The internal audit function carries out reviews on the financial, operational and compliance controls.

Internal Control Framework:

Internal control framework is comprised of effectiveness and efficiency of operations including performance and profitability goals and safeguarding of resources, reliability of financial

reporting including interim and condensed financial statements and selected financial data, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The Company maintains clear structured and established control framework that contains authority limits, accountabilities and sound understanding of policies and procedures.

The Board has overall responsibility to oversee the internal control processes. Internal control compliance is monitored by internal audit which ensures that the Company and its employees are compliant with internal control policies and procedures.

Control Environment:

The control environment sets the tone of an organization, influencing the control consciousness of its people. It is the foundation for all other components of internal control, providing discipline and structure.

Risk Assessment:

Risk assessment is the identification and analysis of relevant risks to achieve the objectives, forming a basis for determining how the risks should be managed.

Control Activities:

Policies and procedures for control activities ensure that management directives are carried out. These activities ensure necessary actions are taken to address risks to achieve entity's objectives. Control activities occur throughout the organization, at all levels and in all functions.

Information and Communication:

Pertinent information must be identified, captured and communicated in a form and timeframe that enable people to carry out their responsibilities. Information systems produce reports, containing operational, financial and compliance-related information, required to run and control the business.

Monitoring:

Internal control system is monitored to assess the quality of the system's performance over time. This is accomplished through ongoing monitoring activities, separate evaluations or a combination of the two.

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

It is with great pleasure that we close another successful year at your Conglomerate – Thal Limited. Our business segment in Auto Engineering; Thermal Systems, Electric Systems and Engine Components; and Packaging and Building Materials segment have persevered and flourished despite the global challenges in FY 22.

I am happy to report that Company performance was highlighted green and the Group's profit after taxation is recorded at Rs. 6.3 Billion. This marks an exciting 34% year-on-year increase in sales figures as key sectors witnessed significant growth.

In the past year, our Auto-Engineering segment recorded an increase of 42% growing its sales in light of an Auto Industry boom and with new OEM's entering the market, Thal will continue to steadily supply to all of them.

The Packaging and Building Materials segment which includes Thal Jute, Thal Packaging and Baluchistan Laminates Division witnessed 29% year-on-year growth as well. The Jute business owes its growth to increased export sales and increasing demand for Pakistan Grain Sacks. Our Packaging business' growth was primarily attributed to the woven polypropylene bag manufacturing facility which took off and quickly captured the market. Existing product lines within the Packaging Division ambit as forerunners to Company sales played their part well in closing the year on a positive note. Our trademark, Formite performed well despite currency devaluation and rising freight costs. The business withstood market pressure to call in a profitable end of the year. In the property sector, Habib METRO paid generous dividends during the year and is looking at growth options which are contingent upon the general economic climate. Under the energy sector, Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited ("SECMC") continues to operate smoothly supplying coal to a power plant and ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited ("ThalNova") is geared to achieve commercial operations by 2022.

The expected downturn in Pakistan in FY23

due to inflationary shocks, import restrictions, currency devaluation, global conflicts and now the nation-wide flooding may also pose its own challenges. The Packaging business is aggressively focusing on enhancing its export footprint and focused on cost efficiencies. Baluchistan Laminates Division operating under the name of Formite has developed a new product, unique to the local market. The Company is actively working towards localization of key raw materials which will be a boon to the entire industry. SECMC remains engaged with its coal mining and supplying to power plant at optimal capacity. The agreement between SECMC and ThalNova aims to produce 330MW of electricity for Pakistan by 2023.

The teams at Thal Limited were at the forefront of thousands of hours spent on active learning. The Learning Fair returned this year and 144 employees were placed in twenty-two different programs to grasp the latest concepts and practices. The welcome news of the pandemic receding did not keep us from closely monitoring Health and Safety across our sites, plants and offices. We're delighted to say we achieved 7.9 million safe man hours and 790 safe man days without loss of work. We also worked towards reducing our carbon footprint by about 2% across various sites.

I am sincerely grateful for the dedicated leadership and grit displayed in each comer of the Group and would sincerely like to thank the Board of Directors, Audit and Human Resource and Remuneration Committees, staff, partners and dealers for carrying the hard work needed to exceed expectations.

We will come together to surmount the challenges before us as a nation. InshaAllah, together we aim to navigate these waters

cautiously and with the certainty to rise above for a better future and sustainable country for us all

Note: As a part of Thal's conscious efforts to reduce our carbon footprint, conserve energy and utilize our resources efficiently, this year our annual report 2021 – 2022 will be limited in print. However, the full version is available on our webpage.

Rafiq M. Habib Chairman



DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we are pleased to present the Fifty Sixth Annual Report along with the Audited Financial Statements of Thal Limited (the "Company") for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Economic Overview

The economy started showing signs of recovery after shrinking by 1% in FY 2020. Supply and demand imbalances became apparent, exacerbated by supply chain disruptions and bottlenecks in the transport sector. International commodity prices responded abruptly to the economic rebound which resulted in accelerated inflation in most parts of the world including Pakistan.

In the second quarter of 2022, global output started contracting on account of higher global inflation, monetary tightening, COVID-19 restrictions and the Russia-Ukraine conflict. Global and domestic uncertainties are still surrounding the economic outlook. In

addition, recent flooding caused by abnormally heavy monsoon rains has negatively impacted economic activity in the most affected areas of Sindh, Balochistan, Khyber Pakhtunkkwa & Punjab.

Consequently, Pakistan's already eroding foreign exchange reserves and currency valuation are likely to come under further pressure as Pakistan recovers from this downturn.

During the year, the Company's sales revenue increased by 37% year on year to Rs. 37.4 billion and profit after tax was recorded at Rs. 4.3 billion (up 23% year-on-year) compared to Rs. 3.5 billion during 2020-21.

Financial Performance

Rupees in Billion							
	Standalone Consolidated						
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21			
Net Revenue	37.4	27.3	39.8	29.6			
Profit Before Taxes	5.9	4.6	8.9	7.8			
Taxation	1.7	1.1	2.5	1.9			
Profit After Taxes	4.3	3.5	6.3	5.9			
Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	52.54	42.97	71.71	67.06			

OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company has two major business segments – the Engineering segment and the Packing, Building Material & Allied Products segment.

Engineering Segment

The Company's Engineering segment comprises the Thermal & Engine Components business and Electric Systems business. These businesses are primarily focused on parts manufacturing for the auto industry.

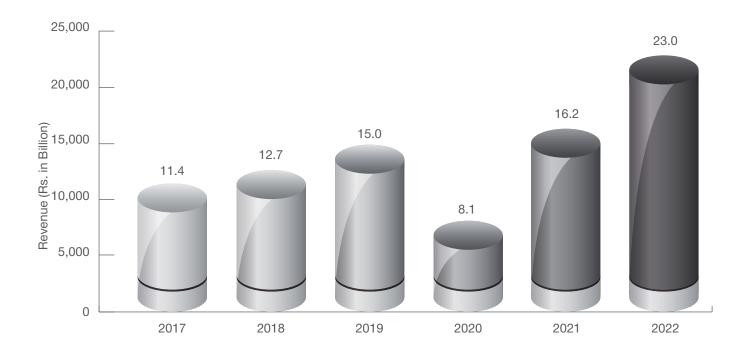
The segment recorded sales of Rs. 23.0 billion compared to last year sales of Rs 16.2 billion witnessing an increase of 42%, whereas, as per Pakistan Automotive Manufacturers Association ("PAMA") reports, overall auto industry also increased by 54.9% in passenger car sales and 49.2% in sports utility vehicles and light commercial vehicle sales.

The year 2021-22 further built on the massive recovery witnessed in the auto sector during the previous year as the effects of COVID-19 pandemic on the economy and local industry started to wear off after July 2021 and the lockdown was eased by the Government of Pakistan ("GoP"). Furthermore, due to the incentives provided by the GoP including lower mark-up rates, the local industry picked up its pace and consumers were back into the markets. However, towards the end of the year the country's economic situation deteriorated sharply due to increasing pressure on the external front on the back of rising commodity prices in the international market and delay in resumption of the IMF program.

The resulting financing gap forced the GoP to clamp down on imports and, consequently, the State Bank of Pakistan ("SBP") imposed an additional requirement whereby prior approval from SBP was required before initiating transactions for import of goods falling under Chapter 84 and 85 of the Pakistan Customs Tariff Code which severely affected the import of 'Complete Knocked Down' ("CKD") kits and raw material for parts thereby paralyzing the auto sector. Furthermore, due to the rising current account deficit, the Pakistani Rupee has undergone significant devaluation which has eroded the purchasing power of consumers.

The management continues to engage with relevant governmental, regulatory and industry bodies to resolve the current scenario. Furthermore, the management is focused on business expansion, localization and optimization of cost to maintain profitable operations.

Going forward, management will continue its focus on stable supply to Original Equipment Manufacturers ("OEM"), quality, health, safety, environmental initiatives and acquiring new business from new OEMs while enhancing cost efficiencies through continuous process improvement.



Outlook

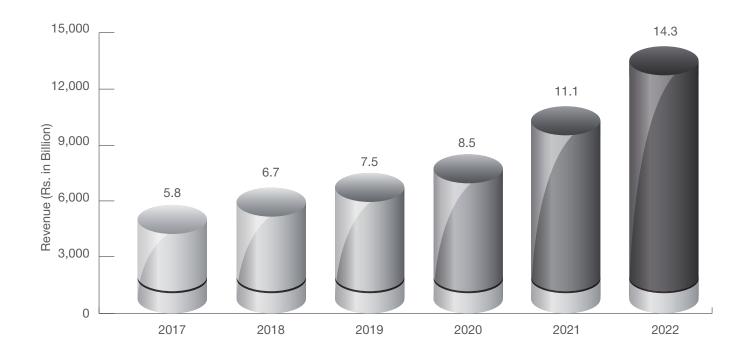
During the upcoming fiscal year, auto sector is expected to face considerable turmoil as continuing import restrictions will affect operations and lead to a

significant decrease in volumes. Coupled with persistently high inflation, the next year will be very challenging for the business.

Packaging, Building Materials & Allied Products Segment

The Company has three businesses in this segment – Thal Jute, Thal Packaging and Baluchistan Laminates.

During the outgoing year, overall segment turnover registered a year-on-year increase of 29% (Rs. 14.3 billion compared to Rs. 11.1 billion last year).



Jute Business

The Jute business delivered an impressive performance and maintained its positive growth momentum from the past few years.

During the year, demand remained strong due to wheat imports as well as growth in exports of hessian & sacking. The export segment remained a key area of focus and now represents approximately 25% of sales.

Cost increases due to the rise of minimum wage and currency devaluation, which led to an increase in the price of jute finished products impacted margins as well as demand volumes, however overall, the business delivered a very strong performance over the previous year.

Outlook

The outlook for the coming year is challenging due to increasing raw material, power and freight costs & wage inflation but we expect local demand and export sales to continue to show a positive trend. The management is focused on cost efficiencies, and ensuring a positive and safe work environment for employees.

Packaging Business

The year was challenging due to supply chain issues, increasing raw material and freight costs, however the business was able to continue on its growth trajectory and ended the year with good sales revenue and volume growth.

This growth was supplemented by the new woven polypropylene (WPP) bag plant with an annual capacity to produce up to 90 million bags. This plant is now fully operational and is providing bags made on the latest German technology. Product quality has been tested and certified by Pakistan Standard & Quality Control Authority (PSQCA) and we are now supplying to major corporate clients.

The carrier bag segment continues to show robust growth. The food packaging segment obtained HALAL certification which has helped in general sales growth. The business continues to expand its portfolio with both local and global food brands as major clients.

Outlook

The business environment for the next year appears to be challenging with high inflation, foreign exchange fluctuations, political instability, higher raw material and input costs and a global shortage of sackkraft paper due to the ongoing Russia-Ukraine war. The management is proactively working to ensure sustainable growth and is aggressively focusing on enhancing its export footprint in all segments.

Laminates Business

The Laminates Business operates under the brand name "Formite" in three major categories, High Pressure Laminates ("HPL"), compact laminates and laminated boards. The brand is known for its quality and adherence to corporate values. During FY 2021-22, especially the last quarter, the overall market of major products was impacted by material shortages and increase in costs which hampered profitability. Further, impediments in the opening and clearing of letters of credit ("LCs") continue to be a challenge. Due to the overall economic situation at a global level, our export orders also suffered. Despite all these challenges, the business still closed the year on profitable note.

Outlook

On the plant side, the business has completed some key projects to increase plant and energy efficiency,

enhance capabilities and make operations more streamlined and sustainable. We have also augmented the workforce in some key areas in the plant to improve work processes.

With the completion of the projects and initiatives and the resulting increase in production efficiency, the laminates business is expected to be sustainable and profitable for the foreseeable future.

Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited

During the year 2021-22, the business achieved sales amounting to Rs. 2.1 billion against similar sale of Rs. 2.1 billion during last year. Volumes remained low for the year. However, the decline was offset by an increase in selling price on the back of increase in exchange rates during the year. As a result of lower volumes, coupled with high inflation, currency devaluation and significant increase in interest rates, profitability remained a challenge for the company.

On the operations side, all customer supplies requirements were met in time with zero defects, and the customers rated the business in the "green zone" throughout the year. Focus remained on improving production efficiency, kaizen and towards providing a healthy and safe working environment to the team members. The high-quality seats being manufactured have also been duly recognized by the customers.

In terms of business development, the business increased its presence in the market and discussed opportunities with majority of the new OEM's. Development work has also started on new models of existing OEM's that will support the business in reducing cost pressures going forward.

Outlook

Outlook for the future of the Company looks challenging due to continued pressure on the local economy and the uncertain political climate. However, the Company intends to counter the risk by increasing its business with the new OEMs and diversifying its product range. The Company also has plans to invest in the expansion of its current facility in order to increase its capacity and capability, and easily meet the requirements of the new businesses.

Other Subsidiaries

Habib METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited

The main business of Habib METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited ("HMPL") is to own and manage properties. HMPL is exploring various business opportunities to complement the cash and carry retail rental business and to enhance enterprise value from its store locations.

HMPL is also looking at growth options and new development on existing sites, though this is dependent on the general economic conditions.

Dividends payments to Thal Limited during the year amounted to Rs. 639 million as compared to Rs. 544 million in the previous year.

Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited

Makro Habib Pakistan Limited ("MHPL") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Thal Limited which owned the store premises on Mubarak Shaheed Road, Lines Area, Karachi. In line with the

Supreme Court Judgement the Store was closed down in September 2015.

Further, in compliance with the Supreme Court judgment, MHPL has dismantled the Store built on the premises and the Company is currently considering its future course of action.

Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited

The business is a wholly owned subsidiary of Thal Limited. It provides services related to internal audit, IT, advisory, HR and other management related services to group companies of House of Habib.

Pakistan Industrial Aids (Private) Limited

Through its trading operations, the business continued supplying automotive parts and air conditioning gas to automobile assemblers and auto parts manufacturers. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of Thal Limited.

Investment in Energy Sector

Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited (SECMC)

SECMC is a joint venture between the Government of Sindh, Thal Limited, Engro Powergen Limited, The Hub Power Company Limited, Habib Bank Limited and CMEC Thar Mining Investments Limited. SECMC has developed Pakistan's first open pit mining project at Thar Coal Block II.

SECMC achieved commercial operations date ("COD") for 3.8 million tons per annum capacity mine (Phase I) on July 10, 2019. Phase I of Thar mining is supplyin coal to a 2x330 megawatt (MW) power generation plant set up by Engro Powergen Thar Private Limited.

In first half of 2022, SECMC operated smoothly and supplied 1.4 million tons of coal to record sales revenue of Rs. 21.2 billion and an after-tax profit of Rs. 3.5 billion. Whilst SECMC has generated positive cash flows over the period, it is restricted from declaring any dividends under its financing agreements until achievement of Project Completion Date ("PCD") which is subject to 'true up' and approval of SECMC's COD stage tariff petition by the Thar Coal and Energy Board. SECMC management is liaising with the regulator to facilitate achievement of PCD in 2022.

SECMC successfully achieved a financial close for expansion of its mining operations to 7.6 million tons per annum (mtpa) on December 31, 2019. For Phase II, SECMC has entered into Coal Supply Agreements with ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited and Thar Energy Limited to supply additional 1.9 mtpa of lignite to each of the 330 MW power plants.

The project company is striving to achieve commercial operations date for Phase II in 2022.

The Company owns 11.9% ordinary shareholding in SECMC.

Thal Power (Private) Limited

ThalNova Power Thar Private Limited ("ThalNova") is a joint venture between Thal Power (Private) Limited, Nova Powergen Limited (a subsidiary of Novatex Limited) and The Hub Power Company Limited to set up a 330 MW mine mouth coal-fired power generation plant located at Thar, Sindh. This power plant will be run on indigenous coal extracted from the mine operated by SECMC.

China Machinery & Engineering Corporation ("CMEC") has been appointed as the EPC Contractor. ThalNova has entered into Coal Supply Agreement with SECMC to supply 1.9 million tons per annum of lignite. It has also entered into a Power Purchase Agreement with the Central Power Purchase Agency (Guarantee) Limited and the Implementation Agreement with Private Power Infrastructure Board.

ThalNova achieved financial close on September 30, 2020 and received disbursement of first tranche of debt in April 2021.

The project is expected to come online in 2022.

Human Resources

The Group believes in the learning and development of people at every level to achieve excellence above all else. Simply put, our people are at the heart of how we do business.

As part of our on-going programs, the Learning Fair was held yet again where we clocked 1,974 training manhours across Thal. There were 16 sessions over 3 days with 14 Trainers and 6 learning courses. In addition, to ensure and adhere to an ethical and compliant workplace, a Code of Conduct refresher was exercised.

In order to maintain the very highest standards of professionalism and purpose in all spheres, Thal Limited and its subsidiaries deployed a rigorous Competency Framework this past year. Workshops held under this ambit fostered an environment of learning, exploration, action and practice within management teams under the LEAP program.

We believe in nurturing talent right from the very start. The HOH Mission Believe: Management Trainee Program 2022, filtered 10 highly capable candidates from a pool of 9,500 students from leading HEC universities to catalyze new talent within the Group. The Apprenticeship Program saw 1,299 entrants this year at Thal. The program aims to create a pipeline of educated and skilled labour force for the organization and country.

Equitable spaces make all of us fair and balanced. To imbue diversity and foster a welcome environment for women professionals, sensitization and anti harassment sessions were held in collaboration with trained HR experts. Women's Day was celebrated with equal fervor across the board and an interactive session on how to identify and eliminate gender bias was held.

To better ascertain the morale of teams an Employee Engagement Survey was conducted with support of our external experts Abacus Consulting (Mercer) for mid to senior level personnel. The results denoted an above average engagement score across Thal Limited and a detailed report provided us with a clear direction for our areas of focus for the coming year.

After the Employee Engagement Survey results were shared, various engagement activities were carried out across Thal Limited to reenergize the teams and boost levels of motivation. These ranged from leadership retreats, open forums and employee wellness sessions.

A Total Remuneration Survey was also conducted in FY22 to keep the Company competitive and keep aligned with market practices.

Continuous training and development of Thal Limited's workforce in the future is sure to keep us innovating expectations and trends with your support.

Health, Safety & Environment (HSE)

The Company takes pride in creating an environment in which safety is given the utmost priority. The Company aims to prevent hazards and remain a safe place to work. Throughout the year, the Company undertook significant initiatives to incorporate strong safety practices which, consequently helped company to achieve 7.9 million safe man hours and 790 safe man days without any Lost Work Day.

Focus was maintained on safety management systems aligned with international standards which included Occupational Safety and Health Administration (ISO 45001). The Company was duly recognized by Employers Federation of Pakistan, securing 1st position in the category of 'Best Practices Award for OSH&E 2020-2021' in the Engineering & Automotive Sector.

In addition, the Company deployed a state of the art Fire Alarm and Detection System throughout its manufacturing units and peripheral areas. Considering the efforts, Fire Protection Association of Pakistan awarded the Engineering segment with Fire Safety Award 2020-2021.

This year the HSE week focused on the importance of COVID-19 vaccination, prevention of injury and illness in the workplace and increased understanding of safety and health issues.

We are also cognizant of the Company's responsibility to the environment as a socially responsible organization. The Engineering segment was able to reduce its carbon footprint by 4% against a target of 2%. National Forum for Environment and Health recognized these best practices for Environment and Health, and awarded the Engineering segment with the Environment Excellence Award 2020-21.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Thal Limited strongly believes in giving back to the community and providing support to the underprivileged sections of our society. We work towards improving the wellbeing of our employees and also in contributing towards the prosperity of our nation.

During the last financial year, we have been able to provide approximately Rs. 59 million in social investments across community development, healthcare, education, environment and employee welfare.

We continued to extend our support to the worthy students of Habib University by means of scholarships and financial aid. Furthermore, we support our employees and their children by donating to the Mohamedali Habib Welfare Trust which provides financial assistance for medical and educational expenses.

Information Technology (IT)

Keeping in view the local and global information security ("InfoSec") incidents worldwide, the Company tightened its security policy and focused on securing its information assets. IT department deployed state of the art SolarWinds network monitoring solution to provide alerts on live statuses of network devices and analyze network performance over time.

To guard against known attacks and to defend the Company, the InfoSec team of Thal Limited implemented CIS controls to build a strong cybersecurity line of defense. The company regularly engages independent auditors for network penetration and vulnerability assessment tests.

The Company implemented radio frequency identification ("RFID") based asset tracking system to track its physical IT assets. The Company has plans to roll-out this technology to other physical assets of the Company as well.

The IT department rolled out complete suite of SAP ERP at the newly established WPP bags manufacturing plant. SAP ERP modules will help the new WPP bags manufacturing line in digitalising its business processes and will support the Company in integration of its plant and machinery.

Related Party Transactions

All transactions with related parties have been executed in accordance with applicable policies and regulations and have been disclosed in the financial statements under relevant notes.

Internal Financial Controls

The Company and its subsidiaries have deployed an effective system of internal financial controls to safeguard its assets and ensure the accuracy and reliability of its records. Senior management reviews financial performance of the Company and its subsidiaries through detailed monthly financial reports and analysis while the Board also carries out its own review at each quarter and probes into any variation versus budgets. Detailed examinations are regularly carried out by the internal

audit function in adherence to internal procedures; the internal audit function reports its findings to the Board Audit Committee as per best practice.

Internal Financial Controls

The Company and its subsidiaries have deployed an effective system of internal financial controls to safeguard its assets and ensure the accuracy and reliability of its records. Senior management reviews financial performance of the Company and its subsidiaries through detailed monthly financial reports and analysis while the Board also carries out its own review at each quarter and probes into any variation versus budgets. Detailed examinations are regularly carried out by the internal audit function in adherence to internal procedures; the internal audit function reports its findings to the Board Audit Committee as per best practice.

Risks and Uncertainties

The management is cognizant that the Company faces various types of risks to the business - both internal and external. The Company has established an Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") system. ERM is the process of identifying, assessing, prioritizing, evaluating and mitigating the risks and challenges faced by the business. Risk management is the primary responsibility of the management of the Company. It is overseen and assisted by the internal audit function and the Board of Directors in line with policies & procedures that are in place to counter any potential risks.

The Company has enumerated these risks as:

- 1. Strategic Risk
- 2. Financial Risk
 - a. Foreign Currency Risk
 - b. Credit Risk
 - c. Interest Rate Risk
- 3. Internal Control Risk
- 4. Operational / Commercial Risk
 - a. Competitors Risk / Technological & Innovation Risk
 - b. Regulatory Risk
 - c. Supply Chain Risk
- 5. Health Safety and Environment

Mitigating strategies are in place and the Company continues to monitor and re-evaluate them through the ERM system.

Contribution to National Exchequer

During the year 2021-22, the Company contributed a sum of Rs. 8.1 billion (2020-21: Rs. 6.1 billion) towards the national exchequer by way of taxation, custom duties, levies, excise duty and WPPF.

Remuneration Policy of Non-Executive Directors

The fee of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors for attending the Board and committee meetings of the Company is determined by the Board from time to time.

Remuneration of Directors during the year is disclosed in note 45 to the unconsolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Auditors

The current auditors Messrs. EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants, retired and, being eligible for reappointment, offered themselves as auditors for the year 2022-23. Their reappointment has also been recommended by the Board Audit Committee.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding as at June 30, 2022 is attached to this report.

Reconstitution of the Board and Board's Sub Committees

Mr. Asif Qadir resigned from the Board in March 2022 and Mr. Khayam Husain was appointed as an independent Director in his place in June 2022.

Furthermore, Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan was appointed as the Chairperson for the Board's Audit Committee and the Board's Human Resource and Remuneration Committee in place of Mr. Asif Qadir.

Directors training program

The Directors have the requisite qualification and experience of serving on the Board and are in compliance with the training program.

Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

- The financial statements prepared by the management of the Company present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- · Proper books of account have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and estimates based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to M/s. Noble Computer Services (Pvt.) Ltd., who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedure of the Company.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- All members of the Audit Committee are independent/non-executive Directors.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- The value of investment of provident fund and retirement benefit fund stands at Rs. 740 million and Rs. 81 million, respectively as at June 30, 2022.
- The key operating & finance data for the last six years are annexed to the report.

Total number of Directors are 7 (seven) as per the following:

1010111001010101010101010101010101010101	000 .00
Male	6
Female	1

The composition of board is as follows

The composition of board is as follows.					
Independent Directors	Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan				
	Mr. Khayam Husain				
Other Non-Executive	Mr. Rafiq M. Habib				
	Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib				
	Mr. Imran Ali Habib				
	Mr. Salman Burney				
Executive Director	Mr. Muhammad Tayyab				
	Ahmad Tareen				

The names of the Board members during the year are as stated below, along with their respective attendance in the five Board meetings that were held during the year:

Sr. No.	Names of Directors	Meeting Attended
1	Mr. Rafiq M. Habib (Chairman)	4/5
2	Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib	5/5
3	Mr. Imran Ali Habib	5/5
4	Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan	5/5
5	Mr. Khayam Husain*	1/1
6	Mr. Asif Qadir*	3/3
7	Mr. Salman Burney	5/5
8	Mr. Muhammad Tayyab	5/5
	Ahmad Tareen	

*Mr. Asif Qadir resigned from the Board in March 2022 and Mr. Khayam Husain was appointed as an independent director in his place in June 2022.

The Audit Committee met four times during the year and attendance of the Directors was as follows:

Sr. No.	Names of Directors	Meeting Attended
1	Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan	1/1
	(Chairperson) *	
2	Mr. Asif Qadir	3/3
3	Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib	4/4
4	Mr. Imran Ali Habib	4/4
5	Mr. Salman Burney	4/4

*Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan was appointed as Chairperson of the Committee in April 2022.

During the year Human Resources & Remuneration Committee met twice during the year and the attendance of the Directors was as follows:

Sr. No.	Names of Directors	Meeting Attended
1	Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan	0/0
	(Chairperson)*	
2	Mr. Asif Qadir – Chairman	1/1
3	Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib	2/2
4	Mr. Salman Burney	2/2
5	Mr. Muhammad Tayyab	
	Ahmad Tareen	2/2

^{*}Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan was appointed as Chairperson of the Committee in June 2022.

Dividend and Appropriations

The Directors propose following appropriations out of the profit for the current year:

- Final cash dividend declared of Rs. 2.5 per share, i.e. 50% in addition to interim dividends of Rs. 5.00 per share, i.e. 100%.
- Transfer of a sum of Rs. 3649.5 million from unappropriated profits to General Reserve.

Acknowledgement

On behalf of the Board of Directors and the management, we wish to express sincere gratitude to our shareholders, customers, dealers and business partners for their continuing patronage and trust. We would also like to thank all regulatory authorities for their guidance and support. Last but not least, the Board of Directors extends its sincere appreciation to its entire staff members for their significant contribution to the growth of our Company under the challenging business conditions.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

Karachi.

Dated: September 9, 2022

STATEMENT OF VALUE ADDITION

WEALTH GENERATED

Gross Revenue Other Income

Bought in Material, Services and Other Expenses

WEALTH DISTRIBUTED

Employees

Salaries, Wages & Other Benefits and WPPF

Society

Donations towards Education, Health and Environment

Providers of Finance

Finance Costs

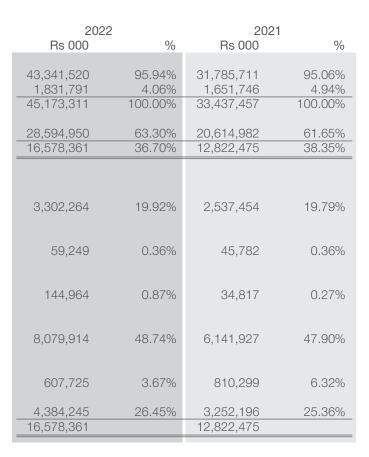
Government

Contribution to National Exchequer

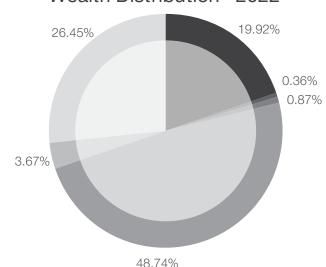
Shareholders

Dividend

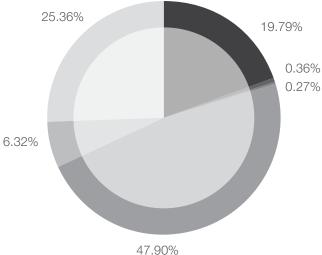
Retained within the Business for Future Growth







Wealth Distribution - 2021



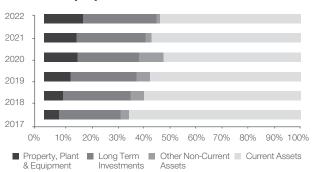


FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE SIX YEARS AT A GLANCE

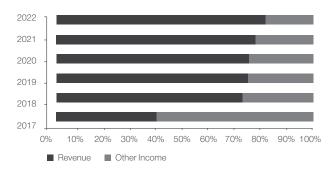
Rs. in Million	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Summary of Balance Sheet Property, Plant and Equipment Intangible Assets Investment Property Long Term Investments Long Term Loans Long Term Deposits Deferred Tax Asset Net Current Assets	5,678 75 1 10,909 - 31 193 13,039 29,926	3,711 121 1 8,007 275 20 219 11,871 24,226	3,118 173 1 5,796 1,927 16 205 9,831 21,067	2,188 91 1 5,432 861 15 165 9,881 18,633	1,410 15 1 4,938 788 13 191 9,084 16,440	1,019 10 1 4,144 411 14 187 9,649 15,435
Non-Current Liabilities Long Term Deposits Long Term Loan Lease liabilities Deferred income	11 2,273 80 333 2,696	12 185 101 22 320	17 149 - - 166	1 1	2 2	2 2
Net Assets Employed	27,230	23,906	20,901	18,631	16,438	15,433
Financed by Issued , Subscribed and Paid-up Capital Reserves	405 26,825	405 23,500	405 20,496	405 18,226	405 16,033	405 15,028
Shareholders' Equity	27,230	23,906	20,901	18,631	16,438	15,433
Summary of Profit & Loss Sales Gross Profit Profit Before Taxation Profit After Taxation	37,351 6,504 5,925 4,257	27,317 4,669 4,572 3,482	16,600 2,556 2,372 1,867	22,499 4,281 4,334 3,154	19,404 3,773 3,804 2,686	17,200 3,709 5,447 3,966
Summary of Cash Flows Cash Flows from Operating Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Cash Flows from Financing Activities Cash and Cash Equivalents acquired on amalgamation of subsidiary Cash and Cash Equivalents at Year End	1,048 (2,352) 1,765 - 2,558	1,073 (1,766) (267) - 2,096	1,678 (1,078) (224) 1,022 3,055	(802) 2,000 (883) - 1,657	305 (2,256) (1,677) - 1,342	1,664 65 (802) - 4,970

GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION SIX YEARS AT A GLANCE

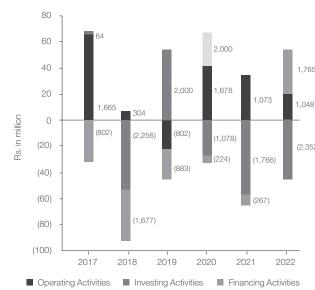
Balance Sheet Analysis Assets (%)



Profit & Loss Analysis Income (%)

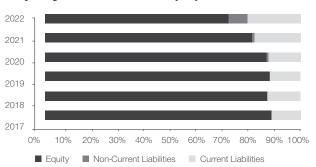


Cash Flow Analysis

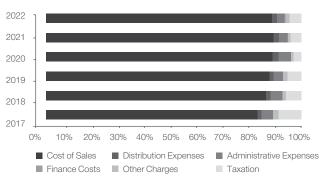


Amalgamation of subsidiary

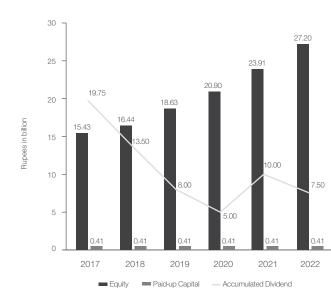
Balance Sheet Analysis Equity & Liabilites (%)



Profit & Loss Analysis Expenses (%)



Equity, Paid-Up Capital & Dividend



HORIZONTAL ANALYSIS

	2022		202	21
	Rs in	22 Vs. 21	Rs in	21 Vs. 20
	million	%	million	%
BALANCE SHEET				
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity	27,230	13.9%	23,906	14.4%
Non-Current Liabilities	2,696	742.5%	320	92.8%
Current Liabilities	7,679	44.7%	5,306	74.0%
Total Equity & Liabilities	37,605	27.3%	29,532	22.5%
ASSETS				
Non-Current Assets	16,886	36.7%	12,354	10.0%
Current Assets	20,719	20.6%	17,173	33.3%
Assets classified as held for sale		-100.0%	5	0.0%
Total Assets	37,605	27.3%	29,532	22.5%
			-	
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT				
Turnover - net	37,351	36.7%	27,317	64.6%
Cost of Sales	(30,847)	36.2%	(22,648)	61.3%
Gross Profit	6,504	39.3%	4,669	82.7%
Distribution Costs	(734)	34.8%	(545)	56.0%
Administrative Expenses	(985)	12.3%	(878)	13.5%
Other Income	1,832	10.9%	1,652	48.3%
Other Charges	(547)	87.5%	(292)	84.1%
Operating Profit	6,070	31.8%	4,607	92.9%
Finance Costs	(145)	316.4%	(35)	105.9%
Profit Before Taxation	5,925	29.6%	4,572	92.8%
Taxation	(1,668)	53.0%	(1,090)	116.0%
Profit After Taxation	4,257	22.3%	3,482	86.5%

20)20	20	19	2	018	2017		
Rs in	20 Vs. 19	Rs in	19 Vs. 18	Rs in	18 Vs. 17	Rs in	17 Vs. 16	
million	%	million	%	million	%	million	%	
20,901	12.2%	18,631	13.3%	16,438	6.5%	15,433	26.2%	
166	16500.0%	1	-50.0%	2	0.0%	2.0	23.15%	
3,049	17.7%	2,590	4.6%	2,477	24.35%	1,992	36.8%	
24,116	13.6%	21,222	12.2%	18,917	8.5%	17,427	27.3%	
			-		-			
11,236	28.4%	8,752	18.9%	7,358	27.2%	5,786	7.8%	
12,880	3.3%	12,470	7.9%	11,559	-0.7%	11,641	40.0%	
_	0.0%					_		
24,116	13.6%	21,222	12.2%	18,917	8.5%	17,427	27.3%	
-		-		-		-		
16,600	-26.2%	22,499	15.9%	19,404	12.8%	17,200	12.2%	
(14,045)	-22.9%	(18,217)	16.5%	(15,632)	15.9%	(13,491)	13.4%	
2,556	-40.3%	4,281	13.5%	3,772	1.7%	3,709	7.9%	
(349)	-7.4%	(377)	15.1%	(327)	25.3%	(261)	-17.5%	
(773)	2.6%	(754)	-7.4%	(814)	9.7%	(742)	29.5%	
1,114	-27.1%	1,528	5.7%	1,446	-53.3%	3,096	165.1%	
(158)	-52.7%	(335)	26.8%	(264)	-23.8%	(346)	-52.8%	
2,389	-45.0%	4,344	13.9%	3,813	-30.1%	5,456	83.0%	
(17)	72.4%	(10)	8.9%	(9)	5.7%	(9)	122.8%	
2,372	-45.3%	4,334	13.9%	3,804	-30.2%	5,447	82.9%	
(504)	-57.2%	(1,180)	5.5%	(1,118)	-24.5%	(1,481)	85.0%	
1,867	-40.8%	3,154	17.4%	2,686	-32.3%	3,966	82.1%	

VERTICAL ANALYSIS

	20	22	2021		
	Rs in		Rs in		
	million	%	million	%	
BALANCE SHEET					
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity	27,230	72.4%	23,906	80.9%	
Non-Current Liabilities	2,696	7.2%	320	1.1%	
Current Liabilities	7,679	20.4%	5,306	18.0%	
Total Equity & Liabilities	37,605	100.0%	29,532	100.0%	
ASSETS					
Non-Current Assets	16,886	44.9%	12,354	41.8%	
Current Assets	20,719	55.1%	17,173	58.2%	
Assets classified as held for sale	-	0.0%	5	0.0%	
Total Assets	37,605	100.0%	29,532	100.0%	
	-		-		
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT					
Turnover - net	37,351	100.0%	27,317	100.0%	
Cost of Sales	(30,847)	82.6%	(22,648)	82.9%	
Gross Profit	6,504	17.4%	4,669	17.1%	
Distribution Costs	(734)	2.0%	(545)	2.0%	
Administrative Expenses	(985)	2.6%	(878)	3.2%	
Other Income	1,832	4.9%	1,652	6.0%	
Other Charges	(547)	1.5%	(292)	1.1%	
Operating Profit	6,070	16.3%	4,607	16.9%	
Finance Costs	(145)	0.4%	(35)	0.1%	
Profit Before Taxation	5,925	15.9%	4,572	16.7%	
Taxation	(1,668)	4.5%	(1,090)	4.0%	
Profit After Taxation	4,257	11.4%	3,482	12.7%	

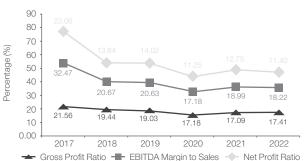
202	2020		2019			20	018	2017		
Rs in			Rs in			Rs in		Rs in		
million	%	r	million	%		million	%	million	%	
20,901	86.7%		18,631	87.8%		16,438	86.9%	15,433	88.6%	
166	0.7%		1	0.0%		2	0.0%	2	0.0%	
3,049	12.6%		2,590	12.2%		2,477	13.1%	1,992	11.4%	
24,116	100.0%		21,222	100.0%		18,917	100.0%	17,427	100.0%	
11,236	46.6%		8,752	41.2%		7,357	38.9%	5,786	33.2%	
12,880	53.4%		12,470	58.8%		11,560	61.1%	11,641	66.8%	
-	0.0%							_		
24,116	100.0%	4	21,222	100.0%		18,917	100.0%	17,427	100.0%	
-			-			-		-		
16,600	100.0%	4	22,499	100.0%		19,404	100.0%	17,200	100.0%	
(14,045)	84.6%	(-	18,217)	81.0%		(15,632)	80.6%	(13,491)	78.4%	
2,556	15.4%		4,281	19.0%		3,772	19.4%	3,709	21.6%	
(349)	2.1%		(377)	1.7%		(327)	1.7%	(261)	1.5%	
(773)	4.7%		(754)	3.3%		(814)	4.2%	(742)	4.3%	
1,114	6.7%		1,528	6.8%		1,446	7.5%	3,096	18.0%	
(158)	1.0%		(335)	1.5%		(264)	1.4%	(346)	2.0%	
2,389	14.4%		4,344	19.3%		3,813	19.6%	5,456	31.7%	
(17)	0.1%		(10)	0.04%		(9)	0.05%	(9)	0.05%	
2,372	14.3%		4,335	19.3%		3,804	19.6%	5,447	31.7%	
(504)	3.0%		(1,180)	5.2%		(1,118)	5.8%	(1,481)	8.6%	
1,867	11.2%		3,155	14.0%		2,686	13.8%	3,966	23.1%	

SIX YEARS' RATIO ANALYSIS

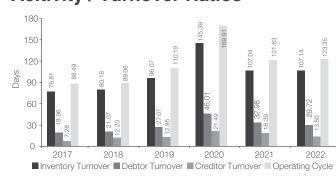
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Profitability Ratios							
Gross Profit	%	17.41	17.09	15.40	19.03	19.44	21.56
EBITDA Margin to Sales	%	18.22	18.99	17.18	20.63	20.67	32.47
Net Profit Margin	%	11.40	12.75	11.25	14.02	13.84	23.06
Return on Equity	%	15.63	14.57	8.93	16.93	16.34	25.70
Return on Capital Employed	%	20.28	19.02	11.34	23.32	23.19	35.35
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,							
Liquidity Ratios							
Current Ratio	times	2.70	3.24	4.22	4.82	4.67	5.84
Quick Ratio	times	1.32	1.76	2.36	2.59	3.02	4.33
Cash to Current Liabilities	times	0.33	0.40	1.00	0.64	0.54	2.49
Cash Flow from Operations to Sales	times	0.06	0.07	0.13	0.02	0.07	0.10
Activity/Turnover Ratios							
Inventory Turnover	times	3.41	3.41	2.51	3.80	4.55	4.75
Inventory Turnover	days	107.14	107.04	145.39	96.07	80.18	76.81
Inventory Turnover - Finished Goods	times	34.00	35.98	21.61	31.71	31.10	27.89
Inventory Turnover - Finished Goods	days	10.73	10.14	16.89	11.51	11.74	13.09
Inventory Turnover - Raw Material	times	3.56	3.40	2.37	3.87	4.85	5.27
Inventory Turnover - Raw Material	days	102.41	107.43	154.25	94.35	75.21	69.23
Debtors Turnover	times	12.28	11.07	7.93	13.48	17.32	19.25
Average Collection Period		29.72	32.98	46.01	27.07	21.07	18.96
Creditors Turnover	days times	27.03	19.85	16.98	28.19	29.93	50.12
			18.39	21.49	12.95	12.20	7.28
Payable Turnover	days	13.50					
Operating Cycle	days	123.35	121.63	169.91	110.19	89.06	88.49
Total Assets Turnover	times	0.99	0.93	0.69	1.06	1.03	0.99
Fixed Assets Turnover	times	6.49	7.13	5.04	9.87	13.61	16.72
Investment/Market Ratios							
Earnings Per Share	Rs.	52.54	42.97	23.04	38.93	33.15	48.95
Price Earnings Ratio	times	5.13	9.84	14.10	9.35	14.41	12.38
Cash Dividend Per Share	Rs.	7.50	10.00	5.00	8.00	13.50	19.75
Dividend Yield	%	2.78	2.37	1.54	2.20	2.83	3.26
Dividend Payout	%	14.28	23.27	21.70	20.55	40.73	40.35
Dividend Cover	times	7.01	4.30	4.61	4.87	2.46	2.48
Market Value Per Share - June 30	Rs.	269.62	422.78	324.94	364.06	477.53	606.03
Market Value Per Share - High	Rs	424.37	487.36	395.09	471.98	642.18	702.63
Market Value Per Share - Low	Rs	253.46	321.92	228.37	347.85	434.11	276.55
Market Capitalization	Rs. in millior	21,847	34,258	26,330	29,500	38,694	49,107
Breakup Value - Net Assets Per Share	Rs.	336.05	295.02	257.94	229.93	202.86	190.46
Capital Structure Ratios							
Financial Leverage	%	38.10	23.54	15.38	13.91	13.91	12.92
Debt Equity Ratio	%	10.54	1.87	1.07	0.01	0.01	0.01
Interest Cover	times	41.87	132.31	141.27	443.08	429.85	640.99
		71.07	132.01	1 11,21	140.00	120.00	0.000

GRAPHICAL PRESENTATION OF RATIOS

Profitability Ratios



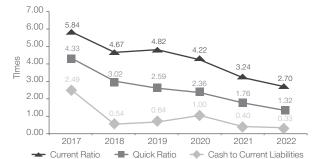
Acitivity / Turnover Ratios



Investment / Market Ratios



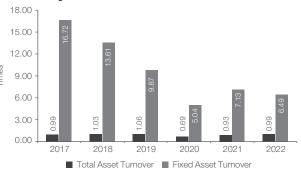
Liquidity Ratios



Profitability Ratios



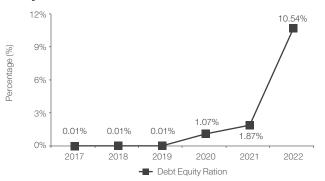
Acitivity / Turnover Ratios



Investment / Market Ratios



Capital Structure Ratio



NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the Fifty-sixth Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Company will be held on Thursday, October 20, 2022 at 9:30 am at The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan ("ICAP") Auditorium, Chartered Accountants Avenue, Clifton, Karachi as well as through electronic means/video-link facility to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022, together with the Chairman's Review, Directors' Report and Auditor's Report thereon.
- 2. To approve a final cash dividend of 50% (i.e. Rs. 2.50 per share) for the year 2021-22 as recommended by the Board of Directors. This is in addition to the interim dividend, of 100% i.e. Rs. 5.00 per share already paid. The total dividend for 2021-22 will thus amount to 150% i.e. Rs. 7.50 per share.
- 3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration for the year ending June 30, 2023. The present auditors Messrs EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible have offered themselves for re-appointment.
- 4. To elect 07 (seven) directors of the Company as fixed by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 09, 2022 for a term of three years commencing from December 01, 2022, in accordance with the provisions of Section 159(1) of the Companies Act, 2017. The names of the retiring Directors who are eligible for re-election are:
 - 1) Mr. Rafiq M. Habib
 - 2) Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib
 - 3) Mr. Imran Ali Habib
 - 4) Mr. Muhammad Tayyab Ahmad Tareen
 - 5) Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan
 - 6) Mr. Khayam Husain
 - 7) Mr. Salman Burney

By Order of the Board

Karachi.

