

Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation contains statements about future expectations, plans, and prospects for Zai Lab, including, without limitation, statements regarding our ability to advance our clinical pipeline and further demonstrate our commercial and discovery capabilities, expected milestones for our products and product candidates, and other statements containing words such as "aim," "anticipate," "believe," "could," "estimate," "expect," "forecast," "goal," "intend," "may," "plan," "possible," "potential," "will," "would," and other similar expressions. Such statements constitute forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are not statements of historical fact nor are they guarantees or assurances of future performance. Forward-looking statements are based on our expectations and assumptions as of the date of this presentation and are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks, and changes in circumstances that may differ materially from those contemplated by the forwardlooking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements as a result of various important factors, including but not limited to (1) our ability to successfully commercialize and generate revenue from our approved products, (2) our ability to obtain funding for our operations and business initiatives, (3) the results of clinical and pre-clinical development of our product candidates, (4) the content and timing of decisions made by the relevant regulatory authorities regarding regulatory approvals of our product candidates, (5) the effects of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, including any government actions or lockdown measures taken in response, on our business and general economic, regulatory and political conditions, (6) risks related to doing business in China, and (7) other factors discussed in our most recent annual and quarterly reports and other reports we have filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. We anticipate that subsequent events and developments will cause our expectations and assumptions to change, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by law. These forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any date subsequent to the date of this presentation.

Our SEC filings can be found on our website at www.zailaboratory.com and on the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

This presentation does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities of Zai Lab Limited.



We Are On Track to Deliver 2022 Corporate Priorities in the Second Quarter

Achieved Key Regulatory Milestones

- Efgartigimod China BLA acceptance
- ZL-1102 (IL-17)
 Discussing trial protocol with the FDA for a global Ph2 program

Demonstrated Commercial Excellence

ZEJULA

Revenue growth of 46% *y-o-y* and 15% *q-o-q*; on track to become a **PARP market leader** in ovarian cancer

Pipeline Continues to Demonstrate Best-in-class/First-in-class Potential

Positive data readouts since 2Q'22:

- KarXT
 Ph3 study in schizophrenia
- Adagrasib
 Ph2 registration-enabling study in NSCLC
- CLN-081
 Ph1/2a study in NSCLC
- Repotrectinib
 Ph1/2 registrational study in ROS1+ NSCLC
- TTFields
 Ph2 pilot study in GC
- Efgartigimod Ph3 study in ITP
- ZEJULA
 Subgroup analysis of Ph3 study in OC¹

Capital Markets & Corporate Governance Enhancements Support Long-term Growth

 Engagement of U.S. Auditor Subject to PCAOB Inspection

Zai believes we will comply with the audit requirements of the HFCAA for fiscal year 2022

Primary Listing & Stock
 Connect Inclusion in
 Hong Kong

Additional opportunity for eligible investors in mainland China to invest in Zai

COO Joins Zai

Josh Smiley joined as Chief Operating Officer on August 1

Abbreviations: National Reimbursement Drug List (NRDL), year-over-year (y-o-y), quarter-over-quarter (q-o-q), non-small-cell lung cancer (NSCLC), gastric cancer (GC), primary immune thrombocytopenia (ITP), ovarian cancer (OC), Holding Foreign Companies Accountable Act (HFCAA).

Notes: (1) A new prespecified subgroup analysis from the Ph3 PRIME study for niraparib in patients in China with ovarian cancer at the 2022 American Society of Clinical Oncology (ASCO) Annual Meeting.

Who We Are

Biotech mindset + Pharma quality + Zai Lab speed + Global talent



Differentiated Strategic Positioning and Financial Visibility

DEEP PIPELINE WITH CLEAR DIFFERENTIATION

De-risked portfolio addresses large unmet needs with breadth of modalities and disease area strongholds

SCIENCE-DRIVEN R&D WITH PROVEN GLOBAL CLINICAL DEVELOPMENT EXPERTISE

Focused and efficient R&D strategy delivering a pipeline with global rights in 5 years, with assets reaching proof-of-concept while adding global talent and capabilities

FULLY INTEGRATED PLATFORM FROM PARTNER OF CHOICE TO COMMERCIAL CAPABILITIES

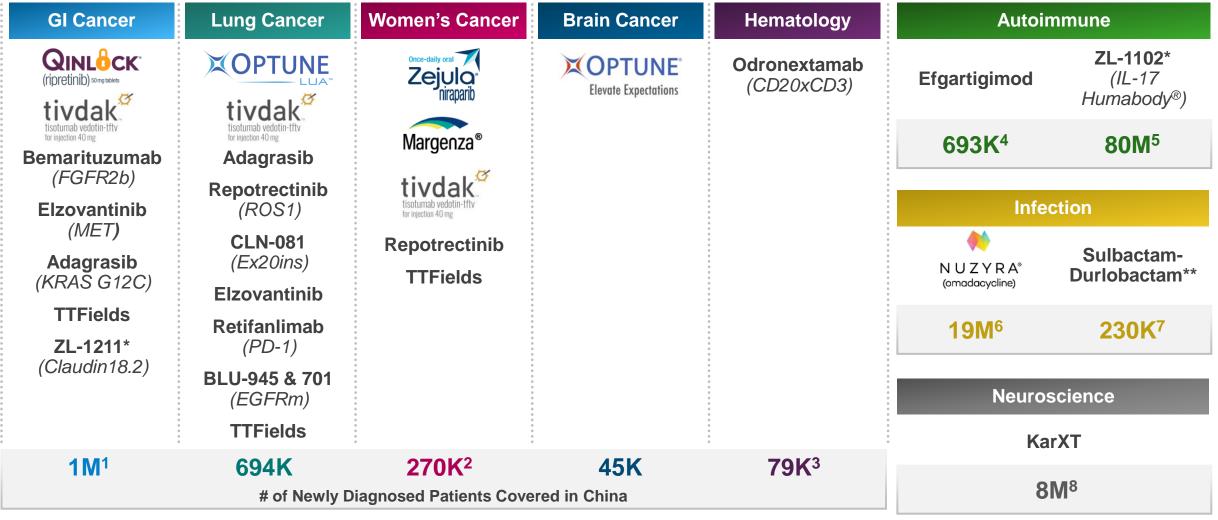
Flywheel effect creating a virtuous cycle, quickly bringing innovative best-in-class/first-in-class assets to China and beyond

FINANCIAL STRENGTH, VISIBILITY AND CAPITAL EFFICIENCY

Continue to grow and execute with Zai Speed and Quality. Strong balance sheet (with a cash position of \$1.26 billion as of June 30, 2022), commercial execution and productivity provide multi-year runway without impacting generational growth opportunity



Leading Portfolio with Unmatched Market Potential in China Today



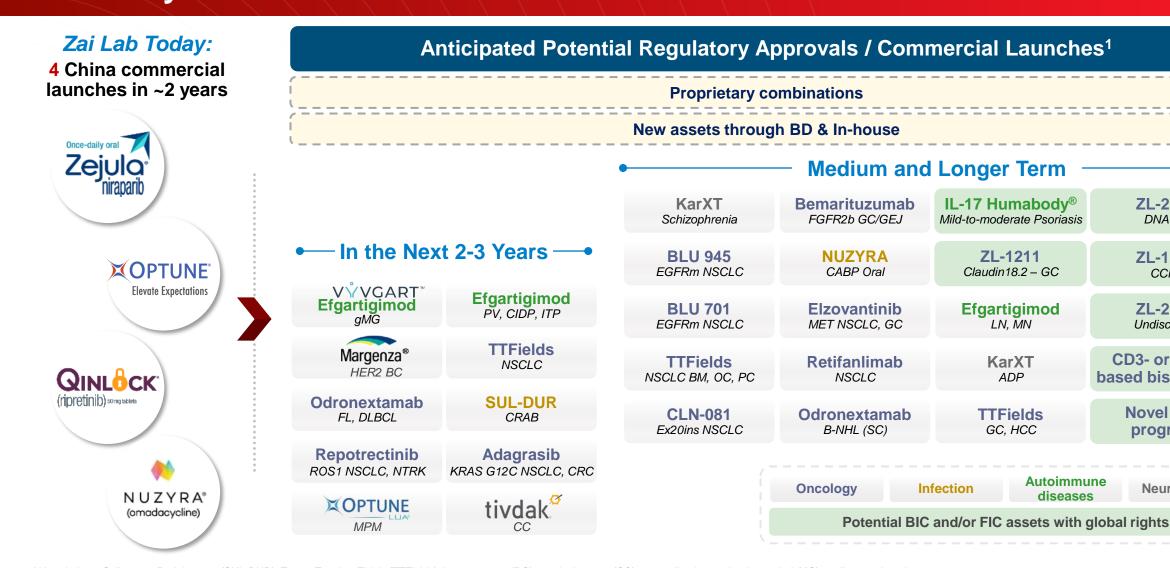


Sources: Globocan, 2020; Frost & Sullivan, 2020; DRG data, 2020. Prevalence of mental disorders in China: a cross-sectional epidemiological study. The Lancet Psychiatry, 2019. Notes: Incidence/prevalence numbers reflect post proof-of-concept clinical-stage assets only. *Assets with global rights. **Asset with Asia rights. The trademarks and registered trademarks within



Highly Visible and Diversified Pathway to Significant Growth in China and Beyond





Abbreviations: Sulbactam-Durlobactam (SUL-DUR), Tumor Treating Fields (TTFields), breast cancer (BC), cervical cancer (CC), generalised myasthenia gravis (gMG), malignant pleural mesothelioma (MPM), immune thrombocytopenia (ITP), pemphigus vulgaris (PV), chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIDP), carbapenem-resistant Acinetobacter infections (CRAB), B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma (B-NHL), gastric cancer (GC), gastroesophageal junction cancer (GEJ), colorectal cancer (CRC), pancreatic cancer (PC), ovarian cancer (OC), brain metastases from NSCLC (NSCLC BM), lupus nephritis (LN), membranous nephropathy (MN), hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC), Alzheimer's disease psychosis (ADP).





