

SAFE HARBOR STATEMENT

This document, and in particular the section entitled "2021 Guidance", contain forward-looking statements. These statements may include terms such as "may", "will", "expect", "could", "should", "intend", "estimate", "anticipate", "believe", "continue", "remain", "on track", "successful", "grow", "design", "target", "objective", "goal", "forecast", "projection", "outlook", "prospects", "plan", "guidance" or similar terms. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance. Rather, they are based on the Group's current expectations and projections about future events and, by their nature, are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. They relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur or exist in the future and, as such, undue reliance should not be placed on them.

Actual results may differ materially from those expressed in such statements as a result of a variety of factors, including: the Group's ability to preserve and enhance the value of the Ferrari brand; the success of the Group's Formula 1 racing team and the expenses the Group incurs for its Formula 1 activities, the impact of the application of the new Formula 1 regulations progressively coming into effect in 2021 and 2022, the uncertainty of the sponsorship and commercial revenues the Group generates from its participation in the Formula 1 World Championship, including as a result of the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, as well as the popularity of Formula 1 more broadly; the effects of the evolution of and response to the Covid-19 pandemic; the Group's ability to keep up with advances in high performance car technology and to make appealing designs for its new models; Group's ability to preserve its relationship with the automobile collector and enthusiast community; changes in client preferences and automotive trends; changes in the general economic environment, including changes in some of the markets in which the Group operates, and changes in demand for luxury goods, including high performance luxury cars, which is highly volatile; competition in the luxury performance automobile industry; the Group's ability to successfully carry out its growth strategy and, particularly, the Group's ability to grow its presence in China and other growth markets; the Group's low volume strategy; global economic conditions, pandemics and macro events; reliance upon a number of key members of executive management and employees, and the ability of its current management team to operate and manage effectively; the impact of increasingly stringent fuel economy, emission and safety standards, including the cost of compliance, and any required changes to its products; the challenges and costs of integrating hybrid and electric technology more broadly into Group's car portfolio over time; the performance of the Group's dealer network on which the Group depend for sales and services; increases in costs, disruptions of supply or shortages of components and raw materials; disruptions at the Group's manufacturing facilities in Maranello and Modena;; the effects of Brexit on the UK market; the performance of the Group's licensees for Ferrari-branded products; the Group's ability to protect its intellectual property rights and to avoid infringing on the intellectual property rights of others; the ability of Maserati, the Group's engine customer, to sell its planned volume of cars; the Group's continued compliance with customs regulations of various jurisdictions; product recalls, liability claims and product warranties; the adequacy of its insurance coverage to protect the Group against potential losses; the Group's ability to ensure that its employees, agents and representatives comply with applicable law and regulations; the Group's ability to maintain the functional and efficient operation of its information technology systems and to defend from the risk of cyberattacks, including on its in-vehicle technology; the Group's ability to service and refinance its debt; the Group's ability to provide or arrange for adequate access to financing for its dealers and clients, and associated risks; labor relations and collective bargaining agreements; exchange rate fluctuations, interest rate changes, credit risk and other market risks; changes in tax, tariff or fiscal policies and regulatory, political and labor conditions in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates, including possible future bans of combustion engine cars in cities and the potential advent of self-driving technology; potential conflicts of interest due to director and officer overlaps with the Group's largest shareholders; and other factors discussed elsewhere in this document.

The Group expressly disclaims and does not assume any liability in connection with any inaccuracies in any of the forward-looking statements in this document or in connection with any use by any third party of such forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statements contained in this document speak only as of the date of this document and the Company does not undertake any obligation to update or revise publicly forward-looking statements. Further information concerning the Group and its businesses, including factors that could materially affect the Company's financial results, is included in the Company's reports and filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the AFM and CONSOB.



STRONG FIRST QUARTER RESULTS AND RECORD ORDER BOOK; DECISIVE MANAGEMENT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC IMPACTS

Q1 sustained by product mix with EBITDA⁽¹⁾ at €376M, +18.6% vs. Q1 '20 and +20.9% vs. Q1 '19, with a margin of 37.2%.

