

Supplementary Materials for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2021

May 12, 2021 WILL GROUP, INC. (Tokyo Stock Exchange, First Section / Stock code: 6089)



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I. FY3/21 Results

Operating profit was far above the forecast because of the success of measures to minimize the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and due to government subsidies and other reasons

(Billions of yen)	FY3/20	FY3/21 (Forecast as of	FY3/21	Vs. FY:	3/20	Vs. FY3/21	Forecast
		Nov. 9, 2020)	113/21	Change	% change	Change	% change
Revenue	121.91	116.00	118.24	-3.66	-3.0%	+2.24	+1.9%
Gross profit (Gross margin)	25.40 (20.8%)	-	24.05 (20.3%)	-1.34 (-0.5pt)	-5.3%	-	-
Operating profit (Operating margin)	4.14 (3.4%)	3.40 (2.9%)	4.03 (3.4%)	-0.11 (+0.0pt)	-2.8%	+0.63	+18.5%
Profit before tax	4.05	3.25	3.78	-0.26	-6.6%	+0.53	+16.6%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	2.38	1.75	2.36	-0.01	-0.7%	+0.61	+35.1%
EBITDA (Operating profit + Depreciation and amortization	6.13	5.40	6.25	+0.12	+2.0%	+0.85	+15.9%

Number of employees: 4,845 (+357 from the end of FY3/20)



Consolidated Revenue

(Billions of yen)



4Q FY3/21 revenue was ¥200 million above the 3Q

→ The negative impact of COVID-19 on business operations is decreasing

*The revenue in FY3/21 is based on adjusted figure that excludes overseas subsidy income.



Consolidated Gross Margin and SG&A Expense Ratio

(Billions of yen)



Gross profit* 4.7 SG&A expenses* 1Q 2Q 3Q 2Q 3Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 1Q 4Q 1Q 4Q FY3/20 FY3/20 FY3/20 FY3/20 FY3/21 FY3/21 FY3/21 FY3/21 FY3/19 FY3/19 FY3/19 FY3/19

The gross margin is improving and investments for recruiting and other activities restarted slowly in 3Q

*The gross profit and SG&A expenses in FY3/21 is based on adjusted figure that excludes overseas subsidy income.



(Billions of yen)





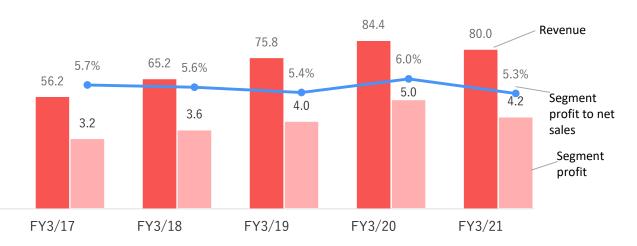
FY3/21 Operating Profit: Breakdown of Year-on-Year Changes



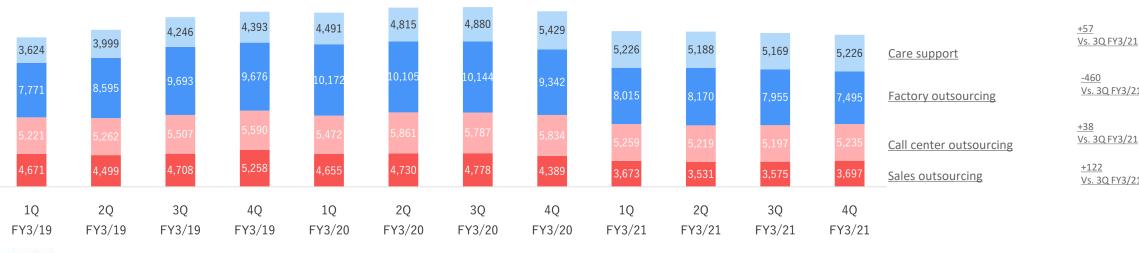


Domestic WORK Business

Revenue and segment profit (Billions of yen)



Number of workers on assignments (person)



(Billions of yen)	Forecast	FY3/21	Vs. Forecast % change	FY3/20	Vs. FY3/20 % change
Revenue	80.61	80.05	-0.7%	84.43	-5.2%
Segment profit	4.25	4.25	+0.1%	5.06	-16.0%

Topics

≻The number of worker on assignments is improving despite a decline in the factory sector caused by production cuts and production plan revisions by client companies.