ZL-2201

DNA-PK

ZL-1218

CCR8

ZL-2103

Undisclosed

CD3- or CD47-

based bispecifics²

Novel DDR

program³

Neuroscience

Zai Lab - Seagen Collaboration Overview







- The first and only FDA-approved ADC for patients with R/M cervical cancer with disease progression on or after chemotherapy
- Robust clinical development program ongoing in earlier lines of cervical cancer and other solid tumors

Strategically
Synergistic with
Zai's Portfolio

- Zai has established leadership in women's cancer in China with a strong portfolio including Zejula, margetuximab and others in pipeline
- Zai to leverage such leadership to commercialize and accelerate patient access to TIVDAK
- Zai to join ongoing global TV-301 Phase 3 confirmatory study and potential future global studies in other indications

Deal Terms

- Exclusive rights to develop and commercialize in Greater China (mainland China, Hong Kong, Macau, Taiwan)
- An upfront payment of \$30 million as well as development, regulatory, and commercial milestones
- Tiered royalties on net sales in the Zai Lab territory

The FIRST and ONLY approved ADC for R/M cervical cancer that further strengthens Zai Lab's disease area strongholds, particularly for women's cancer



Significant Unmet Needs for Patients with Advanced Cervical Cancer in China and Strategically Synergistic with Zai Lab's Oncology Franchise

Significant unmet needs for advanced cervical cancer patients in China

- ~110,000 annual incidence of cervical cancer in China, 8X greater than that of US¹
- Second largest cause of death in women's cancer with ~60,000 annual mortality in China, 10X greater than that of US^{1,2}
- Treatment options are limited for patients with disease progression on or after chemotherapy



Strategically synergistic with Zai Lab's oncology portfolio

Strong synergies with Zai's leading solid tumor franchises

Women's cancer

Lung cancer

GI

- Highly synergistic in commercialization;
 Rapid hospital listing and coverage expected to be achieved
- Strong synergies in clinical operations with same pool of sites and PIs



Strong Clinical Data Leading to Accelerated Approval in 2L+ Cervical Cancer with Clinical Development Ongoing in Other Indications

Clinically Meaningful and Durable Responses, Combined with a Tolerable Safety Profile

Strong Mono Efficacy Data¹

- Confirmed ORR (95% CI) = 24% (15.9, 33.3)
 - Complete response rate 7%
 - Partial response rate 17%
- Median DOR (95% CI) = 8.3 months (4.2–NR)

Tolerable Safety Profile²

- Most TRAEs were grade 1/2
- Most peripheral neuropathy events (known MMAE-related toxicity) were grade 1 and manageable
- Ocular AEs were mostly mild to moderate, manageable with eye care plan

Broad TIVDAK Development Program in Front Line Cervical Cancer and Other Solid Tumor

| | Trial | Detail | Phase |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--|-------|
| innovaTV-204 | | 2L+ R/M, mono | II |
| Cervical | innovaTV-301 ⁴ | 2L+ global R/M, mono | III |
| Cancer | innovaTV-205 | 1L R/M, combo with carbo KEYTRUDA +/- bevacizum | I/II |
| Other Tumors | innovaTV-207 | 1L+ locally advanced or m disease in solid tumors ⁵ ; m combo with KEYTRUDA a carboplatin or cisplatin | II |

Zai Development Plan

- 1L cervical cancer and other indications in front line setting: to join global pivotal studies after global development plan confirmed
- 2L+ CC: to join global Ph3 confirmatory study

Abbreviations: second line (2L), cervical cancer (CC), recurrent or metastatic (R/M), treatment-related adverse events (TRAE), adverse events (AE), Medically Attended Adverse Events (MMAE). Source: Seagen corporate presentation, August 2022.



Research – Innovative, Nimble, and Efficient Strategy That Has Delivered A Pipeline with Global Rights

R&D Pioneer and Center of Excellence to Foster Innovation

- Efficient and highly productive internal R&D capabilities has generated a broad pipeline in 5 years
- Deeply rooted to access innovation in the US and China with teams in Shanghai, Suzhou, and San Francisco
- Established internal discovery platform, including a best-in-class, fully humanized transgenic mouse model

Collaborations with Leading Academic Institutions/CROs











Collaborations with Leading Platforms of New Modalities

- Bi-specifics and multi-specifics
- Computational chemistry
- Al-based discovery





Growing Internal R&D Pipeline of 9 Candidates with Global Rights

Oncology

DNA damage repair & synthetic lethality

ZL-2201 (DNA-PK) Novel DDR program

Immuno-oncology

ZL-1218 (CCR8) CD3- or CD47-based bispecifics

Oncogenic driver mutations

ZL-1211 (Claudin18.2)

Autoimmune

ZL-1102 (IL-17)

ZL-2103

Clinical stage

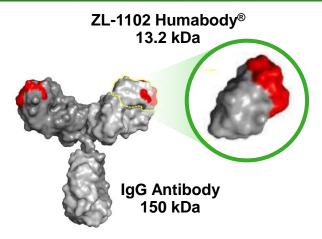
Potential IND filing in 2022/2023

Pre-clinical



Research – ZL-1102 Achieved Clinical Proof of Concept and Moves into Global Full Development in 2022

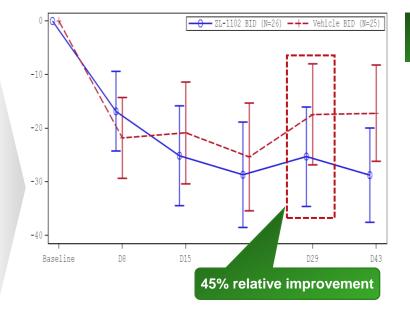
High-Affinity Human VH Fragment Targeting IL-17A

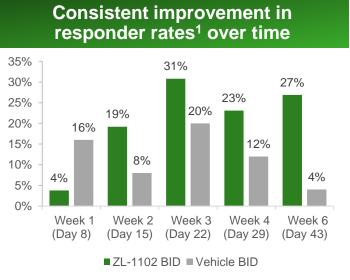


Significant Global Opportunity -

- Psoriasis affects ~125 million³ people worldwide
- 80-90%^{3,4} suffer from plaque psoriasis;
 70-80%⁵ of these cases are mild-to-moderate
- Existing IL-17 mAbs are injectables and only approved for moderate-tosevere psoriasis

First-ever study to demonstrate penetration of protein biologic through psoriatic skin resulting in clinical response





Local PASI score: 45% relative improvement at Day 29
Safety/tolerability profile indistinguishable from placebo
Transcriptome analysis shows clear differential effect with topical ZL-1102

- Downregulated genes enriched in immune response pathway
- Decrease in K16 marker expression²



Development and Regulatory – We Design and Execute Global Trials with Industry-Leading Quality and Speed

Expertise in Leading and Designing Trials

Selected examples

IL-17 Humabody®

Internally developed and achieved positive proof of concept

Zejula

- Conducted two phase 3 studies in China with customized protocols and generated high-quality data
- NORA¹ results presented as late-breaker at 2020 ESMO

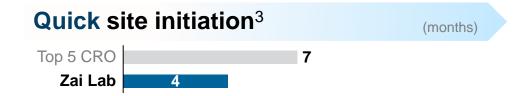
Efgartigimod

- Co-leading development plan to expand to 10 high-need autoimmune indications by end of 2022
- To lead global proof-of-concept trials of two new indications

Bemarituzumab

 Contributed global FPI in phase 2 FIGHT² study and generated high-quality data recognized by both the FDA and the China CDE for Breakthrough Therapy Designations

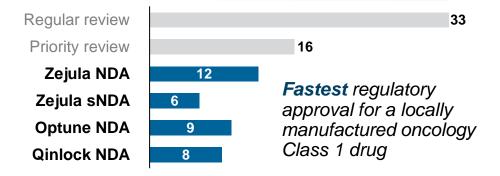
Industry-Leading Execution



Rapid enrollment of patients

4x patient enrollment speed vs global average in a lung cancer study

Industry leader in China regulatory approval timeline (months)







Business Development – Partner of Choice With Strong Momentum to Accelerate and Build World-Class Portfolio

Since 2021, We Continued to Add FIC/BIC Assets to Strengthen Our Pipeline



+9 Pipeline Assets/Platforms since 2021

Commercial Stage

tivdak... tisotumab vedotin-tftv for injection 40 mg Late Clinical Stage

Early Clinical Stage

Discovery Platform

Efgartigimod Elzovantinib

Bi-specific platform

Adagrasib

BLU-945

Novel Al platforms

KarXT

BLU-701

Partners with New Deals since 2021



















Strong BD Pipeline to Continue Strengthening Our Global & China Portfolio



From Global to Global



Leverage our global platform and team



From China to Global



Deeply rooted in China to access rising China innovation



From Global to China



Partner of choice



3

Commercial – Strong Start and Momentum with Science- and Portfolio-Driven Strategy



Expanded Patient Access to Four Commercial- Stage Products with Significant Revenue Growth



- Supported by NRDL as the only PARP included for first-line and recurrent all-comer settings in ovarian cancer
- Category 1 innovative drug



- Only-in-class innovative treatment option for GBM
- First and only innovative medical device supported by supplemental insurance



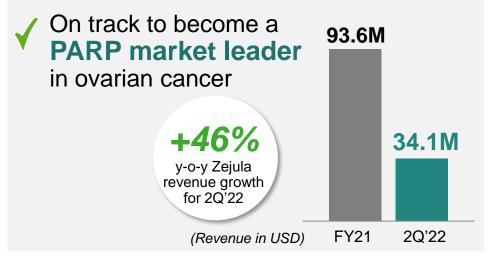
- Ranked No.1 for supplemental insurance inclusion compared to other innovative drugs approved within the same year
- Only drug recommended with Level 1 evidence for 4L GIST in China's 2020 CSCO Guidelines¹



- Once-daily IV/PO broad-spectrum tetracycline with favorable safety and tolerability profile
- Category 1 innovative drug

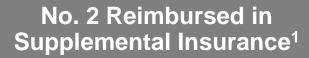
Industry-Leading Hospital Listing

- ✓ Ranked No.1 among China biotechs in number of hospitals listing for 2021 NRDL²
- ✓ Increased more than elevenfold to ~1,700 from date of NRDL implementation to 1H 2022





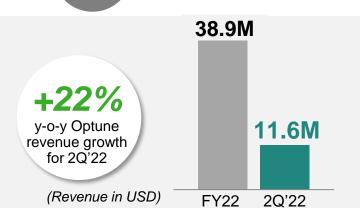
Commercial – Supplemental Insurance, an Increasingly Important Role in China's Payer Landscape





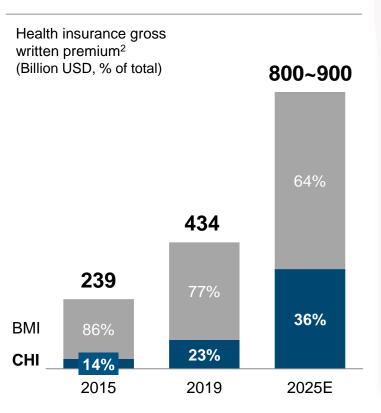






Commercial Health Insurance (CHI) is Growing Rapidly

CHI premium is expected to reach ~US\$300 billion in 2025



Emerging New Form of CHI – City Supplemental Insurance (CBMI)³ Continues with Strong Momentum

Supplementary funding source for non-NRDL drugs

- 300+ cities across 27 provinces launched CBMI since 2015, majority added in 2021
- >100 million enrollees as of the end of 2021; 200-300 million expected by 2025⁴
- Strong government support to drive enrollment
- Coverage enhancements, e.g., patients with pre-existing conditions

Abbreviations: BMI (Basic Medical Insurance); CHI (Commercial Health Insurance).
Sources: China Insurance Regulatory Commission (CIRC); China Insurance Yearbook; National Institution for Finance & Development; McKinsey & Company, "China biopharma stepping on the global stage" issued on November 16, 2021, and "Broadening the bridge to innovation" issued on November 18, 2020.



