

Investor Supplement

Segment Overview, Innovation, Financials and ESG



Safe Harbor and Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements:

Certain statements and information included in this news release are "forward-looking statements" under the Federal Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including our forecast, expectations regarding market trends and economic environment; impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on market conditions, e-commerce trends, freight environment, earnings, depreciation, commercial rental demand and utilization, and used vehicle sales volume and pricing, expected benefits from our strategic initiatives and our multi-year maintenance cost-savings initiatives; expected benefits of lease pricing initiatives; implementation of our asset management strategy; performance, including sales and revenue growth, in our product lines and segments; residual values and depreciation expense; used vehicle inventory; rental utilization; free cash flow; operating cash flow; capital expenditures; fleet growth; and profitability of our Ryder Last Mile operations. Our forward-looking statements also include our estimates of the impact of our changes to residual value estimates on earnings and depreciation expense. The expected impact of the change in residual value estimates is based on our current assessment of the residual values and useful lives of revenue-earning equipment based on multi-year trends and our outlook for the expected near-term used vehicle market. Our assessment is subject to risks, uncertainties, and assumptions as to future events that may not prove to be accurate. Factors that could cause actual results related to vehicle residual values to materially differ from estimates include changes in supply and demand, competitor pricing, regulatory requirements, driver shortages, changes in customer requirements and preferences, as well as changes in underlying assumption factors.

All of our forward-looking statements should be evaluated by considering the many risks and uncertainties inherent in our business that could cause actual results and events to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause such differences include, the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic; our ability to adapt to changing market conditions, lower than expected contractual sales, decreases in commercial rental demand or utilization or poor acceptance of rental pricing, declining market demand for or excess supply of used vehicles impacting current or estimated pricing and our anticipated proportion of retail versus wholesale sales; declining customer demand for our services; higher than expected maintenance costs; lower than expected benefits from our cost-savings initiatives; lower than expected benefits from our sales, marketing and new product initiatives; higher than expected costs related to our ERP implementation; setbacks in the economic market or in our ability to retain profitable customer accounts; impact of changing laws and regulations, difficulty in obtaining adequate profit margins for our services; inability to maintain current pricing levels due to soft economic conditions, business interruptions or expenditures due to labor disputes, severe weather or natural occurrences; competition from other service providers and new entrants; driver and technician shortages resulting in higher procurement costs and turnover rates; impact of worldwide semiconductor shortage, higher than expected bad debt reserves or write-offs; decrease in credit ratings; increased debt costs; adequacy of accounting estimates; higher than expected reserves and accruals particularly with respect to pension, taxes, insurance and revenue; impact of changes in our residual value estimates and accounting policies, including our depreciation policy; unanticipated changes in fuel prices; unanticipated currency exchange rate fluctuations; our ability to manage our cost structure; and th

Note Regarding Non-GAAP Financial Measures: This news release includes certain non-GAAP financial measures as defined under SEC rules, including:

Comparable Earnings Measures, including comparable earnings from continuing operations; comparable earnings before income tax; comparable earnings before income tax; comparable earnings before interest, income tax, depreciation and amortization for Ryder and its business segments; and comparable tax rate. Additionally, our adjusted ROE (ROE) measure is calculated based on adjusted earnings items.

Operating Revenue Measures, including operating revenue for Ryder and its business segments and segment EBT as a percentage of operating revenue.

Cash Flow Measures, including total cash generated and free cash flow.

Refer to Appendix - Non-GAAP Financial Measures for reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures contained in this presentation to the nearest GAAP measure. Additional information regarding non-GAAP financial measures as required by Regulation G and Item 10(e) of Regulation S-K can be found in our most recent Form 10-K, Form 10-Q, and our Form 8-K filed with the SEC as of the date of this presentation, which are available at http://investors.ryder.com.

All amounts subsequent to January 1, 2017 have been recast to reflect the impact of the lease accounting standard, ASU 2016-02, *Leases*. Amounts throughout the presentation may not be additive due to rounding.

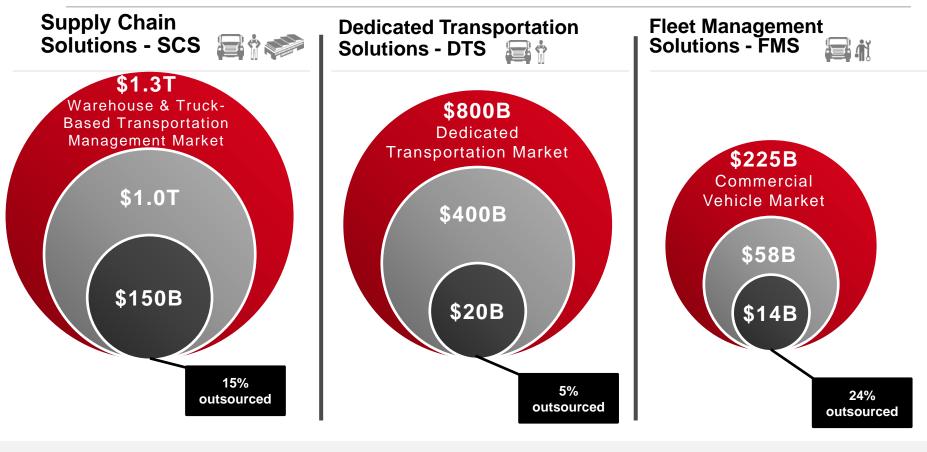




Segment Overview



\$1.5 Trillion Addressable Market Provides Significant Growth Opportunities



Total Market Size

Addressable Non-Outsourced Market (Market Opportunity)

Currently Outsourced

Growth opportunity to penetrate large, non-outsourced market

Sources: Polk/HIS, Armstrong & Associates, Ryder estimates.

SCS – Design and Execute Optimized Logistics Solutions

Supply Chain Solutions

(25% of 2020 RSI Operating Revenue)

Distribution Management (39% SCS revenue)

- Warehouse/distribution center operations (63M sq. ft.)
- Inbound materials management
- · Outbound product support
- Kitting, packaging & refurbishment
- · Just-in-time replenishment
- Reverse logistics
- · E-commerce network support

Dedicated

(33% SCS revenue)

- Transportation component of integrated logistics solution
- Includes drivers,
 vehicles, routing &
 scheduling and
 management &
 administrative support

Transportation Management (14% SCS revenue)

- Procure and execute over \$6.1B in freight moves as customer's agent
- Shipment planning and execution
- · Freight brokerage
- Freight bill audit and payment
- Origin/destination services

Ryder Last Mile

(10% SCS revenue)

- E-commerce fulfillment provider
- Last mile delivery provider of big & bulky goods
- National network able to reach ~95% of US consumers within 2-days

Professional Services (4% SCS revenue)

- Strategic consulting & decision support
- Solutions engineering
 - Network modeling & optimization
- Total landed cost
- Lean Six Sigma

Supported by: IT Solutions

- Transportation & warehouse management systems
- Network optimization tools
- Inventory & shipment visibility tools

Sample Clients:

















Includes Non-GAAP Financial Measures, such as Operating Revenue. Please see Appendix – Non GAAP Financial Measures for the reconciliation to the GAAP Financial Measures.



