



**BUA**  
FOODS

# UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THREE MONTHS ENDED  
31<sup>ST</sup> MARCH, 2024

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## NOTE 1

### Statement of Significant Accounting Policies

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The following are the significant accounting policies adopted by the company in the preparation of its Financial Statements.

#### 1. Basis of Preparation

These Financial Statements have been prepared in compliance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and relevant International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the IASB).

These Financial Statements were prepared under the historical cost convention.

The principal accounting policies applied in the presentation of the Financial Statements are set out below. These policies have been applied to all the periods presented except for the adoption of new accounting policies.

#### 2. Revenue

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of value added tax, excise duties returns, customers discounts and other sales related discounts.

Revenue from the sale of products is recognised in profit or loss when the contract has been approved by both parties, rights have been clearly identified, payment terms have been defined, the contract has commercial substance and collectibility has been ascertained as probable. Collectibility of customers payment is ascertained from the customers historical records, guarantees provided, and advance payments made if any.

The five steps recognition process for revenue is listed below:

- identify the contract with a customer
- identify the performance obligation in the contract
- determine the transaction price
- allocate the price to the performance obligation
- recognise revenue

#### 3. Cost of Goods sold

These are the cost of internally produced goods sold. The cost of internally produced goods include directly attributable costs such as the cost of direct materials, direct labour, and energy costs, as well as production overheads, including depreciation of production facilities. The cost of goods sold includes write-downs of inventories where necessary.

## Statement of Significant Accounting Policies contd.

### 4. **Selling and Distribution Expenses**

Comprises the cost of marketing, cost of organising the sales process and distribution.

### 5. **Foreign Currency**

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ('the functional currency'). The functional currency and presentation currency of the Company is the Nigerian Naira (=N=).

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Company's functional currency are recognised in the foreign exchange gain or loss in profit or loss.

### 6. **Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments represent the Company's financial assets and liabilities. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized in the Company's statement of financial position when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. These instruments are typically held for liquidity, investment, trading or hedging purposes. All financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction cost except those carried at fair value through profit or loss where transaction cost are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial instruments are recognized (derecognized) on the date the Company commits to purchase (sell) the instruments (trade date accounting).

Financial assets include trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances and certain other assets. Financial liabilities include term loans, bank overdraft, trade and certain other liabilities. The Company classifies its financial assets into one of the categories discussed below, depending on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. The Company's has not classified any of its financial assets as held to maturity.

#### **Subsequent measurement**

Subsequent to initial measurement, financial instruments are measured either at fair value or amortised cost, depending on their classifications below. The company's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

#### **i. Trade and Other Receivables**

These assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise principally through the provision of goods and services to customers, but also incorporate other types of contractual monetary assets. They are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable

## Statement of Significant Accounting Policies *contd.*

to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment. Impairment provisions are recognised when there is objective evidence (such as significant financial difficulties on the part of the counterparty of default or significant delay in payment) that the Company will be unable to collect all of the amounts due under the terms receivable, the amount of such a provision being the difference between the net carrying amount and the present value of the future expected cash flows associated with the impaired receivable. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate allowance account with the loss being recognised within administrative expenses in the statement of comprehensive income. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collectable, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

### **ii. Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash.

### **Impairment of Financial Assets carried at Amortised Cost**

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is objective evidence that trade and other receivables are impaired. Trade and other receivable is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after initial recognition and that loss event has a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the receivables that can be estimated reliably. Criteria that are used by the Company in determining whether there is objective evidence of impairment include:

- known cash flow difficulties experienced by the customer;
- a breach of contract, such as default or delinquency in repayment for goods and service;
- breach of credit terms or conditions and;
- it is becoming probable that the customer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

### **Financial liabilities**

These include the following items:

#### **i. Bank borrowings**

Bank borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of any transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised costs; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

## Statement of Significant Accounting Policies *contd.*

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized in the profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### **ii. Trade payables and other short-term monetary liabilities**

These are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### **Fair value**

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's-length transaction. The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument on initial recognition is the transaction price, i.e. the fair value of the consideration paid or received, unless the fair value is evidenced either by comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument, without modification or repackaging or based on valuation techniques such as discounted cash flow models and option pricing models whose variables include only data from observable markets. When such valuation models with only observable market data as inputs or the comparison with other observable current market transactions in the same instrument indicate that the fair value differs from the transaction price, the initial difference will be recognised in the profit or loss immediately. The Company does not have any financial instruments (derivatives, etc.) that warrant such valuation method.