China Regulatory Environment Supports Innovative Drug Development and Commercial Potential

Biotech designated as one of the pillar industries in China

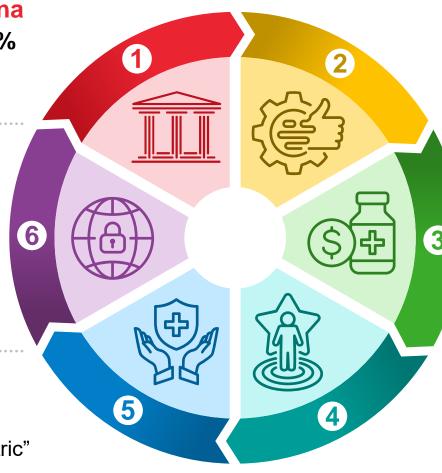
 14th Five Year Plan targets 7% annual growth for R&D expenditure by 2025

Rise of private pay and supplemental health insurance

- Tiered multi-payer system supported by government
- 3-5x total CBMI premium by 2025³

CDE encourages clinical- value-oriented innovation

"Clinical Value + Patient Centric"



Government continues to

harmonize IP protection with global standards

Patent term extension

More NDA approvals annually for innovative treatments

- >5x drugs awarded review designations¹
- Pilot global simultaneous launch

Annual NRDL updates provide broad access to innovative drugs

 Shortened time lag by half from approval to NRDL²



Zai Lab Continues to Bolster Team with Deep Domain Expertise

Chairperson

R&D: Strengthened to harness global innovation





Founder, Chairperson & CEO











Sandler

Alan

Head of Global Development, Oncology

Genentech



Harald Reinhart

Head of Global Development, Neuroscience, Autoimmune & Infectious Diseases







James Yan

COO. Global R&D









William

Liang

Chief Commercial Officer.



Commercial: Proven execution

Head of Government Affairs & Market Access

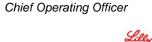


Corporate: Better prepared for global finance / regulations / compliance / ESG



Josh **Smiley**







Cho

Chief Financial Officer





Ning

Head of Clinical Operations





Mehrdad Mobasher

Global Head of Late-Stage Development, Oncology

Genentech



Hsu

Head of Clinical Research & Early Development

Karl







in China

Head of Marketing





Head of Commercial & Sales Excellence



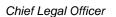
Simon

Wu



F. Tv Edmondson

Biogen







Jonathan

Wang

Yajing



Linda

Head of Biologics Discovery

Next©ure AstraZeneca



Yugui Gu

Head of Medicinal Chemistry

Abbott



Head of Translational Medicine

ADAGENE U NOVARTIS



Head of ZEJULA sales





Head of OPTUNE and QINLOCK sales





Ann **Beasley**

Chief Compliance Officer









Jean Nana

Head of Small-Molecule CMC





John Zhana

VP of Biologics CMC

Lonza



Angela Jiana

Head of Regulatory Affairs





General Manager of HK & Macau





General Manager of Taiwan





Halstrom

Global Head of Communications

ulli Bristol Myers Squibb

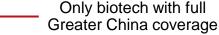


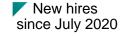
Massev

Chief Sustainability Officer



Experienced in-house clinical development teams across the globe







Key 2022 Priorities To Lead Next Wave of Biopharma Innovation in China and Beyond

Key Regulatory Events

- ▼ Efgartigimod
 Submit NDA for gMG
 in China
- SUL-DUR
 Submit NDA for CRAB
 in China¹
- Adagrasib
 FDA approval with
 PDUFA date of
 December 14, 2022
- KarXT
 Seek regulatory
 agreement with NMPA
 on a China program in
 schizophrenia
- Repotrectinib
 Discuss the regulatory pathway with NMPA at a pre-NDA meeting

Late-stage & Pivotal Studies

- Efgartigimod
 Ph3 data readouts in
 gMG (SC) and ITP (IV)
- ✓ KarXTPh3 EMERGENT-2data readout in schizophrenia
- Adagrasib
 Ph2 data update from the registration-enabling KRYSTAL-1 study in NSCLC
- Bemarituzumab

 Initiate a registrational study in GC/GEJ
 Cancer in Greater
 China

Assets with Global Rights

- ZL-1102 (IL-17
 Humabody®)
 Move into global Ph2
 full development
- ✓ Multiple Internal Assets Present preclinical data at 2022 AACR (CD47, Claudin18.2,

DNA-PK, CCR8)

Commercial Execution

- ZEJULA NRDL implementation of 1L maintenance OC
- Optune (TTFields)
 Continued market penetration and supplemental insurance growth
- Seek NRDL inclusion for QINLOCK and NUZYRA

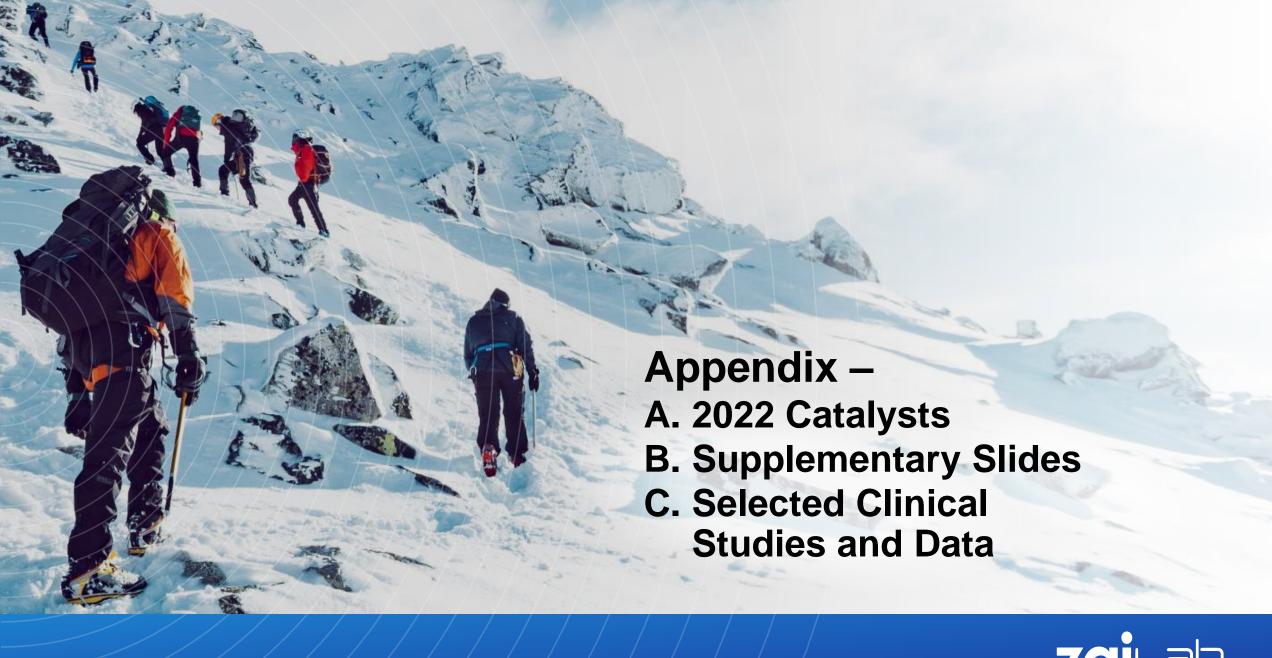
Corporate Development

- Expand portfolio with potentially transformative assets and partnerships
- Leverage our leading position in China to expand globally











Zai Lab is at a Growth Acceleration Point with Many Anticipated 2022 Catalysts

| Zai Lab Partner | | Key Events | Timing |
|---------------------------------|------------|---|---------------|
| ZEJULA (PARP) | Data | Present clinical data of the Ph3 PRIME study at the 2022 Society of Gynecologic Oncology annual meeting ✓ | 1Q 2022 |
| | Data | Topline data readout of Ph3 LUNAR study in NSCLC | Early 1Q 2023 |
| Tumor Treating Fields | Enrollment | Enroll 1st patient in China into global Ph3 PANOVA-3 study in pancreatic cancer ✓ | 1Q 2022 |
| Tullior Treating Fleids | Enrollment | Last patient enrollment in Ph3 pivotal METIS study in brain metastases from NSCLC | 2H 2022 |
| | Data | Topline data readout of Ph2 pilot study in gastric cancer ✓ | 2H 2022 |
| QINLOCK (KIT, PDGFRα) | Regulatory | Seek NRDL inclusion for a fourth-line GIST indication | 2H 2022 |
| | Data | Clinical data update from Ph2 registration-enabling NSCLC cohort of the KRYSTAL-1 study at 2022 ASCO ✓ | 2Q 2022 |
| | Regulatory | Additional clarity on the regulatory pathway in 1L NSCLC, and next steps for tumors other than NSCLC | 2H 2022 |
| Adagrasib (KRAS G12C) | Data | Tolerability and ORR update for Ph2 KRYSTAL-7 study in 1L NSCLC | 4Q 2022 |
| (141710 0120) | Regulatory | FDA NDA approval in 2L+ NSCLC with a PDUFA target action date of December 14, 2022 | 4Q 2022 |
| | Enrollment | Enroll 1st patient in China into global potentially registrational studies in NSCLC and CRC ✓ | 2H 2022 |
| Bemarituzumab (FGFR2b) | Enrollment | Initiate Ph1b signal-seeking study in advanced, refractory squamous NSCLC ✓ | 1Q 2022 |
| bemantuzumab (FGFR20) | Enrollment | Initiate a registrational study in 1L advanced gastric and GEJ cancer in Greater China | 4Q 2022 |
| | Enrollment | Complete enrollment in potentially pivotal Ph2 study in B-NHL | 2H 2022 |
| Odronextamab (CD20xCD3) | Data | Report additional results from the potentially pivotal Ph2 study in B-NHL | 2H 2022 |
| | Submission | US BLA submission in B-NHL | 2H 2022 |
| | Data | Report topline BICR results from all ROS1 NSCLC cohorts from TRIDENT-1 study ✓ | 2Q 2022 |
| | Regulatory | Pre-NDA meeting with FDA for ROS1 NSCLC to discuss the topline BICR results ✓ | 2Q 2022 |
| Repotrectinib (ROS1/TRK) | Enrollment | Complete enrollment in the Ph1/2 registrational TRIDENT-1 study | 2H 2022 |
| | Regulatory | Discuss the regulatory pathway with NMPA at a pre-NDA meeting | 4Q 2022 |
| | Data | Provide a clinical data update from NTRK advanced solid tumor cohorts from TRIDENT-1 study | 2H 2022 |
| CLN 004 (ECED Ev20:) | Regulatory | Regulatory update on Ph2a potentially pivotal study in NSCLC ✓ | 1Q 2022 |
| CLN-081 (EGFR Ex20ins) | Enrollment | Initiate a pivotal study following the completion of a PK food effect study | 2H 2022 |