SCS – Industry and Execution Focus Drive Growth



Current Customers

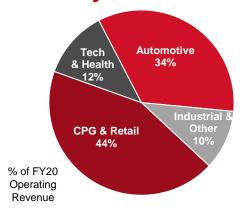
- Comprehensive solutions for over 350 customers
- Lease and operate 63 million square feet of warehouse space in North America
- Manage ~28,000 border crossings per month between the US, Mexico and Canada
- 9,400 vehicles from FMS are utilized to support SCS customers
- Focus is on customers with sophisticated logistics requirements – many require an integrated solution that combines two or more service offerings
- Opportunity to expand customer relationships to include fast growing offerings in e-commerce and last mile

Market Size

 Outsourced supply chain logistics market in the US is estimated to be \$150 billion and is growing faster than the overall economy

Companies continue to increase logistics outsourcing to reduce costs and focus on core competencies

Industry Vertical Focus



- Known for best execution
 - Ranked among the top five companies by Inbound Logistics
- Specialized capabilities and proactive solutions based on deep expertise

Differentiated functional execution and deep industry expertise will result in higher growth

Includes Non-GAAP Financial Measures, such as Operating Revenue. Please see Appendix – Non GAAP Financial Measures for the reconciliation to the GAAP Financial Measure.



DTS - Providing Dedicated Fleets and Drivers

Dedicated Transportation Solutions

(13% of 2020 RSI Operating Revenue)

Dedicated Transportation (97% of DTS Revenue)

Management (3% of DTS Revenue)

Transportation

- Turnkey transportation service
- · Professional drivers
- Vehicles
- Routing & scheduling
- Management & administrative support

- Procure and execute freight moves as customer's agent
- Shipment planning and execution
- Freight brokerage
- · Freight bill audit and payment
- Origin/destination services

Supported by: IT and Engineering Solutions

Network optimization tools that efficiently allocate freight between a dedicated fleet and third-party common carriers

Sample Clients:







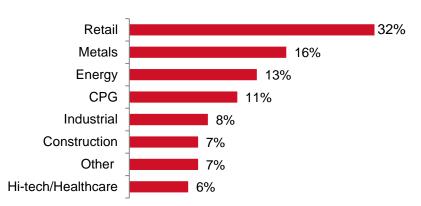


Includes Non-GAAP Financial Measures, such as Operating Revenue. Please see Appendix - Non GAAP Financial Measures for the reconciliation to the GAAP Financial Measures.



DTS – Driving Customer Value with Flexible Solutions

Diversified portfolio comprising 200+ customers



(Based on 2019 DTS Operating Revenue)

Ryder's Dedicated Offering

- Focused on developing flexible solutions for customers
- Customer service capabilities include ability to flex with freight volumes; closed-loop, multi-stop shipments; tight delivery windows; high-value, time sensitive freight

Driver Recruiting

- Ryder employ overs 8,600 professional drivers and ~25 dedicated recruiters
- A key source for drivers has been former military personnel

Integration

- 9,200 vehicles from FMS are utilized to support DTS customers
- DTS and SCS share engineering and IT resources

Market Opportunity

- \$20B outsourced of \$400B highly, addressable DIY market
- Significant growth opportunity for DTS as most services in the large, highly addressable dedicated transportation services market are provided by customers themselves

Growth Opportunities

- Leverage secular outsourcing trends such as driver shortage, increased safety regulations and equipment cost/complexity
- Address market demand for flexible capacity
- Conversions from FMS and Private Fleets
 - Upsell targeted FMS customers to a dedicated solution increases revenue 4-5x with increased margin, return on capital and customer retention – significant source of growth
- Continued Penetration of Target Markets
 - Ryder's dedicated offering differentiates itself from truckload carriers by its ability to provide more specialized services for customers across industries

Safety Focus



- Safety is one of Ryder's core values
- DriveCam® technology is installed on all DTS and SCS vehicles and is aimed at improving safety, while also providing a costbenefit to Ryder and its customers

FMS - Maximizing Uptime for ~15,000 Contractual Customers

Fleet Management Solutions

(62% of 2020 RSI Operating Revenue)

Commercial Rental (18% FMS Operating Revenue)

- Commercial vehicles for short-term customer needs
- Used by both lease and non-lease customers
- Complementary service offering for ChoiceLease customers

ChoiceLease (69% FMS Operating Revenue)

- Long-term contractual agreement
- Includes vehicle procurement, flexible levels of maintenance services and used vehicle disposition
- Comprehensive package of fleet support services available

ChoiceLease Full Service ChoiceLease Preventive ChoiceLease On Demand

SelectCare (11% FMS Operating Revenue)

- Comprehensive, preventive maintenance services
- Vehicles are owned by our clients or under third-party finance lease contracts

SelectCare Comprehensive SelectCare Preventive SelectCare OnDemand

 Ancillary maintenance work on Ryder or customer owned vehicles not included in base contract

Fleet Support Services (2% FMS Operating Revenue)

- Fuel
- Insurance
- Safety
- Regulatory reporting
- Technology

Sample Clients:













Note: Revenue percents based on segment operating revenue (excludes fuel).

Includes Non-GAAP Financial Measures, such as Operating Revenue. Please see Appendix - Non GAAP Financial Measures for the reconciliation to the GAAP Financial Measure.

FMS – Operating in Large, Diverse Markets

Diversified customer base represents a broad range of industries



(% of 2020 U.S. Lease & Rental Revenue)

Customer Profile

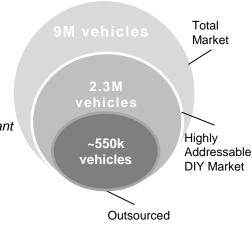
- Successful services large and small private fleets
- 14,700 ChoiceLease/ SelectCare contractual customers
- 33,300 commercial rental customers

Operating Locations

- ~800 operating locations (operates in U.S., Canada, U.K., Germany)
- Opportunity to leverage maintenance infrastructure with fleet growth

Market Opportunity

Most vehicles in the large, highly addressable truck leasing, maintenance and rental market are owned and managed by customers themselves – represents a significant growth opportunity for FMS



Sources of Growth

Private Fleet & For-Hire Conversions

· Largest opportunity for growth

Customer / Economic Expansion

 Fleet additions with existing customers by expanding geographies served and/or resulting from customer growth

Share Gain

 Ability to leverage maintenance infrastructure enhances competitive position in existing outsourced rental/lease market in U.S., Canada and U.K.

Strategic Opportunities

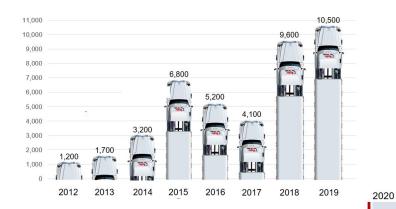
- · Supplement to organic growth where mutual interest exists
- Focused on accretive deals in core rental/leasing business to leverage existing facility infrastructure



FMS – Strategy Shift to Moderate Lease Growth

- A key component of the Return Improvement Actions implemented by Ryder in late 2019 is the moderation of FMS growth and the acceleration of growth in SCS and DTS
- A strategy for moderate FMS growth targets higher returns and positive free cash flow over the cycle

Historical ChoiceLease Fleet Growth⁽¹⁾



Macro trends that favor outsourcing combined with sales and marketing initiatives targeting private fleet conversions drove eight consecutive years of organic lease fleet growth (2012-2019)

Lease fleet declined in 2020 due to lower sales and renewal activity primarily reflecting COVID effects

Contractual lease growth contributed to a significant increase in comparable EBITDA over the period, but pressured free cash flow during years with high lease fleet growth