≻Controlled recruiting expenses based on the level of new orders. (down ¥330 million from FY3/20)



-460

+122

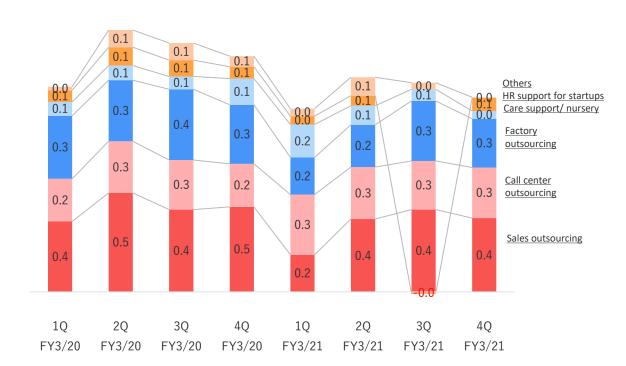
Vs. 3Q FY3/21

Vs. 3Q FY3/21

The call center outsourcing and care support/nursery school sectors performed well. Sales outsourcing sector is improving steadily.

..8 2.0 Others 1.9 2.4 2.1 2.1 0.3 3.0 HR support 3.1 0.3 0.3 for startups 3.2 2.8 Care support/ 3.3 3.3 3.3 3.3 <u>nursery</u> Factory 5.8 outsourcing 5.2 41 Call center 4.3 4.2 3.9 outsourcing 4.2 4.2 4.2 4.2 Sales outsourcing 1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q FY3/20 FY3/20 FY3/20 FY3/21 FY3/21 FY3/21 FY3/20 FY3/21

Operating profit by sector



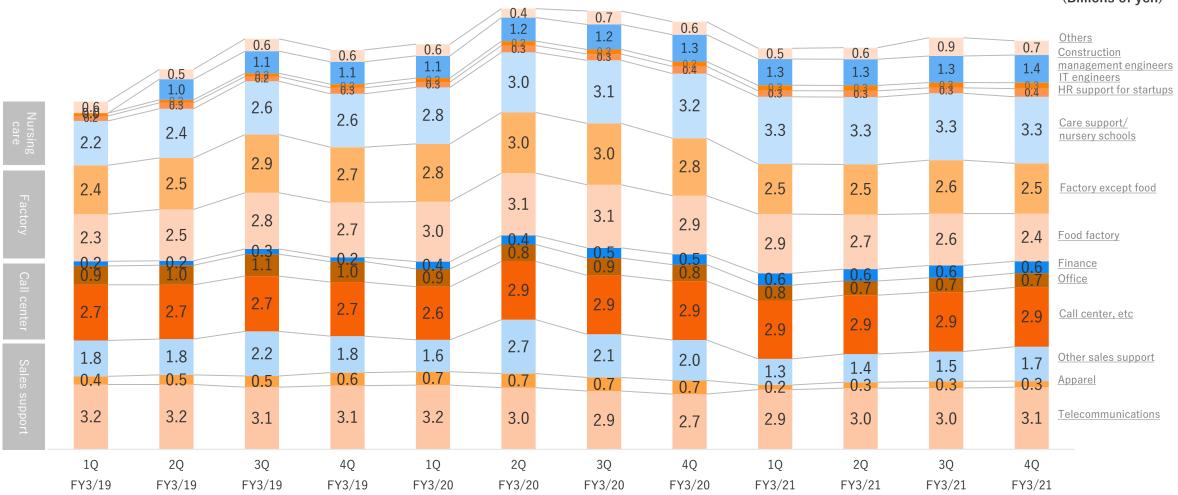


Sales by sector

(Billions of yen)

Domestic WORK Business (Business sector sales)

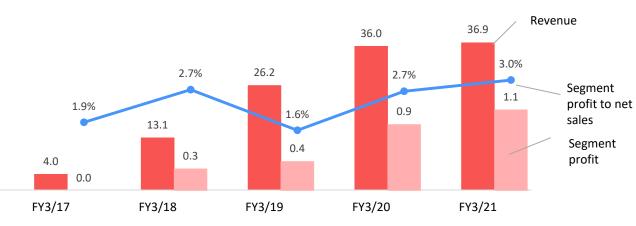
COVID-19 negatively affected the apparel, other sales support and factory sectors



(Billions of yen)

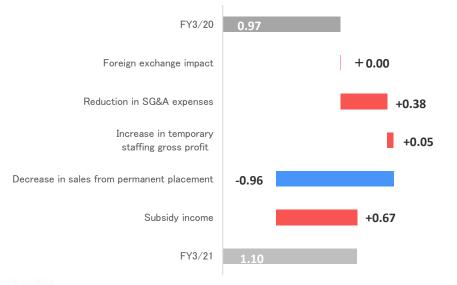


Overseas WORK Business



Revenue and segment profit (Billions of yen)

Major components of changes in segment profit (Billions of yen)



(Billions of yen)	Forecast	FY3/21	Vs. Forecast % change	FY3/20	Vs. FY3/20 % change
Revenue	34.05	36.92	+8.4%	36.07	+2.3%
Segment profit	0.88	1.10	+25.7%	0.97	+13.8%

Topics

➤With COVID-19 under control in Australia and Singapore, permanent placement service demand is slowly recovering. Temporary staffing performed well.