Sound industrial FCF⁽¹⁾ at €147M.

Robust net order intake and record order book. Most profitable models with strongest demand

Confident to reach top end of the 2021 guidance range

2022 financial targets postponed by one year due to actions taken in response to Covid-19

Unveiling of new Ferrari limited-edition V12 tomorrow

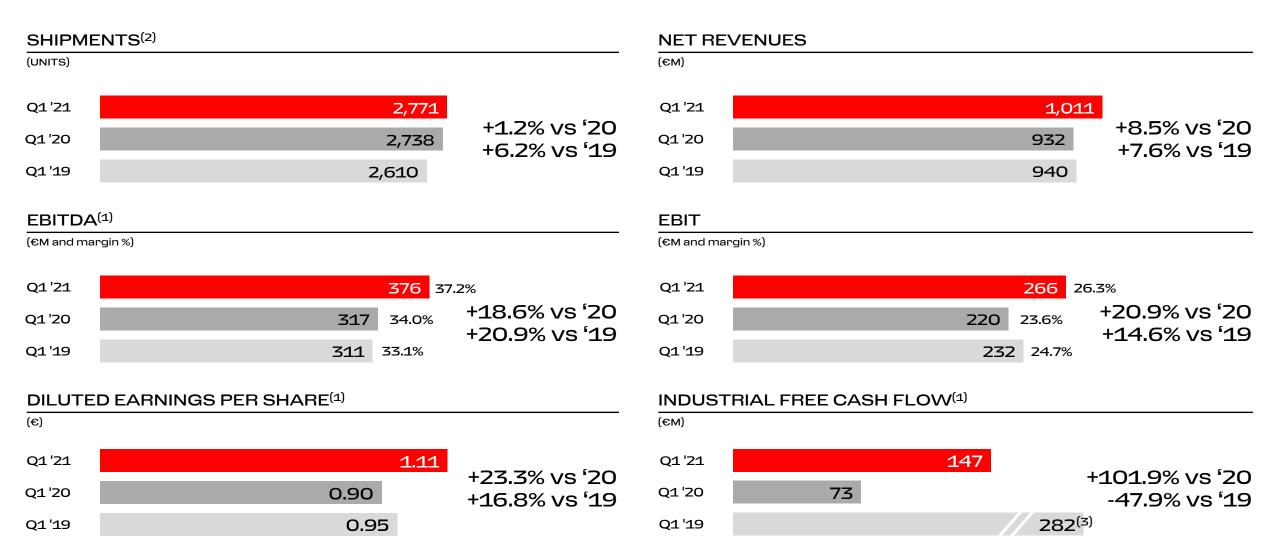
Unveiling of Purosangue in 2022

Unveiling of first all-electric in 2025





Q1 2021 HIGHLIGHTS

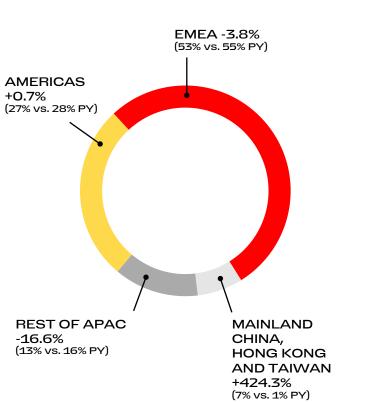




Q1 2021 - SHIPMENTS(2)

SHIPMENTS BY REGION⁽⁴⁾

(Q1 2021 VS. Q1 2020)