| Zai Lab Partner | | Key Events | Timing |
|------------------------------------|------------|---|----------|
| | Data | Provide clinical data update from Ph1 SHIELD-1 study | 2H 2022 |
| Elzovantinib (MET) | Enrollment | Enroll 1st patient in Greater China in the Ph1 expansion portion of the global Ph1/2 SHIELD-1 study | 2H 2022 |
| Enrollment | | Initiate Ph2 portion of the SHIELD-1 study (pending FDA feedback) | 2H 2022 |
| BLU-945 (EGFR triple mutant) | Data | Clinical data update from Ph1/2 SYMPHONY study in NSCLC ✓ | 2Q 2022 |
| BLU-945 (EGFR inple mutant) | Data | Present updated mono and combo data from the Ph1/2 SYMPHONY study | 2H 2022 |
| LU-701 (EGFR double mutant) | Data | Present initial clinical data from Ph1/2 HARMONY study | 2H 2022 |
| ZL-1211 (Claudin18.2) | Data | Present preclinical data at the 2022 AACR annual meeting ✓ | 2Q 2022 |
| ZL-2201 (DNA-PK) | Data | Present preclinical data at the 2022 AACR annual meeting ✓ | 2Q 2022 |
| ZL-1218 (CCR8) | Data | Present preclinical data at the 2022 AACR annual meeting ✓ | 2Q 2022 |
| NUZYRA | Regulatory | Seek NRDL inclusion for CABP and ABSSSI indications | 2H 2022 |
| Outlined and Double Lead and | Submission | US NDA submission in CRAB | 3Q 2022 |
| Sulbactam-Durlobactam | Submission | China NDA submission in CRAB ¹ | 4Q 2022 |
| | Submission | NMPA acceptance of the BLA in gMG in China ✓ | Mid-2022 |
| | Enrollment | Initiate POC studies in 2 autoimmune renal diseases | 2H 2022 |
| Ffeedining of (FeDe) | Data | Topline data readout of Ph3 study in gMG (SC) ✓ | 1Q 2022 |
| Efgartigimod (FcRn) | Data | Topline data readout of Ph3 study in ITP (IV) ✓ | 2Q 2022 |
| | Enrollment | Initiate the registrational ALKIVIA study in myositis (SC) | 3Q 2022 |
| | Submission | Submit a BLA to the FDA for gMG (SC) ✓ | YE 2022 |
| ZL-1102 (IL-17) | Enrollment | Initiate a global Ph2 study for chronic plaque psoriasis | 4Q 2022 |
| | Regulatory | Seek regulatory agreement with the NMPA on a China program in schizophrenia | 3Q 2022 |
| Vo∗VT | Enrollment | Complete enrollment in the Ph3 EMERGENT-2 study ✓ | 2Q 2022 |
| KarXT | Data | Topline data readout of Ph3 EMERGENT-2 study ✓ | 3Q 2022 |
| | Enrollment | Initiate the Ph3 ADEPT-1 study evaluating KarXT in Alzheimer's disease psychosis | 3Q 2022 |



Zai Lab's Increasing Global Footprint and Growing Scale



Research & Development

- >50 clinical trials ongoing / planned
- No reliance on CROs
- Discovery operations in Shanghai, Suzhou, San Francisco area, and Cambridge



]





~2,100

employees

Commercial

- Commercial presence in mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan and Macau
- Salesforce experience in all top 10 innovative drugs in China

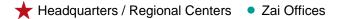
Manufacturing

~860 R&D

Others

~970 Commercial

- Two cGMP-compliant manufacturing facilities
- R&D center and Suzhou campus under development





Validated and Differentiated Clinical Pipeline with 13 Late-Stage Programs and Six China NMPA Approvals

| December | Phone I | Phase | Di con li | Phase III / | B 1 4 4 | Approved | | Commercial |
|---------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------|---------------|----------|---------------|----------------------------|
| Program | Preclinical | Phase I | Phase II | Pivotal | Registration | US | China | Territories |
| Once-daily oral | Ovarian Cancer (1st lin | e maintenance)1 | | | | * | * | |
| Zejulo (PARP) | Ovarian Cancer (2 nd lir | ne maintenance)1 | | | | * | * | China, Hong Kong and Macau |
| niraparib | Other solid tumors ² (I/O | O combo)** | | | | | | and Macau |
| | Glioblastoma (GBM) ³ | | | | | * | * | |
| | Mesothelioma (MPM) ³ | | | | ★ China | * | | |
| ≭ OPTUNE ≭ OPTUNE | Non-Small Cell Lung (| Cancer (NSCLC) | | | | | | |
| Elevate Expectations | Brain Metastases from | NSCLC ^{4,5} | | | | | | Orantar China |
| | Pancreatic Cancer ^{4,5} | | | | | | | Greater China |
| Tumor Treating Fields | Ovarian Cancer** | | | | | | | |
| | Gastric Cancer* | | | | | | | |
| | Liver Cancer** | | | | | | | |
| QINLθCK (KIT, PDGFRα) | Gastrointestinal Strom | al Tumors (GIST) (4 th I | ine) ⁶ | | | * | * | Greater China |
| | Cervical Cancer (2 nd li | ne+ r/m) ⁷ | | | | | | |
| tivdak (ADC) | Cervical Cancer (1st line r/m, combo)8 | | | | Greater China | | | |
| for injection 40 mg | Other tumors (mono/co | ombo) ⁹ | | | | | | |
| Adagrasib (KRAS G12C) | NSCLC (mono/combo) ^{10**} | | | ★ US | | | Greater China | |
| Adagrasis (MAS 3123) | Colorectal Cancer (mo | no/combo) ^{10**} | | | | | | Greater Crima |
| Odronextamab (CD20xCD3) | B-NHL - r/r FL, r/r DLB | CL ¹¹ | | | | | | Greater China |
| Repotrectinib (ROS1, TRK) | ROS1+ NSCLC, NTRI | C+ solid tumors ¹² | | | | | | Greater China |
| Margenza® (HER2) | HER2+ Breast Cancer | -13 | | | ★ China | * | | Greater China |
| Bemarituzumab (FGFR2b) | FGFR2b+ Gastric/GE | J Cancer ^{14**} | | | | | | Greater China |
| CLN-081 (EGFR Ex20ins) | EGFR Ex20ins NSCLO | C ^{15**} | | | | | | Greater China |
| Elzovantinib (MET) | MET+ NSCLC, Gastric | Cancer** | | | | | | Greater China |
| Retifanlimab (PD-1) | NSCLC ^{4,5} | | | | | | | Greater China |
| ZL-1211 (Claudin18.2) | Multiple tumor types | | | | | | | ⊕ Global |
| BLU-945 (EGFR triple mutant) | EGFRm NSCLC** | | | | | | | Greater China |
| BLU-701 (EGFR double mutant) | EGFRm NSCLC** | | | | | | | Greater China |

Validated and Differentiated Clinical Pipeline with 13 Late-Stage Programs and Six China NMPA Approvals (Cont'd)

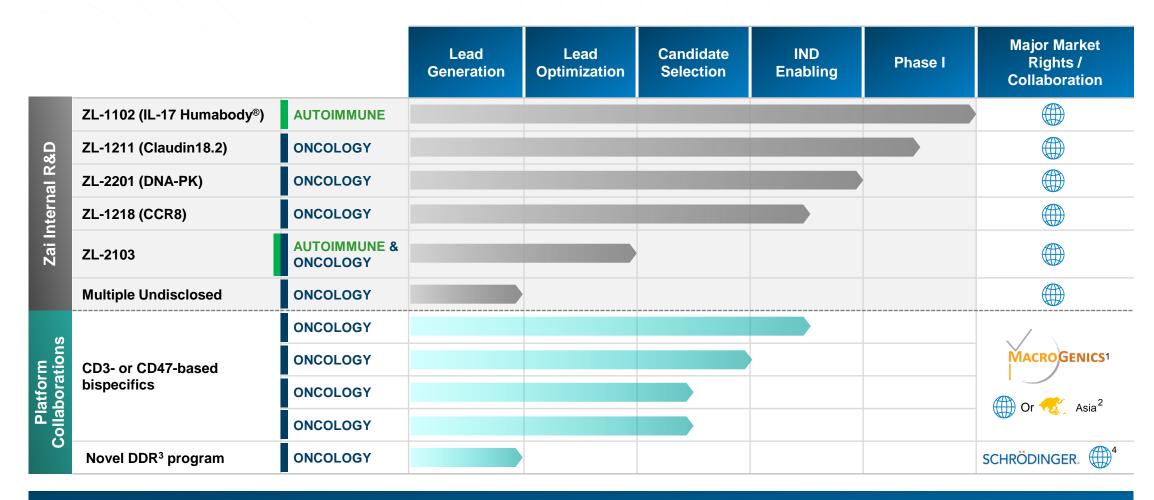
| | Drogram | Preclinical Phase I | Phase II | Phase III / | Dogiotystian | Approved | | Commercial | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----|------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| | Program | Preclinical | Phase I | Phase II | Pivotal | Registration | US | China | Territories | | |
| | IN U Z I R A | Acute Bacterial Skin a Community-Acquired | | , , | | | * | * | Greater China | | |
| | Sulbactam-Durlobactam | Carbapenem-Resista | nt Acinetobacter Infec | ctions ` | | | | | Asia Pacific ¹⁶ | | |
| | | Schizophrenia (psych | osis)** | | | | | | | | |
| ı | KarXT | Schizophrenia (in adults with an inadequate response to SOC)** | | | | Crooter China | | | | | |
| | NdIAI | Schizophrenia (negati | ve & cognitive symptom | s)** | | | | | Greater China | | |
| ı | | Alzheimer's disease p | osychosis** | | | | | | | | |
| | | Generalized Myasthe | nia Gravis (gMG) | | | ★ China | * | | | | |
| | VγVGART™ | Immune Thrombocyto | openic Purpura (ITP)4 | ,5 | | | | | | | |
| | | Pemphigus Vulgaris (| (PV) ^{4,5} | | | | | | Cracter China | | |
| | Efgartigimod (FcRn) | Chronic Inflammatory | Demyelinating Polyn | europathy (CIDP) ^{4,5} | | | | | Greater China | | |
| | | Bullous Pemphigoid ¹⁷ | 7** | | | | | | | | |
| | | Myositis ^{18**} | | | | | | | | | |
| | ZL-1102 (IL-17) | Psoriasis ¹⁹ | | | | | | | Global | | |

Abbreviations: Immuno-oncology (I/O), B-cell non-Hodgkin lymphoma (B-NHL), relapsed or refractory (r/r), recurrent or metastatic (r/m), follicular lymphoma (FL), diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL), neurotrophic tropomyosin receptor kinase (NTRK).

Notes: *Greater China-only trials. **Greater China trial in preparation or under planning. Greater China = mainland China, Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan. (1) Also launched in Hong Kong and Macau; (2) Including non-small cell lung cancer; (3) Commercially available in Hong Kong; (4) Global Ph3 trial ongoing; (5) Ph3 trial initiated in Greater China; (6) Also approved in Hong Kong and Taiwan; (7) FDA accelerated approval; continued approval may be contingent on verification and confirmation of clinical benefit in confirmatory trials; (8) Combination with carboplatin and KEYTRUDA +/- bevacizumab; (9) 1st line+ locally advanced or metastatic disease in solid tumors including colorectal cancer, pancreatic cancer, non-small cell lung cancer, and head and neck cancer; monotherapy and combination with KEYTRUDA and either carboplatin or cisplatin; (10) Broad development in both mono and combo therapies; note that the FDA accepted the adagrasib NDA for the treatment of patients with NSCLC harboring the KRASG12C mutation who have received at least one prior systemic therapy, with a Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA) date of December 14, 2022; (11) Global Ph2 pivotal trial ongoing, also initiated in Greater China; (13) Bridging study met primary endpoint in October 2021; NDA acceptance by the NMPA in January 2022; (14) Global Ph3 trial initiated; (15) Global Ph1/2a trial ongoing; (16) Zai Lab has exclusive license to develop and commercialize SUL-DUR in mainland China, Hong Kong, Taiwan, Macau, Korea, Vietnam, Thailand, Cambodia, Laos, Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, Singapore, Australia, New Zealand, and Japan; (17) Registrational trial initiated at end of 2021 of SC efgartigimod; (18) Registrational trial in October 2021; (19) Achieved proof of concept of Ph1b study in October 2021.