Dated: September 09, 2022

Khal

Salman Khalid
Company Secretary

NOTES:

1. Participation in the AGM proceeding via the video conference facility

In light of the continuing threats posed due to COVID-19 pandemic and to protect wellbeing of the shareholders, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") has, vide its Circulars issued from time to time, directed the listed companies to hold their general meetings virtually in addition to the requirements of holding physical meetings. In order to facilitate the shareholders, the Company in addition to convening a physical meeting has also arranged attendance of shareholder virtually via video link facility.

The shareholders interested in attending the AGM virtually are requested to get themselves registered by sending their particulars at the designated email address tl@hoh.net for their appointment and proxy's verification by close of business October 14, 2022. The log-in credentials and link to participate in the AGM would be provided to the shareholders.

As always, Thal Limited intends, and undertakes, to hold the captioned meeting in compliance with all applicable laws while ensuring the safety of its shareholder, employees, directors and the public at large.

Shareholder Name	Folio/CDC No.	CNIC Number	Mobile phone number	Registered Email Address

Video conference link details and login credentials will be shared with ONLY those Shareholders, whose particulars are received on or before October 14, 2022, from their registered email addresses. Shareholders can also provide their comments and questions for the agenda items of the AGM on tl@hoh.net by October 14, 2022.

2. Closure of Share Transfer Books

The Share Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from October 14, 2022 to October 20, 2022 (both days inclusive) for the purpose of the Annual General Meeting and payment of the final dividend. Transfer requests received by our Share Registrar, M/S. FAMCO Associates (Private) Ltd., 8-F, Next to Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, PECHS, Sharah-e-Faisal Karachi. Tel:009-21-34380101-5,0092-21-34384621-3 (Ext-103) Fax: 0092-21-34380106 at the close of business on October 13, 2022 will be treated in time for the purpose of determining above entitlement to the transferees for payment of final dividend and to attend the Annual General Meeting.

3. Proxy

A member entitled to attend and vote at this General Meeting is entitled to appoint a Proxy to attend, speak and vote in his/her place at the Meeting. A 'Proxy Form' appointing a proxy must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company or at the above-mentioned address of Company's Share Registrar at least forty-eight hours before the time of the meeting along with the copy of CNIC of Proxy. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee along with his/her copy of CNIC shall be provided at least 48 hours before the time of meeting. The Form of Proxy in English and Urdu is attached in Annual Report and should be witnessed by two persons whose name, addresses and CNIC Numbers should be mentioned on the Forms. The Form of Proxy is also available on the Company's website (www.thallimited.com).

4. Updating of particulars

The shareholders are requested to promptly notify change in their address, if any, to the Company's Share Registrar. In case of corporate entity, the shareholders are requested to promptly notify change in their particulars of their authorized representative, if applicable.

5. Submission of copies of CNIC not provided earlier

Individual Shareholders are once again reminded to submit a copy of their valid CNIC, if not provided earlier to the Company's Share Registrar, FAMCO Associates (Private) Limited. In case of non-availability of a valid copy of the Shareholders' CNIC in the records of the Company, the company shall withhold the Dividend under the provisions of Section 243 of the Companies Act 2017.

6. Withholding Tax on Dividend

Currently, the deduction of withholding tax on the amount of dividend paid by the companies under section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, are as under:

- (a) For persons appearing in Active Tax Payer List (ATL): 15%
- (b) For persons not appearing in Active Tax Payer List (ATL): 30%

Shareholders who have filled their return are advised to make sure that their names are entered into latest Active Tax Payers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR at the time of dividend payment, otherwise they shall be treated as persons not appearing in ATL and tax on their cash dividend will be deducted at the rate of 30% instead of 15%.

7. Withholding tax on Dividend in case of Joint Account Holders

In order to enable the Company to follow the directives of the regulators to determine shareholding ratio of the Joint Account Holder(s) (where shareholding has not been determined by the Principal shareholder) for deduction of withholding tax on dividend of the Company, shareholders are requested to please furnish the shareholding ratio details of themselves as Principal shareholder and their Joint Holders, to the Company's Share Registrar, enabling the Company to compute withholding tax of each shareholder accordingly. The required information must reach the Company's Share Registrar by October 13, 2022, otherwise each shareholder will be assumed to have equal proportion of shares and the tax will be deducted accordingly.

8. Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically (E-mandate)

In accordance with the provisions of section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Companies (Distribution of Dividend) Regulations, 2017, it is mandatory that dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholder. Notice in this regard has already been published earlier in newspapers as per Regulations. All shareholders are once again requested to provide details of their bank mandate specifying: (i) title of account, (ii) account number, (iii) IBAN number (iv) bank name and (v) branch name, code & address; to Company's Share Registrar. Shareholders who hold shares with Participants / Central Depository Company of Pakistan (CDC) are advised to provide the mandate to the concerned Broker / CDC.

9. Distribution of Annual Report through Email (Optional)

Pursuant to the provision of section 223(6) of the Companies Act, 2017, the companies are permitted to circulate their annual financial statements, along with auditor's report, directors' review report etc. ("Annual Report") and the notice of annual general meeting ("Notice"), to its shareholders by email. Shareholders of the Company who wish to receive the Company's Annual Report and Notices of annual general meeting by email are requested to provide the completed Electronic Communication Consent Form (available on the Company's website), to the Company's Share Registrar.

The audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022 have been made available on the Company's website (www.thallimited.com) in addition to annual and quarterly financial statements for the prior years.

10. Conversion of Physical Shares into Book-Entry Form

Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017, requires all listed companies to replace the shares held in physical form with the shares to be issued in Book-Entry Form within 4 years from the date of the promulgation of the Companies Act 2017. Pursuant to the SECP letter no. CSD/ED/Misc./2016-639-640 dated March 26, 2021, the Company is following up with all share-holders holding shares in physical form with the request to convert their shares in Book-Entry Form in order to comply with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017. Shareholders may contact the Company's Share Registrar to understand the process and benefits of conversion of shares held in physical form into Book-Entry Form.

11. Election of Directors

Any person who seeks to contest the election of directors shall, whether he is a retiring director or otherwise, file with the

Company at its Registered Office at 4th Floor, House of Habib, 3-JCHS, Block 7/8, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi – 75350, not later than fourteen days before the date of the meeting, the following documents:

- (i) Notice of his/her intention to offer himself/herself for election of directors in terms of Section 159(3) of the Act, together with the consent to act as a director in Form 28 prescribed under the Companies Act, 2017;
- (ii) A detailed profile along with mailing address and other contact details as required under SECP's SRO 634 (I)/2014 dated 10 July 2014;
- (iii) A candidate consenting for the election as director must be a member of the Company at the time of filing of his/her consent except a person representing a member, which is not a natural person.
- (iv) A declaration confirming that:
 - 1) He/she is aware of his/her duties and powers under the relevant laws, Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Company and listing regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange;
 - 2) He/she is not ineligible to become a director of a listed company under any provisions of the Act, the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 and any other applicable law, rules and regulations.

Independent Directors will be elected through the process of election of directors in terms of Section 159 of the Act and they shall meet the criteria laid down under Section 166(2) of the Act.

Pursuant to Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulation 2018, for the purpose of election of Directors and for any other agenda item subject to the requirements of Section 143 and 144 of the Companies Act, 2017 members will be allowed to exercise their right of vote through postal ballot, that is voting by post or through any electronic mode, in accordance with the requirements and procedure contained in the aforesaid Regulations.

STATEMENT UNDER REGULATION 4(2) OF THE COMPANIES (INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES OR ASSOCIATED UNDERTAKINGS) REGULATIONS, 2017

Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited

In the annual general meeting held on October 2nd 2018 the members of the Company had approved investment in Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited ("SECMC"). SECMC achieved commercial operations on July 10, 2019 which marks a historic milestone for Pakistan's energy sector. Phase I of the Thar mining and power generation projects comprise Pakistan's first indigenous open pit coal mine which supplies 3.8 million tons of lignite coal per annum to a 2x330 MW power generation plant set up by Engro Powergen Thar Limited ("EPTL"). For Phase I of SECMC, the Board of Directors of Thal Limited approved a total exposure of Pakistani Rupee ("PKR") equivalent of USD 36.1 million, which includes equity investment of USD 24.3 million, USD 5 million for cost over-run and USD 6.8 million for debt servicing reserve (adjustable due to LIBOR/KIBOR movement). Phase I of SECMC mining project has been completed within time and with significant cost savings. As a result of reduced project cost, the Company invested a total of USD 17.7 million as equity in SECMC Phase 1, while maintaining 11.9% ordinary shareholding in SECMC. Until such time that SECMC achieves project completion date (as defined under finance documents), the standby letter of credit issued for unutilized equity for Phase 1, contractual commitments of cost overrun support and debt service reserve account shall remain in place and may be called upon lenders as per the terms of the finance documents.

Phase II of SECMC achieved Financial Close on December 31, 2019. For Phase II of SECMC, the Board of Directors of Thal Limited approved a total exposure of PKR equivalent of USD 10.5 million, which includes equity investment of USD 7.9 million, USD 1.3 million for cost over-run and USD 1.2 million for debt servicing reserve (adjustable due to LIBOR/KIBOR movement).

As on 30th June 2022, the Company has invested Rs. 2,840.15 million in SECMC, acquiring 191,643,025 ordinary shares having face value of Rs. 10 each, at a price of Rs. 14.82 per share. The Company has issued a stand by letter of credit in favor of lenders for the balance equity commitment of Rs 1,544.3 million.

For Phase II, SECMC has entered into Coal Supply Agreements with ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited and Thar Energy Limited to supply additional 1.9 million tons of lignite per annum to each 330 MW power plant respectively.

The Project Company is striving to achieve commercial operations date for Phase II in 2022.

Thal Power (Private) Limited

Status update concerning the business in relation to ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited ("ThalNova") that was approved in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting ("EOGM") dated March 22, 2018.

Equity Injection, Guarantee and Sponsor Support:

The shareholders in the EOGM held on March 22, 2018, had approved Equity Injection of up to USD 58.7 million (or PKR equivalent) and to arrange a Standby Letter of Credit in an amount not exceeding USD 41.1 million (or PKR equivalent) securing the Equity Obligation and commercial risk guarantee obligations of up to USD 12.4 million (or PKR equivalent) and sponsor support to be provided by the Company for the benefit of ThalNova for an aggregate amount of up to USD 23.2 million (or PKR equivalent) as an investment in the form of equity or subordinated debt to cover for funding shortfall/cost overrun that may arise in ThalNova as well as similar support/investment for debt service reserve support up to USD 12.4 USD (or PKR equivalent). Such sponsor support 'investments' were to be made as may be required under the Sponsor Support Agreement entered into with the lenders. The Company intends to make these sponsor support investments by way of preference shares and/or ordinary shares and/or through subordinated debt depending on approvals that may be received from the lenders. If through preference shares then the key terms will include a USD return on equity of 11%, which will be cumulative if not paid in full on any payment date and redeemable at the option of the Company.

Information pursuant to Section 4(2) of the Companies (Investment in Associated Companies or Associated Undertakings) Regulations 2017:

Info	ormation Required	Information Provided
a)	Total investment approved	As above
b)	Amount of investment made to date	Equity Injection of USD 26.1 million (in equivalent Pakistani Rupees)
(C)	Reasons for deviations from the approved timeline of investment, where investment decision was to be implemented in specified time;	Because of various reason the Financial Close of the ThalNova project was delayed beyond original timeline and subsequently achieved on 30 September 2020. The Commercial Operations Date is expected in the second half of calendar year 2022. Equity injections were made along with debt disbursement and expected to be completed in calendar year 2022.
(d)	Material change in financial statements of associated company or associated undertaking since date of the resolution passed for approval of investment.	The associated company to-date has received total advances and equity injection of Rs. 15.4 billion from all shareholders. The associated undertaking issued a limited notice to proceed to the EPC Contractor against a payment of USD 30 million (in Pakistani Rupees equivalent) to commence construction works prior to financial close. Financial close was achieved on 30th September 2020 and debt disbursement from lenders commenced from Apr 2021. The project construction is ongoing but the project has faced delays in recent times due to COVID related challenges. The Company expects commercial operations to commence in second half of the calendar year 2022.

COMBINED PATTERN OF CDC AND PHYSICAL SHAREHOLDING

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Size o	f Holding	
No. of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
1,378	1	100	48,881
1,251	101	500	323,852
525	501	1000	370,574
811	1001	5000	1,733,473
159	5001	10000	1,154,249
55	10001	15000	689,731
28	15001	20000	477,880
13	20001	25000	289,328
15	25001	30000	429,039
11	30001	35000	358,269
10	35001	40000	378,479
3	40001	45000	127,956
12	45001	50000	
			582,165
10 7	50001	55000	530,726
·	55001	60000	403,013
5	60001	65000	317,521
1	65001	70000	65,951
4	70001	75000	296,171
2	80001	85000	166,300
1	85001	90000	88,000
2	90001	95000	185,532
2	95001	100000	198,900
1	100001	105000	101,741
1	110001	115000	112,103
3	115001	120000	353,840
2	120001	125000	245,583
1	125001	130000	127,381
1	130001	135000	130,815
1	135001	140000	136,669
2	145001	150000	296,333
1	150001	155000	154,074
1	165001	170000	168,198
1	170001	175000	175,000
1	175001	180000	178,202
1	180001	185000	181,150
1	220001	225000	222,130
2	225001	230000	452,568
1	235001	240000	239,495
2	280001	285000	561,430
1	290001	295000	294,089
1	300001	305000	301,230
2	305001	310000	615,116
1	310001	315000	311,000
1	315001	320000	315,152
2	320001	325000	645,698
5	330001	335000	1,656,860
2	370001	375000	
			745,068
1	375001	380000	375,800
1	390001	395000	393,098

COMBINED PATTERN OF CDC AND PHYSICAL SHAREHOLDING

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Size of	Holding	
No. of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
1	400001	405000	401,443
6	420001	425000	2,532,547
1	450001	455000	450,692
2	485001	490000	975,882
1	495001	500000	497,070
1	525001	530000	528,500
1	570001	575000	572,566
1	600001	605000	601,052
1	605001	610000	608,534
1	690001	695000	694,800
1	710001	715000	711,503
1	715001	720000	715,851
1	800001	805000	800,400
1	810001	815000	810,233
1	830001	835000	830,269
1	840001	845000	843,547
1	850001	855000	851,137
1	905001	910000	909,507
1	930001	935000	932,351
1	995001	1000000	1,000,000
1	1095001	1100000	1,098,016
1	1150001	1155000	1,153,170
1	1180001	1185000	1,184,956
1	1185001	1190000	1,189,452
1	1340001	1345000	1,340,202
1	1375001	1380000	1,379,578
1	1405001	1410000	1,405,639
1	1540001	1545000	1,544,279
1	1815001	1820000	1,818,017
1	1965001	1970000	1,966,508
1	2300001	2305000	2,304,386
1	2890001	2895000	2,894,306
4	3790001	3795000	15,170,103
1	4915001	4920000	4,917,100
1	6690001	6695000	6,690,500
4,389			81,029,909
		1	

COMBINED PATTERN OF CDC AND PHYSICAL SHAREHOLDING

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

S. No.	Categories	No. of	Category-wise	Category-wise	Percentage
	of Shareholders	Shares Held	No. of Folios /	Shares Held	(%)
			CDC Accounts		
1	Individuals		4,176	20,355,970	25.12
2	Investment Companies		4	2,334	0.00
3	Joint Stock Companies		38	2,366,787	2.92
4	Directors, Chief Executive Officer and Their				
	Spouse and Minor Children		15	4,848,081	5.98
	ALIYA SAEEDA KHAN	1,000			
	ATIQA RAFIQ HABIB	733,120			
	JAMILA RAFIQ HABIB	909,507			
	KHAYAM HUSAIN	1,000			
	IMRAN ALI HABIB	13,703			
	MOHAMEDALI R. HABIB	1,566,834			
	MUHAMMAD SALMAN BURNEY	1,000			
	RAFIQ HABIB	1,340,202			
	SAYYEDA MOHAMED ALI	280,715			
	MUHAMMAD TAYYAD AHMAD TAREEN	1,000			
5	Executives		5	16,868	0.02
6	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parti	es	1	375,800	0.46
	HABIB INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED				
7	Public Sector Companies and Corporations		1	2,304,386	2.84
8	Banks, DFI's, NBFIs, Insurance Companies, Takaful,				
	Modarabas's and Pension Funds		38	13,026,585	16.08
	Financial Institutions	5,349,030			
	Insurance Companies	7,179,376			
	Modaraba	17,438			
	Pension Funds	480,741			
	Holding 5% or more voting intrest				
	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	4,917,100			
	JUBILEE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED	6,690,500			
9	Mutual Funds	0,090,300	29	3,953,229	4.88
9	GOLDEN ARROW SELECTED STOCKS FUND	4,149	29	3,933,229	4.00
		370,400			
	CDC-TRUSTEE MCB PAKISTAN STOCK MARKET FUND CDC - TRUSTEE PAKISTAN CAPITAL MARKET FUND	,			
		19,100			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALHAMRA ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	81,300			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ATLAS STOCK MARKET FUND	424,000			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP VALUE FUND	6,750			
	CDC - TRUSTEE AKD INDEX TRACKER FUND	10,371			
	CDC - TRUSTEE AKD OPPORTUNITY FUND	47,000			

COMBINED PATTERN OF CDC AND PHYSICAL SHAREHOLDING

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

S. No.	Categories	No. of	Category-wise	Category-wise	Percentage
	of Shareholders	Shares Held	No. of Folios /	Shares Held	(%)
			CDC Accounts		
	CDC-TRUSTEE ALHAMRA ISLAMIC ASSET				
	ALLOCATION FUND	53,000			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ATLAS ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	175,000			
	CDC - TRUSTEE NBP STOCK FUND	294,089			
	CDC - TRUSTEE NBP BALANCED FUND	11			
	CDC - TRUSTEE APF-EQUITY SUB FUND	32,200			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	6,500			
	CDC - TRUSTEE APIF - EQUITY SUB FUND	27,800			
	CDC - TRUSTEE MCB PAKISTAN ASSET				
	ALLOCATION FUND	27,200			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP STOCK FUND	22,500			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP ALPHA FUND	9,800			
	CDC - TRUSTEE NIT-EQUITY MARKET				
	OPPORTUNITY FUND	45,900			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ABL STOCK FUND	8,650			
	MCBFSL - TRUSTEE ABL ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	50			
	CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST	1,966,508			
	CDC - TRUSTEE NBP ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	64,400			
	CDC - TRUSTEE NIT ISLAMIC EQUITY FUND	27,100			
	MCBFSL TRUSTEE ABL ISLAMIC DEDICATED				
	STOCK FUND	50			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ALFALAH GHP ISLAMIC				
	DEDICATED EQUITY FUND	1			
	DCCL - TRUSTEE AKD ISLAMIC STOCK FUND	85,000			
	CDC - TRUSTEE ATLAS ISLAMIC DEDICATED				
	STOCK FUND	23,400			
	CDC - TRUSTEE GOLDEN ARROW STOCK FUND	121,000			
10	Foreign Investors		27	32,053,380	39.56
	Holding 5% or more voting intrest				
	ASAD LIMITED	7,517,613			
	ALI REZA LIMITED	7,561,504			
	MUSTAFA LIMITED	8,282,214			
	SHAKIR LIMITED	5,397,558			
11	Co-Operative Socities		2	6,814	0.01
12	Charitable Trust		13	1,092,799	1.35
13	Others		40	626,876	0.77
	TOTAL		4,389	81,029,909	100.00

Details of trading in Company's shares by the Directors, Executives and their spouses and minor children:

None of the Directors, Executives and their spouses and minor children has traded in the shares of the Company during the year, except for the following:

S No.	Name	Designation	Buy	Sell
1	Mr. Salman Burney	Director	-	4,000
2	Mr. Khayam Husain	Director	1,000	-
3	Mrs. Jamila Rafiq Habib	Spouse of Director,		
		Mr. Rafiq M. Habib	-	51,724

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

Name of Company: Thal Limited (The Company) Year ended: June 30, 2022

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance)
Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors are 7 as per the following:

a. Male	6
b. Female	1

2. The composition of board is as follows:

a. Independent Directors	Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan
	Mr. Khayam Husain
b. Other Non-Executive Director	Mr. Rafiq M. Habib
	Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib
	Mr. Imran Ali Habib
	Mr. Salman Burney
c. Executive Director	Mr. Muhammad Tayyab
	Ahmad Tareen

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company.
- The Company has prepared a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company.
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act) and these Regulations.

- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of Board.
- 8. The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. Mr. Rafiq M. Habib and Mr. Salman Burney are exempted by SECP from the Directors Training Program as each of them has requisite qualification and experience of serving on the Boards. Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib, Mr. Imran Ali Habib, Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan and Mr. Muhammad Tayyab Ahmad Tareen are certified by Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance. Mr. Khayam Husain, who was appointed on the Board in June 2022, has completed his training with PICG subsequent to year-end.
- 10. The Board has approved the change in remuneration of Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary. However, there was no new appointment of Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during the year. The Board has approved the appointment of Head of Internal Audit and her remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
 - a. Audit Committee

Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan Chairperson
Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib Member
Mr. Imran Ali Habib Member
Mr. Salman Burney Member

b. Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

Ms. Aliya Saeeda Khan Chairperson
Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib Member
Mr. Salman Burney Member
Mr. Muhammad Tayyab Ahmad Tareen Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly / half-yearly / yearly) of the committee were as per following:

a.	Audit Committee	Four quarterly meetings
b.	HR and Remuneration	
	Committee	Two meetings

- 15. The Board has outsourced the internal audit function to Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited (associated company) who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, company secretary or director of the Company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or

any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.

- 18. We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.
- 19. Explanations for not rounding up the fractional number under Regulation 6(1) is as follows:
 - a. In a Board comprising 7 members, one-third works out to 2.33. Since the fraction is below half (i.e. 0.5), the fraction contained in such one-third is not rounded up to one. Further, the Company has enough experienced and well reputed independent directors on the Board who perform and carry out their responsibilities diligently.

RAFIQ M HABIB

CHAIRMAN

MUHAMMAD TAYYAB AHMAD TAREEN

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
AND DIRECTOR

Karachi September 9, 2022



EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road P.O. Box 15541, Karachi 75530

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Independent Auditors' Review Report

To the members of Thal Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Thal Limited (the Company) for the year ended 30 June 2022 in accordance with the requirements of the Regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company, Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance with the requirements to the extent of the approval of related party transactions by the board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

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EY Ford Rhodes

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi

UDIN Number: CR202210099SG1YPxA20

Date: 21 September 2022

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UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS

AUDITORS, REPORT TO THE MEMBERS
UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road P.O. Box 15541, Karachi 75530 UAN: +9221 111 11 39 37 (EYFR) Tel: +9221 3565 0007-11 Fax: +9221 3568 1965 ey.khi@pk.ey.com ey.com/pk

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Thal Limited

Report on the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of Thal Limited (the Company), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, and the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity, the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 June 2022 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Page 1



Following are the Key audit matters:

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How the matter was addressed in our audit

1. Revenues

The Company earns revenue from multiple business lines which operate as distinct business units with significant volume of revenue transactions. The recognition of revenue relating to each business line depend on the nature of contractual arrangements with the customers.

Revenue is recorded in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 15 which provides a comprehensive model of revenue recognition and requires the Company to exercise judgement, taking into consideration all of the relevant facts and circumstances when applying the model to contracts with customers.

We identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter primarily due to it being a key performance indicator, significant volume of transactions, significant increase of 37% in revenue from last year and the amount of audit efforts in relation to this area.

Please refer notes 5.26 and 33 to the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements.

We performed a range of audit procedures in relation to revenue including the following:

- We reviewed the terms and conditions of distinct sale transactions and assessed the appropriateness of the revenue recognition policies and practices followed by the Company.
- We tested controls over revenue recognition and reporting process within each business unit including key IT dependent manual controls and IT general controls for the relevant IT systems used for revenue transaction processing by the Company.
- We performed analytical review procedures and other test of details over various revenue streams including cut-off procedures to check that revenue has been recognized in the appropriate accounting period.
- We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures as per the guidelines set out in the applicable financial reporting requirements.

2. Capital expenditure

The Company incurred significant amount of capital expenditure during the year amounting to Rs. 2,660.094 million mainly on account of increasing the capacity of its woven polypropylene bags line in the Papersack division.

Capital expenditures incurred during the year represent significant transactions and involve management's evaluation of components of cost to be capitalized, therefore we have identified the same as a key audit matter.

Please refer note 7 to the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements.

We performed a range of audit procedures in relation to capital expenditure including the following:

- We obtained an understanding of the Company's process with respect to capital expenditure including project budgeting, execution of contracts and accumulation of cost and tested key controls.
- We reviewed the relevant contracts and documents supporting various components of the capitalised cost.
- We performed physical verification, on sample basis, of fixed assets acquired to verify the existence of the assets.
- We considered whether the items of cost capitalised meet the recognition criteria of an asset in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards.
- We evaluated the basis used by the management for depreciation charged in relation to the assets, by considering factors such as the current useful life estimates and timing of capitalisation.
- We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures as per the guidelines set out in the applicable financial reporting requirements.



Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
override of internal control.







- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to
 continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
 draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if
 such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit
 evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions
 may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and





d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Arif Nazeer,

Chartered Accountants

CT Ford Khads

Place: Karachi

UDIN Number: AR202210099xGe0Sa98m

Date: 21 September 2022

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022	2021
ACCETO		(Rupees in '000')	
ASSETS NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	5.070.400	0.740.000
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	7 8	5,678,486 74,765	3,710,820 120,776
Investment property	9	980	985
Long-term investments	10	10,908,740	8,007,397
Long-term loans	11		275,000
Long-term deposits Deferred tax asset	12 13	30,730 192,734	20,378 218,793
Dolon od tax dooot	10	16,886,435	12,354,149
CURRENT ASSETS	4.4	100.000	117.007
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade	14 15	199,880 10,379,101	117,827 7,730,049
Trade debts	16	3,829,852	3,231,174
Loans and advances	17	546,592	103,160
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments	18	1,042,163	452,711
Interest accrued Other receivables	19	33,669 867,030	20,582 619,151
Short-term investments	20	1,263,318	2,802,265
Cash and bank balances	21	2,557,628	2,096,373
		20,719,233	17,173,292
Assets classified as held for sale	22	-	5,000
TOTAL ASSETS		20,719,233 37,605,668	17,178,292 29,532,441
FOLUTY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital	00	1 000 000	1 000 000
200,000,000 (2021: 200,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs.5/- each Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	23 23	<u>1,000,000</u> 405,150	<u>1,000,000</u> <u>405,150</u>
Reserves	24	26,824,677	23,500,483
NON OURRENT LIARUITIES		27,229,827	23,905,633
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long-term deposits and payables	25	10,513	11,887
Long-term borrowings	26	2,272,565	185,242
Lease liabilities	27	80,088	100,550
Deferred income	28	2,695,911	22,309
CURRENT LIABILITIES		2,095,911	319,900
Trade and other payables	29	5,843,706	4,335,229
Accrued mark-up		24,281	3,651
Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend		97,740 28,150	89,256 36,242
Current portion of long-term borrowing	26	81,898	109,164
Current portion of lease liabilities	27	20,496	17,140
Current portion of deferred income Short-term borrowings	28 30	70,910 597,080	4,394 361,000
Income tax - net	31	876,738	264,628
Sales tax payable		38,931	86,116
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	32	7,679,930	5,306,820
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	02	37,605,668	29,532,441

The annexed notes 1 to 55 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 2021 (Rupees in '000')	
Revenue - net	33	37,351,493	27,317,188
Cost of sales	34	(30,847,355)	(22,648,387)
Gross profit		6,504,138	4,668,801
Distribution and selling expenses	35	(734,179)	(544,689)
Administrative expenses	36	(985,384)	(877,675)
Other charges	37	(546,508)	(291,501)
		(2,266,071)	(1,713,865)
Other income	38	1,831,791	1,651,746
Operating profit		6,069,858	4,606,682
Finance costs	39	(144,964)	(34,817)
Profit before taxation		5,924,894	4,571,865
Taxation	40	(1,667,646)	(1,089,670)
Net profit for the year		4,257,248 3,482,195(Rupees)	
Basic and diluted earnings per share	41	52.54	42.97

The annexed notes 1 to 55 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Note	2022	2021
	(Rupees in	'000')

4.257.248

Net profit for the year

Other comprehensive income

Item that will not be reclassified to unconsolidated statement of

profit or loss in subsequent periods - net of tax;

(Loss)/gain on long-term equity investments classified at fair value through $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1$

other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Total comprehensive income for the year

10.4

(41,725) 4,215,523

130,011 3,612,206

3.482.195

The annexed notes 1 to 55 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	RESERVES				
Issued,	Capital	General	Unappropr-	Gain/(loss) on	Total
subscribed	reserves	reserves	iated profit	revaluation	equity
and paid-up				of investment	
capital				at fair value	
				through other	
				comprehen-	
				sive income	

Balance as at July 1, 2020

Transfer to general reserve

Final dividend @ Rs 3.5/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2020

Interim dividend @ Rs 4.00/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2021

Net Profit for the year Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income for the year

Balance as at June 30, 2021

Transfer to general reserve

Final dividend @ Rs 6.00/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2020

Interim dividend @ Rs 5.00/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2021

Net Profit for the year
Other comprehensive loss
Total comprehensive income for the year

Balance as at June 30, 2022

				sive income	
		(Rupees	in '000')		
405,150	1,006,915	17,629,999	1,743,690	115,399	20,901,153
-	-	1,460,000	(1,460,000)	-	-
-	-	-	(283,606)	-	(283,606)
-	-	_	(324,120)	-	(324,120)
_	-		(607,726)		(607,726)
			3,482,195	130,011	3,482,195 130,011
-	-	-	3,482,195	130,011	3,612,206
405,150	1,006,915	19,089,999	3,158,159	245,410	23,905,633
-	-	2,649,001	(2,649,001)	-	-
-	-	-	(486,179)	-	(486,179)
_	-	-	(405,150)	-	(405,150)
-	-	-	(891,329)	-	(891,329)
	-		4,257,248	(41,725)	4,257,248 (41,725)
-	-	-	4,257,248	(41,725)	4,215,523
405,150	1,006,915	21,739,000	3,875,077	203,685	27,229,827

The annexed notes 1 to 55 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022	2021	
		(Rupees	(Rupees in '000')	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash generated from operations	42	2,220,169	1,980,127	
Finance costs paid		(124,334)	(31,429)	
Leave encashment paid		(6,233)	(6,072)	
Income tax paid		(1,029,477)	(860,162)	
Long-term deposits - net		(11,726)	(9,159)	
Net cash generated from operating activities		1,048,399	1,073,305	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Addition to property, plant and equipment		(2,660,094)	(1,028,321)	
Addition to intangible assets		(12,907)	(8,953)	
Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets		30,618	59,360	
Long-term investments made during the year		(2,943,068)	(2,081,771)	
Short-term investments during the year - net		1,624,887	(1,526,159)	
Long-term loans returned by subsidiaries - net		37,634	1,647,786	
Dividend income received during the year		1,453,623	1,072,175	
Interest income received during the year		117,117	100,368	
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,352,190)	(1,765,515)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Principal portion of lease rentals paid		(17,106)	(11,087)	
Short-term borrowings obtained		236,080	216,000	
SBP's Refinance Facility for Salaries and Wages repaid - net		(99,571)	(24,892)	
SBP's Temporary Economic Refinance Facility obtained		1,368,393	99,281	
SBP's Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy obtained - net		249,279	47,579	
Long-term loans obtained		918,908	_	
Dividends paid		(890,937)	(593,677)	
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities		1,765,046	(266,796)	
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		461,255	(959,006)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		2,096,373	3,055,379	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	43	2,557,628	2,096,373	

The annexed notes 1 to 55 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

1.1 Thal Limited (the Company) was incorporated on January 31, 1966 as a public company limited by shares and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

The Company is engaged in the manufacture of engineering goods, jute goods, papersack and laminate sheets.

1.2 Geographical location and address of business units

Head Office

The registered office of the Company is situated at 4th Floor, House of Habib, 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Plants:

- Engineering operations are located at Korangi and Port Qasim, Karachi, Sindh.
- Jute operations are located at Muzaffargarh, Punjab.
- Papersack operations are located at Hub, Balochistan and Gadoon, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- Laminates operations are located at Hub, Balochistan.
- 1.3 These unconsolidated financial statements are separate financial statements of the Company in which investments in subsidiaries and associates are accounted for at cost less impairment loss, if any, and are not consolidated or accounted for by using equity method of accounting.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

- 2.1 These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:
 - International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
 - · Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the Act; and
 - · Provisions of and directives issued under the Act

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS differ from the IFRSs, the provision of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS have been followed.

BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investments in shares of listed companies and mutual funds which are measured at fair value as disclosed in the accounting policies below.
- 3.2 The unconsolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is also the Company's functional currency.

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS. ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS.

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates underlying the assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The estimates, assumptions and judgements made by the management that are subject to risk of material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are as follows:

		Notes
(a)	capitalization of new assets and determining the residual values and useful lives of property,	
	plant and equipment and investment property	5.2, 5.4, 7 & 9
(b)	determining the residual values and useful lives of intangibles assets	5.3 & 8
(C)	Non-current assets held for sale	5.5 & 22
(d)	impairment of financial and non-financial assets	5.24
(e)	net realizable value estimation for inventories	5.7, 5.8, 14 & 15
(f)	allowance for expected credit losses	5.9, 5.24 & 16
(g)	provision for tax and deferred tax	5.6, 13, 31 & 40
(h)	provision and warranty obligation	5.14 & 29.3
(i)	contingencies	5.21 & 32
(j)	compensated absences of employees	5.15 & 29
(k)	determining the lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options;	5.20.3 & 27
(1)	leases - estimating the incremental borrowing rate	5.20.4 & 27

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

5.1 New standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and new interpretations

The Company has adopted the following standards, amendments, interpretation and improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) which became effective for the current year:

Amendments to approved accounting standards

IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 - Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments)

IFRS 16 - Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments)

The adoption of the above improvements and amendments did not have any material impact on these financial statements.

5.2 Property, plant and equipment

Operating fixed assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment loss, if any, except for freehold land which is stated at cost less impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation is charged to the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss applying the straight line method at the rates specified in note 7 to these unconsolidated financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month asset is available for use and in case of deletion, up to the month preceding the month of disposal.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

An item of operating fixed assets and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of operating fixed assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Capital work-in-progress

All expenditures connected to the specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work-in-progress. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets are available for use.

5.3 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any.

Costs in relation to intangible assets are only capitalized when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to those asset will flow to the Company and the same is amortized applying the straight line method at the rates stated in note 8 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

5.4 Investment property

"Investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Depreciation on investment properties is charged on reducing balance method at the rate specified in note 9 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month of addition and in case of deletion up to the month of disposal.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to unconsolidated statement of profit or loss as and when incurred while major repairs and renewals are capitalised. Any gains or losses on disposal of an investment property are recognised in profit or loss in the year of disposal. The carrying values of investment properties are reviewed at each financial year end for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the investment properties are written down to their recoverable amount.

5.5 Non-current assets held for sale

The Company classifies non-current assets as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Costs to sell are the incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset excluding finance costs and income tax expense.

The criteria for held for sale classification is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable, and the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Actions required to complete the sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the sale will be made or that the decision to sell will be withdrawn. Management must be committed to the plan to sell the asset and the sale expected to be completed within one year from the date of the classification.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are presented separately as current items in the unconsolidated statement of financial position.

5.6 Taxation

(a) Current

The charge for current taxation in respect of certain income streams of the Company is based on Final Tax Regime at the applicable tax rates and remaining income streams at current rate of taxation under the normal tax regime after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, 1.25% of turnover or 17% alternate corporate tax, whichever is higher. The Company had also availed Group Tax Relief under the provisions of Section 59AA and Group Taxation under the provisions of section 59B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 as explained in note 31 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

(b) Deferred

Deferred tax is provided using the statement of financial position liability method, on all temporary differences at the statement of financial position date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

63 | Thal Limited

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each statement of financial position date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the statement of financial position date.

The impact of deferred tax is recognised in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and deferred tax in relation to items outside statement of profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income or equity.

5.7 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are valued at lower of cost, determined using weighted average method, and Net Realisable Value (NRV), less provision for obsolete items (if any). Items in transit are valued at cost comprising purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon upto the reporting date. Provision is made for items which are obsolete and slow moving and is determined based on management estimate regarding their future usability.

5.8 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade, except goods-in-transit, is stated at the lower of weighted average cost or Net Realisable Value. The cost is determined as follows:

Raw and packing materials

- Purchase cost

Work-in-process

- Cost of materials, labour cost and appropriate production overheads

Finished goods

- Cost of materials, labour cost and appropriate production overheads

Goods-in-transit are valued at cost comprising purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon upto the reporting date.

NRV signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Provision is made for slow moving and obsolete items as and when identified.

5.9 Trade debts and other receivables

These are recognized and carried at original invoice amount being the fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Allowance is made on the basis of lifetime ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade debts and other receivables. Bad debts are written off when considered irrecoverable.

Exchange gains or losses arising in respect of trade debts and other receivables in foreign currency are added to their respective carrying amounts.

5.10 Loans, advances, deposits and short term prepayments (other than financial assets)

These are initially recognised at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given. Subsequent to initial recognition, assessment is made at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is an indication that a financial asset or group of assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset or group of assets is determined and any impairment loss is recognised for the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying value.

5.11 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition net of bank overdraft/running finance facility that are deemed integral

to the Company's cash management. The cash and cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amount of cash and are therefore subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

5.12 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

5.13 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payable are carried at amortised cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

Exchange gains and losses arising on translation in respect of liabilities in foreign currency are added to the carrying amount of the respective liabilities.

5.14 Provisions

General

Provisions are recognised in the unconsolidated statement of financial position where the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. When the Company expects some or all of the provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. Provisions are reviewed at each statement of financial position date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

Warranty obligations

The Company recognizes the estimated liability to repair or replace products under warranty at the statement of financial position date. These are recognised when the product is sold or service is provided to the customer. Initial recognition is based on historical experience and estimate of probability weighted expected outcome. The estimates of warranty-related costs is reviewed annually and adjusted, if required.

5.15 Compensated absences

Accrual is made for employees' compensated absences on the basis of encashable leaves as per the entitlements and company policy.

5.16 Staff retirement benefits

Defined contribution plan

Provident fund

The Company operates a recognised provident fund for its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made to the fund by the Company and the employees in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The Company has no further obligation once the contributions have been paid. The contributions made by the Company are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

Retirement benefit fund

The Company operates an approved funded scheme for retirement benefits for all employees on the basis of defined contribution made by the Company on attaining the retirement age or in the event of death, with a minimum qualifying period of ten years which is managed by a Trust.

5.17 Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

5.18 Unclaimed dividend

This is recognised at the amount of dividend declared and unclaimed by shareholders from the date it became due and payable.

5.19 Unpaid dividend

This is recognised at the amount of dividend declared and claimed by shareholders but remained unpaid for the period of 3 years from the date it became due and payable.

5.20 Leases

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

5.20.1 Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term lease. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

5.20.2Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less lease incentives receivable (if any), variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate (if any), and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees (if any). The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company (if any) and payments of penalties for terminating the lease (if any), if the termination option is reasonably certain to be exercised. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments at the lease commencement date, the Company uses the interest rate implicit in the lease. In case where the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

5.20.3 Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

5.20.4 Estimating the incremental borrowing rate.

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

5.21 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- there is a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

5.22 Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

Classification and measurement

Under IFRS 9 Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at the following:

- (a) at amortised cost;
- (b) at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); and
- (c) at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the business model for managing them.

(a) At amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

(b) At fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI)

A debt instrument is measured at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that are initially recognised at fair value through OCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by investment basis. The Company has irrevocably elected to carry its quoted investments in equity instruments under this category.

Equity instruments that are initially recognised at fair value through OCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

(c) At fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or

The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

5.23 Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 is satisfied. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss. This category generally applies to interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the unconsolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

5.24 Impairment of financial and non financial assets

Impairment of financial assets

The impairment model under IFRS 9 applies to financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments.

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the respective asset.

The Company uses the standard's simplified approach and calculates ECL based on life time ECL on its financial assets. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the financial assets and the economic environment.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets for which the estimate of future cash flow have not been adjusted. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognised previously. Reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in unconsolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

5.25 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares (if any).

5.26 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at amounts that reflect the consideration that the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and is recognised at a point in time when control of goods have passed to the customer either on the dispatch / acceptance of goods for local sales or on the issuance of bill of lading in case of export sales. The normal credit period ranges between 30 to 90 days.

5.27 Other income

Other income is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and amount can be measured reliably. Other income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised on the following basis:

- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established;
- Interest on Term Deposit Receipts is recognised on constant rate of return to maturity;
- Interest on deposit accounts is recognised on accrual basis;
- Interest on loan is recognised on accrual basis;
- Capital gain on disposal of treasury bills is recognised as the difference between sales proceeds and carrying value at the time of disposal.
- Rental income arising from investment property is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term;
- Scrap sales are recognised on an accrual basis;
- Claim from customers is recognised as income when the claim is accepted by customer;
- Service income is recognised on a straight line basis over the period that the services are provided; and
- Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised at the difference between sales proceeds and carrying value when the relevant item of property, plant and equipment is disposed of.

69 | Thal Limited

5.28 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pakistani Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistani Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange gains or losses are included in unconsolidated statement of profit or loss of the current period.

5.29 Deferred income

Benefit of a loan at a below-market rate of interest is recognised as deferred income. Deferred income is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

5.30 Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as Chief Executive of the Group.

5.31 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditure is recognised as an expense when incurred. Costs incurred on development projects are recognised as intangible assets to the extent that such expenditure is expected to generate future economic benefits. Other development expenditure is recognised as an expense when incurred.

5.32 Ijarah rentals

ljarah payments for assets under ljarah (Islamic term finance) agreements are recognised as an expense in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight line basis over the ljarah term.

5.33 Dividends and appropriation to reserves

The Company recognises a liability for dividend to equity holder when it is authorized as per corporate laws in Pakistan. The transfer of reserves within the equity are recognized when these are approved as per the applicable laws.

6. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND IMPROVEMENTS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STAND-ARDS THAT ARE NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following amendments and improvements to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective amendment or improvements:

Standard or Inter	rpretation	Effective date
IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 37	Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments)	01 January 2023
IAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments)	01 January 2023
IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments)	01 January 2023
IAS 12	Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a single	
	transaction (Amendments)	01 January 2023
IFRS 10 / IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate	
	or Joint Venture (Amendment)	Not yet finalised
Improvements to	Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB (2018-2020 cycle)	
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 percent' test for derecognition	
	of financial liabilities	01 January 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture - Taxation in fair value measurements	01 January 2022
IFRS 16	Leases: Lease incentives	01 January 2022

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's unconsolidated financial statements in the period of initial application

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan and are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's unconsolidated financial statements in the period of initial application.

IASB effective date

	Standard or	Interpretation		(annual per beginnir on or aft	ng
	IFRS 1	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reportir	ng Standards	01 January	2004
	IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts		01 January	2023
			Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000')
7.	PROPER ³	TY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating	fixed assets	7.1	4,764,206	3,094,398
	Capital wo	rk-in-progress	7.4	914,280 5,678,486	616,422 3,710,820

WRITTEN DOWN VALUE

	As at July 01, 2021	Additions/ Transfers (7.1.1)	Disposals	As at June 30, 2022	Depreciation Rate	As at July 01, 2021	Charge for the year impairment* (7.1.2)	On Disposals/	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2022
		(Rupees	(,000, ui s		%		(Ru	(Rupees in '000'))')	
Freehold land	4,362	1	1	4,362		1	1	1	1	4,362
Right of use asset - lands	15,661	I	ı	15,661	4-5	987	495	I	1,482	14,179
Right of use asset - office premises	132,145	ı	ı	132,145	2-50	21,226	23,692	I	44,918	87,227
Factory building	844,040	281,951	ı	1,125,991	5-33	307,956	45,877	I	353,833	772,158
Non factory building	124,471	3,220	ı	127,691	5-33	45,224	5,796	ı	51,020	76,671
Railway sliding	4,216	I	ı	4,216	20	1,104	218	ı	1,322	2,894
Plant and machinery	3,540,320	1,458,722	(18,035)	4,981,007	2-52	1,688,416	355,369	(17,972)	2,024,749	2,956,258
							(1,064)*			
Furniture and fittings	35,755	3,938	(831)	38,862	33	23,202	10,293	(831)	32,664	6,198
Vehicles	144,497	122,620	(19,915)	247,202	20	37,885	31,982	(2,623)	67,244	179,958
Office and mills equipment	257,811	248,260	(3,721)	502,350	10-50	107,641	64,651	(3,687)	168,605	333,745
Computer equipment	182,346	39,755	(5,365)	216,736	20-33	116,171	29,564	(5,061)	140,674	76,062
Jigs and fixtures	528,842	183,230	(9,725)	702,347	10-33	390,658	103,163	(9,725)	484,096	218,251
Capital stores and spares	20,748	20,540	1	41,288	2-20	346	4,699	ı	5,045	36,243
2022	5,835,214	2,362,236	(57,592)	8,139,858		2,740,816	672,799	(39,899)	3,375,652	4,764,206
							(1,064)*			

		00	COST		1	ACCUMULAT	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION / AMORTIZATION	IATION / AMC	ORTIZATION	DOWN
	As at July 01, 2020	Additions/ (Transfers) (7.1.1)	Disposals/	As at June 30, 2021	Depreciation Rate	As at July 01, 2020	Charge On for the year Disposals, impairment* write-offs* (7.1.2)	On Disposals/ write-offs**	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021
		(Rupees	(Rupees in '000')		%		(R	(Rupees in '000')	0')	
Freehold land	4,362	1	•	4,362	1		ı	1	•	4,362
Right of use asset - lands	15,661	ı	1	15,661	ſΩ	496	491	1	286	14,674
Right of use asset - office premises	11,811	120,334	ı	132,145	25	5,906	15,320	1	21,226	110,919
Factory building	773,282	70,758	1	844,040	10	260,126	47,830	1	307,956	536,084
Non factory building	106,926	17,545	1	124,471	7.5-10	40,024	5,022	I	45,224	79,247
							178*			
Railway sliding	4,216	I	1	4,216	5-10	761	343	1	1,104	3,112
Plant and machinery	3,493,051	88,601	(41,332)	3,540,320	10-33	1,401,950	311,441	(33,545)	1,688,416	1,851,904
							12,367*	(3,797)* *		
Furniture and fittings	35,933	029	(748)	35,755	7.5-20	21,752	2,149	(712)	23,202	12,553
							<u>*</u>			
Vehicles	51,063	117,022	(23,588)	144,497	10-20	35,071	6,604	(3,790)	37,885	106,612
Office and mills equipment	176,902	81,706	(797)	257,811	10-30	88,384	19,754	(626)	107,641	150,170
							129*			
Computer equipment	169,525	15,415	(2,594)	182,346	33.33	93,273	25,269	(2,412)	116,171	66,175
							4 ₁			
Jigs and fixtures	468,094	60,748	I	528,842	33.33	305,805	84,853	ı	390,658	138,184
Capital stores and spares	1	20,748	1	20,748	10-33	1	346	1	346	20,402
	5,310,826	593,447	(69,059)	5,835,214		2,253,548	519,422	(41,085)	2,740,816	3,094,398

^{7.1.1} This includes transfers to operating fixed assets from capital work-in-progress.