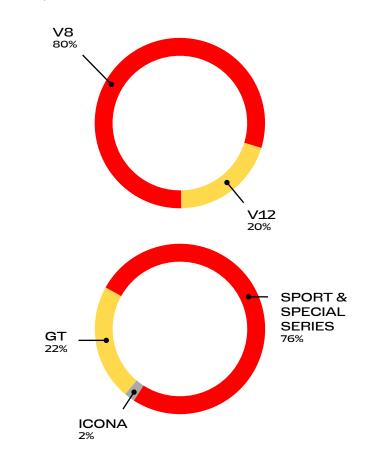


Total shipments slightly up vs. Q1 2020, which was strong as a result of the still limited impact of Covid-19 pandemic on core business:

- F8 family and 812 GTS driving deliveries
- SF90 Stradale and Ferrari Roma remain in ramp up phase
- Monza SP1 and SP2 continue to be delivered in line with production planning
- 488 Pista family and Ferrari Portofino phased out
- Deliberate geographic allocation driven by phase-in pace of individual models
- Mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan, up 157 units, boosted by the arrival of new models and accentuated by easy comparison vs. prior year⁽⁵⁾

SHIPMENTS BREAKDOWN

(Q1 2021)



NEW FERRARI LIMITED-EDITION V12 TO BE UNVEILED TOMORROW

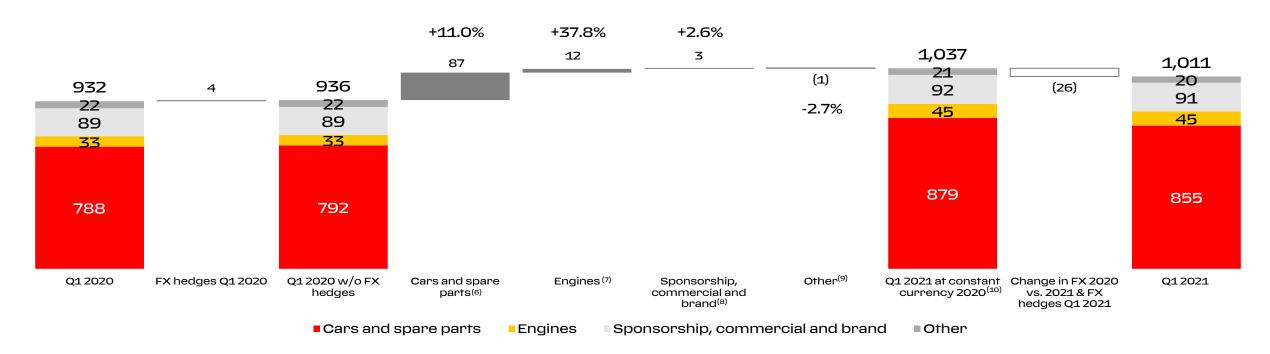


NET REVENUES BRIDGE Q1 2020 - 2021

(€M)