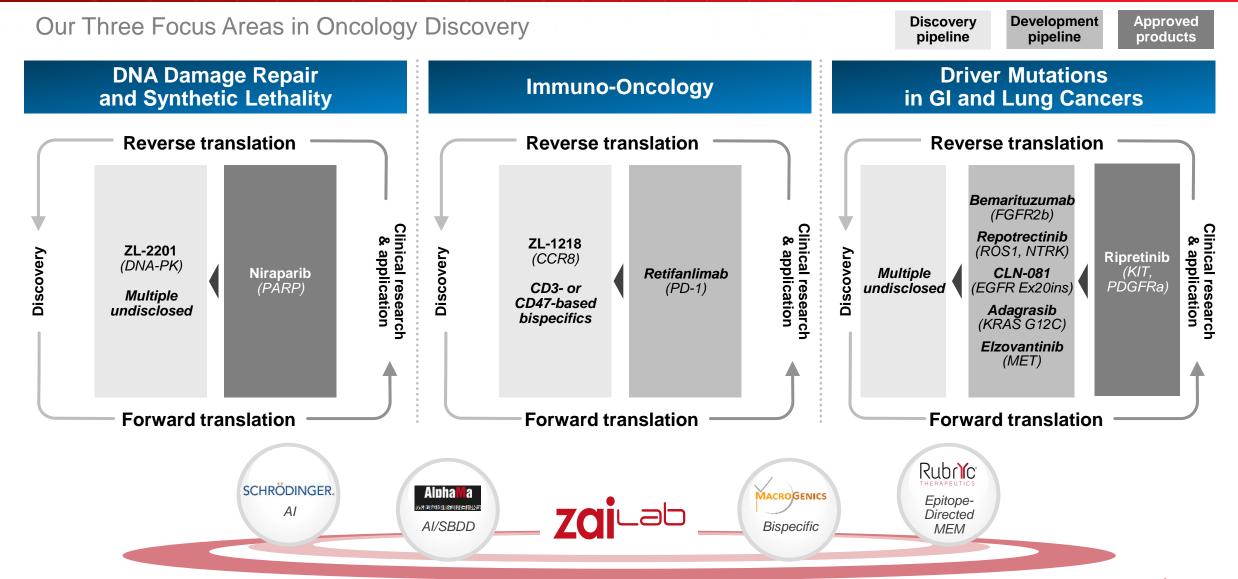
Growing Internal R&D Pipeline with Global Rights



Multi-Pillar Internal R&D Strategy Aiming to Generate at Least One Global IND per Year



Discovery Focus – Areas with Clear Internal Competitive Advantages



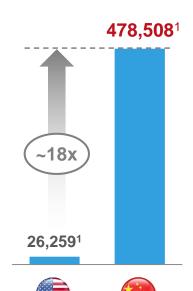


Targeted, Differentiated Portfolio for GI Cancer Leadership



China's Third Most Common Cancer

(Annual incidence)



- $\sim 30\%$ of Newly Diagnosed GC Patients -

FGFR2b+

Bemarituzumab

Only FGFR-targeted agent in late-stage

• ~30%² of non-HER2+

gastric / GEJ cancer

Global Ph3 trials initiated

GEJ cancer

development in gastric /

MET Alterations

Elzovantinib

- Unmet need in METamplified advanced gastric cancer
- ~3-5%³ of gastric cancer
- Ph1 trial ongoing

KRAS

CRC

Adagrasib

- Unmet need in KRAS G12C mutations
- ~2-3%⁴ of colorectal cancer
- Ph3 pivotal trial of CRC combo ongoing

KIT, PDGFRα

GIST ·

Ripretinib

- First approved TKI designed specifically for GIST regardless of mutational status
- Approved for 4L GIST in the U.S. and China

Tumor Treating Fields

- 1L Gastric cancer Ph2 pilot trial completed, Ph3 in planning
- 1L Pancreatic cancer Ph3 pivotal trial
- 1L Liver cancer (HCC) Ph2 pilot trial completed, Ph3 in planning

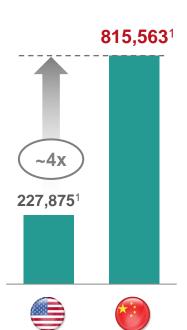


Differentiated Portfolio of Leading Targeted Therapies in Lung Cancer



China's Most Common Cancer

(Annual incidence)



~70% of Newly Diagnosed NSCLC Patients in China (Targeted Therapy)

ROS1+/NTRK+

Repotrectinib

- No approved targeted therapies in ROS1+ TKI-refractory setting
- ~3%² NSCLC for ROS1+
- ~0.5%³ solid tumors for NTRK+
- Ph2 registrational trial ongoing

EGFR Ex20ins

CLN-081

- Limited efficacy for EGFR ex20ins mutations
- **Breakthrough** therapy designation in 2L EGFR ex20ins **NSCLC** patients
- >4%4 NSCLC
- Ph2a trial ongoing

EGFRm

BLU-945 & BLU-701

- No approved targeted therapies post 3G TKIs
- ~40-50%7 NSCLC
- T790M & C797S: Most common ontarget resistance to 1G and 3G TKIs. respectively
- Ph1 trial ongoing

KRAS G12C

Adagrasib

- **Breakthrough** therapy designation for NSCLC
- ~3-5%6 NSCI C
- US NDA accepted. with a PDUFA target action date of Dec 14. 2022

MET Alterations

Elzovantinib

- Unmet need in METdriven advanced NSCLC
- ~3-4%⁵ for MET exon 14:
- ~1-2%⁵ for MET amp;
- ~15-20%⁵ for 1L EGFR TKI resistance
- Ph1 trial ongoing

I/O Backbone Therapy

Retifanlimab

1L NSCLC - Ph3 pivotal trial

Tumor Treating Fields

- **2L NSCLC** Ph3 pivotal trial

1L NSCLC - Ph2 pilot trial

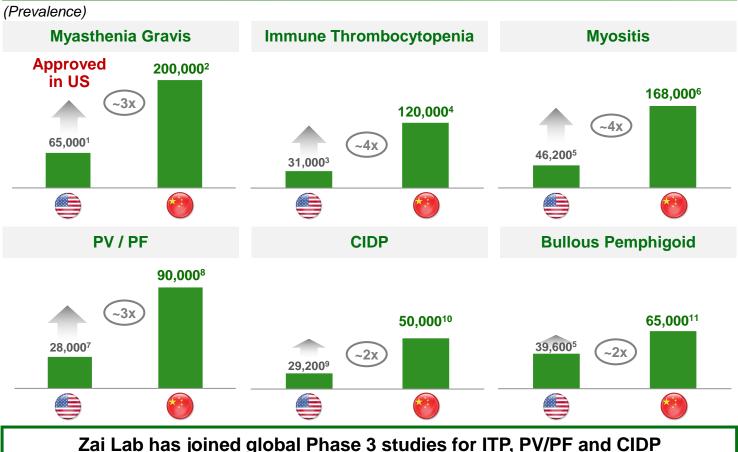
Sources: (1) Globocan, 2020; (2) Clinical and the prognostic characteristics of lung adenocarcinoma patients with ROS1 fusion in comparison with other driver mutations in East Asian populations, 2014; and Frost & Sullivan; (3) NTRK fusion detection across multiple assays and 33,997 cases: diagnostic implications and pitfalls, 2020; (4) Molecular epidemiology of EGFR mutations in Asian patients with advanced non-small-cell lung cancer of adenocarcinoma histology - mainland China subset analysis of the PIONEER study, 2015; (5) Turning Point Therapeutics presentation, August 2021; Overbeck TR, et al: Translational lung cancer research 2020; based on gene copy number of 10 or greater; (6) KRAS G12C mutations in Asia: a landscape analysis of 11,951 Chinese tumor samples, 2020; Clinical characteristics and prognostic value of the KRAS G12C mutation in Chinese non-small cell lung cancer patients, 2020; The prevalence and concurrent pathogenic mutations of KRASG12C in Northeast Chinese non-small-cell lung cancer patients, 2021; (7) Shi Y, Li J, Zhang S, Wang M, Yang S, Li N, Wu G, Liu W, Liao G, Cai K, Chen L, Zheng M, Yu P, Wang X, Liu Y, Guo Q, Nie L, Liu J, Han X. Molecular Epidemiology of EGFR Mutations in Asian Patients with Advanced Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer of Adenocarcinoma Histology - Mainland China Subset Analysis of the PIONEER study.



Efgartigimod Strengthens Our Existing Autoimmune Franchise with Pipeline-in-a-Product Potential







Differentiation

- **FDA approved** in gMG¹² with 4 additional indications in late-stage development
- Best-in-class profile blocking IgG binding to FcRn without reducing albumin
- Safety profile comparable to placebo in clinical trials conducted so far, including the Phase 3 trial in gMG
- IV and SC injection in development

| Many other potential indications | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Membranous Nep | hropathy | Lupus Nephritis | | | |
| Multiple Sclerosis | Anca Vasculitis | | | | |
| Epidermolysis Bullosa Acquisita | Hemolytic Anemia | Guillain–Barré syndrome | | | |
| Neuromyelitis Optica | Thyroid Eye Disease | Rheumatoid Arthritis | | | |

Sources: (1) International consensus guidance for management of myasthenia gravis, 2016; (2) Nationwide population-based epidemiological study of myasthenia gravis in Taiwan, 2010; (3) Prevalence of immune thrombocytopenia: analyses of administrative data, 2006; (4) The Epidemiology of Immune Thrombocytopenia in Taiwan, 2018; (5) argenx R&D day presentation, July 2021; (6) Prevalence and incidence of polymyositis and dermatomyositis in Japan, 2013; (7) Pemphigus Vulgaris (PV) Market Insights, Epidemiology & Forecast to 2027, 2018; (8) Incidence, Mortality, and Causes of Death of Patients with Pemphigus in Taiwan, 2020; (9) The economic burden of CIDP in the United States: A case-control study, 2018; (10) Chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy and diabetes, 2020; (11) Global Incidence and Prevalence of Bullous Pemphigoid: A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis, 2020. (12) Also approved in Japan.