This includes reversal of impairment amounting to Rs. 14.686 million (2021: nil), Further, during the year, the management identified certain assets which were not in their desired operating condition due to technical defects and accordingly these assets have been fully impaired. The aggregate impairment charge on these assets amounts to Rs. 13.621 million (2021: Rs. 12.728 million). 7.1.2

^{7.1.3} Jigs and fixtures include moulds having written down value of Rs. 201.073 million (2021: Rs 210.042) in the possession of sub-contractors dispersed all over the country.

Operating fixed assets include items having an aggregate cost of Rs. 576.913 million (2021; Rs. 327.947 million) which have been fully depreciated and are still in use of the Company.

7.1.5 The following operating fixed assets of the Company are under charge as security against guarantees issued by commercial banks in respect of the investment by the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Thal Power (Private) Limited, in Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited and ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited, respectively (note 10.2 & 10.3). The amount of charge over these fixed assets is Rs. 11,704.246 million (2021: Rs. 11,704.246 million).

2022	2021
Written Down	Written Down
Value	Value
(Rupees in	'000')

- Mortgage over the following leasehold lands and buildings over leasehold lands:
 - 1) Plot number 1, 2, 25 and 26, Sector 22 Korangi Industrial Area (Thal Engineering Division);
 - 2) Plot numbers 35 42, 69 and 70 of survey 749 and 749/1, Mauza Pathra, Tehsil Hub, District Lasbella, (Papersack and Balochistan Laminates Division); and
- 3) An area measuring 1425 Kanals and 8 Marlas comprising of Khasra Nos.1757, 1758, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1780, 1775, 1777, 1778, 1764, 1779, 1792-1795/1, 1776, 1793, 1794, 1791, situated in Mouza Rakh, Khanpur, Tehsil & District Muzaffargarh.
- Plant, machinery and equipment of the Group present at the following locations:
 - 1) Plot number 1,2,25 and 26, Sector 22 Korangi Industrial Area (Thal Engineering Division);
 - 2) Plot numbers 35 42, 69 and 70 of survey 749 and 749/1, Mauza Pathra, Tehsil Hub, District Lasbella, (Papersack and Balochistan Laminates Division);
 - 3) Thal Limited Industrial building and machinery situated at Plot bearing number DSU-14, Sector II, Downstream Industrial Estate, Bin Qasim, Karachi (Yazaki Unit); and
 - 4) An area measuring 1425 Kanals and 8 Marlas comprising of Khasra Nos.1757, 1758, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1780, 1775, 1777, 1778, 1764, 1779, 1792-1795/1, 1776, 1793, 1794, 1791, situated in Mouza Rakh, Khanpur, Tehsil & District Muzaffargarh.

62 500	104 207
63,590	104,307
290,152	237,828
91,837	78,085

420,220

445,579

222,108	445,336
1,357,941	1,209,542
328,886	116,244
183,941	218,045
2,092,876	1,989,167

7.1.6 Details of operating fixed assets disposed off during the year and having a net book value of Rs 500,000 or more are as follows:

			n value	Sales proceeds 000)		Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyers
Plant & machinery Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	18,035	17,972	63	6,184	6,121		
Furniture and fittings Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	831	831	-	109	109		
Vehicles Corolla X Grande 1.8	4,005	134	3,871	4,005	134	Negotiation	Auvitronics
Suzuki Cultus VXL	1,970	97	1,873	1,680	(193)	Tender	Limited Mr. Abrar Ahmed Sabri
Corolla X Grande 1.8	4,005	601	3,404	4,183	779	Employee's car scheme	Mr. Naveed Alam - Ex-employee
Toyota Yaris 1.3	1,242	-	1,242	2,665	1,423	Employee's car scheme	Mr. Zakir Ladhani - Employee
Toyota Yaris ATIV CVT 1.5	3,005	601	2,404	2,950	546	Employee's car scheme	Major (R) Ateeq - Employee
Suzuki Cultus VXL	1,050	-	1,050	1,556	506	Employee's car scheme	Syed Nayab Rizvi - Employee
Suzuki Alto VXL	737	-	737	1,298	561	Employee's	Mr. Muniruddin -
Toyota Yaris 1.5 ATIV CVT	2,755	505	2,250	2,585	335	car scheme Employee's	Employee Mr. Zaki Ahmed -
Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	1,146	685	461	954	493	car scheme	Ex-employee
Office and mills equipment Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	19,915 3,721	2,623 3,687	17,292	21,876 565	4,584 531		
Computer equipment Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	5,365	5,061	304	809	505		
Jigs and fixtures Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	9,725	9,725	-	1,075	1,075		
2022	57,592	39,899	17,693	30,618	12,925		
2021	69,059	44,882	24,177	91,210	67,033		

7.2 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

Note	2022	2021
	(Rupees	in '000')
34	604,869	481,925
35	5,959	1,499
36	64,971	35,998
	675,799	519,422
	34 35	(Rupees 34 604,869 35 5,959 36 64,971

7.3 Useful life and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment

During the year, as a result of annual reassessment of the review of the useful lives and depreciation method of operating fixed assets, the management has identified that there has been a change in the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets. Accordingly, useful lives and depreciation method for certain classes of operating fixed assets has been revised to reflect the changed pattern. These revisions were accounted for prospectively as changes in accounting estimates.

As stated above, had there been no changes in accounting estimates, the profit before tax for the year and carrying value of such operating fixed assets as at the year-end would have been higher by Rs. 47.873 million, due to change of depreciation method and useful lives.

7.4 Capital work-in-progress

	Opening balance	Additions during the year	Transfers to operating fixed assets	Closing balance
		(Rupees	s in '000)	
Civil Works	155,648	591,742	(288,267)	459,123
Plant and machinery	211,707	1,356,762	(1,195,124)	373,345
Furniture and fittings	3,239	3,312	(6,551)	-
Vehicles	48,975	64,061	(96,539)	16,497
Office and mills equipment	176,644	180,188	(353,134)	3,698
Computer equipment	1,045	15,095	(7,344)	8,796
Jigs and fixtures	19,164	119,923	(86,266)	52,821
2022	616,422	2,331,083	(2,033,225)	914,280
		(Rupees	s in '000)	
Civil Works	16,583	167,868	(28,803)	155,648
Plant and machinery	3,301	237,357	(28,951)	211,707
Furniture and fittings	-	3,809	(570)	3,239
Vehicles	-	48,975	-	48,975
Office and mills equipment	33,050	187,070	(43,476)	176,644
Computer equipment	-	1,045	-	1,045
Jigs and fixtures	8,280	15,489	(4,605)	19,164
2021	61,214	661,613	(106,405)	616,422

7.5 Details of the Company's immovable operating fixed assets are as under:

		20	022	20)21
		Land	Building	Land	Building
		Area	Covered Area	Area	Covered Area
S. No.	Locations	(square yards)	(square feet)	(square yards)	(square feet)
			(in '	000)	
1	Thal Limited (Jute Division), D.G. Khan Road, Muzaffargarh, Punjab	862	647	862	647
2	Plot #448 & 449, Sundar Industrial Estate Raiwind Road, Lahore, Punjab.	8	39	8	39
3	Plot 1, 2, 25 & 26, Sector 22, Korangi Industrial Area Karachi, Sindh.	51	229	51	229
4	DSU-14, Sector II, Downstream Industrial Estate Bin Qasim, Karachi, Sindh.	24	32	24	32
5	Shop number 6, Clifton Pride, G -3/18, Clifton, Karachi, Sindh.	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
6	Plot # 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 39A, 40, 40A, 41, 42, 69, 69A, 70 and 71,				
	Zila Moza Pathra, Hub, Balochistan	92	329	92	211
7	Plot C-49-58, Sector C, Hub Industrial Area, Hub, Balochistan	6	12	6	12
8	Plot # 38, Road # 3, Industrial Estate, Gadoon Amazai, Swabi,				
	Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.	19	40	19	40

INTANGIBLE ASSETS	S		COST				ACCUMUL	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	ATION		WRITTEN DOWN VALUE
Note	Opening balance	Additions Transfers (Rupees in '0	pening alance Additions Transfers Disposals (Rupees in '000')	Closing balance	Closing Amortisation Opening Charge for balance Rate balance the year ""	Opening balance		On Transfers disposals (Rupees in '000')	On sposals ''.000')	Closing balance	As at June 30
Softwares	15,761	•		15,761	33	12,911	1,759		1	14,670	1,091
Licenses - Software - Product 8.2	61,078	12,907	1 1	73,985	33	45,514	11,019	1 1	1 1	56,533	17,452
2022	252,224	12,907		265,131		131,448	58,918			190,366	74,765
2021	243,271	8,953	1	252,224		70,575	60,873	1	1	131,448	120,776

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8.1 The amortisation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000')
Cost of sales	34	53,212	52,998
Distribution and selling expenses	35	225	1,134
Administrative expenses	36	5,481	6,741
		58,918	60,873

- 8.2 Represents patent rights and technical services acquired in respect of engineering business.
- 8.3 Intangible assets include items having an aggregate cost of Rs 44.952 million (2021: Rs 33.041 million) which are fully amortised and still in use of the Company.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	Opening balance	'		Opening balance	Opening the year Closing		,	Depreciation Rate %
Freehold land	891	-	891	-	-	-	891	-
Building on freehold land	694	-	694	600	5	605	89	5
2022	1,585		1,585	600	5	605	980	
2021	1,585	- 	1,585	595	5	600	985	

- 9.1 Investment property represents godown in Multan, the fair value of which has been determined on the basis of a valuation carried out by an independent valuer, as of June 30, 2022 which amounts to Rs. 136.005 million (2021: Rs. 132.824 million). The valuation was arrived on the basis of market intelligence, indexation of the original cost, year of construction and present physical condition and location. The Company has entered into a long-term agreement with Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited, a related party in respect of investment property. The rental agreement has a remaining lease term of 9 months, with escalation clause upon renewal of contract based on mutual agreement. The rental income from investment property is disclosed in Note 38 to these unconsolidated financial statements.
- 9.2 Details of the Company's immovable investment property are as under:

		Building
	Land	Covered
	Area	Area
Location	(square yards)	(square feet)
	(in '0	00)
Industrial Property bearing khewat number 861, 862, 890, 895, 905, khatooni number 1086,1087,1116, 1121,1133, Mouza Taraf Ravi, Multan,		
Punjab.	5	20

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10. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

	Note	2022	2021	2022	2021
Investments in related parties		Hold	ing %	(Rupees	in '000')
Subsidiaries, unquoted – at cost Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited Pakistan Industrial Aids (Private) Limited Habib METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited Thal Power (Private) Limited Thal Electrical (Private) Limited Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited Less: Provision for impairment		100 100 60 100 100 55 100	100 100 60 100 100 55 100	1,086 10,000 2,789,223 4,550,100 100 379,500 223,885 (223,885)	1,086 10,000 2,789,223 1,900,100 100 379,500 223,885 (223,885)
Associates – at cost	10.2			7,730,009	5,080,009
Quoted Indus Motor Company Limited Habib Insurance Company Limited Agriauto Industries Limited Shabbir Tiles & Ceramics Limited Unquoted Sindh Engro Coal Mining	10.3	6.22 4.63 7.35 1.30	6.22 4.63 7.35 1.30	48,900 561 9,473 21,314 80,248	48,900 561 9,473 21,314 80,248
Other investments Listed shares - At FVOCI Habib Sugar Mills Limited GlaxoSmithKline (Pakistan) Limited GlaxoSmithKline Healthcare (Pakistan) L Dynea Pakistan Limited Allied Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited TPL Properties Limited		11.90	11.90	2,840,150 2,920,398 59,741 210 120 142,123 12,546 5,948 37,645	2,547,082 2,627,330 61,608 278 126 180,554 13,482 7,968 36,042
	10.4			258,333 10,908,740	300,058 8,007,397

10.1 The Company, through its subsidiary, Thal Power (Private) Limited (TPL), undertook to invest USD 34.3 million in PKR equivalent in ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited (TNTPL), which is a company developing a coal based power plant. Upto the statement of financial position date, through TPL, the Company has invested Rs. 4,148.770 million in TNTPL acquiring 266,669,867 ordinary shares having face value of Rs. 10 each out of which Rs. 1,482.070 million is advance against share capital. During the year, the Company invested Rs. 2,650 million in TPL for further investment in TNTPL. The balance commitment of the investment is USD 10 million in PKR equivalent. TNTPL achieved its financial close on September 30, 2020 and expects to achieve Commercial Operations Date (COD) in 2022.

To secure the Company's commitment as above, a commercial bank has issued a guarantee in favour of TPL amounting to Rs. 1,905.147 million (2021: Rs. 3,509.893 million).

10.2 Although the Company has less than 20% equity interest in all its associates, the management believes that significant influence over these associates exists by virtue of the Company's representation on the Board of Directors and participation in policy making decisions of the these companies.

10.3 This includes investment in Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited (SECMC), an associate established for the construction of coal mine. Although the Company has less than 20% equity interest in the associate, the management believes that it has significant influence due to the contractual agreement with the shareholders. The Company undertook to invest a total of USD 25.6 million to expand the mine to 7.6 mtpa. Phase I of the Project achieved commercial operations in July 2019 and Phase II achieved financial close in December 2019. During the year, the Company invested Rs. 293.068 million in SECMC. As on the statement of financial position date, the Company has invested Rs. 2,840.15 million acquiring 191,643,025 ordinary shares having face value of Rs. 10 each, at a price of Rs. 14.82 per share. The balance commitment of the investment is USD 2.5 million in PKR equivalent.

To secure the Company's commitment as above, a commercial bank has issued a guarantee in favour of the Company amounting to Rs. 1,544.277 million (2021: Rs. 1,544.277 million).

10.4 The cost of these investments is Rs. 54.648 million (2021: Rs. 54.648 million). The Company recognised loss of Rs. 41.725 million (2021: gain of Rs. 130.011 million) on revaluation of these equity instruments in other comprehensive income.

11. LONG-TERM LOANS - considered good

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
Subsidiary - unsecured			
Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited (TBPK)	11.1	275,000	275,000
Less: Current portion		(275,000)	-
		-	275,000

11.1 This carries interest at the rate of 3 month KIBOR + 0.75% per annum and is due for repayment in February 2023 and is extendable by mutual consent of both parties.

2022

2021

LONG-TERM DEPOSITS		(Rupees	in '000)
Utilities Security deposits Others		7,470 22,094 1,166 30,730	6,744 12,626 1,008 20,378
	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)

13. DEFERRED TAX ASSET

12.

Deductable temporary differences arising on:		
Provisions	511,209	417,052
Lease liabilities	33,193	34,129
Unrealized loss on investments classified as FVPL	9,904	8,943
	554,306	460,124
Taxable temporary differences arising on:		
Accelerated depreciation	(361,572)	(241,331
	192,734	218,793

14.	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Stores in hand		58,104	35,857
	Spares in hand		213,607	145,620
	Loose tools		124	113
	Less: Provision for obsolescence	14.1 & 14.2	(71,955)	(63,763)
			199,880	117,827
14.1	Movement - Provision for obsolesence			
	Opening balance		63,763	73,566
	Charge/(Reversal) for the year - net		8,192	(9,803)
	Closing balance		71,955	63,763

14.2 Aggregate cost of stores, spares and loose tools which have been provided for based on obsolescence amount to Rs. 110.049 million (2021: Rs. 137.137 million). Accordingly, net realisable value of such inventory amounts to Rs. 38.094 million (2021: Rs. 73.374 million).

2022

2021

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
15.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Raw material			
	- In hand	15.1	5,459,808	4,755,273
	- In transit		3,131,505	2,019,451
			8,591,313	6,774,724
	Work-in-process		809,655	560,647
	Finished goods		1,207,479	606,815
	Less: Provision for obsolescence	15.2 & 15.3	(229,346)	(212,137)
			10,379,101	7,730,049

15.1 Raw materials amounting to Rs 11.432 million (2021: Rs 10.887 million) are held with the sub-contractors.

	1 1010		
		(Rupees	in '000)
15.2 Movement - Provision for obsolesence			
Opening balance		212,137	181,945
Charge for the year - net		17,209	30,192
Closing balance		229,346	212,137

Note

15.3 Aggregate of raw material, work-in-process and finished goods which have been provided for based on obsolescence amount to Rs. 411.531 million (2021: Rs. 629.364 million), Rs. 15.503 million (2021: Rs. 24.354 million) and Rs. 24.499 million (2021: Rs. 426.384 million), respectively. Accordingly, net realisable value of such stock-in-trade amounts to Rs. 222.187 million (2021: Rs. 867.965 million).

16.	TRADE DEBTS	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Considered good	16.1 & 16.2	3,908,687	3,313,294
	Allowance for expected credit losses	16.3	(78,835)	(82,120)
			3,829,852	3,231,174
16.1	This includes amount due from the following related parties:			
	Indus Motor Company Limited		1,076,856	895,702
	Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited		33,409	11,105
			1,110,265	906,807

16.2 The maximum aggregate amount due from the related parties at the end of any month during the year is as follows:

	Indus Motor Company Limited Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited	Note	2022 (Rupees 	2021 in '000) 895,752 27,627
16.3	Movement - Allowance for expected credit losses	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Opening balance Reversal for the year - net Bad debts written off during the year Closing balance		82,120 (1,266) (2,019) 78,835	213,406 (131,286) - 82,120
		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
17.	LOANS AND ADVANCES Loans - secured			,
	Makro Habib Pakistan Limited (MHPL) - secured	17.1	230,069	267,703
	Allowance for expected credit losses	17.2	(230,069)	(267,703)
	Loans - unsecured			
	Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited (TBPK) - current portion	11	275,000	-
	Advances - considered good			
	Suppliers - secured		267,832	101,827
	Employees		3,760	1,333
			271,592	103,160
			546,592	103,160

17.1 The maximum aggregate amount due from MHPL and TPL at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 267.703 million (2021: Rs. 267.703 million) and Rs. 250 million (2021: Rs. 1,652,286 million), respectively.

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
17.2 Movement i	n allowance for expected credit losses is as fo	ollows:		
Opening bal	ance		267,703	263,203
Provision (re	versal)/charge during the year	17.2.1	(37,634)	4,500
Closing bala	nce		230,069	267,703

17.2.1 During the year, MHPL repaid the Company an amount of Rs. 37.634 million.

18. TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS

Trade deposits	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
·		150 701	105 700
Tender		153,791	185,732
Margin against letter of credit		811,881	193,758
Deposit against custom duty		7,182	7,182
Container deposits		34,567	29,124
	18.1	1,007,421	415,796
Short-term prepayments			
Insurance	18.2	15,777	19,858
Others		18,965	17,057
		34,742	36,915
		1,042,163	452,711

18.1 These deposits are interest free.

18.2 This includes prepaid insurance amounting to Rs. 5.349 million (2021: Rs. 12.308 million) paid to Habib Insurance Company Limited, a related party.

19.	OTHER RECEIVABLES	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
19.	Tooling income receivable		30,852	47,246
	Duty drawback		17,326	2,006
	Custom duty reimbursable	29.2	786,558	565,285
	Receivable from Workers' Profit Participation Fund	19.1	5,061	376
	Receivable under group taxation from MHPL	31	15,568	3,557
	Receivable under group taxation from TPL		-	33
	Others	19.2	11,665	648
			867,030	619,151
19.1	Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF)			
	Opening balance		376	2,937
	Allocation for the current year	37	(229,939)	(179,624)
			(229,563)	(176,687)
	Paid during the year		234,624	177,063
	Closing balance		5,061	376
19.2	This includes receivable from the following related parties is as follows:			
	Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited		1,813	-
	Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited		8,100	-
			9,913	-

19.3 The maximum aggregate amount due from related parties at the end of any month during the year is as follows:

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited		1,813	-
Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited		8,100	

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees i	n '000)
SHORT-TERM INIVESTMENTS			

20. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

At fair value through statement of profit or loss 927,603 Treasury Bills 102,266 Atlas Money Market Fund 300,611 **UBL** Liquidity Plus Fund 100,000 200,570 Alfalah GHP Money Market Fund 100,000 247,603 300.554 NBP Money Market Fund 296.698 MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund 100,091 350,663 166,374 HBL Cash Fund 20.1 274,337 ABL Cash Fund 100,135 200,324 297,754 Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund

20.1 Mutual fund units amounting to Rs. 166.373 million (2021: Rs. 124.120 million) are under lien as margin for security against State Bank of Pakistan's Temporary Economic Refinance Facility and State Bank of Pakistan's Refinance Facility for Renewable Energy from various commercial bank.

1,263,318

1,263,318

1,874,662

2,802,265

21.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Cash in hand		2,134	638
	Bank balances			
	Current accounts		430,116	276,863
	Term Deposit Receipts	21.1 & 21.2	1,109,370	1,159,370
	Deposit accounts	21.3 & 21.4	1,016,008	659,502
			2,555,494	2,095,735
			2,557,628	2,096,373

- 21.1 These carry interest at rates ranging from 12.5% to 20% (2021: 6.55% to 9.00%) per annum having maturity latest by August 15, 2022.
- 21.2 TDR amounting to Rs. 209.37 million (2021: Rs. 145.950 million) is under lien against a letter of guarantee issued by a commercial bank on behalf of the Company.
- 21.3 These carry interest at rates ranging from 12.25% to 12.7%% (2021: 5.50% to 5.80%) per annum.
- 21.4 This includes a special bank account maintained in respect of security deposit in compliance with the requirements of Companies Act, 2017.

22.	ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Assets acquired in settlement of claims Less: Provision for impairment	22.1		6,720 (1,720) 5,000
22.1	Movement - Provision of impairment			
	Opening balance Charge for the year Disposal of asset	37	1,720 1,021 (2,741)	1,720
	Closing balance		-	1,720

23. SHARE CAPITAL

23.1 Authorized Capital

23.

24.

General reserve

Unappropriated profit

Gain on revaluation of investments held at fair value through OCI

The Company has authorised capital of 200 million ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each amounting to Rs. 1,000 million.

23.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

	issued, subscrib					
	2022	2021			2022	2021
	Number o	of ordinary			(Rupees	s in '000)
	shares of F	Rs. 5/- each				
	5,149,850	5,149,850	Fully paid in cash		25,750	25,750
	64,640,390	64,640,390	Issued as fully paid bonus shares		323,202	323,202
			Shares issued under the Scheme of			
	11,239,669	11,239,669	Arrangement for Amalgamation		56,198	56,198
	81,029,909	81,029,909			405,150	405,150
.3	Voting rights and	d board selection	are in proportion to the shareholding.			
				Note	2022	2021
					(Rupees	in '000)
	RESERVES					
	Capital reserves	3				
			istan Jute and Synthetics			
	Reserve on merg		,		13,240	13,240
	Reserve on merg Limited and form	ger of former Pak ner Thal Jute Mills	,		13,240	13,240
	Reserve on merg Limited and form Reserve on merg	ger of former Pak ner Thal Jute Mills ger of former Pak	s Limited		13,240 42,464	13,240 42,464
	Reserve on merg Limited and form Reserve on merg Limited and form	ger of former Pak ner Thal Jute Mills ger of former Pak ner Khyber Paper	s Limited istan Paper Sack Corporation			
	Reserve on merg Limited and form Reserve on merg Limited and form	ger of former Pak ner Thal Jute Mills ger of former Pak ner Khyber Paper	s Limited istan Paper Sack Corporation s (Private) Limited		42,464	42,464

21.739.000

3,875,077

25,614,077

26,824,677

203,685

19,089,999

3,158,159

22,248,158

23,500,483

245,410

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
25.	LONG-TERM DEPOSITS AND PAYABLES Deposits with:			•
	- Related Party - Others	25.1	708 755	708 755
	Payable in respect of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Less: Current portion		14,545 (5,495)	15,919 (5,495)
			9,050	10,424

25.1 Represents security deposit received from Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited, a related party in respect of godown space rented thereto.

		Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
ò.	LONG-TERM BORROWING - secured			
	State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) Refinance Facility for Payment of			
	Salaries and Wages	26.1	74,678	174,249
	Less: Current portion		(74,678)	(99,571)
			-	74,678
	SBP's Temporary Economic Refinance Facility	26.2	1,467,674	99,281
	Less: Deferred income	28	(345,189)	(26,703)
			1,122,485	72,578
	SBP's Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy	26.3	296,858	47,579
	Less: Deferred income	28	(58,466)	-
	Less: Current portion		(7,220)	(9,593)
			231,172	37,986
	Long-term loan	26.4	918,908	-
			2,272,565	185,242

- 26.1 In 2020, SBP introduced a Temporary Refinance Scheme for payment of wages and salaries to the workers and employees of business concerns to support companies in making the payment of salaries and wages due to economic challenges imposed by COVID-19. This carries interest at the rate of 1.25% per annum and is repayable in eight equal quarterly installments. The borrowing is secured against a joint Pari Passu hypothecation charge on all present and future stocks, book debts and certain receivables of the Company.
- 26.2 In 2020, SBP introduced Temporary Economic Refinance Facility to facilitate purchase of new plant and machinery to be used for setting up of new projects in all sectors. The total amount of the facilities from various commercial banks is Rs. 1,510 million, out of which the Company has utilised Rs 1,468 million as at June 30, 2022. The facilities carry interest at rates ranging from 1.95% to 3.00% and are repayable in 32 equal quarterly installments starting from July 2023. The facilities are secured against charge against the underlying fixed assets.
- 26.3 In 2016, SBP introduced Refinance Scheme for Renewable Energy to encourage and facilitate purchase and installation of renewable energy facilities. Through a circular issued in 2019, the expiry period of the scheme was extended to June 30, 2022. The total amount of the facilities from various commercial banks is Rs. 358 million, out of which the Company has utilised Rs 297 million as at June 30, 2022 for installation of solar power system at various location. The facilities carry interest at rates ranging from 2.45% to 3.45% and are repayable in 40 equal quarterly installments. The facilities are secured against charge against the underlying fixed assets.
- 26.4 During the year, the Company obtained long-term loan from a commercial bank for investment in ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited through its subsidiary, Thal Power (Private) Limited. The facilities carry interest at 3-month KIBOR + 0.25% and are repayable in 20 equal quarterly installments starting from January 2024. The facilities are secured against charge against fixed assets of the Company.

27.	LEASE LIABILITIES	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Opening balance		117,690	8,443
	Re-assessment of lease liabilities		-	120,334
	Accretion of interest during the year	39	9,498	5,552
	Less: Lease rentals paid during the year		(26,604)	(16,639)
	Closing balance		100,584	117,690
	Less: Current portion		(20,496)	(17,140)
			80,088	100,550
28.	DEFERRED INCOME			
	Deferred income		403,655	26,703
	Less: Current portion of deferred income		(70,910)	(4,394)
			332,745	22,309
28.1	Movement - Deferred income			
	Opening balance		26,703	-
	Recognition of deferred income		428,799	26,988
	Amortisation during the year	39	(51,847)	(285)
	Closing balance		403,655	26,703

28.2 This relates to benefit of SBP's Temporary Economic Refinance Facility and SBP's Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy at below-market interest rate. The deferred income is being amortised to statement of profit or loss on a systematic basis over the period during which the related interest expense, which it is intended to compensate, is expensed.

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021
29.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		(Hupees	111 000)
	Creditors	29.1	2,153,913	1,396,108
	Accrued liabilities and levies		1,633,529	1,331,824
	Additional custom duty provision	29.2	777,098	658,336
	Payable to TPL under group taxation	31.1	658	-
	Salaries payable		22,150	21,917
	Warranty obligations	29.3	776,020	633,701
	Advances from customers (Contract liabilities)	29.4	141,092	26,989
	Royalty payable	29.5	130,896	91,581
	Security deposits		1,266	1,276
	Payable to retirement benefit fund		11,843	10,154
	Other liabilities	29.6	195,241	163,343
			5,843,706	4,335,229
29.1	This includes amounts due to the following related parties:			
	Habib Insurance Company Limited		2,510	2,142
	Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited		1,444	47
	Habib METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited		4,639	
			2,515	2,189

29.2 Last year, the Federal Board of Revenue vide its SRO dated June 28, 2019 imposed additional custom duty on the imports of certain items specified in the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969. The Company aggrieved by the notification is contesting its applicability by filing appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Customs Karachi (ATC) where the hearing is currently pending.

In order to secure the Company's commitment as above, a commercial bank has issued a guarantee in favour of the Company amounting to Rs. 92.397 million (2021: Rs. 109.416 million).

With reference to the above, Indus Motor Company Limited (IMC), a related party, has committed to reimburse the Company for any outflow that it may incur on account of additional customs duty paid on goods imported for supplies made to IMC. Accordingly, a reimbursement asset is recorded as disclosed in note 19 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

26.

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
29.3 Warranty obliga	ations			
Opening balance	е		633,701	532,352
Charge for the y	vear vear	35	161,198	117,436
Claims paid dur	ing the year		(18,879)	(16,087)
Closing balance)		776,020	633,701

29.4 Revenue recognised during the year that was included in contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year amounts to Rs. 26.989 million (2021: Rs. 29.428 million).

		Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
29.5	Royalty payable			
	Opening balance		91,581	40,492
	Charge for the year	34.2	241,895	166,861
	Paid during the year		(202,580)	(115,772)
	Closing balance		130,896	91,581
29.6	Other liabilities			
	Withholding tax payable		17,237	2,618
	Employees Old-Age Benefits Institution		62,728	62,976
	Workers' Welfare Fund		87,596	78,150
	Others		27,680	19,599
			195,241	163,343
30.	SHORT TERM BORROWING - Secured			
		Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
	Export Refinance Facility	30.1	555,000	361,000
	Export Finance Scheme	30.2	42,080	

30.1 This represents Export Refinance Facility obtained by the Company from various commercial banks. The total amount of the facility is Rs. 555 million (2021: Rs. 361 million). It carries markup at rates ranging from 2.35% to 3% per annum (2021: 3% per annum) and is secured against a joint Pari Passu hypothecation charge on all present and future stocks and book debts of the Company. The portion of the facility utilized during the year amounted to Rs 555 million (2021: Rs. 361 million) and is repayable latest by August 2022.

597,080

361,000

30.2 This represents Export Finance Scheme obtained by the Company from a commercial bank. The total amount of the facility is Rs. 68 million (2021: nil). It carries markup at the rate of 0.49% per annum and is secured against a joint Pari Passu hypothecation charge on all present and future stocks and book debts of the Company. The facility is repayable latest by October 2022.

31. INCOME TAX - net	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
Group Tax Relief adjustments	31.1	(684,120)	(684,120)
Group Taxation adjustments	31.2	58,266	46,904
Income tax provision less tax payments - net	31.3	1,502,592	901,844
		876,738	264,628
Group Taxation adjustments	31.2	58,266 	46,9

31.1 In terms of the provisions of Section 59B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance), a subsidiary company may surrender its tax losses in favour of its holding company for a set off against the income of its holding Company subject to certain conditions as prescribed under the Ordinance.

Accordingly, the Company adjusted its tax liabilities for the tax years 2008 to 2010 by acquiring the losses of its subsidiary company and consequently an aggregate sum of Rs. 593.466 million equivalent to the tax value of the losses acquired had been paid to the subsidiary company.

The original assessments of the Company for the tax years 2008 to 2010 were amended under Section 122(5A) of the Ordinance by the tax authorities by disallowing Group Relief claimed by the Company under Section 59B of the Ordinance aggregating to Rs. 593.466 million. The Company preferred appeals against the said amended assessments before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) who vide his orders dated 10 June 2011 and 11 July 2011 has held that the Company is entitled to Group Relief under Section 59B of the Ordinance. However, the tax department filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeal) (CIR) Order. The ATIR has passed an order in favour of the Company for the above tax years. In response, the Tax department filed reference application / appeal against the order of ATIR before the High Court of Sindh and with the Chairman ATIR which are under the process of hearings.

- 31.2 In terms of provision of Section 59AA of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance), Thal Limited and certain subsidiaries have irrevocably opted to be taxed as one fiscal unit. Accordingly, the tax loss and tax transferred by these subsidiaries under group taxation opted by the Company amounted to Rs. 0.811 million (2021: 2.918) and Rs. 12.173 million (2021: Rs. 5.393 million), respectively.
- 31.3 Includes adjustment of tax challans acquired from MHPL and TPL amounting to Rs 0.162 million (2021: Rs 0.063 million) and Rs 1.075 million (2021: Rs 3.592 million), respectively.

32. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

32.1 Contingencies

32.1.1 As of June 30, 2022, the Company has no contingencies other than those disclosed in note 31.1 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
32.2 Commitments			
32.2.1 Post dated cheques issued to Collector of Custom and a customer			
against advance export proceeds		180,686	18,866
32.2.2 Outstanding letters of credit		5,515,484	4,168,056
02.2.2 Outstanding lotters of should		=======================================	=======================================
32.2.3 Letter of guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the Company			
in respect of financial commitments of the Company.	32.2.8	4,621,237	3,874,935
00.0.40		1 5 4 1 0 4 7	050.051
32.2.4Commitments in respect of raw-material		1,541,047	959,051
32.2.5Commitments in respect of capital expenditure		108,492	261,528
32.2.6 Commitments for rentals under Ijarah (lease) agreements			
Within one year		8,540	21,571
After one year but not later than five years		556	13,347
	32.2.9	9,096	34,918

- 32.2.7Commitments in respect of investments are disclosed in notes 10.1 and 10.3 to these unconsolidated financial statements.
- 32.2.8This guarantee is secured by assets disclosed in note 7.1.5 to these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **32.2.9**Represent Ijarah (lease) agreement entered into with a Modaraba in respect of vehicles. Total Ijarah payments due under the agreements are Rs 9.096 million and are payable in monthly installments latest by September 2023. These commitments are secured by on-demand promissory notes of Rs 34.512 million.

89 | Thal Limited

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021
33.	REVENUE - net		(555)
	Export sales		2,232,429	1,761,339
	Local sales		41,098,671	30,014,023
			43,331,100	31,775,362
	Less:			
	Sales tax		(6,007,924)	(4,441,125)
	Sales discount		(22,962)	(22,624)
			(6,030,886)	(4,463,749)
	Add:			
	Duty drawback		51,279	5,575
			37,351,493	27,317,188
0.4	COCT OF CALEC		-	
34.	COST OF SALES	0.4.1	07.004.107	10 504 005
	Raw material consumed	34.1	27,384,187	19,504,005
	Salaries, wages and benefits		2,433,167	1,773,850
	Stores and spares consumed		333,100	243,466 131,855
	Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel		151,285 370,517	323,124
	Rent, rates and taxes		6,260	2,611
	Vehicle running and maintenance		22,672	17,900
	Insurance		16,688	13,557
	Communication		10,575	8,758
	Travelling and conveyance		12,018	5,682
	Entertainment		1,018	595
	Printing and stationery		13,174	9,521
	Legal and professional expenses		13,233	13,750
	Computer accessories and software maintenance fee		15,184	13,206
	Royalty	34.2	241,895	166,861
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	7.2	604,869	481,925
	Amortisation on intangible assets	8.1	53,212	52,998
	Research		3,170	778
	ljarah rentals		4,899	15,623
	Technical assistance fee		422	3,521
	Others		5,482	2,998
			31,697,027	22,786,584
	Work-in-process			
	Opening		560,647	377,192
	Closing		(809,655)	(560,647)
	Cook of goods many factured		(249,008)	(183,455)
	Cost of goods manufactured		31,448,019	22,603,129
	Finished goods Opening		606,815	652,073
	Closing		(1,207,479)	(606,815)
	Ologing		(600,664)	45,258
			30,847,355	22,648,387
			=======================================	=======================================

				Note	2022	2021
					(Rupees	in '000)
34.1	Raw material consumed Opening stock				4,755,273	4,038,282
	Purchases				28,088,722	20,220,996
	Closing stock				(5,459,808)	(4,755,273)
					27,384,187	19,504,005
34.2	Royalty	Decistored Address	Dalatianahin with Care			
	Party Name	Registered Address	Relationship with Com or its directors	parry		
	Denso Corporation	448-8661 1-1,	None		110,103	75,777
		ShowaCho, Kariya-city,				
		Aichi-Pref., Japan				
	Furukawa Electric	1000, Amago, Koura,	None		116,880	73,733
	Comapny Limited	Inukami, Shiga Pref,	110110		110,000	70,700
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	522-0242, Japan				
	Yazaki Corporation	4.00 1 Chama Mita	None		14.015	17.041
	razaki Gurpuration	4-28 1-Chome, Mita, Minato-ku Tokyo	None		14,015	17,041
		Japan				
	Kyungshin Corporation	98, Gaetbeoi-Ro,	None		897	310
	rtyunganin oorporation	Yeonsu-Gu, Incheon,	None		091	310
		Republic of Korea				
					241,895	166,861
				Note	2022	2021
					(Rupees	in '000)
35.		SELLING EXPENSI	ES		100.014	100.007
	Salaries and benefits Vehicle running expense				120,214 10,338	100,667 6,800
	Utilities				836	509
	Insurance				1,613	1,749
	Rent, rates and taxes				1,910	2,927
	Communication				2,772	2,982
	Advertisement and public	ity			9,683	7,917
	Travelling and conveyance	е			10,991	5,471
	Entertainment				1,139	497
	Printing and stationery				524	390
	Legal and professional				-	33
	Computer accessories Research and developme	unt			1,094 47	1,005 68
	Depreciation on operating			7.2	5,959	1,499
	Amortisation on intangible			8.1	225	1,134
	Repairs and maintenance				377	1,335
	Export expenses				51,071	30,114
	Freight expenses				349,090	255,111
	Provision for warranty ob	ligations		29.3	161,198	117,436
	ljarah rentals				3,389	5,871
	Others				1,709 734,179	<u>1,174</u> 544,689

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021
36.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		(парссо	111 000)
	Salaries and benefits		518,944	483,313
	Vehicle running expense		20,420	14,431
	Printing and stationery		4,543	3,337
	Rent, rates and taxes		5,941	12,720
	Utilities		8,667	7,687
	Insurance		2,678	2,302
	Entertainment		1,058	392
	Subscription		1,834	1,421
	Communication		4,925	4,713
	Advertisement and publicity		3,146	1,148
	Repairs and maintenance		8,989	17,706
	Travelling and conveyance		11,315	5,056
	Legal and professional advisory services		231,657	199,064
	Computer accessories		9,600	10,860
	Auditors' remuneration	36.1	6,180	6,219
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	7.2	64,971	35,998
	Amortisation on intangible assets	8.1	5,481	6,741
	Depreciation on investment property	9	5	5
	Ijarah rentals		9,890	15,870
	Charity and donations	36.2 & 36.3	59,249	45,782
	Directors' fee and meeting expenses		2,090	1,875
	Others		3,801	1,035
			985,384	877,675
36.1	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		2,750	2,358
	Half-yearly review		404	374
	Taxation services		1,236	848
	Other certification		1,111	2,012
	Out of pocket expenses		679	627
			6,180	6,219

36.2 Charity and donations

Charity and donations include donations to following organisations in which directors or their spouses are interested:

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
Name of donee	Address of donee	Name of directors/spouse		
Mohamedali Habib Welfare Trust	2nd Floor, House of Habib, 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharae-e-Faisal, Karachi.	Mr. Rafiq M. Habib - Trustee	14,090	7,090
Habib Education Trust	t 4th floor, United Bank building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib - Trustee	4,000	2,500
Habib University Foundation	147, Block 7&8, Banglore Cooperative Housing Society, Tipu Sultan Road, Karachi.	Mr. Rafiq M. Habib - Trustee Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib - Trustee	10,000	15,000
Ghulaman-e-Abbas Educational and Medical Trust	Bab-e-Ali, Al-alamdar Building, Near Lyari Expressway, Mauripur Road, Karachi	Mr. Rafiq M. Habib - Trustee	5,000	-
Hussaini Haemotology & Oncology Trust	y 43-Rehmat Manzil, Bhurgari Road, Numaish, Karachi.	Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib - Trustee	96	96
Anjuman -e- Behbood Samat -e- Itefal	- ABSA School 26-C National Highway, Korangi Road, Karachi.	Mrs. Rafiq M. Habib - Vice President	30	30

^{36.3} There are no donees, other than already disclosed in note 36.2 to these unconsolidated financial statements, to whom donations exceed 10% of total donation or Rs 1 million, whichever is higher.

	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
37. OTHER CHARGES		(Hupees	111 000)
Workers' profits participation fund	19.1	229,939	179,624
Workers' welfare fund		83,064	64,636
Exchange loss		227,141	-
Loss on revaluation of investments classified as FVPL		6,407	28,293
(Reversal)/Charge of provision for impairment of property,			
plant & equipment - net		(1,064)	12,728
Charge of provision for impairment of loan - MHPL	17.2	-	4,500
Charge of provision for impairment of assets classified as held for sale	22.1	1,021	1,720
OTHER INCOME		546,508	291,501
38. OTHER INCOME			
Income from financial assets			
Dividend income from:			
Related parties			
Indus Motor Company Limited		621,030	361,860
Agriauto Industries Limited		12,694	12,694
Habib Insurance Company Limited		3,585	2,868
Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited		3,902	-
Habib Metro Pakistan (Private) Limited		639,159	543,597
Others		1,280,370	921,019
Dynea Pakistan Limited		4,085	6,127
Habib Sugar Mills Limited		5,601	5,134
TPL Properties Limited		-	1,197
Allied Bank Limited		1,455	1,455
Habib Bank Limited		521	309
GlaxoSmithKline Pakistan Limited		12	3
Mutual Funds		161,591	136,931
Interest on:		173,265	151,156
Loan to subsidiary - Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited		30,657	22,532
Deposit accounts		64,111	45,853
Term deposit receipts		34,572	31,531
Government treasury bills		-	-
•		129,340	99,916
Online and and Oncommon and the angle 199		70.004	77.047
Gain on sale of Government treasury bills		72,004	77,817
Gain on disposal of investment in mutual funds Reversal of allowance for expected credit loss		21,207 1,266	24,553 131,286
Reversal of provision for impairment of loan - MHPL	17.2	37,634	131,200
Exchange gain	11.2	-	64,535
Exonango gam		1,715,086	1,470,282
Income from non financial assets		, ,,,,,,,,	, , ,
Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets		12,925	35,183
Rental income	38.1	3,189	2,832
Service income	38.2	32,400	32,400
Scrap sales		30,526	33,190
Claim from customers		30,614	46,009
Insurance claim		7,051	31,850
		116,705	181,464
		1,831,791	1,651,746

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
38.1	Maturity analysis of operating lease payments			
	The future aggregate minimum rentals receivable under			
	non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:			
	Within one year		3,189	2,832

38.2 The Company has a service agreement with Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited. As per the agreement, the Company provides service and support for production, plant maintenance, engineering, imports, logistics, material handling, sales administration, human resource, general administration, financial, corporate, legal and tax advisory.