(1) Represents lease fleet growth excluding UK trailers 2012-2017; 2016 excludes a higher number of vehicles being prepared for sale (approximately 1,200)

FMS – ChoiceLease Pricing Actions Expected to Drive Higher Returns

Year Leases Signed	% of Fleet	Projected Performance	
2018 - 2020	46%	Above Target	We expect returns above our target levels due to outperformance of maintenance costs and residual values
2014 - 2017	46%	Above Target	We expect returns above our target levels due to lower maintenance costs more than offsetting lower residuals. Majority of power fleet will be replaced over the next three years
2013	8%	Below Target	We expect returns below our target levels due to higher maintenance costs on new engine technology and lower residuals. Majority of power fleet will be replaced by the end of 2021

Substantially all leases are expected to perform above target returns

Ongoing pricing actions are expected to further increase returns as lease portfolio turns over and new leases are priced at higher levels



FMS – Summary of Prior Accounting Residual Value Estimates Changes (2019 - present)

- Ryder is one of the largest retailers of used vehicles in the country
 - 20k+ vehicles sold annually as lease contracts expire and rental fleet is refreshed
- Used vehicle sales market is cyclical
- 3Q19 re-evaluation of residual value estimates was triggered by used tractor market conditions
 that began to soften in June 2019, continued to worsen in 3Q19 and were expected to decline further
 - Tractors were impacted to a greater extent than trucks by the 3Q19 changes
- During <u>1H20</u>, further reductions to residual value estimates were triggered by anticipated impacts from COVID-19 on used vehicle market conditions
 - Trucks were impacted to a greater extent than tractors by the 2020 changes
- In <u>2Q21</u>, we incorporated a potential downturn into our used vehicle pricing outlook, which modestly reduced our accounting residual value estimates for certain tractors

Average U.S. tractor and truck pricing is above residual values used for depreciation purposes

Depreciation headwinds expected to decline each year

Residual value estimate changes expected to reduce the likelihood and magnitude of negative earnings impact from used vehicle sales



Innovation Disruptive Trends & Technologies New Product Development



Visibility Collaboration



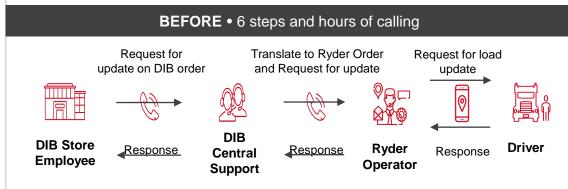
RYDERSHARE™: The ultimate digital platform for real-time supply chain visibility and collaboration

Visibility: Real-time visibility of customer freight across all modes of transportation on a single desktop or mobile device

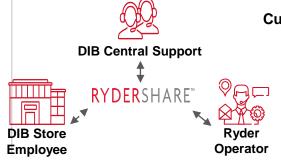
Performance: Real-time tracking that enables prioritization and communication while providing email and text notifications

Collaboration: Allows all supply chain partners access to real time data at the same time, the ability to communicate within the platform, and assign tasks, tags, notes, and load level exceptions

Ryder Case Study: **Poit Best Corp.**



AFTER • 1 step in real-time – DIB store employee has load information at their fingertips



Customer Benefits

- Efficiency gain for central support team
- Improved labor planning at stores
- Higher service levels for store managers
- Reduced turnaround times
- Reduced touches
- Trustworthy data



Visibility & Collaboration

Connected Fleet

e-Commerce & Ryder Last Mile

Warehouse Automation

Asset Sharing

Advanced Vehicle Technology

RyderVentures

RYDERGYDE: Fleet management anywhere, anytime, and on any device

RyderGyde Empowers Customers:



Many Users Leverage One Powerful Ecosystem:



RyderGyde™ is the only fleet platform that allows customers to manage all aspects of their fleet or a single vehicle

C	Visibility & Collaboration	Connected Fleet		e-Commerce & Ryder Last Mile	Warehouse Automation	Asset Sharing	Advanced Vehicle Technology	RyderVentures		
<u>Initiative</u>		E-Commerce Fulfillment			Ryder Last Mile (RLM)					
		Nationwide e-Fulfillment network capable of reaching 95% of U.S. within a two-day delivery window			Nationwide network of last mile locations servicing every zip code in the U.S. for home delivery of big & bulky goods					
	Organic Ge Expans		_	 Adding new nodes and expanding existing locations to improve ground coverage 			Expanding geographic footprint with two new fulfillment centers opening in 2021 in Philadelphia and Milwaukee			
			ng order management and fulfillment capabilities		 Planned enhancements to RyderView 2.0 ™ customer interface include: Improved self-scheduling, re-scheduling, and point of sale scheduling option Delivery route optimization Offering a retailer branded customer experience 					

New services, capabilities, locations, and customer verticals

RLM Case Study: NordicTrack

Operation Overview

Provides white glove in-home delivery, assembly, and set-up

Ensures safety and the customer experience remain paramount in a rapidly changing environment

Leverage Ryder facilities to improve order cycle time and inventory management

NordicTrack's Value Realized

Reduced order cycle time to 3 days from 20 days in metro areas

Achieved > 97% on-time delivery

Average customer satisfaction rating of 4.7 out of 5

Reduced customer returns

100% visibility on item delivery

55k+ annual deliveries

Strategic

Acquisitions

Warehouse Automation



Wearable & Mobile

Customer Value:

- Real time location of resource and material handling equipment (MHE)
- Enables data insight of asset activity and performance
- High scalability and flexibility

Examples: MHE and personnel tracking IoT devices



<u>Autonomous Vehicles & Drones</u>

Customer Value:

- Increases productivity with reduced travel requirement
- Improves pick and inventory accuracy
- Target investment payback in 3-years or less

Examples: forklifts, tuggers, drones, etc.



Sensors & Automation

Customer Value:

- Increases visibility of people, equipment, and product
- Increases productivity and utilization with analytics
- Increases inventory and pick accuracy

Examples: MHE and personnel tracking IoT devices



Robotics & Automation

Customer Value:

- Reduces resources for repetitive, constrained work or travel
- Improves accuracy and throughput
- Typically customized to address specific customer processes

Examples: conveyors, sorters, palletizers, robot pickers, etc.

Ryder is transforming warehouse and distribution centers to deliver advanced automation, flexible and instantly scalable operations, real-time visibility, and a customer centric experience



Asset Sharing



Provides access to thousands of commercial trucks, tractors, and trailers available for rent

for both fleet owners who have a commercial vehicle to rent, and businesses that want to rent a commercial vehicle

BY RYDER



Maximizes customers' fleet utilization

- Customers can rent out commercial vehicles to carefully vetted businesses on the platform and generate revenue from each rental
- All COOP's renters meet operating and security standards determined by their DOT and FMCSA compliance
- COOP offers competitive rates on trucks, tractors and trailers

Ryder Benefits:

- · Asset-light business for long-term rental model
- Leverage of lease clients
- Creation of new class of asset investors
- Tech and innovation leadership



Supply Density and Diversification

COOP is the largest peer-to-peer commercial vehicle sharing platform allowing fleet owners to safely generate revenue from their idle vehicles, and provide businesses with an alternative source of rental vehicles



Scalability

COOP is active in nine states with insurance for the units offered in 34 states



Diversified Revenue Stream

An asset-light business model with high profit-margin offering a one-stop shop for rental trucks by aggregating inventory from multiple sources nationally