Promising Near-Term, Innovative Treatment Options for Infectious Disease Franchise





NUZYRA Once-daily Oral and IV Broad Spectrum Antibiotic

Unmet Medical Needs in China

- Significant addressable markets: 16.5 million¹ CABP and 2.8 million¹ ABSSSI incidence every year
- Unmet needs for broad-spectrum antibiotics addressing MDR with favorable safety profile

Differentiation

- Broad-spectrum IV/PO new-generation tetracycline, reducing exposure to hospital pathogens and associated costs with hospital stays
- Clear differentiation vs. older generics and other drugs from the tetracycline class
- Classified as Category 1 innovative drug in China

Sulbactam-Durlobactam Best-in-Class Class A, C & D β Lactamase Coverage

Unmet Medical Needs in China

- >230K incidence in China, 56% MDR and carbapenem-R
- A. baumannii causes severe infections, especially pneumonia and bacteremia in the ICU setting
- High mortality with therapy of last resort, colistin

Differentiation

- Unique activity against Acinetobacter and CRAB
- Favorable safety profile and clinically meaningful antimicrobial activity demonstrated in early clinical studies
- Predictably **safer** than colistin, which invariably is associated with nephrotoxicity



Dec 2021 China Commercial Launch²





4Q 2022 China NDA Filing



Strategic Collaboration with Karuna on KarXT to Enter into Neuroscience



Anchor Asset to Expand into Neuroscience





- Novel MOA mediated via muscarinic cholinergic receptors
- Potential first-in-class and best-in-class muscarinic agonist
- Pipeline-in-a-product Near and long-term opportunities in schizophrenia and dementia-related psychosis
- Registrational stage Phase 3 EMERGENT-2 trial completed with positive results; US NDA submission in schizophrenia expected in mid-2023

Potential to Change the Standard of Care in Schizophrenia

Early and sustained improvement in symptoms of schizophrenia

Not
associated
with common
problematic
AEs of current
antipsychotic
medications

Potential to
treat multiple
symptom
domains as
monotherapy or
adjunctive
therapy

Innovative Treatment Option to Address Significant Unmet Medical Needs in China to Treat Patients with Serious Psychiatric Conditions



KarXT Addresses Significant Unmet Medical Needs in China



Sizeable Therapeutic Area with High-Growth Potential

- Neuroscience 5th largest therapeutic area¹ in China, with high-growth potential in coming years
- Antipsychotics market –
 The largest segment² within neuroscience in recent years
- >8 million³ people living with schizophrenia in China
- Profound burden of disease exists despite widely available therapies

Great Need for More Effective and Safe Treatments

Currently Available Therapies



Lack of Novel MoA

Poor Negative Symptom Control

Unacceptable Side Effects

Increasing Government Efforts



Healthy China Action Plan (2019–2030)



More Psychiatrists



More Specialized Hospitals/Departments



Target Treatment Rate of 85% in 2030



Mental Disease Management System

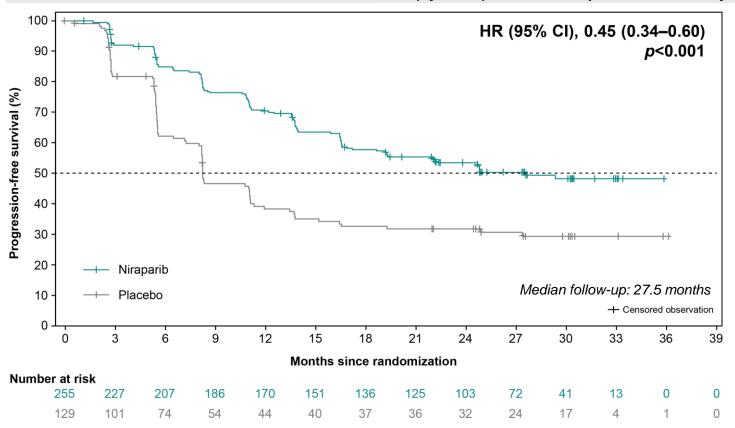


ZEJULA

Only PARP Inhibitor Approved in First-Line Ovarian Cancer for All Comers Regardless of Biomarker Status (PRIMA and PRIME Study)

China PRIME Study – ZEJULA demonstrated a statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvement in PFS with a tolerable safety profile in Chinese patients with newly diagnosed ovarian cancer following a response to platinum-based chemotherapy, regardless of biomarker status

PFS (by BICR) in the ITT Population – Primary Endpoint



| 16.5 months longer median PFS with niraparib versus placebo | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Niraparib Placebo (N=255) (N=129) | | | | | |
| PFS (54.4% data mate | PFS (54.4% data maturity) | | | | |
| Events, n (%) | 123 (48.2) | 86 (66.7) | | | |
| mPFS (95% CI), months | 24.8 (19.2–NE) | 8.3 (7.3–11.1) | | | |
| Patients without PD or death (%) | | | | | |
| 24 months | 52.6 | 30.4 | | | |

- While OS data are still immature, there is a trend in favor of niraparib at this data cut-off
- The safety profile of niraparib was improved with ISD prospectively applied to all patients

Abbreviations: Blinded independent central review (BICR), confidence interval (CI), hazard ratio (HR), intention-to-treat (ITT), median progression-free survival (mPFS), not estimable (NE), progressive disease (PD), overal surival (OS), individualized starting dose (ISD).

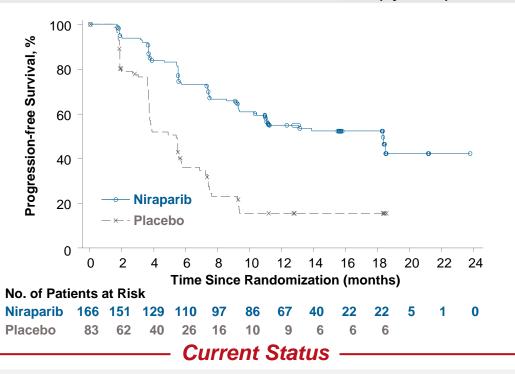


ZEJULA

First Fully Powered, Randomized, Controlled (RCT) Phase 3 Trial Ever Conducted In Ovarian Cancer In China (NORA Study)

China NORA study – An individualized starting dose (ISD) regimen preserved efficacy and improved safety profile in Chinese patients, underscoring the promise of ZEJULA as a maintenance therapy for Chinese patients with platinum-sensitive recurrent ovarian cancer

PFS (by BICR) in the ITT Population - Primary Endpoint



Only PARP inhibitor included in NRDL as first-line and recurrent maintenance treatment for ovarian cancer patients regardless of biomarker status in China

| 70% Reduction of Hazard for Relapse or Death with Niraparib | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Niraparib Placebo (n=166) (n=83) | | | | | |
| 18.3 (11.0–NE) | 5.4 (3.7–5.7) | | | | |
| 0.30 (0.21–0.43) | | | | | |
| <0.0001 | | | | | |
| | with Niraparib Niraparib (n=166) 18.3 (11.0-NE) | | | | |

^{*}p-value is from stratified log-rank test

- China NORA study met all primary and secondary endpoints
- ISD regimen based on weight and platelets was shown to be effective, with lower rates of anemia and thrombocytopenia

Core Opportunity

Zai Lab expects ZEJULA to become the market-leading PARP inhibitor in ovarian cancer in China (~55K incidence)

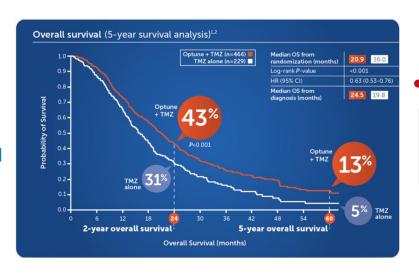


Tumor Treating Fields Survival Benefit in GBM and Mesothelioma in Global Phase 3 Trials

GBM (Newly Diagnosed) - Doubling of five-year survival rate



First novel treatment in GBM approved in US and China in >15 years



Current Status & Core Opportunity

China approval in newly diagnosed and recurrent GBM (>45K annual incidence) in May 2020¹ with trial waiver

Malignant Pleural Mesothelioma – FDA-approved indication beyond brain tumors



First FDA-approved mesothelioma treatment in >15 years

Primary endpoint

Median OS

18.2 months

Current Status & Next Steps

Marketing Authorization Application submitted; Additional late-stage studies underway in tumor types affecting over 1.8 million new patients a year in China



Tumor Treating Fields Phase 3 Pivotal Trial Interim Analysis Concluded Favorable Recommendation for NSCLC

LUNAR: Phase 3 Pivotal Trial in Stage 4 NSCLC Following Platinum Failure

- LUNAR¹ is a phase 3 pivotal trial testing Tumor Treating Fields in combination with immune checkpoint inhibitors or docetaxel versus immune checkpoint inhibitors or docetaxel alone for patients with stage 4 NSCLC
- NSCLC accounts for approximately 85% of all lung cancers worldwide and has the highest total incidence of any cancer in China at 815,563 cases in 2020²
- Independent data monitoring committee (DMC) informed Novocure that pre-specified interim analysis for LUNAR trial would be
 accelerated
- The DMC recommended a reduced sample size by about half to approximately 276 patients, reduced follow-up from 18 months
 to 12 months, which could accelerate the overall timeline of the trial by more than a year
- Recommendation was based on an assessment of the length of accrual and number of events observed to date with 210 patients included in the interim analysis through February 2021

Path Forward for LUNAR Remains Key Area of Focus

Current Status & Next Steps

Core Opportunity

The FDA approved Novocure's IDE supplement with the protocol adjustments; final data anticipated in early 1Q 2023

Accelerated interim analysis further demonstrates Tumor Treating Fields' broad potential across a range of hard-to-treat cancers





QINLOCKA Potential Best-In-Class Treatment for Advanced GIST

| QINLOCK® (ripretinib) 50 mg tablets | Ripretinib (n = 85) | Placebo (n = 44) ¹ | p-value |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| mPFS | 6.3 months (27.6 weeks) | 1.0 month (4.1 weeks) | <0.0001 |
| ORR | 9.4% | 0% | 0.0504 |
| mOS | 15.1 months | 6.6 months | Nominal p-value = 0.0004 ² |

Significantly reduced the risk of disease progression or death by **85%** (Hazard Ratio of **0.15**, p-value <**0.0001**) compared to placebo

Current Status

Core Opportunity

Many GIST patients on TKIs develop tumor progression due to secondary mutations; QINLOCK remains the standard of care and only approved therapy in patients with 4L GIST

~30K annual incidence of GIST in China, more than 2x U.S. and Europe combined



TIVDAK

First and Only U.S. Approved ADC for Recurrent or Metastatic Cervical Cancer with Disease Progression on or After Chemotherapy

innovaTV 205 Combination Data in 1L Cervical Cancer Presented at ASCO 2022¹

| | 1L TV + KEYTRUDA (N=32) ² | 1L TV + carbo (N=33) ³ |
|------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Confirmed ORR | 40.6% (23.7, 59.4) | 54.5% (36.4, 71.9) |
| Complete response rate | 15.6% | 12.1% |
| Partial response rate | 25.0% | 42.4% |
| Median DOR | Not Reached | 8.6 |