Net revenues reported +8.5%

Net revenues at constant currency⁽¹⁰⁾ +10.8%

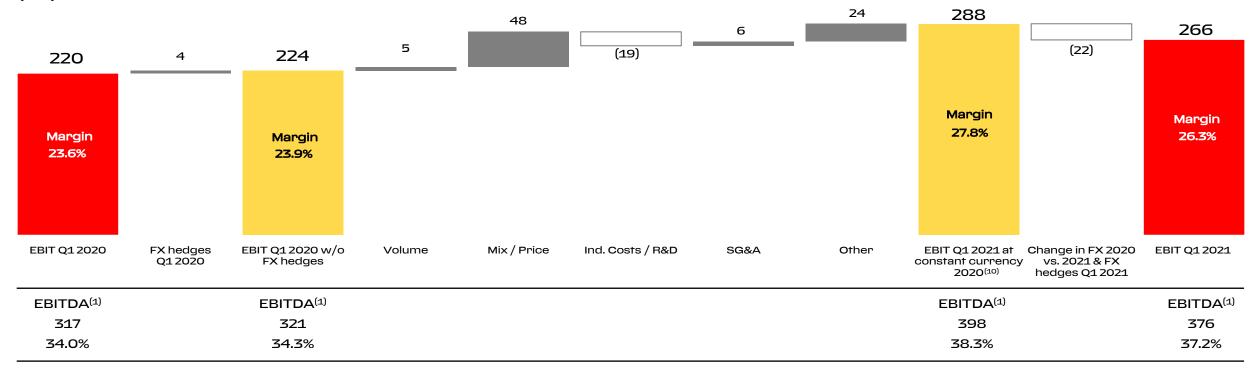


- Cars and spare parts: increase generated mainly by the strong enrichment of product mix
- Engines: improvement due to higher shipments to Maserati and, to a lesser extent, to rental of engines to other Formula 1 racing teams
- Sponsorship, commercial and brand: increase attributable to an improved outlook for the Formula 1 calendar, but lower prior year ranking as well as reduced brand-related activities due to the Covid-19 pandemic
- · Currency: negative impact, mainly USD



EBIT BRIDGE Q1 2020 - 2021

(€M)

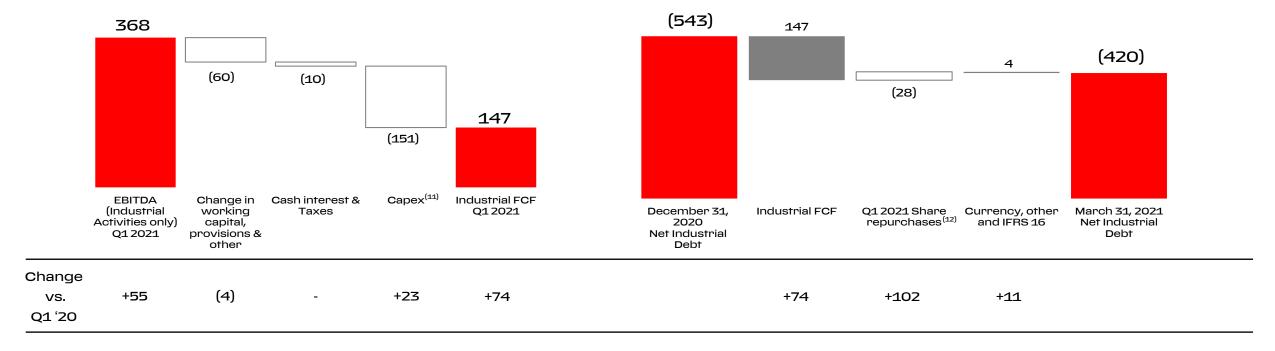


- Volume: shipments slightly up
- Mix / price: strong contribution from a richer product mix thanks to SF90 Stradale and Ferrari Monza
- Industrial costs / R&D: mainly higher D&A and product innovation activities, net of technology-related government incentives
- SG&A: mainly reflecting the adaptation of our communication and marketing activities to a more pronounced digital bias, also due to Covid-19
- Other: improved outlook for the Formula 1 calendar and higher contribution from other supporting activities as well as Maserati, but lower prior year ranking and reduced brand-related activities due to the Covid-19 pandemic



INDUSTRIAL FCF⁽¹⁾ AND NET INDUSTRIAL DEBT⁽¹⁾ BRIDGES DEC 31, 2020 - MAR 31, 2021

(€M)



- Positive industrial free cash flow⁽¹⁾ generation
- Working capital & other: mainly higher inventories and reversal of the Ferrari Monza advances
- Capex: long-term product development. In Q1 2020 approx. €60M land purchase in Maranello.
- Multi-year share repurchase program restarted with a €150M tranche; €28M(12) repurchased in the first quarter
- Dividend distribution of €160M approved due on May 5, 2021



2021 GUIDANCE

Core business sustained by volume and mix

Revenues from Formula 1 racing activities based on the announced calendar and reflecting lower 2020 ranking