### **Derecognition of financial instruments**

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows on the financial asset such that it has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognized as a separate asset.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, i.e. when the obligation is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same party on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, with the difference in the respective carrying amounts being recognized in profit or loss.

### **Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities**

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right is not contingent on future events and is enforceable in the normal course of business, and in event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or counterparty.

## Statement of Significant Accounting Policies contd.

### 7. Retirement Benefits

The Company operates two pension schemes for its employees: Defined Contribution Scheme and Defined Benefit Scheme. The defined pension contribution plan is based on a percentage of pensionable earnings funded through contributions from the Company (10%) and employees (8%). The fund is administered by the Pension Fund's administrators. Contributions to this plan are recognised as an expense in the profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

Defined benefit schemes also referred to as employee end of service gratuities are regarded as post-employment benefits.

### 8. Current Taxation

The tax for the period comprises current, education and deferred taxes. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

### 9. Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognized where the carrying amount of an asset or liability in the statement of financial position differs from its tax base. Recognition of deferred tax is restricted to those instances where it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the difference can be utilized. The amount of the asset or liability is determined using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the deferred tax liabilities / (assets) are settled / (recovered).

### 10. Property, Plant and Equipment

All property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item to the Company and the cost can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance cost are charged to the profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

## Statement of Significant Accounting Policies contd.

Capital work in progress are not depreciated. Depreciation of assets commences when assets are available for use. Depreciation on other assets are calculated using straight line method over their expected useful economic lives as follows:

	Useful life (years)
Land	Not depreciable
Buildings	30 - 50
Plant and Machinery	7 - 50
Furniture and Fittings	5
Trucks	5
Computer and Office Equipments	5
Motor vehicles	8
Construction Work in Progress	Nil

These assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate at end of the reporting year.

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost to sell and value in use. Impairment losses and reversal of previously recognised impairment losses are recognised within administrative expenses in profit or loss.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no further future economic benefit are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses on disposal are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised within other income or other expenses-net in profit or loss.

### 11. Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value after providing for any obsolescence and damages determined by the management. Costs are those expenses incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition which are computed as follows:

- Raw materials, spare parts and consumables: Actual costs include transportation, handling charges and other related costs.
- Work in progress and finished goods: Cost of direct materials, direct labour and other direct cost plus attributable overheads based on standard costing.
- Finished Goods: Direct cost plus all production overheads.



## Statement of Significant Accounting Policies contd.

Inventories are initially recognized at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated cost to sell.

Allowance is made for excessive, obsolete and slow moving items. Write-downs to net realizable value and inventory losses are expensed in the period in which the write-downs or losses occur.

### 12. Related Party Disclosures

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties include:

- Entities over which the Company exercises significant influence.
- Shareholders and key management personnel of the Company
- Close family members of key management personnel
- Post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the Company or of any entity that is a related party of the Company.

Key management personnel comprise the Board of Directors and key members of the management having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company. The Company enters into transactions with related parties on an arm's length basis. Prices for transactions with related parties are determined using the current market price or admissible valuation method.

### 13. Basic Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding at the statement of financial position date.

### 14. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the Company will be required to settle that obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

### 15. Borrowing Costs Capitalized

Borrowing costs that relate to qualifying assets, i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale and which are not measured at fair value, are capitalized. All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss.

## Statement of Significant Accounting Policies contd.

### 16. Right of Use of Asset

Right of use asset are initially measured at cost comprising of the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received.
- any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

The Right of Use and lease liability are presented separately from other non-lease assets and liability in the statement of financial position.

### 17. Leases

The Company primarily leases building used as offices and warehouse. The lease terms are typically for fixed periods ranging from 1 year to 2 years but may have extension options as described below. On renewal of lease, the terms may be renegotiated.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Company has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts them as a single lease component. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions including extension and termination options. The lease agreement do not impose any covenants; however, leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

### 18. Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief operating decision maker. The Chief operating decision maker who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments has been identified as BUA Foods Plc leadership team which comprises of the Board of Directors and other executive officers.

### 19. Comparative Figures

Where necessary, comparative figures with notes have been restated to conform to changes in presentation in the current year.

## Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for The Three Months Ended 31st March, 2024

		Unaudited Q1 2024	Unaudited Q1 2023	Unaudited Q1 2024	Unaudited Q1 2023
	Notes	Group ₦'000	Group ₦'000	Company ₦'000	Company ₦'000
Turnover	1	356,921,621	144,318,353	233,787,666	83,675,976
Cost of Sales	2	(241,503,540)	(87,660,700)	(157,989,527)	(51,083,890)
<b>Gross Profit</b>		<b>115,418,081</b>	<b>56,657,653</b>	<b>75,798,139</b>	<b>32,592,087</b>
Administrative expenses	4a	(4,590,223)	(2,617,951)	(3,652,892)	(2,060,195)
Selling & distribution expenses	4b	(9,777,158)	(6,285,143)	(5,991,783)	(3,668,407)
Other income	3	3,668,335	401,952	3,624,507	391,723
<b>Operating Profit</b>		<b>104,719,036</b>	<b>48,156,512</b>	<b>69,777,971</b>	<b>27,255,208</b>
Finance Income		86,929	-	86,929	-
Finance Costs		(15,158,470)	(2,129,854)	(7,695,178)	(1,338,984)
Finance Costs - net		(15,071,541)	(2,129,854)	(7,608,249)	(1,338,984)
Finance Exchange (Gain) Loss		(27,285,469)	-	(27,285,469)	-
Minimum Tax		-	(81,406)	-	(81,406)
<b>Profit Before Tax</b>		<b>62,362,026</b>	<b>45,945,252</b>	<b>34,884,254</b>	<b>25,834,818</b>
Income Taxes		(6,539,429)	(5,476,303)	(6,539,429)	(5,476,303)
<b>Net Profit After Tax</b>		<b>55,822,597</b>	<b>40,468,949</b>	<b>28,344,825</b>	<b>20,358,515</b>
EPS		3.10	2.25	1.57	1.13

## Statement of Financial Position as at

	Notes	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
		YTD 31ST MAR 2024	YTD 31ST DEC 2023	YTD 31ST MAR 2024	YTD 31ST DEC 2023
		Group	Group	Company	Company
		₦'000	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000
<b>Assets</b>					
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>					
Property, Plant and Equipments	5	363,040,685	357,991,862	267,993,926	263,431,837
Right of Use Assets	6	114,573	30,324	114,573	30,324
Investment in Subsidiaries		-	-	407,670	407,670
<b>Total Non-Current Assets</b>		<b>363,155,258</b>	<b>358,022,186</b>	<b>268,516,170</b>	<b>263,869,831</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>					
Inventories	7	86,834,070	112,276,641	53,953,072	81,405,116
Trade and other receivables	8	112,728,118	151,156,115	108,322,002	159,882,145
Due from Related Companies		462,606,516	348,860,131	523,250,002	582,047,214
Cash and Short Term Deposits	9	57,181,427	100,124,789	57,101,405	100,086,530
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		<b>719,350,131</b>	<b>712,417,676</b>	<b>742,626,481</b>	<b>923,421,005</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>		<b>1,082,505,390</b>	<b>1,070,439,862</b>	<b>1,011,142,650</b>	<b>1,187,290,836</b>
<b>Liabilities and Equity</b>					
<b>Equity</b>					
Share Capital	10	9,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000
Reorganisation and other reserves		(943,228)	(943,228)	391,961	391,961
Retained Earnings		309,824,658	254,002,061	278,172,101	249,827,276
<b>Total Equity</b>		<b>317,881,430</b>	<b>262,058,833</b>	<b>287,564,062</b>	<b>259,219,237</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>					
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
Deferred Tax Liabilities		26,385,047	22,306,746	26,385,047	22,306,746
Borrowings		1,243,699	1,377,286	1,243,699	1,377,286
Lease Liabilities		102,612	32,650	102,612	32,650
Government Grants		70,211	70,211	70,211	70,211
<b>Total Non-Current Liabilities</b>		<b>27,801,569</b>	<b>23,786,893</b>	<b>27,801,569</b>	<b>23,786,893</b>
<b>Current Liabilities</b>					
Contract Liabilities		127,030,914	68,950,583	127,276,843	68,950,583
Current Income Tax Liabilities		18,473,799	16,012,672	18,473,799	16,012,672
Lease Liabilities		8,341	5,073	8,341	5,073
Bank Overdraft	9	671,678	573,175	671,678	573,175
Borrowings	11	504,431,422	649,699,556	504,431,422	649,699,556
Due to Related Companies		-	-	-	137,765,997
Trade and Other Payables	12	86,136,355	49,283,195	44,845,054	31,207,768
Government Grants		69,882	69,882	69,882	69,882
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>		<b>736,822,391</b>	<b>784,594,136</b>	<b>695,777,019</b>	<b>904,284,706</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		<b>764,623,960</b>	<b>808,381,029</b>	<b>723,578,588</b>	<b>928,071,599</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>		<b>1,082,505,390</b>	<b>1,070,439,862</b>	<b>1,011,142,650</b>	<b>1,187,290,836</b>