Received an employment support subsidy (approx. ¥700 million) as a countermeasure against COVID-19 in Singapore.

Forex sensitivity

	Initially	FY3/21	FY3/20	, 0	
	assumed Results	Results	Revenue	Profit	
AUD	¥70	¥76	¥74	¥380 mln	¥10 mln
SGD	¥75	¥78	¥79	¥90 mln	¥0 mln



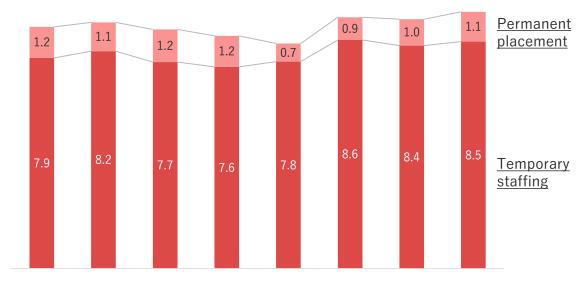
Overseas WORK Business (Sales by contract type, sector operating profit)

4Q

FY3/21

Permanent placement sales are slowly recovering and earnings from business activities (excluding subsidies) are recovering too

Sales by contract type

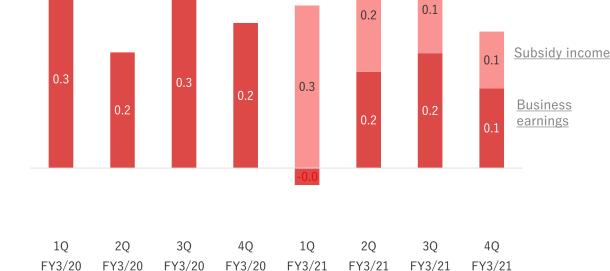


10

2Q

3Q

FY3/21







3Q

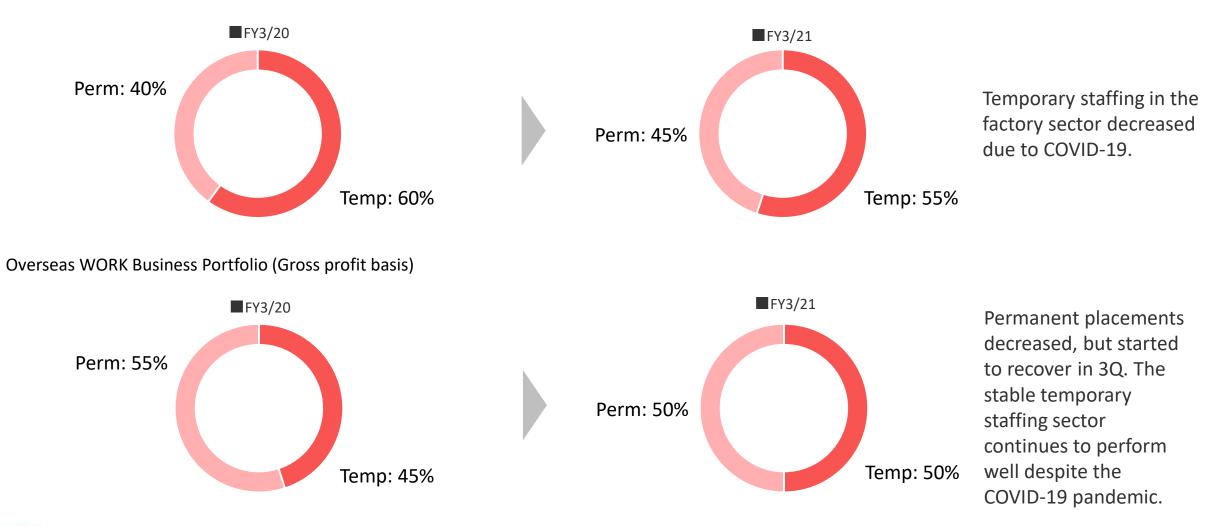
4Q

1Q

20

(Billions of yen)