Brand-related activities dealing with Covid-19 challenges

Operational and marketing costs gradually resuming

(€B, unless otherwise stated)	2019	2020	2021
	ACTUAL	ACTUAL	GUIDANCE ⁽¹⁴⁾
NET REVENUES	3.8	3.5	~4.3
ADJ. EBITDA	1.3	1.1	1.45-1.50
(margin %)	33.7%	33.0%	33.7%-34.9%
ADJ. EBIT	0.9	0.7	0.97-1.02
(margin %)	24.4%	20.7%	22.6%-23.7%
ADJ. DILUTED EPS (€)	3.71	2.88 ⁽¹³⁾	4.00-4.20 ⁽¹⁵⁾
INDUSTRIAL FCF	0.7	0.2	~0.35





PPENDIX

NOTES TO THE PRESENTATION

- 1. Reconciliations to non-GAAP financial measures are provided in the Appendix
- 2. Excluding the XX Programme, racing cars, Fuori Serie, one-off and pre-owned cars
- 3. Q1 2019 industrial free cash flow was supported by the collection of advances on the Ferrari Monza SP1 and SP2
- 4. Shipments geographic breakdown
 - EMEA includes: Italy, UK, Germany, Switzerland, France, Middle East (includes the United Arab Emirates, Saudi Arabia, Bahrain, Lebanon, Qatar, Oman and Kuwait) and Rest of EMEA (includes Africa and the other European markets not separately identified);
 - Americas includes: United States of America, Canada, Mexico, the Caribbean and Central and South America;
 - Rest of APAC mainly includes: Japan, Australia, Singapore, Indonesia, South Korea, Thailand, India and Malaysia
- 5. Easy comparison due to 2019 accelerated deliveries in advance of the early implementation of new emission regulations
- 6. Includes net revenues generated from shipments of our cars, any personalization net revenues generated on cars, as well as sales of spare parts
- 7. Includes net revenues generated from the sale of engines to Maserati for use in their cars, and the revenues generated from the rental of engines to other Formula 1 racing teams
- 8. Includes net revenues earned by our Formula 1 racing team through sponsorship agreements and our share of the Formula 1 World Championship commercial revenues, as well as revenues generated through the Ferrari brand, including merchandising, licensing and royalty income

- Primarily relates to financial services activities, management of the Mugello racetrack and other sports-related activities
- 10. The constant currency presentation eliminates the effects of changes in foreign currency (transaction and translation) and of foreign currency hedges
- 11. Excluding right-of-use assets recognized during the period in accordance with IFRS 16 Leases
- 12. Including repurchases for an amount of approx. Euro 15 million in relation to the Sell to Cover practice under the equity incentive plans
- 13. Net of a tax benefit, with no cash impact on 2020, from the one-off partial step-up of the trademark's book value in accordance with the Italian tax regulations
- 14. Subject to trading conditions unaffected by further Covid-19 pandemic restrictions
- 15. Calculated using the weighted average diluted number of common shares as of December 31, 2020 (185,379 thousand)
- 16. Models not included in the total shipments' figure provided
- 17. Not including lease liabilities and other debt
- 18. Financial leverage is calculated as the ratio between Net Debt or Net Industrial Debt and Adjusted EBITDA or Adjusted EBITDA (Industrial Activities only)
- 19. Capitalized as intangible assets
- 20. For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 the weighted average number of common shares for diluted earnings per common share was increased to take into consideration the theoretical effect of the potential common shares that would be issued under the equity incentive plans



STRONG TRACK-RECORD IN NEW MODELS INTRODUCTION

RANGE MODELS INTRODUCED

Model / year of delivery	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
SPORT RANGE																
599 GTB Fiorano	(B) (B)															
458 Italia				8 8												
458 Spider						9 8										
F12berlinetta							**									
488 GTB																
488 Spider																
812 Superfast												28 8				
F8 Tributo																
SF90 Stradale															6	
812 GTS															620	
F8 Spider																
SF90 Spider																
GRAN TURISMO RANGE																
612 Scaglietti																
California			0 0	ĝ												
FF																
California 30																
California T									8							
GTC4LUSSO																
GTC4LUSSO T																
Ferrari Portofino																
Ferrari Roma																
Ferrari Portofino M																