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
39.	FINANCE COSTS			
	Interest on:			
	- Export Refinance Scheme		15,436	10,178
	- State Bank of Pakistan's Refinance Scheme for payment of salaries			
	and wages		5,705	2,411
	- State Bank of Pakistan's Refinance Scheme for Temporary Economic Relief		75,383	478
	- State Bank of Pakistan's Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy		7,150	286
	- Long-term loan		58,741	-
	- Running finance facilities		5,192	25
	- Lease liabilities	27	9,498	5,552
	Amortisation of deferred income	28.1	(51,847)	(285)
			125,258	18,645
	Bank charges and commission		19,706	16,172
40.	TAXATION		144,964	34,817
10.	Current		1,718,593	1,144,280
	Prior		(77,006)	(40,744)
			1,641,587	1,103,536
	Deferred		26,059	(13,866)
		40.1	1,667,646	1,089,670
40.1	Relationship between income tax expense and accounting profit			
	Profit before taxation		5,924,894	4,571,865
	Tax at the rate of 29% (2021: 29%)		1,718,219	1,325,841
	Super tax at the rate of 4% (2021: nil)		236,996	-
			1,955,215	1,325,841
	Tax effects of:			
	Income taxed at reduced rates on dividend and gain on disposal of investment	S	(213,589)	(221,328)
	Income taxed under Final Tax Regime on export sales		(35,156)	(33,237)
	Tax effect of inadmissible items		2,124	15,823
	Tax credits		(14,488)	(7,231)
	Others		(26,460)	9,802
			1,667,646	1,089,670
	Average effective tax rate		28%	24%
			2070	2-170

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
41.	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company, which is based on:			
	Net profit for the year		4,257,248	3,482,195
			Number o	
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each.		81,030	81,030
	Basic and diluted earnings per share		(Rup	ees) 42.97
		Note	2022	2021
4.0	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	11010		in '000)
42.	Profit before taxation		5,924,894	4,571,865
	Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:			
	Depreciation:			
	- Right of use assets		24,187	15,811
	- Others Amortisation		651,617	503,616
	Finance costs on:		58,918	60,873
	- Lease liabilities		9,498	5,552
	- Others		135,466	29,265
	Interest income		(129,340)	(99,916)
	Gain on revaluation / redemption of investments classified at FVPL		(86,804)	(74,077)
	Dividend income		(1,453,635)	(1,072,175)
	Allowance for expected credit losses		(1,266)	(131,286)
	Charge for impairment of stock-in-trade and stores and spares		25,401	20,389
	Provision for retirement benefits		7,922	8,060
	(Reversal)/charge of provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment	t	(1,064)	12,728
	(Reversal)/charge of provision for impairment on loan to MHPL		(37,634)	4,500
	Charge of provision against non-current assets held for sale Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets and intangible assets		1,021 (12,925)	1,720
	dail on disposal of operating fixed assets and intangible assets		(808,638)	(35,183) (750,123)
			5,116,256	3,821,742
	Increase in current assets		(00.045)	10.101
	Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade		(90,245)	19,131 (2,206,425)
	Trade debts		(593,433)	(599,070)
	Loans and advances		(168,432)	(61,104)
	Trade deposits and short-term prepayments		(589,452)	(266,705)
	Other receivables		(247,867)	(435,910)
	Increase in current liabilities		(4,355,690)	(3,550,083)
	Trade and other payables		1,506,788	1,664,225
	Sales tax refundable		(47,185)	44,243
			1,459,603	1,708,468
			2,220,169	1,980,127

43.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
40.	Cash and bank balances	21	2,557,628	2,096,373

44. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Company comprise of subsidiaries, associates, retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. Details of transactions with related parties, duly approved by the Board, during the year are as under:

Relationship	Nature of transactions	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
Subsidiaries	Professional services acquired	168,560	137,960
	Purchase of goods	-	1,296
	Supplies purchased	497	-
	Sale of goods	-	117
	Service fee	32,400	32,400
Associates	Sale of goods	16,596,215	12,275,492
	Insurance premium	41,262	44,966
	Purchase of assets	29,609	110,983
	Insurance claim received	12,143	35,028
	Rent received	3,189	2,832
Employee benefit plans	Contribution to provident fund	57,234	45,992
	Contribution to retirement benefit fund	9,352	8,060

- 44.1 Transactions with key management personnel are disclosed in note 45 to the unconsolidated financial statements.
- 44.2 Receivable from and payable to related parties as at June 30, 2022 are disclosed in the respective notes to the unconsolidated financial statements.
- 44.3 Following are the related parties of the Company with whom the Company had entered into transactions or have arrangement/agreement in place as per mutually agreed terms and conditions.

S. No	Company Name	Basis of association	Aggregate % of shareholding	Nature of transactions
1	Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited	Subsidiary (note 44.3.1)	100%	Professional services acquired
2	Pakistan Industrial Aids (Private) Limited	Subsidiary (note 44.3.1)	100%	Sale of goods
3	Habib METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited	Subsidiary (note 44.3.1)	60%	Dividend received
4	Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited	Subsidiary (note 44.3.1)	100%	Tax profit and challans acquired and loan disbursed
5	Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited	Subsidiary (note 44.3.1)	55%	Service fees / Mark-up on loan
6	Thal Power (Private) Limited	Subsidiary (note 44.3.1)	100%	Loan repayment received and equity investment made
7	Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited	Associate (note 44.3.1)	11.90%	Equity investment
8	Indus Motor Company Limited	Associate (note 44.3.1)	6.22%	Sales of goods / Purchase of assets
9	Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited	Associate (note 44.3.1)	1.30%	Sales of goods and rent received
10	Habib Insurance Company Limited.	Associate (note 44.3.1)	4.63%	Insurance premium paid and insurance claim received
11	Agriauto Industries Limited	Associate (note 44.3.1)	7.35%	Dividend received
12	Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	Common directorship (note 44.3.1)	-	Mark-up and bank charges paid and interest received
13	Thal Limited - Employees' Provident Fund	Retirement benefit fund	-	Contribution made
14	Thal Limited - Employees' Retirement Benefit Fund	Retirement benefit fund	-	Contribution made

^{44.3.1} These entities are associated companies / undertakings of the Company under Companies Act, 2017.

45. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

		2022			2021	
	Chief			Chief		
	executive	Directors	Executives	executive	Directors	Executives
			(Rupees	s in '000)		
Managerial remuneration	59,495	-	355,910	56,025	-	319,762
Bonus	32,869	-	74,850	9,000	-	47,097
Company's contribution to provident fund	2,818	-	15,374	2,429	-	12,004
Company's contribution to						
retirement benefit fund	-	-	7,090	-	-	6,022
Other perquisites	-	-	9,492	-	-	9,484
	95,182	-	462,716	67,454	-	394,369
Number of persons	1	6	67		6	51

^{45.1} The Chief Executive, directors and certain executives of the Company are provided with free of cost use of company maintained cars.

46. PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

	2022	2021
Annual Capacity		
Jute (Metric Tons)	33,800	33,800
Auto air conditioners (Units)	90,000	90,000
Paper bags (Nos. 000s)	356,000	356,000
Woven polypropylene bags (Nos. 000s)	90,000	-
Alternator (Units)	90,000	90,000
Starter (Units)	90,000	90,000
Actual Production		
Jute (Metric Tons)	26,009	26,170
Auto air conditioners (Units)	74,106	60,610
Wire harness (Units)	224,436	147,904
Paper bags (Nos. 000s)	193,408	220,663
Woven polypropylene bags (Nos. 000s)	13,402	-
Alternator (Units)	57,677	47,322
Starter (Units)	55,951	34,073
Reason for shortfall	Low demand	Low demand

^{46.1} The capacity of wire harness is dependent on product mix.

47. PROVIDENT FUND

Investments out of provident fund have been made in compliance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the rules formulated for this purpose.

^{45.2} Five non-executive directors (2021: Five) have been paid fees of Rs. 2,090,000 (2021: Rs. 1,625,000) for attending board and other meetings.

^{46.2} The production capacity of laminate operations depends on the relative proportion of various types of products.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

48.

30,730 3,829,852 278,760 41,749 33,669 867,030 2,557,628 10,513 2,354,463 5,701,348 24,281 97,740 28,150 100,584 597,080 8,914,159 258,333 1,263,318 Total 41,749 33,669 867,030 432,250 6,760,691 5,862,032 24,281 97,740 28,150 30,730 3,760 10,513 1,263,318 5,701,348 258,333 Subtotal Non-Interest / Mark-up bearing
Maturity Maturity
ity/ upto after
nd one year one year 10,513 30,730 30,730 10,513 5,725,629 3,829,852 3,760 41,749 33,669 867,030 4,776,060 24,281 5,701,348 (Rupees in '000')-No Maturity/ on demand 125,890 432,250 258,333 97,740 28,150 1,263,318 2022 2,125,378 2,400,378 100,584 597,080 3,052,127 275,000 2,354,463 Subtotal Interest / Mark-up bearing Maturity Maturity upto after 2,352,653 80,088 2,272,565 one year 20,496 597,080 699,474 1,109,370 81,898 275,000 upto one year No Maturity/ on demand 1,016,008 Long-term deposits and payables Fair value through profit or loss Long-term borrowings Trade and other payables Other receivables Cash and bank balances Financial assets Fair value through OCI Long-term investments Short-term borrowings Accrued mark-up Undaimed dividend Unpaid dividend Long term deposits Trade debts Loans and advances Short-term investmer Financial liabilities Interest accrued Amortized cost Long term loans Amortized cost Trade deposits Lease liabilities

Total			_	
g			Subtota	
/ Mark-up bearin	Maturity	after	one year	
on-Interest /	Maturity		one year	
Z		No Maturity/	on demand	(Rupees in '000')
			Subtotal)
ırk-up bearing	Maturity	after	one year	
Interest / Ma	Maturity	upto	one year	
		No Maturity/	on demand	
	Interest / Mark-up bearing Total Total Total	Non-Interest / Mark-up bearing Maturity Maturity	Interest / Mark-up bearing Non-Interest / Mark-up bearing Maturity Maturity Maturity upto after No Maturity/ upto after	Interest / Mark-up bearing Maturity Maturity V upto after One year one year Subtotal on demand one year Subtotal

Financial assets Fair value through OCI Long-term investments Fair value through profit or loss Short-term investments	Amortized cost Long term loans Long term deposits Trade debts	Loans and advances Trade deposits Interest accrued Other receivables Cash and bank balances	Financial liabilities Amortized cost Long-term deposits and payables Long-term borrowings Trade and other payables Accrued mark-up Unclaimed dividend Lease liabilities	
--	--	---	--	--

300,058	2,802,265	275,000	20,378	1,333	36,306	20,582	619,151	2,096,373	9,402,620	11,887	294,406	4,306,964	3,651	89,256	36,242	117,690	361,000	5,221,096
300,058	1,874,662	1	20,378	1,333	36,306	20,582	619,151	277,501	6,381,145	11,887	ı	4,306,964	3,651	89,256	36,242	ı	1	4,448,000
1	ı		20,378	1 1	1	I	I	I	20,378	11,887	I	I	I	ı	ı	ı	I	11,887
	1	1	1 77	1,333	36,306	20,582	619,151	ı	3,908,546	ı	I	4,306,964	3,651	I	I	I	I	4,310,615
300,058	1,874,662		1		ı	I	I	277,501	2,452,221	ı	I	I	ı	89,256	36,242	I	I	125,498
	927,603	275,000	1		ı	I	I	1,818,872	3,021,475	ı	294,406	I	ı	ı	ı	117,690	361,000	773,096
	ı	275,000	1	1 1	1	1	1	1	275,000	I	185,242	1	1	I	1	100,550	1	285,792
1	927,603		1	1 1	1	I	ī	1,159,370	2,086,973	ı	109,164	ſ	ı	1	ı	17,140	361,000	487,304
1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	659,502	659,502	I	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1

49. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company's financial instruments expose it to a variety of financial risks namely operational risk, credit risk and market risk. The Board of Directors oversees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below.

49.1 Operational Risk

COVID-19 pandemic has created an unprecedented challenge for Company in terms of Business Continuity Plans. The Company is closely monitoring the situation and has invoked required actions to ensure the safety and security of Company's staff and uninterrupted service to shareholders.

Business Continuity Plans for respective areas are in place and tested. Work-from-Home capabilities have been enabled for staff where required, while ensuring adequate controls to ensure that Company's information assets are adequately protected from emerging cyber threats.

49.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted.

The maximum credit risk is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with reasonable credit rating are accepted. For trade receivables and loans internal risk assessment process considers the credit risk of the customer/borrower, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors.

2022

2021

The carrying values of financial assets which are not impaired are as under:

	(Rupees in '000)		
Long term loans	-	275,000	
Long term deposits	30,730	20,378	
Trade debts	3,829,852	3,231,174	
Loans and advances	278,760	1,333	
Trade deposits	1,007,421	415,796	
Interest accrued	33,669	20,582	
Other receivables	849,704	617,145	
Short term investments	1,263,318	2,802,265	
Bank balances	2,555,494	2,095,735	
	9,848,948	9,479,408	

Ageing analysis of trade debts is as follows:

			2022			2021	
		Due from			Due from		
	Note	related	Other		related	Other	
		parties	parties	Total	parties	parties	Total
				(Rupees	s in '000)		
- Not overdue		1,110,265	2,234,710	3,344,975	906,807	1,879,375	2,786,182
Past due:							
- 01 to 30 days		-	188,884	188,884	-	246,759	246,759
- 31 to 60 days		-	75,594	75,594	-	110,504	110,504
- 61 to 90 days		-	110,688	110,688	-	57,955	57,955
- over 90 days			188,546	188,546		111,894	111,894
Total trade debts		1,110,265	2,798,422	3,908,687	906,807	2,406,487	3,313,294
Allowance for expected							
credit losses	16	-	(78,835)	(78,835)	-	(82,120)	(82,120)
		1,110,265	2,719,587	3,829,852	906,807	2,324,367	3,231,174

The credit quality of financial assets other than bank balances and short term investments in TDRs can be assessed with reference to their historical performance with no or some defaults in recent history, however, no losses.

The credit quality of Company's bank balances and short term investments in TDRs can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

Bank	Rating agency	Rating			
		Short-term	Long-term		
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+		
Bank Al Habib Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA		
Bank Alfalah Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+		
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA		
Faysal Bank Limited	VIS	A-1+	AA		
Habib Bank Limited	VIS	A-1+	AAA		
Meezan Bank Limited	VIS	A-1+	AAA		
National Bank of Pakistan	VIS	A-1+	AAA		
United Bank Limited	VIS	A-1+	AAA		
Telenor Microfinance Bank Limited	PACRA	A1	Α		
Al Baraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited	VIS	A-1	A+		

49.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instruments may fluctuate as a result of changes in market currency rates, interest rates or the equity prices due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. There has been no change in the Company's exposure to market risk or the manner in which this risk is managed and measured.

Under market risk the Company is exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk, price risk and liquidity risk.

49.3.1 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

	2022	2021
	(FCY I	n '000)
USD		
Bank balances	1,186	823
Trade receivables	1,114	745
Trade and other payables	(5,154)	(1,590)
	(2,854)	(22)
EUR		
Trade and other payables	(391)	(764)
JPY		
Trade and other payables	(4,293)	(4,854)
CHF		
Trade and other payables	-	(4)
CNY		
Trade and other payables	(84)	(3)

The following exchange rates have been applied at the statement of financial position date:

	2022	2021	
	(Rs /	(Rs / FCY)	
USD	206.00	158.30	
EUR	215.75	188.71	
JPY	1.51	1.43	
CHF	215.96	171.86	
CNY	30.93	24.76	

Sensitivity analysis:

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the foreign exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax and the Company's equity.

	Change in exchange rate	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on equity
	%	(Rupees	in '000)
2022	+ 10 - 10	(68,136)	<u>(49,574)</u> <u>49,574</u>
2021	+ 10 - 10	(15,532) 15,532	(11,301)

49.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Company's loan to Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited, cash in deposit accounts and short-term borrowings.

Sensitivity analysis:

The following figures demonstrate the sensitivity of a possible change in interest rate, with all other variables held constant, on the Company's profit before tax:

	Increase/	Effect on
	decrease in	profit
	basis points	before tax
2022		
KIBOR	+ 100	6,939
KIBOR	- 100	(6,939)
2021		
KIBOR	+ 100	5,735
KIBOR	- 100	(5,735)

49.3.3 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instruments or its issuer or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is exposed to price risk in respect of its investments in listed shares and mutual funds.

As at the statement of financial position date, the exposure to listed equity securities at fair value was Rs 258.333 million. A decrease of 10% in the fair value of these securities would have a negative impact of approximately Rs 25.833 million on equity. An increase of 10% in the prices of these securities would positively impact equity with the similar amount.

49.3.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with the financial instruments.

Through its treasury function, the Company continually monitors its liquidity position and ensures availability of funds by maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

The maturity profile of the Company's liabilities based on contractual maturities is disclosed in note 48 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structure in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing and potential investment projects, to maximize shareholder value and reduce the cost of capital,

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as proportion of borrowings to equity at year end.

The proportion of borrowings to equity at year end was:	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
Total borrowings Total equity	3,455,782 27,229,827	799,799 23,905,633
Gearing ratio	13%	3%

The Company finances its expansion projects through borrowings and management of its working capital with a view to maintain an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk.

51. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the unconsolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The different levels of fair valuation methods have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (level 3).

2022	Note	Level 1	Level 2 (Rupees in	Level 3	Total
Assets					
- Investments carried at fair value through OCI	10	258,333			258,333
- Investments carried at fair value through profit or loss	20	1,263,318			1,263,318
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
2021		Level 1		Level 3	
2021 Assets		Level 1			
	10	Level 1			

There were no transfers amongst levels during the year.

The market prices of listed shares and mutual fund units have been obtained from Pakistan Stock Exchange and Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan respectively.

NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on September 09, 2022 has approved the following:

- (i) transfer of Rs. 3,649.5 million from unappropriated profit to general reserve; and
- (ii) payment of cash dividend of Rs. 2.5 per share for the year ended June 30, 2022 for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 20, 2022.

NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

Total number of employees

Total number of Company's employees as at June, 30 Average number of Company's employees during the year

2022	2021
5,194	4,367
4,781	4,443

54. GENERAL

- 54.1 Corresponding figures have been re-arranged and reclassified, wherever necessary. However, there were no material rearrangements to report.
- 54.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousands.

55. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These unconsolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on September 09, 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Company.







CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

- AUDITORS, REPORT TO THE MEMBERS
 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants Progressive Plaza, Beaumont Road P.O. Box 15541, Karachi 75530

UAN: +9221 111 11 39 37 (EYFR) Tel: +9221 3565 0007-11 Fax: +9221 3568 1965 ey.khidipk.ey.com

Independent Auditors' Report

To the members of Thal Limited

Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of Thal Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



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Page 1



Following are the Key audit matters:

How the matter was addressed in our audit
We performed a range of audit procedures in relation to revenue including the following: We reviewed the terms and conditions of distinct sale transactions and assessed the appropriateness of the revenue recognition policies and practices followed by the Group.
 We tested controls over revenue recognition and reporting process within each business unit including key IT dependent manual controls and IT general controls for the relevant IT systems used for revenue transaction processing by the Group.
 We performed analytical review procedures and other test of details over various revenue streams including cut-off procedures to check that revenue has been recognized in the appropriate accounting period.
 We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures as per the guidelines set out in the applicable financial reporting requirements.

2. Capital expenditure

statements.

The Group incurred significant amount of capital expenditure during the year amounting to Rs. 2,722.039 million mainly on account of increasing the capacity of its woven polypropylene bags line in the Holding Company's Papersack division.

Please refer notes 6.28 and 36 to the

accompanying consolidated financial

Capital expenditures incurred during the year represent significant transactions and involve management's evaluation of components of cost to be capitalized, therefore we have identified the same as a key audit matter.

Please refer note 8 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

We performed a range of audit procedures in relation to capital expenditure including the following:

- We obtained an understanding of the Group's process with respect to capital expenditure including project budgeting, execution of contracts and accumulation of cost and tested key controls.
- We reviewed the relevant contracts and documents supporting various components of the capitalised cost.
- We performed physical verification, on sample basis, of fixed assets acquired to verify the existence of the assets.
- We considered whether the items of cost capitalised meet the recognition criteria of an asset in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards.



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Page 2



Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit
2. Capital expenditure	
	 We evaluated the basis used by the management for depreciation charged in relation to the assets, by considering factors such as the current useful life estimates and timing of capitalisation.
	 We assessed the adequacy of the disclosures as per the guidelines set out in the applicable financial reporting requirements.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and Companies Act, 2017 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of directors is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



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Page 3



As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable I n Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to
 continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
 draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial
 statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are
 based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future
 events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Arif Nazeer.

Chartered Accountants

Place: Karachi UDIN No.: AR202210099DnF3yVoiv

Date: 21 September 2022

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022 (Bunasa	2021
ASSETS		(Rupees	in '000')
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	8	6,659,119	4,775,320
Intangible assets	9	77,191	126,158
Investment properties	10	6,227,839	6,473,153
Long-term investments	11	14,931,971	10,517,824
Long-term deposits	12	35,455	24,803
Long-term prepayments	13	22,501	22,501
		27,954,076	21,939,759
Current assets			
Stores, spares and loose tools	14	244,143	158,309
Stock-in-trade	15	10,808,718	8,118,615
Trade debts	16	3,962,577	3,463,037
Loans and advances	17	709,261	113,330
Trade deposits and short-term prepayments	18	1,147,995	466,582
Interest accrued Other receivables	19	23,106	13,263 719,635
Short-term investments	20	961,858 6,142,676	7,107,687
Cash and bank balances	21	3,057,253	2,680,774
Casi i ai id bai in baiai ices	21	27,057,587	22,841,232
Assets classified as held for sale	22	21,001,001	5,000
Absolit diastilled as field for said	22	27,057,587	22,846,232
TOTAL ASSETS		55,011,663	44,785,991
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital 200,000,000 (2021: 200,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each	23	1,000,000	1,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	23	405,150	405,150
Share deposit money		12	12
Reserves	24	34,532,216	29,659,829
Equity attributable to shareholders of the Holding Company		34,937,378	30,064,991
Non-controlling interest	25	6,656,553	6,565,006
Total equity		41,593,931	36,629,997
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long-term deposits and payables	26	339,688	339,587
Long-term borrowings	27	2,277,816	415,191
Lease liabilities	28	893,947	905,894
Deferred income	29	332,745	22,309
Deferred tax liability	30	477,952	243,136
CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,322,148	1,926,117
Trade and other payables	31	6,476,553	4,873,466
Accrued markup	32	28,046	7,422
Unclaimed dividend		97,740	89,256
Unpaid dividend		28,150	36,242
Current portion of long-term borrowings	27	383,056	109,164
Current portion of lease liabilities	28	122,778	120,223
Current portion of deferred income	29	70,910	4,394
Short-term borrowings	33	701,816	528,164
Income tax - net	34	1,152,423	412,838
Sales tax payable		34,112	48,708
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	35	9,095,584	6,229,877
	33		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		55,011,663	44,785,991

The annexed notes 1 to 59 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Annual Report 2022 | 114

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000')
Revenue - net	36	39,816,991	29,636,209
Cost of sales	37	(33,338,018)	(24,918,319)
Gross profit		6,478,973	4,717,890
Distribution and selling expenses	38	(755,647)	(568,504)
Administrative expenses	39	(1,609,559)	(1,434,736)
Other charges	40	(620,334)	(415,163)
		(2,985,540)	(2,418,403)
Other income	41	3,236,398	3,113,125
Operating profit		6,729,831	5,412,612
Finance costs	42	(285,902)	(173,776)
		6,443,929	5,238,836
Share of profit after tax of associates and joint venture	11.1	2,408,372	2,540,815
Profit before taxation		8,852,301	7,779,651
Taxation	43	(2,523,872)	(1,870,122)
Net profit for the year		6,328,429	5,909,529
Attributable to			
- Equity holders of the Holding Company		5,810,776	5,433,698
- Non-controlling interest		517,653	475,831
		6,328,429	5,909,529
		(Rup	ees)
Basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the			
equity holders of the Holding Company	44	71.71	67.06

The annexed notes 1 to 59 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIA

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net profit for the year

Other comprehensive income

Item that will not be reclassified to statement of profit or loss

in subsequent periods;

Share of actuarial gain/(loss) on remeasurement of defined benefit plans of

associates - net of tax

(Loss)/gain on revaluation on equity investments at fair value through

other comprehensive income

Total comprehensive income for the year

Attributable to

- Equity holders of the Holding Company
- Non-controlling interest

The annexed notes 1 to 59 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

(Rupees	in '000')——
6,328,429	5,909,529
(363)	7,082
(46,697)	130,011
(47,060)	137,093
6,281,369	6,046,622
5,763,716	5,570,791
3,700,710	0,070,731
517,653	475,831
6,281,369	6,046,622

2022

2021

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

115 | Thal Limited

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Total equity	
	Non- controlling interest	
RESERVES	Gain/(loss) on revaluation of investment at fair value through other comprehensive income	
	Unappropriated profit	
	General	
	Capital reserves	
	Share deposit money	
	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	

Balance as at July 1, 2020

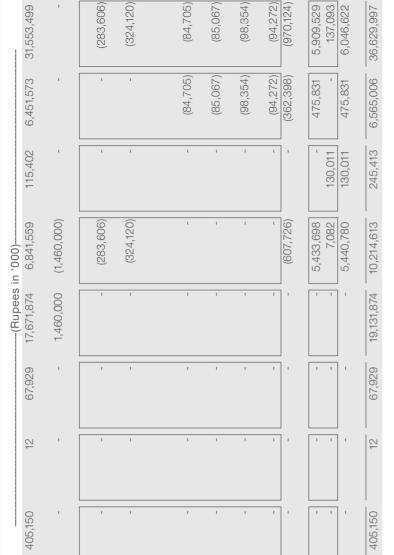
Final dividend @ Rs. 3.50/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2020 Interim dividend @ Rs. 4.00/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2021

Subsidiary company
Final dividend @ Rs. 0.623/-per share
for the year ended June 30, 2020
1st Interim dividend @ Rs. 0.625/- per share
for the year ending June 30, 2021
2nd Interim dividend @ Rs. 0.723/- per share
for the year ending June 30, 2021
3rd Interim dividend @ Rs. 0.693/- per share
for the year ended June 30, 2021

Net profit for the year Other comprehensive i

Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income for the year

Balance as at June 30, 2021



(283,606)

(324,120)

(84,705)

(85,067)

(98,354)







CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total equity

Non-controlling interest

Gain on revaluation of investment at fair value through other comprehensive income

Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

Transfer to general reserve

Final dividend @ Rs. 6.00/- per share for the year ended June 30, 2021 Interim dividend @ Rs. 5.00/- per share for the year ending June 30, 2022

Subsidiary company
Final dividend @ Rs. 0.730/- per share
for the year ended June 30, 2021
1st Interim dividend @ Rs. 0.691/- per share
for the year ending June 30, 2022
2nd Interim dividend @ Rs. 0.861/- per share
for the year ending June 30, 2022
3rd Interim dividend @ Rs. 0.851/- per share
for the year ended June 30, 2022

Net profit for the year

Other comprehensive loss Total comprehensive income for the year

517,653 6,328,429 - (47,060) 517,653 6,281,369

(46,697)

5,810,776 (363) 5,810,413

198,716

12,484,696

62,929

405,150

Balance as at June 30, 2022

	(486,17	(405,15	08'66)	(94,00	(117,08	(115,71	(1,317,43
	1	1	(908,306)	(94,000)	(117,087)	(115,713)	(426,106)
	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı
(Rupees in '000) 2,649,001 (2,649,001)	(486,179)	(405,150)	ı	ı	ı	I	(891,329)
(Rupees 2,649,001	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1
	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1
- 2,649,001 (2,649,001)	ı	1	ı	ı	1	1	1
1	ı	1	1	1	1	I	ı

The annexed notes 1 to 59 form an integral part of th



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

N	lote	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000')
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
9	45	3,954,159	3,855,264
Finance costs paid		(251,471)	(152,067)
Retirement benefits paid		(5,451)	(5,710)
Income tax paid		(1,549,471)	(1,399,500)
Long term deposits - net		(10,551)	(9,109)
Net cash generated from operating activities		2,137,215	2,288,878
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Addition to property, plant and equipment		(2,722,039)	(1,112,346)
Addition to intangible assets		(13,291)	(11,841)
Addition to investment property		(123,032)	(226,217)
Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets		44,071	75,175
Proceeds from disposal of investment property		-	5,495
Long-term investment made during the year		(2,694,046)	(395,029)
Short term investments during the year - net		1,100,022	(1,875,217)
Dividend income received during the year		1,187,173	745,285
Interest income received during the year		177,668	202,722
Net cash used in investing activities		(3,043,474)	(2,591,973)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Principal portion of lease rentals paid		(18,307)	(14,576)
Short-term borrowings obtained		236,080	216,000
SBP's Refinance Facility for Salaries and Wages (repaid)/obtained		(99,571)	(24,892)
SBP's Temporary Economic Refinance Facility obtained		1,368,393	99,281
SBP's Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy obtained - net		249,279	47,579
Long-term loan obtained		926,335	-
Dividends paid		(1,317,043)	(956,075)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		1,345,166	(632,683)
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		438,907	(935,778)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		2,513,610	3,449,388
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	46	2,952,517	2,513,610

The annexed notes 1 to 59 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

THE HOLDING COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

1.1 Thal Limited (the Holding Company) was incorporated on January 31, 1966 as a public company limited by shares and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

The Holding Company is engaged in the manufacture of jute goods, engineering goods, papersack and laminate sheets.

1.2 The Group comprises of the Holding Company and the following subsidiaries that have been consolidated in these financial statements:

		Date of			Total Total		Total	Total
		becoming	Hol	ding	assets	liabilities	assets	liabilities
Subsidiary Companies	Note	subsidiary	2022	2021	2	022	20	021
			%	%	(Rupees	s in '000s)	(Rupees	in '000s)
Noble Computer Services								
(Private) Limited	1.2.1	01-07-2005	100	100	157,931	32,480	189,656	65,080
Pakistan Industrial Aids								
(Private) Limited	1.2.2	27-03-2006	100	100	41,693	1,740	35,081	965
Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited	1.2.3	01-05-2008	100	100	78,397	366,854	36,023	358,519
Habib METRO Pakistan								
(Private) Limited	1.2.4	16-12-2011	60	60	11,472,016	1,703,875	11,111,471	1,530,244
Thal Boshoku Pakistan								
(Private) Limited	1.2.5	03-09-2013	55	55	1,825,182	1,080,758	1,791,045	1,001,064
Thal Power (Private) Limited	1.2.6	03-07-2014	100	100	4,546,282	1,707	1,899,342	132
Thal Electrical (Private) Limited	1.2.7	10-04-2019	100	100	76	81	73	61

1.2.1 Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited

Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited (NCSPL) was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on May 8, 1983 and is a wholly owned subsidiary of Thal Limited. The NCSPL provides Internal Audit Services, I.T. related services, Advisory Services, HR Services and Management Services.

1.2.2 Pakistan Industrial Aids (Private) Limited

Pakistan Industrial Aids (Private) Limited (PIAPL) was incorporated in Pakistan on March 17, 2006 as a private limited company. The subsidiary is principally engaged in trading activity related to automotive parts, accessories, chemical gases and general goods.

1.2.3 Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited (MHPL)

- (a) MHPL was incorporated in Pakistan on June 29, 2005 as a public limited (unlisted) company. MHPL was an associated undertaking of the Holding Company until April 30, 2008 and became a subsidiary company with effect from May 01, 2008. The principal objective of MHPL is to operate a chain of wholesale / retail cash and carry stores. MHPL was operating one store located at Survey No. 148/1, Abyssinia Lines, Mubarak Shaheed Road, Saddar, Karachi, on the land sub-leased by Army Welfare Trust (AWT).
- (b) MHPL had entered into Arrangement with METRO Habib Cash & Carry Pakistan (Private) Limited (MHCCP) (then a wholly owned subsidiary of METRO Cash and Carry International Holding BV) (the Operator) whereby the Operator had been engaged to operate MHPL's Saddar Store (the Store) for an operations fee determined under the agreed mechanism.

As a consequence of the dismissal of the Review Petition by the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) the Saddar store of the subsidiary company, MHPL, was closed down on September 11, 2015. Accordingly, the Operation Agreement with MHCCP was terminated in 2016.

AWT's Review Petition (CRP No. 10 of 2010) is pending adjudication before the SCP. In its hearing held on February 2, 2016, the Honourable Chief Justice commented that while reviewing AWT's review petition, both MHPL and Ministry of Defence would get a chance to argue

their points on the merits as they were respondents in AWT's Petition. AWT's Review Petition was fixed for hearing on October 17, 2017 before a new bench but could not proceed on account of a request for adjournment filed by the counsel representing Shehri and KWSB. AWT's Petition has not been listed in court since then and the SCP's judgement dated December 18, 2009 directing demolition of the Makro Store and handing over of vacant possession of the land to CDGK has not been suspended, and as such was still in the field.

In line with the SCP's judgement, MHPL is in the process of dismantling the store built on the premises. Once the process of dismantling is complete, the premises shall be handed over in accordance with the directions of the SCP.

1.2.4 Habib METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited

Habib METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited (HMPL) was incorporated in Pakistan as a private limited company on December 16, 2011. The main business of the HMPL is to own and manage properties.

1.2.5 Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited

Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited (TBPPL) was incorporated on September 03, 2013 as a private company limited by shares. The principle activity of TBPPL is to manufacture automobile seats, seat parts, air cleaner and other automobile parts. TBPPL was formed pursuant to a Joint Venture Agreement between the Holding Company, Toyota Boshoku Corporation, Japan and Toyota Tsusho Corporation, Japan.

1.2.6 Thal Power (Private) Limited

Thal Power (Private) Limited (TPPL) was incorporated in Pakistan as a Private Limited Company on July 03, 2014. TPPL has entered into a joint venture agreement with M/s Novatex Limited for collaboration to develop a 330 MW Coal-fired Power Generation Plant at Thar, Sindh.

1.2.7 Thal Electrical Pakistan (Private) Limited

Thal Electrical (Private) Limited was incorporated in Pakistan on January 12, 2018 as a private limited company.

1.3 Geographical location and address of business units

Holding Company

The head office of the Holding Company is situated at 4th Floor, House of Habib, 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

Plants:

- Engineering operations are located at Korangi and Port Qasim, Karachi, Sindh.
- Jute operations are located at Muzaffargarh, Punjab.
- Papersack operations are located at Hub, Balochistan and Gadoon, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.
- Laminates operations are located at Hub, Balochistan.

Subsidiaries:

- Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited operations are located at 2nd Floor, House of Habib, 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.
- Pakistan Industrial Aids (Private) Limited operations are located at Plot number 192 Korangi industrial area, Sector 22, Karachi.
- Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited is located at 2nd Floor, House of Habib 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Shara e Faisal, Karachi.
- Habib Metro Pakistan (Private) Limited operations are located at Mezzanine Floor, House of Habib, 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.
- Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited operations are located at Plot number 192 Korangi industrial area, Sector 22 and plot number SP-C north western industrial road, Port Qasim, Karachi.
- Thal Power (Private) Limited operations are located at 4th Floor, House of Habib, 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.
- Thal Electrical (Private) Limited operations are located at 4th Floor, House of Habib, 3-Jinnah Cooperative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the Act; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ from the IFRSs, the provision of and directives issued under the Act and IFAS have been followed.

BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

- 3.1 These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investments in shares of listed companies, mutual funds, treasury bills, term finance certificates and investments in associates which have been disclosed in the accounting policies below.
- 3.2 These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is also the Group's functional currency.

4. BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

These consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, here-in-after referred to as "the Group".

A company is a subsidiary, if an entity (the Holding Company) directly or indirectly controls, beneficially owns or holds more than fifty percent of its voting securities or otherwise has power to elect and appoint more than fifty percent of its directors.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year as the Holding Group, using consistent accounting policies. The accounting policies of the subsidiaries have been changed to conform with accounting policies of the Group, where required.

All intra-group balances, transactions and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

Where the ownership of a subsidiary is less than 100% and therefore, a non controlling interest (NCI) exists, the NCI is allocated its share of the total comprehensive income of the period, even if that results in a deficit balance.

The assets, liabilities, income and expenses of subsidiary companies are consolidated on a line by line basis and carrying value of investments held by the Holding Company are eliminated against the subsidiary companies' shareholders' equity in the consolidated financial statements.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates underlying the assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The estimates, assumptions and judgements made by the management that are subject to risk of material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are as follows:

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		Notes
(a)	capitalization of new assets and determining the residual values and useful lives	
	of property, plant and equipment and investment property	6.2, 6.4, 8 & 10
(b)	determining the residual values and useful lives of intangibles assets	6.3 & 9
(C)	Assets classified as held for sale	6.5 & 22
(d)	impairment of financial and non-financial assets	6.26
(e)	net realizable value estimation for inventories	6.9, 6.1, 14 & 15
(f)	allowance for expected credit losses	6.26 & 16
(g)	provision for tax and deferred tax	6.8, 30, 34 & 43
(h)	provisions and warranty obligation	6.16 & 31.4
(i)	contingencies	6.23 & 35
(j)	compensated absences of employees	6.17 & 31
(k)	determining the lease term of contracts with extension and termination options;	6.22.3 & 28
(1)	leases - estimating the incremental borrowing rate	6.22.4 & 28

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

6.1 New standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and new interpretations

The Group has adopted the following standards, amendments, interpretation and improvements to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) which became effective for the current year:

Amendments to approved accounting standards

IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 - Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments)

IFRS 16 - Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments)

The adoption of the above improvements and amendments did not have any material impact on these consolidated financial statements.

6.2 Property, plant and equipment and investment properties

Operating fixed assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation / amortisation and impairment loss, if any, except for freehold land which is stated at cost less impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation is charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss by applying the straight line method at the rates specified in note 8 to these consolidated financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month asset is available for use and in case of deletion, up to the month preceding the month of disposal.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

An item of operating assets and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of operating fixed assets are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Capital work-in-progress

All expenditures connected to the specific assets incurred during installation and construction period are carried under capital work-in-progress. These are transferred to specific assets as and when assets are available for use. The capital work-in-progress are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any.

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises a right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement

of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

6.3 Intangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any

Costs in relation to intangible assets are only capitalized when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to that asset will flow to the Group and the same is amortized applying the straight line method at the rates stated in note 9 to these consolidated financial statements.

6.4 Investment property

Investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any.

Depreciation on investment properties is charged on straight line method at the rate specified in note 10 to the consolidated financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month of addition and in case of deletion up to the month of disposal. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss as and when incurred while major repairs and renewals are capitalised. Any gains or losses on disposal of an investment property are recognised in the consolidated profit or loss account in the year of disposal. The carrying values of investment properties are reviewed at each financial year end for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the investment properties are written down to their recoverable amount.

6.5 Assets classified as held for sale

The Group classifies non-current assets as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Costs to sell are the incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset excluding finance costs and income tax expense.

The criteria for held for sale classification is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable, and the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Actions required to complete the sale should indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the sale will be made or that the decision to sell will be withdrawn. Management must be committed to the plan to sell the asset and the sale expected to be completed within one year from the date of the classification.

Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale are presented separately as current items in the consolidated statement of financial position.

6.6 Investments in Associates

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method, whereby the investment is initially recorded at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the net associate. The consolidated financial statements reflects the Group's share of the results of the operations of the associate.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the same in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

6.7 Joint arrangements

Joint arrangements are arrangements in which the Group has contractually agreed sharing of control, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Joint arrangements are classified as joint operations or joint ventures depending upon the rights and obligations arising from the joint arrangement.

Depending upon the rights and obligation of the parties to the arrangement, joint arrangements can be classified as either:

6.7.1 Joint ventures

A joint arrangement is classified as a joint venture when the parties to the arrangement that have joint control have rights to the net assets of the joint venture.

The Group measures its interest in the joint venture using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, the investment is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Group's share of the joint venture's net assets. The Group's profit or loss includes its share of the joint venture's profit of loss and the Group's other comprehensive income includes its share of the joint venture's other comprehensive income.

6.7.2 Joint operations

A joint arrangement is classified as a joint operation when the Group has the rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities of the arrangement in relation to the joint operation.

The Group has not made any investment in a joint operation.

6.8 Taxation

(a) Current

The charge for current taxation in respect of certain income streams of the Group is based on Final Tax Regime at the applicable tax rates and remaining income streams at current rate of taxation under the normal tax regime after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, 1.25% of turnover or 17% alternate corporate tax, whichever is higher. The Group had also availed Group tax relief under the provisions of Section 59AA and 59B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 as explained in note 33 to these consolidated financial statements.

(b) Deferred

Deferred tax is provided using the statement of financial position liability method, on all temporary differences at the consolidated statement of financial position date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each statement of financial position date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each consolidated statement of financial position date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the consolidated statement of financial position date.

The impact of deferred tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and deferred tax in relation to items outside statement of profit or loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income or equity.

6.9 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are valued at lower of cost, determined using weighted average method, and Net Realisable Value (NRV), less provision for obselete items (if any). Items in transit are valued at cost comprising purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon upto the reporting date. Provision is made for items which are obsolete and slow moving and is determined based on management estimate regarding their future usability.

6.10 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade, except goods-in-transit, is stated at the lower of weighted average cost or NRV determined as follows: Raw and packing materials

- Purchase cost

Work-in-process

- Cost of materials, labour cost and appropriate production overheads

Finished goods

- Cost of materials, labour cost and appropriate production overheads

Goods-in-transit are valued at cost comprising purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon upto the reporting date.

NRV signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Provision is made for slow moving and obsolete items as and when identified.

6.11 Trade debts and other receivables

These are recognized and carried at original invoice amount being the fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost. Allowance is made on the basis of lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade debts and other receivables. Bad debts are written off when considered irrecoverable.

Exchange gains or losses arising in respect of trade debts and other receivables in foreign currency are added to their respective carrying amounts.

6.12 Loans, advances, trade deposits and short term prepayments (other than financial assets)

These are initially recognised at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given. Subsequent to initial recognition, assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that a financial asset or group of assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the estimated recoverable amount of that asset or group of assets is determined and any impairment loss is recognised for the difference between the recoverable amount and the carrying value.

6.13 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition net of bank overdraft/running finance facility that are deemed integral to the Group's cash management. The cash and cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amount of cash and are therefore subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

6.14 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

6.15 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payable are carried at amortised cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Group.

Exchange gains and losses arising on translation in respect of liabilities in foreign currency are added to the carrying amount of the respective liabilities.

6.16 Provisions

General

Provisions are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position where the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. When the Group expects some or all of the provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

Warranty obligations

The Group recognizes the estimated liability to repair or replace products under warranty at the reporting date. These are recognised when the product is sold or service provided to the customer. Initial recognition is based on historical experience and estimate of probability weighted expected outcome. The estimates of warranty-related costs is reviewed annually and adjusted, if required.

6.17 Compensated absences

Accrual is made for employees' compensated absences on the basis of encashable leaves as per the entitlements and Group policy.

6.18 Staff retirement benefits

Defined Contribution plan

Provident fund

The Group operates a recognised provident fund for its permanent employees. Equal monthly contributions are made to the fund by the Group and the employees in accordance with the rules of the scheme. The Group has no further obligation once the contributions have been paid. The contributions made by the Group are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

Retirement benefit fund

The Group operates an approved funded scheme for retirement benefits for all employees on the basis of defined contribution made by the Group on attaining the retirement age or in the event of death with a minimum qualifying period of ten years which is managed by a trust.

6.19 Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognized when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

6.20 Unclaimed dividend

This is recognised at the amount of dividend declared and unclaimed by shareholders from the date it became due and payable.

6.21 Unpaid dividend

This is recognised at the amount of dividend declared and claimed by shareholders but remained unpaid for the period of 3 years from the date it became due and payable.

6.22 Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

6.22.1 Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

6.22.2 Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less lease incentives receivable (if any), variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate (if any), and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees (if any). The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group (if any) and payments of penalties for terminating the lease (if any), if the termination option is reasonably certain to be exercised. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments at the lease commencement date, the Group uses the interest rate implicit in the lease. In case where the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

6.22.3 Determination of the lease term for lease contracts with extension and termination options

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

6.22.4 Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

6.23 Contingent Liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group; or
- there is a present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

6.24 Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

Classification and measurement

Under IFRS 9 Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at following:

- (a) at amortised cost
- (b) at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI); and
- (c) at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the business model for managing them.

(a) At amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

(b) At fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI)

A debt instrument is measured at fair value through OCI if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that are initially recognised at fair value through OCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in OCI. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in OCI is recycled to profit or loss.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by investment basis. The Group has irrevocably elected to carry its quoted investments in equity instruments under this category.

Equity instruments that are initially recognised at fair value through OCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, except when the Company benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

(c) At fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
- (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

6.25 Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit or loss.

Loans and borrowings

This is the category most relevant to the Group. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. This category generally applies to interest-bearing loans and borrowings.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

6.26 Impairment of financial and non financial assets

Impairment of financial assets

The impairment model under IFRS 9 applies to financial assets measured at amortised cost, contract assets and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments.

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the respective asset.

The Group uses the standard's simplified approach and calculates ECL based on life time ECL on its financial assets. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the financial assets and the economic environment.

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets for which the estimate of future cash flow have not been adjusted. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognised previously. Reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

6.27 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the consolidated profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Group by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the consolidated profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares (if any).

6.28 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised at amounts that reflect the consideration that the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and is recognised at a point in time when control of goods have passed to the customer either on the dispatch / acceptance of goods for local sales or on the issuance of bill of lading in case of export sales. The normal credit period ranges between 30 to 90 days.

6.29 Other income

Other income is recognised to the extent it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and amount can be measured reliably. Other income is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised on the following basis:

- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established;
- Interest on Term Deposit Receipts is recognised on constant rate of return to maturity;
- Interest on deposit accounts is recognised on accrual basis;
- Rental income arising from investment property is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term;
- Scrap sales are recognised on an accrual basis;
- Claim from customers is recognised as income when the claim is accepted by customer; and
- Service income is recognised on a straight line basis over the period that the services are provided.

6.30 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pakistani Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistani Rupees at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange gains or losses are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of the current year.

6.31 Deferred income

Benefit of a loan at a below-market rate of interest is recognised as deferred income. Deferred income is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the related costs, for which it is intended to compensate are expensed.

6.32 Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as Chief Executive of the Group.

6.33 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditure is recognised as an expense when incurred. Costs incurred on development projects are recognised as intangible assets to the extent that such expenditure is expected to generate future economic benefits. Other development expenditure is recognised as an expense when incurred.

6.34 Ijarah rentals

ljarah payments for assets under ljarah (Islamic term finance) agreements are recognised as an expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight line basis over the ljarah term.

6.35 Dividends and appropriation to reserves

The Group recognises a liability for dividend to equity holder when it is authorized as per corporate laws in Pakistan. The transfer of reserves within the equity are recognized when these are approved as per the applicable laws.

7. STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS THAT ARE NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following standards, amendments and improvements to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standard or Interpre	etation	Effective date
IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use	
	(Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 37	Onerous Contracts - Costs of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments)	01 January 2022
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments)	01 January 2023
IAS 1 and IFRS	Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments)	01 January 2023
Practice Statement	2	
IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments)	01 January 2023
IAS 12	Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a	01 January 2023
	single transaction (Amendments)	
IFRS 10 / IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its	Not yet finalised
	Associate or Joint Venture (Amendment)	
Improvements to Ac	ecounting Standards Issued by the IASB (2018-2020 cycle)	
IFRS 1	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	01 January 2022
	- Subsidiary as a first-time adopter	
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 percent' test for	
	derecognition of financial liabilities	01 January 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture - Taxation in fair value measurements	01 January 2022
IFRS 16	Leases: Lease incentives	01 January 2022

The above standards and amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

IASB Effective date

	Standard or Interp	retation		(annual per beginning on o	iods
	IFRS 1 IFRS 17	First-time Adoption of International Financial Financial Finance Contracts	Reporting Standards	01 January 2	
			Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000')
8.	PROPERTY, F	PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed	assets	8.1	5,733,689	4,143,553
	Capital work-in-	orogress	8.4	925,430	631,767
				6,659,119	4,775,320

		00	COST			ACC	ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	DEPRECIATION	NO	
	As at July 01, 2021	Additions/ Transfers (Note 8.1.1)	Disposals	As at June 30, 2022	Depreciation Rate	As at July 01, 2021	Charge for the year/ impairment* (Note 8.1.2)	On disposals	As at June 30, 2022	WDV as at June 30, 2022
		(Rupees	(,000, ui s		% .		(Ru	(Rupees in '000'))')	
Freehold land	22,991	1	ı	22,991	1	ı	1	ı	ı	22,991
Right of use asset - lands	194,490	I	I	194,490	1-33	14,737	7,395	I	22,132	172,358
Right of use asset - office premises	155,096	4,892	ı	159,988	4-20	28,979	32,707	ı	61,686	98,302
Factory building	1,226,204	289,557	ı	1,515,761	5-33	341,428	61,241	I	402,669	1,113,092
Non factory building	541,393	3,220	ı	544,613	5-33	468,825	6,142	ı	474,967	69,646
Railway sliding	4,216	I	ı	4,216	20	1,104	218	I	1,322	2,894
Plant and machinery	4,185,906	1,458,722	(18,035)	5,626,593	5-25	1,977,268	404,642	(17,972)	2,362,874	3,263,719
Fumiture and fittings	69,275	4,927	(847)	73,355	7.5-33	41,087	16,095	(847)	56,335	17,020
Vehicles	229,222	149,403	(38,761)	339,864	20-35	60,981	48,174	(11,574)	97,581	242,283
Office and mills equipment	310,387	258,140	(4,399)	564,128	10-50	146,127	73,055	(4,332)	214,850	349,278
Computer equipment	227,776	50,065	(6,507)	271,334	20-33	147,312	37,837	(6,183)	178,966	92,368
Jigs and fixtures (note 8.1.3)	678,864	184,018	(9,725)	853,157	10-33	494,821	114,566	(9,725)	599,662	253,495
Capital stores and spares	20,748	20,540	ı	41,288	5-20	346	4,699	ı	5,045	36,243
2022	7,866,568	2,423,484	(78,274)	10,211,778		3,723,015	806,771 (1,064)*	(50,633)	4,478,089	5,733,689

- 8.1.1 This includes transfers to operating fixed assets from capital work-in-progress.
- This includes reversal of impairment amounting to Rs. 14.686 million (2021: nil). Further, during the year, the management identified certain assets which were not in their desired operating condition due to technical defects and accordingly these assets have been fully impaired. The aggregate impairment charge on these assets amounts to Rs. 13.621 million (2021: Rs. 12.728 million). 8.1.2
- sion of sub-contractors dispersed all over the country. 8.1.3 Jigs and fixtures include moulds having written down value of Rs. 201.073 million (2021: Rs 210.042 million) in the posi
- 8.1.4 Operating fixed assets include items having an aggregate cost of Rs. 1,170.183 million (2021: Rs. 933.797 million) which have been fully depreciated. Out of these, fixed assets having an aggregate cost of Rs. 529.946 million (2021: Rs. 529.946 million) are retired from active use and are not classified as held for sale.
- 8.1.5 The following operating fixed assets of the Group are under charge as security against guarantees issued by commercial banks in respect of the investment by the Group in Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited and ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited, respectively (note 11.6 & 11.7). The amount of charge over these fixed assets is Rs 11,704.246 million (2021: Rs 11,704.246 million).

2022	2021
Written Down	Written Down
Value	Value
(Rupees in	ı '000')

- Mortgage over the following leasehold lands and buildings over leasehold lands:
 - 1) Plot number 1, 2, 25 and 26, Sector 22 Korangi Industrial Area (Thal Engineering Division);
 - 2) Plot numbers 35 42, 69 and 70 of survey 749 and 749/1, Mauza Pathra, Tehsil Hub, District Lasbella, (Papersack and Balochistan Laminates Division); and
 - 3) An area measuring 1425 Kanals and 8 Marlas comprising of Khasra Nos.1757, 1758, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1780, 1775, 1777, 1778, 1764, 1779, 1792-1795/1, 1776, 1793, 1794, 1791, situated in Mouza Rakh, Khanpur, Tehsil & District Muzaffargarh.
- Plant, machinery and equipment of the Group present at the following locations:
 - 1) Plot number 1,2,25 and 26, Sector 22 Korangi Industrial Area (Thal Engineering Division);
 - 2) Plot numbers 35 42, 69 and 70 of survey 749 and 749/1, Mauza Pathra, Tehsil Hub, District Lasbella, (Papersack and Balochistan Laminates Division);
 - 3) Thal Limited Industrial building and machinery situated at Plot bearing number DSU-14, Sector II, Downstream Industrial Estate, Bin Qasim, Karachi (Yazaki Unit); and
 - 4) An area measuring 1425 Kanals and 8 Marlas comprising of Khasra Nos.1757, 1758, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1780, 1775, 1777, 1778, 1764, 1779, 1792-1795/1, 1776, 1793, 1794, 1791, situated in Mouza Rakh, Khanpur, Tehsil & District Muzaffargarh.

63,590	104,307
290,152	237,828
91,837	78,085 420,220

222,108	445,336
1,357,941	1,209,542
328,886	116,244
183,941 2,092,876	218,045

8.1.7 Details of operating fixed assets disposed off during the year and having a net book value of Rs 500,000 or more are as follows:

	Cost d	Accum- ulated epreciation		•	Gain/ (loss) on disposal	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyers
Plant & machinery Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	18,035	17,972	-(Rupee 63	s in '000)·	6,121		
Furniture and fittings Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	847	847	-	109	109		
Vehicles Toyota Corolla X Grande 1.8	4,005	134	3,871	4,005	134	Negotiation	Auvitronics Limited
Suzuki Cultus VXL	1,970	97	1,873	1,680	(193)	Tender	Mr. Abrar Ahmed Sabri
Toyota Corolla X Grande 1.8	4,005	601	3,404	4,183	779	Employee's	Mr. Naveed Alam -
Toyota Yaris 1.3	1,242	-	1,242	2,665	1,423	car scheme Employee's	Ex-employee Mr. Zakir Ladhani -
Toyots Yaris ATIV CVT 1.5	3,005	601	2,404	2,950	546	car scheme Employee's	Employee Major (R) Ateeq -
Suzuki Cultus VXL	1,050	-	1,050	1,556	506	car scheme Employee's	Employee Syed Nayab Rizvi -
Suzuki Alto VXL	737	-	737	1,298	561	car scheme Employee's	Employee Mr. Muniruddin -
Toyota Yaris 1.5 ATIV CVT	2,755	505	2,250	2,585	335	car scheme Employee's	Employee Mr. Zaki Ahmed -
Toyota Yaris GLI 1.3 CVT	2,769	646	2,123	2,800	677	car scheme Employee's	Ex-employee Mr. Saifullah Khan
Toyota Altis CVT 1.8L	3,408	795	2,613	2,892	279	car scheme Employee's	Ex-employee Mr. Mustafa Jafar -
Toyota Corolla Grande 1.8	2,904	1,262	1,642	3,200	1,558	car scheme Employee's	Ex-employee Mr. Sibtain Haji -
Suzuki Alto VXR	1,398	407	991	1,080	89	car scheme Employee's	Ex-employee Mr. Jawwad -
Toyota Corolla X Grande 1.8	3,004	1,591	1,413	1,651	238	car scheme Employee's	Ex-employee Mr. Andalib Alavi -
Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	6,509	4,935	1,574	2,497	923	car scheme	Ex-employee
	38,761	11,574	27,187	35,042	7,855		
Office and mills equipment Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	4,399	4,332	67	639	572		
Computer equipment Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	6,507	6,183	324	1,022	698		
Jigs and fixtures Items having book value upto Rs 500,000	9,725	9,725	-	1,075	1,075		
2022	78,274	50,633	27,641	44,071	16,430		
2021	121,100	85,359	35,741	110,822	75,081		

8.2 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000')
Cost of sales Distribution and selling expenses Administrative expenses	37 38 39	723,964 5,965 76,842 806,771	608,557 1,507 42,571 652,635

8.3 Useful life and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment

During the year, as a result of annual reassessment of the review of the useful lives and depreciation method of operating fixed assets, the management has identified that there has been a change in the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the assets. Accordingly, useful lives and depreciation method for certain classes of operating fixed assets has been revised to reflect the changed pattern. These revisions were accounted for prospectively as changes in accounting estimates.

As stated above, had there been no changes in accounting estimates, the profit before tax for the year and carrying value of such operating fixed assets as at the year-end would have been higher by Rs. 47.873 million, due to change of depreciation method and useful lives.

8.4

Capital work-in-progress				
		Additions	Transfers to	
	Opening	during	operating	Closing
	balance	the year	fixed assets	balance
		(Rupees	in '000')	
Civil Works	155,648	628,312	(324,837)	459,123
Plant and machinery	211,707	1,356,762	(1,195,124)	373,345
Furniture and fittings	3,239	3,312	(6,551)	-
Vehicles	64,320	80,315	(116,988)	27,647
Office and mills equipment	176,644	180,188	(353,134)	3,698
Computer equipment	1,045	15,095	(7,344)	8,796
Jigs and fixtures	19,164	119,923	(86,266)	52,821
2022	631,767	2,383,907	(2,090,244)	925,430
		Additions	Transfers to	1
	On aning	Additions	Transfers to	Clasina
	Opening	during	operating	Closing
	Opening balance	during the year	operating fixed assets	Closing balance
		during the year	operating	0
Civil Works		during the year	operating fixed assets in '000')	0
Civil Works Plant and machinery	balance 	during the year (Rupees	operating fixed assets	balance
	balance	during the year (Rupees	operating fixed assets in '000')(28,803)	balance
Plant and machinery	balance	during the year (Rupees 167,868 237,357	operating fixed assets in '000')	balance 155,648 211,707
Plant and machinery Furniture and fittings	balance	during the year (Rupees 167,868 237,357 3,809	operating fixed assets in '000')	balance 155,648 211,707 3,239
Plant and machinery Furniture and fittings Vehicle	16,583 3,301	during the year (Rupees 167,868 237,357 3,809 64,320	operating fixed assets in '000') (28,803) (28,951) (570)	155,648 211,707 3,239 64,320
Plant and machinery Furniture and fittings Vehicle Office and mills equipment	16,583 3,301	during the year (Rupees 167,868 237,357 3,809 64,320 187,070	operating fixed assets in '000') (28,803) (28,951) (570)	155,648 211,707 3,239 64,320 176,644
Plant and machinery Furniture and fittings Vehicle Office and mills equipment Computer equipment	16,583 3,301 - - 33,050	during the year (Rupees 167,868 237,357 3,809 64,320 187,070 1,045	operating fixed assets in '000') (28,803) (28,951) (570) - (43,476)	balance 155,648 211,707 3,239 64,320 176,644 1,045

8.5 Details of the Group's immovable fixed assets are as under:

		20	022	20	21
		Land	Building	Land	Building
		Area	Covered Area	Area	Covered Area
S. No	. Location	(square yards)	(square feet)	(square yards)	(square feet)
			(In '0	00')	
,	T				
1	Thal Limited (Jute Division), D.G. Khan Road,				
_	Muzaffargarh, Punjab	862	647	862	647
2	Plot #448 & 449 Sundar Industrial Estate Raiwind Road,				
	Lahore, Punjab.	8	39	8	39
3	Plot 1, 2, 25 & 26 Sector 22 Korangi Industrial Area				
	Karachi, Sindh.	51	229	51	229
4	DSU-14 sector II Downstream Industrial estate Bin Qasim,				
	Karachi, Sindh.	24	32	24	32
5	Shop number 6, Clifton Pride, G-3/18, Clifton, Karachi, Sindh.	0.50	0.50	0.50	0.50
6	Plot # SP-6, N.W.I.Z/I/P-133 C, North Western Industrial Zone,				
	Port Qasim Authority, Karachi.	22	193	22	193
7	Survey No. 148/1, Abyssinia Lines, Mubarak Shaheed Rd.				
	Saddar, Karachi, Sindh.	24	216	24	216
8	Plot # 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 39A, 40, 40A, 41, 42, 69, 69A, 70				
	and 71, Zila Moza Pathra, Hub, Balochistan	92	329	92	211
9	Plot C-49-58, Sector C, Hub Industrial Area. Hub, Balochistan	6	12	6	12
10	Plot # 38, Road # 3, Industrial Estate, Gadoon Amazai,				
10	Swabi, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.	19	40	19	40
	Owabi, raiyboi i aiditaliidiiva.	10	70	10	70

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

				COST					ACCUMUL	ACCUMULATED AMORTIZATION	TIZATION		WRITTEN DOWN VALUE
	Note	Opening balance	Additions Transfers (Rupees in '00		Disposals	Closing	Amortiastion Opening Rate balance %	Opening balance	Charge for the year	Transfers Disposals(Rupees in '000'	Disposals s in '000').	Closing	As at June 30
Softwares		25,324	ı	1	1	25,324	33	21,760	2,138		1	23,898	1,426
Licences - Software - Product	0.5	72,680	13,295	1 1	(40)	85,935	33	52,448	13,980	1 1	(36)	66,392	19,543
2022		273,389	13,295		(40)	286,644		147,231	62,258		(36)	209,453	77,191
2021		261,548	11,841	'	1	273,389		82,721	64,510		'	147,231	126,158
: i	-	:			:					Note	2022 (Rup	ees in '00	2021
The amortisa Cost of sales Distribution al Administrative	ation charg nd selling e expenses	ge for the yeaxpenses	ear has beer		as follows					388 300 300	56,12		1,256 7,760
	Softwares Licences - Software - Product 2022 The amortisa Cost of sales Distribution a	Softwares Licences - Software - Product 9.2 2022 2021 The amortisation charg Cost of sales Distribution and selling & Administrative expenses	Softwares Licences - Software - Software - Product - 9.2 - 72,680 - 175,385 2022 - 273,389 - 2021 - 261,548 - Cost of sales Distribution and selling expenses Administrative expenses	ares bes tware duct 9.2 72,680 72,680 72,680 273,389 261,548 amortisation charge for the year of sales bution and selling expenses nistrative expenses	ares 25,324	ares 25,324	ares 25,324 (40) T2,680 13,295 - (40) 273,389 13,295 - (40) 261,548 11,841 2 261,548 11,841 2 amortisation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: of sales bution and selling expenses nistrative expenses	ares 25,324 25,324 bduct 9.2 72,680 13,295 - (40) 85,935 273,389 13,295 - (40) 286,644 = 261,548 11,841 273,389 amortisation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: bution and selling expenses nistrative expenses	ares 25,324 25,324 33 25,324 25,324 33 tware 72,680 13,295 - (40) 85,935 33 40ct 9.2 175,385 - (40) 286,644	ares 25,324 25,324 33 21,760 25,324 25,324 33 21,760 25,324 25,324 33 21,760 272,680 13,295 - (40) 85,935 33 52,448 1 273,389 13,295 - (40) 286,644 147,231 6 261,548 11,841 273,389 82,721 6 amortisation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: of sales button and selling expenses nistrative expenses	ares 25,324	ares 25,324	ares 25,324 25,324 33 21,760 2,138 - 23,898 25,324 25,324 33 21,760 2,138 - 23,898 25,324 175,385 20-33 73,023 46,140 119,163 273,389 13,295 - (40) 286,644 147,231 62,288 - (36) 209,453 261,548 11,841 273,389 82,721 64,510 119,163 261,548 13,980 - (36) 66,392 273,389 13,295 - (40) 286,644 2 147,231 62,288 - (36) 209,453 261,548 11,841 273,389 82,721 64,510 119,163 261,548 13,980 - (36) 26,124 261,548 13,980 - (36) 26,124 261,548 13,980 - (19,163 273,389 20,22 Note 20,22 Note 20,22 Systim and selling expenses 37 56,124 Systim and selling expenses Systim and

9.2 Represents patent rights and technical services acquired in respect of engineering business.

Intangible assets include items having an aggregate cost of Rs 54.052 million (2021: Rs 40.395 million) which are fully amortised and still in use of the Group. 9.3

2022 2021 (Rupees in '000')	6,122,045 6,247,495		6,227,839 6,473,153
Note	10.1	10.2	
SAITABOOM TIMENTS OF THE SAITABOOM S	Land and building	Capital work in progress	

10.1 Land and building

			COST			ACC	OMULAIEU IMPAIRI	ACCUMULALED DEPRECIATION / IMPAIRMENT *		Written down value
	Opening balance	Additions/ Subsequent expenditure	Disposals	Closing balance	Depreciation Rate	Opening balance	Charge for the year impairment*	Disposals	Closing balance	As at June 30
		(Rupees	(,000, ui		% -		(R	(Rupees in '000')	J')	
Freehold										
Land	974,504	ı	ı	974,504	1	1	1	1	1	974,504
Building and related improvements	1,697,302	ı	ı	1,697,302	2.5 - 16	558,497	46,167	I	604,664	1,092,638
Equipment	216,899	1	1	216,899	6.6-20	95,028	30,774	1	125,802	91,097
Leasenoid										
Land	1,657,588	ı	I	1,657,588	2.17 - 3.33	538,462	48,498	1	586,960	1,070,628
Right of Use Assets - land	510,357	ı	I	510,357	2 - 10	55,217	29,208	I	84,425	425,932
Building and related improvements	3,739,018	82,940	ı	3,821,958	2.5 - 16	1,410,587	149,589	I	1,560,176	2,261,782
Equipment	430,190	159,956	1	590,146	6.6-20	320,572	64,110	ı	384,682	205,464
2022	9,225,858	242,896	1	9,468,754		2,978,363	368,346	ı	3,346,709	6,122,045
2021	9,247,744	106,052	(46,374)	9,307,422		2,764,464	337,107	(46,374)	3,059,927	6,247,495
							4,730*			

^{10.1.1} Investment properties comprise various properties across Pakistan, the fair value of which has been determined on the basis of valuation carried out by an independent valuer as of June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 which amounts to Rs. 0.136 billion (2021: Rs 0.133 billion) and Rs. 21.015 billion (2021: Rs 20.031 billion), respectively. The valuation was carried out on the basis of market intelligence, indexation of the original cost, year of construction, present physical condition and lease term of related land. For properties valued in 2021, the management engaged an independent valuer to reassess the fair value and based on desktop valuation, it was determined that there is no material change in the fair value excercised carried out in 2021.

^{10.1.2} The Holding Company has entered into a long-term agreement with Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited, a related party in respect of investment property. The rental agreement has a remaining lease term of 9 months, with escalation clause upon renewal of contract based on mutual agreement. The rental income from investment property is disclosed in Note 41 to these consolidated financial statements.

10.1.3 Details of the Group's immovable investment properties are as under:

S. No	o. Location	Land Area (square yards)	Building Covered Area (square feet) (in	Land Area (square yards) '000)	Building Covered Area (square feet)
1	Industrial Property bearing knewat number 861, 862, 890,				
	895, 905, khatooni number 1086,1087,1116, 1121,1133, Mouza Taraf Ravi, Multan, Punjab.	5	20	5	20
2	Main Air Port Road, DHA, Near Divine Garden Scheme,				
	Lahore, Punjab.	61	134	61	134
3	G-Block, Link Road, Model Town, Lahore, Punjab.	38	300	38	300
4	75 Ravi Road, Lahore (Near Minar-e-Pakistan), Punjab.	24	287	24	287
5	2 km. Thokar Niaz Baig, Multan Road, Lahore, Punjab.	61	133	61	133
6	Main Sargodha Road, Adjacent FDA City, Faisalabad, Punjab.	59	138	59	138
7	Plot 1-A, I-11/4 adjacent Railway Carriage Factory, Islamabad.	43	133	43	133
8	NA-Class 190-219, OKEWARI Near Safari Park,				
	University Road, Karachi, Sindh	53	134	53	134
9	Near Star Gate, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, Sindh.	40	384	40	384
10	D-22, Manghopir Road, S.I.T.E, Karachi, Sindh.	36	158	36	158

2022

2021

10.1.4 The depreciation charge for the year on investment properties are attributable entirely to administrative expenses. (note 39).

	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000')
10.2	Capital work in progress		
	Opening balance	225,658	242,437
	Capital expenditure during the year	158,238	191,011
	Transfers to investment property	(242,896)	(106,052)
	Impairment	-	(136,944)
	Advances against capital assets	(35,206)	35,206
		105,794	225,658

11. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

LUNG-TERM INVESTMENTS		20)22	202	21
	Note	Holding	Rupees	Holding	Rupees
Investment in associates - stated as per equity method		%	in '000	%	in '000
Quoted associates Indus Motor Company Limited Opening balance Share of profit after tax Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income Dividend received during the year Closing balance	11.2	6.22	2,740,771 983,091 (624) (621,030) 3,102,208	6.22	2,303,280 798,114 1,237 (361,860) 2,740,771
[Market value Rs. 5,596.165 million (2021: Rs. 6,132.745 million)]					
Habib Insurance Company Limited Opening balance Share of profit after tax Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income Dividend received during the year Closing balance		4.63	60,045 3,122 (4,711) (3,585) 54,871	4.63	52,615 4,453 5,845 (2,868) 60,045
[Market value Rs. 36.993 million (2021: Rs. 46.457 million)]					
Agriauto Industries Limited Opening balance Share of profit after tax Dividend received during the year Closing balance		7.35	405,409 54,126 (12,694) 446,841	7.35	357,157 60,946 (12,694) 405,409
[Market value Rs. 283.490 million (2021: Rs. 580.499 million)]					
Shabbir Tiles & Ceramics Limited Opening balance Share of profit after tax Dividend received during the year Closing balance	11.3	1.30	31,397 14,956 (3,902) 42,451	1.30	24,122 7,275 - 31,397
[Market value Rs. 45.668 million (2021: Rs. 104.104 million)]			3,646,371		3,237,622
Un-quoted associates Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited (SECMC) Opening balance Investment made during the year Share of profit after tax Closing balance	11.6	11.90	5,271,269 293,068 1,356,491 6,920,828	11.90	3,408,659 181,771 1,680,839 5,271,269
[Adjusted net assets Rs. 6,901.946 million (2021: Rs. 5,253.376 million)]			10,567,199		8,508,891

	20)22	20	21
Note	Holding %	Rupees in '000	Holding %	Rupees in '000
Joint Ventures				
ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited (TNTPL)11.7 & 11.8		4 700 075		4.500,400
Opening balance Investment made during the year		1,708,875		1,506,429
Advance against issue of shares		1,482,070		213,258
Share of (loss)/profit after tax		(3,414)		(10,812)
Closing balance	26	4,106,439	26	1,708,875
[Adjusted net assets Rs. 4,116.382 million				
(2021: Rs. 1,725.322 million)]				
TOTAL OF ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURE		14,673,638		10,217,766
TOTAL OF ASSOCIATES AND SOINT VENTONE		14,070,000		10,217,700
Listed shares - at fair value through				
other comprehensive income		E0 741		C1 C00
Habib Sugar Mills Limited GlaxoSmithKline (Pakistan) Limited		59,741		61,608
GlaxoSmithKline Healthcare (Pakistan) Limited		120		126
Dynea Pakistan Limited		142,123		180,554
Allied Bank Limited		12,546		13,482
Habib Bank Limited		5,948 37,645		7,968 36,042
TPL Properties Limited 11.9		258,333		300,058
11.0				
TOTAL		14,931,971		10,517,824

11.1 Share of profit after tax of associates and joint venture

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
Associates			
Indus Motor Company Limited		983,091	798,114
Habib Insurance Company Limited		3,122	4,453
Agriauto Industries Limited		54,126	60,946
Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited	11.3	14,956	7,275
Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited	11.6	1,356,491	1,680,839
		2,411,786	2,551,627
Joint venture			
ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited	11.7 & 11.8	(3,414)	(10,812)
		2,408,372	2,540,815

- 11.2 Although the Group has less than 20% equity interest in all its associates, the management believes that significant influence over these associates exists by virtue of Group's representation on the Board of Directors of the respective companies.
- 11.3 As the financial statements of this associate were not available at the reporting date of the Group, therefore the Group used the financial statements of the associate with a lag of three months for applying the equity method of accounting. Accordingly, the financial information from the latest available financial statements is presented i.e March 31, 2022

	Indus Motor Company Limit	Indus Motor Company Limited	Habib Insurance Company Limited	surance Limited	Agrie Industries	Agriauto Industries Limited	Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited	iles and Limited	Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Lim	Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited	ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited	ı Power e) Limited
	30 Jun 2022	30 Jun 2021	30 Jun 2022	30 Jun 2021	30 Jun 2022	30 Jun 2021	31 Mar 2022	31 Mar 2021	30 Jun 2022	30 Jun 2021	30 Jun 2022	30 Jun 2021
						(Kupees In '000')	(,000. uı					
Revenue	275,505,778	179,161,727	986,144	731,408	15,397,684	10,485,027	11,192,543	8,366,731	47,072,709	36,361,101	1	1
Profit/(loss) after taxation	15,801,848	12,828,592	67,435	96,163	736,821	829,664	1,146,722	557,683	11,399,078	14,270,155	(13,127)	(41,585)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	(10,037)	19,882	(101,740)	126,235	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	15,791,811	12,848,474	(34,305)	222,398	736,821	829,664	1,146,722	557,683	11,399,078	14,270,155	(13,127)	(41,585)
Cash and cash equivalents	92,396,887	71,477,141	71,585	1,537	(859,041)	455,215	553,224	873,607	41,761,032 26,848,070	26,848,070	1,657,560	54,098
Non-current assets	23,833,764	19,194,251			2,936,929	2,350,556	3,642,686	2,660,696	94,849,966	81,309,175	66,702,132	31,806,988
Current assets	190,131,590 114,711,565	114,711,565			6,589,176	4,767,872	3,776,095	3,998,656	84,904,414	61,307,875	4,589,606	295,654
Total assets	213,965,354 133,905,816	133,905,816	3,992,085	3,909,004	9,526,105	7,118,428	7,418,781	6,659,352	179,754,380	179,754,380 142,617,050	71,291,738	32,102,642
Less:												
Non-current liabilities	(280,837)	(745,433)			(167,441)	(808,308)	(726,866)	(945,816)	(66,979,183)	(945,816) (66,979,183) (56,853,375) (51,951,133)	(51,951,133) ((21,633,967)
Current liabilities	(159,673,441)	(84,958,918)			(3,023,639)	(1,249,116)	(3,881,604)	(3,228,314)	(53,529,295)	(40,371,300)	(4,035,563)	(1,156,566)
Total liabilities	(159,954,278)	(85,704,351)	(2,827,331)	(2,632,523)	(3,191,080)	(1,347,424)	(4,608,470)	(4,174,130)	(4,174,130) (120,508,478)	(97,224,675) (55,986,696)		(22,790,533)
Net assets	54,011,076	48,201,465	1,164,754	1,276,481	6,335,025	5,771,004	2,810,311	2,485,222	59,245,902	45,392,375	15,305,042	9,312,109
Less: Preference shares	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	(1,246,356)	(1,246,356)	1	1
Add/Less: Advance against shares											000	(20026)
ווסניוון שופון איני איני איני איני איני איני איני אינ	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1		021,130	(2,0,0,0,2)
Adjusted net assets	54,011,076	48,201,465	1,164,754	1,276,481	6,335,025	5,771,004	2,810,311	2,485,222	57,999,546	44,146,019	15,832,240	6,635,854
Group's share in net assets (%)	6.22%	6.22%	4.63%	4.63%	7.35%	7.35%	1.30%	1.30%	11.90%	11.90%	26.00%	26.00%
Share in net assets	3,359,489	2,998,131	53,928	59,101	465,624	424,169	36,534	32,308	6,901,946	5,253,376	4,116,382	1,725,322
Others	(257,281)	(257,360)	943	944	(18,783)	(18,760)	5,917	(911)	18,882	17,893	(9,943)	(16,447)
Carrying amount	3,102,208	2,740,771	54,871	60,045	446,841	405,409	42,451	31,397	6,920,828	5,271,269	4,106,439	1,708,875

11.5 Share in contingent liabilities of associated companies

Share in commitments of associated companies

2022	2021
(Rupees	in '000)
904,251	515,555
7,159,938	9,197,774

11.6 This includes investment in Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited (SECMC), an associate established for the construction of coal mine. Although the Group has less than 20% equity interest in the associate, the management believes that it has significant influence due to the contractual agreement with the shareholders. The Group undertook to invest a total of USD 25.6 million to expand the mine to 7.6 mtpa. Phase I of the Project achieved commercial operations in July 2019 and Phase II achieved financial close in December 2019. During the year, the Group invested Rs. 293.068 million in SECMC. As on the reporting date, the Group has invested Rs. 2,840.15 million acquiring 191,643,025 ordinary shares having face value of Rs. 10 each, at a price of Rs. 14.82 per share. The balance commitment of the investment is USD 2.5 million in PKR equivalent.

To secure the Group's commitment as above, a commercial bank has issued a guarantee in favour of the Group amounting to Rs. 1,544.277 million (2021: Rs. 1,544.277 million).

- 11.7 TNTPL is a joint venture between the Holding Company, Nova Powergen Limited (subsidiary of Novatex Limited) and The Hub Power Company Limited which was formed under the Joint Venture Agreement. The Holding Company holds 26% (2021: 26%) equity interest in TNPTL comprising 266,669,867 shares (2021: 153,453,275 shares) at Rs. 10/- each and has joint control under the terms of the Joint Venture Agreement.
- 11.8 The Group undertook to invest USD 34.3 million in PKR equivalent in ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited (TNTPL), which is a company developing a coal based power plant. Upto the statement of financial position date, the Group has invested Rs. 4,148.770 million in TNTPL acquiring 266,669,867 ordinary shares having face value of Rs. 10 each out of which Rs. 1,482.070 million is advance against share capital. During the year, the Group invested Rs. 2,400.978 million in TNTPL. The balance commitment of the investment is USD 10 million in PKR equivalent. TNTPL achieved its financial close on September 30, 2020 and expects to achieve Commercial Operations Date (COD) in 2022.

During the previous year, China Machinery Engineering Corporation (CMEC) has been appointed as the EPC Contractor. TNTPL has entered into Coal Supply Agreement (CSA) with SECMC to supply 1.9 million tons per annum of lignite. It has also entered into a Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with the Central Power Purchase Agency (Guarantee) Limited (CPPA) and the Implementation Agreement with Private Power Infrastructure Board (PPIB).

The Power Plant is listed under Priority Projects under the China Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) and its financing is being led by China Development Bank and Habib Bank Limited. TNTPL achieved its financial close on September 30, 2020. Subsequently, despite a brief delay, both USD lenders and PKR lenders have disbursed their first tranche of debt. The project is expected to achieve Commercial Operations Date (COD) in 2022.

To secure the Group's commitment as above, a commercial bank has issued a guarantee in favour of the Group amounting to Rs. 1,905.147 million (2021: Rs. 3,509.893 million).

11.9 The cost of these investments is Rs. 54.648 million (2021: Rs. 54.648 million). The Group recognised loss of Rs. 41.725 million (2021: gain of Rs. 130.011 million) on revaluation of these equity instruments in other comprehensive income.

Note 2022 2021 -----(Rupees in '000)------

12. LONG-TERM DEPOSITS

Security deposits
Utilities
Others

24,004	14,236
9,870	9,144
1,581	1,423
35,455	24,803

13.	LONG TERM PREPAYMENT	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Advance rent Provision against advance rent	13.1	50,671 (28,170) 22,501	50,671 (28,170) 22,501

13.1 This represents unamortised portion of advance rent paid to Army Welfare Trust (AWT) for the lease of land. Pending the resolution of the matter, as referred to in note 1.2.3 of these consolidated financial statements, the Group as a matter of prudence has made provision against this balance after adjusting for the rent liabilities towards AWT amounting to Rs 22.501 million (2021: Rs. 22.501 million).

		Note	2022	2021
	CTORES CRARES AND LOOSE TOOLS		(Rupees	in '000)
14.	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS Stores			
	- in hand		65,047	43,275
	Spares in hand		266,606	187,455
	Loose tools		124	180
	Less:			
	Provision for obsolescence	14.1 & 14.2	(87,634)	(72,601)
			244,143	158,309
14.1	Movement - Provision for obsolesence			
	Opening balance		72,601	80,317
	Charge/(reversal) for the year - net		15,033	(7,716)
	Closing balance		87,634	72,601

14.2 Aggregate cost of stores, spares and loose tools which have been provided for based on obsolescence amount to Rs. 144.480 million (2021: Rs. 152.477 million). Accordingly, net realisable value of such inventory amounts to Rs 56.846 million (2021: Rs 79.876 million).

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
15.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Raw material			
	- In hand	15.1	5,819,908	4,977,029
	- In transit		3,163,083	2,164,918
			8,982,991	7,141,947
	Work-in-process		809,655	560,647
	Finished goods			
	- In hand		1,255,532	635,944
	- In transit		7	987
	Less: Provision for obsolescence	15.2 & 15.3	(239,467)	(220,910)
			10,808,718	8,118,615

15.1 Raw materials amounting to Rs 11.432 million (2021: Rs 10.887 million) are held with the sub-contractors.

		Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
15.2	Movement - Provision for obsolescence			
	Opening balance		220,910	197,666
	Charge for the year - net		18,557	23,244
	Closing balance		239,467	220,910

15.3 Aggregate of raw material, work-in-process and finished goods which have been provided for based on obsolescence amount to Rs. 426.427 million (2021: Rs. 639.444 million), Rs. 15.503 million (2021: Rs. 24.354 million) and Rs. 41.554 million (2021: Rs. 426.464 million), respectively. Accordingly, net realisable value of such stock-in-trade amounts to Rs 248.287 million (2021: Rs 869.352 million).

Note

2022

2021

			(Rupees	in '000)
16.	TRADE DEBTS			
	Considered good 16	6.1 & 16.2	4,042,882	3,546,670
	Allowance for expected credit losses	16.3	(80,305)	(83,633)
			3,962,577	3,463,037
16.1	This includes amount due from the following related parties:			
	Indus Motor Company Limited		1,143,381	1,064,082
	Agriauto Industries Limited		226	247
	Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited		33,409	12,041
			1,177,016	1,076,370

16.2	The maximum aggregate amount due from the related parties at the en	nd of any month dur	ing the year is as f	follows:
		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Indus Motor Company Limited Agriauto Industries Limited Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited		3,699 36,165	1,064,128 5,929 28,563
16.3	Movement - Allowances for expected credit losses			
	Opening balance Reversal for the year Bad debts written off during the year Closing balance	41 Note	83,633 (1,309) (2,019) 80,305 2022 (Rupees	216,155 (132,522)
17.	LOANS AND ADVANCES		(Hapooo	000)
	Advances - considered good - unsecured Suppliers Employees Others	17.1	295,047 8,484 405,730 709,261 709,261	109,432 2,395 1,503 113,330 113,330

17.1 The amount incudes advance to HUBCO for retirement of Water system facility LC under letter of undertaking issued by Thal Power (Private) Limited and Nova Powergen amouting to Rs 405.6 million.

18.	TRADE DEPOSITS AND SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Trade deposits			
	Tender		154,671	186,902
	Margin against letter of credit		905,353	198,371
	Deposit against custom duty		7,182	7,182
	Container deposits		34,567	29,124
	Others		-	30
		18.1	1,101,773	421,609
	Short-term prepayments			
	Rent		2,640	2,709
	Insurance	18.2	20,636	20,725
	Others		22,946	21,539
			46,222	44,973
			1,147,995	466,582
18.1	These deposits are interest free.			

18.2 This includes prepayments amounting to Rs 7.079 million (2021: Rs 12.366 million) paid to Habib Insurance Company Limited, a related party.

		Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
19.	OTHER RECEIVABLES			
	Tooling income receivable		30,852	47,246
	Duty drawback		17,326	2,006
	Receivable against WPPF	19.3	5,061	-
	Custom duty reimbursable	31.3	892,813	659,608
	Others	19.1 & 19.2	15,806	10,775
			961,858	719,635
19.1	This includes receivable from the following related parties:			
	Indus Motor Company Limited		5,310	418
	Agriautos Industries Limited		2,058	104
	Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited		435	118
			7,803	640

19.2 The maximum aggregate amount due from related parties at the end of any month during the year is as follows:

2022	2021
(Rupees	in '000)
5,310	418
2,058	104
435	118
(2,942)	2,937
(229,939)	(182,942)
(232,881)	(180,005)
237,942	177,063
5,061	(2,942)
	(2,942) (229,939) (232,881) 237,942

20.	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS At fair value through profit or loss	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Treasury Bills	20.1	741,340	1,591,814
	Term Finance Certificates (TFCs)	20.2	237,500	242,000
	Mutual funds ABL Cash Fund Alfalah GHP Income Fund Alfalah GHP Money Market Fund Al-Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund Atlas Money Market Fund Faysal Money Markety Fund HBL Cash Fund MCB Cash Management Optimizer Fund NBP Money Market Fund NIT Money Market Fund UBL Liquidity Plus Fund	20.3	118,406 4,306 641,597 297,754 293,992 69,367 884,575 1,086,239 1,062,474 94,461 610,665 5,163,836	740,736 29,320 743,300 160,752 405,532 105,224 892,551 575,113 701,451 165,009 754,885 5,273,873
	OBL Liquidity Flus Fulld			

- 20.1 These carry effective yield of 8% to 14.25% (2021: 7% to 8%) per annum, having maturity latest by July 2022.
- 20.2 This represents participation in private placement of TFCs carrying interest rate at the rate of 3 month KIBOR + 1.6% (2021: 3 month KIBOR + 1.6%) per annum. These TFCs do not have any fixed maturity date and are perpetual in nature.
- 20.3 Mutual fund units amounting to Rs. 166.373 million (2021: Rs. 124.120 million) are under lien as margin for security against State Bank of Pakistan's Temporary Economic Refinance Facility and State Bank of Pakistan's Refinance Facility for Renewable Energy from various commercial bank.

21.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
	Cash in hand		2,184	638
	Bank balances in:			
	Current accounts		481,023	277,670
	Term Deposit Receipts (TDRs)	21.1 & 21.2	1,146,597	1,351,597
	Savings accounts	21.3 & 21.4	1,427,449	1,050,869
			3,055,069	2,680,136
			3,057,253	2,680,774

- 21.1 These carry interest at rates ranging from 5.75% to 20% (2021: 6.55% to 9.00%) per annum having maturity latest by August 15, 2022.
- 21.2 TDR amounting to Rs. 209.37 million (2021: Rs. 145.950 million) is under lien against a letter of guarantee issued by a commercial bank on behalf of the Group and a TDR amounting to Rs. 2.227 million (2021: Rs. 2.227 million) provided as security against guarantee in favour of Sui Southern Gas Company Limited.
- 21.3 These carry interest at rates ranging from 5.50% to 14.5% (2021: 5.50% to 5.80%) per annum.
- 21.4 This includes a special bank account maintained in respect of security deposit in compliance with the requirements of Companies Act, 2017.

22.	ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Assets acquired in settlement of claims		-	6,720
	Less: Provision for impairment	22.1	<u> </u>	(1,720)
			-	5,000
22.1	Movement - Provision of impairment			
		Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
	Opening balance		1,720	-
	Charge for the year	40	1,021	1,720
	Reversal for the year		(2,741)	-
	Closing balance		-	1,720

23. SHARE CAPITAL

23.1 Authorized Capital

The Holding Company has authorised capital of 200 million ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each amounting to Rs. 1,000 million.

23.2 Issued, Subscribed and paid-up capital

2022 Number o shares of R	,		2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
5,149,850	5,149,850	Fully paid in cash	25,750	25,750
64,640,390	64,640,390	Issued as fully paid bonus shares	323,202	323,202
		Shares issued under the Scheme of		
11,239,669	11,239,669	Arrangements for Amalgamation	56,198	56,198
81,029,909	81,029,909		405,150	405,150

23.3 Voting rights and board selection are in proportion to the shareholding.

24. RESERVES

	2022 (Rupee	2021 s in '000)
Capital reserves		
Reserve on merger of former Pakistan Jute and		
Synthetics Limited and former Thal Jute Mills Limited	13,240	13,240
Premium on issue of share capital	12,225	12,225
Reserve on merger of former Pakistan Paper Sack		
Corporation Limited and former Khyber Papers (Private) Limited	42,464	42,464
	67,929	67,929
Revenue reserves		
General reserve	21,780,875	19,131,874
Unappropriated profit	12,484,696	10,214,613
	34,265,571	29,346,487
Gain on revaluation of investments held at fair value through OCI	198,716	245,413
	34,532,216	29,659,829
		

25.	NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Habib Metro Pakistan (Private) Limited		6,234,944	6,151,272
	Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited		421,609	413,734
			6,656,553	6,565,006
26.	LONG TERM DEPOSITS AND PAYABLES Deposits with: - Related Party - Others Payable in respect of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess	26.1 26.2	291,807 38,831 14,545	290,615 38,548 15,919
	Less: Current maturity		(5,495)	(5,495)
			339,688	339,587

26.1 This includes security deposits received from the following related parties under rent agreements:

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
Indus Motor Company Limited		326	326
Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited		1,974	783
Metro Pakistan (Private) Limited		289,507	289,506
		291,807	290,615

26.2 These deposits are utilisable as per agreement with customers. During the year, the Group invested an amount of Rs. 23.005 million (2021: Nil) in treasury bills from these deposits.

27. LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
Secured			
State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) Refinance Facility for Payment of			
Salaries and Wages	27.1	74,678	174,249
Less: Current portion		(74,678)	(99,571)
		-	74,678
SBP's Temporary Economic Refinance Facility	27.2	1,467,674	99,281
Less: Deferred income	29	(345,189)	(26,703)
		1,122,485	72,578
SBP's Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy	27.3	296,858	47,579
Less: Deferred income	29	(58,466)	-
Less: Current portion		(7,220)	(9,593)
		231,172	37,986
Long-term loan	27.4	918,908	-
Islamic mode of financing	27.5	7,427	-
Less: Current portion		(2,176)	-
·		5,251	-
Unsecured			
Toyota Boshoku Asia Corporation Limited - NCI	27.6	298,982	229,949
Less: Current portion		(298,982)	-
		-	229,949
		2,277,816	415,191

- 27.1 In 2020, SBP introduced a Temporary Refinance Scheme for payment of wages and salaries to the workers and employees of business concerns to support companies in making the payment of salaries and wages due to economic challenges imposed by COVID-19. This carries interest at the rate of 1.25% per annum and is repayable in eight equal quarterly installments. The borrowing is secured against a joint Pari Passu hypothecation charge on all present and future stocks, book debts and certain receivables of the Group.
- 27.2 In 2020, SBP introduced a Temporary Economic Refinance Facility to facilitate purchase of new plant and machinery to be used for setting up of new projects in all sectors. The total amount of the facilities from various commercial banks is Rs 1,510 million, out of which the Group has utilised Rs 1,468 million as at June 30, 2022. The facilities carry interest at rates ranging from of 1.95% to 3.00% and are repayable in 32 equal quarterly installments starting from July 2023. The facilities are secured against charge against the underlying fixed assets.
- 27.3 In 2016, SBP introduced Refinance Scheme for Renewable Energy to encourage and facilitate purchase and installation of renewable energy facilities. Through a circular issued in 2019, the expiry period of the scheme was extended to June 30, 2022. The total amount of the facilities from various commercial banks is Rs 358 million, out of which the Group has utilised Rs 297 million as at June 30, 2022 for installation of solar power system at various location. The facilities carries interest at rates ranging from 2.45% to 3.45% and are repayable in 40 equal quarterly installments. The facilities are secured against charge against the underlying fixed assets.
- 27.4 During the period, the Holding Company obtained long-term loan from a commercial bank for investment in ThalNova Power Thar (Private) Limited through its subsidiary, Thal Power (Private) Limited. The facilities carries interest at 3-month KIBOR + 0.25% and is repayable in 20 equal quarterly installments starting from January 2024. The facilities are secured against charge against fixed assets of the Holding Company.
- 27.5 This represents Diminishing Musharaka Arrangement of Rs. 8.408 million with a modaraba for financing expenditure incurred. The tenor of the facility is five years with no years grace period. This finance facility is repayable in sixty equal monthly installments which commenced from December 2021 and is payable latest by November 2026.
- 27.6 This represents a foreign currency loan of USD 1.459 million, in equivalent Pakistani Rupees, which on the date of transfer amounted to Rs. 225 million. This carries mark up at LIBOR + 0.1% per annum and is repayable by January, 2023.