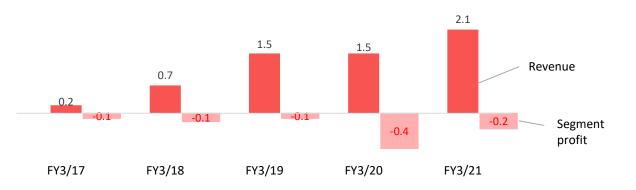
Domestic WORK Business Portfolio (Gross profit basis)





Others

Revenue and segment profit (Billions of yen)



Other business activities

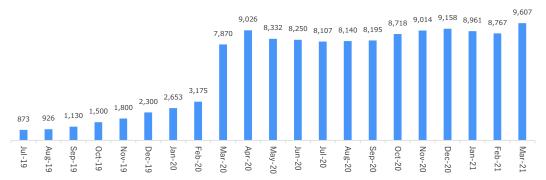


(Billions of yen)	Forecast	FY3/21	Vs. Forecast % change	FY3/20	Vs. FY3/20 % change
Revenue	2.14	2.12	-1.4%	1.54	+36.9%
Segment profit	-0.13	-0.16	-	-0.35	-

Topics

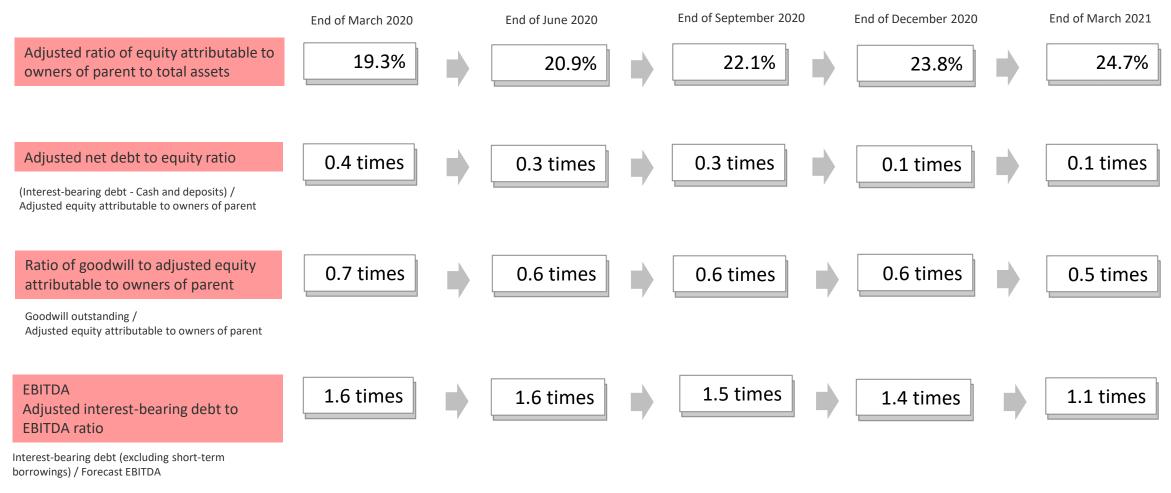
- Upfront investments (¥400 million) in new business domains (HRTech field and ENPORT).
- Daywak, an app for using small amounts of free time during the day for part-time work, was shut down in April 2021 because the initially planned use of existing assets of Will Group for this business was not possible.

Number of workers registered in the Visamane foreign worker management system





All financial indicators are improving



*Adjusted equity represents total equity, net of written put option.



Consolidated Balance Sheet

(Billions of yen)	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2021	Change
Current assets	22.04	23.57	+1.52
Non-current assets	22.55	23.19	+0.63
Total assets	44.60	46.76	+ 2.16
Current liabilities	21.56	24.79	+ 3.22
Non-current liabilities	15.90	11.94	-3.96
Total liabilities	37.47	36.73	-0.74
Total equity	7.12	10.02	+ 2.90
Total liabilities and equity	44.60	46.76	+2.16
Ratio of equity attributable to owners of parent to total assets	11.7%	17.6%	+5.9pt



Major components of changes	Billions of yen)
 Total assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Other financial assets (current) Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Goodwill Other non-current assets Investments accounted for using equity method 	+1.5 -0.3 +0.4 -0.2 -0.4 +0.5 +0.5 +0.5
 Total liabilities Trade and other payables Borrowings (current) Other financial liabilities (current) Income taxes payable Borrowings (non-current) Other financial liabilities (non-current) 	-0.6 -2.6
 Total equity Capital surplus Retained earnings Exchange differences on transla of foreign operations 	-0.3 +2.0 tion +1.4