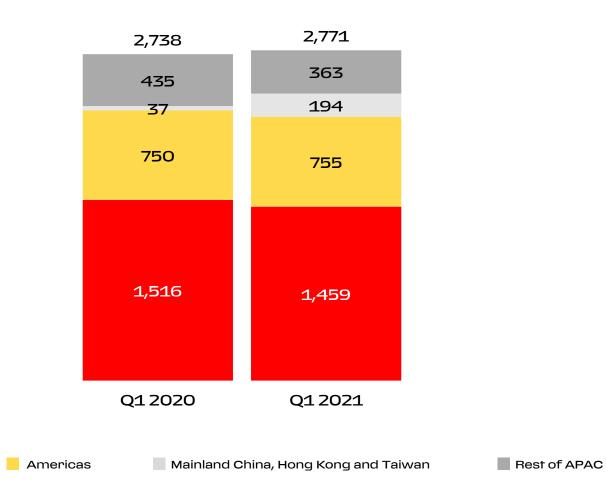
STRONG TRACK-RECORD IN NEW MODELS INTRODUCTION

SPECIAL AND LIMITED EDITION MODELS INTRODUCED

Model / year of delivery	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
SPECIAL SERIES																
Superamerica																
F430 Scuderia																
Scuderia Spider 16M																
599 GTO																
SA APERTA					B											
458 Speciale								**								
458 Speciale A																
F12tdf																
488 Pista																
488 Pista Spider														500		
ICONA																
Ferrari Monza SP1																
Ferrari Monza SP2														8		
HYPERCAR																
LaFerrari																
LaFerrari Aperta																
TRACK CAR ⁽¹⁶⁾																
FXX-K										9						
FXX-K EVO																
488 GT Modificata																
FUORISERIE ⁽¹⁶⁾																
F60 America											6					
J50																



GROUP SHIPMENTS BY REGION⁽²⁾⁽⁴⁾





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EMEA

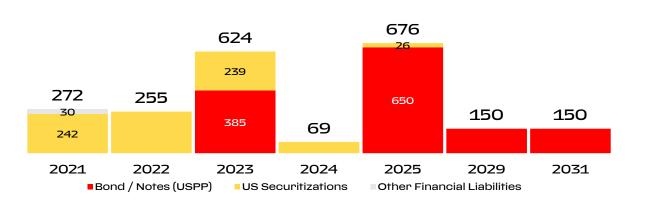
DEBT AND LIQUIDITY POSITION

NET INDUSTRIAL DEBT

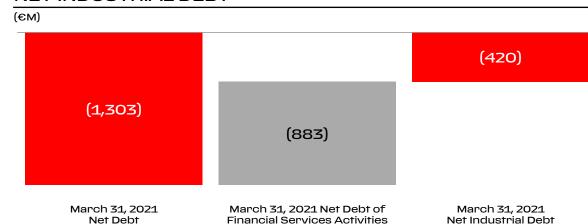
(€M)				
	At Mar. 31		At Dec. 31	
	2021	2020	2019	2018
Debt	(2,283)	(2,725)	(2,090)	(1,927)
Cash and Cash Equivalents (A)	980	1,362	898	794
Net Debt	(1,303)	(1,363)	(1,192)	(1,133)
Net Debt of Financial Services Activities	(883)	(820)	(855)	(763)
Net Industrial Debt	(420)	(543)	(337)	(370)
Undrawn Committed Credit Lines (B)	750	700	350	500
Total Available Liquidity (A+B)	1,730	2,062	1,248	1,294

GROSS DEBT MATURITY PROFILE(17)

(€M and Cash Maturities)



NET INDUSTRIAL DEBT



CASH AND MARKETABLE SECURITIES

(€M)