The financial statements and notes on pages 9 to 17 were approved by the Board of Directors on 22nd April, 2024 and signed on its behalf by:



**Abdul Samad Rabiou CFR, CON**  
Chairman  
FRC/2014/IODN/00000010111



**Ayodele Abioye**  
Managing Director  
FRC/2022/PRO/FORM/C07/003/00000023864



**Abdulrasheed Olayiwola**  
Chief Finance Officer  
FRC/2014/ICAN/00000010407

## Unaudited Statements of Changes in Equity for The Three Months Ended 31st March, 2024

Group	Share Capital	Retained Earnings	Reorganization & Other Reserves	Total Equity
	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000
<b>Balance as at 1 January 2024</b>	<b>9,000,000</b>	<b>254,002,061</b>	<b>(943,228)</b>	<b>262,058,833</b>
Profit for the period	-	55,822,597	-	55,822,597
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>9,000,000</b>	<b>309,824,658</b>	<b>(943,228)</b>	<b>317,881,430</b>
<b>Balance as at 1 January 2023</b>	<b>9,000,000</b>	<b>222,904,564</b>	<b>(943,228)</b>	<b>230,961,336</b>
Profit for the period	-	40,468,949	-	40,468,949
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>9,000,000</b>	<b>263,373,513</b>	<b>(943,228)</b>	<b>271,430,285</b>
<b>Company</b>				
<b>Balance as at 1 January 2024</b>	<b>9,000,000</b>	<b>249,827,276</b>	<b>391,961</b>	<b>259,219,237</b>
Profit for the period	-	28,344,825	-	28,344,825
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2024</b>	<b>9,000,000</b>	<b>278,172,101</b>	<b>391,961</b>	<b>287,564,062</b>
<b>Balance as at 1 January 2023</b>	<b>9,000,000</b>	<b>218,769,116</b>	<b>391,961</b>	<b>228,161,077</b>
Profit for the period	-	20,358,515	-	20,358,515
<b>Balance as at 31 March 2023</b>	<b>9,000,000</b>	<b>239,127,631</b>	<b>391,961</b>	<b>248,519,592</b>

## Statement Of Cash Flows for The Three Months Ended 31st March, 2024

	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2024	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2023	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2024	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2023
	Group	Group	Company	Company
	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000
<b>Cash Flows From Operating Activities</b>				
Profit for the period	62,362,026	45,945,252	34,884,254	25,834,818
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipments	2,404,011	2,423,423	2,322,723	2,319,933
Depreciation of right of use	129,645	101,724	2,376	211
Foreign Exchange Loss	27,285,469	-	27,285,469	-
Finance Income	(86,929)	-	(86,929)	-
Finance Cost	15,159,268	2,129,854	7,695,178	1,338,984
Minimum tax	-	81,406	-	81,406
<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>107,253,490</b>	<b>50,681,659</b>	<b>72,103,070</b>	<b>29,575,351</b>
Changes in contract Liabilities	58,383,865	(7,297,911)	58,384,663	(7,297,908)
Changes in receivables from customers	52,434,526	(2,804,422)	52,277,229	(3,622,699)
Changes in Due from related companies	(139,369,455)	(36,336,436)	(104,086,805)	(2,979,518)
Changes in inventory	25,511,029	1,266,889	27,520,502	(6,705,221)
Changes in payable to suppliers	20,603,822	27,381,539	10,677,389	22,035,176
Changes lease liabilities	136,816	6,581,608	4,168	539,281
<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>17,700,603</b>	<b>(11,208,732)</b>	<b>44,777,146</b>	<b>1,969,112</b>
<b>Cash from operating activities</b>	<b>124,954,093</b>	<b>39,472,927</b>	<b>116,880,216</b>	<b>31,544,463</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>				
Acquisition / Disposal of property, plant and equipment	(7,452,834)	(3,205,541)	(6,884,814)	(1,726,479)
Acquisition of right of use asset	(69,062)	(6,090,759)	(69,062)	-
Interest received	86,929	-	86,929	-
<b>Net Cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(7,434,968)</b>	<b>(9,296,300)</b>	<b>(6,866,948)</b>	<b>(1,726,479)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>				
Repayment of borrowings	(145,401,720)	(5,217,559)	(145,401,720)	(5,217,559)
Interest paid	(14,793,801)	(1,876,944)	(7,690,638)	(1,876,944)
Lease liability payment	(365,467)	(372,480)	(4,539)	(1,261)
<b>Net Cash from financing activities</b>	<b>(160,560,988)</b>	<b>(7,466,983)</b>	<b>(153,096,898)</b>	<b>(7,095,764)</b>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(43,041,864)	22,709,644	(43,083,629)	22,722,221
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	99,551,614	27,672,549	99,513,355	27,620,157
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	56,509,749	50,382,193	56,429,727	50,342,378