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

(Billions of yen)	FY3/20	FY3/21	(Major	Free Cash Flows	(Billions of yen)
Profit before tax	4.0	3.7	Components)		
Depreciation and amortization	1.9	2.2			
Income taxes paid	(1.4)	(1.9)			3.8
Other	0.3	0.2	Decrease in profit		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	4.9	4.3	before tax		
Purchase and sales of property, plant and equipment, etc.	(0.5)	(0.5)			
Purchase and sales of shares of subsidiaries	(2.0)	-		1.8	
Other	(0.4)	0.1			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(3.0)	(0.4)	Decrease in M&A investments		
Net increase (decrease) in interest-bearing debt	(3.1)	(2.2)	investments		
Purchase and sales of shares of subsidiaries not resulting in change in scope of consolidation	0.7	(0.7)			
Dividends paid	(0.4)	(0.5)		FY3/20	FY3/21
Government subsidy income	0.0	1.2			
Other	0.0	(0.3)			
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(2.6)	(2.6)			
Effect of exchange rate changes	(0.1)	0.2			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(0.9)	1.5			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	5.9	7.4			
Free cash flows (Operating activities + Investing activities)	1.8	3.8		I	



The FY3/21 dividend per share is ¥24, no change from the upwardly revised dividend forecast announced on November 9, 2020.

 $\Gamma \sqrt{2}$

	FY3/20	FY3/21
Year-end dividend	¥23 per share	¥24 per share
Total return ratio	25.1%	22.9%

Dividend per share and total return ratio





EV/2 /24



II. FY3/22 Earnings and Dividend Forecasts

(Billions of yen)	FY3/20 FY3/21		FY3/22	Vs.FY3/21		
			(Forecast)	Change	0	% change
Revenue	121.91	118.24	121.00	+2	2.75	+2.3%
Domestic WORK Business	84.43	80.05	84.05	+-	4.00	+5.0%
Overseas WORK Business	36.07	36.92	35.37	(1	.54)	(4.2%)
Others	1.54	2.12	1.57	(0	.55)	(26.0%)
IFRS adjustments	(0.14)	(0.84)	0.00	+(0.84	-
Gross profit(Gross margin)	25.40 (20.8%)	24.05 (20.3%)	25.64 (21.2%)	+1 (+0.8p	58 ot)	+6.6%
Operating profit (Operating margin)	4.14 (3.4%)	4.03 (3.4%)	3.40 (2.8%)	.0) (△0.6p	63) ot)	(15.6%)
Domestic WORK Business	5.06	4.25	4.50	+0.24		+5.9%
Overseas WORK Business	0.97	1.10	0.86	(0	.24)	(22.3%)
Others	(0.35)	(0.16)	(0.28)	(0	.11)	-
Adjustments	(1.86)	(2.07)	(2.24)	(0	.16)	-
IFRS adjustments	0.33	0.90	0.56	(0	.34)	(38.1%)
Profit attributable to owners of parent	2.38	2.36	1.84	(0.	52)	(22.2%)
EBITDA	6.13	6.25	5.20	(1.	05)	(16.9%)
			Initially	FY3/21 Results		ge for ¥1 rence/y
					Revenue	Profit

AUD

SGD

¥68

¥72

¥76

¥78

¥380 mln

¥90 mln

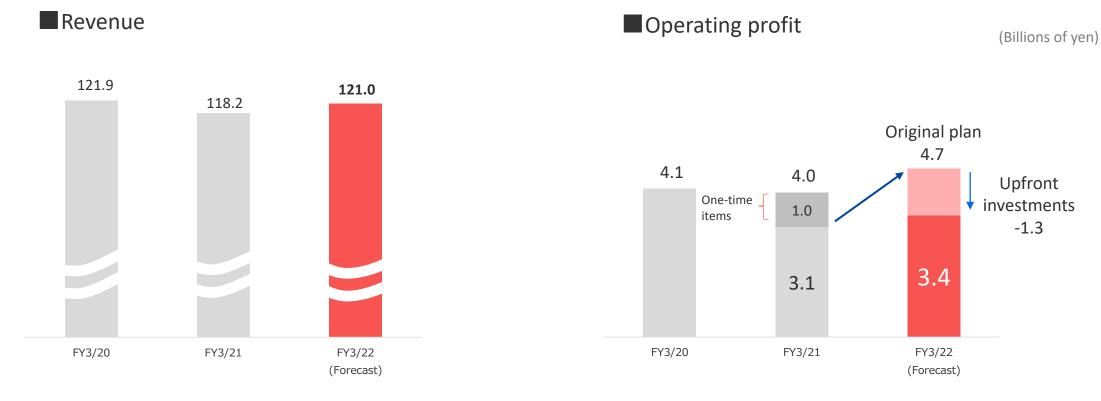


¥10 mln

¥0 mln

Assumptions Used for the FY3/22 Forecast

The effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on business operations are expected to eventually end during FY3/22, resulting in an original plan for operating profit that is higher than in FY3/20, which is before this crisis.
 However, we have established a budget of ¥1.3 billion for upfront investments, including ¥600 million for recruiting construction management engineers and strengthening sales operations and ¥700 million for hiring more permanent placement recruiting consultants for the personnel in the care support, IT and start-up company sectors.