Visibility & Collaboratior

Connected Fleet

e-Commerce & Ryder Last Mile

Warehouse Automation

Asset Sharing

Advanced Vehicle Technology

RyderVentures

Electric Vehicle (EV) Technology

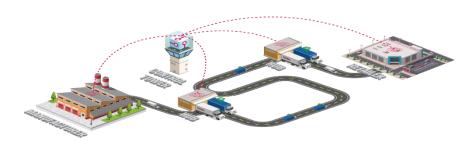




Ryder is leveraging strategic partnerships and adapting products and services as the EV market evolves:

- Vehicles: Partnering with traditional OEMs and startups to pilot preproduction vehicles
- Early Adoption: Likely cargo vans and last mile trucks
- Charging Infrastructure: Strategic partnerships with charging infrastructure providers
- Grants: Identification and application partnership to accelerate adoption

Autonomous Vehicle (AV) Technology



Ryder is well positioned to deliver value in four key areas in the AV landscape :

- First/Final mile capacity: Dedicated local fleets
- Control tower:
 RyderShare coordinates
 movements of all
 AV freight and capacity
- Transfer Hubs: Provide yard operations and captive maintenance services
- Autonomous Fleet: Operation of predictable capacity on behalf of shippers

As leading provider of outsourced logistics and transportation solutions, Ryder is strategically positioned as a preferred partner and thought leader on these emerging technologies

Visibility & Collaboration

Connected Fleet

e-Commerce & Ryder Last Mile

Warehouse Automation Asset Sharing

Advanced Vehicle Technology

RyderVentures

RYDERVENTURES

Corporate venture capital fund

Direct investments in start-up companies that are developing technologies to address disruptive trends in logistics and transportation - primarily where we can partner to develop new products and services

Recent investment areas include:

e-Commerce micro-fulfillment

Al enabled dispatch for small/mid-sized fleets

Tech-enabled hub and spoke transportation network

Mobile carbon capture system

Supplementing Organic Growth through Strategic M&A

SCS

M&A strategy is focused on adding/expanding services, capabilities, and locations, as well as non-automotive vertical expansion

- 2018 strategic acquisition of MXD Group launched Ryder Last Mile (RLM) offering
- Exploring additional M&A opportunities within the e-Commerce space

DTS

M&A strategy is focused on adding/expanding services and capabilities, as well as tuck-in acquisitions to build scale and density

FMS

M&A strategy is focused primarily on tuck-in acquisitions

 Since 2000, FMS has completed ~15 tuck-in acquisitions which have expanded their customer base and contributed to operating leverage

Strong balance sheet provides flexibility for future strategic M&A activity

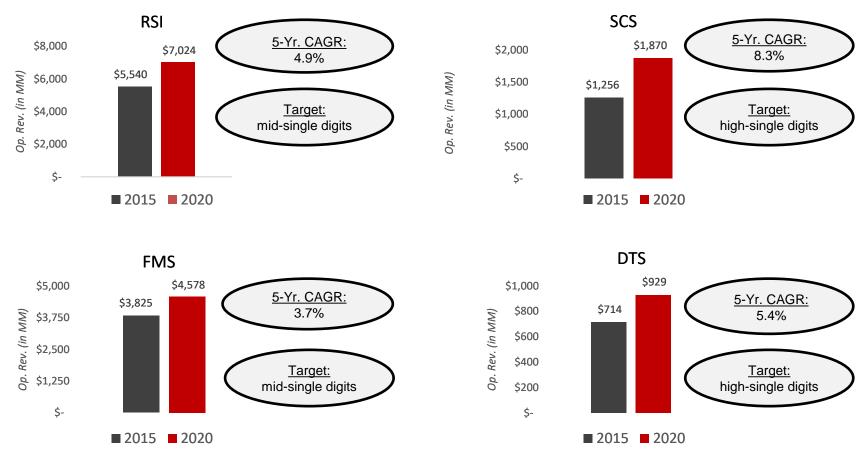




Financial Overview



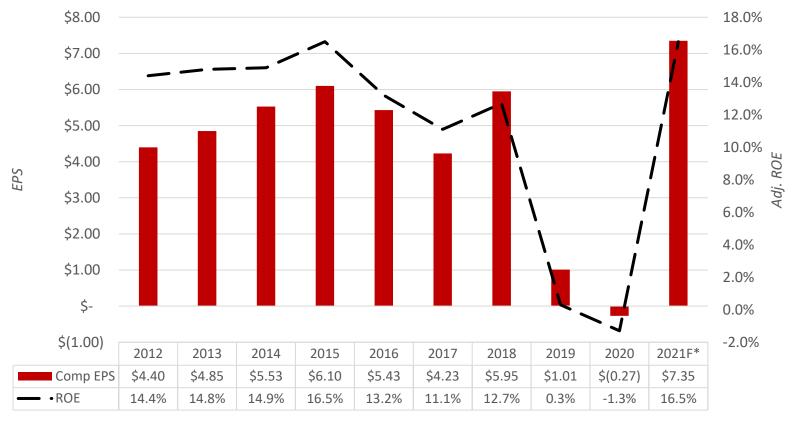
Operating Revenue & CAGR



*Note: See Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures including operating revenue

For FY21, all segments are expected to achieve operating revenue growth in their respective target ranges

ROE and Comparable EPS

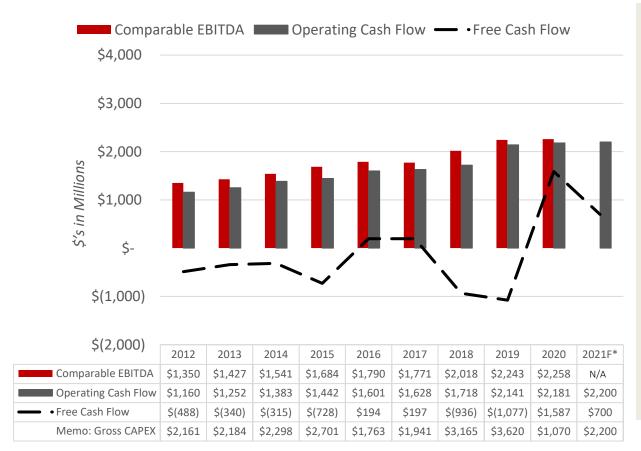


^{* 2021}F reflects forecast midpoint. See Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures including ROE and Comparable EPS

Expect to exceed 15% long-term ROE target in 2021

Declining depreciation impact from 2019 and 2020 residual value estimate changes is key driver to higher ROE and Comparable EPS. Strong lease and rental performance also contributed to improved results.

Free Cash Flow and Comparable EBITDA



Comparable EBITDA
and operating cashflow
exhibit continued growth
and stability due to revenue
growth and improved
operating performance

Capital expenditures pressure **free cash flow** (FCF) in the period of initial investment

Record FY20 FCF reflects lower capital spending due to COVID effects; FY21 FCF forecast assumes higher planned lease and rental spending

Contractual growth supports higher EBITDA and operating cash flow

^{* 2021}F reflects forecast midpoint. See Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures including Free Cash Flow and Comparable EBITDA



ESG



Ryder ESG Overview



"By ensuring long-term viability as a profitable and thriving enterprise, we are better positioned to make an impact where our business intersects with our communities and stakeholders. At Ryder, we strive to integrate corporate responsibility and sustainability into every aspect of our business and understand that sustainability goes hand-in-hand with maintaining economic viability."