## Notes to The Unaudited Financial Statements for The Three Months Ended 31st March 2024

	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2024	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2023	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2024	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2023
	Group	Group	Company	Company
	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000
<b>1. Net Revenue</b>				
Sales - Sugar(Non Fortified)	39,924,732	31,406,628	27,843,949	18,030,040
Sales - Sugar(Fortified)	197,960,086	61,609,343	87,031,194	14,466,717
Sales - Molasses	278,512	188,651	154,233	65,488
Sales - Bakery Flour	80,636,621	29,637,025	80,636,621	29,637,025
Sales - Pasta	37,042,450	19,408,186	37,042,450	19,408,186
Sales - Wheat Bran	-	1,684,520	-	1,684,520
Sales - Semolina	320,650	-	320,650	-
Sales - Head Rice	758,570	384,000	758,570	384,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>356,921,621</b>	<b>144,318,353</b>	<b>233,787,666</b>	<b>83,675,976</b>
<b>2. Cost of Sales</b>				
Raw Materials	222,789,803	79,937,837	146,245,900	45,737,528
Energy	14,539,386	3,075,287	8,120,615	1,785,021
Depreciation	2,353,995	2,327,884	2,227,073	2,226,374
Other Factory Expenses	1,820,355	2,319,691	1,395,940	1,334,966
<b>Total</b>	<b>241,503,540</b>	<b>87,660,700</b>	<b>157,989,527</b>	<b>51,083,890</b>
<b>3. Other Income</b>				
Scrap	3,174,069	13,852	3,171,011	11,723
Lease Rental	380,000	380,000	380,000	380,000
Sundry Income	114,266	8,100	73,496	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,668,335</b>	<b>401,952</b>	<b>3,624,507</b>	<b>391,723</b>
<b>4a. Components of Administration Expenses</b>				
Salaries, Wages & Benefit	878,205	497,143	562,092	320,062
Transport and Travelling	142,850	98,595	139,290	97,831
Medical	16,219	6,195	14,996	5,515
Expatriate expenses	54,537	36,013	34,667	35,889
Entertainment	4,497	9,338	2,207	8,097
Staff Welfare & Training	24,787	25,268	22,674	20,216
Terminal Benefits	67,655	3,000	56,735	3,000
Electricity	3,217	2,838	1,857	1,518
Printing & Stationeries	21,775	8,968	17,681	5,964
Rent, Rate & Insurance	225,242	139,920	57,595	37,392
Office Maintenance	11,079	6,355	9,750	5,555
Donations	105,846	16,890	64,925	390
Telephone & Internet	2,479	17,395	2,401	3,442
Subscription	65,363	29,273	64,490	28,633
Legal & Professional	142,132	88,686	27,052	54,936
Postages & Courier	622	1,090	463	806
General Expenses	1,086,488	530,293	1,005,335	449,670
Security Expenses	77,195	32,944	46,271	28,214
Diesel & Fuel	134,620	117,008	105,929	128,177
Advertisement	4,734	56,814	4,624	50,806
Cleaning & Water	158,309	25,171	144,403	19,477
Hotel, Accomodation, Event space etc	14,966	7,430	14,005	6,859
Bank Charges	404,067	473,339	404,008	473,299
Maintenance & Repair	766,665	190,725	753,790	180,677
Depreciation	176,674	197,261	95,650	93,770
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,590,223</b>	<b>2,617,951</b>	<b>3,652,892</b>	<b>2,060,195</b>
<b>4b. Selling and Distribution Expenses</b>				
Selling & Distribution Expenses	9,777,158	6,285,143	5,991,783	3,668,407