FY3/22 Forecasts (Segments and Sectors)

Segments	Sectors	FY3/20	FY3/21	FY3/22 (Forecast)	Change (%)	
		Upper: Net sales	Upper: Net sales	Upper: Net sales	Upper: Net sales	Assumptions Used for the FY3/22 Forecast
(Billions of yen)		Lower: Operating profit	Lower: Operating profit	Lower: Operating profit	Lower: Operating profit	
Domestic WORK	Sales support	23.14	19.04	20.10	+5.5%	More growth in the stable telecommunications sector
Business		1.79	1.41	1.68	+18.8%	• Hire more full-time personnel for growth of the sales agent and other highly profitable services
	Call center	16.46	16.86	16.87	+0.0%	Continue expansion of financial service sector business, which has a high profit margin
		0.99	1.12	1.11	-1.2%	 Increase the share of services provided at each location and shift from temporary staffing to consignment contracts
	Factory	23.74	20.58	19.45	-5.5%	• Increase market share in the stable food sector and in other sectors, focus on increasing orders involving
		1.34	1.00	1.14	+14.5%	 electrical machinery and electronics, which are more profitable than the logistics and consumer products sectors Merger between consolidated subsidiaries in July 2021 to improve profitability by combining administrative operations and business sites
	Care support	12.05	13.21	15.63	+18.2%	• Aim for temporary staffing sales growth by adding another business site
		0.36	0.38	0.70	+85.3%	 Increase care personnel placement sales by hiring more consultants and increasing the number of people placed in temporary positions who plan to switch to permanent positions
	HR support for	1.26	1.27	1.78	+40.2%	• The number of recruiting projects has returned to the pre-COVID level and, although caution is still
	startups	0.30	0.15	0.18	+13.9%	needed, the outlook is for the number of these projects to increase. Foresee more recruiting demand from startup companies providing innovative services that reflect upcoming changes in the business climate, such as the faster pace of the DX due to the COVID-19 crisis. Also continue recruiting more sales personnel in anticipation of higher recruiting market activity once this crisis ends.
	Construction	4.80	5.27	6.18	+17.2%	• Upfront expenditures to hire more people for upgrading sales and follow-up operations in order to
	management engineers	0.01	(0.18)	(0.65)	-	increase temporary placements of people with no prior experience: Forecast ¥600 million (was ¥200 million in FY3/21)
	Others	2.96	3.78	4.02	+6.4%	• Expect more growth in temporary staffing of assistant language teachers and growth of temporary staffing
		0.24	0.35	0.33	-6.6%	and permanent placements of IT personnel
Overseas WORK Business	Singapore, etc. Australia	36.07	36.92	35.37	-4.2%	 Expect the recovery in permanent placement sales to offset the absence of government subsidy income (about ¥700 million in FY3/21). Forecast growth of temporary staffing. Forecast uses conservative assumptions for foreign exchange rates
		0.97	1.10	0.86	-22.3%	



FY3/22 Forecasts for the Impact of COVID-19

Although the pandemic will affect some business activities, the negative impact on operations is expected to decline because a framework that reflects the business climate created by this crisis has been established. Consequently, the pandemic is not expected to have a significant effect on consolidated sales and earnings in FY3/22.