	At Mar. 31		At Dec. 31	
	2021	2020	2019	2018
Euro	802	1,203	690	616
US Dollar	78	76	63	50
Chinese Yuan	65	51	110	73
Japanese Yen	10	13	12	24
Other Currencies	25	19	23	31
Total (€ equivalent)	980	1,362	898	794

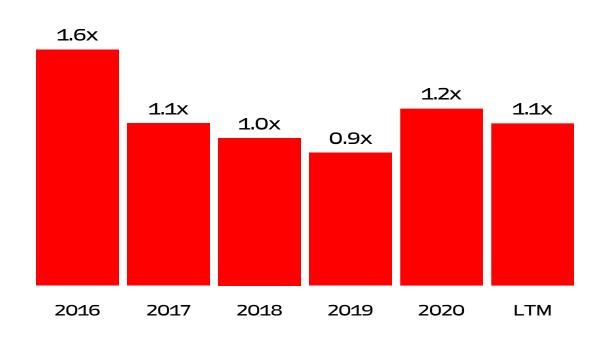


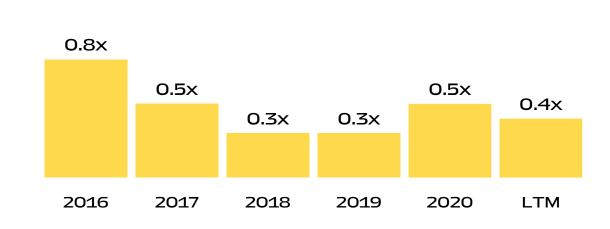
FINANCIAL LEVERAGE⁽¹⁸⁾ HISTORICAL TREND

Total available liquidity at €1,730M as of March 31, 2021 (€2,062M as of December 31, 2020), following the reimbursement of €500M 2021 notes and including undrawn committed credit lines of €750M

Net Debt / Adj. EBITDA(1)

Net Industrial Debt⁽¹⁾ / Adj. EBITDA⁽¹⁾ (Industrial Activities only)







CAPEX AND R&D

€M, unless otherwise stated	Q1 '21	Q1 '20
Capital expenditures ⁽¹¹⁾	151	174
of which capitalized development costs ⁽¹⁹⁾ (A)	85	66
Research and development costs expensed (B)	141	140
Total research and development (A+B)	226	206
Amortization of capitalized development costs (C)	48	41
Research and development costs as recognized in the consolidated income statement (B+C)	189	181



NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

Operations are monitored through the use of various non-GAAP financial measures that may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures of other companies.

Accordingly, investors and analysts should exercise appropriate caution in comparing these supplemental financial measures to similarly titled financial measures reported by other companies.

We believe that these supplemental financial measures provide comparable measures of our financial performance which then facilitate management's ability to identify operational trends, as well as make decisions regarding future spending, resource allocations and other operational decisions.

Reconciliations are only provided to the most directly comparable IFRS financial statement line item for Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBIT and Adjusted EPS diluted for historical periods, as the income or expense excluded from these non-GAAP financial measures in accordance with our policy are, by definition, not predictable and uncertain.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

- Total Net Revenues, EBITDA, adj. EBITDA, EBIT and adj. EBIT at constant currency eliminate the effects of changes in foreign currency (transaction and translation) and of foreign currency hedges.
- EBITDA is defined as net profit before income tax expense, net financial expenses
 and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA as adjusted
 for certain income and costs which are significant in nature, expected to occur
 infrequently, and that management considers not reflective of ongoing operational

activities.