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for The Three Months Ended 31st March 2024

### 5a. Property, Plant & Equipments (Group)

Cost	Land & Building ₦'000	Plant & Machinery ₦'000	Furniture & Fittings ₦'000	Motor Vehicle ₦'000	Trucks ₦'000	Office Equipment ₦'000	Bearer Plant ₦'000	CWIP ₦'000	Total Cost ₦'000
Balance as at January 1, 2024	13,337,048	234,657,805	440,897	1,106,211	2,097,662	687,071	917,299	160,397,407	413,641,400
Addition	83,333	109,758	69,610	2,692	-	16,496	74,030	7,096,917	7,452,834
Transfer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>13,420,381</b>	<b>234,767,563</b>	<b>510,507</b>	<b>1,108,903</b>	<b>2,097,662</b>	<b>703,567</b>	<b>991,329</b>	<b>167,494,324</b>	<b>421,094,234</b>
Balance as at January 1, 2023	13,299,046	185,230,257	351,430	839,489	2,097,662	631,350	704,712	173,401,812	376,555,758
Addition	38,002	-	89,467	266,722	-	56,066	212,587	36,423,143	37,085,987
Transfer	-	49,427,548	-	-	-	(345)	-	(49,427,548)	(345)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2023</b>	<b>13,337,048</b>	<b>234,657,805</b>	<b>440,897</b>	<b>1,106,211</b>	<b>2,097,662</b>	<b>687,071</b>	<b>917,299</b>	<b>160,397,407</b>	<b>413,641,400</b>

### Accumulated Depreciation

Balance as at January 1, 2024	2,407,564	49,599,663	301,937	720,726	2,097,662	521,986	-	-	55,649,538
Charge of the period	68,240	2,266,033	16,793	21,727	-	31,219	-	-	2,404,011
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>2,475,804</b>	<b>51,865,696</b>	<b>318,730</b>	<b>742,453</b>	<b>2,097,662</b>	<b>553,205</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>58,053,549</b>
Balance as at January 1, 2023	2,137,789	40,493,034	247,588	651,205	2,097,662	404,727	-	-	46,032,005
Adjustments	-	217,086	-	-	-	-	-	-	217,086
Charge for the period	269,775	8,889,543	54,349	69,521	-	117,466	-	-	9,400,654
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	(207)	-	-	(207)
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2023</b>	<b>2,407,564</b>	<b>49,599,663</b>	<b>301,937</b>	<b>720,726</b>	<b>2,097,662</b>	<b>521,986</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>55,649,538</b>

Net Book Value									
Balance as at March 31, 2024	10,944,577	182,901,867	191,777	366,450	-	150,362	991,329	167,494,324	363,040,685
Balance at December 31, 2023	10,929,484	185,058,142	138,960	385,485	-	165,085	917,299	160,397,407	357,991,862

### 5b. Property, Plant & Equipments (Company)

Cost	Land & Building ₦'000	Plant & Machinery ₦'000	Furniture & Fittings ₦'000	Motor Vehicle ₦'000	Trucks ₦'000	Office Equipment ₦'000	Bearer Plant ₦'000	CWIP ₦'000	Total Cost ₦'000
Balance as at January 1, 2024	12,372,745	233,736,862	260,773	786,547	2,097,662	248,998	-	68,058,434	317,562,021
Addition	-	108,535	45,323	2,692	-	13,923	-	6,714,340	6,884,814
Transfer	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>12,372,745</b>	<b>233,845,397</b>	<b>306,096</b>	<b>789,239</b>	<b>2,097,662</b>	<b>262,921</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>74,772,774</b>	<b>324,446,835</b>
Balance as at January 1, 2023	12,335,743	184,386,042	184,257	686,567	2,097,662	198,920	-	96,262,064	296,151,255
Addition	37,002	284,116	76,516	99,980	-	50,078	-	20,863,074	21,410,766
Transfer	-	49,066,704	-	-	-	-	-	(49,066,704)	-
<b>Balance at December 31, 2023</b>	<b>12,372,745</b>	<b>233,736,862</b>	<b>260,773</b>	<b>786,547</b>	<b>2,097,662</b>	<b>248,998</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>68,058,434</b>	<b>317,562,021</b>