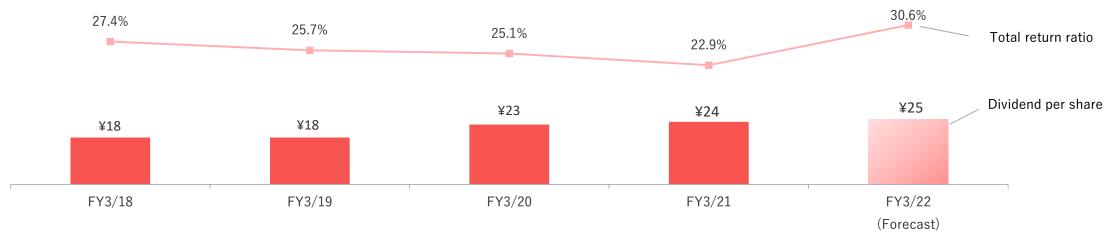
Segments	Sectors	FY3/21 COVID-19 impact and responses
Domestic WORK Business	Sales support	Difficulties continue in the apparel and sales promotion sectors, strengthening services in the stable telecommunications, sales agency and other sectors.
	Call center	Demand is strong; orders are still below the pre-COVID level but are recovering slowly. Strengthening sales activities for adding new customers.
	Factory	Performance is still held down by the decline in orders as customers in the food and other sectors reduce output and revise production plans. Increasing sales activities in the stable food sector. Also increasing sales activities for consigned management of foreign workers (specified skilled workers, etc.) due to expected easing of restrictions on entering Japan.
	Care support	Effect on recruiting of companies in other industries entering this field is slowly decreasing. Temporary staffing and permanent placement orders are still below the pre-COVID level although orders started recovering. Increasing sales activities targeting new nursing care facilities and nursery schools.
	HR support for startups	The number of recruiting projects recovered to the pre-COVID level in March 2021. Strengthening HR support for rapidly growing companies implementing the DX of their operations. Steady growth of the open innovation service, which supports interaction among large companies, the public sector and startup companies.
	Construction management engineers	COVID-19 has only a negligible effect on this sector due to the structural labor shortage and strong demand for construction services.
	Others	COVID-19 had no effect on sales for assistant language teacher staffing because schools are operating, but the crisis is affecting recruiting activities somewhat due to restrictions on entering Japan.
Overseas WORK Business	Singapore, etc. Australia	COVID-19 is under control in Singapore and Australia and appears to be slowly winding down. As a result, the recovery in demand for permanent placement recruiting services is approaching the pre-COVID level. Temporary staffing is performing well because operations are in stable business domains.



The dividend forecast for FY3/22 is based on a total return ratio target of 30% and the initial FY3/22 forecast for results of operations

	FY3/21	FY3/22 (forecast)
Year-end dividend	¥24 per share	¥25 per share
Total return ratio	22.9%	30.6%

Dividend per share and total return ratio





COVID-19 is affecting the performance of subsidiaries, but this impact is only temporary. No risk of impairment losses at this time.

(Billions of yen)	Primary location	Business activities	Start of consolidation since (WILL GROUP ownership)	Investment *1	*2	FY3/20	FY3/21	YoY change
WILLOF	Metropolitan areas and Tohoku	Construction management engineer temporary staffing and permanent placements mainly in the Tohoku region of Japan. A large number of highly skilled people are registered for	Jun. 2018	2.67	Sales	4.80	5.27	+9.7%
WILLOF CONSTRUCTION		assignments. Strong position in the market for temporary staffing of engineers for large building and civil engineering projects.	(100%)	2.07	Profit*3	0.32	0.12	-60.5%
ChapmanCG	Singapore	Providing permanent placement and consulting services focused on HR primarily in Singapore, through wholly-owned subsidiaries	Jan. 2019	1.54	Sales	1.45	1.14	-21.4%
ChapmaneG		in Hong Kong, Japan, U.S., China, Australia and UK.	(51%)	1.54	Profit*3	0.45	0.34	-25.2%
u&zu.	Brisbane	Providing temporary staffing and permanent placement services to government agencies and major corporations in Australia	Apr. 2019	1.59	Sales	6.60	6.47	-2.0%
RECEIVENT			(60%)	1.55	Profit	0.60	0.63	+4.7%
	Melbourne	Providing temporary staffing and permanent placement services for office work and call center operations to agencies and	Jan. 2018		Sales	11.99	12.78	+6.6%
THINKING REOFLE		companies in various sectors such as the government, telecommunications, resources and appliance manufacturing in Australia.	(80%)	0.91	Profit	0.34	0.34	-1.0%

Investment balance (above 4 companies: ¥6.7 billion

¥8.1 billion

*1 The investment in each company includes goodwill and identifiable intangible assets.

*2 Sales and profit are for the April-March consolidated fiscal year regardless of the timing of consolidated disclosures.

Converted to yen at the rates of ¥75/SGD and ¥75/AUD in order to eliminate the effects of foreign exchange rate movements.

*3 Profit is profit before tax after the amortization of identifiable intangible assets, internal transactions and one-time expenses.