Robert Sanchez
Chairman and CEO

Safeguarding our **Planet People** Vision Safeguard our Safety of employees, environment via innovation customers and the public 件 of services, technology, is our highest priority and operations **Actions** · Reduce emissions and Provide best in class. optimize efficiency across training, practices, and value chain with advanced technology. technology and flexible · Track performance, and transportation implement feedback • 10% reduction in vehicle Goals Reduce emissions below 2018 baseline by 2024: accident and injury ☐ Scope 1: down 10% frequency within 5 years ☐ Scope 2: down 30% 15% improvement in ☐ Scope 3: down 15% driver training Evaluate renewable effectiveness over 5energy usage strategies vears and science-based targets for next emissions reduction strategy Train 10% of technicians to support alternative fuel vehicles within 5-years

Ryder ESG Overview

کوم **Transforming Upholding Ethics** Fostering Talent, **Diversity, Equality** Communities & Integrity Vision Uphold ethics and Develop highly skilled Donate time, talent, and diverse and money to improve integrity to make a 件 workforce as it is the local communities positive impact foundation of our success · Promote positive **Actions** Foster a collaborative Operate with the and inclusive work highest integrity impacts with environment that charitable · Foster culture of contributions and embraces diversity transparency and innovation volunteer efforts Goals • Ensure >90% of key • 100% of Invest 10% of Ryder talent completes Charitable employees will leadership Foundation's budget complete development activity by 2022 towards compliance and equality and diversity ethics training within 3-years initiatives for the Black each year Provide leadership community development for • 100% of Black and women Award 75 partial employees will leaders through Black scholarships per yar review and agree for women and to Principles of Leadership Forum minority students by and Ryder's **Business Conduct**

2025

In our Corporate Sustainability Report, you'll learn about Ryder's sustainability principles and goals, as well as some of the initiatives we are undertaking to protect our planet; ensure the safety of our employees, customers, and the public; foster talent, diversity, and equality in our workforce; improve the local communities where we live and work; and, of course, ensure that we do all of this while upholding the highest standards of ethics and integrity.

For more information visit rydercsr.com





Women's Leadership

SUPPLY CHAIN SOLUTIONS |

Corporate Governance Best Practices

- 10 of 11 Directors are independent; all Committee members are independent
- Strong Lead Independent Director with oversight of Board's annual evaluation process, CEO succession planning and search process for new directors
- 7 of 11 directors diverse by race, gender or ethnicity
- Robust board with significant oversight over key risks and overall corporate strategy, comprised of current and former CEOs of other companies; former Presidents and COOs and an academic expert in accounting/governance transparency
- No related party transactions; strict conflict of interest practices
- No stockholder rights plan
- Governance actions taken in recent years:
 - Commenced annual elections for all directors in 2018
 - Provided shareholders with meaningful participation rights, including adopting special meeting, written consent and proxy access rights
 - Eliminated all supermajority voting requirements
 - Adopted double trigger vesting upon a change of control in Ryder's equity plan
 - Adopted a clawback policy
 - Increased stock ownership guidelines (6x base salary for CEO and 3x for other officers)



Key Takeaways

- Large addressable markets and secular trends that favor outsourcing
 - Accelerating trends in e-commerce fulfillment and last mile delivery, increased market awareness of supply chain reliability, high cost/complexity of vehicle technology, and driver/technician shortages support growth opportunities
- Balanced growth strategy focused on increasing returns and generating positive free cash flow over the cycle:
 - Moderating growth in capital intensive FMS segment and accelerating growth in higher return SCS and DTS
 - Declining depreciation impact from prior residual value estimate changes, cyclical recoveries in rental and used vehicle sales and cost actions are expected to increase returns
 - Pricing initiatives and reduced residual value estimates de-risk lease portfolio and benefit returns
- Disciplined capital allocation supports achieving 15% long term target for Adjusted ROE and enhances our ability to invest in higher return opportunities
 - Expecting to achieve 16-17% ROE in 2021, assuming economic and freight conditions remain strong and no change to current tax policy
- Strategic investments focused on innovative customer solutions, driving efficiencies and generating long-term sources of revenue and earnings growth

Well positioned as a leading provider of outsourced solutions to leverage logistics and transportation trends in order to create long term value for customers and shareholders



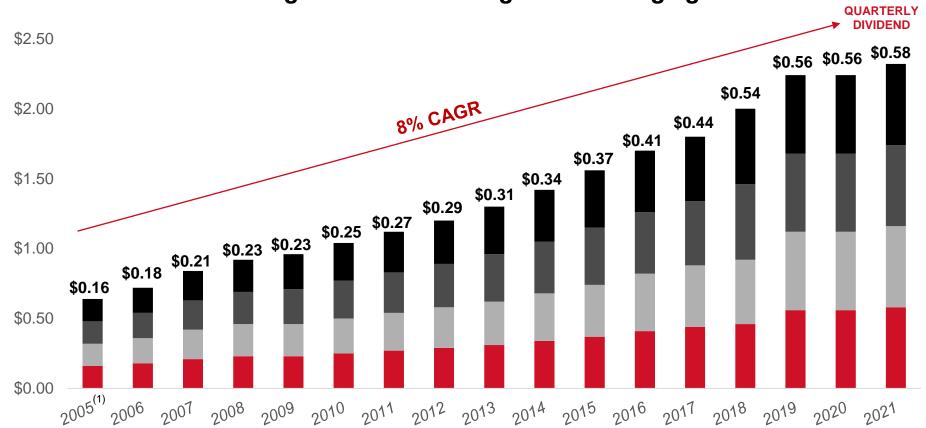


Appendix



Appendix: Dividend History





(1) Dividend unchanged at \$0.15 per quarter from 1989 through 2004



Appendix: Debt Ratings, Covenant Compliance & Availability

Debt Ratings Summary

	Ratings Summary				
	Short-term	Short-term Outlook	Long-term	Long-term Outlook	
Standard & Poor's Ratings Services	A2	-	BBB	Positive	
Moody's Investors Service	P2	Stable	Baa2	Stable	
Fitch Ratings	F2	-	BBB+	Negative	
DBRS	R-1 (Low)	Stable	A (Low)	Stable	

Covenant Compliance - 2023 Global Revolving Credit Facility

	06/30/2021	Maximum Allowable		
Debt to Net Worth (1)	177%	300%		

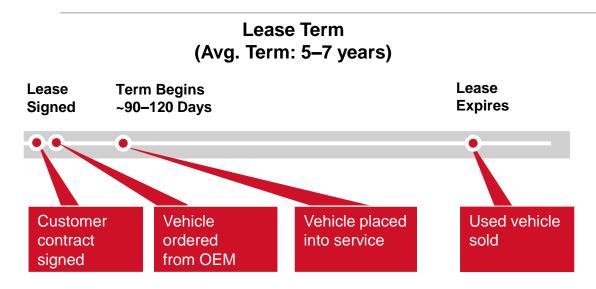
⁽¹⁾ Calculated per the facility agreement as amended in May 2020. For more information refer to the Debt footnote in our most recent Form 10-K.