### Accumulated Depreciation

Balance as at January 1, 2024	2,374,739	48,712,838	162,526	605,370	2,097,662	177,049	-	-	54,130,184
Charge of the period	63,884	2,228,848	9,640	11,138	-	9,213	-	-	2,322,723
<b>Balance as at March 31, 2024</b>	<b>2,438,623</b>	<b>50,941,686</b>	<b>172,166</b>	<b>616,508</b>	<b>2,097,662</b>	<b>186,262</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>56,452,907</b>
Balance as at January 1, 2023	2,113,246	40,003,265	142,545	575,894	2,097,662	144,713	-	-	45,077,325
Charge for the period	261,493	8,709,573	19,981	29,476	-	32,336	-	-	9,052,859
<b>Balance as at December 31, 2023</b>	<b>2,374,739</b>	<b>48,712,838</b>	<b>162,526</b>	<b>605,370</b>	<b>2,097,662</b>	<b>177,049</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>54,130,184</b>

Net Book Value									
Balance as at March 31, 2024	9,934,122	182,903,712	133,930	172,731	-	76,660	-	74,772,774	267,993,926
Balance at December 31, 2023	9,998,006	185,024,024	98,247	181,177	-	71,949	-	68,058,434	263,431,837

### Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment

No recent revaluation has been done by the company. The Directors are of the opinion that the carrying value of property, Plant & equipment approximate its fair value.



## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for The Three Months Ended 31st March 2024

	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2024	Audited YTD 31ST DEC 2023	Unaudited YTD 31ST MAR 2024	Audited YTD 31ST DEC 2023
<b>6. Rights of Use Asset</b>	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000
	<b>Group</b>	<b>Group</b>	<b>Company</b>	<b>Company</b>
Building leases	663,550	123,036	51,257	123,036
Additions	69,062	-	69,062	-
Accumulated Depreciation of ROU	(618,040)	(92,712)	(5,746)	(92,712)
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<b>114,573</b>	<b>30,324</b>	<b>114,573</b>	<b>30,324</b>
<b>7. Inventories</b>				
Raw Materials	65,325,105	78,069,685	39,587,737	69,213,978
Work In Progress	6,590,213	4,146,764	6,107,995	4,121,811
Finished Goods	7,700,300	6,923,838	4,713,606	6,139,379
Packaging, Energy & Consumables	4,638,291	2,838,759	3,543,735	1,929,948
Goods in Transit	2,580,160	20,297,595	-	-
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<b>86,834,070</b>	<b>112,276,641</b>	<b>53,953,072</b>	<b>81,405,116</b>
There is no amount of write-down of inventories recognised as an expense during the period.				
None of the inventories of the Company were pledged as security for loans as at the reporting date.				
<b>8. Trade and Other Receivables</b>				
Prepayments	7,969,672	5,155,922	3,727,378	13,881,952
Trade Debtors	2,622,061	1,656,095	2,622,061	1,656,095
Other Receivables	102,136,385	144,344,098	101,972,564	144,344,098
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<b>112,728,118</b>	<b>151,156,115</b>	<b>108,322,002</b>	<b>159,882,145</b>
All amounts are short-term. The net carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.				
<b>9. Cash and Short Term Deposits</b>				
Cash in Hand	991	3,982,468	935	3,982,468
Cash at Bank	57,180,436	96,142,321	57,100,470	96,104,062
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<b>57,181,427</b>	<b>100,124,789</b>	<b>57,101,405</b>	<b>100,086,530</b>
Short-term deposits are made for varying periods between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Company, and earn interest at the respective short-term deposit rates.				
The Company has not pledged part of its short-term deposits in order to fulfil collateral requirements with any Banks. Cash and Bank equivalent is exclusive of overdraft balance.				
For the purpose of the statement of cash flow, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:				
Cash in Hand	991	3,982,468	935	3,982,468
Cash at Bank	57,180,436	96,142,321	57,100,470	96,104,062
Overdraft	(671,678)	(573,175)	(671,678)	(573,175)
<b>Balance at end of period</b>	<b>56,509,749</b>	<b>99,551,614</b>	<b>56,429,727</b>	<b>99,513,355</b>

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for The Three Months Ended 31st March 2024