Appendix

Segment Results

Domestic WORK Business

Revenue FY3/19 17,149 18,734 20,242 19,702 FY3/20 19,984 21,741 21,621 21,091 19,782 19,814 20,301 20,151 FY3/21

Overseas WORK Business

Revenue

	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q
FY3/19	5,798	6,286	6,959	7,197
FY3/20	9,098	9,257	8,995	8,723
FY3/21	8,457	9,444	9,368	9,649

Others

Revenue

	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q
FY3/19	578	264	286	422
FY3/20	290	364	423	471
FY3/21	885	611	292	332

(Millions of yen)

Segment profit FY3/19 715 913 1,226 1,210 FY3/20 1,091 1,392 1,323 1,253 974 1,141 1,101 1,035 FY3/21

Segment profit

	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q
FY3/19	268	208	101	(149)
FY3/20	283	184	270	232
FY3/21	232	334	321	217

Segment profit				
			3Q	4Q
FY3/19	(37)	(55)	(13)	42
FY3/20	(84)	(134)	(80)	(52)
FY3/21	(98)	153	(90)	(131)



Geographic (Overseas) Segment Results

(Millions of yen)

Revenue (Asia)				
		2Q	3Q	4Q
FY3/19	1,338	1,412	1,442	1,700
FY3/20	1,923	1,967	1,999	2,070
FY3/21	1,285	1,482	1,768	1,914

Revenue (Australia)				
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q
FY3/19	4,468	4,881	5,523	5,508
FY3/20	7,184	7,299	7,014	6,672
FY3/21	7,181	7,972	7,627	7,769

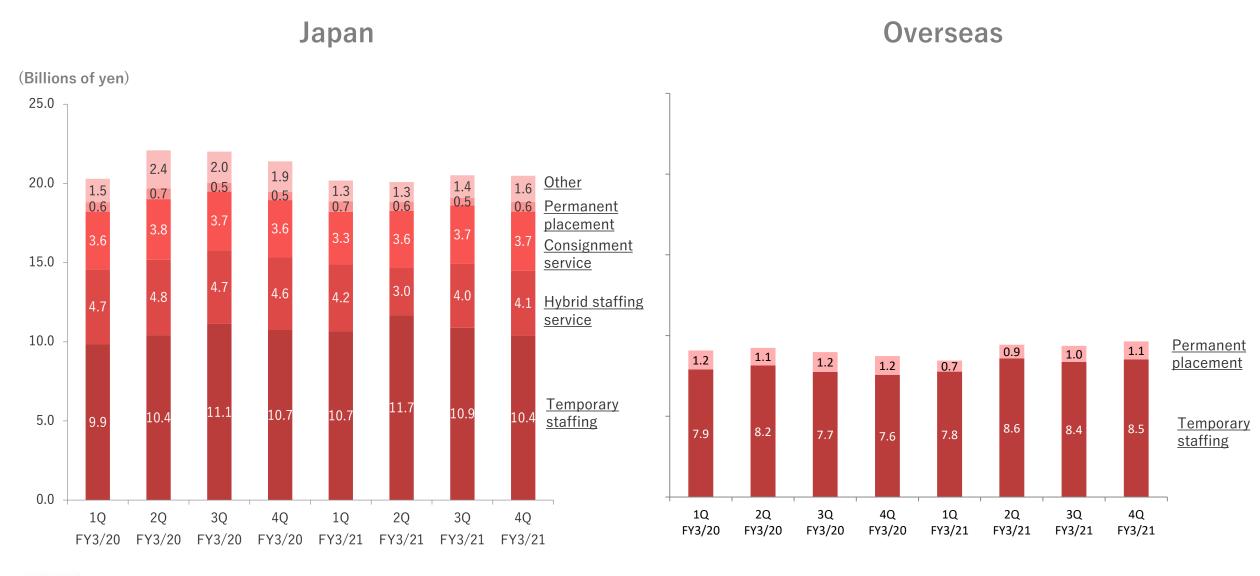


Overseas (Australia, Singapore) Macro Environment

	Market conditions for WILL GROUP	Economic indicators			
* *	The impact of COVID-19 on business operations is declining because the crisis is currently mostly under control. Permanent placement demand is recovering to the pre- COVID level. Temporary staffing orders are firm due to steady demand in the public sector, IT, financial services and legal services sectors.	Real GDP growth rate (YoY change) *Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics 4 4 6 10 20 10 20 10 20	 Unemployment rate *Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics 10 5 0 0 10 		
(** **	As in Australia, demand for permanent placement services is recovering. Operations are shifting to temporary staffing services because there is still certain demand for hiring people even during this economic downturn.	 Real GDP growth rate (YoY change) *Source: Singapore Department of Statistics 20 10 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 10 20 20 30 40 -20 -30 -40 -50 10 20 20 30 40 -50 10 20 20 30 40 -50 	Unemployment rate *Source: Singapore Department of Statistics 4 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		



Breakdown of Revenue by Region/Contract Type





Forecasts of future performance in this report are based on assumptions judged to be valid and information available to the Will Group's management at the time the materials were prepared, but are not promises by the Will Group regarding future performance. Actual results may differ significantly from these forecasts for a number of reasons.

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