- Dose expansion cohorts of TV in combination with KEYTRUDA or carboplatin in R/M CC demonstrated encouraging anti-tumor activity
- The safety profiles in combination were manageable and tolerable and in line with the safety profiles seen with the individual agents
- innovaTV 205 trial is ongoing, and a new cohort will be added to investigate the combination of TV + carboplatin and pembrolizumab ± bevacizumab as 1L treatment for R/M CC

Current Status

FDA approval in September 2021; Broad development program in cervical cancer and other solid tumor indications ongoing

Core Opportunity

~110K annual incidence of cervical cancer in China⁴, with limited treatment options for patients who progress on or after chemotherapy



Adagrasib Potentially Differentiated Therapy in NSCLC for Patients with KRAS G12C Mutations

Pooled Analysis: Registrational Ph2 and Ph1/1b NSCLC Cohorts of KRYSTAL-1 Study¹

- 44% ORR^{1,2} on Ph1b/2 patients with NSCLC enrolled at 600mg BID
 - 98% of patients had prior treatment with a PD-1/L1 inhibitor following or in combination with chemotherapy
- Median DOR^{1,2}was 12.5 months (95% CI, 7.3–NE)
- Median PFS^{1,2}was 6.9 months (95% CI, 5.4–9.8)
- Median OS³ was 14.1 months (95% CI, 9.2–19.2)
- The safety and tolerability observed in this pooled analysis was consistent with findings reported in the registration-enabling Ph2 (Cohort A)

Current Status & Next Steps

FDA NDA approval in 2L+ NSCLC with a PDUFA target action date of December 14, 2022; Zai Lab will participate in multiple mono and combo global trials in 2022 and beyond

CNS Penetrant: Encouraging Early Data in Patients with Brain Metastases

Patients with Treated, Stable CNS Metastases (n=33)⁴

- Intracranial (IC) ORR by modified RANO-BM was 33% (95% CI, 18– 52)
- Median IC DOR was 11.2 months (95% CI, 3.0–NE)
- IC DCR was **85%** (95% CI, 68–95)
- Median IC PFS was 5.4 months (95% CI, 3.3–11.6)

Patients with Active, Untreated CNS Metastases (n=19)⁵

- Objective IC responses were observed in 32% (95% CI, 12.6–56.6)
- IC DCR was 84% (95% CI, 60.4–96.6)

Central nervous system (CNS) metastases occur in **27%-42%** of patients with KRAS G12C-mutated NSCLC at diagnosis

Core Opportunity

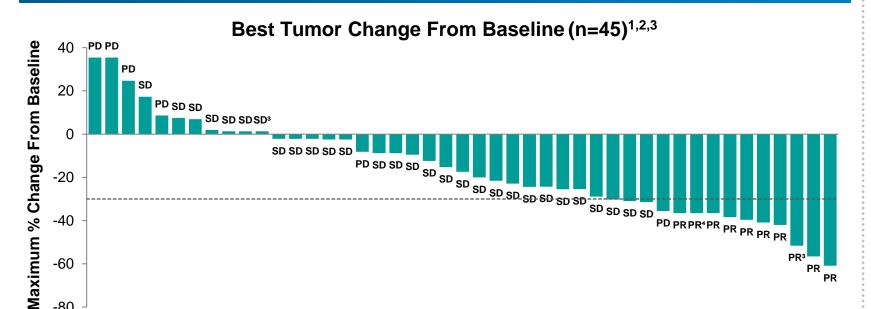
>43K annual incidence of KRAS G12C mutations in NSCLC, CRC, pancreatic cancer in China, with no approved targeted therapies

Sources: Jänne PA, Riely GJ, Gadgeel SM, Heist RS, Ou SI, Pacheco JM, Johnson ML, Sabari JK, Leventakos K, Yau E, Bazhenova L, Negrao MV, Pennell NA, Zhang J, Anderes K, Der-Torossian H, Kheoh T, Velastegui K, Yan X, Christensen JG, Chao RC, Spira Al. Adagrasib in Non-Small-Cell Lung Cancer Harboring a KRASG12C Mutation. N Engl J Med. 2022 Jun 3; Mirati corporate presentation, June 2022; Mirati press releases on May 26, 2022 and June 6, 2022.



Adagrasib Compelling Early Efficacy in Pre-Treated Patients with Colorectal Cancer

Best Overall Response



Evaluable Patients

- Response rate was 22% (10/45), including 1 unconfirmed PR⁴
- Stable disease was observed in 64% (29/45) of patients
- Clinical benefit (DCR) was observed in 87% (39/45) of patients
- No apparent association between response rate and molecular status was shown in an exploratory analysis⁵

DoR and PFS

- Median time to response was 1.4 months
- Median DoR (n=45)¹ was
 4.2 months (2.3, 6.9)⁶
- At time of analysis, 40% (18/45) of patients remain on treatment
- Median PFS (n=46):
 5.6 months (95% CI: 4.1, 8.3)

Baseline Demographics

• CRC: Prior lines of systemic anticancer therapy, % (1/2/3/≥4) – 20%/26%/20%/35%

Safety Profile Summary (n=46)

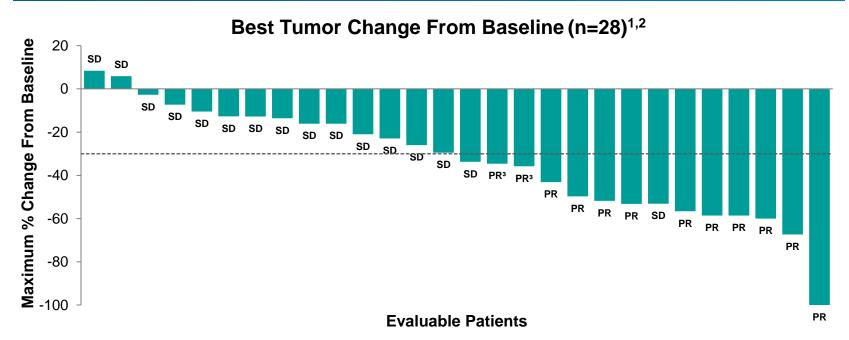
- No Grade 5 TRAEs
- No TRAEs that led to discontinuation

Abbreviations: Duration of response (DOR), treatment-related adverse events (TRAE).



Adagrasib + Cetuximab Compelling Early Efficacy in Pre-Treated Patients with Colorectal Cancer





- Response rate was 43% (12/28), including 2 unconfirmed PRs³
- Stable disease was observed in 57% (16/28) of patients
- Clinical benefit (DCR) was observed in 100% (28/28) of patients
- No apparent association between response rate and molecular status was shown in an exploratory analysis⁵

DoR

- Median time to response (n=28)¹ was 1.3 months
- At time of analysis, 71% (20/28) of patients remain on treatment

Baseline Demographics

• **CRC**: Prior lines of systemic anticancer therapy, % (1/2/3/≥4) – 9%/25%/34%/31%

Safety Profile Summary (n=32)

- No Grade 5 TRAEs
- 6% (n=2) of TRAEs led to discontinuation of treatment⁴



Odronextamab (REGN1979) Potential to Be the First-in-class CD20xCD3 Bispecific in Greater China

Strategic Collaboration with Regeneron for Bispecific Odronextamab

Indications: B-NHL including FL, DLBCL

Potentially registrational Phase 2 trial is ongoing An important asset around which Zai aims to build a hematological cancer franchise

American Society of Hematology (ASH) - December 2020 Update

REGN1979





R/R Follicular Lymphoma

- ORR=90%, CR=70%
- N=30, doses 5-320 mg
- CRs ongoing for up to ~3.5 years

R/R DLBCL (CAR-T naïve)

- ORR=55%, CR=55%
- N=11, doses 80-320 mg
- CRs ongoing for up to 21 months

R/R DLBCL (post-CAR-T)

- ORR=33%, CR=21%
- N=24, doses 80-320 mg
- All CRs ongoing for up to 20 months

Next Steps

Zai Lab and Regeneron expect to complete patient enrollment in 2022; report additional results from the potentially pivotal Ph2 study in B-NHL and submit a BLA to the FDA in 2H 2022

Core Opportunity

~93K annual incidence of NHL in China, 85% is B-cell NHL; DLBCL and FL are two most common subtypes



Repotrectinib Potential to Be Best-in-Class ROS1/TRK Inhibitor in TKI-Naïve and Treatment-Resistant Settings

Strategic Collaboration with Turning Point Therapeutics on Repotrectinib

Indications:

ROS1+ advanced NSCLC in TKI-naïve and -pretreated patients; NTRK+ solid tumors in TKI-naïve and -pretreated patients

Ongoing global registrational Phase 1/2 TRIDENT-1 study

An important late-stage asset to strengthen our lung cancer franchise

Positive Topline Results from Global TRIDENT-1 Study and China Subpopulation

Global Topline Efficacy Analyses —

- ROS1+ TKI-naïve NSCLC: cORR 79% (n=71)¹
- ROS1+ TKI-pretreated NSCLC with 1 prior TKI and prior platinumbased chemotherapy: cORR 42% (n=26)¹
- ROS1+ TKI-pretreated NSCLC with 2 prior TKIs without prior chemotherapy: cORR 28% (n=18)¹
- ROS1+ TKI-pretreated NSCLC with 1 prior TKI without prior chemotherapy: cORR 36% (n=56)¹
- NTRK+ TKI-pretreated advanced solid tumors: cORR 48% (n=23)²

China Subpopulation Topline Efficacy Analyses³ —

- ROS1+ TKI-naïve NSCLC: cORR 91% (n=11)
- ROS1+ TKI-pretreated NSCLC with 1 prior TKI and prior platinum-based chemotherapy: cORR 67% (n=3)
- ROS1+ TKI-pretreated NSCLC with 2 prior TKIs without prior chemotherapy: cORR 50% (n=4)
- ROS1+ TKI-pretreated NSCLC with 1 prior TKI without prior chemotherapy: cORR 36% (n=11)

Next Steps

Core Opportunity -

Zai Lab plans to discuss the regulatory pathway with the NMPA at a pre-NDA meeting in 4Q 2022

14K~21K annual incidence of ROS1 rearrangement of NSCLC (2~3%); NTRK of ~0.5% with other advanced solid tumors⁴ in China

Abbreviations: Blinded Independent Central Review (BICR), confirmed objective response rate (cORR).

Notes: (1) Data pooled across the Phase 1 and 2 portions of TRIDENT-1 with a data cutoff of 11-Feb-2022 with responses confirmed per RECIST 1.1 and assessed by BICR; 2) Phase 2 data cutoff date of 26-Aug-2021 with responses confirmed by physician assessment. Phase 1 data cutoff of 22-Jul-2019 with responses confirmed per RECIST 1.1 and assessed by BICR; (3) Data from the Phase 2 portion of TRIDENT-1 with a data cutoff of 11-Feb-2022 with responses confirmed per RECIST 1.1 and assessed by BICR; (4) Zhang et al. Prevalence of ROS1 fusion in Chinese patients with non-small cell lung cancer, *Thoracic Cancer* January 2019; Farago AF, Le LP, Zheng Z, Muzikansky A, Drilon A, Patel M, et al. Durable Clinical Response to Entrectinib in NTRK1-Rearranged Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer. *J Thorac Oncol.* 2015;10(12):1670-4.