Credit Facility Availability

As of 06/30/21, the following amounts were available to fund operations under the following facilities:

	<u>(in millions)</u>
Global revolving credit facility	\$1,300
Trade receivables program	\$ 300

Appendix: FMS –Timing of ChoiceLease Revenue and Cash Flow



- Lease contract pricing based on DCF approach
- Pricing targeted at 100-150 bps above product line cost of capital (on a fully-costed basis)
- Sales compensation driven by deal profitability
- Higher vehicle investment and maintenance costs recovered in lease rate

Illustrative cash flows for a ChoiceLease unit:

Time 0 Years 1-6 YE 6 Fixed Revenue: ~85% based on fixed rate per month Sales Variable Revenue: Remainder (~15%) based on rate per mile driven Capital **Proceeds Financial** Maintenance, Depreciation and Interest Expense incurred (historically Expenditure **Impact** Fuel costs passed through to customer represents (avg. \$90K) ~20-30% of Note: Revenue escalates during contract life based on CPI index original cost) **Positive** Cash Flow **Negative** Positive

Appendix: Key Leverage Statistics

(\$ Millions)

	<u>June</u>	<u>30, 2021</u>	Dece	ember 31.	2020	<u>Jun</u>	e 30, 2020
Total Debt	\$	6,236	\$		6,610	\$	8,148
Equity (1)	\$	2,418	\$		2,256	\$	2,159
Debt to Equity	2	58%		293%			377%

Book Value of Revenue Earning Equipment = 1.4x Debt Balance

(1) Includes impact of accumulated net pension related equity charge of \$644M as of 6/30/21, \$655 million as of 12/31/20, and \$659 million as of 6/30/20.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation includes "non-GAAP financial measures" as defined by SEC rules. As required by SEC rules, we provide a reconciliation of each non-GAAP financial measure to the most comparable GAAP measure. Non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, but not as a substitute for or superior to, other measures of financial performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. Specifically, the following non-GAAP financial measures are included in this presentation:

Non-GAAP Financial Measure	Comparable GAAP Measure	Reconciliation & Additional Information Presented on Slide Titled
Operating Revenue Measures:		
Operating Revenue	Total Revenue	Reconciliation of Total Revenue to Operating Revenue
FMS Operating Revenue, SCS Operating Revenue and DTS Operating Revenue	FMS Total Revenue, SCS Total Revenue and DTS Total Revenue	Reconciliation of Operating Revenue
Comparable Earnings Measures:		
Comparable Earnings (Loss) and Comparable EPS	Earnings (Loss) and EPS from Continuing Operations	Earnings (Loss) and EPS from Continuing Operations Reconciliation
Comparable EPS Forecast	EPS from Continuing Operations	Comparable EPS Forecast Reconciliation
Adjusted Return on Equity	Not Applicable. However, the non-GAAP elements of the calculation have been reconciled to the corresponding GAAP measures. A numerical reconciliation of net earnings to adjusted net earnings and average shareholders' equity to adjusted average equity is provided in the following reconciliations.	Adjusted Return on Equity Reconciliation
Comparable Earnings (Loss) Before Income Tax and Comparable Earnings (Loss) Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization - (EBITDA)	Net Earnings (Loss) from Continuing Operations	Comparable EBITDA Reconciliation
Cash Flow Measures:		
Total Cash Generated and Free Cash Flow	Cash Provided by Operating Activities	Cash Flow Reconciliation

^{**}We believe comparable segment EBITDA provides investors with useful information, as it is a standard measure commonly reported and widely used by analysts, investors and other interested parties to measure financial performance by segment.



(\$ Millions)

Ryder System, Inc.

Reconciliation of Operating Revenue

	2015	2020
Total revenue	\$6,571.9	\$8,420.1
Subcontracted Transportation	(288.1)	(785.8)
Fuel	(722.7)	(586.4)
ChoiceLease Liability Insurance Revenue (1)	(20.7)	(23.8)
Operating revenue	\$5,540.3	\$7,024.0

⁽¹⁾ In the first quarter of 2020, we announced our plan to exit the extension of our liability insurance coverage for ChoiceLease customers. The exit of this program was completed in the first quarter of 2021

(\$ Millions)

Fleet Management Solutions

Reconciliation of Operating Revenue

Revenue	2015	2020
ChoiceLease	\$ 2,386.0	\$ 3,159.9
SelectCare	421.7	514.3
Commercial Rental	940.0	834.2
Other	77.6	69.1
FMS Operating Revenue	3,825.3	4,577.6
Fuel Services	699.6	569.1
ChoiceLease Liability Insurance Revenue (1)	20.7	23.8
FMS Total Revenue	\$ 4,545.7	\$ 5,170.5

(1) In the first quarter of 2020, we announced our plan to exit the extension of our liability insurance coverage for ChoiceLease customers. The exit of this program was completed in the first quarter of 2021

(\$ Millions)

Supply Chain Solutions

Reconciliation of Operating Revenue

Revenue	2015	2020
Automotive	\$ 469.2	\$ 638.3
Technology & Healthcare	251.2	223.0
CPG & Retail	431.6	814.1
Industrial & Other	104.4	195.1
SCS Operating Revenue	1,256.3	1,870.4
Subcontracted Transportation	226.9	593.9
Fuel	64.6	80.1
SCS Total Revenue	\$ 1,547.8	\$ 2,544.4

<u>Dedicated Transportation Solutions</u>

Reconciliation of Operating Revenue

Revenue	2015			2020
DTS Operating Revenue	\$	714.5	\$	929.2
Subcontracted Transportation		61.2		191.9
Fuel		120.0		108.2
DTS Total Revenue	\$	895.5	\$1	L ,229.4

		C	Compara	ble EPS				(\$ Ea	arnings	Per Share)
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021F
GAAP EPS	\$ 3.90) \$ 4.63	\$ 4.14	\$ 5.73	\$ 4.95	\$ 13.54	\$ 5.43	\$ (0.45)	(2.15)	\$7.40-7.70
Non-operating pension costs Goodwill impairment	0.37	0.25	0.05	0.19	0.33	0.31	0.09 0.29	0.85	0.10	(0.06)
Restructuring and other charges, net	0.11	(0.01)	0.03	0.23	0.06	0.15	0.08	0.51	0.84	0.23
ERP Implementation Costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.01	0.30	0.49	0.19
Tax reform-related and other tax adjustments, net	-	-	-	-	-	(9.62)	0.19	0.06	-	0.03
Uncertain tax provision	_	-	-	-	-	-	(0.08)	-	-	-
Pension lump sum settlement expense	-	-	1.16	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pension-related adjustments	-	0.03	0.14	(0.01)	0.09	0.06	-	-	-	-
Operating tax adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	-	-	0.42	
Gain on sale of property	-	-	-	-	-	(0.27)	-	(0.26)	(0.10)	(0.59)
Acquisition-related tax adjustment	-	-	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisition transaction costs	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tax law changes	(0.08	-	(0.03)	(0.04)	-	0.03	(0.06)	-	-	-
Superstorm Sandy vehicle-related recoveries	0.10	(0.01)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation benefit	-	(0.04)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Early redemption of medium-term notes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.13	-
Comparable EPS	\$ 4.4	<u>0 \$ 4.85</u>	\$ 5.53	\$ 6.10	\$ 5.43	\$ 4.23	\$ 5.95	\$ 1.01	\$(0.27)	\$7.20-7.50

Note: Amounts may not recalculate due to rounding.