	Unaudited	Audited	Unaudited	Audited
	YTD 31ST MAR 2024	YTD 31ST DEC 2023	YTD 31ST MAR 2024	YTD 31ST DEC 2023
	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000	₦'000
	Group	Group	Company	Company
<b>10. Share Capital</b>				
<b>Authorised and Issued</b>				
18,000,000,000 Ordinary shares of N0.50k each	9,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000	9,000,000
<b>11a. Borrowings</b>				
<b>Non-Current Borrowings</b>				
Bank borrowings	1,243,699	1,377,286	1,243,699	1,377,286
<b>Current</b>				
Bank borrowings	504,431,422	649,699,556	504,431,422	649,699,556
<b>Total Borrowings</b>	<b>505,675,121</b>	<b>651,076,842</b>	<b>505,675,121</b>	<b>651,076,842</b>
<b>11b. Movement in borrowings are analysed as Follows:</b>				
Opening amount as at 1st January, 2023	651,076,841	211,671,012	651,076,841	211,671,012
Additional drawdowns in the year	-	577,322,462	-	577,322,462
Principal repayments	(145,401,720)	(219,880,819)	(145,401,720)	(219,880,819)
Interest expenses	7,107,498	18,562,117	7,107,498	11,588,362
Foreign Exchange loss on translation of borrowings	-	81,864,676	-	68,214,821
Foreign Exchange loss absorbed by related parties	-	-	-	13,649,855
Interest paid	(7,107,498)	(18,462,605)	(7,107,498)	(11,488,851)
<b>Total Borrowings</b>	<b>505,675,121</b>	<b>651,076,842</b>	<b>505,675,121</b>	<b>651,076,842</b>
<b>11c. Net Debt Comprises:</b>				
Cash and cash equivalents	(57,181,427)	(100,124,789)	(57,101,405)	(100,086,530)
Borrowings - current	504,431,422	649,699,556	504,431,422	649,699,556
Borrowings - non-current	1,243,699	1,377,286	1,243,699	1,377,286
Borrowings - overdraft	671,678	573,175	671,678	573,175
<b>Net debt</b>	<b>449,165,372</b>	<b>551,525,228</b>	<b>449,245,394</b>	<b>551,563,486</b>
<b>12. Trade and Other Payables</b>				
Provisions and Accruals	680,039	148,350	675,666	148,350
Other Payables	906,716	6,085,914	906,427	6,079,746
Trade Creditors	16,460,487	3,317,729	15,165,175	3,110,069
Withholding/Value Added Tax Payables	68,089,112	39,731,202	28,097,786	21,869,603
<b>Total</b>	<b>86,136,355</b>	<b>49,283,195</b>	<b>44,845,054</b>	<b>31,207,768</b>

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for The Three Months Ended 31st March 2024

### 13. SHAREHOLDING STRUCTURE/FREE FLOAT DECLARATION

Description	31st March, 2024	
	Units	Percentage
Issue Share Capital	18,000,000,000	100%
<b>Details of Substantial Shareholdings (5% and Above)</b>		
Abdulsamad Rabiu CFR, CON; Direct Holdings	16,172,601,967	89.85%
<b>Total Substantial Shareholdings</b>	<b>16,172,601,967</b>	<b>89.85%</b>
<b>Directors' Shareholdings (direct and indirect), excluding directors with substantial interest</b>		
Abdulsamad Rabiu CFR, CON; (Indirect - Representing BUA Industries Limited)	502,140,280	2.79%
Ayodele Abioye	250,000	0.00%
Abdulrasheed Olayiwola	250,000	0.00%
Kabiru Rabiu	1,401,654	0.01%
Chimaobi Kenneth Madukwe	442,235	0.00%
Rashid Ur Imran	-	0.00%
Finn Arnoldsen	250,000	0.00%
<b>Total Directors' Shareholdings</b>	<b>504,734,169</b>	<b>2.80%</b>
<b>Other Influential Shareholdings</b>		
Rabiu Abdulsamad Isyaku	473,628,201	2.63%
<b>Total Other Influential Shareholdings</b>	<b>473,628,201</b>	<b>2.63%</b>
<b>Free Float Units and Percentage</b>	<b>849,035,663</b>	<b>4.72%</b>
<b>Free Float in Value</b>		
Close Price on NGX as at 31st March = N379.90	<b>N322,548,648,373</b>	

#### Description

BUA Foods Plc with a free float value of N322,548,648,373 as at 31st March 2024 is compliant with the Nigerian Exchange Group's "The NGX" free float requirements for companies on the Main Board.



**BUA**

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