- Adjusted Earnings Before Interest and Taxes ("Adjusted EBIT") represents EBIT as
 adjusted for certain income and costs which are significant in nature, expected to
 occur infrequently, and that management considers not reflective of ongoing
 operational activities.
- Adjusted net profit represents net profit as adjusted for certain income and costs
 (net of tax effect) which are significant in nature, expected to occur infrequently, and
 that management considers not reflective of ongoing operational activities.
- Adjusted earnings per share diluted represents earnings per share as adjusted for certain income and costs (net of tax effect) which are significant in nature, expected to occur infrequently, and that management considers not reflective of ongoing operational activities.
- Net Industrial Debt is defined as total Debt less Cash and cash equivalents (Net Debt),
 further adjusted to exclude the debt and cash and cash equivalents related to our
 financial services activities (Net Debt of Financial Services Activities).
- Free Cash Flow is defined as cash flows from operating activities less investments in property, plant and equipment (excluding right-of-use assets recognized during the period in accordance with IFRS 16 - Leases) and intangible assets. Free Cash Flow from Industrial Activities is defined as Free Cash Flow adjusted to exclude the operating cash flow from our financial services activities (Free Cash Flow from Financial Services Activities).



KEY PERFORMANCE METRICS AND RECONCILIATIONS OF NON-GAAP MEASURES

€M, unless otherwise stated	Q1 '21	Q1 '20
Net revenues	1,011	932
EBITDA / Adjusted EBITDA	376	317
of which EBITDA (Industrial Activities only)	368	313
Amortization and depreciation	110	97
EBIT / Adjusted EBIT	266	220
Net financial expenses	9	13
Profit before taxes	257	207
Income tax expense	51	41
Effective tax rate	20.0%	20.0%
Net profit / Adjusted net profit	206	166
Basic EPS / Adjusted basic EPS (€)	1.11	0.90
Diluted EPS / Adjusted diluted EPS (€)	1.11	0.90



RECONCILIATIONS OF NON-GAAP MEASURES: TOTAL NET REVENUES AT CONSTANT CURRENCY⁽¹⁰⁾

€M, unless otherwise stated	Q1 '21	Q1 '21 at constant currency
Cars and spare parts	855	879
Engines	45	45
Sponsorship, commercial and brand	91	92
Other	20	21
Total net revenues	1,011	1,037



BASIC AND DILUTED EPS

€ per common share	Q1 '21	Q1 '20
Net profit attributable to owners of the Company	205	166
Weighted average number of common shares (thousand) ⁽²⁰⁾	184,787	184,982
Basic EPS (€)	1.11	0.90
Weighted average number of common shares for diluted earnings per common share (thousand) ⁽²⁰⁾	185,087	185,578
Diluted EPS (€)	1.11	0.90



RECONCILIATIONS OF NON-GAAP MEASURES: FREE CASH FLOW AND FREE CASH FLOW FROM INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITIES

€M, unless otherwise stated	Q1 '21	Q1 '20
Cash flow from operating activities	274	263
Investments in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets ⁽¹¹⁾	(151)	(174)
Free Cash Flow	123	89
Free Cash Flow from Financial Services Activities	(24)	16
Free Cash Flow from Industrial Activities	147	73



RECONCILIATIONS OF NON-GAAP MEASURES: NET INDUSTRIAL DEBT

€M, unless otherwise stated	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016
Debt	(2,283)	(2,725)	(2,090)	(1,927)	(1,806)	(1.848)
of which: Lease liabilities as per IFRS 16 (simplified approach)	(62)	(62)	(60)	-	-	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	980	1,362	898	794	648	458
Net Debt (A)	(1,303)	(1,363)	(1,192)	(1,133)	(1,158)	(1,390)
Net Debt of Financial Services Activities	(883)	(820)	(855)	(763)	(650)	(700)
Net Industrial Debt (B)	(420)	(543)	(337)	(370)	(508)	(690)
EBITDA / Adj. EBITDA LTM (C)	1,202	1,143	1,269	1,114	1,036	880
EBITDA / Adj. EBITDA LTM (Industrial Activities only) (D)	1,171	1,116	1,251	1,098	1,020	854
Financial Leverage ⁽¹⁸⁾ on Net Industrial Debt (B/D)	0.4x	0.5x	0.3x	0.3x	0.5x	0.8x
Financial Leverage ⁽¹⁸⁾ on Net Debt (A/C)	1.1x	1.2x	0.9x	1.0x	1.1x	1.6x