Adjusted Return on Equity Reconciliation (1)									(\$	Millions)
	2012		2012 2013		2013 2014		2015			2016
Net earnings (2)	\$	210	\$	238	\$	218	\$	305	\$	263
Other items impacting comparability (7)		17		_		115		18		13
Income taxes (3)		91		126		118		164		142
Adjusted earnings before income taxes		317		363		451		486	_	418
Adjusted income taxes (4)		(115)		(127)		(162)		(171)		(147)
Adjusted net earnings [A]	\$	202	\$	236	\$	289	\$	315	\$	271
Average total shareholders' equity (5)	\$	1,406	\$	1,594	\$	1,926	\$	1,895	\$	2,053
Average adjustments to shareholders' equity (6)		(3)		(2)		8		11		2
Adjusted average total equity [B]	\$	1,403	\$	1,592	\$	1,934	\$	1,906	\$	2,055
Adjusted Return on Equity [A]/[B]	=	14.4 %	=	14.8 %	=	14.9 %	=	16.5 %	=	13.2 %

Non-GAAP elements of this calculation have been reconciled to the corresponding GAAP measures. A numerical reconciliation of net earnings to adjusted net earnings and average shareholders' equity to adjusted average total equity is provided on this slide.

Other items impacting comparability are comprised of the following:

	 2012	2013		2014		2015		2016
Restructuring and other, net	\$ 8.1	\$ (0.5)	5	3.4	5	18.1	5	5.1
Pension-related adjustments	_	2.8		12.6		(0.5)		7.7
Pension lump sum settlement expense	_	_		97.2		_		_
Acquisition-related tax adjustment	_	_		1.8		_		_
Superstorm Sandy vehicle-related (recoveries) losses	8.2	(0.6)		_		_		_
Foreign currency translation benefit	_	(1.9)		_		_		_
Acquisition transaction costs	0.4		_		_			
Other items impacting comparability	\$ 16.7	\$ (0.2)	\$	115.0	\$	17.6	\$	12.8

²⁾ Earnings calculated based on a 12-month rolling period.

³⁾ Includes income taxes on discontinued operations.

Adjusted income taxes represents the tax provision on adjusted earnings before income taxes.

⁵⁾ The average is calculated based on the GAAP balances.

Represents the impact of other items impacting comparability, net of tax, to equity for the respective period.

		(1	1)		(\$ Millions)
Adjusted Return on Equ	ity Recon	<u>ciliation</u>			
	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Net Earnings (2)	\$ 720	\$ 285	\$ (24)	\$ (122)	
Other items impacting comparability (7)	24	22	38	90	
Income taxes ⁽³⁾	(423)	103	(19)	(18)	
Adjusted earnings before income taxes	321	409	(5)	(50)	
Adjusted income taxes (4)	(112)	(101)	13	21	
Adjusted net earnings [A]	\$ 209	\$ 308	\$ 8	(29)	
Average total shareholders' equity (5)	\$1,984	\$2,493	\$2,533	\$2,257	
Average adjustments to shareholders' equity (6)	(99)	(78)	15	60	
Adjusted average total equity [B]	\$1,885	\$2,415	\$2,548	\$2,317	
Adjusted Return on Equity	11.1%	12.7%	0.3%	(1.3)%	

Non-GAAP elements of this calculation have been reconciled to the corresponding GAAP measures. A numerical reconciliation of net earnings to adjusted net earnings and average shareholders' equity to adjusted average total equity is provided on this slide.

⁷⁾ Other items impacting comparability are comprised of the following:

	 2017	2018	2019		2020
Restructuring and other, net	\$ 17.3	\$ 5.6	\$ 35.3	Restructuring and other, net	\$ 52.5
Pension-related adjustments	5.5	_	_	Gain on sale of property	(5.4)
Operating tax adjustment	2.2	_	_	Early redemption of medium-term notes	9.0
Tax reform-related and other tax adjustments, net	23.3	_	_	ERP implementation costs	 34.3
Gain on sale of property	(24.1)	_	(18.6)	Other items impacting comparability	\$ 90.4
Goodwill impairment	_	15.5	_		
ERP implementation costs		0.7	 21.3		
Other items impacting comparability	\$ 24.2	\$ 21.8	\$ 38.0		

Earnings calculated based on a 12-month rolling period.

Includes income taxes on discontinued operations.

Adjusted income taxes represents the tax provision on adjusted earnings before income taxes.

⁵⁾ The average is calculated based on the GAAP balances.

Represents the impact of other items impacting comparability, net of tax, to equity for the respective period.

Adjusted Return on Equity Reconciliation (1)	(\$ Millions) 2021 Forecast
Net earnings (loss) (12-month rolling period) Other items impacting comparability, net (6)	\$ 310 (10) 105
Income taxes ⁽²⁾ Adjusted earnings (loss) before income taxes Adjusted income taxes ⁽³⁾	405
Adjusted net earnings (loss) [A]	\$ 295
Average shareholders' equity ⁽⁴⁾ Average adjustments to shareholders' equity ⁽⁵⁾	\$ 2,350 20
Adjusted average shareholders' equity [B]	\$ 2,370
Adjusted return on equity [A]/[B]	. —————————————————————————————————————

- 1. Non-GAAP elements of this calculation have been reconciled to the corresponding GAAP measures. A numerical reconciliation of net ear shareholders' equity to adjusted average total equity is provided on this slide.
- 2. Includes income taxes on discontinued operations.
- 3. Adjusted income taxes represents the tax provision on adjusted earnings before income taxes.
- 4. The average is calculated based on the GAAP balances.
- 5. Represents the impact of other items impacting comparability, net of tax, to equity for the respective period.
- 6. Other items impacting comparability are comprised of the following:

2021	Forecast
\$	15.0
	10.0
	(35.0)
	_
\$	(10.0)
	\$



(\$ Millions)

Comparable EBITDA Reconciliation

	2012	2013	2014
Net earnings (loss)	\$ 209.8	\$ 237.9	\$ 218.3
Loss (earnings) from discontinued operations, net of tax	(9.1)	5.4	1.9
Provision for income taxes	102.1	125.7	118.1
Earnings (loss) before income taxes from continuing operations	 302.8	369.0	338.3
Non-operating pension costs	31.4	22.2	5.5
Restructuring and other, net	8.1	(0.5)	3.4
Pension-related adjustments	_	2.8	109.8
Superstorm Sandy vehicle-related (recoveries) losses	8.2	(0.6)	_
Foreign currency translation benefit	_	(1.9)	_
Acquisition transaction costs	0.4	_	1.8
Comparable earnings before income taxes	 350.9	391.1	458.7
Interest expense	140.6	140.5	144.7
Depreciation	939.7	967.2	1,047.0
Used vehicle sales, net	(89.1)	(79.8)	(116.2)
Amortization	8.4	7.9	6.9
Comparable EBITDA	\$ 1,350.4	\$ 1,426.9	\$ 1,541.3

⁽¹⁾ Comparable EBITDA has been recast to exclude gains/losses from the sale of used vehicles. Periods prior to 2017 do not reflect the impact from the lease accounting standard adopted in 2019. Non-GAAP elements of this calculation have been reconciled to the corresponding GAAP measure. A numerical reconciliation of earnings before income taxes from continuing operations to comparable earnings before income taxes from continuing operations is provided on this slide.