Source: Turning Point Therapeutics corporate presentation, April 2022.

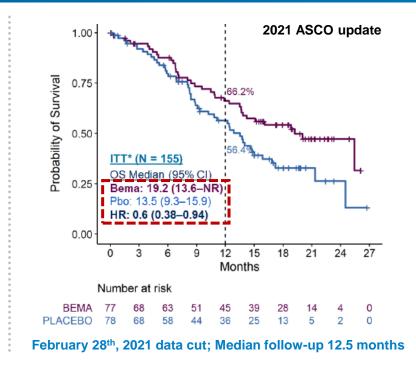


Bemarituzumab First-in-Class Antibody Targeting FGFR2b+ in Advanced Gastric/GEJ Cancer

FIGHT Phase 2 Study – Bemarituzumab + mFOLFOX6 (n=77) vs. Placebo + mFOLFOX6 (n=78)

- Primary endpoint PFS: Bema is superior to placebo
 - HR = 0.68 (95% CI: 0.44, 1.04; p=0.073¹)
 - Median PFS (months): 9.5 vs. 7.4
- 1st secondary endpoint OS: Bema is superior to placebo
 - HR = 0.58 (95% CI: 0.35, 0.95; p=0.027¹)
 - Median OS (months): Not Reached vs. 12.9
- 2nd secondary endpoint ORR: Bema is superior to placebo
 - Improvement in ORR = 13.1% (p=0.106¹)
 - ORR: 46.8% vs. 33.3%

September 23rd, 2020 data cut



Completed Final Analysis of FIGHT Phase 2 Study

- Results continued to demonstrate that bemarituzumab + mFOLFOX6 improves the clinical outcome of patients with FGFR2b expressing tumors with no new safety concerns
- A greater survival benefit was observed with increasing FGFR2b expression levels

Updated on August 4, 2022

Current Status & Next Steps

Phase 3 program for 1L advanced GC/GEJ cancer initiated; Zai Lab will initiate a registrational trial in Greater China in 4Q 2022

Core Opportunity

~30% FGFR2b+ in newly diagnosed/front-line non-HER2+advanced GC/GEJ cancer (~126K annual incidence in China)

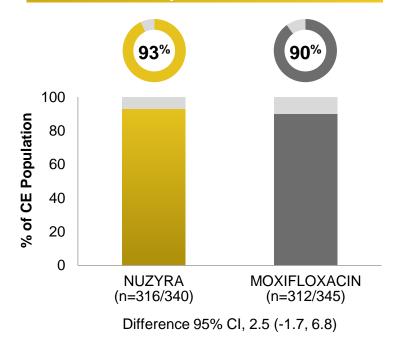


NUZYRA FDA- and China NMPA-approved, Once-daily Oral and IV Broad Spectrum Antibiotic Addressing Antibiotic Resistance

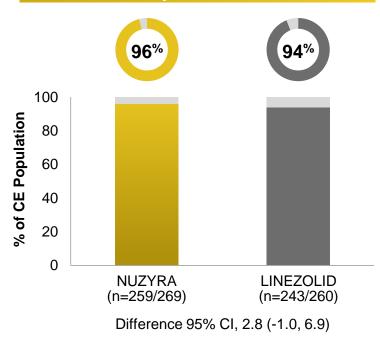


- New differentiated tetracycline antibiotic
- Clinical success in CABP (left) and ABSSSI (right)
- Category 1 Innovative Drug in China

CE Population Post Therapy Evaluation (CE-PTE) 5-10 Days After Last Dose



CE Population Post Therapy Evaluation (CE-PTE) 7–14 Days After Last Dose



Current Status

Commercial launch in December 2021

Core Opportunity

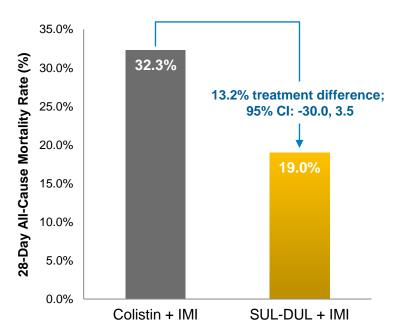
16.5 million¹ and 2.8 million¹ annual incidence for CABP and ABSSSI in China, respectively



SUL-DUR Promising New Treatment Option for Deadly Acinetobacter

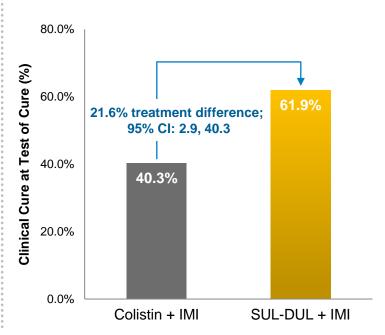
Achieved Primary Efficacy Endpoint

Favorable 28-day all-cause mortality difference for SUL-DUR vs. colistin¹



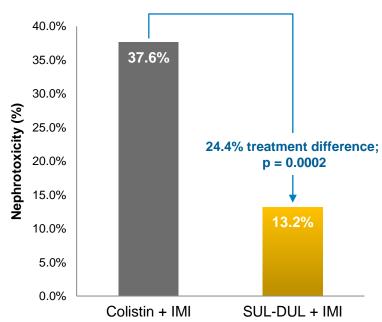
Statistically Significant Difference in Clinical Cure

SUR-DUR compared to colistin at Test of Cure¹



Statistically Significant Reduction in Nephrotoxicity

SUL-DUR vs. colistin as measured by the RIFLE classification¹



Current Status & Next Steps

NDA submission to the FDA expected in 3Q 2022; Zai Lab plans to submit NDA to the NMPA in China in 4Q 2022 pending our partner's US filing progress Core Opportunity²

>230K annual incidence³ in China, 54% of which is MDR and carbapenem resistant



ZL-1102 (IL-17 Humabody®) Proof-of-Concept Phase 1b Study – Overview and Results

| Goals | Efficacy in CPP by trend, safety/tolerability, PK, evidence of penetration Basis for Go/No Go decision | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Clinical Results | Approx. 45% in relative improvement compared to placebo in local PASI¹ score of the target lesion at 4 weeks (primary efficacy endpoint) Consistent improvement in local PASI components over time: erythema > scaling > induration Consistent improvement in target lesion size (reduction in area) compared to an area increase in the placebo arm Consistently higher responder rates² over time compared to placebo Benign safety and tolerability profile comparable to placebo, with treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs) that were few in number and mild | |
| PK | No systemic absorption by PK | |
| Histology | Reduction in epithelial thickness on histology | |
| Biomarkers | 277 differential expressed genes (DEGs) Downregulated genes enriched in keratinocyte differentiation and immune response pathway Decrease in K16 marker expression, indicative of downregulated cell proliferation | |

Next Steps

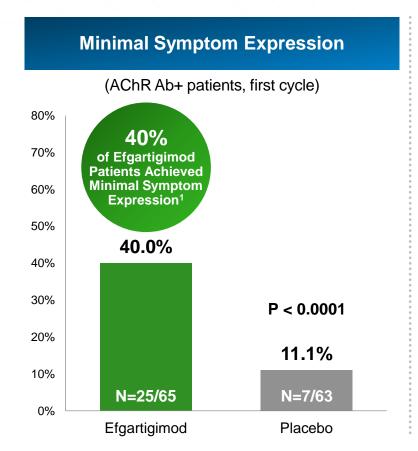
Zai Lab plans to initiate a global Phase 2 study for CPP in 2H 2022

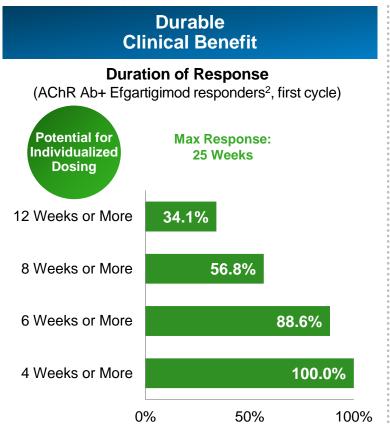
Core Opportunity

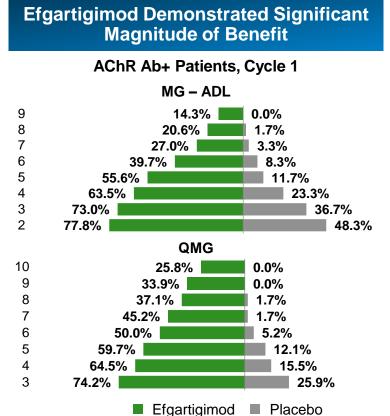
Psoriasis affects ~125 million people worldwide, 80-90% of which is plaque psoriasis; 70–80% of these cases are mild-to-moderate



Efgartigimod Phase 3 ADAPT Data Showed Fast, Deep and Durable Responses for Patients with gMG







Current Status & Next Steps

NMPA accepted the BLA for gMG in China; Zai Lab expects to launch POC trials of two new indications in 2022

Indications under clinical development alone represent ~693K prevalence in China

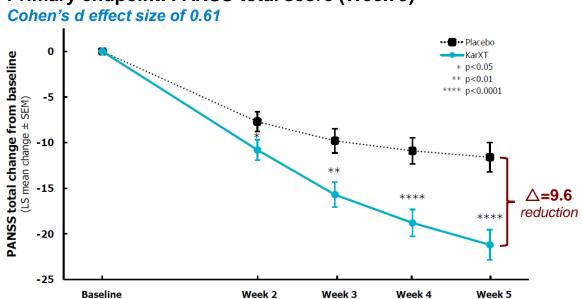
Core Opportunity



KarXT Phase 3 EMERGENT-2 Study Demonstrated Statistically Significant Improvements in Primary and Key Secondary Endpoints

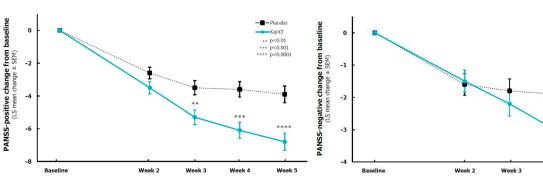
Topline Results of Phase 3 EMERGENT-2 Trial of KarXT in Schizophrenia

Primary endpoint: PANSS total score (Week 5)

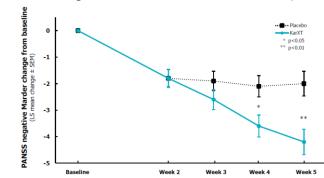


- Primary endpoint met, demonstrating a statistically significant 9.6-point reduction in PANSS total score compared to placebo at Week 5 (p<0.0001)
- Key secondary endpoints met, demonstrating statistically significant reductions in positive and negative symptoms of schizophrenia
- KarXT was generally **well tolerated**, with a side effect profile substantially consistent with prior trials

A. PANSS positive subscale (Week 5)



B. PANSS negative subscale (Week 5) C. PANSS negative Marder factor subscale (Week 5)



Next Steps

US NDA submission in schizophrenia expected in mid-2023; Zai Lab will seek regulatory agreement with the NMPA on a China program in 3Q 2022

Core Opportunity

>8 million prevalence in China; significant need for more effective therapies with improved safety

> Clinical Data – Neuroscience