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
28.	LEASE LIABILITIES Opening balance Re-assessment of lease liabilities Accretion of interest Less: Lease rentals paid Balance at the end of the year		1,026,117 4,892 123,699 (137,983) 1,016,725	882,702 136,901 115,430 (108,916) 1,026,117
	Less: Current portion Long-term lease liabilities		(122,778) 893,947	(120,223)
29.	DEFERRED INCOME Deferred income Less: Current portion	29.1 29.2	403,655 (70,910) 332,745	26,703 (4,394) 22,309
29.1	Movement - Deferred income Opening balance Recognition of deferred income during the year Amortisation during the year Closing balance		26,703 428,799 (51,847) 403,655	26,988 (285) 26,703

29.2 This relates to benefit of SBP's Temporary Economic Refinance Facility and SBP's Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy at below-market interest rate. The deferred income is being amortised to the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a systematic basis over the period during which the related interest expense, which it is intended to compensate, is expensed.

	Note	2022	2021
		(Rupees	in '000)
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY - net			
Taxable temporary differences arising:			
Accelerated depreciation		423,086	307,935
Investment in associates and joint venture		735,883	478,613
		1,158,969	786,548
Deductible temporary differences arising on:			
Provisions		(566,635)	(440,418)
Lease liabilities		(33,193)	(34,129)
Unused tax losses carried forward	30.1	(32,323)	(47,229)
Unused tax credit carried forward		(38,962)	(12,693)
Unrealized loss on investments classified as FVPL		(9,904)	(8,943)
		(681,017)	(543,412)
		477,952	243,136
Officialized 1055 Off investments classified as FVFL		(681,017)	(543,412)

30.

30.1 TBPPL has carried forward taxable losses of Rs. 134.40 million (2021: Rs. 162.86 million). The losses will be realised to the extent of tax benefit through future taxable profits, based on the projections.

31.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
01.	Creditors	31.1	2,225,827	1,476,859
	Accrued liabilities and levies	31.2	1,917,658	1,574,517
	Additional custom duty provision	31.3	863,840	735,027
	Salaries payable	01.0	22,150	24,844
	Warranty obligations	31.4	823,154	670,297
	Advance from customer (Contract liabilities)	31.5	141,092	28,711
	,	31.6	144,463	106,636
	Royalty payable	31.0	1,331	459
	Payable to provident fund Payable to retirement benefit fund		14,181	11,710
	,			· ·
	Security deposits	04.7	10,715	13,083
	Other liabilities	31.7	312,142	231,323
			6,476,553	4,873,466
31.1	This includes amounts due to related parties:			
31.1	Habib Insurance Company Limited		2,513	2,142
	Indus Motor Company Limited		2,010	100
	METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited		9.944	436
	METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited			
			12,457	2,678
21.2	This includes amounts due to the following related party:			
01.2	Toyota Boshoku Asia Corporation Limited			6,056
	Habib Insurance Company Limited		1.204	363
	METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited		9.434	8,839
	MILTITO FANSIAIT (FITVALE) LITTILEU		10,638	15,258
			=======================================	=======================================

31.3 Last year the Federal Board of Revenue vide its SRO dated June 28, 2019 imposed additional custom duty on the imports of certain items specified in the First Schedule to the Customs Act, 1969. The Group aggrieved by the notification is contesting its applicability by filing appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Customs Karachi (ATC) where the hearing is currently pending.

In order to secure the Group's commitment as above, a commercial bank has issued a guarantee in favour of the Group amounting to Rs. 92.397 million (2021: Rs. 109.416 million).

With reference to the above Indus Motor Company Limited (IMC), a related party, committed to reimbuse the Group for any outflow that it may incur on account of additional customs duty paid on goods imported for supplies made to IMC. Accordingly, a reimbursement asset is recorded as disclosed in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
31.4	Warranty obligations			,
	Opening balance		670,297	558,644
	Charge for the year	38	171,740	127,740
	Claims paid during the year		(18,883)_	(16,087)
	Closing balance		823,154	670,297
31.5	Revenue recognised during the year that was include	ed in contract liabilities balance at the	beginning of the	vear amounts to

Rs. 28.711 million (2021: Rs. 42.313 million).

		Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
31.6	Royalty payable			
	Opening balance		106,636	43,667
	Charge for the year	37	268,155	192,588
	Paid during the year		(230,328)	(129,619)
	Closing balance		144,463	106,636
31.7	Other liabilities			
	Provision against municipal utility charges	31.7.1	32,801	32,801
	Advance from contractor	31.7.2	49,833	-
	Withholding tax payable		20,188	5,249
	Employees Old-Age Benefits Institution (EOBI)		65,060	62,998
	Workers' Profit Participation Fund	19.3	-	2,942
	Workers' Welfare Fund	31.7.3	92,502	83,891
	Licence fee received in advance		7,928	13,795
	Others		43,830	29,647
			312,142	231,323

- 31.7.1 During the year ended 30 June 2017, the MHPL received a bill from Karachi Metropolitan Corporation in respect of Municipal Service Charges amounting to Rs. 32.801 million. Out of which Rs.1.306 million pertains to the period July to October 2016 and the remaining pertains to prior years. MHPL is contesting the applicability of the above charges. However, as a matter of prudence, full provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- 31.7.2 Represents advance from a contractor for purchase and dismantling of steel and RCC structure of MHPL's Store as mentioned in note 1.2.3 to these consolidated financial statements.
- 31.7.3 During the year ended 30 June 2017, the Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) declared the amendments made in WWF through Finance Act as null and void. However, a review petition was tried in 2017 against the above order of SCP by the Federal Board of Revenue. The management of MHPL, based on the opinion of its legal advisor, is confident that the MHPL would not be liable to pay any amount in respect of this matter However, as a matter of prudence and abundant caution, the management has decided to keep the provision of Rs. 3.345 million in these consolidated financial statements, without prejudice, and without admitting the liability, until the verdict of SCP on this matter.

32. ACCRUED MARK-UP

This includes interest due to Toyota Boshoku Asia Corporation Limited, a related party amounting to Rs. 6.123 million (2021: Rs. 1.623 million)

		Note	2022	2021
			(Rupees	in '000)
33.	SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS			
	Export Refinance Scheme	33.1	555,000	361,000
	Export Finance Scheme	33.2	42,080	-
	Running finance facilities	33.3	104,736	167,164
			701,816	528,164

- 33.1 This represents Export Refinance Facility obtained by the Holding Company from various commercial bank. The total amount of the facility is Rs. 555 million (2021: Rs. 361 million). It carries markup at rates ranging from 2.35% to 3% per annum (2021: 3% per annum) and is secured against a joint Pari Passu hypothecation charge on all present and future stocks and book debts of the Holding Company. The portion of the facility utilized during the year amounted to Rs 555 million (2021: Rs. 361 million) and is repayable latest by August 2022.
- 33.2 This represents Export Finance Scheme obtained by the Holding Company from a commercial bank. The total amount of the facility is Rs. 68 million (2021: nil). It carries markup at the rate of 0.49% per annum and is secured against a joint Pari Passu hypothecation charge on all present and future stocks and book debts of the Holding Company. The facility is repayable latest by October 2022.
- 33.3 Represents short-term running finance facilities obtained from various commercial banks which carry markup at the rates ranging from 3 month KIBOR plus 0.4% to 1 month KIBOR plus 1% (2021: 3 month KIBOR plus 0.4% to 1 month KIBOR plus 1% per annum) and are repayable on demand. These are secured by way of pair passu hypothecation charge over all the present and future stocks and receivables of TBPPL and all plant and machinery of TBPPL located at factory premises. As at June 30, 2022 the unutilized portion of these facilities amounts to Rs. 494 million (2021: Rs. 328 million).

		Note	2021	2020
			(Rupees	in '000)
34.	INCOME TAX - net			
	Group Tax Relief adjustments	34.1	(684,120)	(684,120)
	Group Taxation adjustments	34.2	58,266	46,904
	Income tax provision less tax payments - net	34.3	1,778,277	1,050,054
			1,152,423	412,838

34.1 In terms of the provisions of Section 59B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance), a subsidiary company may surrender its tax losses in favour of its holding company for set off against the income of its holding company subject to certain conditions as prescribed under the Ordinance.

Accordingly, the Holding Company adjusted its tax liabilities for the tax years 2008 to 2010 by acquiring the losses of its subsidiary company and consequently an aggregate sum of Rs. 593.466 million equivalent to the tax value of the losses acquired had been paid to the subsidiary company.

The original assessments of the Holding Company for the tax years 2008 to 2010 were amended under Section 122(5A) of the Ordinance by the tax authorities by disallowing Group Relief claimed by the Holding Company under Section 59B of the Ordinance aggregating to Rs. 593.466 million. The Holding Company preferred appeals against the said amended assessments before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) who vide his orders dated 10 June 2011 and 11 July 2011 has held that the Holding Company is entitled to Group Relief under Section 59B of the Ordinance. However, the tax department filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) against the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeal) (CIR) Order. The ATIR has passed an order in favour of the Holding Company for the above tax years. In response, the Tax department filed reference application / appeal against the order of ATIR before the High Court of Sindh and with the Chairman ATIR which are under the process of hearings.

- 34.2 In terms of provision of Section 59AA of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance), the Holding Company and certain subsidiaries have irrevocably opted to be taxed as one fiscal unit. Accordingly, the tax loss and tax transferred by these subsidiaries under group taxation opted by the Holding Company amounted to Rs. 0.811 million (2021: 2.918) and Rs. 12.173 million (2021: Rs. 5.393 million), respectively.
- 34.3 Includes adjustment of tax challans acquired from MHPL and TPL amounting to Rs 0.162 million (2021: Rs 0.063 million) and Rs 1.075 million (2021: Rs 3.592 million), respectively.

35. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

35.1 Contingencies

- 35.1.1 The Group Relief tax contingency is disclosed in note 33.1 to these consolidated financial statements.
- 35.1.2 Officer Inland Revenue ("OIR") initiated the proceedings for monitoring of withholding taxes of MHPL vide show cause notice on 06 April 2016. The exparte under Section 161/205/182(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 were passed on 14 April 2016 and tax of Rs. 142.596 million for the tax years from 2011 to 2014, was determined inclusive of default surcharge and penalty. MHPL being aggrieved with the order of Assessing Officer, filed an appeal before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) through combined appellate order dated 23 May 2016 for the tax years 2011 to 2014 maintained the decision of OIR.

MHPL being aggreived with order of the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals), filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR), which by an order dated 20 June 2016 annulled the orders of OIR and Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) and also deleted the consequential default surcharge and penalty.

Futher, during the year 2017, OIR challenged the order of the ATIR in the Honorable High Court of Sindh (HCS) and the case is still pending before the Honourable High Court of Sindh. Based on the opinion of the tax advisor the position of MHPL is sound on technical basis and eventual outcome ought to be in favour of MHPL. Pending the resolution of the matters stated above, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

above, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements	ents.		
	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 s in '000)
35.2 Commitments			
35.2.1 Post dated cheques issued to Collector of Custom a customer against advance export proceeds		180,686	180,686
35.2.2Outstanding letters of credit		5,731,152	4,452,809
35.2.3Letter of guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the Group in respect of financial commitments of the Group.	35.2.8	6,568,639	7,425,033
35.2.4Corporate guarantee issued to collector of customs		91,615	76,691
35.2.5Commitments in respect of raw material		1,541,047	959,051
35.2.6Commitments in respect of capital expenditure		139,742	324,043
	Note	2022	2021
35.2.7Commitments for rentals under Ijarah (lease) agreements Within one year		(Rupees	s in '000)
Later than one year but not later than five years		11,904 3,305	26,472 18,744
Later than one year but not later than live years	35.2.10	15,209	45,216

- 35.2.8Commitments in respect of investment are disclosed in note 11 to these consolidated financial statements.
- 35.2.9This guarantee is secured by assets disclosed in note 8.1.6 to these consolidated financial statements.
- 35.2.10 Represent Ijarah (Islamic term finance) agreement entered into with a Modaraba in respect of vehicles. Total Ijarah payments due under the agreements are Rs. 15.209 million and are payable in monthly installments latest by September, 2023. These commitments are secured by on-demand promissory notes of Rs. 34.512 million.

36.	REVENUE - net	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
00.			2,232,429	1,761,339
	Export sales Local sales			
	Local sales		43,661,882 45,894,311	32,468,760 34,230,099
	Less:		.0,00 .,0 .	0.,200,000
	Sales tax		(6,380,410)	(4,798,061)
	Sales discount		(22,962)	(22,624)
			(6,403,372)	(4,820,685)
			39,490,939	29,409,414
	Add:			
	Service income	36.1	274,773	221,220
	Add:			
	Duty drawback		51,279	5,575
			39,816,991	29,636,209
36.1	Service income is presented net of sales tax of Rs. 60.293 million (2021: Rs.	45.167 million).	
		Note	2022	2021
		1 40 00		
			(Rupees	in '000)
37.	COST OF SALES		(Rupees	in '000)
37.	COST OF SALES Raw material consumed	37.1		·
37.	Raw material consumed	37.1	28,995,229	21,007,348
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812	21,007,348 2,194,792
37.	Raw material consumed	37.1	28,995,229	21,007,348
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294 20,393	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455 16,778
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance Communication	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294 20,393 21,104	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455 16,778 18,124
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance Communication Travelling and conveyance	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294 20,393 21,104 39,991	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455 16,778 18,124 29,030
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance Communication Travelling and conveyance Entertainment	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294 20,393 21,104 39,991 6,435	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455 16,778 18,124 29,030 2,449
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance Communication Travelling and conveyance Entertainment Printing and stationery	37.1	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294 20,393 21,104 39,991 6,435 15,318	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455 16,778 18,124 29,030 2,449 12,059
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance Communication Travelling and conveyance Entertainment Printing and stationery Legal and professional expenses	37.1 37.2	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294 20,393 21,104 39,991 6,435 15,318 20,695	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455 16,778 18,124 29,030 2,449 12,059 13,750
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance Communication Travelling and conveyance Entertainment Printing and stationery Legal and professional expenses Computer accessories		28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294 20,393 21,104 39,991 6,435 15,318 20,695 22,445	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455 16,778 18,124 29,030 2,449 12,059 13,750 17,581
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance Communication Travelling and conveyance Entertainment Printing and stationery Legal and professional expenses Computer accessories Royalty	37.2	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294 20,393 21,104 39,991 6,435 15,318 20,695 22,445 268,155	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455 16,778 18,124 29,030 2,449 12,059 13,750 17,581 192,588
37.	Raw material consumed Salaries, wages and benefits Stores and spares consumed Repairs and maintenance Power and fuel Rent, rates and taxes Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance Communication Travelling and conveyance Entertainment Printing and stationery Legal and professional expenses Computer accessories Royalty Depreciation on operating fixed assets	37.2 8.2	28,995,229 2,968,812 368,436 167,670 389,788 7,911 35,294 20,393 21,104 39,991 6,435 15,318 20,695 22,445 268,155 723,964	21,007,348 2,194,792 279,546 150,886 339,763 4,554 56,455 16,778 18,124 29,030 2,449 12,059 13,750 17,581 192,588 608,557

Technical Assistance fee

Cost of goods manufactured

Others

Opening Closing

Work-in-process

Finished goods Opening stock

Purchases

Closing stock

				2022	2021
				(Rupees	in '000)
37.1	Raw material consumed				
	Opening stock			4,977,029	4,390,214
	Purchases			29,838,108	21,594,163
	Closing stock			(5,819,908)	(4,977,029)
				28,995,229	21,007,348
					2224
				2022	2021
27.0	Develor			(Rupees	in '000)
31.2	Royalty	Dagistared Address	Deletionship with Directors		
	Party Name Denso Corporation	Registered Address 448-8661 1-1, Showa-Cho,	Relationship with Directors None	110,103	75,777
	Deliso Corporation	Kariya-city, Aichi-Pref.,	None	110,103	70,777
		Japan.			
	Furukawa Electric	1000, Amago, Koura,	None	116,880	73,733
	Company Limited	Inukami, Shiga Pref,		,	,
	, ,	522-0242, Japan.			
	Yazaki Corporation	4-28 1-Chome, Mita,	None	14,015	17,041
		Minato-ku Tokyo			
		Japan			
	Kyungshin Corporation	98, Gaetbeoi-Ro,	None	897	310
		Yeonsu-Gu, Incheon,			
		Republic of Korea			
	Toyota Boshoku	88, kanayama,	None	26,260	25,727
	Japan Corporation	kamekubi-cho Toyotam			
		Aichi, 470-0395 Japan.			
				268,155	192,588
			Note	2022	2021
0.0	DISTRIBUTION AND	D SELLING EXPENSES	G	(Rupees	in '000)
38.	Salaries and benefits	D SELLING EXPENSE	5	123,281	103,738
	Vehicle running expense			10,344	6,800
	Utilities			836	509
	Insurance			1,642	1,801
	Rent, rates and taxes			1,910	2,927
	Communication			2,787	3,019
	Advertisement and public	city		9,700	7,934
	Travelling and conveyand	e		11,125	5,551
	Entertainment			1,139	497
	Printing and stationery			524	390
	Legal and professional			-	33
	Computer accessories			1,094	1,005
	Research and developme			47	68
	Depreciation on operatin		8.2	5,965	1,507
	Amortization on intangibl		9.1	225	1,256
	Repairs and maintenance	3		516 51.071	1,335
	Export expenses			51,071 356,603	30,137
	Freight expenses Provision for warranty cla	aims	31.4	171,740	265,032 127,740
	ljarah rentals	airio	51.4	3,389	5,871
	Others			1,709	1,354
				755,647	568,504

157 | Thal Limited Annual Report 2022 | 158

422

7,169

34,147,242

560,647

(809,655)

(249,008)

635,944

59,372

(1,255,532)

33,338,018

(560,216)

33,898,234

3,521

4,777

25,027,716

377,192

(560,647)

(183,455)

676,153

33,849

(635,944)

24,918,319

74,058

24,844,261

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
39.	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			,
	Salaries and benefits		676,197	618,257
	Vehicle running expense		20,870	14,813
	Printing and stationery		5,189	3,939
	Rent, rates and taxes		38,570	28,678
	Utilities		117,930	95,532
	Insurance		3,798	3,441
	Entertainment		1,685	906
	Subscription		2,529	2,355
	Communication		5,925	5,876
	Advertisement and publicity		6,771	1,982
	Repairs and maintenance		37,862	48,320
	Travelling and conveyance		14,862	7,578
	Legal and professional advisory services		105,587	107,815
	Computer accessories		12,194	13,389
	Auditors' remuneration	39.1	8,615	8,489
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets	8.2	76,842	42,571
	Amortization on intangible assets	9.1	5,909	7,760
	Depreciation on investment property	10.1	368,346	337,107
	ljarah rentals		9,890	15,870
	Charity and donations 3	9.2 & 39.3	78,295	61,314
	Directors' Fee & meeting expenses		2,090	1,875
	General contracted services		1,549	1,417
	Others		8,054	5,452
			1,609,559	1,434,736
39.1	Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		4,570	3,998
	Half-yearly review		404	374
	Taxation services		1,266	848
	Other certifications		1,279	2,257
	Out of pocket expenses		1,096	1,012
			8,615	8,489

39.2 Charity and donations

Charity and donations include the following donees in whom directors or their spouses are interested:

			2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
Name of donee	Address of donee	Name of directors/spouse		
Mohamedali Habib Welfare Trust	2nd Floor, House of Habib, 3-Jinnah Co-operative Housing Society, Block 7/8, Sharae Faisal, Karachi.	Mr. Rafiq M. Habib - Trustee	14,234	17,090
Habib Education Trus	t 4th floor, United Bank building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi.	Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib - Trustee	12,500	7,000
Habib University	147, Block 7&8, Banglore Cooperative Housing Society, Tipu Sultan Road, Karachi.	Mr. Rafiq M. Habib - Trustee Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib - Trustee	10,060	15,000
Ghulaman-e-Abbas Educational and Medical Trust	Bab-e-Ali, Al-alamdar Building, Near Lyari Expressway, Mauripur Road, Karachi	Mr. Rafiq M. Habib - Trustee	5,000	-
Hussaini Heamotology & Oncology Trust	y 43-Rehmat Manzil, Bhurgari Road, Numaish, Karachi.	Mr. Mohamedali R. Habib - Trustee	96	96
Anjuman -e- Behbood Samat -e- Itefal	ABSA School 26-C National Highway, Korangi Road, Karachi.	Mrs. Rafiq M. Habib - Vice President	30	30

39.3 There are no donees, other than already disclosed in note 39.2 to these consolidated financial statements, to whom donations exceed 10% of total donation or Rs 1 million, whichever is higher.

		Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)	
40.	OTHER CHARGES			·	
	Workers' profits participation fund	19.3	229,939	182,942	
	Workers' welfare fund		83,557	65,963	
	Provision for impairment of investment property		-	141,674	
	Bad debts written off		-	10,136	
	Provision for impairment - PPE		(1,064)	12,728	
	Exchange loss - net		306,881	-	
	Provision for impairment - non-current assets held for sale	22	1,021	1,720	
			620,334	415,163	

	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021
OTHER INCOME	Note	(Hupees	111 000)
Income from financial assets			
Dividend income from:			
- Dynea Pakistan Limited		4,085	6,127
- Habib Sugar Mills Limited		5,601	5,134
- TPL Properties Limited		, -	1,197
- Allied Bank Limited		1,455	1,455
- Habib Bank Limited		521	309
- GlaxoSmithKline Pakistan Limited		12	3
- Mutual funds		534,300	353,638
		545,974	367,863
Interest on:			
- Bank balances		104,291	75,279
- Term deposit receipts		42,586	42,622
- Government treasury bills		18,395	12,340
- Term Finance Certificates (TFCs)		27,318	22,850
		192,590	153,091
Gain on treasury bills		119,096	127,196
(Loss)/Gain on disposal of investment in mutual funds		(6,407)	24,553
Gain/(Loss) on revaluation of investments classified as FVPL		17,243	(31,208)
Reversal of provision for expected credit loss	16.3	1,309	132,522
Exchange gain - Net		-	83,730
Liabilities no longer payable written back			105,894
		323,831	595,778
Income from non financial assets			
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		16,430	43,231
Gain on disposal of investment property		7.570	5,495
Gain on termination of lease arrangements Rental income	41.1, 41.2 & 41.3	7,570	1,916,846
Scrap sales of inventory and investment property	41.1, 41.2 & 41.3	68,817	40,739
Claim from suppliers/customers		30,614	46,009
Rent from sign boards, utilities and others		79,259	60,543
Advertising income		4,472	4,056
Insurance claim		7,051	31,850
Commission income		-	32
Others		22,123	532
		2,366,593	2,149,484
		3,236,398	3,113,125
Maturity analysis of operating lease payments			

41.

41.1

2022

2021

The future aggregate minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
Within one year		2,271,541	1,866,044
After one year but not more than five years		5,615,159	7,452,848
More than five years		-	1,837,689
		7,886,700	11,156,581

- 41.2 The Group has entered into long term rentals agreements with METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited (MPPL) in respect of store premises. The rentals are payable annually at fixed amount subject to inflationary adjustments. In addition, Group has also entered into various short-term rental arrangements with shops with various parties with period of one year and which are renewable.
- 41.3 Short-term rental concessions have been allowed due to COVID-19 situation. These concessions are only in respect of one year contracts and the total impact of such concessions amounts to Rs. 26.988 million in 2021, which had been adjusted from the rental income.

			2022	2021
	Not	e	(Rupees	in '000)
42.	FINANCE COSTS			
	Interest on:			
	- Export Refinance Scheme		15,436	10,178
	- State Bank of Pakistan's Refinance Scheme for payment of salaries and wages		5,705	2,411
	- State Bank of Pakistan's Refinance Scheme for Temporary Economic Relief		66,211	478
	- State Bank of Pakistan's Financing Scheme for Renewable Energy		16,322	286
	- Long-term loan		58,741	-
	- Loan from Thal Boshoku Asia Corporation Limited - NCI		16,465	1,623
	- Running finance facilities		5,192	15,212
	- Lease liabilities		123,699	115,430
	Amortisation of deferred income		(51,847)	(285)
			255,924	145,333
	Bank charges and commission		29,978	28,443
			285,902	173,776
	TAVATION			
43.	TAXATION			
	Current		2,365,871	1,616,260
	Prior		(76,815)	(62,708)
			2,289,056	1,553,552
	Deferred		234,816	316,570
	43.	1	2,523,872	1,870,122
101	Relationship between income tax expense and accounting profit			
43.1	Profit before taxation and share of profit of associates		6,443,929	5,238,836
	From before taxation and share of profit of associates		=======================================	=======================================
	Tax at the rate of 29% (2021: 29%)		1,868,740	1,519,283
	Super tax at the rate of 4% (2021: nil)		236,996	1,019,200
	oupor tax at the rate of 470 (2021.1111)		2,105,736	1,519,283
	Tax effects of:		2,100,700	1,010,200
	Income taxed at reduced rates on dividend and gain on			
	disposal of investments		401,770	328,139
	Income taxed under Final Tax Regime on export sales		(35,771)	(32,642)
	Tax effect of inadmissible items		92,905	74,735
	Tax credits		(14,488)	(7,231)
	Others		(26,280)	(12,162)
			2,523,872	1,870,122
	Average effective tax rate		39%_	36%

44. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Holding Company which is based on:

Net profit for the year attributable to the equity holders of the Holding Company

Number of shares
in thousands

Weighted average number of ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- each in issue

Rupees
in thousands

81,030
81,030
81,030

Rupees)

Rupees

Note

2022

2021

45. CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

Profit before taxation

Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:

Depreciation on:

- Right of use assets
- Investment properties
- Others

Amortisation

Finance costs on:

- Lease liabilities

- Others Interest income

Share in profit of associates

Liabilities no longer payable written back

Gain on revaluation / redemption / disposal of investments classified at FVPL

Dividend income

Allowance for expected credit losses

Bad debts written off

(Reversal)/charge of provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment

Provision for impairment of investment property

Charge of provision against assets classified as held for sale

Provision for retirement benefits

Unrealised exchange loss/(gain) on long-term loan

Gain on disposal of investment properties

Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets

Increase in current assets

Stores, spares and loose tools

Stock-in-trade

Trade debts

Loans and advances

Trade deposits and short-term prepayments

Other receivables

Increase in current liabilities

Trade and other payables

Sales tax payable

(Rupees	in '000)
8,852,301	7,779,651
61,915	49,973
368,346	337,107
744,856	602,662
62,258	64,510
123,699	115,430
162,203	58,346
(192,590)	(153,091)
(2,408,372)	(2,540,815)
-	(105,894)
(129,932)	(120,541)
(545,974)	(367,863)
(1,266)	(132,565)
-	10,136
(1,064)	12,728
-	141,674
1,021	1,720
7,922	8,060
69,033	(15,334)
-	(5,495)
(16,430)	(43,231)
(1,694,375)	(2,082,483)
7,157,926	5,697,168
(85,834)	(16,158)
(2,690,103)	(2,172,845)
(494,295)	(707,532)
(595,931)	(63,149)
(589,024)	(274,654)
(334,224)	(518,252)
(4,789,411)	(3,752,590)
1,600,240	1,801,290
(14,596)	109,396
1,585,644	1,910,686
3,954,159	3,855,264

46.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Note	2022 (Rupees	2021 in '000)
	Cash and bank balances	21	3,057,253	2,680,774
	Short-term borrowings	33	(104,736)	(167,164)
			2,952,517	2,513,610

47. TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties of the Group comprise of associates, retirement benefit funds, directors and key management personnel. Details of transactions with related parties, duly approved by the Board, are as under:

		2022	2021
Relationship	Nature of transactions	(Rupees	in '000)
•		` '	,
Associates	Sales	18,264,710	14,119,747
	Professional services rendered	220,801	221,412
	Rental income on properties	1,899,262	1,712,487
	Franchising fee	49,946	25,825
	Insurance premium paid	45,629	49,529
	Insurance claim received	12,357	35,028
	Supplies purchased	1,501,549	1,133,771
	Purchase of assets	27,039	114,212
Retirement benefit funds	Contribution to provident fund	63,330	57,596
	Contribution to retirement benefit fund	9,352	8,060

- 47.1 Transactions with key management personnel are disclosed in note 48 to the consolidated financial statements.
- 47.2 Receivable from and payable to related parties as at June 30, 2022 are disclosed in the respective notes to the consolidated financial statements.

47.3 Following are the related parties of the Group with whom the Group had entered into transactions or have arrangement/agreement in place as per mutually agreed terms and conditions.

S. No	Company Name	Basis of association	Aggregate % of shareholding	Nature of transactions
1	Indus Motor Company Limited	Associate (note 47.3.1)	6.22%	Sales of goods / Professional services rendered / Rent received
2	Shabbir Tiles and Ceramics Limited	Associate (note 47.3.1)	1.30%	Sales of goods / Supplies purchased / Professional services rendered / Rent received
3	Habib Insurance Company Limited	Associate (note 47.3.1)	4.63%	Insurance premium / Insurance claim received
4	Agriauto Industries Limited	Associate (note 47.3.1)	7.35%	Professional services rendered / Rent paid
5	Sindh Engro Coal Mining Company Limited	Associate (note 47.3.1)	11.90%	Equity investment
6	Thal Limited - Employees' Provident Fund	Retirement benefit fund	-	Contribution made
7	Thal Limited - Employees' Retirement Benefit Fund	Retirement benefit fund	-	Contribution made
8	Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited Limited - Employees' Provident Fund	Retirement benefit fund	-	Contribution made
9	Noble Computer Services (Private) Limited - Employees' Provident Fund	Retirement benefit fund	-	Contribution made
10	Habib Metro Pakistan (Private) Limited - Employees' Provident Fund	Employees' fund	-	Contribution made
11	Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited - Employees' Provident Fund	Employees' fund	-	Contribution made
12	ThalNova Thar Power (Private) Limited	Joint Venture	-	Investment made
13	Metro Cash & Carry International Holdings B.V.	Associate of subsidiary	-	Dividend paid
14	METRO Pakistan (Private) Limited	Associate of subsidiary	-	Rental income

- 47.3.1 These entities are associated companies / undertakings of the Group under Companies Act, 2017
- 47.4 Following are the associated companies / undertakings of the Group outside Pakistan with whom the Group had entered into transactions or have arrangement/agreement in place:

Toyota Boshoku Asia Corporation Limited

Registered Address: 1-1 Toyoda-cho, Kariya-shi, Aichi, 448-8651

Country of incorporation: Thailand Basis of association: Shareholder Aggregate Shareholding: 25.4%

Toyota Tsusho Corporation

Country of incorporation: Japan Basis of association: Shareholder Aggregate Shareholding: 10%

Nature of transaction: Supplies purchased

Toyota Boshoku Corporation Japan

Registered Address: 1-1 Toyoda-cho, Kariya-shi, Aichi, 448-8651

Country of incorporation: Japan Basis of association: Shareholder Aggregate Shareholding: 9.64%

Nature of transaction: Supplies purchased

48. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, EXECUTIVES AND DIRECTORS

		2022			2021	
	Chief			Chief		
	executive	Directors	Executives	executive	Directors	Executives
		(I	Rupees in '00	0)		
Managerial remuneration	59,495	-	628,074	56,025	-	607,487
Bonus	32,869	-	152,767	9,000	-	91,352
Group's contribution to provident fund	2,818	-	29,900	2,429	-	17,527
Group's contribution to retirement fund	-	-	7,222	-	-	6,123
Other perquisites			9,492			9,484
	95,182		827,455	67,454		731,973
Number of persons	1	6	96	1	6	77

- 48.1 The chief executives, directors and certain executives of the Holding Company are provided with free of cost use of company maintained cars.
- **48.2** Five non-executive directors (2021: Five) have been paid fees of Rs. 2,090,000 (2021: Rs. 1,625,000) for attending board and other meetings.
- 48.3 The Chief Executives and Directors of Pakistan Industrial Aids (Private) Limited, Thal Boshoku Pakistan (Private) Limited, Thal Power (Private) Limited, Makro-Habib Pakistan Limited and Thal Electrical (Private) Limited are not being paid any remuneration for holding the office.

49. PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

	2022	2021
Annual Capacity		
Jute (Metric Tons)	33,800	33,800
Auto air conditioners (Units)	90,000	90,000
Paper bags (Nos. 000s)	356,000	356,000
Woven polypropylene bags (Nos. 000s)	90,000	-
Alternator (Units)	90,000	90,000
Starter (Units)	90,000	90,000
Seat tracks (Sets)	55,000	55,000
Side frame (Sets)	55,000	55,000
Air cleaner (Sets)	110,000	110,000
Seats (Units)	50,000	50,000
Actual Production		
Jute (Metric Tons)	26,009	26,170
Auto air conditioners (Units)	74,106	60,610
Wire harness (Units)	224,436	147,904
Paper bags (Nos. 000s)	193,408	220,663
Woven polypropylene bags (Nos. 000s)	13,402	-
Alternator (Units)	57,677	47,322
Starter (Units)	55,951	34,073
Seat tracks (Sets)	46,000	18,000
Side frame (Sets)	57,000	21,000
Air cleaner (Sets)	23,000	29,000
Seats (Units)	23,000	29,000
Reason for shortfall	Low demand	Low demand

^{49.1} The capacity of wire harness is dependent on product mix.

49.2 The production capacity of Laminate Operations depends on the relative proportion of various types of products.

50. PROVIDENT FUND

Investments out of provident fund have been made in compliance with the provisions of section 218 of the Act and the rules formulated for this purpose.

51. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

Non-Interest / Mark-up bearing

Interest / Mark-up bearing

	No Maturity / on demand	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal (R	No Maturity / u al on demand (Rupees in '000')	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	
Financial assets					- -				
Fair value through OCI Long-term investments	ı	1		ı	258,333	ı	ı	258,333	258,333
Fair value through profit or loss Short-term investments	237,500	741,340	1	978,840	5,163,836	ı	1	5,163,836	6,142,676
Amortized cost Long term deposits Trade debts	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	3,962,577	35,455	3,962,577	35,455
Loans and advances Trade deposits Interest accrued	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1		41,749	1 1 1	41,749	41,749
Other receivables Cash and bank balances	1,427,449	1,146,597	1 1 1	2,574,046	483,207 5,905,376	961,858	35,455	961,858 483,207 10,930,121	961,858 3,057,253 14,483,007
Financial liabilities									
Amortized cost Long-term deposits Long-term borrowings Lease liabilities	1 1 1	383,056 122,778	2,277,816	2,660,872	1 1 1	1 1 1	291,807	291,807	291,807 2,660,872 1,016,725

167 | Thal Limited

					2021				
		Interest / Mai	Interest / Mark-up bearing		Z	Non-Interest / Mark-up bearing	1ark-up bearir	D(Total
	No Maturity / on demand	Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	M No Maturity / up il on demand -(Rupees in '000')	Maturity upto one year 0')	Maturity after one year	Subtotal	
Financial assets									
Fair value through OCI Long-term investments	1	,	,	1	300,058	1	1	300,058	300,058
Fair value through profit or loss Short-term investments	242,000	1,591,814	1	1,833,814	5,273,873	ı	1	5,273,873	7,107,687
Amortized cost Long term deposits Trade debts	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	3,463,037	24,803	24,803 3,463,037	24,803 3,463,037
Trade deposits Trade deposits Interest accrued Other receivables	1 1 1 000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ የ		C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		36,336 13,263 719,635		36,336 13,263 719,635	36,336 13,263 719,635
	1,292,869	2,943,411	1	4,236,280	5,852,239	4,232,271	24,803	10,109,313	14,345,593
Financial liabilities									
Amortized cost Long-term deposits	1	ı	ı	1			290,615	290,615	290,615
Long-term borrowings Lease liabilities	1 1	109,164	415,191	524,355	1 1	1 1	1 1	, '	524,355
Trade and other payables	1		1		1	4,831,672	ı	4,831,672	4,831,672
Accrued mark-up	1	ı	ı		1	7,422	ı	7,422	7,422
Unclaimed dividend	1	I	I	I	89,256	1	I	89,256	89,256
Unpaid dividend	1	1 4 ()	1	()	36,242	ı	ı	36,242	36,242
Short-term borrowings	1	528,164	1 [528,164	1 (1 (0)	1 [528,164

52. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's financial instruments expose it to a variety of financial risks namely operational risk, credit risk and market risk. The Board of Directors oversees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below.

52.1 Operational Risk

The Group's financial instruments expose it to a variety of financial risks namely operational risk, credit risk and market risk. The Board of Directors oversees policies for managing each of these risks which are summarised below.

COVID-19 pandemic has created an unprecedented challenge for Group in terms of Business Continuity Plans. The Group is closely monitoring the situation and has invoked required actions to ensure the safety and security of Group's staff and uninterrupted service to shareholders.

52.2 Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties failed completely to perform as contracted.

The maximum credit risk is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets. For banks and financial institutions, only independently rated parties with reasonable credit rating are accepted. For trade receivables, internal risk assessment process considers the credit risk of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors.

2022

2021

The carrying values of financial assets which are not impaired are as under:

	(Rupees	s in '000)
Long term deposits	35,455	24,803
Trade debts	3,962,577	3,463,037
Trade deposits	41,749	36,336
Interest accrued	23,106	13,263
Other receivables	961,858	719,635
Short term investments	6,142,676	7,107,687
Cash and bank balances	3,057,253	2,680,774
	14,224,674	14,045,535

Ageing analysis of trade debts is as follows:

	Note	Due from related parties	2022 Other parties	Total	Due from related parties s in '000)	2021 Other parties	Total
- Not overdue		1,177,016	2,302,154	3,479,170	1,074,238	1,930,429	3,004,667
Past due:							
- 01 to 30 days		-	188,884	188,884	-	256,801	256,801
- 31 to 60 days		-	75,594	75,594	-	110,504	110,504
- 61 to 90 days		-	110,688	110,688	989	57,955	58,944
- Over 90 days		-	188,546	188,546	1,143	114,611	115,754
Total trade debts		1,177,016	2,865,866	4,042,882	1,076,370	2,470,300	3,546,670
Allowance for expected							
credit losses	16.3	-	(80,305)	(80,305)	-	(83,633)	(83,633)
		1,177,016	2,785,561	3,962,577	1,076,370	2,386,667	3,463,037

The credit quality of financial assets other than bank balances and short term investments in TDRs and TFCs can be assessed with reference to their historical performance with no or some defaults in recent history, however, no losses.

Annual Report 2022 | 170

The credit quality of Group's bank balances and short term investments in TDRs and TFCs can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

		Rat	ing
Bank Balances	Rating agency	Short-term	Long-term
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+
Bank Al Habib Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA
Bank Alfalah Limited	PACRA	A1+	AA+
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited	PACRA	A1+	AAA
Faysal Bank Limited	PACRA	A-1+	AA
Habib Bank Limited	VIS	A-1+	AAA
Meezan Bank Limited	VIS	A-1+	AAA
National Bank of Pakistan	PACRA	A-1+	AAA
United Bank Limited	VIS	A-1+	AAA
Telenor Microfinance Bank Limited	PACRA	A1	А
Al Baraka Bank Pakistan	PACRA	A-1	A+
Short term investments			
TFCs	VIS	A-1+	AA

52.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instruments may fluctuate as a result of changes in market currency rates, interest rates or the equity prices due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. There has been no change in the Group's exposure to market risk or the manner in which this risk is managed and measured.

Under maket risk the Group is exposed to currency risk, price risk and liquidity risk.

52.3.1 Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

USD	2022 (FCY i	2021 n '000)
Bank balances Trade receivables Trade and other payables Long-term loan	1,186 1,114 (5,156) (1,453) (4,309)	823 745 (1,590) (1,453) (1,475)
EUR Trade and other payables	(391)	(764)
JPY Trade and other payables	(4,293)	(4,854)
CHF Trade and other payables	-	(4)
CNY Trade and other payables	(84)	(3)

The following exchange rates have been applied at the reporting date:

	2022	2021
	(Rs /	FCY)
USD	206.00	158.30
EUR	215.75	188.71
JPY	1.51	1.43
CHF	215.96	171.86
CNY	30.93	24.76

Sensitivity analysis:

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the foreign exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax and the Group's equity.

		Effect on	Effect on
		profit	equity
	Change	before tax	
	%	(Rupees	in '000)
2022	+ 10	(98,118)	(71,391)
	- 10	98,118	71,391
2021	+ 10	(38,527)	(28,032)
	- 10	38,527	28,032

52.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the loan from Toyota Boshoku Asia Corporation, cash and deposit and savings accounts, short term borrowings (export refinance scheme) and long-term borrowings.

Sensitivity analysis

The following figures demonstrate the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax:

	Increase/	Effect on
	decrease in	profit
	basis points	before tax
2022		
KIBOR/LIBOR	+ 100	9,631
KIBOR/LIBOR	- 100	(9,631)
2021		
KIBOR/LIBOR	+ 100	5,303
KIBOR/LIBOR	- 100	(5,303)

52.3.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cashflows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Group is exposed to price risk in respect of its investments in listed shares and mututal funds.

As at the reporting date, the exposure to listed equity securities at fair value was Rs 258.333 million. A decrease of 10% in the fair value of these securities would have a negative impact of approximately Rs 25.833 million on equity. An increase of 10% in the prices of these securities would positively impact equity with the similar amount.

52.3.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with the financial instruments.

Through its treasury function, the Group continually monitors its liquidity position and ensures availability of funds by maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

The maturity profile of the Group's liabilities based on contractual maturities is disclosed in note 50 to these consolidated financial statements.

CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's prime objective when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, maintain healthy capital ratios, strong credit rating and optimal capital structure in order to ensure ample availability of finance for its existing and potential investment projects, to maximize shareholder value and reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as proportion of borrowings to equity at year end.

> 2022 2021 -----(Rupees in '000)-----

The proportion of borrowings to equity at year end was:

Total borrowings

Total equity

Gearing ratio

4.081.252 1,577,175 41.593.931 36.629.997 10% 4%

The Group finances its expansion projects through borrowings and management of its working capital with a view to maintain an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The different levels of fair valuation methods have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (level 3).

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
2022		(Rupees i	n '000)	
Assets				
- Investment carried at fair value through OCI	258,333			258,333
- Investment carried at fair value through Profit and Loss	5,163,836	978,840		6,142,676
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
2021		(Rupees i	n '000)	
Assets				
- Investment carried at fair value through OCI	300,058			300,058
- Investment carried at fair value through Profit and Loss	5.273.873	1.833.814		7,107,687

There were no transfers amongst levels during the year.

The market prices of listed shares have been obtained from Pakistan Stock Exchange and the market prices of mututal funds and TFCs have been obtained from Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan.

OPERATING SEGMENTS

		2017	2022					2021		
		Bunding Materials and Allied	Real estate management			2	Bullaing Materials and Allied	кеаг estate management		
	Engineering	Products,	& others	Elimination	Total	Engineering	Products	& others	Elimination	Total
		L)	Kupees In 1000)-	(ſ			1)	(Rupees In Joon)	(DC	
Sales revenue - external	25,160,060	14,321,917	335,014		39,816,991	18,273,012 11,108,360	11,108,360	254,837		29,636,209
- Internal	1	I	190,825	(190,825)	1 (U		1	151,814	(151,814)	1 70 0 10 0 1
Rental income Total segment revenue	25,160,060	14,321,917	2,736,995	(190,825) 4	42,028,147	18,273,012	11,108,360	2,385,382	(151,814)	31,614,940
Segment result [Inallocated (expenses) / income:	3,823,622	2,501,500	1,453,357	1	7,778,479	2,615,180	2,100,696	1,174,359	1	5,890,235
Administrative and distribution costs Other charges Other income					(1,484,961) (620,377) 1,056,690					(1,263,108) (248,905) 1,034,390
Operating profit Finance cost Share of profit after tax of					6,729,831 (285,902)					5,412,612 (173,776)
associates and joint venture Taxation				., 9, 9	2,408,372 (2,523,872) 6,328,429					2,540,815 (1,870,122) 5,909,529
Segment assets Corporate assets Unallocated assets	12,409,751	12,425,657	16,322,343	(424,115) 40 14 5 =	40,733,636 14,278,027 55,011,663	9,560,103	8,404,775	8,404,775 13,295,887	499,566	31,760,331
Segment liabilities Corporate liabilities Unallocated liabilities	4,691,277	4,344,506	1,766,257	(553,942) 10	10,248,098 1,379,257 1,790,377 13,417,732	3,953,839	1,712,942	1,730,630	(556,069)	6,841,342 484,472 830,180 8,155,994

and laminate operations.

2022 2021 -----(Rupees in '000)------

55.2 Geographical Information of customers

Pakistan	37,533,283	27,869,295
Australia	95,531	125,623
Belgium	-	6,903
Egypt	518,744	-
Greece	18,645	11,931
Indonesia	-	30,950
Italy	120,180	62,152
Jordan	7,611	32,885
Malaysia	4,286	2,332
Netherlands	-	57,286
New Zealand	15,533	60,112
Oman	13,176	1,112
Qatar	37,066	3,127
Saudi Arabia	52,031	2,894
Switzerland	206,957	183,916
Tanzania	-	23,124
Turkey	288,511	162,980
Uganda	-	3,771
United Arab Emirates	905,211	987,031
United Kingdom	226	2,205
United States of America	-	6,580
	39,816,991	29,636,209

The revenue information above is based on the location of customers.

- 55.3 Revenue from one customer amounted to Rs. 18,586 million (2021: Rs. 13,995 million), arising from sales in the Engineering Segment.
- 55.4 All non-current assets of the group as at June 30, 2022 (June 30, 2021) are located in Pakistan.

56. NON-ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

The Board of Directors in its meeting held on September 9, 2022 has approved the following:

- (i) transfer of Rs. 3,649.5 million from unappropriated profit to general reserve; and
- (ii) payment of cash dividend of Rs. 2.5 per share for the year ended June 30, 2022 for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting to be held on October 20, 2022.

57. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

56.1 Total number of employees

Total number of Company's employees as at June, 30 Average number of Company's employees during the year

2022	2021
5,521	4,704
5,113	4,763

58. GENERAL

- **58.1** Corresponding figures have been re-arranged and reclassified, wherever necessary. However, there were no significant reclassifications to report.
- 58.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousands.

59. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on September 9, 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

THAL LIMITED

E-DIVIDEND MANDATE FORM

We wish to inform you that in accordance with the provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, it is mandatory for a listed company to pay cash dividend to shareholders only through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders.

In order to receive your dividends directly into your Bank account, please complete the particulars as mentioned below and return this letter duly signed along with a copy of your CNIC to the Registrar of the Company M/s FAMCO Associates (Pvt.) Limited, 8-F, Near Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi.

CDC shareholders are requested to submit their Dividend Mandate and CNIC directly to their broker (participant)/CDC on the given below format.

I hereby communicate to receive my future dividends directly in my Bank account as detailed below:

Name of shareholder:	
Folio Number / CDC Account No:	Company
Limited.	
Contact number of shareholder:	
Email Address:	
Title of Account:	
IBAN Number (see Note below):	
Account No:	
Branch Code:	
Name of Bank:	
Bank branch & full mailing address:	
CNIC No. (copy attached):	
NTN (in case of corporate entity):	
It is stated that the above particulars given by me are keep the Company informed in case of any changes i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Shareholder's Signature	

· ·

Note: Please provide complete IBAN Number, after checking with your concerned branch to enable electronic credit directly into your bank account.

The payment of cash dividend will be processed to the above account only. Your company is entitled to rely on the account number as per your instructions. The company shall not be responsible for any loss, damage, liability or claim arising, directly or indirectly, from any error, delay, or failure in performance of any of its obligations hereunder which is caused by incorrect payment instructions and / or due to any event beyond the control of the company.

The shareholder who hold shares in physical form are requested to submit the required Dividend Mandate Form after duly filled in to the Share Registrar concerned. The Shareholders who hold shares in Central Depository Company are requested to submit the required Dividend Mandate Form after duly filled in to their Participants / Investor Account Services.



ای_ڈیویڈنڈمینڈیٹ فارم

ہم آپ کومطلع کرنا چاہتے ہیں کہ پینزا یکٹے ۲۰۱۷ کے سیکشن ۲۴۲ کی شقوں کے مطابق کسی بھی لیٹر کمپنی کے لئے بیلازم ہے کہ شیئر ہولڈرز کونفذ منافع منقسمہ کی ادائیگی صرف بذر بعیالیٹرونک طریقة کاراسختاق کے حامل شیئر ہولڈرز کی جانب سے نامزد کردہ بینک اکا ؤنٹ میں براہ راست کی جائے۔

ا پنے منافع منقسمہ کو براہ راست اپنے بینک اکا وَنٹ میں وصول کرنے کی غرض سے براہ مہر بانی درج ذیل کے مطابق کوائف مکمل کریں اوراس لیٹر کو با قاعدہ دشخط کے ساتھ بشمول اپنے ہی این آئی تی کی کا پی کمپنی کے رجٹر ارمیسرزفیمکو ایسوسی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹٹر، ۴-8 مزد ہوٹل فاران ، نرسری، بلاک-6 ، پی ای بی ای بی این شاہراہ فیصل ، کرا جی کوارسال کریں۔

س ڈی ی شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہا پنے منافع منقسمہ کامینڈیٹ اور تی این آئی ہی برائے راست اپنے بروکر (پارٹیسپیٹ) اس ڈی ہی کودیے گئے درج ذیل فارمیٹ پرفراہم کردیں۔ میں بذریعہ بلذااپنے مستقبل کے منافع منقسمہ کو براوراست اپنے بینک اکاؤنٹ میں وصول کرنا چاہوں گا جیسا کہ تفصیل ذیل میں درج ہے:

سیئر ہولڈر کانام فولیونمبر/سی ڈی تی ا کاؤنٹ نمبر:	مپیر							_ _ لمیٹڈ_
رید. را ماد می ماد که بر شیئر هولڈر کا رابط نمبر ماد میر مولڈر کا رابط نمبر								
•								
ای میل ایڈریس ا کا وَنٹ کا ٹائٹل								
ا نغیشنل بدنک ا کا وَ نٹ نمبر (ینچےنوٹ ملاحظہ کریں)	ا ا ا ا ا					Ш		
ا کاؤٹ نمبر								
ېراپچ کودٔ								
بینک کا نام								
 بدینک براخچ اورڈاک کامکمل پیته								
سی این آئی سی نمبر (کا بی منسلک)								
این ٹی این (کار پوریٹ ادار کے کی صورت میں)								
واضح کیاجا تاہے کہ میری جانب سے دیئے گئے مذکور رہوں گا۔	ه بالاکوا کف درست اور میری بهترین معلومات	ابق ہیں۔ میں ا	ستقبل میں ا	پنے کوا نُف میر	کسی تنبد یا م	یلی کی صور	رت میں سمین ^د رت میں مین) ومطلع کر.

شیئر ہولڈر کے دستخط

نو ط؛

براہ مہر بانی مکمل آئی بی اے این نمبرا پنی متعلقہ براخی کے ساتھ کمل چیکنگ کے بعد فرا ہم کریں تا کہ آپ کے بینک اکاؤنٹ میں الیکٹر ونک کریٹرٹ کو براہ داست ممکن بنایا جاسکے۔ نقد منافع منقسمہ کی ادائیگی صرف ندکورہ بالا اکاؤنٹ میں کی جانے گی۔ آپ کی کمپنی آپ کی ہدایات کے مطابق اکاؤنٹ نمبر پر انتھار کرے گی۔ کمپنی ایسے کسی بھی نقصان، ڈینج یا دعوی کی بلواسطہ یا بلاواسط کسی بھی وقت کسی تاخیر یا ایسے کسی بھی مالی فرمدواری کی ادائیگی کیلئے فرمدار نہ ہوگی جو کسی غیر درست ادائیگی کی ہدایات کے باعث ہواور ایا نمپنی کے کنٹرول کے باہر کسی معاملے کے تحت ہو۔

ا پیشیئر ہولڈرز جوفزیکل صورت میں شیئر زکے حامل ہوں ان سے درخواست ہے کہ اپنامطلوبہ ڈیویڈیڈ مینڈیٹ فارم با قاعدہ پُر کرکے متعلقہ شیئر رجٹر ارکوچنج کرائیس۔وہ ثیئر ہولڈرز جوسینٹرل ڈپازٹری میپنی آف پاکستان کمیٹڈ میں شیئر رکھتے ہیں ان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ مطلوبہ منافع منقسمہ کا مینڈیٹ فارم با قاعدہ بھرنے کے بعد اپنے پاٹسینٹس/انویسٹرا کا وَنٹ سروسز کوجنج کرادیں۔

THAL LIMITED

Form of Proxy Fifty Sixth Annual General Meeting

The Secretary
Thal Limited
House of Habib, 4th floor
Shahra-e-Faisal,
Karachi - 75350

We	
of	in the district of
peing member of Thal Limited, and holder of	
Ordinary Shares as per Share Register Folio No.	
and/or CDC Participant I.D. No.	
And Sub. Account No.	hereby appoint
of	in the district of
or failing him / her	of
as my / our proxy to vote for me/us and on my/our behal October 20, 2022 and or any adjournment thereof.	If at the 56th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on
Signed this	day of
MITNESSESS:	
Signature	
Name	(Signature should agree with
Address	the opeointen agricult
CNIC or	_
Passport No	Signature on Rs 5/-
	revenue stamp
Signature	
Name	
Address	
DNIC or	_

lote:

- This proxy form duly completed and signed, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company or Share Registrar of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- No person shall act as proxy unless he/she himself/herself is a member of the Company, except that a corporation may appoint a person who is not a member.
- If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instrument of proxy are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.

For CDC Account Holders / Corporate Entities:

In addition to the above the following requirements have to be met:

- · The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- In case of corporate entry, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

تقل لميثلة

کمپنیز (ذیلی کمپنیوں یا منسلکه اداروں میں سر مایہ کاری) ریگولیشنز ، ۲۰۱۷ء کے سیشن ۲ (۲) کے مطابق معلومات:

فراتهم كرده معلومات	. مات	دركارمعلو
ی جیبا کہاو پردرج ہے	مجموعی منظور کرده سر ماییکارا	اے)
اک رقم اوک رقم اوک ۲۲ ملین امریکی ڈالر(پاک روپے میں مساوی رقم) کی ایکویٹی شمولیت	اب تك كى گئىسر مايدكارى	بی)
ا مدت سے انحراف کیلئے اسباب، مختل نو واپر وجیکٹ کے فناشل کلوز میں مختلف وجو ہات کے باعث ہونے والی تاخیر اصل ٹائم	سر مایی کاری کی منظور کرده	سى)
قرره مدت میں لاگوکیا گیاتھا لائن ہے زائدتھی اور بعدازاں اے ۲۰۴۰م مجر ۲۰۲۰ء کو حاصل کرلیا گیا۔ تجارتی آپریشنز کی تاریخ	جہاںسر ماییکاری کا فیصلہ م	
متوقع طور پرتقو کمی سال۲۰۲۲ء کی دوسری ششما ہی ہے۔		
ا یکو پٹی انجیکشن بشمول ڈیبٹ کی تقسیم کواب شامل کیا جائے گا اور تو قع ہے کہ ۲۰۲۲ء میں اے		
مکمل کرلیا جائے گا۔		
کے مالیاتی حسابات میں ضروری منسلکہ میپنی نے آج کی تاریخ تک تمام شیئر ہولڈرز سے ۱۵-۱۵ بلین پاک روپے کی مجموعی	منسلکہ کمپنی یا ذیلی ادارے	ڈی)
لوری کیلیج قرارداد کی منظوری کی ادارے ۳۰ ملین امریکی ڈالر (پاک	تبدیلی سر مایه کاری کی منظ	
روپے میں مساوی) کی ادائیگی ئے مؤش ای پی سی کنٹر کیلئے قم کا ایک محدودنوٹس جاری کیا	تاریخ سے کی گئی	
جوفنانشل کلوز سے قبل تغیراتی کام کے آ غاز کیلیے تھا۔ فنانشل کلوز ۴۰۲۰ء کو حاصل کرلیا گیا		
تھااور قرض دینے والے اداروں سے قرضوں کی تقتیم کا آغاز اپریل ۲۰۲۱ء سے ہوا۔ پروجیکٹ		
کی تقمیر جاری ہے تا ہم کوویڈ سے متعلق چیلنجوں کے باعث در پیش مشکلات کی وجہ سے		
پروجیکٹ کوتا خیر کا سامنا ہے۔ کمپنی کوتو قع ہے کہ تجارتی آپریشنز کا آ غاز تقویمی سال۲۰۲۲ء کی		
دوسری ششما ہی ملیں ہوجائے گا۔		

الیں ای ہی کی فیز۔ ۱۱ کا فنانشل کلوزا ۳ وتمبر ۲۰۱۹ء کو حاصل کیا گیا تھا۔ ایسا ای ہی ایم ہی کے فیز۔ ۱۱ کیلئے تھل کمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹرزنے ۵ء داملین امریکی ڈالر کے مساوی پاک روپے کے مجموعی ایکسپوژر کی منظوری دی تھی جس میں 9ء میلین امریکی ڈالر کی ایکویٹی جس میں 9ء میلین امریکی ڈالر کی ایکویٹی جس میں 9ء میلین امریکی ڈالر کی ایکویٹی جس میں 9ء میلین امریکی ڈالر اور ۲ء املین امریکی ڈالر ہیں۔

۳۰ جون۲۲۰ ء کے مطابق کمپنی نے ایس ای می ایم می میں ۱۵ء ۲۰۸۳ ملین روپے کی سرمایہ ۲۰۸۳ ہوں ۲۰۰۳ ہوں ۲۰۰۳ ہوں ۲۰۲۲ء کے مطابق کمپنی نے ۲۰۳۳ ہوں ۲۰۳۳ ہوگی شیئر کی قیمت پر حاصل کئے ۔ کمپنی نے ۲۰۳۳ ہوں ۲۰۳۳ ہوگی مطابعہ کے کیا قیماندہ ایکو بڑی معاہدے کیلئے قرض دینے والے اداروں (لینڈرز) حق میں ایک اسٹینڈ بائی لیٹر آف کریڈٹ جاری کردیا۔

فیر-۱۱ کیلئے ایس ای سی ایم بی نے نقل فو واپا ورتھر (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹٹر اورتھر انر بی کمیٹٹر اورتھر انر بی کمیٹٹر کے ساتھ بالتر تیب ہرایک ۳۳۰ میگا واٹ پاور پلانٹ کیلئے ۹ ءاملین ٹن لگنائٹ اضافی کی فراہمی کے سلسلے میں کول سپلائی معاہدے کئے ہیں۔ پروجیکٹ کمپنی کی کوشش ہے کہ فیز۔۱۱ کے لئے تنجارتی آپریشنز کی تاریخ ۲۰۲۲ء میں حاصل کر لی جائے۔

تقل یا در (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ

غیر معمولی اجلاس عام منعقد ۲۵ مارچ ۲۰۱۸ء میں تھل نو وا پاورتھ (ریرا ئیویٹ) لمیٹیڈ (''تھل نو وا'') سے متعلق کاروبار کے بارے میں اشیٹس کواپ ڈیٹ کرنے کے شمن میں منظوری دی گئی تھی۔

ا یکویٹی کی شمولیت، گارنٹی اوراسیانسر کی معاونت

غیرمعمولی اجلاس عام منعقد ۲۰۱۸ و پیش شیم ہولڈرز نے ۷۵ ملین امر کی ڈالر (یااس کے مساوی پاک روپ) تک کی ایکو پی شامل کرنے اور اء ۲۸ ملین امر کی ڈالر (یااس کے مساوی پاک روپ) کی حدتک ایک رقم میں اسٹینڈ بائی لیٹرآ ف کریڈٹ کے انتظام کی منظوری دی تھی تاکدا یکو پٹی کی مالیاتی ذمہ داری کو تحفظ اور ۲۰ تا املین امر کی ڈالر (یااس کے مساوی پاک روپ) کی کمرشل خطرات کی حفانت لینے کی ذمہ داری پوری کی جائے اور اس کے مساوی پاک روپ) تک کو ڈیبٹ سروس ریز روسپورٹ کیلئے ای نوعیت کی کے ساتھ کمپنی کو ۲۰ تا ۲۰ ملین امر کی ڈالر (یااس کے مساوی پاک روپ) تک کو ڈیبٹ سروس ریز روسپورٹ کیلئے ای نوعیت کی محاوزت / سرماید کاری سے مساوی پاک روپ) تک کو ڈیبٹ سروس ریز روسپورٹ کیلئے تای نوعیت کی محاوزت / سرماید کاری سے مساوی پاک روپ) تک کے ڈیبٹ سروس ریز روسپورٹ کیلئے تای نوعیت کی محاوزت / سرماید کاری سے محاوزت / سرماید کاری سے محاوزت / سرماید کی تعلیم کے خوامی کی تاریخ بی کم اور کی کا انتظار ان منظور یوں کے مطابق ہوں جو قرض دینے والوں سے حاصل کی جاسکتی ہیں۔ اگر یہ بذر لیو ترجیجی شیم ز ہوں تو کلیدی شرائط اافیصد کی ایک برامر بی ڈالرکا منافع شامل کیا جاسکتی ہوں۔ (redeemable) ہوا۔

نمپنیز (ذیلی کمپنیوں یا مسلکه ادارول میں سر ماییکاری) ریگولیشنز ، ۱۵۲۰ء کے سیشن ۴ (۲) کے مطابق معلومات :

ے درخواست کریں کہ وہ کمپنیزا کیٹ، ۱۷۰۷ کی شقوں پڑملدر آ مدکرتے ہوئے اپنے شیئر زکو بگ اینٹری کی صورت میں تبدیل کرالیں یشیئر ہولڈرز فنزیکل صورت میں موجود شیئر زکو بگ اینٹری کی شکل میں تبدیل کرانے کے ممل اوراس کے فوائد کو تبجھے کیلیے کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارسے رابطہ کر سکتے ہیں۔

اا۔ ڈائر یکٹرز کاانتخاب

کوئی بھی فرد جوڈ ائر یکٹرز کے انتخاب میں حصہ لینے کا خواہشمند ہوں، چاہے وہ سبکدو ش ہونے والا کوئی ڈائر یکٹر ہویا کوئی دیگر، اسے کمپنی کواس کے رجٹرڈ آفس، چوتھی منزل، ہاؤس آف حبیب،۳سہ ہے کا پنچ الیس، بلاکہ77، شاہراوفیصل، کراچی-75350 میں اجلاس کی تاریخ نے کم از کم ۱۴ دن قبل درج ذیل دستاویزات جمع کرانی ہوں گی:

- i) ایکٹ کے پیشن ۱۵۹(۳) کی شرائط کے مطابق ڈائر کیٹرز کے انتخاب کیلیے خودکو پیش کرنے کی غرض سے اپنے ارادے کا نوٹس مع کمپینزا یکٹ کے ۲۰۱۷ کے تحت مقررہ فارم ۲۸ پر بطورڈ ائر کیٹر کا م کرنے کا اجازت نامہ؛
 - ii) ایک مفصل پروفائل بشمول ڈاک کا پیة اور دیگر را بطے کی تفصیلات جیسا کہ ایس ای سی پی کے ایس آ راو ۲۳۲ (I)/۲۰۱۲مور خیر ۴ اجولا کی ۲۰۱۲ء کے تحت در کار میں ؛
- iii) ڈائر کیٹر کی حیثیت ہے الیکٹن میں حصہ لینے والے کسی بھی امیدوار کیلئے بیلازم ہے کہ وہ اپناا جازت نامہ داخل کرنے کے وقت کمپنی کاممبر ہونا چاہیے ماسوائے کسی بھی ممبر کی نمائندگی کرنے والافر دجوا یک نیچرل فرونبیں ہے؛
 - iv) ایک ڈیکاریش جس میں توثیق کی گئی ہو کہ:
 - ا۔ وہ مرد/خوا تین کمپنی کے میموریڈم اور آ رئیکلز آ ف ایسوی ایشن اور پاکستان اسٹاک ایمپینی کے کسٹنگ ریگولیشنز کے تحت اپنے فرائض اوراختیارات ہے بخو بی واقف ہے۔
- ۔ وہ ایکٹ کی کسی بھی ثق کے تحت کسی لیفڈ کمپنی کا ڈائر کیٹر بیننے کے لئے نااہل نہ ہو، لیفڈ کمپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس)ریگولیشنز ۱۷-۱۱وردیگر نافذ العمل قوانین ،رواز اورریگولیشنز کے حصابق عہدے کااہل ہونا چاہیئے۔

انڈیپنڈٹٹڈائر کیٹر کا انتخاب ایکٹے سے کیشن ۱۵۹ کی نثر انط کے مطابق ڈائر کیٹر کے انتخاب کے طریقہ کار کے ذریعے کیا جائے گا اوروہ ایکٹ کے سیشن ۱۲۱(۲) کے تحت مروج اہلیت کے معیار پر پورا اُئر تے ہوں۔ کمپنیز (پوشل بیٹ) ریگولیشنز ۱۰۹۸ کے مطابق ڈائر کیٹرز کے انتخاب اور کسی بھی دیگر ایجنڈ اُئر کٹم کمپنیز ایکٹ ۲۰۱۷ کے سیشن ۱۲۳ اور ۱۲۳ اور ۱۲۳ کیشنز (پوشل بیٹ کے ذریعے اپنا انتخاق استعمال کرنے کی اجازت ہوگی کہ وہ بذریعہ ڈاک یا بذریعہ الکیٹرونک طریقہ کارند کورہ بالاریگولیشنز کی شرائط اور طریقہ کارے مطابق ووٹ دے سیس گے۔

کمپنیز (شلکه کمپنیول یاایسوی ایندا دارول میں سرماییکاری) ریگولیشنز ، ۲۰۱۷ء کے ضابطے ۲ (۲) کے تحت بیان

سندها ينگروكول ما ئننگ ثمينى لميثثر

 شیئر ہولڈرز کی کار آمد کا لی کی کمپنی کے ریکارڈ میں عدم دستیابی کی صورت میں کمپنی سیکش ۲۲۴۴ بابت کمپنیزا کیک ۲۰۱۷ء کی شقوں کے تحت منافع منقسمہ روک لے گ

۷۔ منافع منقسمہ برود ہولڈنگ ٹیکس

موجود ہطور پر کمپنیز کی جانب سےادا کئے جانے والے منافع منقسمہ کی رقم پرود ہولڈنگ ٹیکس کی کٹو تی انگم ٹیکس آرڈیننس ۲۰۰۱ کے سیشن ۵ کے تحت کی جارہی ہے جودرج ذیل کے مطابق ہے:

(اے) ایکٹوٹیکس پیئرلٹ (اےٹی ایل) پرموجود افراد کے لئے ۵۵ فی

(بی) ایکوئیکس پیزلسٹ (اے ٹی ایل) پرموجود نہ ہونے والے افراد کے لئے ۳۰

وہ شیئر ہولڈرز جواپنے گوشوارے داخل کر بھے ہول انہیں ہدایت کی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے نامول کی ایف بی آر کی ویب سائٹ پر فراہم کر دہ تازہ ترین ٹیکس پیئر زلسٹ (اپٹی ایل) پر موجود کی کومنا فع منقسمہ کی ادا کیگی کے وقت بقینی بنا کمیں بصورتِ دیگر انہیں اٹی ایل پر موجود نہ ہونے والافر دتصور کیا جائے گااوران کے نقد منافع منقسمہ پر ۱۵ فیصد کے بجائے ۳۰ فیصد کی شرح سے کو تی کی جائے گی۔

جوائنث اکاؤنث بولڈرز کی صورت میں منافع منقسمہ پرود بولڈنگ ٹیکس

کمپنی کور یکولیٹرز کی ہدایات پڑمل کرتے ہوئے جوائنٹ اکاؤنٹ ہولڈرز) کے شیئر ہولڈرگ کے تناسب کا تعین (جہاں پڑپیل شیئر ہولڈرک جانب سے شیئر ہولڈرڈ کا تعین نہ کیا گیا ہو) ہرائے کمپنی کے منافع مقتصمہ پرود ہولڈنگ کیکس کی کٹوتی کے سلسلے میں شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے پاس موجو شیئر ہولڈنگ کے تناسب کی تفصیل ابطور پڑپیل شیئر ہولڈرزان کے مشتر کہ ہولڈرز کی خیئر رجٹرارکو ہوجا تھیں کی کٹوتی کے سلسلے میں بصورت دیگر ہرایک شیئر ہولڈرکوشیئر کے مساوی تاکہ کپنی اس کے مطابق ہرایک شیئر ہولڈرکوشیئر کے مساوی تعداد کا حال تصور کیا جائے گا اور اس کے مطابق تبکیس کی کٹوتی کی جائے گی۔

_ نقدمنا فع منقسمه کی الیکٹر ونیکلی ادائیگی (ای_مینڈیٹ)

کمپنیز ایک کا ۲۰۱۰ کے سیشن ۲۳۲ کی شقوں اور کمپنیز (منافع مقسمہ کی تقسیم) ریگویشنز ، ۲۰۱۷ کے مطابق بیلازم ہے کہ نقد کی صورت میں قابل ادائی منافع مقسمہ صرف بذر بعید الکیٹر ونک طریقہ کار براو راست استحقاق کے حال شیئر بولڈر کی جانب سے نامزد کروہ بینک اکا وُنٹ میں جمع کرایا جائے۔ اس سلسلے میں ضوابط کے تحت اخبارات میں نوٹسز پہلے ہی شائع کرائے جاچھے ہیں۔ تمام شیئر بولڈرز کو ایک بار پھر مطلع کیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ اپنے بینک مینڈیٹ کی تفصیلات جس میں (i) اکا وُنٹ کا نامل (ii) اکا وُنٹ کہ بر (iii) آئی بی اے این (iv) بینک کا نام (v) برائج کا نام ، کوڈ اور پید شامل ہو، کمپنی کے شیئر رجسڑ ارکوفراہم کردیں۔ شیئر بولڈرز جو پارٹسینٹس/سینٹرل ڈیازٹری کمپنی آف یا کستان (سی ڈی می) کے پاس شیئر زکے حامل ہوں ، ان کو آگاہ کیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ اپنا مینڈیٹ متعلقہ بروکراسی ڈی می کوفراہم کردیں۔

۔ سالانەر يورٹ كى بذرىچەاي مىل تقسيم (اختيارى)

کمپنیزا یک، ۲۰۱۷ کے سیشن ۲۲۱ (۲) گیش کے مطابق کمپنیز کواجازت دی جاتی ہے کہ وہ اپنے سالانہ مالیا تی صبابت بشمول آڈیٹرز کی رپورٹ، ڈائز کیٹرز کاجائز، وغیرہ (سالانہ رپورٹ) اورسالانہ اجلاسِ عام کی اورسالانہ اجلاس عام کے نوٹس بذرایعہ ای میل وصول کرنے کے خواہ شمند ہوں، ان سے اطلاع (نوٹس) اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز کو بذرایعہ ای میل وصول کرنے کے خواہ شمند ہوں، ان سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ (سمینی کی ویب سائٹ پر دستیاب) الیکٹر ویک کمیزیکیٹ کنسیٹ فارم کو پُر کرتے کمپنی کے شیئر رجٹر ارکوارسال کردیں۔

۳۰ جون۲۰۲۲ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے کمپنی کے آڈٹ شدہ الیاتی حسابات کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ (www.thallimited.com) پر گزشتہ سالوں کے لئے سالانہ اور سہ ماہی مالیاتی حسابات کے علاوہ دستیاب ہیں۔

ا۔ فزیکل شیئرز کی بُک اینٹری فارم کی صورت میں منتقلی

کمپنیزا یکٹ، ۲۰۱۷ کے سیکشن ۲ کے مطابق بیلازم ہے کہ تمام لیڈ کمپنیاں فزیکل صورت میں موجود شیئرز کو کمپنیزا یکٹ، ۲۰۱۷ کے نفاذ کی تاریخ ہے ۲۰۱۷ سیکن اینٹری کی صورت میں جاری کردہ شیئرز کے مطابق مینئی فزیکل صورت میں شیئرز کے حال تمام شیئر ہولڈرز سے رابطہ کر کے ان

وك:

ا ۔ سالانہ اجلاسِ عام کی کارروائیوں میں بذریعیہ وڈیوکانفرنس شرکت کی سہولت

COVID-19 (کوروناوائن) کی وبائی صورتحال کے پیش نظر مستقل طور پر جاری خطرات اورشیئر ہولڈرز کے تحفظ کیلئے سیکیو رٹیز اینڈ ایکیجینج کمیشن آف پاکستان (''ایس ای سی پی'') نے وقاً فو قاً جاری کردہ اپند مرکلرز کے تحت لے گئینٹیز کو ہدایت کی ہے کہ فزیکل اجلاس کے انعقاد کی شرائط کے لئے اجلاس عام ور چونگی طور پر منعقد کئے جا کیں گے۔شیئر ہولڈرز کو سہولت پہنچا نے کی غرض سے کمپنی فزیکل اجلاسوں کے انعقاد کے علاوہ شیئر ہولڈرز کی شرکت کے سلسلے میں ور چوکل اجلاس بذریعیدوڈ ایوائی فیسیلیش کے بھی انتظامات کرتی ہے۔

سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں ور چونگی شرکت کےخواہ شمند شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے ضروری کوا کف نامز دکر دہ ای میل ایڈریس tl@hoh.net پرانسی عام میں ور چونگی شرکت کے خواہ شمند شیئر ہولڈرز کو بعدازاں فراہم کردیا جائے گا۔ پرانسی کی تصدیق ۱۲۲۲ کے کوکار وباری اوقات کے اختتام تک لاز ما کرالیں۔سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں شرکت کیلئے لاگ اِن کی تفصیل اورلئک شیئر مولڈرز کو بعدازاں فراہم کردیا جائے گا۔

ہمیشہ کی طرح تقل کمیٹڈ کا ارادہ ہےاورکوشش کی گئی ہے کہ نہ کورہ اجلاس نا فذالعمل قوانین کے مطابق منعقد کیا جائے جبکہ اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز ، ملازمین ، ڈائز میکٹرز اورعوام الناس کے تحفظ کویٹینی بنایا جائے۔

رجسر ڈای میل ایڈریس	مو بائل نمبر	سىاينآ ئىسىنمبر	فولیو/سی ڈی سی نمبر	شيئر ہولڈر کا نام

وڈیوکانفرنس لنک کی تفصیلات اورلاگ اِن کا تصدیق نامه صرف ان شیئر ہولڈرز کوارسال کیا جائے گا جن کے کمسل کوائف ۱۳ اکتوبر۲۰۲۲ء تک یا اس سے قبل رجٹر ڈائی میل ایڈریسز پرموصول ہوجا کیں گے۔ شیئر ہولڈرز اپنے تھرے اوراستفسارات برائے سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام کے ایجنڈ ا آٹھز tl@hoh.net پر ۱۳ اکتوبر۲۰۲۳ء تک ارسال کر سکتے ہیں۔

۲۔ شیئرٹرانسفربکس کی بندش

کمپنی کی شیئر را اسفر بکس ۱۱ کتو بر۲۰۲۲ء تا ۲۰ کتو بر ۲۰۲۲ء (بشمول دونوں یوم) سالا نہ اجلاس عام اور حتی منافع منقسمہ کی ادائیگی کے مقاصد کے لئے بندر ہیں گی۔ ہمارے شیئر رجٹر اربمیسرز فیمکو الیہوی ایش (پرائیویٹ) کمپنی کی شیئر ٹر انسفر بندہ ہے۔ 8، متصل ہوگل فاران ، نرسری ، بلاک-6 ، پی ای می ایج الیں ، شاہراہ فیصل ، کرا چی۔ فون 5-2010 (ایکسٹینشن کے دائیگی اور سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں شرکت کے لئے ٹر انسفریز کے تعین کے مقصد کے لئے بروقت تصور کے جائیں گے۔ متصد کی ادائیگی اور سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں شرکت کے لئے ٹر انسفریز کے تعین کے مقصد کے لئے بروقت تصور کے جائیں گے۔

۳۔ براکسی

اجلاس عام میں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ وینے کا استحقاق رکھنے والا کوئی بھی ممبر اجلاس میں اپنی جگہ شرکت کرنے ، بولنے اور ووٹ وینے کیلئے پراکسی کا تقر رکر سکتا / کتی ہے۔ پراکسی کے تقر رکی وستاویز لاز ما اجلاس کے وقت ہے کم از کم ۴۸ گھنے قبل کمپنی کے دجر ڈ آف میں بیا کمپنی کے شیئر دجر ٹرار کے درج بالا پیتہ پر پراکسی کی تا این آئی تی کی کا پی کے ساتھ جبح کرا دی جائے۔ کارپوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈ ائر کیٹر ز کر دوار اور اور اور اور اور انگریزی زبان میں سالا ندر پورٹ کے ساتھ کی قرار داور کی ورآف اور اور اور اور کی گواہی کے ساتھ ارسال کیا جائے جن کے نام، پنے اور تی این آئی تی نمبرز فارم میں درج ہونے چاہیں۔ پراکسی فارم کمپنی کی ویب سائٹ (www.thallimited.com) پر بھی وستا ہے۔

۳_ کوا نَف کواپ ڈیٹ کرنا

شیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہا پنے پتوں میں کسی بھی تبدیلی ،اگرکوئی ہو، سے کمپنی کے ثیئر رجٹرار کوفوری طور پر مطلع کریں۔کار پوریٹ ادارے کی صورت میں ثیئر ہولڈرز سے درخواست ہے کہا پنے مجاز نمائندے، اگر لاگوہو، کے کوائف میں تبدیلی کے بارے میں مطلع فرمائیں۔

۵۔ ابھی تک فراہم نہ کئے جانے والے ی این آئی ی کی نقول کا جمع کرانا

انفرادی شیئر ہولڈرز سے ایک مرتبہ پھر درخواست ہے کہ اگرانہوں نے ابھی تک اپنی کار آمدی این آئی ہی کی نقول کمپنی کے شیئر رجشر ارفیمکو ایسوی ایٹس (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کو جمع نہیں کرائیس تو فوری جمع کرادیں،

اطلاع برائے سالانہ اجلاس عام

بذر لعیہ بلذا اطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ مکپنی کے ممبران کا ۵۲ واں سالا نہ اجلاسِ عام بروز جمعرات ۲۰ اکتوبر۲۰۲۲ء کو صبح ۹:۳۰ بیج بمقام دی انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکاؤٹٹینٹس آف پاکستان ('' آئی ہی اے پیُ'') آڈیٹوریم، چارٹرڈ اکاؤٹٹینٹس ایو نیو بکلفٹن ،کراچی اس کے ساتھ الیکٹرونک وڈیولنک ہولت کے ذریعے بھی درج ذیل امور کی انجام دہی کیلئے منعقد کیا جائے گا:

عمومی کارر وا کم

- ا۔ ۳۰ جون ۲۲ ۲۰ ءوختم ہونے والے سال کیلئے کمپنی کے سالانہ آ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی حسابات مع ان پر چیئر مین کا جائزہ، ڈائر یکٹرزاور آ ڈیٹرز کی رپورٹس کی وصولی بخوروخوش اورمنظوری۔
- ۲۔ سال۲۲-۲۱ ء کے لئے حتی نقد منافع منقسمہ بشرح ۵۰ فیصد (یعنی ۴۵۰ روپ فی شیئر) کی منظور بی ، جیسیا کہ پورؤ آف ڈائز کیٹرز نے سفارش کی ہے۔ یہ پہلے ہی سے ادائے جانے والے ۱۰ فیصد عبوری منافع منقسمہ کی رقم ۱۵ فیصد یعنی ۵۰ ء کروپ فی شیئر ہوجائے گی۔
- ۳۰ جون۲۰۲۳ء کوختم ہونے والےسال کے لئے آڈیٹرز کا تقر راوران کے معاوضے کا تعین ۔موجودہ آڈیٹرز میسرزای وائی فورڈ رہوڈ ز، چارٹرڈ اکاؤٹٹیٹس ریٹائز ہورہے ہیں اوراہل ہونے کی بناء پرانہوں نے خود کو دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے بیش کیا ہے۔
- م۔ سمکینی کے کا سات) ڈائر بکٹرز کا انتخاب جیسا کہ بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز نے اپنے اجلاس منعقدہ ۹ متبر۲۰۲۲ء میں بیاتعداد مقرر کی ہے، بیانتخاب کمپنیزا مکٹ کے ۱۰۱۷ کے سیکشن (۱) ۱۵۹ کی شقوں کے مطابق کیم دسمبر ۲۰۲۳ء میں سے شروع ہونے والی۳ سالہ مدت کے لئے ہوگا۔ سبکدوش ہونے والے ڈائر بکٹرز، جودوبارہ انتخاب کے لئے اہل میں ،ان کے نام بیر میں :
 - جناب رفيق اليم _حبيب
 - ۲ جناب محملی آر۔ حبیب
 - ۳ جناب عمران على حبيب
 - ۴ جناب محمد طیب احمد ترین
 - ۵ محترمه عاليه سعيده خان
 - ۲ جناب خیام حسین
 - ے جناب سلمان برنی

نسب الحكم بورة

كراچى: سلما**ن غالد**

9 ستمبر۲۰۲۲ء

سمپنی سیریژی

چیئر مین کی جائزه رپورٹ

بیام ہمارے لئے باعث فخر ہے کہ آپ کے ادار نے تقل کمیٹرٹرنے ایک اور کامیاب سال کا اختتا م کیا۔ آٹو انجیئٹر نگ، تھرل سسٹر ، الیکٹرک سسٹر اور انجی کمپیٹٹس کے شجے سمیت پیکیٹنگ اور بلڈنگ میٹریلز کے ہمارے کاروباری شعبے نے مالیاتی سال 22 میں عالمی چیلنجز کے باوجوور تی اور فروغ حاصل کی۔

میں بےاطلاع دیتے ہوئے خوش ہوں کہ کمپنی کی کارکردگی گرین ظاہر ہوئی اور گروپ کا منافع بعداز ٹیکسیشن 6.3 بلین روپے ریکارڈ کیا گیا۔اس سے سکز کے اعدادو ثنار میں 34 فیصد سال بہ سال اضافہ ظاہر ہوا ہے جیسا کہ کلیدی شعبوں میں نمایاں گروتھ دیکھی گئے۔

گزشتہ سال ہمارے آٹو انجینئر نگ کے شعبے نے آٹو انڈسٹری کے فروغ اور مارکیٹ میں نے اوای ایمز کے آنے کی بدولت اپنی سیز میں 42 فیصد کا نمایاں اضافیہ حاصل کیا تھا تھی ان تمام کیلئے با قاعد گی سے سپائی کا سلسلہ جاری رکھے گا۔

پیچنگ اور بلڈنگ میٹر بلز کے شعبے جس میں تقل جوٹ بھل پیچنگ اور بلوچتان کی میٹر پیٹس ڈویژن نے بھی سال ہسال 29 فیصد کی گروتھ حاصل کی۔ جوٹ برنس نے اپنی گروتھ ظاہر کرتے ہوئے برآمدی سیز بیٹونگ اور بلوچتان کی میٹونی پیچنگ ڈویژن کے گرین کیس میٹونی پیچنگ ڈویژن کے اندرموجودہ پروڈ کٹ النز کمپنی کی سیار کے لئے بیش رو کے طور پر کارفر ماہے جس نے سال کے اختتا م پر اپنا کر دار بخو کی ادا کرتے ہوئے شبت ربتیان ظاہر کیا۔ ہمارا ٹریڈ مارک فار مائیٹ نے کرنی کی فقد میٹس کی اور کرائے کے افراجات میں اضافے نے باوجود بہترین کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کیا۔ مارکیٹ پر بیشر کے باوجود کاروبار نے سال کا اختتا م منافع کے ساتھ کیا۔ پر اپرٹی کے کیٹر میں حبیب میٹرو نے سال کے دوران مناسب منافع منقسمہ ادا کیا اور گروتھ کی ساتھ کیا۔ پر اپرٹی کے کیٹر میں حبیب میٹرو نے سال کے دوران مناسب منافع منقسمہ ادا کیا اور گروتھ کے ساتھ کیا۔ پر اپرٹی کے کیٹر میں حبیب میٹرو نے سال کے دوران مناسب منافع منقسمہ ادا کیا اور گروتھ کے ساتھ کیا۔ پر اپرٹی کے کیٹر میں انہوں کو واپاور تھی نووا پاور تھی نووا کے تحت لازم ہے۔ انر بی میگر کے تحت سندھ اینگر دکول ما گئیگ کمپنی لمیٹیڈ ('' ایس ای تھا بہی'') نے پاور بلانٹ اورتھی نووا پاورتھی (پر ائیویٹ کی کمیٹر کے تحت سندھ اینگر کے تحت سندھ اینگر دکول ما گئیگ کمپنی لمیٹر ('' ایس ای تھا بھی کی سیلائی کا ساسلہ برقر اررکھا اور 2022 تک تجارتی آئی پر بیٹنز کے حصول کیلئے کوشاں ہے۔

افراط زراور مہنگائی کے جنگوں، درآ مری پابندیوں، کرنی کی فقد رمیں کی، عالمی تنازعات اور ملک گیرسیالی صور تحال کے باعث مالیاتی سال 23 میں پاکستان میں متوقع بر انوں کا سامنار ہے گا اور اس کے باعث کی چیلنجر بھی در پیش رہیں گے۔ تاہم تھل کا مطمہ نظریہ ہے کہ ان پانیوں میں احتیاط اور اعتماد سے راستہ بنایا جائے تاکہ تو ار تھے جاری اور قائم رہنے والے بہتر مستقبل اور ملک ہم سب کو میسر ہو پائے ۔ پیکوبنگ برنس نے جار حانہ توجہ دیے ہوئے اپ برتوجہ دی۔ بلوچستان کیمینٹس ڈویژان فار مائیٹ کے نام سے سرگرم عمل ہے اور اس نے ایک ٹی پروڈ کٹ تھکیل دی ہے جو مقامی مارکیٹ کے لئے انتہائی منفر د ہے۔ کمپنی بھر پور انداز میں کلیدی خام مال کی مقامی سے اور مناسب گنجائش کے ساتھ پاور پلانٹ کو کوکل فرا ہم کررہی ہے جو پوری صنعت کے لئے فروغ کا باعث ہوگا ، ایس ای کا کی پیداوار کا حصول ہے۔ ایس ای کا بیمی اور تھل نے وار میں معاہدے کا مقصد 2023 تک پاکستان کے لئے 300 میگا واٹ بیکی کی پیداوار کا حصول ہے۔

تھل کمیٹٹر میں ٹیمیں موثر طور پر سکھنے کے عمل میں ہزاروں گھنٹوں صرف کرتی ہیں۔اس سال لرنگ فیئر دوبارہ منعقد کیا گیا اور 144 ملاز مین کوبا کمیں مختلف پروگراموں میں شامل کیا گیا تا کہ وہ جدید تصورات اور طریقہ کارے واقف ہو کمیس۔وبائی صورتحال کے بارے میں خوش آئند خبر ہیہ ہے کہ ہم نے اپنی تمام سائٹس، پلاٹٹس اور دفاتر میں صحت اور تحفظ کے شعبے پرانتہائی قربین نگاہ رکھی۔ہم مسرت کے ساتھ سے کہ ہم نے کام کے کسی فقصان کے بغیر 7.9 ملین محفوظ ملاز مین کے ساتھ اسپتے آپریشنز کو جاری رکھا۔ہم اپنی مختلف سائٹس پرلگ بھگ 2 فیصد تک کاربن کے اخراج کو کم کرنے کے ضمن میں کام کررہے ہیں۔

میں اپنی مخلص قیادت کیلئے انتہائی خوشی محسوں کرتا ہوں اور گروپ کے ہر ھے میں ان کی کارکرد گی ہے مطمئن ہوں اور اس سلسلے میں بورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹرز، آڈٹ اور ہیومن ریسوں وری میونریش کمیٹیوں ،اسٹاف،شراکت کاروں اور ڈیلرز کی سخت محنت وجدو جہد کاشکر گزار ہوں جو کہتو قعات ہے زائد ہیں۔

ہم بحثیت ایک قوم در پیش تمام چیلنجز سے نمٹنے کیلیے متحدر ہیں گے۔انشاءاللہ مشتر کہ طور پہم اپنے مقصد کو بروئے کارلاتے ہوئے ان طوفانوں کامقابلہ کرتے ہوئے ان کا زُخ موڑ دیں گے اورہم سب کیلیے بہتر مستقبل اور متحکم ملک کیلیے کارفر مار ہیں گے۔

نوٹ:

تھل کی جانب سے مختاط جدوجہد کے جھے کے طور پر ہمارا کاربن کا اخراج کم کرنے ، تو انائی کو بچانے اور اپنے وسائل کے بہتر استعمال کے لئے اس سال ہماری سالا ندر پورٹ 2022-2021 محدود تعداد میں شائع کی جائے گی تفصیل اور ورژن ہمارے ویب بڑج پر دستیاب ہے۔

کىمىلىمە رفىق ايم _حبىب چېزىين

سال کے دوران ہیومن ریسورسز اینڈری میوزیشن ممیٹی کے 2 اجلاس ہوئے اوراس میں ڈائر یکٹرز کی حاضری درج ذیل رہی:

شرکت کرده اجلاس کی تعداد	ڈائز یکٹرز کے نام	تمبرشار
0/0	محترمه عاليه سعيده خان (چيئريرس)*	1
1/1	جناب آصف قادر - چيئر مين	2
2/2	جناب محمعلی آر۔ عبیب	3
2/2	جناب سلمان برنی	4
2/2	جناب ^ج دطیب احمرترین	5

*محترمه عاليه معيده خان کو جول 202 ميں مميٹي کی چيئر پرن کی حیثیت سے تعینات کیا گیا۔

منافع كي تقسيم وتخصيص

غیر مختص شدہ منافع جات ہے۔3,649.5 ملین روپے کی رقم عمومی ریز رومیں منتقل کی گئی۔

اعتراف

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزاورانظامید کی جانب سے میں اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز، صارفین، ڈیلرزاور کاروباری شرکاء کاان کی مستقل سرپرتی اوراعتاد پر تہددل سے شکر بیادا کرتا ہوں۔ اپنی تمام ریگولیٹری افضار ٹیز کی رہنمائی اورتعاون کے لئے بھی مشکور ہوں۔ سب سے آخر میں، خاص طور پر، بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزا سے تمام عملے کی خلصانہ کاوشوں کااعتراف کرتے ہیں جوانہوں نے مسابقتی حالات میں کمپنی کی ترقی کیلئے جاری رکھیں۔

ڈازیکڑ

چىفا گىزىكئۇآ فىسر -

Marca

پون بورخه: 9 ستمبر2022

ڈائر کیٹرز کی مجموعی تعداددرج ذیل کےمطابق (7) ہے:

6	29	-21
1	خاتون	بی-

بورڈ کی تشکیل درج ذیل کے مطابق ہے:

انڈینیٹڈنٹ ڈائر کیٹرز محتالیہ سعیدہ خان	-21
جناب خيام ^{حسي} ن	
دیگرنان ایگزیکٹوڈائر کیٹرز جناب رفیق ایم حبیب	ب- ب
جناب محمطی آ ر - صبیب	
جناب عمران على صبيب	
جناب سلمان برنی	
ا يَّز يَكْوْ دَارُ يَكْرُ	سى -

بور ڈممبرز کے نام اور سال کے دوران منعقد ہونے والے 5 اجلاسوں میں ان کی حاضری کی تفصیلات درج ذیل ہیں:

شرکت کرده اجلاس کی تعداد	ڈائر کیٹرز کے نام	نمبرشار
4/5	جناب رفیق ایم حصیب (چیئز ملین)	1
5/5	جناب ^م على آر - صبيب	2
5/5	جناب عمران على صبيب	3
5/5	محتر مه عاليه سعيده خان	4
1/1	جناب خيام مسين *	5
3/3	جنابآ صف قادر *	6
5/5	جناب سلمان برنی	7
5/5	جناب محمرطيب احمدترين	8