Comparable EBITDA Reconciliation (1)

(\$ Millions)

		2015		2016		2017		2018	
Net earnings (loss)	\$	304.8	\$	263.1	\$	719.6	\$	284.6	
Loss (earnings) from discontinued operations, net of tax		1.2		2.2		0.5		2.3	
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		163.2		142.0		(423.7)		102.5	
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		469.2		407.3		296.4		389.5	
Non-operating pension costs		17.8		29.9		27.7		7.5	
Restructuring and other, net		18.1		5.1		17.3		5.6	
Pension-related adjustments		(0.5)		7.7		5.5		_	
ERP implementation costs		_		_		_		0.7	
Operating tax adjustment		_		_		2.2		_	
Tax reform-related and other tax adjustments, net		_		_		23.3		_	
Gain on sale of property		_		_		(24.1)		_	
Goodwill impairment		_		_		_		15.5	
Comparable earnings before income taxes		504.6		449.9		348.3		418.9	
Interest expense		150.4		147.8		141.9		180.5	
Depreciation		1,122.0		1,187.1		1,257.7		1,388.6	
Used vehicle sales, net		(99.9)		(1.0)		17.0		22.3	
Amortization		6.8		5.8		5.8		7.6	
Comparable EBITDA	\$	1,684.0	\$	1,789.6	\$	1,770.6	\$	2,017.9	

⁽¹⁾ Comparable EBITDA has been recast to exclude gains/losses from the sale of used vehicles. Periods prior to 2017 do not reflect the impact from the lease accounting standard adopted in 2019. Non-GAAP elements of this calculation have been reconciled to the corresponding GAAP measure. A numerical reconciliation of earnings before income taxes from continuing operations to comparable earnings before income taxes from continuing operations is provided on this slide.

(\$ Millions)

Comparable EBITDA Reconciliation (1)

	2019			2020		
Net earnings (loss)	\$	(24.4)	\$	(122.3)		
Loss (earnings) from discontinued operations, net of tax		1.1		10.3		
Provision (benefit) for income taxes		(19.0)		(18.4)		
Earnings (loss) before income taxes		(42.3)	_	(130.4)		
Non-operating pension costs		60.4		11.2		
Restructuring and other, net		35.3		52.5		
ERP implementation costs		21.3		34.3		
Gain on sale of property		(18.6)		(5.4)		
Early redemption of medium-term notes				9.0		
Comparable earnings (loss) before income taxes		56.1	_	(28.8)		
Interest expense		241.4		252.3		
Depreciation		1,878.9		2,027.4		
Used vehicle sales, net		58.7		(0.4)		
Amortization		8.3		7.7		
Comparable EBITDA	\$	2,243.4	\$	2,258.3		

⁽¹⁾ Comparable EBITDA has been recast to exclude gains/losses from the sale of used vehicles. Periods prior to 2017 do not reflect the impact from the lease accounting standard adopted in 2019. Non-GAAP elements of this calculation have been reconciled to the corresponding GAAP measure. A numerical reconciliation of earnings before income taxes from continuing operations to comparable earnings before income taxes from continuing operations is provided on this slide.

<u>Cas</u>	h Flow Reconci	<u>liation</u>		(\$ Million
	2012	2013	2014	2015
Cash Provided by Operating Activities from Continuing Operations	\$ 1,160	\$ 1,252	\$ 1,383	\$ 1,442
Proceeds from Sales (Primarily Revenue Earning Equipment) ⁽¹⁾	413	452	497	427
Collections of Direct Finance Leases (1)	72	71	66	71
Other, net ⁽¹⁾		8	(1)	<u> </u>
Total Cash Generated	1,645	1,783	1,944	1,940
Capital Expenditures ^{(1), (2)}	(2,133	(2,123)	(2,259)	(2,668)
Free Cash Flow (3)	\$ (488	\$ (340)	\$ (315)	\$ (728)
Лето:				
Depreciation Expense ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 944	\$ 967	\$ 1,047	\$ 1,122
let Cash Used in Investing Activities	(1,635		(1,705)	(2,161)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	438	-	312	731

- 1. Included in cash flows from investing activities.
- Capital expenditures presented net of changes in accounts payable related to purchases of revenue earning equipment.
- 3. Non-GAAP financial measure. We refer to the net amount of cash generated from operating activities and investing activities (excluding changes in restricted cash and acquisitions) from continuing operations as "free cash flow". We calculate free cash flow as the sum of net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations and net cash provided by the sale of revenue earning equipment and operating property and equipment, collections on direct finance leases and other cash inflows from investing activities, less purchases of revenue earning equipment and property.
- 4. Includes adjustment to reclassify losses from fair value adjustments on our used vehicles to "Used Vehicles Sales, Net".



Ca	ash Flow Reco	nciliation		
	2016	2017 ⁽⁵⁾	2018 ⁽⁵⁾	2019
Cash Provided by Operating Activities from Continuing Operations	\$ 1,601	\$ 1,628	\$ 1,718	\$ 2,141
Proceeds from Sales (Primarily Revenue Earning Equipment) ⁽¹⁾	421	429	396	518
Collections of Direct Finance Leases (1)	77	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Cash Generated	2,099	2,057	2,114	2,659
Capital Expenditures (1), (2)	(1,905)	(1,860)	(3,050)	(3,735)
Free Cash Flow (3)	\$ 194	\$ 197	\$ (936)	\$ (1,077)
Memo:				
Depreciation Expense (4)	\$ 1,187	\$ 1,258	\$ 1,389	\$ 1,879
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(1,406)	(1,439)	(2,821)	(3,217)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	(186)	(162)	1,086	1,084

Note: Amounts may not be additive due to rounding.

- 1. Included in cash flows from investing activities.
- 2. Capital expenditures presented net of changes in accounts payable related to purchases of revenue earning equipment.
- 3. Non-GAAP financial measure. We refer to free cash flow as the sum of net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations and net cash provided by the sale of revenue earning equipment and operating property and equipment, collections on direct finance leases and other cash inflows from investing activities, less purchases of revenue earning equipment and property.
- 4. Includes adjustment to reclassify losses from fair value adjustments on our used vehicles to "Used Vehicles Sales, Net".
- 5. These amounts have been recast to reflect the impact of the lease accounting standard adopted in 2019. Prior full year periods do not reflect the impact from the lease accounting standard.



(\$ Millions)

Cash Flow Reconciliation

Iillions)

	2020		2021 Forecast		
Cash Provided by Operating Activities from Continuing Operations	\$	2,181	\$	2,200	
Proceeds from Sales (Primarily Revenue Earning Equipment) ⁽¹⁾	_	552	_	700	
Total Cash Generated		2,734		2,900	
Capital Expenditures (1), (2)		(1,147)	، ا	2,250 - 2,150)	
Free Cash Flow ⁽³⁾	\$	1,587		\$650M - \$750M	
Memo:					
Depreciation Expense	s	(601)	\$	(1,600)	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	Š	(1,507)	ŝ	(700)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	•	(1,501)	1 *	(100)	

- (1) Included in cash flows from investing activities.
- (2) Capital expenditures presented net of changes in accounts payable related to purchases of revenue earning equipment.
- (3) Non-GAAP financial measure. We refer to free cash flow as the sum of net cash provided by operating activities from continuing operations, net cash provided by the sale of revenue earning equipment and operating property and equipment and other cash inflows from investing activities, less purchases of revenue earning equipment and property.



Contact Information

Bob Brunn
SVP – Investor Relations, Corporate Strategy &
New Product Strategy
305-500-4210
bob_brunn@ryder.com

Calene Candela
Group Director – Investor Relations
305-500-4764
ccandela@ryder.com

Investor Website: http://investors.ryder.com