^{*} جناب آصف قا در نے ماری 2022 میں بورڈ سے استعفاد ہے دیا اور جناب خیام حسین کوان کی جگہ جون 2022 میں انڈ میپیڈٹ ڈ ائز میکٹر مقرر کیا گیا۔

سال کے دوران آ ڈٹ میٹی کے 14 جلاس ہوئے اوراس میں ڈائر بیٹرز کی حاضری درج ذیل رہی:

شركت كرده اجلاس كي تعداد	ڈائر کیٹرز کے نام	نمبرشار
1/1	محتر مه عاليه سعيده خان (چيئريرس)*	1
3/3	جنابآ صف قادر	2
4/4	جناب ممرعلی آ رے ببیب	3
4/4	جناب عمران على صبيب	4
4/4	جناب سلمان برنی	5

^{*}محرّ مدعاليه سعيده خان کواپريل 2022 مين مليلي كي چيئر پرن كي حيثيت سے تعينات كيا گيا۔

: 2 37

موجودہ آڈیٹر''ای وائی فورڈ رہوڈ''، چارٹرڈا کاؤٹٹیٹس ریٹائر ہور ہے ہیں اوراہل ہونے کی بناء پرانہوں نے سال20-2022 میں خودکودوبارہ تقرری کیلئے پیش کیا ہے۔ بورڈآ ڈٹکیٹی نے بھی ان کے دوبار بقرری سفارش کی ہے۔

شيئر ہولڈنگ کا طرز

شيئر ہولڈنگ کاطرز بمطابق 30 جون 2022اس رپورٹ کے ساتھ منسلک ہے۔

بورڈ اور بورڈ کی سب کمیٹیوں کی دوبارہ تشکیل

جناب آصف قا درنے مارچ 2022 میں بورڈ ہے استعفیٰ دے دیا اور جناب خیام حسین کوان کی جگہ جون 2022 میں انڈیپیڈنٹ ڈائر کیکٹرمقرر کیا گیا۔

مزيد برآن محتر مدعالية سعيده خان كو جناب آصف قادر كى جله پر بورڈكى آ د كى كميٹى اور جيومن ريبورس ورى ميوزيش كميٹى كى چيئر برس كى حيثيت سے تعينات كيا گيا۔

ڈائز یکٹرزٹریننگ پروگرام

ڈائر یکٹرز پورڈ پرخدمات انجام دینے کیلئے مطلوبہ قابلیت اور تج بے کے حامل میں اورٹر نینگ پروگرام پرکلمل عملدرآ مدکرتے ہیں۔

اجمّا عى اور مالياتى رپورنگ فريم ورك مين كوژ آف كار پوريث گورنس پرعملدرآ مدكا سيمنت

- ۔ کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کر دہ مالیاتی اسٹیٹنٹ میں کمپنی کےمعاملات، آپریشنز کے نتائج، رقومات کے بہاؤاورا یکو پڑ میں تبدیلیوں کوشفاف طور پر پیش کیا گیا ہے۔
 - ۲۔ کمپنی کے حسابات کیلئے کھا توں کو درست طور پر مرتب کیا گیا ہے۔
- ۳۰ مالیاتی اشیشن کی تیاری میں ہرجگہ حسابات کی پالیسی کو درست طور پر استعال کیا گیا ہے اور حسابات کے تخیینے کے سلیلے میں مناسب ترین اور دانشمندانہ فیصلے کئے گئے ہیں۔
 - ۳ مالیاتی اشینمنٹ، پاکستان میں لا گومین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیارات کی بنیاد پرتیار کئے گئے ہیں۔
- ۵۔ بورڈ نے اعزال آڈٹ کے امور بیرونی ذریعہ، میسرزنوبل کمپیوٹرسروسز (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کوتفویض کئے ہیں جواس کام کیلئے نہایت موزوں اہلیت اور تجربہ کے حامل ہیں اور کمپنی کی پالیسیوں اور طریقہ کارہے بخوبی آگاہ ہیں۔
 - ۲۔ اندرونی کنٹرول سٹم کی تفکیل نہایت مضبوط ہے اوراس کا نفاذ اورنگرانی موثر طور پر کی جارہی ہے۔

 - ۸۔ کمپنی کے موجودہ حیثیت میں کام جاری رکھنے میں کسی رکاوٹ کا شک وشبز میں ہے۔
 - ۔ اصول وضوابط کی فہرست میں درج کارپوریٹ گورنٹس کے بہترین طریقوں میں ہے کوئی بات خارج نہیں کی گئی ہے۔ ایک ضابطےءا خلاق تیار کر کے ہرڈ ائر بکیٹرز اور ہرملاز م کو پہنچا دیا گیا ہے۔
 - - ا۔ گزشتہ چےسال کی آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی معلومات اس رپورٹ کے ضمیمہ میں درج ہیں۔

اندرونی مالی کنٹرولز

کمپنی اوراس کے ذیلی اواروں میں انٹرل فنانشل کنٹرونز کا ایک موثر سٹم الگوکیا گیا ہے تا کہ اس کے اٹا ثہ جات کومفوظ بنانے کے ساتھ اس کے ریکارڈ زکو درست اور قابل اعتماد بنایا جائے سینئر انتظام یکپنی اوراس کے ذیلی اواروں کی کا جائزہ ماہانہ مفصل مالیاتی کارکردگی کا جائزہ ماہانہ مفصل مالیاتی موازنہ کرتا ہے۔ مروجہ طریقہ کارکے تحت انٹرل آڈٹ کے کا طاحت میں کا تقاملی موازنہ کرتا ہے۔ مروجہ طریقہ کارکے تحت انٹرل آڈٹ کے باتا عامدگی کے ساتھ مفصل جانچ پڑتال کی جاتی ہے۔ انٹرل آڈٹ کے ملکی رپورٹس بہترین طریقہ کارکے مطابق بورڈ آڈٹ کمیٹی کے جائزے کے لئے پیش کی جاتی ہیں۔

خدشات اورغير يقيني كيفيت

کمپنی اس سلیط میں کافی مختاط ہے کہ کمپنی کواندرونی اور بیرونی دونوں سطحوں پر کاروبار میں مختلف اقسام کے خطرات کا سامنا ہے۔ کمپنی نے اس کے لئے ایک انٹر پرائز رسک پنجمنٹ (ای آرایم) سٹم نافذ کررکھا ہے۔ ای آرایم کو دورکرنے کا ہندوبت کرنا کمپنی کی پنجمنٹ کی بنیادی ذمدداری ہے۔ اس سلسلے میں انٹرنل آڈٹ فنکشن اور بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز ان پالیسیوں اورطریقوں کے مطابق جائزہ لیتے ہیں اورمددکرتے ہیں جومتو تع خدشات کا مقابلہ کرنے کسلیے وضع کی گئی ہیں۔

تمینی نے ان خدشات کی درجہ بندی اس طرح کی ہے:

- ا۔ حکمت عملی کے خدشات
- مالیاتی خدشات
- ا) بیرونی کرنبی کے خدشات
- ب) كريدك كے فدشات
- ج) شرح سود کے خدشات
 - ۳۔ انٹرنل کنٹرول کے خدشات
 - ۴- آپریشنل/کمرشل خدشات
- ا) کاروباری حریفوں کے خدشات مرشینالو جی اور جدت کے خدشات
 - ب) ضوابط کے خدشات
 - ج) سلائی چین کے خدشات
 - صحت، تحفظ اور ماحولیات

تدارک کا مستعملی وضع کی گئی ہے اور کمپنی ای آرا بم سٹم کے ذریعے اس کی گلرانی اور جائزہ لینے کاعمل جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔

قومی خزانه میں حصبہ

سال22-2021 میں سمپنی نے بیسیشن، سٹم ڈیوٹیز بچصولات، ایک ائز ڈیوٹیز اورڈ ہلیوڈ ہلیوائی کی صورت میں قومی خزانہ میں 8.1 ارب روپے جمع کرائے۔ (21-2020: 6.1 ارب روپے)

نان _ا بگزیکٹوڈائر بکٹرز کیلئے معاوضہ یالیسی

سمپنی کے بورڈ اور کمیٹی کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کے لئے نان ۔ا مگرز مکیٹواورانڈیپیڈنٹ ڈائز کیٹرز کے معاوضے کانعین بورڈ کی جانب سے وقتاً فو قتاً کیا جا تا ہے۔

سال کے دوران ڈائر کیٹرز کامعاوضہ سال مختتہ 30 جون2022 کے لئے غیر مجموعی مالیاتی حسابات کے نوٹ 45 میں واضح کر دیا گیا ہے۔

صحت، تحفظ اور ما حولیات (HSE)

کمپنی فخر کے ساتھ ایک ایسام حل تشکیل دیتی ہے جس میں تحفظ اولین ترجیح ہے کمپنی کے مقاصد میں نقصانات سے تحفظ اور کام کیلئے محفوظ ماحول کو برقر اررکھنا شامل ہے۔ پورے سال کے دوران کمپنی نے تحفظ کے انتہا کی متحکم طریقہ کار پرعملدر آمد کیا جس کے نتیج میں کمپنی نے 7.9 ملین محفوظ افرادی قوت کے حال گھنے اور کام کے کسی نقصان والے دن کے بغیر 790 محفوظ ایام کارحاصل کئے۔

مین الاقوامی معیار سے ہم آ ہنگ مینٹی منتجنٹ سسٹمز پر توجہ دینے کاسلسلہ بھی برقرار رہا جس میں آ کیوپیشنل مینٹی اور ایساتھ ایڈ منسٹریشن (ISO 45001) شامل میں بھپنی ایمپلائز زفیڈریشن آ ف پاکستان کی جانب سے با قاعدہ شلیم شدہ اور اس نے پروسیسڈ اور منسلکہ کیٹر زمیں'' OSH&E 2020-2021 کیلئے بہترین پریکٹیسر ایوارڈ'' کیکٹیٹری میں دوسری پوزیشن حاصل کی۔

اس کے علاوہ کمپنی نے تمام ترمینوفینچرنگ یونٹس اور مختاط مقامات پر جدیدترین فائز الارم اور ڈیککٹن سٹم نصب کرر کھے ہیں۔ان کوششوں پرغورکرتے ہوئے فائز پرڈیکٹن ایسوی ایش آف پاکتان نے انجینئر نگ کے شعبے کو فائرسیفٹی ایوارڈ 2021-2020 تفویش کیا۔

اس سال انتج الیس ای و یک میں 19-COVID (کوروناوائرس) کی ویکسی نیشن، کام کرنے کے مقامات پرزخی اور بیار ہونے سے بچاؤ کی اہمیت پرروشی ڈالی گئی اور تحفظ اور صحت کے معاملات کو بیجھنے پرخصوصی توجید دی گئی۔ ہم ایک ساجی ذمہ دارادار سے کی حیثیت سے ماحولیات کے ختمن میں بھی کمپنی کی ذمہ داری سے بخو بی آگاہ ہیں۔انجیئئر نگ کا شعبہ 2 فیصد کے ہدف کے برخلاف 4 فیصد تک کاربن کے اثرات کم کرنے میں کامیاب رہا۔ پیشٹل فورم نے ماحولیات اور صحت کیلئے ان بہترین کوششوں کا اعتراف کیا اورانجیئئر نگ کے شعبے کو انوائر منٹ ایکسلینس ایوار ڈ 2021-2020 تفویض کیا۔

کار پوریٹ سوشل ریسیاسپلٹی (CSR)

تھل کمیٹٹر ساجی شعبوں کے ساتھ تعاون اور ہمارے معاشرے کے بسماندہ طبقات کی معاونت پریقین رکھتا ہے۔ہم اپنے ملاز مین کی بہتر کی اور خوشحالی کے لئے کام کرتے ہیں اوراپی تو م کے استحام کے شمن میں بھی شراکت کرتے ہیں۔ رہتے ہیں گزشتہ مالی سال کے دوران ہم نے کمیوڈی ڈیولپنٹ، ہیلتھ کیئر آجلیم ، ماحول اور ملاز مین کی بہبود کے شعبوں کے اندرلگ بھگ 59ملین روپے کی سوشل انویسٹمنٹ کی۔

ہم اسکالرشپس اور مالی امداد کے ذریعے حبیب یو نیورٹن کے ذبین اور قابل طلبا کی مستقل طور پر معاونت جاری رکھتے ہیں۔مزید برآں ہم اپنے ملاز مین اوران کے بچوں کی سپورٹ مجموعلی حبیب ویلفیئر ٹرسٹ کوعطیات دینے کے ذریعے کرتے رہتے ہیں جوطبی اورتعلیمی اخراجات کے لئے مالی معاونت فراہم کرتا ہے۔

انفارمیشن ٹیکنالوجی(IT)

دنیا بجر میں مقامی اور گلویل انفارمیشن سیکیو رٹی ("Info Sec") کے پیش نظر کمپنی نے اپنی سیکیو رٹی پالیسی کو تخت کردیا ہے اور اپنے انفارمیشن اثا ثد جات کے تحفظ پرخصوصی توجد دے رہی ہے۔ آئی ٹی ڈپارٹمنٹ نے جدیدترین سولرونڈز نیٹ ورک مانیٹر نگ سولوش نصب کررکھا ہے تا کہ نیٹ ورک ڈیوائسز کے لائیوائٹیٹس اور تمام اوقات میں نیٹ ورک کی کارکردگی کے جائزے سے باخبر رہاجائے۔

عموی حملوں کے خلاف تحفظ اور کمپنی کے دفاع کے لئے تھل کمپیٹر کی انفوسیکٹیم نے تی آئی الیس کنٹرولز لا گوکررکھا ہے تا کہ دفاع کی ایک مشخکم سائبر سیکیو رٹی لائن تفکیل دی جائے کمپنی با قاعد گی سے نیٹ ورک کے دخول اور کمزور یوں اور خامیوں کے جائزے کی جانچ پڑتال کے لئے بیرونی آڈیٹرز کی خد مات حاصل کرتی ہے۔

ئىپنى نے اپنے فزیکل آئی ٹی اٹا ثەجات ٹریک کرنے کیلئے اٹا ثەجاتی کےٹریکنگ سٹم پرتنی ریڈ یوفریکوئی آئیڈنی فکیشن (''آ رایف آئی ڈئ') لاگوکررکھا ہے۔ کمپنی اس ٹیکنالو جی کوکمپنی کے دیگر فزیکل اٹا ثہ جات کیلئے بھی استعال کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے۔

آئی ٹی ڈپارٹمنٹ نے سے قائم شدہ WPP بیگز مینونی پچرنگ پلانٹ یکر مینونی پچرنگ پلانٹ ایک SAP ERP کا کلمل نظام نافذ کردیا ہے۔ SAP ERP ہاڈ پولز نے WPP بیگز مینونی پچرنگ پلانٹ ایک کواپنے کاروباری پروسیسر کو ڈیجیٹل بنانے میں مدددے گا اور کمپنی کواپنے پلانٹ کے مر یوط و منظم بنانے میں معاونت فراہم کرے گا۔

متعلقه پارٹیز سے لین دین

تمام پارٹیز کے ساتھ لین دین کے معاملات لا گو پالیسیاں اور ضالطوں کے مطابق انجام دیۓ گئے ہیں اور متعلقہ نوٹس کے تحت مالیاتی گوشواروں میں ظاہر کئے گئے ہیں۔

پروجیکٹ کمپنی 2022 میں فیز ۱۱ کے لئے کمرشل آپریشنز کی تاریخ کے حصول کیلئے کوشاں ہے۔ ممپنی ایس ای می ایم میں میں 11.9 فیصد عموی شیئر ہولڈنگ کی حامل ہے۔

تقل ياور(برائيويث) لميثة

تھل نووا پاورتھر پرائیویٹ کمیٹٹر (''تھل نووا'')تھل پاور پرائیویٹ کمیٹٹر نووا پاورجن کمیٹٹر (نوواٹیکس کمیٹٹر کے ذیلی ادارے) اور حب پاورکمپنی کمیٹٹر کا ایک مشتوبہ ہے جوتھر سندھ میں واقع 330 میگا واٹ مائن ماؤتھ کول فائز ڈپاور جزیشن پلانٹ قائم کرنے کیلئے ہے۔ یہ پاور پلانٹ ایس ای سی ایم ہی کی جانب ہے چلائی جانے والی مائن ہے نکالے جانے والے دیکی کو تلے سے چلا یا جائے گا۔

ھپائند شنیزی اینڈانجینئر نگ کارپوریش (''سی ایم ای پی کا کنٹر کیٹر مقرر کیا گیا تھل نووانے ایس ای ہی ایم کی سے ساتھ سالانہ 1.9 ملین ٹن لگنائٹ کی فراہمی کیلئے کول سپلائی ایگر بہنٹ پر دستخط کتے ہیں۔اس نے سینٹرل پاور پرچیز ایجنسی (گارٹی) کمیٹڈ کے ساتھ پاور پرچیزا نگر بہنٹ اور پر چیزا نگر بہنٹ ایس بھی کیا ہے۔

تقل نو وانے 30 متمبر 2020 میں فنانشل کلوز حاصل کیا اور قرضے کی پہلی قسط اپریل 2021 میں وصول کی۔

پروجیکٹ مکنه طور پرآنے والے سال میں آن لائن ہوجائے گا۔

ہیومن ریسورسز

گروپ ہرسطح پراپنے ملاز مین کیلئے سکھنے اوران کے فروغ پریقین رکھتا ہے تا کہ ہرطرح سے امتیاز اور بہتری کا معیار حاصل کی جائے۔ آسان الفاظ میں ہمارے ملاز مین ہمارے اس کاروبار کیلئے ول کی حیثیت رکھتے ہیں جوہم کررہے ہیں۔

ہمارے جاری پروگرواموں کے حصے کے طور پرلزنگ فیئر دوبارہ منعقد کیا گیا جہاں ہم نے پور نے قتل کے شعبوں میں 1,974 تر بیتی تھنٹوں تکٹر بیننگ کا انعقاد کیا۔ 3 روز میں 14 ٹر بیز زاور 6 لرننگ کورسز کے ساتھ 16 سیشنز منعقد کیے گئے ۔اس کے علاوہ ایک بااخلاق اور بہترین کام کے مقام کویقنی بنانے کیلئے ضابطہ اخلاق کوریفریش کرنے کی مثق کی گئی۔

پیشہ ورانہ مہارت کے انتہائی معیار کو برقر ارر کھنے اور تمام پہلوؤں سے اغراض و مقاصد کے حصول کیلئے تھل کمیٹیڈ اور اس کے ذیلی اداروں میں اس گزشتہ سال کے دوران ایک منظم کمیٹینسی فریم ورک تھکیں دیا گیا۔ سکھنے کے ایک ماحول ، نت نئے راستوں کی تلاش ، اورایل ای اے پی پروگرام کے تحت انتظامی ٹیموں کے اندرا یکشن اور پر پیٹس کے اس مر پوطگل کے تحت ورکشا لپس منعقد کی گئیں۔ ہم اپنے انتہائی آغاز سے پروش پاتے ہوئے ٹیلنٹ کے تق پر یعتین رکھتے ہیں۔ ایک اور ایک معروف عامعات سے 9,500 طلبہ کے پول سے 10 انتہائی باصلاحیت امیدواروں کا انتخاب کیا گیا تا کہ گروپ کے اندر سئے ٹیلنٹ کوشائل کیا جائے۔

ٹیلنٹ کوشائل کیا جائے۔

ا پٹٹس شپ پروگرام کے بحث تھل میں اس سال1,299 نے امیدواروں کوشامل کیا گیا۔اس پروگرام کا مقصدا دارےاور ملک کے لئے تعلیم یافتہ اور مہارت کی حامل افرادی قوت کیلئے جگہ بنانا ہے۔

ہم شفاف اور متوازن طریقے سے ہر شعبے میں مساوی مواقع فراہم کررہے ہیں۔کام کرنے والی خواتین کیلئے کام کے خوشگوار ماحول کوفراہم کرنے اور صنفی امتیاز کے بغیر کام کے ماحول کی غرض سے تربیت یافته انتی آر ماہرین کے اشتراک سے حساسیت اوراینٹی ہراسمنٹ سیشنزمنعقد کیے گئے بخواتین کاون پورےاوارے میں بھر پورطور پرمنایا گیا اورا کی مشتر کہ فدا کر ومنعقد کیا گیا کہ کس طرح صنفی امتیاز کی شناخت اوراس کا خاتمہ کیا جا سکتا ہے۔

ٹیول کے اخلاقی اقد ارکو بہتر بنانے کے ضمن میں ایک ایمپیلائی نگیجنٹ سروے ہمارے بیرونی ماہرین ایبائس کنسٹنگ (Mercer) کے تعاون سے وسط تامینئر سطح کے ملاز مین کیلئے منعقد کیا گیا۔اس کے نتائج پور نے تقل لمبیٹڈ میں اوسط سطح سے زیادہ اسکور کے صامل پائے گئے اور ہمیں آنے والے سال کے لئے توجہ کے طالب شعبوں کے لئے واضح ہدایات کے ساتھ ایک مفصل رپورٹ فراہم کی گئی۔

ایمپلائی انگیجنٹ سروے نتائج ہے آگاہ کرنے کے بعد پوری تقل لمیٹڈ میں مختلف انگیجنٹ سرگرمیاں انجام دی کئیں تا کہ ٹیموں کومزید فعال اور تتحرک بنانے کے لیے ان کوبھر پور توت فراہم کی جائے۔ ان میں لیڈرشپس ری ٹریٹس، او پین فور مزاور ملاز مین کی بحالی اور خوشخالی سے سیشنز شامل تھے۔

مجموعی معاوضے کا ایک سروے بھی مالی سال 22 میں منعقد کیا گیا تا کہ مپنی کومسابقت اور مارکیٹ پر پکٹیسز کے ساتھ ہم آ ہنگ رکھا جائے۔

مستقبل میں تھل کمیٹر کی افرادی قوت کی مستقل تربیت اور فروغ ہمیں آپ کی معاونت کے ساتھ جدیدترین امکانات وقو قعات اور رجحانات کویقینی بنائے گی۔۔

11.57

مقامی معیشت پرمشقل دبا وَاورغیریقینی سیای صورتحال کے سبب کمپنی کے متعقبل کا منظر نامہ چیلنجنگ نظر آتا ہے۔ تاہم کمپنی کا ارادہ ہے کہ نئے اوای ایمز کے ساتھ اپنے کاروبار میں اضافے اورا پی پروڈ کٹ رینج میں اضافے کے ذریع معرض سے اپنی موجودہ فیسیلٹی میں توسیع اور نئے کاروباروں کی شرائط کوبا آسانی پوراکرنے کے حتمن میں سرماییکاری کامنصوبہ بھی بنایا ہے۔

حبيب ميٹرويا كىتان(پرائيويٹ)لميٹ

حبیب میٹرو پاکستان (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ (''انتج ایم پی ایل'') کامرکزی کاروبار جائیداد کی ملکیت اوراس کا انتظام ہے۔ حبیب میٹرو پاکستان (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کیش اینڈ کیری ریٹیل رینٹل برنس کے فروغ اوراپے اسٹور کی لوکیشن سے کاروباری قدرو قیت بڑھانے کیلیئٹلف کاروباری مواقع تلاش کررہی ہے۔

صبیب میٹر و پاکستان (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹٹڈ موجودہ سائٹس پزئی ڈیو لینٹ اور گروتھ کے آپشنز بھی دیکھر ہاہے، اگر چدید ممومی معاثق صور تحال کے تناظر میں خود پرانحصار ہے۔

سال کے دوران تقل کمیٹڈ کے لئے منافع منقسمہ کی ادائیکیوں کا تجم 639 ملین روپے رہاجواس کے مقابلے میں گزشتہ سال 544 ملین روپے تھا۔

ميكرو-حبيب پا كىتان كميشڈ

میکر وحبیب پاکتان کمینٹر (''ایم ان کی پی ایل'') تھل کمینٹہ کا ایک مکمل کمکلیتی فی میل ادارہ ہے جومبارک شہیدروڈ ، لائٹز اریا ، کراچی میں اپنی اسٹور پریمیسز کی ملکیت کا حال تھا۔ سپریم کورٹ کے فیصلے کے تحت اسٹور کو تتمبر 2015 میں بند کردیا گیا تھا۔

مزید برآ سپریم کورٹ کے فیصلے پڑ عملدرآ مدکرتے ہوئے ایم ایکج پی ایل نے پر بمیسر پرتغیر شدہ اسٹور کومسار کر دیا تھا اور موجودہ طور پراس کے مستقبل کی کارروائی پڑغور کیا جار ہا ہے۔

نوبل كمپيوٹرسروسز (پرائيويث)لميٹڈ

برنس تھل کمیٹڈ کائکمل ملکیتی ذیلی ادارہ ہے۔ یہ ہاؤس آف حبیب کے گروپ آف کمپنیز کے لئے اعزل آؤٹ، آئی ٹی،ایڈ دائزری،ایچ آراوردیگرانظامی خدمات فراہم کررہاہے۔

پاکستان انڈسٹریل ایڈز (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ

یے تجارتی آپریشنز کے ذریعے برنس نے آٹوموٹیو پارٹس اورا بیز کنڈیشنگ گیس کی آٹوموبائل اسیمبلز اور آٹو پارٹس مینوفینچررز کوفرا ہم کر کے اپنا کاروبار جاری رکھا ہے۔ پیکل لمینڈ کا کلمل ملکیتی ادارہ ہے۔

پاورسیکٹر میں سر ماییکاریاں

سندهدا ينكروكول مائننگ تمپنى لمديشة

سندھا ینگروکول مائنگ کمپنی کمپیٹر (''ایس ای سی ایم سی'') حکومت سندھ، تقل کمپیٹر ، اینگروپاور جن کمپیٹر ، حب پاور کمپنی کمپیٹر ، حب بیاد کمپیٹر ، حب بینک کمپیٹر ، حب بینک کمپیٹر ، حب بینک کمپیٹر ، حب بینک کمپیٹر اور ایس بی آئی منگلہ ونگ کے ماہین ایک جوائنٹ وینچر ہے۔ایس ای سی ایم سی تھرکول بلاک۔ ااہیں پاکستان کے پہلےاو بین پٹ مائنگ پروجیکٹ کو تیار کرنے میں سرگر مجمل ہے۔

الیں ای ہا ہم کا 10 جولائی 2019 کو 3.8 ملین ٹن سالانہ کیسٹی مائن (فیز-1) کیلئے اپنے تجارتی آپریشنز کی تاریخ (''میاوڈ ک'') حاصل کر چکا ہے۔تھرمائننگ کا فیز-1ائیگروپاورجن تھر (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کی جانب سے قائم کردہ 2030 میگا واٹ (''ایم ڈبلیو') پاور جزیشن پلانٹ کیلئے کوئلہ فراہم کررہا ہے۔

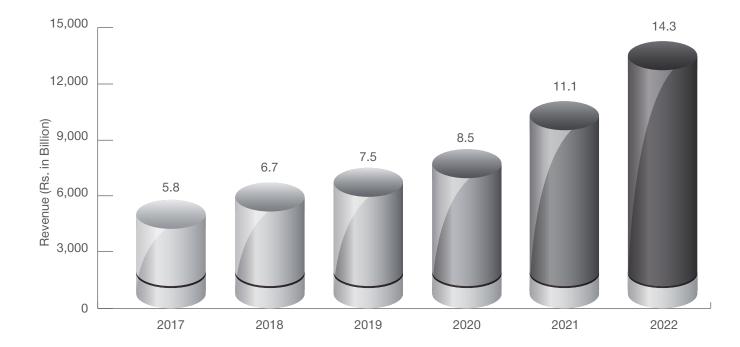
سال 2022 کی پہلی ششاہی میں ایس ای ہی ایم میں نے باآسانی کام کرتے ہوئے 1.4 ملین ٹن کوئلہ فراہم کیا اور 21.2 ارب روپے کی سیلز ریو نیواور 3.5 ارب روپے کا بعداز ٹیکس منافع حاصل کیا ۔اس کے ساتھ ایس ای ہی ایم کرتے ہوئے 1.4 ملین ٹن کوئلہ فراہم کیا اور 20.2 ارب روپے کا بعداز ٹیکس منافع حاصل کیا ہے ہوئی کو گئے ہے جو'' ٹرواپ'' ایم ہی نے اس مدت کے دوران شبت کیش فلو حاصل کیا ہے پر وجیکٹ کی شکیل کی تاریخ (PCD) کے حصول تک اپنے فنانسگ معاہدوں کے تحت کسی بھی منافع منقسمہ کے اعلان سے ممنوع قرار دی گئی ہے جو'' ٹرواپ'' (Trueup) اورائیس ای ہی ایم کی انتظامیہ تقویمی سال 2022 میں پی ڈی کے حصول میں سہوات کیلئے ریگو لیٹر کے ساتھ دالبط میں ہے۔

الیں ای ہی ہی نے کامیابی کے ساتھ 31 دسمبر 2019 کو 7.6 ملین ٹن ہر سال (''ایم ٹی پی اے'') کے لئے اپنے کان کی کے آپریشٹزی توسیع کیلئے فنانشل کلوژر رحاصل کرلیا۔ فیز۔ ۱۱ کے لئے ایس ای ہی ایم پی تھل نووا پاور تھر (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹیڈاور تھر انرجی کمیٹیڈ کے ساتھ کول سپلائی انگر میمٹٹس کر چکی ہے جو ہرایک 330میگاواٹ پاور پلانٹ کیلئے اضافی 1.9 ملین ٹن لگنائٹ سالانہ کی فراہمی کے سلسلے میں میں۔

پیکیجنگ، بلژنگ مٹیر مل اورمنسلکه مصنوعات کا شعبہ

کمپنی اس شعبے میں تین اہم کاروبارتھل جوٹ بقتل پیچنگ اور بلوچ نتالیمینیٹس کی حامل ہے۔

جانے والے سال کے دوران مجموعی طور پراس شعبے نے سال بہ سال کی بنیاد پر 29 فیصد (14.3 ارب روپے بمقابلہ گزشتہ سال ۱1.1 ارب روپے) شرح نموحاصل کی۔



جوٹ برنس

جوے برنس نے ایک متاثر کن کارکردگی کامظاہرہ کیااور گزشتہ چندسالوں کی طرح اپنی شبت شرح نمو کی رفتار کو برقر اررکھا۔

سال کے دوران گندم کی درآ مدات نیز بیسیئن اورسیکنگ کی برآ مدات میں گروتھ کی وجہ سے طلب انتہائی متحکم رہی۔ برآ مدات کا شعبہ توجہ کا ایک کلیدی مرکز رہا ہے اوراب بیل بھگ سیلز کے 25 فیصد کی نمائندگی کرتا ہے۔ کم از کم تنخوا ہوں میں اضافے اور کرنی کی قدر میں کی کی وجہ سے اخراجات بڑھ بچے ہیں، جس کے نتیجے میں تیار کردہ جوٹ پروڈ کٹس کے زخوں میں اضافہ کے سبب شرح منافع نیز طلب کے تجم میں فرق پڑا ہے۔ تاہم مجموعی طور پر کاروبارنے گزشتہ سالوں کے مقابلے میں انتہائی مشخکم کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کیا ہے۔

î وَٹلَک

آنے والا مالی سال چینجنگ ہے جس کی وجہ خام مال ، تو انائی اور کرا ہیا ور محاوضوں کے اخراجات بڑھنے ہے مبدگائی میں اضافے کا ہونا ہے کین ہم امید کرتے ہیں کہ مقامی طلب اور برآمدات میلز میں اضافیہ ہوگا جس ہے شہت رہ تھان برقر ارر ہنے کا سلسلہ جاری رہے گا۔ انتظامیہ با کفایت پیدا واری عمل پر توجہ دینے کے ساتھ ملاز مین کے لئے کا م کرنے کے بہتر اور محفوظ ماحول کونقینی بنارہی ہے۔

پیکیجنگ بزنس

زیرجائزہ سال سپلائی چین کے مسائل، بڑھتے ہوئے خام مال اور کرامیہ کے اخراجات کے باعث انتہائی چینجنگ رہا۔ تاہم کاروبارا پٹی گروتھ کار بحان برقر ارر کھنے میں کامیاب رہااور سال کا اختتام مہترین سیلز ریو نیواور حجم کی گروتھ کے ساتھ ہوا۔

بیگروتھ نے ووون پولی پراپلین (''ڈیلیو پی پئ') بیگرمینو نیکچرنگ پلانٹ مع 90 ملین بیگز تک کی سالانہ تیاری کی تخائش کے ذریعے ممکن ہوئی۔ یہ پلانٹ ابٹمل طور پر آپریشنل ہو چکا ہے اور جدید جرمن ٹیکنالو بی پر تیار کردہ بیگز تک کی سالانہ تیاری کی تخائش کے فراہم کررہا ہے۔ پروڈ کٹ کا معیار پاکستان اسٹینڈرڈ اینڈ کواٹی کنٹرول اتھارٹی ('' پی ایس کیوی اے'') کی جانب ہے جائج شدہ اور مصدقہ ہے اورہم اب اے اپنے کئی سرکردہ کارپوریٹ کا کئٹش کے طور پر مقالی اور عالمی دونوں کی کی بیٹر بیگ کا شعبہ متنقل طور پر تیز رفتارگروتھ فلار پر اپنے ٹرایاں کا کئٹش کے طور پر مقالی اور عالمی دونوں

فوڈ برانڈ ز کے ساتھا ہے پورٹ فولیو میں توسیع جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔

آ ؤٹاُلُ

آئندہ ہالی سال کے لئے کاروباری ماحول بلندتر افراط زر، مہدنگائی، غیرمکلی زرمبادلہ کے اُتار چڑھاؤ، سیاس عدم استحکام، بلندتر خام مال اور پیداواری اخراجات اور روس ۔ پوکرین نٹازع کے باعث سیک کرافٹ پیپر کی عالمی قلت کی وجہ سے چیلنجنگ دکھائی دیتا ہے۔ انتظامیہ پائیدارتر فی کولیٹنی بنانے اور تمام شعبوں میں اپنی برآمدات کا سلسلہ بڑھانے پرانتہائی توجہ دینے کے لئے موثر طور پرسرگرم عمل ہے۔

ليمينيش برنس

لیمینیٹس برنس تین اہم اقسام میں'' فارمائیٹ'' کے برانڈ نام کے تحت سرگرم عمل ہے بہتین شعبے ہائی پریشر کینیٹس (انچ پی ایل)، کمپیکٹ کیمینیٹس اور کیمینیٹر پورڈز ہیں۔ برانڈ اپنے معیاراورکار پوریٹ ویلیوز کے لئے انفرادیت کے لئے مصروف ہے۔

مالیاتی سال22-2021 کے دوران بالخصوص گزشہ سماہی میں میٹریل کی قلت اوراخراجات میں اضافے کی وجہ سے اہم پروڈکٹس کی مجموعی مارکیٹ متاثر ہوئی جس سے منافع جات کی شرح پراثر پڑا۔ مزید برآل لیٹرآف کریڈٹ الیاتی سال22-2021 کے دوران بالخصوص گزشہ سمانی میں میٹریل کی قلت اوراخراجات میں اضافی کے پیش نظر ہمارے برآمدی آرڈرز بھی متاثر ہوئے۔ ان تمام چیلنجوں کے باجود کاروبارنے سال کا اختتا م منافع کے ساتھ کیا ہے۔

آ وُٹ لُگ

بلانٹ کی جانب برنس سے چنداہم پر دجیکش کلمل کیے تاکہ بلانٹ اور توانائی کی کارکردگی میں اضافیہ، پیداواری صلاحیت بہتر اور آپریشنز کومز بیرمنظم اور پائیدار بنایا جائے۔ہم کام کے افعال کو بہتر بنانے کے لئے بلانٹ پر چندکلیدی شعبوں میں بھی اپنی افرادی قوت کو شکلم بنارہے ہیں۔

پروجیکش اورجاری اقد امات کی پخیل کے ساتھ اور پیداواری صلاحت میں اضافے کے نتیج میں توقع ہے کیمینٹس برنس مستقبل قریب میں مزید پائیدار اور منافع بخش ہوجائے گا۔

و ملی ادار بے

تقل بوشوكو پا كستان (پرائيويث) لمديثة

سال22-2021 کے دوران برنس نے 2.1 ارب روپے کی مالیت کا سیاز جم حاصل کیا جبکہ گزشتہ سال کے دوران بھی 2.1 ارب روپے کی سینز حاصل ہوئی تھیں۔ اسسال کے دوران جم پھی کم رہا تا ہم سال کے دوران زرمبادلہ کی میں میں اضافے کے دریعے کی کو پورا کر لیا گیا۔ کم ترجم کے نتیجے کے طور پر بلند تر افراطِ زراور مہنگائی، کرنی کی قدر میں کی اور شرح سود میں نمایاں اضافے کے سبب کمپنی کے لئے منافع جات کا حصول ایک چیلنج رہا۔

آ پریش کی موجودہ جانب پرتمام صارفین کی سپائز کی ضروریات' زیروفقائص'' کے ساتھ پوری کی گئی ہے اور پورے سال کے دوران برنس کوصارفین کی جانب ہے' گرین زون' میں رکھا گیا۔ پیداواری کفایت کو بہتر بنانے ، کائزن اور ہمارے ٹیم ممبران کیلئے کام کرنے کے صحتندانہ اور محفوظ ماحول فراہم کرنے کے ضمن میں توجہ کا سلسلہ بھی برقرار ہے۔اعلیٰ معیار کی سیٹس تیار کی گئیں جن کوصارفین کی جانب ہے بھی بہترین تسلیم کیا گیا۔

کاروبار کے فروغ کے ضمن میں برنس نے مارکیٹ میں اپنی موجود گی بڑھائی اور نے اوا ی ایمز کے ساتھ نے مواقعوں پہجی بات چیت کی۔موجودہ اوا ی ایمز کے نے ماڈلز پرتر قیاتی کام کا بھی آغاز کیا گیا جو کہ منتقبل قریب میں اخراجات کا دباؤ کم کرنے میں برنس کی مدوکر میں گے۔

كاروباري شعبون كاجائزه

کمپنی دونمایاں کاروباری شعبول ۔انجینئر نگ کے شعبےاور پیکنگ، بلڈنگ مٹیریل ونسلکہ مصنوعات ہے متعلق شعبے کی حامل ہے۔

شعبهانجينئر نگ

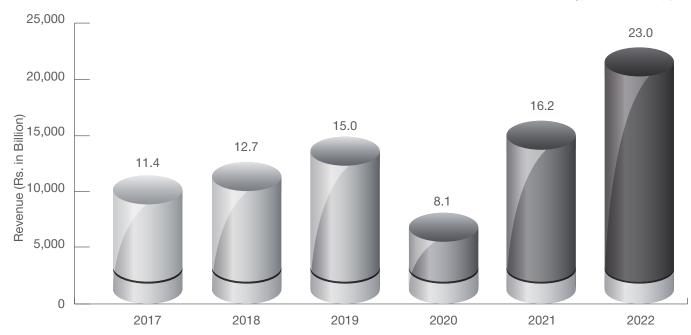
کمپنی کا شعبہ انجینئر نگ تھرمل اورانجن کے اجزاء کے کاروباراورا لیکٹرک سٹم برنس پرمشتل ہے۔ان کاروباروں نے اپنی بنیادی توجہآ ٹوانڈسٹری کے لئے پارٹس کی تیاری پرمرکوز کررکھی ہے۔

شعبے نے گزشتہ سال کی 16.2 ارب روپے کی سیز کے مقابلے میں اس سال 23.0 ارب روپے کی سیز ریکارڈ کی اور 42 فیصد اضافہ حاصل کیا جبکہ پاکستان آٹوموٹیومینوفیکچررزاییوی ایشن ('' پی اےایم اے'') کی رپورٹس کے مطابق پنجر کاروں کی سیز میں 54.9 فیصد اوراسپورٹس پٹیلٹی وہیکلر اور لائٹ کمرشل وہیکلر میلز میں 49.2 فیصد اضافے کے ذریعے مجموعی آٹو انڈسٹری نے بہتر شرح نموحاصل کی۔

تا ہم سال کے آخر میں ملک کی معاثی صور تحال تیزی ہے بگڑی جس کی وجہ بین الاقوامی مارکیٹ میں اشیائے صرف کے تیزی ہے بڑھتے ہوئے نرخوں کے سبب بیرونی محاذ ہے بھاری و با کا اور آئی ایم الیف پروگرام کی بحالی میں تاخیر تھی۔ فتا نسکہ خلا کے نتیجے نے حکومت پاکستان کو مجبور کیا کہ در آمدات پر پابندیاں عائد کی جا کیں اور نیتجناً اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے ایک اور اضافی شرط عائد کردی جس کے ذریعے پاکستان کسٹمز ٹیرف کو ڈے باب 184 اور 85 کے تھے آنے والی اشیاء کی در آمد کے لئے ٹرانز یکشنز شروع کرنے سے قبل اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان کی بیشگی اجازت لین الازم تھا جس کی وجہ ہے ''کمپیٹ ناکلڈ ڈاؤن' (سی کے ڈی) کمٹس اور پارٹس کے خام مال کی در آمد شدید متاثر ہوئی جس کے سبب آٹوسیکٹر مفلوج ہوکررہ گیا۔ مزید بر برآل بڑھتے ہوئے کرنے اکا ؤنٹ خسار ہے کی وجہ سے پاکستانی روپے کی قدر انتہائی گھٹے گئی جس سے صارفین کی قوت خرید میں نمایاں کی آئی۔

ا نظامیمسلس متعلقہ عکومتی ، ریگولیٹری اوصنعتی نظیموں کے ساتھ را لبطے میں ہے تا کہ موجودہ ، محران کوحل کیا جائے۔ مزید برآ ل انتظامیہ کاروباری توسیع ، مقامی صنعت کوفروغ دینے اور منافع بخش آپریشنز کے لئے با کھایت پیداواری عمل پر بھی توجد دے رہی ہے۔

آ گے بڑھتے ہوئے انتظامیہ اور پجنل ایکو پھٹ مینونیکچررز (''اوای ایم'')، کواٹی، بیلتھ بیٹی ، ماحولیاتی اقدامات کی بہتر فراہمی اور نئے اوای ایمز سے نئے کاروبار کے مصول پر توجہ دیتی رہے گی جبکہ مستقل بہتری کے مل کے ذریعے با کفایت پیداوار کٹل بڑھایا جائے گا۔



آ وُٺلا

آنے والے مالی سال کے دوران تو قع ہے کہ آٹو سیکٹر کوخاصی ہلچل کا سامنا کرنا پڑے گا جیسا کہ منتقل طور پر درآمدی پابندیاں آپریشنز کومتاثر کریں گی اوراس کے منتیج میں جم میں نمایاں کی آئے گی۔منتقل طور پر بڑھتی ہوئی مہنگائی اورافراطِ زر کے ساتھ آئندہ مالیاتی سال کاروبار کے لئے انتہائی تنفین ثابت ہوگا۔

ڈائریکٹرز کی رپورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

ہم بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے نہایت مسرت کے ساتھ تھل کمیٹیڈ (دی' سمینی'') کی 56ویں سالانہ رپورٹ مع آڈٹ شدہ ہالیاتی گوشوارے برائے سال گفتیہ 30 جون 2022 پیش کررہے ہیں۔

معاشی حائز ہ

معیشت نے مالیاتی سال2020 میں ایک فیصد تک سکٹر نے کے بعد بھالی کے آثار طاہر کیے۔رسداور طلب کے عدم توازن واضح ہوئے،جس کی وجبر انسپورٹ میں رکاوٹوں اور مشکلات کی وجبہ سے سپائی چینن کا متاثر ہونا تھا۔ اشیا ئے صرف کے بین الاقوامی نزخوں نے بھی معیشت کوشد بیدمتاثر کیا جس کے منتیج میں دنیا کے بیشتر حصوں بشمول پاکستان میں افراط زراور مہیگائی تیزی سے بڑھی۔

2022 کی دوسری سے ماہی میں بلندتر عالمی مہنگائی ، افراطِ زر ، مانیٹری بخت پالیسی COVID-19 (کوروناوائزس) کی پابندیوں اور روس۔ یوکرین تنازع کے سب عالمی آؤٹ پٹ میں کھی کا آغاز ہوا۔ عالمی اور مقامی غیریقینی صورتحال تاحال معیشت کے اطراف موجود ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ مون سون کی موسلا دھار بارشوں کے متیج میں حالیہ سیلا بی صورتحال نے سندھ ، بلوچتان ، خیبر پختونخواہ اور پنجاب کے بیشتر علاقوں میں اقتصادی سرگرمیوں پر انتہائی منفی اثرات مرتب کیے ہیں۔

اس کے ساتھ ساتھ پاکستان کو پہلے سے غیرمکی زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر میں کی اور کرنسی کی فدر گھٹے کا سامنا ہے جس کی وجہ سے د باؤممکنہ طور پرمزید بڑھے گا جبکہ پاکستان اس صورتحال سے نگلنے کی کوششیں کر رہا ہے۔

مالياتی نتائج

سال کے دوران کمپنیز کا سینز ریو نیوسال بدسال 37 فیصد تک بڑھ کر 37.4 ارب روپے ہو گیا۔منافع بعداز ٹیکس 4.3 ارب روپے (سال بدسال 23 فیصد تک بڑھا) ریکارڈ کیا گیا جو 2021-2020 کے دوران 3.5 ارب روپے رہاتھا۔

	(روپ پلین میں)				
كنسوليدٌ يؤرُّ			اسٹینڈالون		
2020-21	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22		
29.6	39.8	27.3	37.4	غالص آمدنی	
7.8	8.9	4.6	5.9	قبل از ئيكس منا فع	
1.9	2.5	1.1	1.7	محصول کی ادا نیگی	
5.9	6.3	3.5	4.3	بعداز شيكس منافع	
67.06	71.71	42.97	52.54	فی شیئر آمدنی،روپے می <i>ن</i>	





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